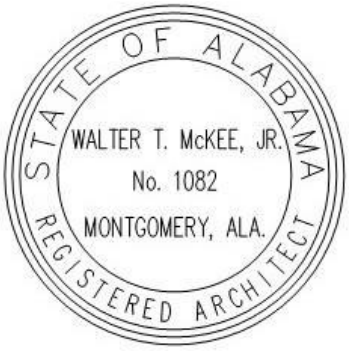
McKEE & ASSOCIATES
ARCHITECTS, INC.

Project Manual

An Addition
to
Gulf Shores Sports Complex
for the
Gulf Shores City Schools
Gulf Shores, Alabama

Project No: 25.111
April 24, 2026

Alabama Division of Construction Management No.2025905



631 South Hull Street – Montgomery, Alabama 36104 334-834-9933

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AND SOCCER DRESSING ROOMS
AT THE GULF SHORES SPORTSPLEX
FOR GULF SHORES CITY SCHOOLS
GULF SHORES, ALABAMA

MCKEE PROJECT NO. 25-111

Sealed proposals for this project shall be received by Matthew Akin, Superintendent, Gulf Shores City Schools, 300 East 16th Avenue, Gulf Shores, AL 36547, **until 2:00 PM Central Time, Thursday, June 4, 2026,** then opened and read aloud.

A Non-Mandatory Pre-Bid Conference shall be held on **Wednesday, May 27, 2026, at 10:00 AM Central Time** on site at Gulf Shores Sportsplex, 19025 Oak Road West, Gulf Shores, AL 36542.

All General Contractors bidding on this project shall be required to visit the site and examine all existing conditions prior to submitting their proposal and shall be arranged by the contractor with the school. To arrange visit, please contact Chad Green at 251-968-9873 or cgreen@gsboe.org.

All Bidders shall have general liability and workman's compensation insurance. The project shall be bid excluding taxes. Bids must be submitted on proposal forms furnished by the Architect or copies thereof. No bid may be withdrawn after scheduled closing for receipt of bids for a period of ninety (90) days. The Owner reserves the right to reject any or all proposals and to waive technical errors if, in the Owners judgment, the best interests of the Owner will thereby be promoted.

A certified check or Bid Bond payable to **Gulf Shores City Schools** in an amount not less than five percent (5%) of the amount of the bid, but in no event more than $10,000.00 must accompany the bidder's sealed proposal. Performance and statutory labor and material payment bonds will be required at the signing of the Contract.

All bidders bidding in amounts exceeding that established by the State Licensing Board for General Contractors must be licensed under the provisions of Title 34, Chapter 8, Code of Alabama, 1975, and must show evidence of license before bidding or bid will not be received or considered by the Architect. All bidders shall show such evidence by clearly displaying their current license number on the outside of their sealed envelope in which the proposal is delivered.

PDFs of the project can be reviewed by going to the McKee website at www.mckeeassoc.com and selecting "Project Bid List". Also, if you are not receiving NOTIFICATIONS from us, please register on our website, "Project Bid List" by selecting manage your bid list profile. The documents may be viewed on-line and printed by General Contractors, Sub-Contractors and Suppliers. Documents published through this

procedure are the only documents endorsed by the Architect. The Architect is unable to monitor, confirm and maintain other websites that provide documents. Addendums will be provided to entities that have *CONFIRMED* bidding for this particular project. The Architect retains ownership and copyrights of the documents. If bidders require printed sets, please submit request to the Architect at mckeeplans@gmail.com. Include your first & last name, company name, address, phone number and the McKee project name and number. *Print sets are to be returned in re-usable condition within ten days after bid opening.*

All RFIs and RFAs regarding the bid documents shall be sent and addressed through emails found on the RFI and RFA forms in the project manual. **NOTE: ONLY THE RFI AND RFA FORMS IN THE PROJECT MANUAL WILL BE ACCEPTED.** The Architect will not accept inquiries via telephone or fax.

Completion Time: See scope of work in Project Manual.

Supervision: Contractor to ensure proper supervision of all work.

Owner: Matthew Akin, Superintendent, Gulf Shores City Schools, 300 East 16th Avenue, Gulf Shores, AL 36547 | Phone: (251) 968-9873

Architect: Lathan McKee Architects, 631 South Hull Street, Montgomery, Alabama 36104, Phone: (334) 834-9933

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

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1. BID DOCUMENTS:

The Bid Documents consist of the Advertisement for Bids, these Instructions to Bidders, any supplements to these Instructions to Bidders, the Proposal Form and the Accounting of Sales Tax, and the proposed Contract Documents. The proposed Contract Documents consist of the Construction Contract, the Performance Bond and Payment Bond, the Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplemental, and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications and all addenda issued prior to execution of the Construction Contract. Bid Documents may be obtained or examined as set forth in the Advertisement for Bids.

2. GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S STATE LICENSING REQUIREMENTS:

When the amount bid for a contract is $100,000 or more, the bidder must be licensed by the State Licensing Board for General Contractors and must show the Architect evidence of license before bidding or the bid will not be received by the Architect or considered by the Awarding Authority. A bid exceeding the bid limit stipulated in the bidder's license, or which is for work outside of the type or types of work stipulated in the bidder's license, will not be considered. In case of a joint venture of two or more contractors, the amount of the bid shall be within the maximum bid limitation as set by the State Licensing Board for General Contractors of the combined limitations of the partners to the joint venture.

3. QUALIFICATIONS of BIDDERS and PREQUALIFICATION PROCEDURES:

a. Any special qualifications required of general contractors, subcontractors, material suppliers, or fabricators are set forth in the Bid Documents.

b. The Awarding Authority may have elected to prequalify bidders. Parties interested in bidding for this contract are directed to the Advertisement for Bids and Supplemental Instructions to Bidders to determine whether bidders must be prequalified and how they may obtain copies of the Awarding Authority's published prequalification procedures and criteria.

c. Release of Bid Documents by the Architect to a prospective bidder will not constitute any determination by the Awarding Authority or Architect that the bidder has been found to be qualified, prequalified, or responsible.

4. PREFERENCE to RESIDENT CONTRACTORS:
(If this project is federally funded in whole or in part, this Article shall not apply.)

a. In awarding the Contract, preference will be given to Alabama resident contractors and a nonresident bidder domiciled in a state having laws granting preference to local contractors shall be awarded the Contract only on the same basis as the nonresident bidder's state awards contracts to Alabama contractors bidding under similar circumstances.

b. A nonresident bidder is a contractor which is neither organized and existing under the laws of the State of Alabama, nor maintains its principal place of business in the State of Alabama. A nonresident contractor which has maintained a permanent office within the State of Alabama for at least five continuous years shall not thereafter be deemed to be a non-resident contractor so long as the contractor continues to maintain a branch office within Alabama.

5. EXAMINATION of BID DOCUMENTS and the SITE of the WORK:

Before submitting a bid for the Work, the bidders shall carefully examine the Bid Documents, visit the site, and satisfy themselves as to the nature and location of the Work, and the general and local conditions, including weather, the general character of the site or building, the character and extent of existing work within or adjacent to the site and any other work being performed thereon at the time of submission of their bids. They shall obtain full knowledge as to transportation, disposal, handling, and storage of materials, availability of water, electric power, and all other facilities in the area which will have a bearing on the performance of the Work for which they submit their bids. The submission of a bid shall constitute a representation by the bidder that the bidder has made such examination and visit and has judged for and satisfied himself or herself as to conditions to be encountered regarding the character, difficulties, quality, and quantities of work to be performed and the material and equipment to be furnished, and as to the contract requirements involved.

6. EXPLANATIONS and INTERPRETATIONS:

a. Should any bidder observe any ambiguity, discrepancy, omission, or error in the drawings and specifications, or in any other bid document, or be in doubt as to the intention and meaning of these documents, the bidder should immediately report such to the Architect and request clarification.

b. Clarification will be made only by written Addenda sent to all prospective bidders. Neither the Architect nor the Awarding Authority will be responsible in any manner for verbal answers or instructions regarding intent or meaning of the Bid Documents.

c. In the case of inconsistency between drawings and specifications or within either document, a bidder will be deemed to have included in its bid the better quality or greater quantity of the work involved unless the bidder asked for and obtained the Architect's written clarification of the requirements before submission of a bid.

7. SUBSTITUTIONS:

a. The identification of any product, material, system, item of equipment, or service in the Bid Documents by reference to a trade name, manufacturer's name, model number, etc. (hereinafter referred to as "source"), is intended to establish a required standard of performance, design, and quality and is not intended to limit competition unless the provisions of paragraph "d" below apply.

b. When the Bid Documents identify only one or two sources, or three or more sources followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, the bidder's proposal may be based on a source not identified but considered by the bidder to be equal to the standard of performance, design and quality as specified; however, such substitutions must ultimately be approved by the Architect. If the bidder elects to bid on a substitution without "Pre-bid Approval" as described below, then it will be understood that proof of compliance with specified requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the bidder.

c. When the Bid Documents identify three or more sources and the list of sources is not followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, the bidder's proposal shall be based upon one of the identified sources, unless the bidder obtains "Pre-bid Approval" of another source as described below. Under these conditions it will be expressly understood that no product, material, system, item of equipment, or service that is not identified in the Bid Documents or granted "Pre-Bid Approval" will be incorporated into the Work unless such substitution is authorized and agreed upon through a Contract Change Order.

d. If the Bid Documents identify only one source and expressly provide that it is an approved sole source for the product, material, system, item of equipment, or service, the bidder's proposal must be based upon the identified sole source.

e. Procedures for "Pre-bid Approval". If it is desired that a product, material, system, piece of equipment, or service from a source different from those sources identified in the Bid Documents be approved as an acceptable source, application for the approval of such source must reach the hands of the Architect at least ten days prior to the date set for the opening of bids. At the Architect's discretion, this ten day provision may be waived. The application for approval of a proposed source must be accompanied by technical data which the applicant desires to submit in support of the application. The Architect will give consideration to reports from reputable independent testing laboratories, verified experience records showing the reputation of the proposed source with previous users, evidence of reputation of the source for prompt delivery, evidence of reputation of the source for efficiency in servicing its products, or any other pertinent written information. The application to the Architect for approval of a proposed source must be accompanied by a schedule setting forth in which respects the materials or equipment submitted for consideration differ from the materials or equipment designated in the Bid Documents. The burden of proof of the merit of the proposed substitution is upon the proposer. To be approved, a proposed source must also meet or exceed all express requirements of the Bid Documents. Approval, if granted, shall not be effective until published by the Architect in an addendum to the Bid Documents.

8. PREPARATION and DELIVERY of BIDS:

a. DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form:

(1) Bids must be submitted on the Proposal Form as contained in the Bid Documents; only one copy is required to be submitted. A completed DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax must be submitted with the Proposal Form.

(2) All information requested of the bidder on the Proposal Form must be filled in. The form must be completed by typewriter or hand-printed in ink.

(3) Identification of Bidder: On the first page of the Proposal Form the bidder must be fully identified by completing the spaces provided for:

- **(a)** the legal name of the bidder,
- **(b)** the state under which laws the bidder's business is organized and existing,
- **(c)** the city (and state) in which the bidder has its principal offices,
- **(d)** the bidder's business organization, i.e., corporation, partnership, or individual (to be indicated by marking the applicable box and writing in the type of organization if it is not one of those listed), and
- **(e)** the partners or officers of the bidder's organization, if the bidder is other than an individual. If the space provided on the Proposal Form is not adequate for this listing, the bidder may insert "See Attachment" in this space and provide the listing on an attachment to the Proposal Form.

(4) Where indicated by the format of the Proposal Form, the bidder must specify lump sum prices in both words and figures. In case of discrepancy between the prices shown in words and in figures, the words will govern.

(5) All bid items requested in the Proposal Form, including alternate bid prices and unit prices for separate items of the Work, must be bid. If a gross sum of bid items is requested in the Proposal Form, the gross sum shall be provided by the bidder.

(6) In the space provided in the Proposal Form under "Bidder's Alabama License", the bidder must insert his or her current general contractor's state license number, current bid limit, and type(s) of work for which bidder is licensed.

(7) The Proposal Form shall be properly signed by the bidder. If the bidder is:

- **(a)** **an individual**, that individual or his or her "authorized representative" must sign the Proposal Form;
- **(b)** **a partnership,** the Proposal Form must be signed by one of the partners or an "authorized representative" of the Partnership;
- **(c)** **a corporation,** the president, vice-president, secretary, or "authorized representative" of the corporation shall sign and affix the corporate seal to the Proposal Form.

As used in these Instructions to Bidders, "authorized representative" is defined as a person to whom the bidder has granted written authority to conduct business in the bidder's behalf by signing and/or modifying the bid. Such written authority shall be signed by the bidder (the individual proprietor, or a member of the Partnership, or an officer of the Corporation) and shall be attached to the Proposal Form.

(8) Interlineation, alterations or erasures on the Proposal Form must be initialed by the bidder or its "authorized representative".

b. DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax

A completed DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax must be submitted with DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form. Submission of DCM Form C-3A is required, it is not optional. A proposal shall be rendered non-responsive if an Accounting of Sales Tax is not provided.

c. Bid Guaranty

(1) The Proposal Form must be accompanied by a cashier's check, drawn on an Alabama bank, or a Bid Bond, executed by a surety company duly authorized and qualified to make such bonds in the State of Alabama, payable to the Awarding Authority.

(2) If a Bid Bond is provided in lieu of a cashier's check, the bond shall be on the Bid Bond form as stipulated in the Bid Documents.

(3) The amount of the cashier's check or Bid Bond should not be less than five percent of the contractor's bid, but is not required to be in an amount more than ten thousand dollars.

d. Delivery of Bids:

(1) Bids will be received until the time set, and at the location designated, in the Advertisement for Bids unless notice is given of postponement. Any bid not received prior to the time set for opening bids will be rejected absent extenuating circumstances and such bids shall be rejected in all cases where received after other bids are opened.

(2) Each bid shall be placed, together with the bid guaranty, in a sealed envelope. On the outside of the envelope the bidder shall write in large letters "Proposal", below which the bidder shall identify the Project and the Work bid on, the name of the bidder, and the bidder's current general contractor's state license number.

(3) Bids may be delivered in person, or by mail if ample time is allowed for delivery. When sent by mail, the sealed envelope containing the bid, marked as indicated above, shall be enclosed in another envelope for mailing.

9. WITHDRAWAL or REVISION of BIDS:

a. A bid may be withdrawn prior to the time set for opening of bids, provided a written request, executed by the bidder or the bidder's "authorized representative", is filed with the Architect prior to that time. The bid will then be returned to the bidder unopened.

b. A bid which has been sealed in its delivery envelope may be revised by writing the change in price and date on the outside of the delivery envelope over the signature of the bidder or the bidder's "authorized representative". In revising the bid in this manner, the bidder must only write the amount of the change in price on the envelope **and must not reveal the bid price.**

c. Written communications, signed by the bidder or its "authorized representative", to revise bids will be accepted if received by the Architect prior to the time set for opening bids. The Architect will record the instructed revision upon opening the bid. Such written communication may be by facsimile if so stipulated in Supplemental Instructions to Bidders. In revising the bid in this manner, the bidder must only write the amount of the change in price **and must not reveal the bid price.**

d. Except as provided in Article 12 of these Instructions to Bidders, no bid shall be withdrawn, modified, or corrected after the time set for opening bids.

10. OPENING of BIDS:

a. Bids will be opened and read publicly at the time and place indicated in the Advertisement for Bids. Bidders or their authorized representatives are invited to be present.

b. A list of all proposed major subcontractors and suppliers will be submitted by Bidders to the Architect at a time subsequent to the receipt of bids as established by the Architect in the Bid Documents but in no event shall this time exceed twenty-four (24) hours after receipt of bids. If the list includes a fire alarm contractor and/or fire sprinkler contractor, Bidders will also submit a copy of the fire alarm contractor's and/or fire sprinkler contractor's permits from the State of Alabama Fire Marshal's Office.

11. INCOMPLETE and IRREGULAR BIDS:

A bid that is not accompanied by data required by the Bid Documents, or a bid which is in any way incomplete, may be rejected. Any bid which contains any uninitialed alterations or erasures, or any bid which contains any additions, alternate bids, or conditions not called for, or any other irregularities of any kind, will be subject to rejection.

12. BID ERRORS:

a. Errors and Discrepancies in the Proposal Form. In case of error in the extension of prices in bids, the unit price will govern. In case of discrepancy between the prices shown in the figures and in words, the words will govern.

b. Mistakes within the Bid. If the low bidder discovers a mistake in its bid, the low bidder may seek withdrawal of its bid without forfeiture of its bid guaranty under the following conditions:

(1) Timely Notice: The low bidder must notify the Awarding Authority and Architect in writing, within three working days after the opening of bids, that a mistake was made. This notice must be given within this time frame whether or not award has been made.

(2) Substantial Mistake: The mistake must be of such significance as to render the bid price substantially out of proportion to the other bid prices.

(3) Type of Mistake: The mistake must be due to calculation or clerical error, an inadvertent omission, or a typographical error which results in an erroneous sum. A mistake of law, judgment, or opinion shall not constitute a valid ground for withdrawal without forfeiture.

(4) Documentary Evidence: Clear and convincing documentary evidence of the mistake must be presented to the Awarding Authority and the Architect as soon as possible, but no later than three working days after the opening of bids.

The Awarding Authority's decision regarding a low bidder's request to withdraw its bid without penalty shall be made within 10 days after receipt of the bidder's evidence or by the next regular meeting of the Awarding Authority. Upon withdrawal of bid without penalty, the low bidder shall be prohibited from (1) doing work on the project as a subcontractor or in any other capacity and (2) bidding on the same project if it is re-bid.

13. DISQUALIFICATION of BIDDERS:

Any bidder(s) may be disqualified from consideration for contract award for the following reasons:

a. Collusion. Any agreement or collusion among bidders or prospective bidders in restraint of freedom of competition to bid at a fixed price or to refrain from bidding or otherwise shall render the bids void and shall cause the bidders or prospective bidders participating in such agreement or collusion to be disqualified from submitting further bids to the Awarding Authority on future lettings. (See § 39-2-6, Code of Alabama 1975, for possible criminal sanctions.)

b. Advance Disclosure. Any disclosure in advance of the terms of a bid submitted in response to an Advertisement for Bids shall render the proceedings void and require re-advertisement and rebid.

c. Failure to Settle Other Contracts. The Awarding Authority may reject a bid from a bidder who has not paid, or satisfactorily settled, all bills due for labor and material on other contracts in force at the time of letting.

14. CONSIDERATION of BIDS:

a. After the bids are opened and read publicly, the bid prices will be compared and the results of this comparison will be available to the public. Until the final award of the contract, however, the Awarding Authority shall have the right to reject any or all bids, and it shall have the right to waive technical errors and irregularities if, in its judgment, the bidder will not have obtained a competitive advantage and the best interests of the Awarding Authority will be promoted.

b. If the Bid Documents request bids for projects or parts of projects in combination or separately, the Bid Documents must include supplements to, these Instructions to Bidders setting forth applicable bid procedures. Award or awards will be made to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder or bidders in accordance with such bid procedures.

15. DETERMINATION of LOW BIDDER by USE of ALTERNATES:

a. The Awarding Authority may request alternate bid prices (alternates) to facilitate either reducing the base bid to an amount within the funds available for the project or adding items to the base bid within the funds available for the project. Alternates, if any, are listed in the

Proposal Form in the order in which they shall cumulatively deduct from or add to the base bid for determining the lowest bidder.

b. If alternates are included in the Proposal Form, the Awarding Authority shall determine the dollar amount of funds available and immediately prior to the opening of bids shall announce publicly the funds available for the project. The dollar amount of such funds shall be used to determine the lowest bidder as provided herein below, notwithstanding that the actual funds available for the project may subsequently be determined to be more or less than the expected funds available as determined immediately prior to the time of the opening of bids.

c. If the base bid of the lowest bidder exceeds the funds available and alternate bid prices will reduce the base bids to an amount that is within the funds available, the lowest bidder will be determined by considering, in order, the fewest number of the alternates that produces a price within the funds available. If the base bid of the lowest bidder is within the funds available and alternate bid prices will permit adding items to the base bid, the lowest bidder will be determined by considering, in order, the greatest number of the alternates that produces a price within the funds available.

d. After the lowest bidder has been determined as set forth above, the Awarding Authority may award that bidder any combination of alternates, provided said bidder is also the low bidder when only the Base Bid and such combination of alternates are considered.

16. UNIT PRICES:

a. Work Bid on a Unit Price Basis. Where all, or part(s), of the planned Work is bid on a unit price basis, both the unit prices and the extensions of the unit prices constitute a basis of determining the lowest responsible and responsive bidder. In cases of error in the extension of prices of bids, the unit price will govern. A bid may be rejected if any of the unit prices are obviously unbalanced or non-competitive.

b. Unit Prices for Application to Change Orders. As a means of predetermining unit costs for changes in certain elements of the Work, the Bid Documents may require that the bidders furnish unit prices for those items in the Proposal Form. Unit prices for application to changes in the work are not a basis for determining the lowest bidder. Non-competitive unit prices proposed by the successful bidder may be rejected and competitive prices negotiated by the Awarding Authority prior to contract award. Unit prices for application to changes in the work are not effective unless specifically included and agreed upon in the Construction Contract.

17. AWARD of CONTRACT:

a. The contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder unless the Awarding Authority finds that all the bids are unreasonable or that it is not in the best interest of the Awarding Authority to accept any of the bids. A responsible bidder is one who, among other qualities determined necessary for performance, is competent, experienced, and financially able to perform the contract. A responsive bidder is one who submits a bid that complies with the terms and conditions of the Advertisement for Bids and the Bid Documents. Minor irregularities in the bid shall not defeat responsiveness.

b. A bidder to whom award is made will be notified by telegram, confirmed facsimile, or letter to the address shown on the Proposal Form at the earliest possible date. Unless other

time frames are stipulated in Supplemental Instructions to Bidders, the maximum time frames allowed for each step of the process between the opening of bids and the issuance of an order to proceed with the work shall be as follows:

(1)	Award of contract by Awarding Authority	30 calendar days after the opening of bids
(2)	Contractor's return of the fully executed contract, with bonds and evidence of insurance, to the Awarding Authority	15 calendar days after the contract has been presented to the contractor for signature (from the Lead Design Professional)
(3)	Awarding Authority's approval of the contractor's bonds and evidence of insurance and completion of contract execution	20 calendar days after the contractor presents complete and acceptable documents to the Architect
(4)	Notice To Proceed issued to the contractor along with distribution of the fully executed construction contract to all parties.	15 calendar days after final execution of contract by the Awarding Authority, by various State Agencies if required and by the Governor if his or her signature on the contract is required by law

The time frames stated above, or as otherwise specified in the Bid Documents, may be extended by written agreement between the parties. Failure by the Awarding Authority to comply with the time frames stated above or stipulated in Supplemental Instructions to Bidders, or agreed extensions thereof, shall be just cause for the withdrawal of the contractor's bid and contract without forfeiture of bid security.

c. Should the successful bidder or bidders to whom the contract is awarded fail to execute the Construction Contract and furnish acceptable Performance and Payment Bonds and satisfactory evidence of insurance within the specified period, the Awarding Authority shall retain from the bid guaranty, if it is a cashier's check, or recover from the principal or the sureties, if the guaranty is a bid bond, the difference between the amount of the contract as awarded and the amount of the bid of the next lowest responsible and responsive bidder, but not more than $10,000. If no other bids are received, the full amount of the bid guaranty shall be so retained or recovered as liquidated damages for such default. Any sums so retained or recovered shall be the property of the Awarding Authority.

d. All bid guaranties, except those of the three lowest bona fide bidders, will be returned immediately after bids have been checked, tabulated, and the relation of the bids established. The bid guaranties of the three lowest bidders will be returned as soon as the contract bonds and the contract of the successful bidder have been properly executed and approved. When the award is deferred for a period of time longer than 15 days after the opening of the bids, all bid guaranties, except those of the potentially successful bidders, shall be returned. If no award is made within the specified period, as it may by agreement be extended, all bids will be rejected, and all guaranties returned. If any potentially successful bidder agrees in writing to a stipulated extension in time for consideration of its bid and its bid was guaranteed with a cashier's check, the Awarding Authority may permit the potentially successful bidder to substitute a satisfactory bid bond for the cashier's check.

END of INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION (RFI)

Email this form in its entirety to Project Manager listed below.
The Architect reserves the right not to answer any Request For Information received after **2:00 p.m., Two (2) days prior to the bid date**.

To: Lathan Mckee, Architects

Jacky Barganier, Project Manager

jbarganier@lathanmckee.com
Email

From: _____
Name

_____
Company

_____
Email

Project: _____

Project Number: _____

Request For Information Number: _____

Issue Date: _____

☐ BID PHASE ☐ CONSTRUCTION PHASE

Procedures for "Explanations and Interpretations":

a. Should any bidder observe any ambiguity, discrepancy, omission, or error in the drawings and specifications, or in any other bid document, or be in doubt as to the intention and meaning of these documents, the bidder should immediately report such to the Architect and request clarification.

b. **Clarification will be made only by written Addenda sent to all prospective bidders or can be accessed by going to the McKee web site - mckeeassoc.com and clicking on the tab "Files" to retrieve the Addendums.** Neither the Architect nor the Owner will be responsible in any manner for verbal answers or instructions regarding intent or meaning of the Bid Documents.

c. **In the case of inconsistency between drawings and specifications or within either document, a bidder will be deemed to have included in its bid the better quality or greater quantity of the work involved unless the bidder asked for and obtained the Architect's written clarification of the requirements before submission of a bid.**

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION DESCRIPTION: *(Fully describe the question or type of information requested.)*

REFERENCES/ATTACHEMENTS: *(List specific documents researched when seeking the information requested.)*

Specification Title: _____ Description: _____

Section: _____ Page: _____ Article/Paragraph: _____

Drawing Sheet Number: _____ Title: _____

Plan: _____ Elevation: _____ Section: _____ Detail: _____

Other:

RECEIVERS REPLY:

Signed by:_____ Date:_____ Copies to:_____

REQUEST FOR APPROVAL (RFA)
PRIOR APPROVAL/SUBSTITUTION REQUEST

Email this form in its entirety to Project Manager listed below.
All products, materials, systems, equipment and services requested for prior approval must be submitted to the architect for approval **no later than 2:00 p.m., Ten (10) days prior to the bid date**.

To: Lathan Mckee, Architects

Jacky Barganier

jbarganier@lathanmckee.com
Email

Substitution Request Number: _____

From: _____

Date: _____

Project: _____

A/E Project Number: _____

Re: _____

Contract For: _____

Specification Title: _____ Description: _____

Section: _____ Page: _____ Article/Paragraph: _____

Procedures for "Substitutions" and "Pre-Bid Approval":

a. The identification of any product, material, system, item of equipment, or service in the Bid Documents by reference to a trade name, manufacturer's name, model number, etc. (hereinafter referred to as "source"), is intended to establish a required standard of performance, design, and quality and is not intended to limit competition unless the provisions of paragraph "D" below apply.

b. When the Bid Documents identify only one or two sources, or three or more sources followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, the bidder's proposal may be based on a source not identified but considered by the bidder to be equal to the standard of performance, design and quality as specified; however, such substitutions must ultimately be approved by the Architect. If the bidder elects to bid on a substitution without "Pre-bid Approval" as described below, then it will be understood that proof of compliance with specified requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the bidder.

c. When the Bid Documents identify three or more sources and the list of sources is not followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, the bidder's proposal shall be based upon one of the identified sources, unless the bidder obtains "Pre-bid Approval" of another source as described below. Under these conditions it will be expressly understood that no product, material, system, item of equipment, or service that is not identified in the Bid Documents or granted "Pre-Bid Approval" will be incorporated into the Work unless such substitution is authorized and agreed upon through a Contract Change Order.

d. If the Bid Documents identify only one source and expressly provide that it is an approved sole source for the product, material, system, item of equipment, or service, the bidder's proposal must be based upon the identified sole source.

e. **Procedures for "Pre-Bid Approval".** If it is desired that a product, material, system, piece of equipment, or service from a source different from those sources identified in the Bid Documents be approved as an acceptable source, application for the approval of such source must reach the hands of the Architect **at least ten days prior to the date set for the opening of bids**. At the Architect's discretion, this ten day provision may be waived. **The application for approval of a proposed source must be accompanied by technical data which the applicant desires to submit in support of the application.** The Architect will give consideration to reports from reputable independent testing laboratories, verified experience records showing the reputation of the proposed source with previous users, evidence of reputation of the source for prompt delivery, evidence of reputation of the source for efficiency in servicing its products, or any other pertinent written information. **The application to the Architect for approval of a proposed source must be accompanied by a schedule setting forth in which respects the materials or equipment submitted for consideration differ from the materials or equipment designated in the Bid Documents.**

The burden of proof of the merit of the proposed substitution is upon the proposer. To be approved, a proposed source must also meet or exceed all express requirements of the Bid Documents. Approval, if granted, shall not be effective until published by the Architect in an addendum to the Bid Documents.

The undersigned requests consideration of the following product substitution:

Proposed Substitution: _____

Manufacturer: _____ Address: _____ Phone: _____

Trade Name: _____ Model No.: _____

Supporting Data Attached: ☐ Product Description ☐ Drawings ☐ Photographs ☐ Performance & Test Data ☐ Specifications

Attached data includes product description, specifications, drawings, photographs, and performance and test data adequate for evaluation of the request; applicable portions of the data are clearly identified.

Attached data also includes a description of changes to the Contract Documents that the proposed substitution will require for its proper installation.

The Undersigned states and certifies the following: (Mark Boxes as Applicable)

☐ Proposed substitution has been fully investigated and determined to be equal or superior in all respects to specified product.

or

☐ Proposed substitution differs from what is specified in the Bid Documents. Submitted Data clearly identifies all differences from what is specified in the Bid Documents.

☐ No changes will be required to the Contract Documents for the proper installation of the proposed product substitution.

or

☐ Changes will be required to the Contract Documents for the proper installation of the proposed product substitution. Submitted Data clearly identifies description of changes.

and

☐ Warranty will be furnished for proposed substitution ☐ Equal to or ☐ Superior to specified product.

☐ Proposed substitution does not affect dimensions shown on the drawings and functional clearances.

☐ No changes will be required to the building design, engineering design or detailing by the proposed substitution.

☐ Proposed substitution will have no adverse effect on other trades and will not affect or delay construction progress schedule.

☐ No maintenance is required by the proposed substitution other than that required for originally specified product.

☐ Other Information:

The undersigned further states that they have read the corresponding specification sections in the project manual and confirms that the function, appearance and quality of the proposed substitution are equivalent to or superior to the originally specified product.

Submitted by: (Print) Signature: Date:

Firm: Address:

Email: Telephone:

A/E REVIEW AND ACTION

☐ Substitution Approved ☐ Substitution Approved as noted ☐ Substitution Rejected

☐ Substitution Request Received to Late

Comments:

Signed by: Date:

PROPOSAL FORM

To: _____ Date: _____
(Awarding Authority)

In compliance with the Advertisement for Bids and subject to all the conditions thereof, the undersigned

_____
(Legal Name of Bidder)

hereby proposes to furnish all labor and materials and perform all work required for the construction of

WORK _____

_____

in accordance with Drawings and Specifications, dated _____, prepared by

_____, Architect/Engineer.

The Bidder, which is organized and existing under the laws of the State of _____,

having its principal offices in the City of _____,

is: ☐ a Corporation ☐ a Partnership ☐ an Individual ☐ (other) _____.

LISTING OF PARTNERS OR OFFICERS: If Bidder is a Partnership, list all partners and their addresses; if Bidder is a Corporation, list the names, titles, and business addresses of its officers:

_____

_____

_____

BIDDER'S REPRESENTATION: The Bidder declares that it has examined the site of the Work, having become fully informed regarding all pertinent conditions, and that it has examined the Drawings and Specifications (including all Addenda received) for the Work and the other Bid and Contract Documents relative thereto, and that it has satisfied itself relative to the Work to be performed.

ADDENDA: The Bidder acknowledges receipt of Addenda Nos._____ through _____ inclusively.

BASE BID: For construction complete as shown and specified, the sum of _____

_____ Dollars ($ _____)

ALTERNATES: If alternates as set forth in the Bid Documents are accepted, the following adjustments are to be made to the Base Bid:

For Alternate No. 1 (. . . . .) ☐ (add) ☐ (deduct) $ _____
(Insert key word for Alternate)

For Alternate No. 2 (. . . . .) ☐ (add) ☐ (deduct) $ _____

For Alternate No. 3 (. . . . .) ☐ (add) ☐ (deduct) $ _____

For Alternate No. 4 (. . . . .) ☐ (add) ☐ (deduct) $ _____

For Alternate No. 5 (. . . . .) ☐ (add) ☐ (deduct) $ _____

For Alternate No. 6 (. . . . .) ☐ (add) ☐ (deduct) $ _____

UNIT PRICES - (Attach to this Proposal Form the unit prices, if any, on a separate sheet.)

BID SECURITY: The undersigned agrees to enter into a Construction Contract and furnish the prescribed Performance and Payment Bonds and evidence of insurance within fifteen calendar days, or such other period stated in the Bid Documents, after the contract forms have been presented for signature, provided such presentation is made within 30 calendar days after the opening of bids, or such other period stated in the Bid Documents. As security for this condition, the undersigned further agrees that the funds represented by the Bid Bond (or cashier's check) attached hereto may be called and paid into the account of the Awarding Authority as liquidated damages for failure to so comply.

Attached hereto is a: (*Mark the appropriate box and provide the applicable information.*)

☐ Bid Bond, executed by _____ as Surety,

☐ a cashier's check on the _____ Bank of _____,

for the sum of _____

Dollars ($ _____) made payable to the Awarding Authority.

BIDDER'S ALABAMA LICENSE:

State License for General Contracting: _____
License Number Bid Limit Type(s) of Work

CERTIFICATIONS: The undersigned certifies that he or she is authorized to execute contracts on behalf of the Bidder as legally named, that this proposal is submitted in good faith without fraud or collusion with any other bidder, that the information indicated in this document is true and complete, and that the bid is made in full accord with State law. Notice of acceptance may be sent to the undersigned at the address set forth below.

The Bidder also declares that a list of all proposed major subcontractors and suppliers will be submitted at a time subsequent to the receipt of bids as established by the Architect in the Bid Documents but in no event shall this time exceed twenty-four (24) hours after receipt of bids.

Legal Name of Bidder _____

Mailing Address _____

* **By (Legal Signature)** _____

* Name & Title (print) _____ (*Seal*)

Telephone Number _____

Email Address _____

* If other than the individual proprietor, or an above named member of the Partnership, or the above named president, vice-president, or secretary of the Corporation, attach written authority to bind the Bidder. Any modification to a bid shall be over the initials of the person signing the bid, or of an authorized representative.

Note: A completed DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax must be submitted with DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form. Submission of DCM Form C-3A is required, it is not optional. A proposal shall be rendered non-responsive if an Accounting of Sales Tax is not provided.

ACCOUNTING OF SALES TAX
Attachment to DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form

To: _____ Date: _____
(Awarding Authority)

NAME OF PROJECT _____

_____

SALES TAX ACCOUNTING

Pursuant to Act 2013-205, Section 1(g) the Contractor accounts for the sales tax NOT included in the bid proposal form as follows:

ESTIMATED SALES TAX AMOUNT

BASE BID: $_____

Alternate No. 1 (……..) ☐(add) ☐(deduct) $_____
(Insert key word for Alternate)

Alternate No. 2 (……..) ☐(add) ☐(deduct) $_____

Alternate No. 3 (……..) ☐(add) ☐(deduct) $_____

Alternate No. 4 (……..) ☐(add) ☐(deduct) $_____

Alternate No. 5 (……..) ☐(add) ☐(deduct) $_____

Alternate No. 6 (……..) ☐(add) ☐(deduct) $_____

Legal Name of Bidder _____

Mailing Address _____

***By (Legal Signature)** _____

*Name (type or print) _____ *(Seal)*

*Title _____

Telephone Number _____

Email Address _____

Note: A completed DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax must be submitted with DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form. Submission of DCM Form C-3A with DCM Form C-3 is required, it is not optional. A proposal shall be rendered non-responsive if an Accounting of Sales Tax is not provided.

BID BOND

The **PRINCIPAL** (*Bidder's company name and address*)
Name:
Address:

The **SURETY** (*Company name and primary place of business*)
Name:
Address:

The **OWNER** (*Entity name and address*)
Name:
Address:

The **PROJECT** for which the Principal's Bid is submitted: (*Project name as it appears in the Bid Documents*)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, the undersigned Principal and Surety, jointly and severally, hereby bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner in the **PENAL SUM of five percent (5%) of the amount of the Principal's bid, but in no event more than Ten-thousand Dollars ($10,000.00)**.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION is that the Principal has submitted to the Owner the attached bid, which is incorporated herein by reference, for the Project identified above.

NOW, THEREFORE, if, within the terms of the Bid Documents, the Owner accepts the Principal's bid and the Principal thereafter either:

(a) executes and delivers a Construction Contract with the required Performance and Payment Bonds (each in the form contained in the Bid Documents and properly completed in accordance with the bid) and delivers evidence of insurance as prescribed in the Bid Documents, or

(b) fails to execute and deliver such Construction Contract with such Bonds and evidence of insurance, but pays the Owner the difference, not to exceed the Penal Sum of this Bond, between the amount of the Principal's Bid and the larger amount for which the Owner may award a Construction Contract for the same Work to another bidder,

then, this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

The Surety, for value received, hereby stipulates and agrees that the obligation of the Surety under this Bond shall not in any manner be impaired or affected by any extension of the time within which the Owner may accept the Principal's bid, and the Surety does hereby waive notice of any such extension.

SIGNED AND SEALED this _____ day of _____, _____.

ATTEST:

_____

PRINCIPAL:

_____

By _____

_____
Name and Title

SURETY:

ATTEST:

_____

_____

By_____

_____
Name and Title

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

1.1 INTENT OF INSTRUCTIONS

A. The Special Instructions to Bidders are intended to amplify the abbreviated Advertisement and to give other details which shall allow interested parties to prepare bids which accurately reflect the scope of the Work. The Special Instructions to Bidders are meant to be viewed as a complement to the general Instructions to Bidders found in the Project Manual. Should any discrepancy or ambiguity be noted, the Special Instructions to Bidders shall defer to the general Instructions to Bidders.

1.2 EXPLANATION AND INTERPRETATION

A. Should any Bidder or subcontractor find any ambiguity, discrepancy, omission, or error in the Drawings and Project Manual, or insufficient information to provide a complete job, or be in doubt as to the intent and meaning thereof, he should at once report such in writing to Architect and request clarification prior to bidding

B. Clarification shall be made only by written Addenda during the bid period and sent to all perspective Bidders. The Architect and Consultants shall not be responsible for verbal answers regarding intent or meaning of the Contract Documents, or for any verbal instructions, by whomsoever made, prior to the award of the Contract.

C. Additionally, all designed systems and/or assemblies are to be proposed and bid as complete assemblies or operational systems. Drawings are indicating intent and not attempting to fully obtain or detail required work.

1.3 BIDDER REQUIREMENTS

A. All Bidders must honor their bid proposals for a period of 90 calendar days from date of bid opening.

B. The Contractor MUST Field Verify all existing conditions prior to submitting bid proposal.

C. The **Apparent Low Bidder *AND* Apparent Second Lowest Bidder** must submit to the **Architect a direct Contact Name, Phone Number and Email Address for the Bonding Company and a list of the principal Subcontractors, suppliers, and fabricators he plans to use for each category of work.** The list of Subcontractors, Suppliers and Fabricators must be received by the Architect within **24 hours following the Bid Opening** (email to: **krawlinson@lathanmckee.com**). Once the successful bidder has obtained approval from the Owner, no changes in Subcontractors, Suppliers or Fabricators shall be made without the express, written consent of the Owner. Contractor shall request consent in writing from the Owner and Architect and provide specific and reasonable explanation as to the necessity of said change. Should said change be approved by the Owner, the Contractor must submit the desired replacement Subcontractor to the Architect and obtain written approval of the Subcontractor.

1.4 OPENING OF PROPOSALS

A. The Owner shall, according to applicable laws and regulations pertaining to bid openings, receive and review all Proposals submitted, according to the method selected below:

1. Proposals shall be opened and read publicly at the time and place indicated in the Advertisement.

2. Proposals may be rejected if they contain any omissions, alterations of forms, additions not called for, conditional bids, alternate bids unless called for, incomplete bids, erasures, or irregularities of any kind. Proposals in which the unit or lump sum prices bid are obviously unbalanced may be rejected. Additions to or deductions from the Bid amount may be written on the outside of the sealed bid, or by letter enclosed in the sealed bid envelope.

1.5 DETERMINATION of LOW BIDDER by USE of ALTERNATES

A. The Awarding Authority may request alternate bid prices (alternates) to facilitate either reducing the base bid to an amount within the funds available for the project or adding items to the base

bid within the funds available for the project. Alternates, if any, are listed in the Proposal Form in the order in which they shall cumulatively deduct from or add to the base bid for determining the lowest bidder.

B. If alternates are included in the Proposal Form, the Awarding Authority shall determine the dollar amount of funds available and immediately prior to the opening of bids shall announce publicly the funds available for the project. The dollar amount of such funds shall be **used to determine the lowest bidder** as provided herein below, notwithstanding that the actual funds available for the project may subsequently be determined to be more or less than the expected funds available as determined immediately prior to the time of the opening of bids.

C. **If additional funds become available after the bid opening, the Owner may at his option elect to award to the lowest base bid bidder a contract based on the Contractors base bid amount and additional Alternates.**

D. If the base bid of the lowest bidder **exceeds** the funds available and alternate bid prices will reduce the base bids to an amount that is **within** the funds available, the lowest bidder will be determined by considering, in order, the fewest number of the alternates that produces a price within the funds available.

E. If the base bid of the lowest bidder is within the funds available and alternate bid prices will permit adding items to the base bid, the lowest bidder will be determined by considering, in order, the greatest number of the alternates that produces a price within the funds available.

F. After the lowest bidder has been determined as set forth above, the Awarding Authority may award that bidder any combination of alternates, provided said bidder is also the low bidder when only the Base Bid and such combination of alternates are considered.

1.6 AWARD OF CONTRACT

A. The Bidder to whom the award is made shall be notified by letter to the address shown on his Proposal at the earliest possible date. At such time, at the option of the Owner, additional information such as a complete financial statement may be required from the successful Bidder.

1.7 EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

A. The Contract shall be signed by the successful Bidder, in the number of counterparts provided in the Contract Agreement and returned to the Owner with satisfactory Contract Bonds within ten (10) days after the date of Notice of Award.

1.8 PERFORMANCE BOND AND PAYMENT BOND

A. The intent of the Performance Bond is to ensure the faithful performance of each and every condition, stipulation, and requirements of the Contract and to indemnify and save harmless the Owner, Architect, and Consultants from any and all damages, either directly or indirectly (arising out of any failure to perform same). The successful Bidder to whom the Contract is awarded shall furnish at his expense an acceptable Performance Bond in an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the Contract Price of the Contract as awarded. Said Bond shall be made on the approved Bond form, shall be furnished by a surety company duly authorized and qualified to make such bonds in the State of Alabama, shall be countersigned by an authorized agent resident in the State who is qualified for the execution of such instruments, and shall have attached thereto power of attorney of the signing official. In case of default on the part of the Contractor, all expenses incident to ascertaining and collecting losses suffered by the Owner under the Bond, the direct costs of administration, architectural, engineering, and legal services, shall lie against the Contract Bond for Performance of the Work.

B. In addition thereto, the successful Bidder to whom the Contract is awarded shall furnish at his expense a Payment Bond with good and sufficient surety payable to the Owner in an amount not less than one hundred percent (100%) of the Contract Price, with the obligation that the Contractor shall promptly make payment to all persons furnishing him or them with labor, material, feedstuffs, or supplies for or in prosecution of the Work provided for in the Contract and for the payment or reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred by successful claimants or plaintiffs in suits on said Bond.

C. The **Apparent Low Bidder *AND* Apparent Second Lowest Bidder** must submit to the **Architect a direct Contact Name, Phone Number and Email Address for the Bonding Company** within 24 hours of the bid opening.

1.9 APPROVAL OF CONTRACT

A. No Contract is binding upon the Owner until it has been executed by the Owner and the successful Bidder and copies delivered.

1.10 LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

A. The **Apparent Low Bidder *AND* Apparent Second Lowest Bidder** must submit to the Architect **a direct Contact Name, Phone Number and Email Address for the Bonding Company and a list of the principal Subcontractors, suppliers, and fabricators he plans to use for each category of work** must be received by the Architect within twenty-four hours following the Bid Opening. Email to **krawlinson@lathanmckee.com.** Once the successful bidder has obtained approval from the Owner, no changes in Subcontractors, suppliers and fabricators shall be made without the express, written consent of the Owner.

1.11 LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS SUBMITTAL FORM

Email this form in its entirety to contact listed below.

The **Apparent Low Bidder *AND* Apparent Second Lowest Bidder** must submit to the Architect **a direct Contact Name, Phone Number and Email Address for the Bonding Company and** the principal Subcontractors, suppliers, and fabricators he plans to use for each category of work. The list of Subcontractors must be received by the Architect within twenty-four hours following the Bid Opening.

To: Lathan Mckee, Architects

Kayla Rawlinson

krawlinson@lathanmckeea.com
Email

From: _____
Company

_____
Name

_____
Email

_____
Phone Number

Project Name: _____

Project Number: _____

Issue Date: _____

Bid Date: _____

Category of Work	Name of Sub to Perform Work	Name of Supplier
SURETY		

END OF SECTION

PREPARATION AND APPROVAL OF
CONSTRUCTION
CONTRACTS* and *BONDS
SUBMITTED ELECTRONICALLY

CHECKLIST

Use with DCM Forms C-5, C-6, & C-7
and DCM Forms 9-A, 9-B, & 9-C

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT - DCM Form C-5 or DCM Form 9-A (PSCA Projects) The numbers in the left column below correspond to numbers in the left margin of the Contract form.	
(1)	**PROJECT NUMBER(S):** DCM will insert the DCM Project Number in the field provided. • On DCM Form 9-A, insert the PSCA Project Number in the field provided.
(2)	**DATE:** Do not select a date beyond today's date.
(3)	**OWNER:** Insert the full, legal name, address, email, and telephone number of the Owner (Awarding Authority). • On DCM Form 9-A, insert the name, address, email, and telephone number of the Local Owner (city or county school board, college, university, etc.) after "Alabama Public School and College Authority"
(4)	**CONTRACTOR:** Insert the Contractor's company name, correct mailing address, email, and telephone number. For State Agency projects, the Contractor Company name and address must match the name and address registered in the State of Alabama Accounting and Resource System (STAARS) or AL Buys (if registered), used by most State Agencies to pay Vendors. The Contractor Company name and address must be consistent across all documents in the same contract package, in order to avoid Comptroller's Office rejection. • On DCM Form 9-A: The Contractor Company name and address must match the name and address registered in STAARS or AL Buys used by the State to pay Vendors. The Contractor Company name and address must be consistent across all documents in the same contract package, in order to avoid Comptroler's rejection.
(5)	**The WORK:** Insert the complete name of the Project; same as in the Bid Documents.
(6)	**CONTRACT DOCUMENTS**: Insert the date of the Bid Documents
(7)	**ADDENDA:** Identify, by number and date, all pre-bid Addenda that were issued to the Bid Documents. If none were issued, insert "None". All Addenda shall be submitted to DCM for review prior to contract issuance.
(8)	**ARCHITECT:** Insert the full, legal name, address, email, and telephone number of the Project Architectural or Engineering firm.
(9)	**CONTRACT SUM:** The Contract Sum is the total of the Contract's Base Bid and accepted Bid Alternate Prices, if any. Insert the Contract Sum in words and figures, verifying that this amount corresponds with the CERTIFIED TABULATION OF BIDS.
(10)	**BID ALTERNATE PRICES**: Identify which, if any, Bid Alternate Prices are accepted and included in the Contract Sum by inserting either (a) "No Alternate Prices Requested in Bid", (b) "No Alternate Prices Accepted", or (c) a listing of the accepted Alternates by number and dollar amount.
(11)	**The CONTRACT TIME:** State the Contract Time in words and in figures.
(12)	**LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:** If the Owner has computed a daily rate for liquidated damages, insert the amount in both words and figures in the spaces provided.
(13)	**SPECIAL PROVISIONS:** This space may be used to incorporate Special Provisions into the Contract, such as unit prices, compliance with enacted provisions, and value engineering. If the solicitation for bids required Unit Prices, insert a statement of which Unit Prices, if any, are accepted and incorporated into the Contract. If more space is needed, Special Provisions may be stated on an attachment that is cited in the Special Provisions section. • DCM Form 9-A is published bearing Special Provision **"A. Severable Payments"**, which is where the portions of the Contract Sum to be paid by the PSCA and the Local Owner are to be stated. Obtain these amounts from Local Owner and insert them in the spaces provided. Other Special Provisions, such as disposition of Unit Prices, may be inserted below this provision.
(14)	**STATE GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE:** Insert the Contractor's current state general contracting license number, bid limit, and classification in the spaces provided.

(15)	**SIGNATURES - APPROVING and CONTRACTING PARTIES** The documents will forward to the signers in sequential order.

PERFORMANCE BOND, DCM Form C-6 or DCM Form 9-B (PSCA Projects), and
PAYMENT BOND, DCM Form C-7 or DCM Form 9-C (PSCA Projects)

Required for contracts of $100,000.0 or more, with surety's power-of-attorney - required per Section 39-2-8 of the Code of Alabama.

(1)	**SURETY'S BOND NUMBER** should be inserted in the field provided.
(2)	**PRINCIPAL:** Contractor's name and address is to be the same as appears in the Construction Contract.
(3)	**SURETY:** The full, legal name and address of the bonding company.
(4)	**OWNER:** The Owner's name and address is to be the same as appears in the Construction Contract.
(5)	**PENAL SUM:** The Penal Sum of each Bond is to be the Contract Sum of the Construction Contract and is to be inserted in both words and figures.
(6)	The **Date** of the Construction Contract**:** The date that appears on the Construction Contract.
(7)	The **PROJECT:** The same name or description as appears in the Construction Contract.
(8)	**DATE:** After "SIGNED AND SEALED" is to appear the date upon which Surety signs the Bond. **THIS DATE CANNOT PRECEDE THE DATE OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT.**
(9)	**CONTRACTOR'S SIGNATURE:** The Contractor's name must appear beneath "CONTRACTOR", under which the signature of a member or officer of the firm must appear with the name and title of the signing party appearing beneath the signature.
(10)	**SURETY'S SIGNATURE:** The full, legal name of the bonding company must appear under "SURETY", under which the signature of an individual having power of attorney for the bonding company must appear with the individual's name and title appearing beneath the signature.
(11)	**ATTACHED POWER OF ATTORNEY:** Attached to each of the Bonds must be a Power of Attorney, signed by an officer of the bonding company, for the individual e-signing the bond on behalf of the bonding company. **The date of the Power of Attorney must not precede the date of the bond.**

ATTACHMENTS

The following documents must be attached to the Construction Contract:

- Insurance Certificate (attach copy): It is the responsibility of the design professional to ensure all insurance requirements are discussed with bidders prior to a bid and that Contractor has provided the requirements to their insurance provider. Contractor must obtain all insurance coverage specified in Article 37 of the General Conditions of the Contract - required per Section 39-2-8 of the Code of Alabama.
- Surety's power-of-attorney: Required for Performance Bond, which is required for contracts of $100,000.00 or more per Section 39-2-8 of the Code of Alabama.
- Surety's power-of-attorney: Required for Payment Bond, which is required for contracts of $100,000.00 or more per Section 39-2-8 of the Code of Alabama.
- Certified Tabulation of Bids (attach copy): Required for all projects including those with informal bids -required per Section 39-2-6 of the Code of Alabama.
- DCM Form C-3: Proposal Form (attach copy): If bid proposal was adjusted by notation on outside of envelope, also attach copy of outside of envelope including notation.
- DCM Form C-3A: Accounting of Sales Tax (attach copy): Attachment must be of the executed C-3A from the bid -required per Section 40-9-14.1 of the Code of Alabama.
- E-Verify Memorandum of Understanding (attach copy): Entire document required - required per Section 31-13-25(b) of the Code of Alabama.
- Alabama Vendor Disclosure Statement - required per Section 41-16-82 of the Code of Alabama. Contractor must mail one original completed wet-signed notarized and dated hardcopy to DCM along with DCM Form: Transmittal of Alabama Vendor Disclosure Statement. DCM will perform a review, and if the document is correct, will attach a scan of the Disclosure Statement to the Contract.

DCM USER FEES:

- **PSCA-Funded Projects & Fully Locally-Funded State Agency Projects:** The Contract Document Administration Fee-CC and the Permit Fee must be paid by the time a Construction Contract for a PSCA-funded project or state agency/authority project is submitted to DCM for review, or when a fully locally-funded project Construction Contract is converted to PSCA. Contract reviews can begin once the fees have been paid.

- **Fully Locally-Funded K-12 Projects:** The Permit Fee must be paid by the time a copy of a fully locally-funded K-12 school project's executed Construction Contract is received at DCM's office from the State Department of Education (SDE). * See Permit Fee exception below.

- **General Information:**

  Basic Contract Document Administration (CDA) Fee: This fee covers review of the Agreement Between Owner and Architect (O/A Agreement) and Construction Contract for state agency projects, and partially or fully PSCA-funded projects of K-12 public schools and universities and the related amendments, change orders, service invoices and pay requests. This fee does not apply to fully locally-funded K-12 public school projects or fully locally-funded university projects. The Basic CDA Fee covers review of the original submitted document and one revision. The total basic CDA fee is 1/2 of 1% of the total construction cost, due in two parts: 1/4 of 1% (.25%) of the Project Budget for administration of the O/ A Agreement. 1/4 of 1% (.25%) of the Construction Contract Amount for administration of the Construction Contract. The CDA Fee for a PSCA-funded O/A Agreement or Construction Contract is limited by the Project Construction Cost funded by PSCA.
  Additional Revised Contract Document Fee: When more than one revision of a Construction Contract is required, an additional fee of $200.00 will be charged to the design professional for each additional submittal until the document is executed.
  Basic Permit Fee: This fee covers required project inspections. The Permit Fee must be paid before a construction contract is reviewed by DCM, or becomes due when a self-performance letter or fully locally-funded K-12 construction contract is received by DCM, and must be paid before a Pre-Construction Conference is scheduled with DCM Inspectors*
  Note: Although DCM does not review the construction contracts of fully locally-funded public K-12 projects, the Permit Fee must be paid before the required Pre-Construction Conference is scheduled with DCM Inspectors for such projects.*

  * Exception: Permit Fees are not owed for fully locally-funded public K-12 projects with an estimated cost of $750,000.00 or Less for capital improvement or alterations, additions, repair, or maintenance of heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems or any alterations, additions, repair, or maintenance of a roof; all such projects are still subject to DCM pre-construction conferences and inspections.

  ∇ Determination of whether or not a project is in the $750,000.00 or Less classification for Permit Fees is based on the cost of the entire project including all phases and bid packages. If total of bids received for all phases and bid packages exceeds $750,000.00 for a fully locally-funded public K-12 project, then a Permit Fee is owed.

  Fees May Be Paid online at www.dcm.alabama.gov or paid with a physical check. Make check payable to: "Finance - Construction Management", include the DCM (BC) Project #, if assigned, on the check and attach the CDA Fees Calculation Worksheet and/or the Permit Fees Calculation Worksheet (also available on www.dcm.alabama.gov). Mail payment to: Finance - Construction Management, P.O. Box 301150, Montgomery, AL 36130-1150. For payments using Public School and College Authority (PSCA) funds and for state agency inter-fund transfers: contact Jennie Jones at 334-242-4808 or jennie.jones@realproperty.alabama.gov.

This form is provided solely for the purpose of inclusion in the project manual. A Construction Contract for fully locally-funded K-12 projects must be initiated via the appropriate DocuSign link from DCM's Engage Portal at https://engagealabama-rpm.facilityforce.cloud by the Lead Design Professional Firm.

(1) **DCM (BC) Project No.**

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT

Numbers in margin correspond to "Checklist", DCM Form B-7

(2) This Construction Contract is entered into this day of in the year of

(3) between the **OWNER,**
Entity Name:
Address:
Email & Phone #:

(4) and the **CONTRACTOR,**
Company Name:
Address:
Email & Phone #:

(5) for the **WORK** of the Project, identified as:

(6) The **CONTRACT DOCUMENTS** are dated and have been amended by
(7) **ADDENDA**

(8) The **ARCHITECT** is
Firm Name:
Address:
Email & Phone #:

(9) The **CONTRACT SUM** is
Dollars ($) and is the sum of the Contractor's Base Bid for the Work and the following
(10) **BID ALTERNATE PRICES:**

(11) The **CONTRACT TIME** is ( ) calendar days.

THE OWNER AND THE CONTRACTOR AGREE AS FOLLOWS: The Contract Documents, as defined in the General Conditions of the Contract (DCM Form C-8), are incorporated herein by reference. The Contractor shall perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Owner will pay and the Contractor will accept as full compensation for such performance of the Work, the Contract Sum subject to additions and deductions (including liquidated damages) as provided in the Contract Documents. The Work shall commence on a date to be specified in a Notice to Proceed issued by the Owner (or by the Lead Design Professional on the Owner's behalf), and shall then be substantially completed within the Contract Time.

(12) **LIQUIDATED DAMAGES** for which the Contractor and its Surety (if any) shall be liable and may be required to pay the Owner in accordance with the Contract Documents shall be equal to six percent interest per annum on the total Contract Sum unless a dollar amount is stipulated in the following space, in which case liquidated damages shall be determined at _____ dollars ($_____) per calendar day.

Numbers in margin correspond to "Checklist", DCM Form B-7

(13) **SPECIAL PROVISIONS** *(Insert any Special Provisions here, such as acceptance or rejection of unit prices. If Special Provisions are continued in an attachment, identify the attachment below)*:

(14) **STATE GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S LICENSE:** The Contractor does hereby certify that Contractor is currently licensed by the Alabama State Licensing Board for General Contractors and that the certificate for such license bears the following:

License No.:

Classification(s):

Bid Limit:

The Owner and Contractor have entered into this Construction Contract as of the date first written above and have executed this Construction Contract in sufficient counterparts to enable each contracting party to have an originally executed Construction Contract each of which shall, without proof or accounting for the other counterparts, be deemed an original thereof.

The Owner does hereby certify that this Construction Contract was let in accordance with the provisions of Title 39, Code of Alabama 1975, as amended, and all other applicable provisions of law, and that the terms and commitments of this Construction Contract do not constitute a debt of the State of Alabama in violation of Article 11, Section 213 of the Constitution of Alabama, 1901, as amended by Amendment Number 26.

(15)

APPROVAL

ALABAMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (SDE)
(*Required for locally-funded, SDE projects.*)

By_____ Date:_____
State Superintendent of Education

CONTRACTING PARTIES

_____
Contractor Company

By _____
Signature

Name & Title _____

_____
Owner Entity

By _____
Signature

Name(s) & Title(s) _____

Routing of the Construction Contract to reviewers and e-signers is automated through DocuSign. DocuSign links for fully locally-funded contract documents are available from DCM's Engage Portal at https://engagealabama-rpm.facilityforce.cloud

ARTICLE 37
CONTRACTOR'S and SUBCONTRACTORS' INSURANCE

(Provide entire Article 37 to Contractor's insurance representative.)

A. GENERAL

(1) RESPONSIBILITY. The Contractor shall be responsible to the Owner from the time of the signing of the Construction Contract or from the beginning of the first work, whichever shall be earlier, for all injury or damage of any kind resulting from any negligent act or omission or breach, failure or other default regarding the work by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, regardless of who may be the owner of the property.

(2) INSURANCE PROVIDERS. Each of the insurance coverages required below shall be issued by an insurer licensed by the Insurance Commissioner to transact the business of insurance in the State of Alabama for the applicable line of insurance, and such insurer (or, for qualified self-insureds or group self-insureds, a specific excess insurer providing statutory limits) must have a Best Policyholders Rating of "A-" or better and a financial size rating of Class V or larger.

(3) NOTIFICATION ENDORSEMENT. Each policy shall be endorsed to provide that the insurance company agrees that the policy shall not be canceled, changed, allowed to lapse or allowed to expire for any reason until thirty days after the Owner has received written notice by certified mail as evidenced by return receipt or until such time as other insurance coverage providing protection equal to protection called for in the Contract Documents shall have been received, accepted and acknowledged by the Owner. Such notice shall be valid only as to the Project as shall have been designated by Project Name and Number in said notice.

(4) INSURANCE CERTIFICATES. The Contractor shall procure the insurance coverages identified below, or as otherwise required in the Contract Documents, at the Contractor's own expense, and to evidence that such insurance coverages are in effect, the Contractor shall furnish the Owner an insurance certificate(s) acceptable to the Owner and listing the Owner as the certificate holder. The insurance certificate(s) must be delivered to the Owner with the Construction Contract and Bonds for final approval and execution of the Construction Contract. The insurance certificate must provide the following:

- **(a)** Name and address of authorized agent of the insurance company
- **(b)** Name and address of insured
- **(c)** Name of insurance company or companies
- **(d)** Description of policies
- **(e)** Policy Number(s)
- **(f)** Policy Period(s)
- **(g)** Limits of liability
- **(h)** Name and address of Owner as certificate holder
- **(i)** Project Name and Number, if any
- **(j)** Signature of authorized agent of the insurance company
- **(k)** Telephone number of authorized agent of the insurance company
- **(l)** Mandatory thirty day notice of cancellation / non-renewal / change

(5) MAXIMUM DEDUCTIBLE. Self-insured retention, except for qualified self-insurers or group self-insurers, in any policy shall not exceed $25,000.00.

B. INSURANCE COVERAGES

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall purchase the types of insurance coverages with liability limits not less than as follows:

(1) WORKERS' COMPENSATION and EMPLOYER'S LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Workers' Compensation coverage shall be provided in accordance with the statutory coverage required in Alabama. A group insurer must submit a certificate of authority from the Alabama Department of Industrial Relations approving the group insurance plan. A self-insurer must submit a certificate from the Alabama Department of Industrial Relations stating the Contractor qualifies to pay its own workers' compensation claims.

(b) Employer's Liability Insurance limits shall be at least:

.1 Bodily Injury by Accident - $1,000,000 each accident

.2 Bodily Injury by Disease - $1,000,000 each employee

(2) COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Commercial General Liability Insurance, written on an ISO Occurrence Form (current edition as of the date of Advertisement for Bids) or equivalent, shall include, but need not be limited to, coverage for bodily injury and property damage arising from premises and operations liability, products and completed operations liability, blasting and explosion, collapse of structures, underground damage, personal injury liability and contractual liability. The Commercial General Liability Insurance shall provide at minimum the following limits:

Coverage	Limit
.1 General Aggregate	$ 2,000,000.00 per Project
.2 Products, Completed Operations Aggregate	$ 2,000,000.00 per Project
.3 Personal and Advertising Injury	$ 1,000,000.00 per Occurrence
.4 Each Occurrence	$ 1,000,000.00

(b) Additional Requirements for Commercial General Liability Insurance:

.1 The policy shall name the Owner, Architect, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, consultants and employees as additional insureds, state that this coverage shall be primary insurance for the additional insureds; and contain no exclusions of the additional insureds relative to job accidents.

.2 The policy must include separate per project aggregate limits.

(3) COMMERCIAL BUSINESS AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Commercial Business Automobile Liability Insurance which shall include coverage for bodily injury and property damage arising from the operation of any owned, non-owned or hired automobile. The Commercial Business Automobile Liability Insurance Policy shall provide not less than $1,000,000 Combined Single Limits for each occurrence.

(b) The policy shall name the Owner, Architect, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, consultants, and employees as additional insureds.

(4) COMMERCIAL UMBRELLA OR COMMERCIAL EXCESS LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Commercial Umbrella or Commercial Excess Liability Insurance to provide excess coverage above the Commercial General Liability, Commercial Business Automobile

Liability and the Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability to satisfy the minimum limits set forth herein.

(b) Minimum Combined Primary Commercial General Liability and Commercial Umbrella or Commercial Excess Limits of:

.1 $ 5,000,000 per Occurrence

.2 $ 5,000,000 Aggregate

(c) Additional Requirements for Commercial Umbrella or Commercial Excess Liability Insurance:

.1 The policy shall name the Owner, Architect, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, consultants, and employees as additional insureds.

.2 The policy must be on an "occurrence" basis.

(5) BUILDER'S RISK INSURANCE

(a) The Builder's Risk Policy shall be made payable to the Owner and Contractor, as their interests may appear. The policy amount shall be equal to 100% of the Contract Sum, written on a Causes of Loss - Special Form (current edition as of the date of Advertisement for Bids), or its equivalent. All deductibles shall be the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

(b) The policy shall be endorsed as follows:

"The following may occur without diminishing, changing, altering or otherwise affecting the coverage and protection afforded the insured under this policy:

(i) Furniture and equipment may be delivered to the insured premises and installed in place ready for use; or

(ii) Partial or complete occupancy by Owner; or

(iii) Performance of work in connection with construction operations insured by the Owner, by agents or lessees or other contractors of the Owner, or by contractors of the lessee of the Owner."

Exception: projects containing only abatement and/or only demolition do not require Builder's Risk insurance, unless required by the Owner. Note: projects containing any scope of work besides abatement and/or demolition require Builder's Risk insurance.

C. SUBCONTRACTORS' INSURANCE

(1) WORKERS' COMPENSATION and EMPLOYER'S LIABILITY INSURANCE. The Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to obtain and maintain Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance coverages as described in preceding Paragraph B, or to be covered by the Contractor's Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance while performing Work under the Contract.

(2) LIABILITY INSURANCE. The Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to obtain and maintain adequate General Liability, Automobile Liability, and Umbrella or Excess Liability Insurance coverages similar to those described in preceding Paragraph B. Such coverage shall be in effect at all times that a Subcontractor is performing Work under the Contract.

(3) ENFORCEMENT RESPONSIBILITY. The Contractor shall have responsibility to enforce its Subcontractors' compliance with these or similar insurance requirements; however, the Contractor shall, upon request, provide the Architect or Owner acceptable evidence of insurance for any Subcontractor.

D. TERMINATION of OBLIGATION to INSURE

Unless otherwise expressly provided in the Contract Documents, the obligation to insure as provided herein shall continue as follows:

(1) BUILDER'S RISK INSURANCE. The obligation to insure under Subparagraph B(5) shall remain in effect until the Date of Substantial Completion as shall be established in the Certificate of Substantial Completion. In the event that multiple Certificates of Substantial Completion covering designated portions of the Work are issued, Builder's Risk coverage shall remain in effect until the Date of Substantial Completion as shall be established in the last issued Certificate of Substantial Completion. However, in the case that the Work involves separate buildings, Builder's Risk coverage of each separate building may terminate on the Date of Substantial Completion as established in the Certificate of Substantial Completion issued for each building.

(2) PRODUCTS and COMPLETED OPERATIONS. The obligation to carry Products and Completed Operations coverage specified under Subparagraph B(2) shall remain in effect for two years after the Date(s) of Substantial Completion.

(3) ALL OTHER INSURANCE. The obligation to carry other insurance coverages specified under Subparagraphs B(1) through B(4) and Paragraph C shall remain in effect after the Date(s) of Substantial Completion until such time as all Work required by the Contract Documents is completed. Equal or similar insurance coverages shall remain in effect if, after completion of the Work, the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, returns to the Project to perform warranty or maintenance work pursuant to the terms of the Contract Documents.

E. WAIVERS of SUBROGATION

The Owner and Contractor waive all rights against (1) each other and any of their subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, agents and employees, each of the other, and (2) the Architect, Architect's consultants, separate contractors performing construction or operations related to the Project, if any, and any of their subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, agents and employees, for damages caused by fire or other causes of loss. But said waiver shall apply only to the extent the loss or damage is covered by builder's risk insurance applicable to the Work or to other property located within or adjacent to the Project, except such rights as they may have to proceeds of such insurance held by the Owner or Contractor as fiduciary. The Owner or Contractor, as appropriate, shall require of the Architect, Architect's consultants, separate contractors, if any, and the subcontractor, sub-subcontractors, suppliers, agents and employees of any of them, by appropriate agreements, written where legally required for validity, similar waivers each in favor of other parties enumerated herein. The Policies shall provide such waivers of subrogation by endorsement or otherwise. A waiver of subrogation shall be effective as to the person or entity even though that person or entity would otherwise have a duty of indemnification, contractual or otherwise, did not pay the insurance premium directly or indirectly, and whether or not the person or entity had an insurable interest in the property damaged. The waivers provided for in this paragraph shall not be applicable to loss or damage that occurs after final acceptance of the Work. Any provision found herein which attempts to waive or invalidate the subrogation interests of Alabama's State Insurance Fund against any party to this contract or any other person or entity is void and invalid. No such waiver is intended or made by the parties to this agreement with regard to any property insured by the State Insurance Fund.

Numbers in margin correspond to second page of "Checklist", DCM Form B-7

(1) # PERFORMANCE BOND

SURETY'S BOND NUMBER

Do not staple this form; use clips.

(2) The **PRINCIPAL** (*Company name and address of Contractor as appears in the Construction Contract*)
Name:
Address:

(3) The **SURETY** (*Company name and primary place of business*)
Name:
Address:

(4) The **OWNER** (*Entity name and address, same as appears in the Construction Contract*)
Name:
Address:

(5) The **PENAL SUM** of this Bond (the Contract Sum)

Dollars ($).

(6) **DATE** of the Construction Contract :

(7) The **PROJECT**: (*Same as appears in the Construction Contract*)

1. **WE, THE PRINCIPAL (hereinafter "Contractor") AND THE SURETY**, jointly and severally, hereby bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner in the Penal Sum stated above for the performance of the Contract, and Contract Change Orders, in accord with the requirements of the Contract Documents, which are incorporated herein by reference. If the Contractor performs the Contract, and Contract Change Orders, in accordance with the Contract Documents, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

2. The Penal Sum shall remain equal to the Contract Sum as the Contract Sum is adjusted by Contract Change Orders. All Contract Change Orders involving an increase in the Contract Sum will require consent of Surety by endorsement of the Contract Change Order form. The Surety waives notification of any Contract Change Orders involving only extension of the Contract Time.

Numbers in margin correspond to second page of "Checklist", DCM Form B-7

3. Whenever the Architect gives the Contractor and the Surety, at their addresses stated above, a written Notice to Cure a condition for which the Contract may be terminated in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Surety may, within the time stated in the notice, cure or provide the Architect with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to cure the condition.

4. The Surety's obligation under this Bond becomes effective after the Contractor fails to satisfy a Notice to Cure and the Owner:

(a) gives the Contractor and the Surety, at their addresses stated above, a written Notice of Termination declaring the Contractor to be in default under the Contract and stating that the Contractor's right to complete the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, shall terminate seven days after the Contractor's receipt of the notice; and

(b) gives the Surety a written demand that, upon the effective date of the Notice of Termination, the Surety promptly fulfill its obligation under this Bond.

5. In the presence of the conditions described in Paragraph 4, the Surety shall, at its expense:

(a) On the effective date of the Notice of Termination, take charge of the Work and be responsible for the safety, security, and protection of the Work, including materials and equipment stored on and off the Project site, and

(b) Within twenty-one days after the effective date of the Notice of Termination, proceed, or provide the Owner with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to facilitate proceeding promptly, to complete the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, either with the Surety's resources or through a contract between the Surety and a qualified contractor to whom the Owner has no reasonable objection.

6. As conditions precedent to taking charge of and completing the Work pursuant to Paragraph 5, the Surety shall neither require, nor be entitled to, any agreements or conditions other than those of this Bond and the Contract Documents. In taking charge of and completing the Work, the Surety shall assume all rights and obligations of the Contractor under the Contract Documents; however, the Surety shall also have the right to assert "Surety Claims" to the Owner in accordance with the Contract Documents. The presence or possibility of a Surety Claim shall not be just cause for the Surety to fail or refuse to promptly take charge of and complete the Work or for the Owner to fail or refuse to continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents.

7. By accepting this Bond as a condition of executing the Construction Contract, and by taking the actions described in Paragraph 4, the Owner agrees that:

(a) the Owner shall promptly advise the Surety of the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum and, upon request, shall make available or furnish to the Surety, at the cost of reproduction, any portions of the Project Record, and

(b) as the Surety completes the Work, or has it completed by a qualified contractor, the Owner shall pay the Surety, in accordance with terms of payment of the Contract Documents, the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum, less any amounts that may be or become due the Owner from the Contractor under the Construction Contract or from the Contractor or the Surety under this Bond.

8. In the presence of the conditions described in Paragraph 4, the Surety's obligation includes responsibility for the correction of Defective Work, liquidated damages, and reimbursement of any reasonable expenses incurred by the Owner as a result of the Contractor's default under the Contract, including architectural, engineering, administrative, and legal services.

Numbers in margin correspond to second page of "Checklist", DCM Form B-7

9. Nothing contained in this Bond shall be construed to mean that the Surety shall be liable to the Owner for an amount exceeding the Penal Sum of this Bond, except in the event that the Surety should be in default under the Bond by failing or refusing to take charge of and complete the Work pursuant to Paragraph 5. If the Surety should fail or refuse to take charge of and complete the Work, the Owner shall have the authority to take charge of and complete the Work, or have it completed, and the following costs to the Owner, less the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum, shall be recoverable under this Bond:

(a) the cost of completing the Contractor's responsibilities under the Contract, including correction of Defective Work;

(b) additional architectural, engineering, managerial, and administrative services, and reasonable attorneys' fees incident to completing the Work;

(c) interest on, and the cost of obtaining, funds to supplement the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum as may be necessary to cover the foregoing costs;

(d) the fair market value of any reductions in the scope of the Work necessitated by insufficiency of the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum and available supplemental funds to cover the foregoing costs; and

(f) additional architectural, engineering, managerial, and administrative services, and reasonable attorneys' fees incident to ascertaining and collecting the Owner's losses under the Bond.

10. All claims and disputes arising out of or related to this bond, or its breach, shall be resolved in accordance with Article 24, General Conditions of the Contract.

(8) **SIGNED AND SEALED** this _____ day of _____, _____.

(9 & 10)

SURETY:	**CONTRACTOR as PRINCIPAL:**
_____	_____
Company Name	Company Name
By_____	By _____
Signature	Signature
_____	_____
Name and Title	Name and Title

(11) NOTE: Original power of attorney for the Surety's signatory shall be furnished with each of the original three bond forms to be attached to each of the three contract copies (with original signatures) per project.

Do not staple this form; use clips. Purpose: quickly and efficiently scan thousands of documents into DCM's database.

Numbers in margin correspond to second page of "Checklist", DCM Form B-7

(1) # PAYMENT BOND

SURETY'S BOND NUMBER

Do not staple this form; use clips.

(2) The **PRINCIPAL** (*Company name and address of Contractor, same as appears in the Construction Contract*)
Name:
Address:

(3) The **SURETY** (*Company name and primary place of business*)
Name:
Address:

(4) The **OWNER(s)** (*Entity name and address, same as appears in the Construction Contract*)
Name:
Address:

(5) The **PENAL SUM** of this Bond (the Contract Sum)

Dollars ($).

(6) **DATE** of the Construction Contract:

(7) The **PROJECT**: (*Same as appears in the Construction Contract*)

1. **WE, THE PRINCIPAL (hereinafter "Contractor") AND THE SURETY**, jointly and severally, hereby bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns to the Owner in the Penal Sum stated above to promptly pay all persons supplying labor, materials, or supplies for or in the prosecution of the Contract, which is incorporated herein by reference, and any modifications thereof by Contract Change Orders. If the Contractor and its Subcontractors promptly pay all persons supplying labor, materials, or supplies for or in the prosecution of the Contract and Contract Change Orders, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise to remain and be in full force and effect.

2. The Penal Sum shall remain equal to the Contract Sum as the Contract Sum is adjusted by Contract Change Orders. All Contract Change Orders involving an increase in the Contract Sum will require consent of Surety by endorsement of the Contract Change Order form. The Surety waives notification of any Contract Change Orders involving only extension of the Contract Time.

Numbers in margin correspond to second page of "Checklist", DCM Form B-7

3. Any person that has furnished labor, materials, or supplies for or in the prosecution of the Contract and Contract Change Orders for which payment has not been timely made may institute a civil action upon this Bond and have their rights and claims adjudicated in a civil action and judgment entered thereon. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a civil action may not be instituted on this bond until 45 days after written notice to the Surety of the amount claimed to be due and the nature of the claim. The civil action must commence not later than one year from the date of final settlement of the Contract. The giving of notice by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the Surety at any of its places of business or offices shall be deemed sufficient. In the event the Surety or Contractor fails to pay the claim in full within 45 days from the mailing of the notice, then the person or persons may recover from the Contractor and Surety, in addition to the amount of the claim, a reasonable attorney's fee based on the result, together with interest on the claim from the date of the notice.

4. Every person having a right of action on this bond shall, upon written application to the Owner indicating that labor, material, or supplies for the Work have been supplied and that payment has not been made, be promptly furnished a certified copy of this bond and the Construction Contract. The claimant may bring a civil action in the claimant's name on this Bond against the Contractor and the Surety, or either of them, in the county in which the Work is to be or has been performed or in any other county where venue is otherwise allowed by law.

5. This bond is furnished to comply with Code of Alabama, §39-1-1, and all provisions thereof shall be applicable to civil actions upon this bond.

6. All claims and disputes between Owner and either the Contractor or Surety arising out of or related to this bond, or its breach, shall be resolved in accordance with Article 24, General Conditions of the Contract.

(8) **SIGNED AND SEALED** this _____ day of _____, _____.

(9 & 10)

SURETY:	**CONTRACTOR as PRINCIPAL:**
_____ Company Name	_____ Company Name
By_____ Signature	By _____ Signature
_____ Name and Title	_____ Name and Title

(11) NOTE: Original power of attorney for the Surety's signatory shall be furnished with each of the original three bond forms to be attached to each of the three contract copies (with original signatures) per project.

Do not staple this form; use clips. Purpose: quickly and efficiently scan thousands of documents into DCM's database.

GENERAL CONDITIONS of the CONTRACT

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ARTICLE 1
DEFINITIONS

Whenever the following terms, or pronouns in place of them, are used in the Contract Documents, the intent and meaning shall be interpreted as follows:

A. ALABAMA DIVISION OF CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT: The Technical Staff of the Alabama Division of Construction Management.

B. ARCHITECT: The Architect is the person or entity lawfully licensed to practice architecture in the State of Alabama, who is under contract with the Owner as the primary design professional for the Project and identified as the Architect in the Construction Contract. The term "Architect" means the Architect or the Architect's authorized representative. If the employment of the Architect is terminated, the Owner shall employ a new Architect whose status under the Contract Documents shall be that of the former Architect. If the primary design professional for the Project is a Professional Engineer, the term "Engineer" shall be substituted for the term "Architect" wherever it appears in this document.

C. COMMISSION: The former Alabama Building Commission, for which the Alabama Division of Construction Management has been designated by the Legislature as its successor.

D. CONTRACT: The Contract is the embodiment of the Contract Documents. The Contract represents the entire and integrated agreement between the Owner and Contractor and supersedes any prior written or oral negotiations, representations or agreements that are not incorporated into the Contract Documents. The Contract may be amended only by a Contract Change Order or a Modification to the Construction Contract. The contractual relationship which the Contract creates between the Owner and the Contractor extends to no other persons or entities. The Contract consists of the following Contract Documents, including all additions, deletions, and modifications incorporated therein before the execution of the Construction Contract:

(1) Construction Contract
(2) Performance and Payment Bonds
(3) Conditions of the Contract (General, Supplemental, and other Conditions)
(4) Specifications
(5) Drawings
(6) Contract Change Orders
(7) Modifications to the Construction Contract (applicable to PSCA Projects)

E. CONTRACT SUM: The Contract Sum is the total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor for performance of the Work under the Contract Documents. The term "Contract Sum" means the Contract Sum stated in the Construction Contract as may have been increased or decreased by Change Order(s) in accordance with the Contract Documents.

F. CONTRACT TIME: The Contract Time is the period of time in which the Contractor must achieve Substantial Completion of the Work. The date on which the Contract Time begins is specified in the written Notice To Proceed issued to the Contractor by the Owner or Director. The Date of Substantial Completion is the date established in accordance with Article 32. The term "Contract Time" means the Contract Time stated in the Construction Contract as may have been extended by Change Order(s) in accordance with the Contract Documents. The term "day" as used in the Contract Documents shall mean calendar day unless otherwise specifically defined.

G. CONTRACTOR: The Contractor is the person or persons, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, cooperative, limited liability company, or other legal entity, identified as such in the Construction Contract. The term "Contractor" means the Contractor or the Contractor's authorized representative.

H. DCM: The Alabama Division of Construction Management.

I. DCM PROJECT INSPECTOR: The member of the Technical Staff of the Alabama Division of Construction Management to whom the Project is assigned relative to executing the respective inspections and authorities described in Article 16, Inspection of the Work.

J. DEFECTIVE WORK: The term "Defective Work" shall apply to: **(1)** any product, material, system, equipment, or service, or its installation or performance, which does not conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents, **(2)** in-progress or completed Work the workmanship of which does not conform to the quality specified or, if not specified, to the quality produced by skilled workers performing work of a similar nature on similar projects in the state, **(3) s**ubstitutions and deviations not properly submitted and approved or otherwise authorized, **(4)** temporary

supports, structures, or construction which will not produce the results required by the Contract Documents, and **(5)** materials or equipment rendered unsuitable for incorporation into the Work due to improper storage or protection.

K. DIRECTOR: The Director of the Alabama Division of Construction Management.

L. DRAWINGS: The Drawings are the portions of the Contract Documents showing graphically the design, location, layout, and dimensions of the Work, in the form of plans, elevations, sections, details, schedules, and diagrams.

M. NOTICE TO PROCEED: A proceed order issued by the Owner or Director, as applicable, fixing the date on which the Contractor shall begin the prosecution of the Work, which is also the date on which the Contract Time shall begin.

N.1 OWNER: The Owner is the entity or entities identified as such in the Construction Contract and is referred to throughout the Contract Documents as if singular in number. The term "Owner" means the Owner or the Owner's authorized representative. The term "Owner" as used herein shall be synonymous with the term "Awarding Authority".

N.2 AWARDING AUTHORITY: §39-2-1 (1) of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended definition: Any governmental board, commission, agency, body, authority, instrumentality, department, or subdivision of the state, its counties and municipalities. This term includes, but shall not be limited to, the Department of Transportation, the Division of Real Property Management of the Department of Finance, the State Board of Education, and any other entity contracting for public works. This term shall exclude the State Docks Department and any entity exempted from the competitive bid laws of the state by statute.

O. THE PROJECT: The Project is the total construction of which the Work required by these Contract Documents may be the entirety or only a part with other portions to be constructed by the Owner or separate contractors.

P. PROJECT MANUAL: The Project Manual is the volume usually assembled for the Work which may include the Advertisement for Bids, Instructions to Bidders, sample forms, General Conditions of the Contract, Supplementary Conditions, and Specifications of the Work.

Q. SPECIFICATIONS: The Specifications are that portion of the Contract Documents which set forth in writing the standards of quality and performance of products, equipment, materials, systems, and services and workmanship required for acceptable performance of the Work.

R. SUBCONTRACTOR: A Subcontractor is a person or entity who is undertaking the performance of any part of the Work by virtue of a contract with the Contractor. The term "Subcontractor" means a Subcontractor or its authorized representatives.

S. THE WORK: The Work is the construction and services required by the Contract Documents and includes all labor, materials, supplies, equipment, and other items and services as are necessary to produce the required construction and to fulfill the Contractor's obligations under the Contract. The Work may constitute the entire Project or only a portion of it.

ARTICLE 2
INTENT and INTERPRETATION of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

A. INTENT

It is the intent of the Contract Documents that the Contractor shall properly execute and complete the Work described by the Contract Documents, and unless otherwise provided in the Contract, the Contractor shall provide all labor, materials, equipment, tools, construction equipment and machinery, water, heat, utilities, transportation, and other facilities and services, whether temporary or permanent and whether or not incorporated or to be incorporated in the Work, in full accordance with the Contract Documents and reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to produce the indicated results.

B. COMPLEMENTARY DOCUMENTS

The Contract Documents are complementary. If Work is required by one Contract Document, the Contractor shall perform the Work as if it were required by all of the Contract Documents. However, the Contractor shall be required to perform Work only to the extent that is consistent with the Contract Documents and reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to produce the indicated results.

C. ORDER of PRECEDENCE

Should any discrepancy arise between the various elements of the Contract Documents, precedence shall be given to them in the following order unless to do so would contravene the apparent Intent of the Contract Documents stated in preceding Paragraph A:

(1) The Construction Contract.
(2) Addenda, with those of later date having precedence over those of earlier date.
(3) Supplementary Conditions (or other Conditions which modify the General Conditions of the Contract).
(4) General Conditions of the Contract.
(5) The Specifications.
(6) Details appearing on the Drawings; large scale details shall take precedence over smaller scale details.
(7) The Drawings; large scale drawings shall take precedence over smaller scale drawings.

D. ORGANIZATION

Except as may be specifically stated within the technical specifications, neither the organization of the Specifications into divisions, sections, or otherwise, nor any arrangement of the Drawings shall control how the Contractor subcontracts portions of the Work or assigns Work to any trade.

E. INTERPRETATION

(1) The Contract Documents shall be interpreted collectively, each part complementing the others and consistent with the Intent of the Contract Documents stated in preceding Paragraph A. Unless an item shown or described in the Contract Documents is specifically identified to be furnished or installed by the Owner or others or is identified as "Not In Contract" ("N.I.C."), the Contractor's obligation relative to that item shall be interpreted to include furnishing, assembling, installing, finishing, and/or connecting the item at the Contractor's expense to produce a product or system that is complete, appropriately tested, and in operative condition ready for use or subsequent construction or operation of the Owner or separate contractors. The omission of words or phases

for brevity of the Contract Documents, the inadvertent omission of words or phrases, or obvious typographical or written errors shall not defeat such interpretation as long as it is reasonably inferable from the Contract Documents as a whole.

(2) Words or phrases used in the Contract Documents which have well-known technical or construction industry meanings are to be interpreted consistent with such recognized meanings unless otherwise indicated.

(3) Except as noted otherwise, references to standard specifications or publications of associations, bureaus, or organizations shall mean the latest edition of the referenced standard specification or publication as of the date of the Advertisement for Bids.

(4) In the case of inconsistency between Drawings and Specifications or within either document not clarified by addendum, the better quality or greater quantity of Work shall be provided in accordance with the Architect's interpretation.

(5) Any portions of the Contract Documents written in longhand must be initialed by all parties..

(6) Any doubt as to the meaning of the Contract Documents or any obscurity as to the wording of them, shall be promptly submitted in writing to the Architect for written interpretation, explanation, or clarification.

F. SEVERABILITY.

The partial or complete invalidity of any one or more provision of this Contract shall not affect the validity or continuing force and effect of any other provision.

ARTICLE 3
CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIONS

By executing the Construction Contract the Contractor represents to the Owner:

A. The Contractor has visited the site of the Work to become familiar with local conditions under which the Work is to be performed and to evaluate reasonably observable conditions as compared with requirements of the Contract Documents.

B. The Contractor shall use its best skill and attention to perform the Work in an expeditious manner consistent with the Contract Documents.

C. The Contractor is an independent contractor and in performance of the Contract remains and shall act as an independent contractor having no authority to represent or obligate the Owner in any manner unless authorized by the Owner in writing.

ARTICLE 4
DOCUMENTS FURNISHED to CONTRACTOR

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, twenty sets of Drawings and Project Manuals will be furnished to the Contractor by the Architect without charge. Other copies requested will be furnished at reproduction cost.

ARTICLE 5
OWNERSHIP of DRAWINGS

All original or duplicated Drawings, Specifications, and other documents prepared by the Architect, and furnished to the Contractor are the property of the Architect and are to be used solely for this Project and not to be used in any manner for other work. Upon completion of the Work, all copies of Drawings and Specifications, with the exception of the Contractor's record set, shall be returned or accounted for by the Contractor to the Architect, on request.

ARTICLE 6
SUPERVISION, SUPERINTENDENT, and EMPLOYEES

A. SUPERVISION and CONSTRUCTION METHODS

(1) The term "Construction Methods" means the construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures utilized by the Contractor in performing the Work. The Contractor is solely responsible for supervising and coordinating the performance of the Work, including the selection of Construction Methods, unless the Contract Documents give other specific instructions concerning these matters.

(2) The Contractor is solely and completely responsible for job site safety, including the protection of persons and property in accordance with Article 14.

(3) The Contractor shall be responsible to the Owner for acts and omissions of not only the Contractor and its agents and employees, but all persons and entities, and their agents and employees, who are performing portions of the Work for or on behalf of the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors.

(4) The Contractor shall be responsible to inspect the in-progress and completed Work to verify its compliance with the Contract Documents and to insure that any element or portion of the Work upon which subsequent Work is to be applied or performed is in proper condition to receive the subsequent Work.

B. SUPERINTENDENT

(1) The Contractor shall employ and maintain a competent level of supervision for the performance of the Work at the Project site, including a superintendent who shall:
(a) have full authority to receive instructions from the Architect or Owner and to act on those instructions and **(b)** be present at the Project site at all times during which Work is being performed.

(2) Before beginning performance of the Work, the Contractor shall notify the Architect in writing of the name and qualifications of its proposed superintendent so that the Owner may review the individual's qualifications. If, for reasonable cause, the Owner refuses to approve the individual, or withdraws its approval after once giving it, the Contractor shall name a different superintendent for the Owner's review and approval. Any disapproved superintendent will not perform in that capacity thereafter at the Project site.

C. EMPLOYEES

The Contractor shall permit only fit and skilled persons to perform the Work. The Contractor shall enforce safety procedures, strict discipline, and good order among persons performing the Work. The Contractor will remove from its employment on the Project any person who deliberately or persistently produces non-conforming Work or who fails or refuses to conform to reasonable rules of personal conduct contained in the Contract Documents or implemented by the Owner and delivered to the Contractor in writing during the course of the Work.

ARTICLE 7
REVIEW of CONTRACT DOCUMENTS and FIELD CONDITIONS by CONTRACTOR

A. In order to facilitate assembly and installation of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, before starting each portion of the Work, the Contractor shall examine and compare the relevant Contract Documents, and compare them to relevant field measurements made by the Contractor and any conditions at the site affecting that portion of the Work.

B. If the Contractor discovers any errors, omissions, or inconsistencies in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall promptly report them to the Architect as a written request for information that includes a detailed statement identifying the specific Drawings or Specifications that are in need of clarification and the error, omission, or inconsistency discovered in them.

(1) The Contractor shall not be expected to act as a licensed design professional and ascertain whether the Contract Documents comply with applicable laws, statutes, ordinances, building codes, and rules and regulations, but the Contractor shall be obligated to promptly notify the Architect of any such noncompliance discovered by or made known to the Contractor. If the Contractor performs Work without fulfilling this notification obligation, the Contractor shall pay the resulting costs and damages that would have been avoided by such notification.

(2) The Contractor shall not be liable to the Owner for errors, omissions, or inconsistencies that may exist in the Contract Documents, or between the Contract Documents and conditions at the site, unless the Contractor knowingly fails to report a discovered error, omission, or inconsistency to the Architect, in which case the Contractor shall pay the resulting costs and damages that would have been avoided by such notification.

C. If the Contractor considers the Architect's response to a request for information to constitute a change to the Contract Documents involving additional costs and/or time, the Contractor shall follow the procedures of Article 20, Claims for Extra Cost or Extra Work.

D. If, with undue frequency, the Contractor requests information that is obtainable through reasonable examination and comparison of the Contract Documents, site conditions, and previous correspondence, interpretations, or clarifications, the Contractor shall be liable to the Owner for reasonable charges from the Architect for the additional services required to review, research, and respond to such requests for information.

ARTICLE 8
SURVEYS by CONTRACTOR

A. The Contractor shall provide competent engineering services to assure accurate execution of the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall verify the figures given for the contours, approaches and locations shown on the Drawings before starting any Work and be responsible for the accuracy of the finished Work. Without extra cost to the Owner, the Contractor shall engage a licensed surveyor if necessary to verify boundary lines, keep within property lines, and shall be responsible for encroachments on rights or property of public or surrounding property owners.

B. The Contractor shall establish all base lines for the location of the principal components of the Work and make all detail surveys necessary for construction, including grade stakes, batter boards and other working points, lines and elevations. If the Work involves alteration of or addition to existing structures or improvements, the Contractor shall locate and measure elements of the existing conditions as is necessary to facilitate accurate fabrication, assembly, and installation of new Work in the relationship, alignment, and/or connection to the existing structure or improvement as is shown in the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 9
SUBMITTALS

A. Where required by the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall submit shop drawings, product data, samples and other information (hereinafter referred to as Submittals) to the Architect for the purpose of demonstrating the way by which the Contractor proposes to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents. Submittals which are not required by the Contract Documents may be returned by the Architect without action.

B. The Contractor shall be responsible to the Owner for the accuracy of its Submittals and the conformity of its submitted information to the requirements of the Contract Documents. Each Submittal shall bear the Contractor's approval, evidencing that the Contractor has reviewed and found the information to be in compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Submittals which are not marked as reviewed and approved by the Contractor may be returned by the Architect without action.

C. The Contractor shall prepare and deliver its submittals to the Architect sufficiently in advance of construction requirements and in a sequence as to cause no delay in the Work or in the activities of the Owner or of separate contractors. In coordinating the Submittal process with its construction schedule, the Contractor shall allow sufficient time to permit adequate review by the Architect.

D. By approving a Submittal the Contractor represents not only that the element of Work presented in the Submittal complies with the requirements of the Contract Documents, but also that the Contractor has:

(1) found the layout and/or dimensions in the Submittal to be comparable with those in the Contract Documents and other relevant Submittals and has made field measurements as necessary to verify their accuracy, and
(2) determined that products, materials, systems, equipment and/or procedures presented in the Submittal are compatible with those presented, or being presented, in other relevant Submittals and

with the Contractor's intended Construction Methods.

E. The Contractor shall not fabricate or perform any portion of the Work for which the Contract Documents require Submittals until the respective Submittals have been approved by the Architect.

F. In the case of a resubmission, the Contractor shall direct specific attention to all revisions in a Submittal. The Architect's approval of a resubmission shall not apply to any revisions that were not brought to the Architect's attention.

G. If the Contract Documents specify that a Submittal is to be prepared and sealed by a registered architect or licensed engineer retained by the Contractor, all drawings, calculations, specifications, and certifications of the Submittal shall bear the Alabama seal of registration and signature of the registered/licensed design professional who prepared them or under whose supervision they were prepared. The Owner and the Architect shall be entitled to rely upon the adequacy, accuracy and completeness of such a Submittal, provided that all performance and design criteria that such Submittal must satisfy are sufficiently specified in the Contract Documents. The Architect will review, approve or take other appropriate action on such a Submittal only for the limited purpose of checking for conformance with information given and the design concept expressed in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall not be responsible for the adequacy of the performance or design criteria specified in the Contract Documents.

H. DEVIATIONS

(1) The Architect is authorized by the Owner to approve "minor" deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents. "Minor" deviations are defined as those which are in the interest of the Owner, do not materially alter the quality or performance of the finished Work, and do not affect the cost or time of performance of the Work. Deviations which are not "minor" may be authorized only by the Owner through the Change Order procedures of Article 19.

(2) Any deviation from the requirements of the Contract Documents contained in a Submittal shall be clearly identified as a "Deviation from Contract Requirements" (or by similar language) within the Submittal and, in a letter transmitting the Submittal to the Architect, the Contractor shall direct the Architect's attention to, and request specific approval of, the deviation. Otherwise, the Architect's approval of a Submittal does not constitute approval of deviations from the requirements of the Contract Documents contained in the Submittal.

(3) The Contractor shall bear all costs and expenses of any changes to the Work, changes to work performed by the Owner or separate contractors, or additional services by the Architect required to accommodate an approved deviation unless the Contractor has specifically informed the Architect in writing of the required changes and a Change Order has been issued authorizing the deviation and accounting for such resulting changes and costs.

I. ARCHITECT'S REVIEW and APPROVAL

(1) The Architect will review the Contractor's Submittals for conformance with requirements of, and the design concept expressed in, the Contract Documents and will approve or take other appropriate action upon them. This review is not intended to verify the accuracy and completeness of details such as dimensions and quantities nor to substantiate installation instructions or performance of equipment or systems, all of which remain the responsibility of the Contractor. However, the Architect shall advise the Contractor of any errors or omissions which the Architect

may detect during this review. The Architect's approval of a specific item shall not indicate approval of an assembly of which the item is a component.

(2) The Architect will review and respond to all Submittals with reasonable promptness to avoid delay in the Work or in the activities of the Owner, Contractor or separate contractors, while allowing sufficient time to permit adequate review.

(3) No corrections or changes to Submittals indicated by the Architect will be considered as authorizations to perform Extra Work. If the Contractor considers such correction or change of a Submittal to require Work which differs from the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Architect in writing in accordance with Article 20, Claims for Extra Cost or Extra Work.

J. CONFORMANCE with SUBMITTALS

The Work shall be constructed in accordance with approved Submittals.

ARTICLE 10
DOCUMENTS and SAMPLES at the SITE

A. "AS ISSUED" SET

The Contractor shall maintain at the Project site, in good order, at least one copy of all Addenda, Change Orders, supplemental drawings, written directives and clarifications, and approved Submittals intact as issued, and an updated construction schedule.

B. "POSTED" SET

The Contractor shall maintain at the Project site, in good order, at least one set of the Drawings and Project Manual into which the Contractor has "posted"(incorporated) all Addenda, Change Orders, supplemental drawings, clarifications, and other information pertinent to the proper performance of the Work. The Contractor shall assure that all sets of the Drawings and Project Manuals being used by the Contractor, Subcontractors, and suppliers are "posted" with the current information to insure that updated Contract Documents are used for performance of the Work.

C. RECORD SET

One set of the Drawings and Project Manual described in Paragraph B shall be the Contractor's record set in which the Contractor shall record all field changes, corrections, selections, final locations, and other information as will be duplicated on the "As-built" documents required under Article 11. The Contractor shall record such "as-built" information in its record set as it becomes available through progress of the Work. The Contractor's performance of this requirement shall be subject to confirmation by the Architect at any time as a prerequisite to approval of Progress Payments.

D. The documents and samples required by this Article to be maintained at the Project site shall be readily available to the Architect, Owner, DCM Project Inspector, and their representatives.

ARTICLE 11
"AS-BUILT" DOCUMENTS

A. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall deliver two (2) sets of "As-built" documents, as described herein, to the Architect for submission to the Owner upon completion of the Work. Each set of "As-built' documents shall consist of a copy of the Drawings and Project Manual, in like-new condition, into which the Contractor has neatly incorporated all Addenda, Change Orders, supplemental drawings, clarifications, field changes, corrections, selections, actual locations of underground utilities, and other information as required herein or specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

B. The Contractor shall use the following methods for incorporating information into the "As-built" documents:

(1) Drawings

(a) To the greatest extent practicable, information shall be carefully drawn and lettered, in ink, on the Drawings in the form of sketches, details, plans, notes, and dimensions as required to provide a fully dimensioned record of the Work. When required for clarity, sketches, details, or partial plans shall be drawn on supplemental sheets and bound into the Drawings and referenced on the drawing being revised.

(b) Where a revised drawing has been furnished by the Architect, the drawing of latest date shall be bound into the Drawings in the place of the superseded drawing.

(c) Where a supplemental drawing has been furnished by the Architect, the supplemental drawing shall be bound into the Drawings in an appropriate location and referred to by notes added to the drawing being supplemented.

(d) Where the Architect has furnished details, partial plans, or lengthy notes of which it would be impractical for the Contractor to redraw or letter on a drawing, such information may be affixed to the appropriate drawing with transparent tape if space is available on the drawing.

(e) Any entry of information made in the Drawings that is the result of an Addendum or Change Order, shall identify the Addendum or Change Order from which it originated.

(2) Project Manual

(a) A copy of all Addenda and Change Orders, excluding drawings thereof, shall be bound in the front of the Project Manual.

(b) Where a document, form, or entire specification section is revised, the latest issue shall be bound into the Project Manual in the place of the superseded issue.

(c) Where information within a specification section is revised, the deleted or revised information shall be drawn through in ink and an adjacent note added identifying the Addendum or Change Order containing the revised information.

C. Within ten days after the Date of Substantial Completion of the Work, or the last completed portion of the Work, the Contractor shall submit the "As-built" documents to the Architect for approval. If the Architect requires that any corrections be made, the documents will be returned in a reasonable time for correction and resubmission.

ARTICLE 12
PROGRESS SCHEDULE

(Not applicable if the Contract Time is 60 days or less.)

A. The Contractor shall within fifteen days after the date of commencement stated in the Notice to Proceed, or such other time as may be provided in the Contract Documents, prepare and submit to the Architect for review and approval a practicable construction schedule informing the Architect and Owner of the order in which the Contractor plans to carry on the Work within the Contract Time. The Architect's review and approval of the Contractor's construction schedule shall be only for compliance with the specified format, Contract Time, and suitability for monitoring progress of the Work and shall not be construed as a representation that the Architect has analyzed the schedule to form opinions of sequences or durations of time represented in the schedule.

B. If a schedule format is not specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents, the construction schedule shall be prepared using DCM Form C-11, "Sample Progress Schedule and Report", (contained in the Project Manual) or similar format of suitable scale and detail to indicate the percentage of Work scheduled to be completed at the end of each month. At the end of each month the Contractor shall enter the actual percentage of completion on the construction schedule submit two copies to the Architect, and attach one copy to each copy of the monthly Application for Payment. The construction schedule shall be revised to reflect any agreed extensions of the Contract Time or as required by conditions of the Work.

C. If a more comprehensive schedule format is specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents or voluntarily employed by the Contractor, it may be used in lieu of DCM Form C-11.

D. The Contractor's construction schedule shall be used by the Contractor, Architect, and Owner to determine the adequacy of the Contractor's progress. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining progress in accordance with the currently approved construction schedule and shall increase the number of shifts, and/or overtime operations, days of work, and/or the amount of construction plant and equipment as may be necessary to do so. If the Contractor's progress falls materially behind the currently approved construction schedule and, in the opinion of the Architect or Owner, the Contractor is not taking sufficient steps to regain schedule, the Architect may, with the Owner's concurrence, issue the Contractor a Notice to Cure pursuant to Article 27. In such a Notice to Cure the Architect may require the Contractor to submit such supplementary or revised construction schedules as may be deemed necessary to demonstrate the manner in which schedule will be regained.

ARTICLE 13
EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, and SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Every part of the Work shall be executed in a workmanlike manner in accordance with the Contract Documents and approved Submittals. All materials used in the Work shall be furnished in sufficient quantities to facilitate the proper and expeditious execution of the Work and shall be new except such materials as may be expressly provided or allowed in the Contract Documents to be otherwise.

B. Whenever a product, material, system, item of equipment, or service is identified in the Contract Documents by reference to a trade name, manufacturer's name, model number, etc.(hereinafter

referred to as "source"), and only one or two sources are listed, or three or more sources are listed and followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, it is intended to establish a required standard of performance, design, and quality, and the Contractor may submit, for the Architect's approval, products, materials, systems, equipment, or services of other sources which the Contractor can prove to the Architect's satisfaction are equal to, or exceed, the standard of performance, design and quality specified, unless the provisions of Paragraph D below apply. Such proposed substitutions are not to be purchased or installed without the Architect's written approval of the substitution.

C. If the Contract Documents identify three or more sources for a product, material, system, item of equipment or service to be used and the list of sources is not followed by "or approved equal" or similar wording, the Contractor may make substitution only after evaluation by the Architect and execution of an appropriate Contract Change Order.

D. If the Contract Documents identify only one source and expressly provide that it is an approved sole source for the product, material, system, item of equipment, or service, the Contractor must furnish the identified sole source.

ARTICLE 14
SAFETY and PROTECTION of PERSONS and PROPERTY

A. The Contractor shall be solely and completely responsible for conditions at the Project site, including safety of all persons (including employees) and property. The Contractor shall create, maintain, and supervise conditions and programs to facilitate and promote safe execution of the Work, and shall supervise the Work with the attention and skill required to assure its safe performance. Safety provisions shall conform to OSHA requirements and all other federal, state, county, and local laws, ordinances, codes, and regulations. Where any of these are in conflict, the more stringent requirement shall be followed. Nothing contained in this Contract shall be construed to mean that the Owner has employed the Architect nor has the Architect employed its consultants to administer, supervise, inspect, or take action regarding safety programs or conditions at the Project site.

B. The Contractor shall employ Construction Methods, safety precautions, and protective measures that will reasonably prevent damage, injury or loss to:

(1) workers and other persons on the Project site and in adjacent and other areas that may be affected by the Contractor's operations;

(2) the Work and materials and equipment to be incorporated into the Work and stored by the Contractor on or off the Project site; and

(3) other property on, or adjacent to, the Project site, including trees, shrubs, lawns, walks, pavements, roadways, structures, utilities, and other improvements not designated in the Contract Documents to be removed, relocated, or replaced.

C. The Contractor shall be responsible for the prompt remedy of damage and loss to property, including the filing of appropriate insurance claims, caused in whole or in part by the fault or negligence of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable.

D. The Contractor shall comply with and give notices required by applicable laws, ordinances, rules, regulations and lawful orders of public authorities bearing on safety and protection of persons or property, including without limitation notices to adjoining property owners of excavation or other construction activities that potentially could cause damage or injury to adjoining property or persons thereon.

E. The Contractor shall erect and maintain barriers, danger signs, and any other reasonable safeguards and warnings against hazards as may be required for safety and protection during performance of the Contract and shall notify owners and users of adjacent sites and utilities of conditions that may exist or arise which may jeopardize their safety.

F. If use or storage of explosives or other hazardous materials or equipment or unusual Construction Methods are necessary for execution of the Work, the Contractor shall exercise commensurate care and employ supervisors and workers properly qualified to perform such activity.

G. The Contractor shall furnish a qualified safety representative at the Project site whose duties shall include the prevention of accidents. The safety representative shall be the Contractor's superintendent, unless the Contractor assigns this duty to another responsible member of its on-site staff and notifies the Owner and Architect in writing of such assignment.

H. The Contractor shall not permit a load to be applied, or forces introduced, to any part of the construction or site that may cause damage to the construction or site or endanger safety of the construction, site, or persons on or near the site.

I. The Contractor shall have the right to act as it deems appropriate in emergency situations jeopardizing life or property. The Contractor shall be entitled to equitable adjustment of the Contract Sum or Contract Time for its efforts expended for the sole benefit of the Owner in an emergency. Such adjustment shall be determined as provided in Articles 19 and 20.

J. The duty of the Architect and the Architect's consultants to visit the Project site to conduct periodic inspections of the Work or for other purposes shall not give rise to a duty to review or approve the adequacy of the Contractor's safety program, safety supervisor, or any safety measure which Contractor takes or fails to take in, on, or near the Project site.

ARTICLE 15
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

A. A Hazardous Material is any substance or material identified as hazardous under any federal, state, or local law or regulation, or any other substance or material which may be considered hazardous or otherwise subject to statutory or regulatory requirements governing its handling, disposal, and/or clean-up. Existing Hazardous Materials are Hazardous Materials discovered at the Project site and not introduced to the Project site by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable.

B. If, during the performance of the Work, the Contractor encounters a suspected Existing Hazardous Material, the Contractor shall immediately stop work in the affected area, take measures appropriate to the condition to keep people away from the suspected Existing Hazardous Material, and

immediately notify the Architect and Owner of the condition in writing.

C. The Owner shall obtain the services of an independent laboratory or professional consultant, appropriately licensed and qualified, to determine whether the suspected material is a Hazardous Material requiring abatement and, if so, to certify after its abatement that it has been rendered harmless. Any abatement of Existing Hazardous Materials will be the responsibility of the Owner. The Owner will advise the Contractor in writing of the persons or entities who will determine the nature of the suspected material and those who will, if necessary, perform the abatement. The Owner will not employ persons or entities to perform these services to whom the Contractor or Architect has reasonable objection.

D. After certification by the Owner's independent laboratory or professional consultant that the material is harmless or has been rendered harmless, work in the affected area shall resume upon written agreement between the Owner and Contractor. If the material is found to be an Existing Hazardous Material and the Contractor incurs additional cost or delay due to the presence and abatement of the material, the Contract Sum and/or Contract Time shall be appropriately adjusted by a Contract Change Order pursuant to Article 19.

E. The Owner shall not be responsible for Hazardous Materials introduced to the Project site by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable unless such Hazardous Materials were required by the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 16
INSPECTION of the WORK

A. GENERAL

(1) The Contractor is solely responsible for the Work's compliance with the Contract Documents; therefore, the Contractor shall be responsible to inspect in-progress and completed Work, and shall verify its compliance with the Contract Documents and that any element or portion of the Work upon which subsequent Work is to be applied or performed is in proper condition to receive the subsequent Work. Neither the presence nor absence of inspections by the Architect, Owner, Director, DCM Project Inspector, any public authority having jurisdiction, or their representatives shall relieve the Contractor of responsibility to inspect the Work, for responsibility for Construction Methods and safety precautions and programs in connection with the Work, or from any other requirement of the Contract Documents.

(2) The Architect, Owner, Director, DCM Project Inspector, any public authority having jurisdiction, and their representatives shall have access at all times to the Work for inspection whenever it is in preparation or progress, and the Contractor shall provide proper facilities for such access and inspection. All materials, workmanship, processes of manufacture, and methods of construction, if not otherwise stipulated in the Contract Documents, shall be subject to inspection, examination, and test at any and all places where such manufacture and/or construction are being carried on. Such inspections will not unreasonably interfere with the Contractor's operations.

(3) The Architect will inspect the Work as a representative of the Owner. The Architect's inspections may be supplemented by inspections by the DCM Project Inspector as a representative of the Alabama Division of Construction Management.

(4) The Contractor may be charged by the Owner for any extra cost of inspection incurred by the Owner or Architect on account of material and workmanship not being ready at the time of inspection set by the Contractor.

B. TYPES of INSPECTIONS

(1) SCHEDULED INSPECTIONS and CONFERENCES. Scheduled Inspections and Conferences are conducted by the Architect, scheduled by the Architect in coordination with the Contractor and DCM Project Inspector, and are attended by the Contractor and applicable Subcontractors, suppliers and manufacturers, and the DCM Project Inspector. Scheduled Inspections and Conferences of this Contract include:

(a) Pre-construction Conference.

(b) Pre-roofing Conference (not applicable if the Contract involves no roofing work)

(**c) Above Ceiling Inspection(s)**: An above ceiling inspection of all spaces in the building is required before the ceiling material is installed. Above ceiling inspections are to be conducted at a time when all above ceiling systems are complete and tested to the greatest extent reasonable pending installation of the ceiling material. System identifications and markings are to be complete. All fire-rated construction including fire-stopping of penetrations and specified identification above the ceiling shall be complete. Ceiling framing and suspension systems shall be complete with lights, grilles and diffusers, access panels, fire protection drops for sprinkler heads, etc., installed in their final locations to the greatest extent reasonable. Above ceiling framing to support ceiling mounted equipment shall be complete. The above ceiling construction shall be complete to the extent that after the inspection the ceiling material can be installed without disturbance.

(**d) Final Inspection(s):** A Final Inspection shall establish that the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, is Substantially Complete in accordance with Article 32 and is accepted by the Architect, Owner, and DCM Project Inspector as being ready for the Owner's occupancy or use. At the conclusion of this inspection, items requiring correction or completion ("punch list" items) shall be minimal and require only a short period of time for accomplishment to establish Final Acceptance of the Work. If the Work, or designated portion of the Work, includes the installation, or modification, of a fire alarm system or other life safety systems essential to occupancy, such systems shall have been tested and appropriately certified before the Final Inspection.

(**e) Year-end Inspection(s):** An inspection of the Work, or each separately completed portion thereof, is required near the end of the Contractor's one year warranty period(s). The subsequent delivery of the Architect's report of this inspection will serve as confirmation that the Contractor was notified of Defective Work found within the warranty period in accordance with Article 35.

(2) PERIODIC INSPECTIONS. Periodic Inspections are conducted throughout the course of the Work by the Architect, the Architect's consultants, their representatives, and the DCM Project Inspector, jointly or independently, with or without advance notice to the Contractor.

(3) SPECIFIED INSPECTIONS and TESTS. Specified Inspections and Tests include inspections, tests, demonstrations, and approvals that are either specified in the Contract Documents or required by laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, or orders of public authorities having jurisdiction, to be performed by the Contractor, one of its Subcontractors, or an independent testing laboratory or firm (whether paid for by the Contractor or Owner).

C. INSPECTIONS by the ARCHITECT

(1) The Architect is not authorized to revoke, alter, relax, or waive any requirements of the Contract Documents (other than "minor" deviations as defined in Article 9 and "minor" changes as defined in Article 19), to finally approve or accept any portion of the Work or to issue instructions contrary to the Contract Documents without concurrence of the Owner.

(2) The Architect will visit the site at intervals appropriate to the stage of the Contractor's operations and as otherwise necessary to:

(a) become generally familiar with the in-progress and completed Work and the quality of the Work,

(b) determine whether the Work is progressing in general accordance with the Contractor's schedule and is likely to be completed within the Contract Time,

(c) visually compare readily accessible elements of the Work to the requirements of the Contract Documents to determine, in general, if the Contractor's performance of the Work indicates that the Work will conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents when completed,

(d) endeavor to guard the Owner against Defective Work,

(e) review and address with the Contractor any problems in implementing the requirements of the Contract Documents that the Contractor may have encountered, and

(f) keep the Owner fully informed about the Project.

(3) The Architect shall have the authority to reject Defective Work or require its correction, but shall not be required to make exhaustive investigations or examinations of the in-progress or completed portions of the Work to expose the presence of Defective Work. However, it shall be an obligation of the Architect to report in writing, to the Owner, Contractor, and DCM Project Inspector, any Defective Work recognized by the Architect.

(4) The Architect shall have the authority to require the Contractor to stop work only when, in the Architect's reasonable opinion, such stoppage is necessary to avoid Defective Work. The Architect shall not be liable to the Contractor or Owner for the consequences of any decisions made by the Architect in good faith either to exercise or not to exercise this authority.

(5) "Inspections by the Architect" includes appropriate inspections by the Architect's consultants as dictated by their respective disciplines of design and the stage of the Contractor's operations.

D. INSPECTIONS by the DCM PROJECT INSPECTOR

(1) The DCM Project Inspector will:

(a) participate in scheduled inspections and conferences as practicable,

(b) perform periodic inspections of in-progress and completed Work to ensure code compliance of the Project and general conformance of the Work with the Contract Documents, and

(c) monitor the Contractor's progress and performance of the Work.

(2) The DCM Project Inspector shall have the authority to:

(a) reject Work that is not in compliance with the State Building Code adopted by the DCM, unless the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents in which case the DCM Project Inspector will advise the Architect to initiate appropriate corrective action, and

(b) notify the Architect, Owner, and Contractor of Defective Work recognized by the DCM Project Inspector.

(3) The DCM Project Inspector's periodic inspections will usually be scheduled around key stages of construction based upon information reported by the Architect. As the Architect or Owner deems appropriate, the DCM Project Inspector, as well as other members of the Technical Staff, can be requested to schedule special inspections or meetings to address specific matters. The written findings of DCM Project Inspector will be transmitted to the Owner, Contractor, and Architect.

(4) The DCM Project Inspector is not authorized to revoke, alter, relax, or waive any requirements of the Contract Documents, to finally approve or accept any portion of the Work or to issue instructions contrary to the Contract Documents without concurrence of the Owner. The Contractor shall not proceed with Work as a result of instructions or findings of the DCM Project Inspector which the Contractor considers to be a change to the requirements of the Contract Documents without written authorization of the Owner through the Architect.

E. UNCOVERING WORK

(1) If the Contractor covers a portion of the Work before it is examined by the Architect and this is contrary to the Architect's request or specific requirements in the Contract Documents, then, upon written request of the Architect, the Work must be uncovered for the Architect's examination and be replaced at the Contractor's expense without change in the Contract Time.

(2) Without a prior request or specific requirement that Work be examined by the Architect before it is covered, the Architect may request that Work be uncovered for examination and the Contractor shall uncover it. If the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Contract Sum shall be equitably adjusted under Article 19 to compensate the Contractor for the costs of uncovering and replacement. If the Work is not in accordance with the Contract Documents, uncovering, correction, and replacement shall be at the Contractor's expense unless the condition was caused by the Owner or a separate contractor in which event the Owner shall be responsible for payment of such costs.

F. SPECIFIED INSPECTIONS and TESTS

(1) The Contractor shall schedule and coordinate Specified Inspections and Tests to be made at appropriate times so as not to delay the progress of the Work or the work of the Owner or separate contractors. If the Contract Documents require that a Specified Inspection or Test be witnessed or attended by the Architect or Architect's consultant, the Contractor shall give the Architect timely notice of the time and place of the Specified Inspection or Test. If a Specified Inspection or Test reveals that Work is not in compliance with requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall bear the costs of correction, repeating the Specified Inspection or Test, and any related costs incurred by the Owner, including reasonable charges, if any, by the Architect for additional services. Through appropriate Contract Change Order the Owner shall bear costs of tests, inspections or approvals which become Contract requirements subsequent to the receipt of bids.

(2) If the Architect, Owner, or public authority having jurisdiction determines that inspections, tests, demonstrations, or approvals in addition to Specified Inspections and Tests are required, the Contractor shall, upon written instruction from the Architect, arrange for their performance by an entity acceptable to the Owner, giving timely notice to the architect of the time and place of their performance. Related costs shall be borne by the Owner unless the procedures reveal that Work is not in compliance with requirements of the Contract Documents, in which case the Contractor shall

bear the costs of correction, repeating the procedures, and any related costs incurred by the Owner, including reasonable charges, if any, by the Architect for additional services.

(3) Unless otherwise required by the Contract Documents, required certificates of Specified Inspections and Tests shall be secured by the Contractor and promptly delivered to the Architect.

(4) Failure of any materials to pass Specified Inspections and Tests will be sufficient cause for refusal to consider any further samples of the same brand or make of that material for use in the Work.

ARTICLE 17
CORRECTION of DEFECTIVE WORK

A. The Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, promptly correct Defective Work rejected by the Architect or which otherwise becomes known to the Contractor, removing the rejected or nonconforming materials and construction from the project site.

B. Correction of Defective Work shall be performed in such a timely manner as will avoid delay of completion, use, or occupancy of the Work and the work of the Owner and separate contractors.

C. The Contractor shall bear all expenses related to the correction of Defective Work, including but not limited to: **(1)** additional testing and inspections, including repeating Specified Inspections and Tests**, (2)** reasonable services and expenses of the Architect, and **(3)** the expense of making good all work of the Contractor, Owner, or separate contractors destroyed or damaged by the correction of Defective Work.

ARTICLE 18
DEDUCTIONS for UNCORRECTED WORK

If the Owner deems it advisable and in the Owner's interest to accept Defective Work, the Owner may allow part or all of such Work to remain in place, provided an equitable deduction from the Contract Sum, acceptable to the Owner, is offered by the Contractor.

ARTICLE 19
CHANGES in the WORK

A. GENERAL

(1) The Owner may at any time direct the Contractor to make changes in the Work which are within the general scope of the Contract, including changes in the Drawings, Specifications, or other portions of the Contract Documents to add, delete, or otherwise revise portions of the Work. The Architect is authorized by the Owner to direct "minor" changes in the Work by written order to the Contractor. "Minor" changes in the Work are defined as those which are in the interest of the Owner, do not materially alter the quality or performance of the finished Work, and do not affect the cost or time of performance of the Work. Changes in the Work which are not "minor" may be authorized only by the Owner.

(2) If the Owner directs a change in the Work, the change shall be incorporated into the Contract by a Contract Change Order prepared by the Architect and signed by the Contractor, Owner, and other signatories to the Construction Contract, stating their agreement upon the change or changes in the Work and the adjustments, if any, in the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.

(3) Subject to compliance with Alabama's Public Works Law, the Owner may, upon agreement by the Contractor, incorporate previously unawarded bid alternates into the Contract.

(4) In the event of a claim or dispute as to the appropriate adjustment to the Contract Sum or Contract Time due to a directive to make changes in the Work, the Work shall proceed as provided in this article subject to subsequent agreement of the parties or final resolution of the dispute pursuant to Article 24.

(5) Consent of surety will be obtained for all Contract Change Orders involving an increase in the Contract Sum.

(6) Changes in the Work shall be performed under applicable provisions of the Contract Documents and the Contractor shall proceed promptly to perform changes in the Work, unless otherwise directed by the Owner through the Architect.

(7) All change orders require DCM Form C-12: Contract Change Order and DCM Form B-11: Change Order Justification. Only Change Orders 10% or greater of the current contract amount require the Owner's legal advisor's signature on DCM Form B-11: Change Order Justification.

B. DETERMINATION of ADJUSTMENT of the CONTRACT SUM

The adjustment of the Contract Sum resulting from a change in the Work shall be determined by one of the following methods, or a combination thereof, as selected by the Owner:

(1) Lump Sum. By mutual agreement to a lump sum based on or negotiated from an itemized cost proposal from the Contractor. Additions to the Contract Sum shall include the Contractor's direct costs plus a maximum 15% markup for overhead and profit. Where subcontract work is involved the total mark-up for the Contractor and a Subcontractor shall not exceed 25%. **Changes which involve a net credit to the Owner shall include fair and reasonable credits for overhead and profit on the deducted work, in no case less than 5%.** For the purposes of this method of determining an adjustment of the Contract Sum, "overhead" shall cover the Contractor's indirect costs of the change, such as the cost of bonds, superintendent and other job office personnel, watchman, job office, job office supplies and expenses, temporary facilities and utilities, and home office expenses.

(2) Unit Price. By application of Unit Prices included in the Contract or subsequently agreed to by the parties. However, if the character or quantity originally contemplated is materially changed so that application of such unit price to quantities of Work proposed will cause substantial inequity to either party, the applicable unit price shall be equitably adjusted.

(3) Force Account. By directing the Contractor to proceed with the change in the Work on a "force account" basis under which the Contractor shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenditures incurred by the Contractor and its Subcontractors in performing added Work and the Owner shall receive reasonable credit for any deleted Work. The Contractor shall keep and present, in such form as the Owner may prescribe, an itemized accounting of the cost of the change together with

sufficient supporting data. Unless otherwise stated in the directive, the adjustment of the Contract Sum shall be limited to the following:

(a) costs of labor and supervision, including employee benefits, social security, retirement, unemployment and workers' compensation insurance required by law, agreement, or under Contractor's or Subcontractor's standard personnel policy;

(b) cost of materials, supplies and equipment, including cost of delivery, whether incorporated or consumed;

(c) rental cost of machinery and equipment, not to exceed prevailing local rates if contractor-owned;

(d) costs of premiums for insurance required by the Contract Documents, permit fees, and sales, use or similar taxes related to the change in the Work;

(e) reasonable credits to the Owner for the value of deleted Work, without Contractor or Subcontractor mark-ups; and

(f) for additions to the Contract Sum, mark-up of the Contractor's direct costs for overhead and profit not exceeding 15% on Contractor's work nor exceeding 25% for Contractor and Subcontractor on a Subcontractor's work. **Changes which involve a net credit to the Owner shall include fair and reasonable credits for overhead and profit on the deducted work, in no case less than 5%.** For the purposes of this method of determining an adjustment of the Contract Sum, "overhead" shall cover the Contractor's indirect costs of the change, such as the cost of insurance other than mentioned above, bonds, superintendent and other job office personnel, watchman, use and rental of small tools, job office, job office supplies and expenses, temporary facilities and utilities, and home office expenses.

C. ADJUSTMENT of the CONTRACT TIME due to CHANGES

(1) Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contract Time shall be equitably adjusted for the performance of a change provided that the Contractor notifies the Architect in writing that the change will increase the time required to complete the Work. Such notice shall be provided no later than:

(a) with the Contractor's cost proposal stating the number of days of extension requested, or

(b) within ten days after the Contractor receives a directive to proceed with a change in advance of submitting a cost proposal, in which case the notice should provide an estimated number of days of extension to be requested, which may be subject to adjustment in the cost proposal.

(2) The Contract Time shall be extended only to the extent that the change affects the time required to complete the entire Work of the Contract, taking into account the concurrent performance of the changed and unchanged Work.

D. CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

(1) If the Owner proposes to make a change in the Work, the Architect will request that the Contractor provide a cost proposal for making the change to the Work. The request shall be in writing and shall adequately describe the proposed change using drawings, specifications, narrative, or a combination thereof. Within 21 days after receiving such a request, or such other time as may be stated in the request, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Architect a written proposal, properly itemized and supported by sufficient substantiating data to facilitate evaluation. The stated time within which the Contractor must submit a proposal may be extended if, within that time, the Contractor makes a written request with reasonable justification thereof.

(2) The Contractor may voluntarily offer a change proposal which, in the Contractor's opinion, will reduce the cost of construction, maintenance, or operation or will improve the cost-effective performance of an element of the Project, in which case the Owner, through the Architect, will accept, reject, or respond otherwise within 21 days after receipt of the proposal, or such other reasonable time as the Contractor may state in the proposal.

(3) If the Contractor's proposal is acceptable to the Owner, or is negotiated to the mutual agreement of the Contractor and Owner, the Architect will prepare an appropriate Contract Change Order for execution. Upon receipt of the fully executed Contract Change Order, the Contractor shall proceed with the change.

(4) In advance of delivery of a fully executed Contract Change Order, the Architect may furnish to the Contractor a written authorization to proceed with an agreed change. However, such an authorization shall be effective only if it:

(a) identifies the Contractor's accepted or negotiated proposal for the change,
(b) states the agreed adjustments, if any, in Contract Sum and Contract Time,
(c) states that funds are available to pay for the change, and
(d) is signed by the Owner.

(5) If the Contractor and Owner cannot agree on the amount of the adjustment in the Contract Sum for a change, the Owner, through the Architect, may order the Contractor to proceed with the change on a Force Account basis, but the net cost to the Owner shall not exceed the amount quoted in the Contractor's proposal. Such order shall state that funds are available to pay for the change.

(6) If the Contractor does not promptly respond to a request for a proposal, or the Owner determines that the change is essential to the final product of the Work and that the change must be effected immediately to avoid delay of the Project, the Owner may:

(a) determine with the Contractor a sufficient maximum amount to be authorized for the change and
(b) direct the Contractor to proceed with the change on a Force Account basis pending delivery of the Contractor's proposal, stating the maximum increase in the Contract Sum that is authorized for the change.

(7) Pending agreement of the parties or final resolution of any dispute of the total amount due the Contractor for a change in the Work, amounts not in dispute for such changes in the Work may be included in Applications for Payment accompanied by an interim Change Order indicating the parties' agreement with part of all of such costs or time extension. Once a dispute is resolved, it shall be implemented by preparation and execution of an appropriate Change Order.

ARTICLE 20
CLAIMS for EXTRA COST or EXTRA WORK

A. If the Contractor considers any instructions by the Architect, Owner, DCM Project Inspector, or public authority having jurisdiction to be contrary to the requirements of the Contract Documents and will involve extra work and/or cost under the Contract, the Contractor shall give the Architect written notice thereof within ten days after receipt of such instructions, and in any event before proceeding to execute such work. As used in this Article, "instructions" shall include written or

oral clarifications, directions, instructions, interpretations, or determinations.

B. The Contractor's notification pursuant to Paragraph 20.A shall state: (1) the date, circumstances, and source of the instructions, **(2)** that the Contractor considers the instructions to constitute a change to the Contract Documents and why, and **(3)** an estimate of extra cost and time that may be involved to the extent an estimate may be reasonably made at that time.

C. Except for claims relating to an emergency endangering life or property, no claim for extra cost or extra work shall be considered in the absence of prior notice required under Paragraph 20.A.

D. Within ten days of receipt of a notice pursuant to Paragraph 20.A, the Architect will respond in writing to the Contractor, stating one of the following:

(1) The cited instruction is rescinded.

(2) The cited instruction is a change in the Work and in which manner the Contractor is to proceed with procedures of Article 19, Changes in the Work.

(3) The cited instruction is reconfirmed, is not considered by the Architect to be a change in the Contract Documents, and the Contractor is to proceed with Work as instructed.

E. If the Architect's response to the Contractor is as in Paragraph 20.D(3), the Contractor shall proceed with the Work as instructed. If the Contractor continues to consider the instructions to constitute a change in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall, within ten days after receiving the Architect's response, notify the Architect in writing that the Contractor intends to submit a claim pursuant to Article 24, Resolution of Claims and Disputes

ARTICLE 21
DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS

A. DEFINITION

"Differing Site Conditions" are:

(1) subsurface or otherwise concealed physical conditions at the Project site which differ materially from those indicated in the Contract Documents, or

(2) unknown physical conditions at the Project site which are of an unusual nature, differing materially from conditions ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inherent in construction activities of the character required by the Contract Documents.

B. PROCEDURES

If Differing Site Conditions are encountered, then the party discovering the condition shall promptly notify the other party before the condition is disturbed and in no event later than ten days after discovering the condition. Upon such notice and verification that a Differing Site Condition exists, the Architect will, with reasonable promptness and with the Owner's concurrence, make changes in the Drawings and/or Specifications as are deemed necessary to conform to the Differing Site Condition. Any increase or decrease in the Contract Sum or Contract Time that is warranted by the changes will be made as provided under Article 19, Changes in the Work. If the Architect determines a Differing Site Condition has not been encountered, the Architect shall notify the

Owner and Contractor in writing, stating the reason for that determination.

ARTICLE 22
CLAIMS for DAMAGES

If either party to the Contract suffers injury or damage to person or property because of an act or omission of the other party, or of others for whose acts such party is legally responsible, written notice of such injury or damage, whether or not insured, shall be given to the other party within a reasonable time after the discovery. The notice shall provide sufficient detail to enable the other party to investigate the matter.

ARTICLE 23
DELAYS

A. A delay beyond the Contractor's control at any time in the commencement or progress of Work by an act or omission of the Owner, Architect, or any separate contractor or by labor disputes, unusual delay in deliveries, unavoidable casualties, fires, abnormal floods, tornadoes, or other cataclysmic events of nature, may entitle the Contractor to an extension of the Contract Time provided, however, that the Contractor shall, within ten days after the delay first occurs, give written notice to the Architect of the cause of the delay and its probable effect on progress of the entire Work.

B. Adverse weather conditions that are more severe than anticipated for the locality of the Work during any given month may entitle the Contractor to an extension of Contract Time provided, however;

(1) the weather conditions had an adverse effect on construction scheduled to be performed during the period in which the adverse weather occurred, which in reasonable sequence would have an effect on completion of the entire Work,

(2) the Contractor shall, within twenty-one days after the end of the month in which the delay occurs, give the Architect written notice of the delay that occurred during that month and its probable effect on progress of the Work, and

(3) within a reasonable time after giving notice of the delay, the Contractor provides the Architect with sufficient data to document that the weather conditions experienced were unusually severe for the locality of the Work during the month in question. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, data documenting unusually severe weather conditions shall compare actual weather conditions to the average weather conditions for the month in question during the previous five years as recorded by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) or similar record-keeping entities.

C. Adjustments, if any, of the Contract Time pursuant to this Article shall be incorporated into the Contract by a Contract Change Order prepared by the Architect and signed by the Contractor, Owner, and other signatories to the Construction Contract or, at closeout of the Contract, by mutual written agreement between the Contractor and Owner. The adjustment of the Contract Time shall not exceed the extent to which the delay extends the time required to complete the entire Work of the Contract.

D. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any adjustment of the Contract Sum for damage due to delays claimed pursuant to this Article unless the delay was caused by the Owner or Architect and was either:

(1) the result of bad faith or active interference or

(2) beyond the contemplation of the parties and not remedied within a reasonable time after notification by the Contractor of its presence.

ARTICLE 24
RESOLUTION of CLAIMS and DISPUTES

A. APPLICABILITY of ARTICLE

(1) As used in this Article, "Claims and Disputes" include claims or disputes asserted by the Contractor, its Surety, or Owner arising out of or related to the Contract, or its breach, including without limitation claims seeking, under the provisions of the Contract, equitable adjustment of the Contract Sum or Contract Time and claims and disputes arising between the Contractor (or its Surety) and Owner regarding interpretation of the Contract Documents, performance of the Work, or breach of or compliance with the terms of the Contract.

(2) "Resolution" addressed in this Article applies only to Claims and Disputes arising between the Contractor (or its Surety) and Owner and asserted after execution of the Construction Contract and prior to the date upon which final payment is made. Upon making application for final payment the Contractor may reserve the right to subsequent Resolution of existing Claims by including a list of all Claims, in stated amounts, which remain to be resolved and specifically excluding them from any release of claims executed by the Contractor, and in that event Resolution may occur after final payment is made.

B. CONTINUANCE of PERFORMANCE

An unresolved Claim or Dispute shall not be just cause for the Contractor to fail or refuse to proceed diligently with performance of the Contract or for the Owner to fail or refuse to continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents.

C. GOOD FAITH EFFORT to SETTLE

The Contractor and Owner agree that, upon the assertion of a Claim by the other, they will make a good faith effort, with the Architect's assistance and advice, to achieve mutual resolution of the Claim. If mutually agreed, the Contractor and Owner may endeavor to resolve a Claim through mediation. If efforts to settle are not successful, the Claim shall be resolved in accordance with paragraph D or E below, whichever applies.

D FINAL RESOLUTION for STATE-FUNDED CONTRACTS

(1) If the Contract is funded in whole or in part with state funds, the final Resolution of Claims and Disputes which cannot be resolved by the Contractor (or its Surety) and Owner shall be by the Director, whose decision shall be final, binding, and conclusive upon the Contractor, its Surety, and the Owner.

(2) When it becomes apparent to the party asserting a Claim (the Claimant) that an impasse to mutual resolution has been reached, the Claimant may request in writing to the Director that the Claim be resolved by decision of the Director. Such request by the Contractor (or its Surety) shall be submitted through the Owner. Should the Owner fail or refuse to submit the Contractor's request within ten days of receipt of same, the Contractor may forward such request directly to the Director. Upon receipt of a request to resolve a Claim, the Director will instruct the parties as to procedures to be initiated and followed.

(3) If the respondent to a Claim fails or refuses to participate or cooperate in the Resolution procedures to the extent that the Claimant is compelled to initiate legal proceedings to induce the Respondent to participate or cooperate, the Claimant will be entitled to recover, and may amend its Claim to include, the expense of reasonable attorney's fees so incurred.

E. FINAL RESOLUTION for LOCALLY-FUNDED CONTRACTS

If the Contract is funded in whole with funds provided by a city or county board of education or other local governmental authority and the Contract Documents do not stipulate a binding alternative dispute resolution method, the final resolution of Claims and Disputes which cannot be resolved by the Contractor (or its Surety) and Owner may be by any legal remedy available to the parties. Alternatively, upon the written agreement of the Contractor (or its Surety) and the Owner, final Resolution of Claims and Disputes may be by submission to binding arbitration before a neutral arbitrator or panel or by submission to the Director in accordance with preceding Paragraph D.

ARTICLE 25
OWNER'S RIGHT to CORRECT DEFECTIVE WORK

If the Contractor fails or refuses to correct Defective Work in a timely manner that will avoid delay of completion, use, or occupancy of the Work or work by the Owner or separate contractors, the Architect may give the Contractor written Notice to Cure the Defective Work within a reasonable, stated time. If within ten days after receipt of the Notice to Cure the Contractor has not proceeded and satisfactorily continued to cure the Defective Work or provided the Architect with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to cure the Defective Work, the Owner may, without prejudice to any other remedy available to the Owner, correct the Defective Work and deduct the actual cost of the correction from payment then or thereafter due to the Contractor.

ARTICLE 26
OWNER'S RIGHT to STOP or SUSPEND the WORK

A. STOPPING the WORK for CAUSE

If the Contractor fails to correct Defective Work or persistently fails to carry out Work in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Owner may direct the Contractor in writing to stop the Work, or any part of the Work, until the cause for the Owner's directive has been eliminated; however, the Owner's right to stop the Work shall not be construed as a duty of the Owner to be exercised for the benefit of the Contractor or any other person or entity.

B. SUSPENSION by the OWNER for CONVENIENCE

(1) The Owner may, at any time and without cause, direct the Contractor in writing to suspend, delay or interrupt the Work, or any part of the Work, for a period of time as the Owner may determine.

(2) The Contract Sum and Contract Time shall be adjusted, pursuant to Article 19, for reasonable increases in the cost and time caused by an Owner-directed suspension, delay or interruption of Work for the Owner's convenience. However, no adjustment to the Contract Sum shall be made to the extent that the same or concurrent Work is, was or would have been likewise suspended, delayed or interrupted for other reasons not caused by the Owner.

ARTICLE 27
OWNER'S RIGHT to TERMINATE CONTRACT

A. TERMINATION by the OWNER for CAUSE

(1) Causes: The Owner may terminate the Contractor's right to complete the Work, or any designated portion of the Work, if the Contractor:

(a) should be adjudged bankrupt, or should make a general assignment for the benefit of the Contractor's creditors, or if a receiver should be appointed on account of the Contractor's insolvency to the extent termination for these reasons is permissible under applicable law;

(b) refuses or fails to prosecute the Work, or any part of the Work, with the diligence that will insure its completion within the Contract Time, including any extensions, or fails to complete the Work within the Contract Time;

(c) refuses or fails to perform the Work, including prompt correction of Defective Work, in a manner that will insure that the Work, when fully completed, will be in accordance with the Contract Documents;

(d) fails to pay for labor or materials supplied for the Work or to pay Subcontractors in accordance with the respective Subcontract;

(e) persistently disregards laws, ordinances, or rules, regulations or orders of a public authority having jurisdiction, or the instructions of the Architect or Owner; or

(f) is otherwise guilty of a substantial breach of the Contract.

(2) Procedure for Unbonded Construction Contracts (Generally, contracts less than $100,000):

(a) Notice to Cure: In the presence of any of the above conditions the Architect may give the Contractor written notice to cure the condition within a reasonable, stated time, but not less than ten days after the Contractor receives the notice.

(b) Notice of Termination: If, at the expiration of the time stated in the Notice to Cure, the Contractor has not proceeded and satisfactorily continued to cure the condition or provided the Architect with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to cure the condition, the Owner may, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Owner, give the Contractor written notice that the Contractor's right to complete the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, shall terminate seven days after the Contractor's receipt of the written Notice of Termination.

(c) If the Contractor satisfies a Notice to Cure, but the condition for which the notice was first given reoccurs, the Owner may give the Contractor a seven day Notice of Termination

without giving the Contractor another Notice to Cure.

(d) At the expiration of the seven days of the termination notice, the Owner may:

.1 take possession of the site, of all materials and equipment stored on and off site, and of all Contractor-owned tools, construction equipment and machinery, and facilities located at the site, and

.2 finish the Work by whatever reasonable method the Owner may deem expedient.

(e) The Contractor shall not be entitled to receive further payment under the Contract until the Work is completed.

(f) If the Owner's cost of completing the Work, including correction of Defective Work, compensation for additional architectural, engineering, managerial, and administrative services, and reasonable attorneys' fees due to the default and termination, is less than the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum, the excess balance less liquidated damages for delay shall be paid to the Contractor. If such cost to the Owner including attorney's fees, plus liquidated damages, exceeds the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum, the Contractor shall pay the difference to the Owner. Final Resolution of any claim or Dispute involving the termination or any amount due any party as a result of the termination shall be pursuant to Article 24.

(g) Upon the Contractor's request, the Owner shall furnish to the Contractor a detailed accounting of the Owner's cost of completing the Work.

(3) Procedure for Bonded Construction Contracts (Generally, contracts of $100,000 or more):

(a) Notice to Cure: In the presence of any of the above conditions the Architect may give the Contractor and its Surety written Notice to Cure the condition within a reasonable, stated time, but not less than ten days after the Contractor receives the notice.

(b) Notice of Termination: If, at the expiration of the time stated in the Notice to Cure, the Contractor has not proceeded and satisfactorily continued to cure the condition or provided the Architect with written verification that satisfactory positive action is in process to cure the condition, the Owner may, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the Owner, give the Contractor and its Surety written notice declaring the Contractor to be in default under the Contract and stating that the Contractor's right to complete the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, shall terminate seven days after the Contractor's receipt of the written Notice of Termination.

(c) If the Contractor satisfies a Notice to Cure, but the condition for which the notice was first given reoccurs, the Owner may give the Contractor a Notice of Termination without giving the Contractor another Notice to Cure.

(d) Demand on the Performance Bond: With the Notice of Termination the Owner shall give the Surety a written demand that, upon the effective date of the Notice of Termination, the Surety promptly fulfill its obligation to take charge of and complete the Work in accordance with the terms of the Performance Bond.

(e) Surety Claims: Upon receiving the Owner's demand on the Performance Bond, the Surety shall assume all rights and obligations of the Contractor under the Contract. However, the Surety shall also have the right to assert "Surety Claims" to the Owner, which are defined as claims relating to acts or omissions of the Owner or Architect prior to termination of the Contractor which may have prejudiced its rights as Surety or its interest in the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum. If the Surety wishes to assert a Surety Claim, it shall give the Owner, through the Architect, written notice within twenty-one days after first recognizing the condition giving rise to the Surety Claim. The Surety Claim shall then be submitted to the Owner, through the Architect, no later than sixty days after giving notice thereof, but no such Surety Claims shall be considered if submitted after the date upon which final payment

becomes due. Final resolution of Surety Claims shall be pursuant to Article 24, Resolution of Claims and Disputes. The presence or possibility of a Surety Claim shall not be just cause for the Surety to fail or refuse to take charge of and complete the Work or for the Owner to fail or refuse to continue to make payments in accordance with the Contract Documents.

(f) Payments to Surety: The Surety shall be paid for completing the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents as if the Surety were the Contractor. The Owner shall have the right to deduct from payments to the Surety any reasonable costs incurred by the Owner, including compensation for additional architectural, engineering, managerial, and administrative services, and attorneys' fees as necessitated by termination of the Contractor and completion of the Work by the Surety. No further payments shall be made to the Contractor by the Owner. The Surety shall be solely responsible for any accounting to the Contractor for the portion of the Contract Sum paid to Surety by Owner or for the costs and expenses of completing the Work.

(4) Wrongful Termination: If any notice of termination by the Owner for cause, made in good faith, is determined to have been wrongly given, such termination shall be effective and compensation therefore determined as if it had been a termination for convenience pursuant to Paragraph B below.

B. TERMINATION by the OWNER for CONVENIENCE

(1) The Owner may, without cause and at any time, terminate the performance of Work under the Contract in whole, or in part, upon determination by the Owner that such termination is in the Owner's best interest. Such termination is referred to herein as Termination for Convenience.

(2) Upon receipt of a written notice of Termination for Convenience from the Owner, the Contractor shall:

(a) stop Work as specified in the notice;

(b) enter into no further subcontracts or purchase orders for materials, services, or facilities, except as may be necessary for Work directed to be performed prior to the effective date of the termination or to complete Work that is not terminated;

(c) terminate all existing subcontracts and purchase orders to the extent they relate to the terminated Work;

(d) take such actions as are necessary, or directed by the Architect or Owner, to protect, preserve, and make safe the terminated Work; and

(e) complete performance of the Work that is not terminated.

(3) In the event of Termination for Convenience, the Contractor shall be entitled to receive payment for the Work performed prior to its termination, including materials and equipment purchased and delivered for incorporation into the terminated Work, and any reasonable costs incurred because of the termination. Such payment shall include reasonable mark-up of costs for overhead and profit, not to exceed the limits stated in Article 19, Changes in the Work. The Contractor shall be entitled to receive payment for reasonable anticipated overhead ("home office") and shall not be entitled to receive payment for any profits anticipated to have been gained from the terminated Work. A proposal for decreasing the Contract Sum shall be submitted to the Architect by the Contractor in such time and detail, and with such supporting documentation, as is reasonably directed by the Owner. Final modification of the Contract shall be by Contract Change Order pursuant to Article 19. Any Claim or Dispute involving the termination or any amount due a party as a result shall be resolved pursuant to Article 24.

ARTICLE 28
CONTRACTOR'S RIGHT to SUSPEND or TERMINATE the CONTRACT

A. SUSPENSION by the OWNER

If all of the Work is suspended or delayed for the Owner's convenience or under an order of any court, or other public authority, for a period of sixty days, through no act or fault of the Contractor or a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, then the Contractor may give the Owner a written Notice of Termination which allows the Owner fourteen days after receiving the Notice in which to give the Contractor appropriate written authorization to resume the Work. Absent the Contractor's receipt of such authorization to resume the Work, the Contract shall terminate upon expiration of this fourteen day period and the Contractor will be compensated by the Owner as if the termination had been for the Owner's convenience pursuant to Article 27.B.

B. NONPAYMENT

The Owner's failure to pay the undisputed amount of an Application for Payment within sixty days after receiving it from the Architect (Certified pursuant to Article 30) shall be just cause for the Contractor to give the Owner fourteen days' written notice that the Work will be suspended pending receipt of payment but that the Contract shall terminate if payment is not received within fourteen days (or a longer period stated by the Contractor) of the expiration of the fourteen day notice period.

(1) If the Work is then suspended for nonpayment, but resumed upon receipt of payment, the Contractor will be entitled to compensation as if the suspension had been by the Owner pursuant to Article 26, Paragraph B.

(2) If the Contract is then terminated for nonpayment, the Contractor will be entitled to compensation as if the termination had been by the Owner pursuant to Article 27, Paragraph B.

ARTICLE 29
PROGRESS PAYMENTS

A. FREQUENCY of PROGRESS PAYMENTS

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner will make payments to the Contractor as the Work progresses based on monthly estimates prepared and certified by the Contractor, approved and certified by the Architect, and approved by the Owner and other authorities whose approval is required.

B. SCHEDULE of VALUES

Within ten days after receiving the Notice to Proceed the Contractor shall submit to the Architect a DCM Form C-10SOV, Schedule of Values, which is a breakdown of the Contract Sum showing the value of the various parts of the Work for billing purposes. The Schedule of Values shall be printable on 8.5" × 11" and shall divide the Contract Sum into as many parts ("line items") as the Architect and Owner determine necessary to permit evaluation and to show amounts attributable to

Subcontractors. The Contractor's overhead and profit are to be proportionately distributed throughout the line items of the Schedule of Values. Upon approval, the Schedule of Values shall be used as a basis for monthly Applications for Payment, unless it is later found to be in error. Approved change order amounts shall be added to or incorporated into the Schedule of Values as mutually agreed by the Contractor and Architect.

C. APPLICATIONS for PAYMENTS

(1) Based on the approved Schedule of Values, each DCM Form C-10, Application and Certificate for Payment shall show the Contractor's estimate of the value of Work performed in each line item as of the end of the billing period. The Contractor's cost of materials and equipment not yet incorporated into the Work, but delivered and suitably stored on the site, may be considered in monthly Applications for Payment. One payment application per month may be submitted. Each DCM Form C-10, Application and Certificate for Payment shall match to the penny and be accompanied by an attached DCM Form C-10SOV, Schedule of Values.

(2) The Contractor's estimate of the value of Work performed and stored materials must represent such reasonableness as to warrant certification by the Architect to the Owner in accordance with Article 30. Each monthly Application for Payment shall be supported by such data as will substantiate the Contractor's right to payment, including without limitation copies of requisitions from subcontractors and material suppliers.

(3) If no other date is stated in the Contract Documents or agreed upon by the parties, each Application for Payment shall be submitted to the Architect on or about the first day of each month and payment shall be issued to the Contractor within thirty days after an Application for Payment is Certified pursuant to Article 30 and delivered to the Owner.

(4) The Applications for Payment of State Agency/Authority projects and Public School and College Authority (PSCA)-funded projects must be activated via the appropriate DocuSign link available from DCM's Engage Portal at https://engagealabama-rpm.facilityforce.cloud.

D. MATERIALS STORED OFF SITE

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor's cost of materials and equipment to be incorporated into the Work, which are stored off the site, may also be considered in monthly Applications for Payment under the following conditions:

(1) the contractor has received written approval from the Architect and Owner to store the materials or equipment off site in advance of delivering the materials to the off site location;

(2) a Certificate of Insurance is furnished to the Architect evidencing that a special insurance policy, or rider to an existing policy, has been obtained by the Contractor providing all-risk property insurance coverage, specifically naming the materials or equipment stored, and naming the Owner as an additionally insured party;

(3) the Architect is provided with a detailed inventory of the stored materials or equipment and the materials or equipment are clearly marked in correlation to the inventory to facilitate inspection and verification of the presence of the materials or equipment by the Architect or Owner;

(4) the materials or equipment are properly and safely stored in a bonded warehouse, or a facility otherwise approved in advance by the Architect and Owner; and

(5) compliance by the Contractor with procedures satisfactory to the Owner to establish the Owner's title to such materials and equipment or otherwise protect the Owner's interest.

E. RETAINAGE

(1) "Retainage" is defined as the money earned and, therefore, belonging to the Contractor (subject to final settlement of the Contract) which has been retained by the Owner conditioned on final completion and acceptance of all Work required by the Contract Documents. Retainage shall not be relied upon by Contractor (or Surety) to cover or off-set unearned monies attributable to uncompleted or uncorrected Work.

(2) In making progress payments the Owner shall retain five percent of the estimated value of Work performed and the value of the materials stored for the Work; but after retainage has been held upon fifty percent of the Contract Sum, no additional retainage will be withheld.

F. CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION

(1) Each Application for Payment shall bear the Contractor's certification that, to the best of the Contractor's knowledge, information, and belief, the Work covered by the Application for Payment has been completed in accordance with the Contract Documents, that all amounts have been paid by the Contractor for Work for which previous Certificates for Payments were issued and payments received from the Owner and that the current payment shown in the Application for Payment has not yet been received.

(2) By making this certification the Contractor represents to the Architect and Owner that, upon receipt of previous progress payments from the Owner, the Contractor has promptly paid each Subcontractor, in accordance with the terms of its agreement with the Subcontractor, the amount due the Subcontractor from the amount included in the progress payment on account of the Subcontractor's Work and stored materials. The Architect and Owner may advise Subcontractors and suppliers regarding percentages of completion or amounts requested and/or approved in an Application for Payment on account of the Subcontractor's Work and stored materials.

G. PAYMENT ESTABLISHES OWNERSHIP

All material and Work covered by progress payments shall become the sole property of the Owner, but the Contractor shall not be relieved from the sole responsibility for the care and protection of material and Work upon which payments have been made and for the restoration of any damaged material and Work.

ARTICLE 30
CERTIFICATION and APPROVALS for PAYMENT

A. The Architect's review, approval, and certification of Applications for Payment shall be based on the Architect's general knowledge of the Work obtained through site visits and the information provided by the Contractor with the Application. The Architect shall not be required to perform exhaustive examinations, evaluations, or estimates of the cost of completed or uncompleted Work or stored materials to verify the accuracy of amounts requested by the Contractor, but the Architect shall have the authority to adjust the Contractor's estimate when, in the Architect's reasonable opinion, such estimates are overstated or understated.

B. Within seven days after receiving the Contractor's monthly Application for Payment, or such other time as may be stated in the Contract Documents, the Architect will take one of the following actions:

(1) The Architect will approve and certify the Application as submitted and forward it to the Owner as a Certification for Payment for approval by the Owner (and other approving authorities, if any) and payment.

(2) If the Architect takes exception to any amounts claimed by the Contractor and the Contractor and Architect cannot agree on revised amounts, the Architect will promptly issue a Certificate for Payment for the amount for which the Architect is able to certify to the Owner, transmitting a copy of same to the Contractor.

(3) To the extent the Architect determines may be necessary to protect the Owner from loss on account of any of the causes stated in Article 31, the Architect may subtract from the Contractor's estimates and will issue a Certificate for Payment to the Owner, with a copy to the Contractor, for such amount as the Architect determines is properly due and notify the Contractor and Owner in writing of the Architect's reasons for withholding payment in whole or in part.

C. Neither the Architect's issuance of a Certificate for Payment nor the Owner's resulting progress payment shall be a representation to the Contractor that the Work in progress or completed at that time is accepted or deemed to be in conformance with the Contract Documents.

D. The Architect shall not be required to determine that the Contractor has promptly or fully paid Subcontractors and suppliers or how or for what purpose the Contractor has used monies paid under the Construction Contract. However, the Architect may, upon request and if practical, inform any Subcontractor or supplier of the amount, or percentage of completion, approved or paid to the Contractor on account of the materials supplied or the Work performed by the Subcontractor.

ARTICLE 31
PAYMENTS WITHHELD

A. The Architect may nullify or revise a previously issued Certificate for Payment prior to Owner's payment thereunder to the extent as may be necessary in the Architect's opinion to protect the Owner from loss on account of any of the following causes not discovered or fully accounted for at the time of the certification or approval of the Application for Payment:

(1) Defective Work;
(2) filed, or reasonable evidence indicating probable filing of, claims arising out of the Contract by other parties against the Contractor;
(3) the Contractor's failure to pay for labor, materials or equipment or to pay Subcontractors;
(4) reasonable evidence that the Work cannot be completed for the unpaid balance of the Contract Sum;
(5) damage suffered by the Owner or another contractor caused by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable;
(6) reasonable evidence that the Work will not be completed within the Contract Time, and that the unpaid balance is insufficient to cover applicable liquidated damages; or
(7) the Contractor's persistent failure to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents.

B. If the Owner deems it necessary to withhold payment pursuant to preceding Paragraph A, the Owner will notify the Contractor and Architect in writing of the amount to be withheld and the reason for same.

C. The Architect shall not be required to withhold payment for completed or partially completed Work for which compliance with the Contract Documents remains to be determined by Specified Inspections or Final Inspections to be performed in their proper sequence. However, if Work for which payment has been approved, certified, or made under an Application for Payment is subsequently determined to be Defective Work, the Architect shall determine an appropriate amount that will protect the Owner's interest against the Defective Work.

(1) If payment has not been made against the Application for Payment first including the Defective Work, the Architect will notify the Owner and Contractor of the amount to be withheld from the payment until the Defective Work is brought into compliance with the Contract Documents.

(2) If payment has been made against the Application for Payment first including the Defective Work, the Architect will withhold the appropriate amount from the next Application for Payment submitted after the determination of noncompliance, such amount to then be withheld until the Defective Work is brought into compliance with the Contract Documents.

D. The amount withheld will be paid with the next Application for Payment certified and approved after the condition for which the Owner has withheld payment is removed or otherwise resolved to the Owner's satisfaction.

E. The Owner shall have the right to withhold from payments due the Contractor under this Contract an amount equal to any amount which the Contractor owes the Owner under another contract.

ARTICLE 32
SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

A. Substantial Completion is the stage in the progress of the Work when the Work or designated portion of the Work is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents so that the Owner can occupy or utilize the Work for its intended use without disruption or interference by the Contractor in completing or correcting any remaining unfinished Work ("punch list" items). Substantial Completion of the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, is not achieved until so agreed in a Certificate of Substantial Completion signed by the Contractor, Architect, Owner, and Technical Staff of the Alabama Division of Construction Management.

B. The Contractor shall notify the Architect in writing when it considers the Work, or a portion of the Work which the Owner has agreed to accept separately, to be substantially complete and ready for a Final Inspection pursuant to Article 16. In this notification the Contractor shall identify any items remaining to be completed or corrected for Final Acceptance prior to final payment.

C. Substantial Completion is achieved and a Final Inspection is appropriate only when a minimal number of punch list items exists and only a short period of time will be required to correct or complete them. Upon receipt of the Contractor's notice for a Final Inspection, the Architect will advise the Contractor in writing of any conditions of the Work which the Architect or Owner is

aware do not constitute Substantial Completion, otherwise, a Final Inspection will proceed within a reasonable time after the Contractor's notice is given. However, the Architect will not be required to prepare lengthy listings of punch list items; therefore, if the Final Inspection discloses that Substantial Completion has not been achieved, the Architect may discontinue or suspend the inspection until the Contractor does achieve Substantial Completion.

D. CERTIFICATE of SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

(1) When the Work or a designated portion of the Work is substantially complete, the Architect will prepare (via the appropriate DocuSign link available from DCM's Engage Portal at https://engagealabama-rpm.facilityforce.cloud) and sign a Certificate of Substantial Completion to be signed in order by the Contractor, Owner, and Alabama Division of Construction Management.

(2) When signed by all parties, the Certificate of Substantial Completion shall establish the Date of Substantial Completion which is the date upon which:

(a) the Work, or designated portion of the Work, is accepted by the Architect, Owner, and Alabama Division of Construction Management as being ready for occupancy,

(b) the Contractor's one-year and special warranties for the Work covered by the Certificate commence, unless stated otherwise in the Certificate (the one-year warranty for punch list items completed or corrected after the period allowed in the Certificate shall commence on the date of their Final Acceptance), and

(c) Owner becomes responsible for building security, maintenance, utility services, and insurance, unless stated otherwise in the Certificate.

(3) The Certificate of Substantial Completion shall set the time within which the Contractor shall finish all items on the "punch list" accompanying the Certificate. The completion of punch list items shall be a condition precedent to Final Payment.

(4) If the Work or designated portion covered by a Certificate of Substantial Completion includes roofing work, the General Contractor's (5-year) Roofing Guarantee, DCM Form C-9, must be executed by the Contractor and attached to the Certificate of Substantial Completion. If the Contract Documents specify any other roofing warranties to be provided by the roofing manufacturer, Subcontractor, or Contractor, they must also be attached to the Certificate of Substantial Completion. The Alabama Division of Construction Management will not sign the Certificate of Substantial Completion in the absence of the roofing guarantees.

E. The Date of Substantial Completion of the Work, as set in the Certificate of Substantial Completion of the Work or of the last completed portion of the Work, establishes the extent to which the Contractor is liable for Liquidated Damages, if any; however, should the Contractor fail to complete all punch list items within thirty days, or such other time as may be stated in the respective Certificate of Substantial Completion, the Contractor shall bear any expenses, including additional Architectural services and expenses, incurred by the Owner as a result of such failure to complete punch list items in a timely manner.

ARTICLE 33
OCCUPANCY or USE PRIOR to COMPLETION

A. UPON SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

Prior to completion of the entire Work, the Owner may occupy or begin utilizing any designated portion of the Work on the agreed Date of Substantial Completion of that portion of the Work.

B. BEFORE SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

(1) The Owner shall not occupy or utilize any portion of the Work before Substantial Completion of that portion has been achieved.

(2) The Owner may deliver furniture and equipment and store, or install it in place ready for occupancy and use, in any designated portion of the Work before it is substantially completed under the following conditions:

(a) The Owner's storage or installation of furniture and equipment will not unreasonably disrupt or interfere with the Contractor's completion of the designated portion of the Work.

(b) The Contractor consents to the Owner's planned action (such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld).

(c) The Owner shall be responsible for insurance coverage of the Owner's furniture and equipment, and the Contractor's liability shall not be increased.

(d) The Contractor, Architect, and Owner will jointly inspect and record the condition of the Work in the area before the Owner delivers and stores or installs furniture and equipment; the Owner will equitably compensate the Contractor for making any repairs to the Work that may subsequently be required due to the Owner's delivery and storage or installation of furniture and equipment.

(e) The Owner's delivery and storage or installation of furniture and equipment shall not be deemed an acceptance of any Work not completed in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 34
FINAL PAYMENT

A. PREREQUISITES to FINAL PAYMENT

The following conditions are prerequisites to Final Payment becoming due the Contractor:

(1) Full execution of a Certificate of Substantial Completion for the Work, or each designated portion of the Work.

(2) Final Acceptance of the Work.

(3) The Contractor's completion, to the satisfaction of the Architect and Owner, of all documentary requirements of the Contract Documents; such as delivery of "as-built" documents, operating and maintenance manuals, warranties, etc.

(4) Delivery to the Owner of a final Application for Payment, prepared by the Contractor and approved and certified by the Architect. Architect prepares DCM Form B-13: Final Payment Checklist and forwards it to the Owner along with the final Application for Payment.

(5) Completion of an Advertisement for Completion pursuant to Paragraph C below.

(6) Delivery by the Contractor to the Owner through the Architect of DCM Form C-18: Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims, and a Release of Claims, if any, and such other documents as may be required by Owner, satisfactory in form to the Owner pursuant to Paragraph D below.

(7) Consent of Surety to Final Payment, if any, to Contractor. This Consent of Surety is required for projects which have Payment and Performance Bonds.

(8) Delivery by the Contractor to the Architect and Owner of other documents, if any, required by the Contract Documents as prerequisites to Final Payment.

(9) See Manual of Procedures Chapter 7, Section L.7 concerning reconciliation of contract time, if any.

B. FINAL ACCEPTANCE of the WORK

"Final Acceptance of the Work" shall be achieved when all "punch list" items recorded with the Certificate(s) of Substantial Completion are accounted for by either: **(1)** their completion or correction by the Contractor and acceptance by the Architect, Owner, and DCM Project Inspector, or **(2)** their resolution under Article 18, Deductions for Uncorrected Work.

C. ADVERTISEMENT for COMPLETION

(1) If the Contract Sum is less than $100,000: Advertisement for Completion shall not apply to contractors performing contracts of less than $100,000.00 in amount. §39-1-1(g)

(2) If the Contract Sum is $100,000 or more: The Contractor, immediately after being notified by the Architect that all other requirements of the Contract have been completed, shall give public notice of completion of the Contract by having an Advertisement for Completion, similar to the sample contained in the Project Manual, published for a period of three weeks. The contractor can publish a notice in one or more of the following ways:

(a) In a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties in which the work, or some portion thereof, has been done.

(b) On a website that is maintained by a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties in which the work, or some portion thereof, has been done. (c) On a website utilized by the awarding authority for publishing notices.

(d) If no newspaper is published in the county in which the work was done, and if the awarding authority does not utilize a website for the purpose of publishing notices, the notice may be given by posting at the courthouse for 30 days, and proof of the posting of the notice shall be given by the awarding authority and the contractor.

Proof of publication of the notice shall be made by the contractor to the authority by whom the contract was made by affidavit of the publisher or website owner and a printed copy of the notice published. A final settlement shall not be made upon the contract until the expiration of 30 days after the completion of the notice.

D. RELEASE of CLAIMS

The Release of Claims and other documents referenced in Paragraph A(6) above are as follows:

(1) A release executed by Contractor of all claims and claims of lien against the Owner arising under and by virtue of the Contract, other than such claims of the Contractor, if any, as may have been previously made in writing and as may be specifically excepted by the Contractor from the operation of the release in stated amounts to be set forth therein.

(2) An affidavit under oath, if required, stating that so far as the Contractor has knowledge or information, there are no claims or claims of lien which have been or will be filed by any Subcontractor, Supplier or other party for labor or material for which a claim or claim of lien could be filed.

(3) A release, if required, of all claims and claims of lien made by any Subcontractor, Supplier or other party against the Owner or unpaid Contract funds held by the Owner arising under or related to the Work on the Project; provided, however, that if any Subcontractor, Supplier or others refuse to furnish a release of such claims or claims of lien, the Contractor may furnish a bond executed by Contractor and its Surety to the Owner to provide an unconditional obligation to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Owner against any loss, cost or expense, including attorney's fees, arising out of or as a result of such claims, or claims of lien, in which event Owner may make Final Payment notwithstanding such claims or claims of lien. If Contractor and Surety fail to fulfill their obligations to Owner under the bond, the Owner shall be entitled to recover damages as a result of such failure, including all costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred to recover such damages.

E. EFFECT of FINAL PAYMENT

(1) The making of Final Payment shall constitute a waiver of Claims by the Owner except those arising from:

- **(a)** liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances arising out of the Contract and unsettled;
- **(b)** failure of the Work to comply with the requirements of the Contract Documents;
- **(c)** terms of warranties or indemnities required by the Contract Documents, or
- **(d)** latent defects.

(2) Acceptance of Final Payment by the Contractor shall constitute a waiver of claims by Contractor except those previously made in writing, identified by Contractor as unsettled at the time of final Application for Payment, and specifically excepted from the release provided for in Paragraph D(1), above.

ARTICLE 35
CONTRACTOR'S WARRANTY

A. GENERAL WARRANTY

The Contractor warrants to the Owner and Architect that all materials and equipment furnished under the Contract will be of good quality and new, except such materials as may be expressly provided or allowed in the Contract Documents to be otherwise, and that none of the Work will be Defective Work as defined in Article 1.

B. ONE-YEAR WARRANTY

(1) If, within one year after the date of Substantial Completion of the Work or each designated portion of the Work (or otherwise as agreed upon in a mutually-executed Certificate of Substantial Completion), any of the Work is found to be Defective Work, the Contractor shall promptly upon receipt of written notice from the Owner or Architect, and without expense to either, replace or correct the Defective Work to conform to the requirements of the Contract Documents, and repair all damage to the site, the building and its contents which is the result of Defective Work or its replacement or correction.

(2) The one-year warranty for punch list items shall begin on the Date of Substantial Completion if they are completed or corrected within the time period allowed in the Certificate of Substantial Completion in which they are recorded. The one-year warranty for punch list items that are not completed or corrected within the time period allowed in the Certificate of Substantial Completion,

and other Work performed after Substantial Completion, shall begin on the date of Final Acceptance of the Work. The Contractor's correction of Work pursuant to this warranty does not extend the period of the warranty. The Contractor's one-year warranty does not apply to defects or damages due to improper or insufficient maintenance, improper operation, or wear and tear during normal usage.

(3) Upon recognizing a condition of Defective Work, the Owner shall promptly notify the Contractor of the condition. If the condition is causing damage to the building, its contents, equipment, or site, the Owner shall take reasonable actions to mitigate the damage or its continuation, if practical. If the Contractor fails to proceed promptly to comply with the terms of the warranty, or to provide the Owner with satisfactory written verification that positive action is in process, the Owner may have the Defective Work replaced or corrected and the Contractor and the Contractor's Surety shall be liable for all expense incurred.

(4) Year-end Inspection(s): An inspection of the Work, or each separately completed portion thereof, is required near the end of the Contractor's one-year warranty period(s). The inspection must be scheduled with the Owner, Architect and DCM Inspector. The subsequent delivery of the Architect's report of a Year-end Inspection will serve as confirmation that the Contractor was notified of Defective Work found within the warranty period.

(5) The Contractor's warranty of one year is in addition to, and not a limitation of, any other remedy stated herein or available to the Owner under applicable law.

C. GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S ROOFING GUARANTEE

(1) In addition to any other roof related warranties or guarantees that may be specified in the Contract Documents, the roof and associated work shall be guaranteed by the General Contractor against leaks and defects of materials and workmanship for a period of five (5) years, starting on the Date of Substantial Completion of the Project as stated in the Certificate of Substantial Completion. This guarantee for punch list items shall begin on the Date of Substantial Completion if they are completed or corrected within the time period allowed in the Certificate of Substantial Completion in which they are recorded. The guarantee for punch list items that are not completed or corrected within the time period allowed in the Certificate of Substantial Completion shall begin on the date of Final Acceptance of the Work.

(2) The "General Contractor's Roofing Guarantee" (DCM Form C-9), included in the Project Manual, shall be executed in triplicate, signed by the appropriate party and submitted to the Architect for submission with the Certificate of Substantial Completion to the Owner and the Division of Construction Management.

(3) This guarantee does not include costs which might be incurred by the General Contractor in making visits to the site requested by the Owner regarding roof problems that are due to lack of proper maintenance (keeping roof drains and/or gutters clear of debris that cause a stoppage of drainage which results in water ponding, overflowing of flashing, etc.), or damages caused by vandalism or misuse of roof areas. Should the contractor be required to return to the job to correct problems of this nature that are determined not to be related to faulty workmanship and materials in the installation of the roof, payment for actions taken by the Contractor in response to such request will be the responsibility of the Owner. A detailed written report shall be made by the General Contractor on each of these 'Service Calls' with copies to the Architect, Owner and Division of Construction Management.

D. SPECIAL WARRANTIES

(1) The Contractor shall deliver to the Owner through the Architect all special or extended warranties required by the Contract Documents from the Contractor, Subcontractors, and suppliers.

(2) The Contractor and the Contractor's Surety shall be liable to the Owner for such special warranties during the Contractor's one-year warranty; thereafter, the Contractor's obligations relative to such special warranties shall be to provide reasonable assistance to the Owner in their enforcement.

E. ASSUMPTION of GUARANTEES of OTHERS

If the Contractor disturbs, alters, or damages any work guaranteed under a separate contract, thereby voiding the guarantee of that work, the Contractor shall restore the work to a condition satisfactory to the Owner and shall also guarantee it to the same extent that it was guaranteed under the separate contract.

ARTICLE 36
INDEMNIFICATION AGREEMENT

To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Contractor shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the Owner, Architect, Architect's consultants, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, employees, and consultants (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Indemnitees") from and against all claims, damages, losses and expenses, including but not limited to attorneys' fees, arising out of, related to, or resulting from performance of the Work, provided that such claim, damage, loss or expense is attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property, including loss of use resulting therefrom, and is caused in whole or in part by negligent acts or omissions of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, regardless of whether such claim, damage, loss or expense is caused in part, or is alleged but not legally established to have been caused in whole or in part by the negligence or other fault of a party indemnified hereunder.

A. This indemnification shall extend to all claims, damages, losses and expenses for injury or damage to adjacent or neighboring property, or persons injured thereon, that arise out of, relate to, or result from performance of the Work.

B. This indemnification does not extend to the liability of the Architect, or the Architect's Consultants, agents, or employees, arising out of **(1)** the preparation or approval of maps, shop drawings, opinions, reports, surveys, field orders, Change Orders, drawings or specifications, or **(2)** the giving of or the failure to give directions or instructions, provided such giving or failure to give instructions is the primary cause of the injury or damage.

C. This indemnification does not apply to the extent of the sole negligence of the Indemnitees.

ARTICLE 37
CONTRACTOR'S and SUBCONTRACTORS' INSURANCE

(Provide entire Article 37 to Contractor's insurance representative.)

A. GENERAL

(1) RESPONSIBILITY. The Contractor shall be responsible to the Owner from the time of the signing of the Construction Contract or from the beginning of the first work, whichever shall be earlier, for all injury or damage of any kind resulting from any negligent act or omission or breach, failure or other default regarding the work by the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, regardless of who may be the owner of the property.

(2) INSURANCE PROVIDERS. Each of the insurance coverages required below shall be issued by an insurer licensed by the Insurance Commissioner to transact the business of insurance in the State of Alabama for the applicable line of insurance, and such insurer (or, for qualified self-insureds or group self-insureds, a specific excess insurer providing statutory limits) must have a Best Policyholders Rating of "A-" or better and a financial size rating of Class V or larger.

(3) NOTIFICATION ENDORSEMENT. Each policy shall be endorsed to provide that the insurance company agrees that the policy shall not be canceled, changed, allowed to lapse or allowed to expire for any reason until thirty days after the Owner has received written notice by certified mail as evidenced by return receipt or until such time as other insurance coverage providing protection equal to protection called for in the Contract Documents shall have been received, accepted and acknowledged by the Owner. Such notice shall be valid only as to the Project as shall have been designated by Project Name and Number in said notice.

(4) INSURANCE CERTIFICATES. The Contractor shall procure the insurance coverages identified below, or as otherwise required in the Contract Documents, at the Contractor's own expense, and to evidence that such insurance coverages are in effect, the Contractor shall furnish the Owner an insurance certificate(s) acceptable to the Owner and listing the Owner as the certificate holder. The insurance certificate(s) must be delivered to the Owner with the Construction Contract and Bonds for final approval and execution of the Construction Contract. The insurance certificate must provide the following:

- **(a)** Name and address of authorized agent of the insurance company
- **(b)** Name and address of insured
- **(c)** Name of insurance company or companies
- **(d)** Description of policies
- **(e)** Policy Number(s)
- **(f)** Policy Period(s)
- **(g)** Limits of liability
- **(h)** Name and address of Owner as certificate holder
- **(i)** Project Name and Number, if any
- **(j)** Signature of authorized agent of the insurance company
- **(k)** Telephone number of authorized agent of the insurance company
- **(l)** Mandatory thirty day notice of cancellation / non-renewal / change

(5) MAXIMUM DEDUCTIBLE. Self-insured retention, except for qualified self-insurers or group self-insurers, in any policy shall not exceed $25,000.00.

B. INSURANCE COVERAGES

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall purchase the types of insurance coverages with liability limits not less than as follows:

(1) WORKERS' COMPENSATION and EMPLOYER'S LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Workers' Compensation coverage shall be provided in accordance with the statutory coverage required in Alabama. A group insurer must submit a certificate of authority from the Alabama Department of Industrial Relations approving the group insurance plan. A self-insurer must submit a certificate from the Alabama Department of Industrial Relations stating the Contractor qualifies to pay its own workers' compensation claims.

(b) Employer's Liability Insurance limits shall be at least:

.1 Bodily Injury by Accident - $1,000,000 each accident

.2 Bodily Injury by Disease - $1,000,000 each employee

(2) COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Commercial General Liability Insurance, written on an ISO Occurrence Form (current edition as of the date of Advertisement for Bids) or equivalent, shall include, but need not be limited to, coverage for bodily injury and property damage arising from premises and operations liability, products and completed operations liability, blasting and explosion, collapse of structures, underground damage, personal injury liability and contractual liability. The Commercial General Liability Insurance shall provide at minimum the following limits:

Coverage	Limit
.1 General Aggregate	$ 2,000,000.00 per Project
.2 Products, Completed Operations Aggregate	$ 2,000,000.00 per Project
.3 Personal and Advertising Injury	$ 1,000,000.00 per Occurrence
.4 Each Occurrence	$ 1,000,000.00

(b) Additional Requirements for Commercial General Liability Insurance:

.1 The policy shall name the Owner, Architect, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, consultants and employees as additional insureds, state that this coverage shall be primary insurance for the additional insureds; and contain no exclusions of the additional insureds relative to job accidents.

.2 The policy must include separate per project aggregate limits.

(3) COMMERCIAL BUSINESS AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Commercial Business Automobile Liability Insurance which shall include coverage for bodily injury and property damage arising from the operation of any owned, non-owned or hired automobile. The Commercial Business Automobile Liability Insurance Policy shall provide not less than $1,000,000 Combined Single Limits for each occurrence.

(b) The policy shall name the Owner, Architect, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, consultants, and employees as additional insureds.

(4) COMMERCIAL UMBRELLA OR COMMERCIAL EXCESS LIABILITY INSURANCE

(a) Commercial Umbrella or Commercial Excess Liability Insurance to provide excess coverage above the Commercial General Liability, Commercial Business Automobile

Liability and the Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability to satisfy the minimum limits set forth herein.

(b) Minimum Combined Primary Commercial General Liability and Commercial Umbrella or Commercial Excess Limits of:

.1 $ 5,000,000 per Occurrence

.2 $ 5,000,000 Aggregate

(c) Additional Requirements for Commercial Umbrella or Commercial Excess Liability Insurance:

.1 The policy shall name the Owner, Architect, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, consultants, and employees as additional insureds.

.2 The policy must be on an "occurrence" basis.

(5) BUILDER'S RISK INSURANCE

(a) The Builder's Risk Policy shall be made payable to the Owner and Contractor, as their interests may appear. The policy amount shall be equal to 100% of the Contract Sum, written on a Causes of Loss - Special Form (current edition as of the date of Advertisement for Bids), or its equivalent. All deductibles shall be the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

(b) The policy shall be endorsed as follows:

"The following may occur without diminishing, changing, altering or otherwise affecting the coverage and protection afforded the insured under this policy:

(i) Furniture and equipment may be delivered to the insured premises and installed in place ready for use; or

(ii) Partial or complete occupancy by Owner; or

(iii) Performance of work in connection with construction operations insured by the Owner, by agents or lessees or other contractors of the Owner, or by contractors of the lessee of the Owner."

Exception: projects containing only abatement and/or only demolition do not require Builder's Risk insurance, unless required by the Owner. Note: projects containing any scope of work besides abatement and/or demolition require Builder's Risk insurance.

C. SUBCONTRACTORS' INSURANCE

(1) WORKERS' COMPENSATION and EMPLOYER'S LIABILITY INSURANCE. The Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to obtain and maintain Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance coverages as described in preceding Paragraph B, or to be covered by the Contractor's Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability Insurance while performing Work under the Contract.

(2) LIABILITY INSURANCE. The Contractor shall require each Subcontractor to obtain and maintain adequate General Liability, Automobile Liability, and Umbrella or Excess Liability Insurance coverages similar to those described in preceding Paragraph B. Such coverage shall be in effect at all times that a Subcontractor is performing Work under the Contract.

(3) ENFORCEMENT RESPONSIBILITY. The Contractor shall have responsibility to enforce its Subcontractors' compliance with these or similar insurance requirements; however, the Contractor shall, upon request, provide the Architect or Owner acceptable evidence of insurance for any Subcontractor.

D. TERMINATION of OBLIGATION to INSURE

Unless otherwise expressly provided in the Contract Documents, the obligation to insure as provided herein shall continue as follows:

(1) BUILDER'S RISK INSURANCE. The obligation to insure under Subparagraph B(5) shall remain in effect until the Date of Substantial Completion as shall be established in the Certificate of Substantial Completion. In the event that multiple Certificates of Substantial Completion covering designated portions of the Work are issued, Builder's Risk coverage shall remain in effect until the Date of Substantial Completion as shall be established in the last issued Certificate of Substantial Completion. However, in the case that the Work involves separate buildings, Builder's Risk coverage of each separate building may terminate on the Date of Substantial Completion as established in the Certificate of Substantial Completion issued for each building.

(2) PRODUCTS and COMPLETED OPERATIONS. The obligation to carry Products and Completed Operations coverage specified under Subparagraph B(2) shall remain in effect for two years after the Date(s) of Substantial Completion.

(3) ALL OTHER INSURANCE. The obligation to carry other insurance coverages specified under Subparagraphs B(1) through B(4) and Paragraph C shall remain in effect after the Date(s) of Substantial Completion until such time as all Work required by the Contract Documents is completed. Equal or similar insurance coverages shall remain in effect if, after completion of the Work, the Contractor, a Subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by them or anyone for whose acts they may be liable, returns to the Project to perform warranty or maintenance work pursuant to the terms of the Contract Documents.

E. WAIVERS of SUBROGATION

The Owner and Contractor waive all rights against (1) each other and any of their subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, agents and employees, each of the other, and (2) the Architect, Architect's consultants, separate contractors performing construction or operations related to the Project, if any, and any of their subcontractors, sub-subcontractors, agents and employees, for damages caused by fire or other causes of loss. But said waiver shall apply only to the extent the loss or damage is covered by builder's risk insurance applicable to the Work or to other property located within or adjacent to the Project, except such rights as they may have to proceeds of such insurance held by the Owner or Contractor as fiduciary. The Owner or Contractor, as appropriate, shall require of the Architect, Architect's consultants, separate contractors, if any, and the subcontractor, sub-subcontractors, suppliers, agents and employees of any of them, by appropriate agreements, written where legally required for validity, similar waivers each in favor of other parties enumerated herein. The Policies shall provide such waivers of subrogation by endorsement or otherwise. A waiver of subrogation shall be effective as to the person or entity even though that person or entity would otherwise have a duty of indemnification, contractual or otherwise, did not pay the insurance premium directly or indirectly, and whether or not the person or entity had an insurable interest in the property damaged. The waivers provided for in this paragraph shall not be applicable to loss or damage that occurs after final acceptance of the Work. Any provision found herein which attempts to waive or invalidate the subrogation interests of Alabama's State Insurance Fund against any party to this contract or any other person or entity is void and invalid. No such waiver is intended or made by the parties to this agreement with regard to any property insured by the State Insurance Fund.

ARTICLE 38
PERFORMANCE and PAYMENT BONDS

A. GENERAL

Upon signing and returning the Construction Contract to the Owner for final approval and execution, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, furnish to the Owner a Performance Bond and a Payment Bond (P&P Bonds), DCM Forms C-6 and C-7 as contained in the Project Manual, each in a penal sum equal to 100% of the Contract Sum. Each bond shall be on the form contained in the Project Manual, shall be executed by a surety company (Surety) acceptable to the Owner and duly authorized and qualified to make such bonds in the State of Alabama in the required amount. The P&P bonds must be signed either on the same day or after the construction contract date. Each P&P Bond shall have attached thereto a power of attorney (POA) of the signing official. The POA signature date must be the same day as the P&P Bond's signature date. All signatures must be present.

The provisions of this Article are not applicable to this Contract if the Contract Sum is less than $100,000, unless bonds are required for this Contract in the Supplemental General Conditions.

B. PERFORMANCE BOND

Through the Performance Bond, the Surety's obligation to the Owner shall be to assure the prompt and faithful performance of the Contract and Contract Change Orders. The Penal Sum shall remain equal to the Contract Sum as the Contract Sum is adjusted by Contract Change Orders. In case of default on the part of the Contractor, the Surety shall take charge of and complete the Work in accordance with the terms of the Performance Bond. Any reasonable expenses incurred by the Owner as a result of default on the part of the Contractor, including architectural, engineering, administrative, and legal services, shall be recoverable under the Performance Bond.

C. PAYMENT BOND

Through the Payment Bond the Surety's obligation to the Owner shall be to guarantee that the Contractor and its Subcontractors shall promptly make payment to all persons supplying labor, materials, or supplies for, or in, the prosecution of the Work, including the payment of reasonable attorneys fees incurred by successful claimants or plaintiffs in civil actions on the Bond. Any person or entity indicating that they have a claim of nonpayment under the Bond shall, upon written request, be promptly furnished a certified copy of the Bond and Construction Contract by the Contractor, Architect, Owner, or Alabama Division of Construction Management, whomever is recipient of the request.

D. CHANGE ORDERS

The Penal Sum shall remain equal to the Contract Sum as the Contract Sum is adjusted by Contract Change Orders. All Contract Change Orders involving an increase in the Contract Sum will require consent of Surety by endorsement of the Contract Change Order form. The Surety waives notification of any Contract Change Orders involving only extension of the Contract Time.

E. EXPIRATION

The obligations of the Contractor's performance bond surety shall be coextensive with the

contractor's performance obligations under the Contract Documents; provided, however, that the surety's obligation shall expire at the end of the one-year warranty period(s) of Article 35.

ARTICLE 39
ASSIGNMENT

The Contractor shall not assign the Contract or sublet it as a whole nor assign any moneys due or to become due to the Contractor thereunder without the previous written consent of the Owner (and of the Surety, in the case of a bonded Construction Contract). As prescribed by the Public Works Law, the Contract shall in no event be assigned to an unsuccessful bidder for the Contract whose bid was rejected because the bidder was not a responsible or responsive bidder.

ARTICLE 40
CONSTRUCTION by OWNER or SEPARATE CONTRACTORS

A. OWNER'S RESERVATION of RIGHT

(1) The Owner reserves the right to self-perform, or to award separate contracts for, other portions of the Project and other Project related construction and operations on the site. The contractual conditions of such separate contracts shall be substantially similar to those of this Contract, including insurance requirements and the provisions of this Article. If the Contractor considers such actions to involve delay or additional cost under this Contract, notifications and assertion of claims shall be as provided in Article 20 and Article 23.

(2) When separate contracts are awarded, the term "Contractor" in the separate Contract Documents shall mean the Contractor who executes the respective Construction Contract.

B. COORDINATION

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Owner shall be responsible for coordinating the activities of the Owner's forces and separate contractors with the Work of the Contractor. The Contractor shall cooperate with the Owner and separate contractors, shall participate in reviewing and comparing their construction schedules relative to that of the Contractor when directed to do so, and shall make and adhere to any revisions to the construction schedule resulting from a joint review and mutual agreement.

C. CONDITIONS APPLICABLE to WORK PERFORMED by OWNER

Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, when the Owner self-performs construction or operations related to the Project, the Owner shall be subject to the same obligations to Contractor as Contractor would have to a separate contractor under the provision of this Article 40.

D. MUTUAL RESPONSIBILITY

(1) The Contractor shall reasonably accommodate the required introduction and storage of materials and equipment and performance of activities by the Owner and separate contractors and shall connect and coordinate the Contractor's Work with theirs as required by the Contract Documents.

(2) By proceeding with an element or portion of the Work that is applied to or performed on construction by the Owner or a separate contractor, or which relies upon their operations, the Contractor accepts the condition of such construction or operations as being suitable for the Contractor's Work, except for conditions that are not reasonably discoverable by the Contractor. If the Contractor discovers any condition in such construction or operations that is not suitable for the proper performance of the Work, the Contractor shall not proceed, but shall instead promptly notify the Architect in writing of the condition discovered.

(3) The Contractor shall reimburse the Owner for any costs incurred by a separate contractor and payable by the Owner because of acts or omissions of the Contractor. Likewise, the Owner shall be responsible to the Contractor for any costs incurred by the Contractor because of the acts or omissions of a separate contractor.

(4) The Contractor shall not cut or otherwise alter construction by the Owner or a separate contractor without the written consent of the Owner and separate contractor; such consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. Likewise, the Contractor shall not unreasonably withhold its consent allowing the Owner or a separate contractor to cut or otherwise alter the Work.
(5) The Contractor shall promptly remedy any damage caused by the Contractor to the construction or property of the Owner or separate contractors**.**

ARTICLE 41
SUBCONTRACTS

A. AWARD of SUBCONTRACTS and OTHER CONTRACTS for PORTIONS of the WORK

(1) Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, when delivering the executed Construction Contract, bonds, and evidence of insurance to the Architect, the Contractor shall also submit a listing of Subcontractors proposed for each principal portion of the Work and fabricators or suppliers proposed for furnishing materials or equipment fabricated to the design of the Contract Documents. This listing shall be in addition to any naming of Subcontractors, fabricators, or suppliers that may have been required in the bid process. The Architect will promptly reply to the Contractor in writing stating whether or not the Owner, after due investigation, has reasonable objection to any Subcontractor, fabricator, or supplier proposed by the Contractor. The issuance of the Notice to Proceed in the absence of such objection by the Owner shall constitute notice that no reasonable objection to them is made.

(2) The Contractor shall not contract with a proposed Subcontractor, fabricator, or supplier to whom the Owner has made reasonable and timely objection. Except in accordance with prequalification procedures as may be contained in the Contract Documents, through specified qualifications, or on the grounds of reasonable objection, the Owner may not restrict the Contractor's selection of Subcontractors, fabricators, or suppliers.

(3) Upon the Owner's reasonable objection to a proposed Subcontractor, fabricator, or supplier, the Contractor shall promptly propose another to whom the Owner has no reasonable objection. If the proposed Subcontractor, fabricator, or supplier to whom the Owner made reasonable objection was reasonably capable of performing the Work, the Contract Sum and Contract Time shall be equitably adjusted by Contract Change Order for any resulting difference if the Contractor has acted promptly and responsively in this procedure.

(4) The Contractor shall not change previously selected Subcontractors, fabricators, or suppliers without notifying the Architect and Owner in writing of proposed substitute Subcontractors, fabricators, or suppliers. If the Owner does not make a reasonable objection to a proposed substitute within three working days, the substitute shall be deemed approved.

B. SUBCONTRACTUAL RELATIONS

(1) The Contractor agrees to bind every Subcontractor and material supplier (and require every Subcontractor to so bind its subcontractors and material suppliers) to all the provisions of the Contract Documents as they apply to the Subcontractor's and material supplier's portion of the Work.

(2) Nothing contained in the Contract Documents shall be construed as creating any contractual relationship between any Subcontractor and the Owner, nor to create a duty of the Architect, Owner, or Director to resolve disputes between or among the Contractor or its Subcontractors and suppliers or any other duty to such Subcontractors or suppliers.

ARTICLE 42
ARCHITECT'S STATUS

A. The Architect is an independent contractor performing, with respect to this Contract, pursuant to an agreement executed between the Owner and the Architect. The Architect has prepared the Drawings and Specifications and assembled the Contract Document and is, therefore, charged with their interpretation and clarification as described in the Contract Documents. As a representative of the Owner, the Architect will endeavor to guard the Owner against variances from the requirements of the Contract Documents by the Contractor. On behalf of the Owner, the Architect will administer the Contract as described in the Contract Documents during construction and the Contractor's one-year warranty.

B. So as to maintain continuity in administration of the Contract and performance of the Work, and to facilitate complete documentation of the project record, all communications between the Contractor and Owner regarding matters of or related to the Contract shall be directed through the Architect, unless direct communication is otherwise required to provide a legal notification. Unless otherwise authorized by the Architect, communications by and with the Architect's consultants shall be through the Architect. Unless otherwise authorized by the Contractor, communications by and with Subcontractors and material suppliers shall be through the Contractor.

C. ARCHITECT'S AUTHORITY

Subject to other provisions of the Contract Documents, the following summarizes some of the authority vested in the Architect by the Owner with respect to the Construction Contract and as further described or conditioned in other Articles of these General Conditions of the Contract.

(1) The Architect is authorized to:

- **(a)** approve "minor" deviations as defined in Article 9, Submittals,
- **(b)** make "minor" changes in the Work as defined in Article 19, Changes in the Work,
- **(c)** reject or require the correction of Defective Work,
- **(d)** require the Contractor to stop the performance of Defective Work,
- **(e)** adjust an Application for Payment by the Contractor pursuant to Article 30, Certification

and Approval of payments, and
(f) issue Notices to Cure pursuant to Article 27.

(2) The Architect is not authorized to:
(a) revoke, alter, relax, or waive any requirements of the Contract Documents (other than "minor" deviations and changes) without concurrence of the Owner,
(b) finally approve or accept any portion of the Work without concurrence of the Owner,
(c) issue instructions contrary to the Contract Documents,
(d) issue Notice of Termination or otherwise terminate the Contract, or
(e) require the Contractor to stop the Work except only to avoid the performance of Defective Work.

D. LIMITATIONS of RESPONSIBILITIES

(1) The Architect shall not be responsible to Contractors or to others for supervising or coordinating the performance of the Work or for the Construction Methods or safety of the Work, unless the Contract Documents give other specific instructions concerning these matters.
(2) The Architect will not be responsible to the Contractor (nor the Owner) for the Contractor's failure to perform the Work in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents or for acts or omissions of the Contractor, a Subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts they may be liable. However, the Architect will report to the Owner and Contractor any Defective Work recognized by the Architect.

(3) The Architect will endeavor to secure faithful performance by Owner and Contractor, and the Architect will not show partiality to either or be liable to either for results of interpretations or decisions rendered in good faith.

(4) The Contractor's remedies for additional time or expense arising out of or related to this Contract, or the breach thereof, shall be solely as provided for in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall have no claim or cause of action against the Owner, Architect, or its consultants for any actions or failures to act, whether such claim may be in contract, tort, strict liability, or otherwise, it being the agreement of the parties that the Contractor shall make no claim against the Owner or any agents of the Owner, including the Architect or its consultants, except as may be provided for claims or disputes submitted in accordance with Article 24. The Architect and Architect's consultants shall be considered third party beneficiaries of this provision of the Contract and entitled to enforce same.

E. ARCHITECT'S DECISIONS

Decisions by the Architect shall be in writing The Architect's decisions on matters relating to aesthetic effect will be final and binding if consistent with the intent expressed in the Contract Documents. The Architect's decisions regarding disputes arising between the Contractor and Owner shall be advisory.

ARTICLE 43
CASH ALLOWANCES

A. All allowances stated in the Contract Documents shall be included in the Contract Sum. Items covered by allowances shall be supplied by the Contractor as directed by the Architect or Owner

and the Contractor shall afford the Owner the economy of obtaining competitive pricing from responsible bidders for allowance items unless other purchasing procedures are specified in the Contract Documents.

B. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents:

(1) allowances shall cover the cost to the Contractor of materials and equipment delivered to the Project site and all applicable taxes, less applicable trade discounts;

(2) the Contractor's costs for unloading, storing, protecting, and handling at the site, labor, installation, overhead, profit and other expenses related to materials or equipment covered by an allowance shall be included in the Contract Sum but not in the allowances;

(3) if required, the Contract Sum shall be adjusted by Change Order to reflect the actual costs of an allowance.

C. Any selections of materials or equipment required of the Architect or Owner under an allowance shall be made in sufficient time to avoid delay of the Work.

ARTICLE 44
PERMITS, LAWS, and REGULATIONS

A. PERMITS, FEES AND NOTICES

(1) Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall secure and pay for the building permit and other permits and governmental fees, licenses, and inspections necessary for proper execution and completion of the Work which are customarily secured after award of the Construction Contract and which are in effect on the date of receipt of bids.

(2) The Contractor shall comply with and give notices required by all laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, and lawful orders of public authorities applicable to performance of the Work.

B. TAXES

Unless stated otherwise in the Contract Documents, materials incorporated into the Work are exempt from sales and use tax pursuant to Section 40-9-33, Code of Alabama, 1975 as amended. The Owner, Contractor and its subcontractors shall be responsible for complying with rules and regulations of the Sales, Use, & Business Tax Division of the Alabama Department of Revenue regarding certificates and other qualifications necessary to claim such exemption when making qualifying purchases from vendors. The Contractor shall pay all applicable taxes that are not covered by the exemption of Section 40-9-33 and which are imposed as of the date of receipt of bids, including those imposed as of the date of receipt of bids but scheduled to go into effect after that date.

C. COMPENSATION for INCREASES

The Contractor shall be compensated for additional costs incurred because of increases in tax rates imposed after the date of receipt of bids.

D. ALABAMA IMMIGRATION LAW

Per ACT 2011-535 as codified in Title 31, Chapter 13 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended:

The contracting parties affirm, for the duration of the agreement, that they will not violate federal immigration law or knowingly employ, hire for employment, or continue to employ an unauthorized alien within the State of Alabama. Furthermore, a contracting party found to be in violation of this provision shall be deemed in breach of the agreement and shall be responsible for all damages resulting therefrom.

E. ALABAMA TRADE BOYCOTT LAW

Per Act 2016-312as codified in Title 41, Chapter 16, Article 1, of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended:

The contracting parties affirm, for the duration of the agreement, that they are not currently engaged in, and will not engage in, the boycott of a person or an entity based in or doing business with a jurisdiction with which this state can enjoy open trade.

EE. ALABAMA ECONOMIC BOYCOTT LAW

Per Act 2023-409 as codified in Title 41, Chapter 16, Article 1 of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended:

The contracting parties affirm, for the duration of the agreement, that they are not currently engaged in, and will not engage in, economic boycotts.

F. ACCOUNTING OF SALES TAX EXEMPT PROJECTS

Per Act 2013-205 as codified in Title 40, Chapter 9, Article 1, of the Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended:

In bidding the work on a tax exempt project, the bid form shall provide an accounting for the tax savings.

ARTICLE 45
ROYALTIES, PATENTS, and COPYRIGHTS

The Contractor shall pay all royalties and license fees. The Contractor shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Owner, Architect, Architect's consultants, Alabama Division of Construction Management, State Department of Education (if applicable), and their agents, employees, and consultants from and against all claims, damages, losses and expenses, including but not limited to attorney's fees, arising out of, related to, or resulting from all suits or claims for infringement of any patent rights or copyrights arising out of the inclusion of any patented or copyrighted materials, methods, or systems selected by the Contractor and used during the execution of or incorporated into the Work. This indemnification does not apply to any suits or claims of infringement of any patent rights or copyrights arising out of any patented or copyrighted materials, methods, or systems specified in the Contract Documents. However, if the Contractor has information that a specified material, method, or system is or may constitute an

infringement of a patent or copyright, the Contractor shall be responsible for any resulting loss unless such information is promptly furnished to the Architect.

ARTICLE 46
USE of the SITE

A. The Contractor shall confine its operations at the Project site to areas permitted by the Owner and by law, ordinances, permits and the Contract Documents and shall not unreasonably encumber the site with materials, equipment, employees' vehicles, or debris. The Contractor's operations at the site shall be restricted to the sole purpose of constructing the Work, use of the site as a staging, assembly, or storage area for other business which the Contractor may undertake shall not be permitted.

B. Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, temporary facilities, such as storage sheds, shops, and offices may be erected on the Project site with the approval of the Architect and Owner. Such temporary buildings and/or utilities shall remain the property of the Contractor, and be removed at the Contractor's expense upon completion of the Work, unless the Owner authorizes their abandonment without removal.

ARTICLE 47
CUTTING and PATCHING

A. The Contractor shall be responsible for all cutting, fitting, or patching that may be required to execute the Work to the results indicated in the Contract Documents or to make its parts fit together properly.

B. Any cutting, patching, or excavation by the Contractor shall be supervised and performed in a manner that will not endanger persons nor damage or endanger the Work or any fully or partially completed construction of the Owner or separate contractors.

ARTICLE 48
IN-PROGRESS and FINAL CLEANUP

A. IN-PROGRESS CLEAN-UP

(1) The Contractor shall at all times during the progress of the Work keep the premises and surrounding area free from rubbish, scrap materials and debris resulting from the Work. Trash and combustible materials shall not be allowed to accumulate inside buildings or elsewhere on the premises. At no time shall any rubbish be thrown from window openings. Burning of trash and debris on site is not permitted.

(2) The Contractor shall make provisions to minimize and confine dust and debris resulting from construction activities.

B. FINAL CLEAN-UP

(1) Before Substantial Completion or Final Acceptance is achieved, the Contractor shall have removed from the Owner's property all construction equipment, tools, and machinery; temporary structures and/or utilities including the foundations thereof (except such as the Owner permits in writing to remain); rubbish, debris, and waste materials; and all surplus materials, leaving the site clean and true to line and grade, and the Work in a safe and clean condition, ready for use and operation.

(2) In addition to the above, and unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall be responsible for the following special cleaning for all trades as the Work is completed:

(a) Cleaning of all painted, enameled, stained, or baked enamel work: Removal of all marks, stains, finger prints and splatters from such surfaces.

(b) Cleaning of all glass: Cleaning and removing of all stickers, labels, stains, and paint from all glass, and the washing and polishing of same on interior and exterior.

(c) Cleaning or polishing of all hardware: Cleaning and polishing of all hardware.

(d) Cleaning all tile, floor finish of all kinds: Removal of all splatters, stains, paint, dirt, and dust, the washing and polishing of all floors as recommended by the manufacturer or required by the Architect.

(e) Cleaning of all manufactured articles, materials, fixtures, appliances, and equipment: Removal of all stickers, rust stains, labels, and temporary covers, and cleaning and conditioning of all manufactured articles, material, fixtures, appliances, and electrical, heating, and air conditioning equipment as recommended or directed by the manufacturers, unless otherwise required by the Architect; blowing out or flushing out of all foreign matter from all equipment, piping, tanks, pumps, fans, motors, devices, switches, panels, fixtures, boilers, sanitizing potable water systems; and freeing identification plates on all equipment of excess paint and the polishing thereof.

C. OWNER'S RIGHT to CLEAN-UP

If the Contractor fails to comply with these clean-up requirements and then fails to comply with a written directive by the Architect to clean-up the premises within a specified time, the Architect or Owner may implement appropriate clean-up measures and the cost thereof shall be deducted from any amounts due or to become due the Contractor.

ARTICLE 49
LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

A. Time is the essence of the Contract. Any delay in the completion of the Work required by the Contract Documents may cause inconvenience to the public and loss and damage to the Owner including but not limited to interest and additional administrative, architectural, inspection and supervision charges. By executing the Construction Contract, the Contractor agrees that the Contract Time is sufficient for the achievement of Substantial Completion.

B. The Contract Documents may provide in the Construction Contract or elsewhere for a certain dollar amount for which the Contractor and its Surety (if any) will be liable to the Owner as liquidated damages for each calendar day after expiration of the Contract Time that the Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work. If such daily liquidated damages are provided for, Owner and Contractor, and its Surety, agree that such amount is reasonable and agree to be bound thereby.

C. If a daily liquidated damage amount is not otherwise provided for in the Contract Documents, a time charge equal to six percent interest per annum on the total Contract Sum may be made against the Contractor for the entire period after expiration of the Contract Time that the Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work.

D. The amount of liquidated damages due under either paragraph B or C, above, may be deducted by the Owner from the moneys otherwise due the Contractor in the Final Payment, not as a penalty, but as liquidated damages sustained, or the amount may be recovered from Contractor or its Surety. If part of the Work is substantially completed within the Contract Time and part is not, the stated charge for liquidated damages shall be equitably prorated to that portion of the Work that the Contractor fails to substantially complete within the Contract Time. It is mutually understood and agreed between the parties hereto that such amount is reasonable as liquidated damages.

ARTICLE 50
USE of FOREIGN MATERIALS

A. In the performance of the Work the Contractor agrees to use materials, supplies, and products manufactured, mined, processed or otherwise produced in the United States or its territories, if same are available at reasonable and competitive prices and are not contrary to any sole source specification implemented under the Public Works Law.

B. In the performance of the Work the Contractor agrees to use iron or steel, that are made a permanent part of the structure, produced in the United States if the Contract Documents require the use of iron or steel and do not limit its supply to a sole source pursuant to the Public Works Law. If the Owner decides that the procurement of domestic steel products becomes impractical as a result of national emergency, national strike, or other cause, the Owner shall waive this restriction.

C. If domestic steel or other domestic materials, supplies, and products are not used in accordance with preceding Paragraphs A and B, the Contract Sum shall be reduced by an amount equal to any savings or benefits realized by the Contractor.

D. This Article applies only to Public Works projects financed entirely by the State of Alabama or any political subdivision of the state.

ARTICLE 51
PROJECT SIGN

A. Fully locally-funded State Agency and Public Higher Education projects: DCM Form C-15: Detail of Project Sign must be included in the project manual regardless of expected bid amount. If the awarded contract sum is $100,000.00 or more, Contractor shall furnish and erect a project sign. Other conditions besides the contract sum may warrant waiver of this requirement, but only with approval of the Technical Staff.

B. Fully locally-funded K-12 school projects: Project sign is not required unless requested by Owner; if project sign is requested by Owner, include DCM Form C-15: Detail of Project Sign in the project manual.

C. Partially or fully PSCA-funded projects: DCM Form C-15: Detail of Project Sign must be included in the project manual. Contractor shall furnish and erect a project sign for all PSCA-funded projects, regardless of the contract sum. "Alabama Public School and College Authority" as well as the local owner entity must be included as awarding authorities on the project sign of all PSCA-funded projects.

When required per the above conditions, the project sign shall be erected in a prominent location selected by the Architect and Owner and shall be maintained in good condition until completion of Work. If the Contract involves Work on multiple sites, only one project sign is required, which shall be erected on one of the sites in a location selected by the Architect and Owner. Slogan: The title of the current PSCA Act should be placed on the project sign of all PSCA-funded projects, otherwise the Awarding Authority/Owner's slogan, if any, should be used. If the Awarding Authority/Owner of a fully locally-funded project does not have a slogan, the project sign does not require a slogan.

END of
GENERAL CONDITIONS of the CONTRACT

SUPPLEMENT TO THE GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT

1.1 The following supplements shall modify, delete and/or add to the General Conditions of the Contract. Where any article, paragraph or subparagraph in the General Conditions is supplemented by one of the following paragraphs, the provisions of such article, paragraph, or subparagraph shall remain in effect and the supplemental provisions shall be considered as added thereto. Where any article, paragraph or subparagraph in the General Conditions is amended, voided or superseded by any of the following paragraphs, the provisions of such article, paragraph or subparagraph not so amended, voided or superseded shall remain in effect.

A. **Refer to Article 2.A; Definition**:

1. Architect: Construction documents for this project have been developed by **Lathan Mckee, Architects**, 631 South Hull Street, Montgomery, Alabama, 36104, (334) 834-9933 `commissioned by the Owner.
2. Owner: **Gulf Shores City Schools**. Unless otherwise stated, all papers required to be delivered to the Owner shall be forwarded through the Architect.

B. **Refer to Article 3:**

1. Add the following:
    a. **Contractor's Qualification's:** The Roofing Contract shall possess the following, or stringent, minimum qualifications: the roofing contractor must be a firm of not less than five (5) years of successful experience in installation of roof systems similar to those specified for the project and which is acceptable to or licensed by the manufacturer of the primary roofing materials.
    b. **Manufacturer's Qualifications:** In specifying acceptable manufacturers or minimum quality qualifications of manufacturers, the following, or more stringent criteria should be used: The manufacturer shall have a minimum of five (5) years of experience in the manufacture of the roofing system and must also be the **original material manufacturer** of the primary roofing material.

C. **Refer to Article 6**;

1. Add the following to Paragraph B:
    a. The lowest bidding Contractor shall submit to the Architect within five (5) calendar days after the bid date the name(s) of the Superintendent(s) who will be in charge at the work site, along with the qualifications and experience.
    b. NOTE: By submission of a Proposal the Bidder agrees that the Owner or Architect may reject a proposed Superintendent with or without a stated reason with no recourse to the Contractor.

D. **Refer to Article 6;**

1. Add the following to Paragraph C:
    a. All labor shall be performed in the best and most workmanlike manner by persons skilled in their respective assignments or trades. Workmen whose work is unsatisfactory to the Architect or the Owner, or who are considered unfit or unskilled, or otherwise objectionable, shall be dismissed upon notice from the Architect or Owner.

E. **Refer to Article 9, Paragraph D**;

1. Add the following:
    a. All submittals for color selections, to be made by the Architect for the entire project shall be submitted at the same time within 45 days from the "Notice to Proceed". Piece-meal submittals for color selection will not be permitted.
    b. Provide as follows unless otherwise specified:

1) All submittals shall be sent to the Architect no later **than 45 calendar days** from "**Notice To Proceed**" to: **submittals@mckeeassoc.com** or **Submittal Exchange** if applicable. A **Submittal Log** must accompany each submittal if using Submittals@mckeeassoc.com.

F. **Refer to Article 13;**

1. Add the following:

a. "If the bidder desires to substitute an "equal", he must secure written approval by the Architect of qualification to bid ten (10) days prior to date.

b. On all items specified as or equal substitutions must be submitted to the Architect ten (10) days prior to bid opening and Architect will act on substitution five (5) days prior to bids and notify all Contractors.

c. The request for substitutions are to be filled out completely and must be received prior to bid. Any subcontractor and/or material supplier that was not "approved" and their price is used at bid time will be the Contractors problem to absorb any cost associated with the use of a "non-approved material or equipment. If the "approval" is not listed in the addendum, then the "approval" is not accepted.

G. **Refer to Article 15**:

1. The General Contractor shall be solely responsible for all requirements under this Article.

H. **Refer to Article 16:**

2. Add the following: Article 16; General, (5)

a. **Single-Ply Roofs:** Should design or economic restrictions require the use of a single-ply elastomeric roofing system, ballasted systems of any type should be avoided.

b. **Interior Gutters:** The use of interior gutters should be avoided at all times.

c. **Protection During Application:** At no time during construction should the surface of the asphalt or coal tar pitch roofing system to be left unprotected. A glaze coat of asphalt or pitch must be applied to the surface of the membrane if the top pour or cap sheet cannot be applied during the same day.

d. **Contractor's Qualification's:** The Roofing Contract shall possess the following, or stringent, minimum qualifications: the roofing contractor must be a firm of not less than five (5) years of successful experience in installation of roof systems similar to those specified for the project and which is acceptable to or licensed by the manufacturer of the primary roofing materials.

e. **Manufacturer's Qualifications:** In specifying acceptable manufacturers or minimum quality qualifications of manufacturers, the following, or more stringent criteria should be used: The manufacturer shall have a minimum of five (5) years of experience in the manufacture of the roofing system and must also be the **original material manufacturer** of the primary roofing material.

I. Refer to Article 19:

1. In conjunction with Division of Construction Management Change Order documents provide all data required for Lathan Mckee Architects Form 0825 when submitting a Change Order Proposal

J. **Refer to Article 29, PROGRESS PAYMENTS**, paragraph "B", Schedule of Values:

1. Amend Paragraph as follows:

a. "Within ten days after receiving the Notice to Proceed the contractor shall submit to the Architect a DCM Form C-10SOV, Schedule of Values, which is a breakdown of the Contract Sum showing the value '**and category of Work with Subcontractor name(s)'** of the various parts of the Work for billing purposes."

2. Add the following:

a. The Contractor shall list the Category of Work with the Subcontractor name(s) attributable to each line item value in the column “B”, “Description of Work” line(s) of the DCM Form C-10SOV, Schedule of Values.

3. Add the following:

a. Values shall be broken down within principal contracts in amounts not greater than $30,000, but in no case greater than 5 percent of the Contract Sum.

K. **Refer to Article 32, SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION**

1. Add the following:

a. All manufacturers’ warranties shall commence on the date as set forth on the Substantial Completion Form, no exceptions.

b. Contractor shall furnish to the Architect a written letter of “notification” that all “Punch List” items have been completed prior to re-inspection.

L. **Refer to Article 35**, paragraph “D”, Special Warranties:

1. Change as follows:

a. The Contractor shall deliver to the Owner through the Architect all special or extended warranties required by the Contract Documents from the Contractor, Subcontractors, and suppliers.

M. **Refer to Article 37**:

1. The Architect shall not be liable for any damage or injury to property or any person or persons arising from the presence of/or effects of any hazardous materials or hazardous elements in any state of form in connection with the work under this Contract. All such liability shall lie with the Contractor.

N. **Refer to Article 44**;

1. Add the following: All work on this project shall be performed in accordance with the following codes:

a. 2010 ADA Standards For Accessible Design

b. 2021 International Building Code

c. 2021 International Plumbing Code

d. 2021 International Mechanical Code

e. 2021 International Fuel Gas Code

f. 2021 International Fire Code

g. 2020 National Electrical Code

h. 2019 National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code

i. ANSI/ASHRAE/IESNA Standard 90.1-2013 Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential

O. **Refer to Article 49**:

1. Liquidated damages will be assessed at a rate of 6% per annum.

2. If this contract extends thirty (30) days past Schedule Completion Date, Owner shall deduct from the Contractor's final payment, a sum equal to the additional expense incurred by the Owner for the Architect for contract administration past scheduled completion date.

END OF SECTION

State of Alabama

Disclosure Statement

(Required by Act 2001-955)

ENTITY COMPLETING FORM

ADDRESS

CITY, STATE, ZIP

TELEPHONE NUMBER ( )

STATE AGENCY/DEPARTMENT THAT WILL RECEIVE GOODS, SERVICES, OR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR GRANT AWARD

ADDRESS

CITY, STATE, ZIP

TELEPHONE NUMBER ( )

This form is provided with:

☐ Contract ☐ Proposal ☐ Request for Proposal ☐ Invitation to Bid ☐ Grant Proposal

Have you or any of your partners, divisions, or any related business units previously performed work or provided goods to any State Agency/Department in the current or last fiscal year?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, identify below the State Agency/Department that received the goods or services, the type(s) of goods or services previously provided, and the amount received for the provision of such goods or services.

STATE AGENCY/DEPARTMENT	TYPE OF GOODS/SERVICES	AMOUNT RECEIVED

Have you or any of your partners, divisions, or any related business units previously applied and received any grants from any State Agency/Department in the current or last fiscal year?

☐ Yes ☐ No

If yes, identify the State Agency/Department that awarded the grant, the date such grant was awarded, and the amount of the grant.

STATE AGENCY/DEPARTMENT	DATE GRANT AWARDED	AMOUNT OF GRANT

1. List below the name(s) and address(es) of all public officials/public employees with whom you, members of your immediate family, or any of your employees have a family relationship and who may directly personally benefit financially from the proposed transaction. Identify the State Department/Agency for which the public officials/public employees work. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

NAME OF PUBLIC OFFICIAL/EMPLOYEE	ADDRESS	STATE DEPARTMENT/AGENCY

OVER

2. List below the name(s) and address(es) of all family members of public officials/public employees with whom you, members of your immediate family, or any of your employees have a family relationship and who may directly personally benefit financially from the proposed transaction. Identify the public officials/public employees and State Department/Agency for which the public officials/public employees work. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

NAME OF FAMILY MEMBER	ADDRESS	NAME OF PUBLIC OFFICIAL/ PUBLIC EMPLOYEE	STATE DEPARTMENT/ AGENCY WHERE EMPLOYED

If you identified individuals in items one and/or two above, describe in detail below the direct financial benefit to be gained by the public officials, public employees, and/or their family members as the result of the contract, proposal, request for proposal, invitation to bid, or grant proposal. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

Describe in detail below any indirect financial benefits to be gained by any public official, public employee, and/or family members of the public official or public employee as the result of the contract, proposal, request for proposal, invitation to bid, or grant proposal. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

List below the name(s) and address(es) of all paid consultants and/or lobbyists utilized to obtain the contract, proposal, request for proposal, invitation to bid, or grant proposal:

NAME OF PAID CONSULTANT/LOBBYIST	ADDRESS

By signing below, I certify under oath and penalty of perjury that all statements on or attached to this form are true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I further understand that a civil penalty of ten percent (10%) of the amount of the transaction, not to exceed $10,000.00, is applied for knowingly providing incorrect or misleading information.

Signature Date

Notary's Signature Date Date Notary Expires

Act 2001-955 requires the disclosure statement to be completed and filed with all proposals, bids, contracts, or grant proposals to the State of Alabama in excess of $5,000.

STATE OF ALABAMA
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
REAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT
Division of Construction Management

Kay Ivey
Governor

Bill Poole
Director of Finance

P.O. Box 301150, Montgomery, AL 36130-1150
770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444, Montgomery, AL 36104
Telephone: (334) 242-4082 Fax: (334) 242-4182

Mickey Allen
Assistant Finance Director
Real Property Management

Frank Barnes, Director
Construction Management

E-Verify Memorandum of Understanding

Instructions for inclusion in project manuals.

Per DCM's May 29, 2012 bulletin *Guidance on Act 2012-491 Amending the Alabama Immigration Law*: "Contractors (including architects and engineers) will … be required to enroll in the E-Verify program and to provide documentation of enrollment in the E-Verify program with their contracts or agreements."

Upon completing enrollment in the E-Verify program available at https://www.e-verify.gov/employers/enrolling-in-e-verify, an E-Verify Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) is issued to the enrolled business. The same E-Verify MOU can be repeatedly used until any information in the business's E-Verify user profile is updated, at which time E-Verify updates the printable Company Information section of the MOU, while the original signatory information remains the same. Typically, an E-Verify MOU is 13-18 pages long depending on business type and number of employees.

DCM requires a copy of the entire current E-Verify MOU document including the completed Department of Homeland Security – Verification Division section (with name, signature and date included) to be submitted as an attachment to each Construction Contract original and to each Agreement Between Owner and Architect original.

McKEE & ASSOCIATES
ARCHITECTS, INC.

November 2023

Supplemental E-Verify Memorandum of Understanding

Contractors (including architects and engineers) will be required to enroll in the E-Verify program and to provide documentation of enrollment in the E-Verify program with their contracts or agreements per Alabama Immigration Law.

McKee and Associates Architects requires a copy of the entire current E-Verify MOU document including the completed Department of Homeland Security – Verification Division section (with name, signature and date included) to be submitted as an attachment to each Construction Contract original and to each Agreement Between Owner and Architect original.

Refer to State of Alabama E-Verify Memorandum of Understanding Instructions (Revised August 2021) with ABC Bulletin (May 29, 2012) and Revised Alabama Immigration Law Guidance for School Boards (Revised May 2012).

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
SALES AND USE TAX DIVISION
P.O. Box 327710 • Montgomery, AL 36132-7710

ST: EXC-01
6/21

Application For Sales and Use Tax Certificate of Exemption

FOR GOVERNMENT ENTITY PROJECT

This Certificate of Exemption will be limited to purchases which qualify for an exemption of sales and use taxes pursuant to Rule No. 810-6-3-.77

PROJECT INFORMATION:

PROJECT NAME	PROJECT OWNER'S FEIN (EXEMPT ENTITY)

STREET ADDRESS OF PROJECT (CITY AND COUNTY INCLUDED)	CITY	ZIP	COUNTY

APPLICANT'S INFORMATION:

RELATION: *(CHOOSE ONE)*

☐ Government Entity ☐ General Contractor ☐ Subcontractor

APPLICANT'S LEGAL NAME	FEIN

DBA	CONSUMER'S USE TAX ACCOUNT NUMBER

MAILING ADDRESS: STREET	CITY	STATE	ZIP	COUNTY

CONTACT PERSON	BUSINESS TELEPHONE NUMBER
	( )

EMAIL ADDRESS

CONTRACT SIGN DATE (PROVIDED BY GENERAL CONTRACTOR)	CONTRACT COMPLETION DATE (PROVIDED BY GENERAL CONTRACTOR)

ESTIMATED START DATE (FOR APPLICANT)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE (FOR APPLICANT)

WILL THE APPLICANT HAVE ANY SUBCONTRACTORS ON THIS JOB?	NAME OF PARTY TO THE CONTRACT
☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, please attach list.	

JOB DESCRIPTION

WILL ANY POLLUTION CONTROL EXEMPTION BE APPLICABLE?	ESTIMATED POLLUTION CONTROL COST
☐ Yes ☐ No	$

TOTAL PROJECT BID AMOUNT (APPLICANT'S PORTION OF PROJECT)	LABOR COST (APPLICANT'S PORTION OF PROJECT)	MATERIAL COST (APPLICANT'S PORTION OF PROJECT)
$	$	$

REVENUE DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

PENDING DOCUMENTATION / INFORMATION:

☐ GCL ☐ SBL ☐ Contract / NTP / LOI ☐ LOS ☐ Contract Dates / Breakdown of Costs

Contact Dates: _____ Received Date: _____

_____ Forwarded for Denial: _____

PROJECT NAME	PROJECT OWNER'S FEIN (EXEMPT ENTITY)

FORM OF OWNERSHIP:

☐ Individual ☐ Partnership ☐ Corporation ☐ Multi member LLC ☐ Single member LLC ☐ Government Entity

If applicant is a corporation, a copy of the certified certificate of incorporation, amended certificate of incorporation, certificate of authority, or articles of incorporation should be attached. If the applicant is a limited liability company or a limited liability partnership, a copy of the certified articles of organization should be attached.

OWNERSHIP INFORMATION:

Corporations – give name, title, home address, and Social Security Number of each officer.

Partnerships – give name, home address, Social Security Number or FEIN of each partner.

Sole Proprietorships – give name, home address, Social Security Number of owner.

LLC – give name, home address, and Social Security Number or FEIN of each member.

LLP – give name, home address, and Social Security Number or FEIN of each partner.

NAME *(PLEASE PRINT)* _____ SIGNATURE _____

TITLE _____ DATE _____

REVENUE DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

PENDING OTHER:

☐ Government Entity ☐ General Contractor ☐ Not on LOS

Contact Dates: _____ Received Date: _____

_____ Forwarded for Denial: _____

Examiner's Remarks _____

Examiner _____ Date _____

Instructions For Preparation of Form ST: EXC-01
Sales and Use Tax Certificate of Exemption for Government Entity Project

NOTE: Exemption Certificates will be issued as of the contract sign date or the received date of the application. If, upon receipt of the application, the project has already commenced, the certificate will be issued as of the received date of the application. Any purchases made prior to the issuance of a certificate will not be exempt.

*** **Please allow 10 to 14 business days for your application to be processed.** ***

In order to expedite the processing of your application, please include the following documentation when submitting your application:

Exempt Entity:
1. Signed Application
2. Copy of Executed/Signed Contract, Letter of Intent, Notice of Award, and/or Notice to Proceed

General Contractor:
1. Signed Application
2. Copy of Executed/Signed Contract, Letter of Intent, Notice of Award, and/or Notice to Proceed
3. List of Subcontractors
4. Alabama Board of General Contractor's License
5. State/County Business License (usually obtained through county probate office)
6. Any other municipal business licenses associated with the project

Subcontractor:
1. Signed Application
2. Alabama Board of General Contractor's License
3. State/County Business License (usually obtained through county probate office)
4. Any other municipal business licenses associated with the project
5. List of Subcontractors (if any)

General contractors and subcontractors:
- Any additions and/or deletions to the list of subcontractors working on a project must be submitted to the Department within 30 days of occurrence.
- If an extension is needed for a project, please contact the Department of Revenue at the address, number, or email listed below. Extension requests should be submitted no more than 30 days after expiration date.
- Subcontractor's Estimated Start Date should be the date they will begin working on the project and ordering materials instead of the General Contractor's Estimated Start Date for the project.

THERE IS A FILING REQUIREMENT IF YOUR APPLICATION IS APPROVED. The return will be filed through the Consumer's Use Tax account. Please see the following page for detailed instructions and general information regarding the reporting requirements.

The application and required documentation may be mailed, faxed, or emailed to the following:

Fax: (334) 353-7867

Email: STExemptionUnit@revenue.alabama.gov

Mailing Address: ATTN: Contractor's Exemption
Alabama Department of Revenue
Sales & Use Tax Division
Room 4303
PO Box 327710
Montgomery, AL 36132-7710

General Information and Instructions Regarding the Reporting Requirements for Contractors Awarded an Exemption Certificate

A contractor's exemption certificate for a Government Entity project is needed in order to purchase materials tax exempt for the qualified project. Once the exemption certificate has been applied for and awarded, there is a monthly filing requirement to report the purchases that have been made for each exempt project. The Consumer's Use (CNU) tax account is used to report the tax-exempt purchases made with each certificate for each exempt project for each month.

The consumer's use tax return must be filed for each of the months covered by the exemption certificate. (For example, if the certificate's effective date is June 29, 2014 and the expected completion date is October 1, 2014, a consumer's use tax return must be filed for each of the following months: June, July, August, September, and October.) A return MUST be filed each month to report the monthly purchases. Therefore, all active exemption certificates must be included on the monthly report even if the monthly purchases for a specific project was $0.

If a CNU tax account is not already open under the taxpayer/business name, one will automatically be assigned at the time the exemption certificate is generated. Electronic filing is required through the Department's online filing system, My Alabama Taxes (MAT). A letter containing the online filing information will be mailed to the address on file within a few days after the new CNU tax account has been assigned. This letter will contain all the information needed to create your online filing account in MAT. For questions relating to setting up the account on www.myalabamataxes.alabama.gov, please contact Business Registration at 334-242-1584 or the Sales Tax Division at 1-866-576-6531.

Once the MAT account is set up, please log in and file the monthly CNU tax return. There is a table located at the bottom left hand corner labeled "Contractor's Exemption for Government Construction Projects." All three fields in the table are required to be completed: exemption number, project number, and total amount of purchases for that specific project for the month. Additional projects may be added on the additional rows that appear as data is added; the table will allow the addition of more projects.

***Please do not use lines 1 through 9 of the return for reporting exempt project information. Leave these lines blank unless taxable purchases were made outside of the state of Alabama that need to be reported and tax remitted. (Lines 1 through 9 do not have anything to do with the exemption reporting requirements).

When the certificate expires (upon the project's completion) and the CNU tax account is no longer needed, please contact the Business Registration Unit at 334-242-1584 and close the CNU tax account. Please be advised that if there are multiple government entity projects open, the consumer's use tax account should remain open until the last project completion date. For example, if Project EXC00ABCD ends in June of 2014 but Project EXC00EFGH ends January of 2015, the CNU tax account must remain open until the end of January 2015. A return for Project EXC00EFGH must be filed all the way through January 2015.

If the applicant already has a CNU tax account and it is currently set up online, please use this account to report exempt project purchases through www.myalabamataxes.alabama.gov using the instructions provided above. The return may then be filed as usual.

***All Consumer's Use Tax returns are due on the 20th of the month following the month in which purchases were made (i.e., the return for the month of June is due July 20th, etc. There are 20 days to file the return before it is deemed late.)

***Any penalty waiver requests may be directed to the Sales and Use Tax Division at 1-866-576-6531. Only one waiver per 18 month period is allowed.

Revised December 2021

ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
REAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT
Division of Construction Management

www.dcm.alabama.gov, 334-242-4082, inspections@realproperty.alabama.gov

Department Use Only
Invoice # _____
Date Paid _____
Confirmation # _____

PERMIT FEE & PERMIT RE-INSPECTION FEE CALCULATON WORKSHEET

DCM (BC) # _____ Date _____

Project Name; Owner/Architect/Engineer Project # & Phase/Package # _____

_____

Owner Entity Name _____

Architect/Engineer Firm Name _____

Contractor Company Name _____

Select only ONE of the following:

☐ Basic Permit Fee. Fee is based on awarded contract sum.

☐ Permit Re-Inspection Flat Fee.

Awarded Contract Sum: _____

Email address(es) for Payment Receipt: _____

BASIC PERMIT FEE CALCULATION:

Awarded Contract Sum is less than $1,000: N/A

Awarded Contract Sum is $1,001 - $50,000:

Contract Sum or Shelter Estimate less $1,000= _____/1,000 x $5.00=_____+$15.00=_____

Awarded Contract Sum is $50,001 - $100,000:

Contract Sum or Shelter Estimate less $50,000= _____/1,000 x $4.00=_____+$260.00=_____

Awarded Contract Sum is $100,001 - $500,000:

Contract Sum or Shelter Estimate less $100,000= _____/1,000 x $3.00=_____+$460.00=_____

Awarded Contract Sum is $500,001 and up:

Contract Sum or Shelter Estimate less $500,000= _____/1,000 x $2.00=_____+$1,660.00=_____

PERMIT RE-INSPECTION FEE:

Flat fee of $1,500.00 per occurrence

TOTAL DUE: _____

Basic Permit Fee: Covers all required pre-construction conferences, construction inspections and certificate of substantial completion issuance by the DCM Inspector. This fee is due when a construction contract or self-performance letter is received by DCM and must be paid before the required Pre-Construction Conference is scheduled with the DCM Inspector.

Permit Re-Inspection Fee: May be charged if (A) the contractor has not completed the work required for the particular inspection as detailed in DCM Form B-8: Pre-Construction Conference Checklist, or (B) the inspection is canceled or rescheduled without the required minimum 48 hours notice to all parties.

Make check payable to: "Finance - Construction Management," include the DCM (BC) Project # on the check and attach the fee worksheet. Mail payment to: Finance - Construction Management, P.O. Box 301150, Montgomery, AL 36130-1150.

State agency inter-fund transfer and payments using Public School and College Authority (PSCA) funds: contact Jennie Jones at 334-242-4808 or jennie.jones@realproperty.alabama.gov.

Fees may be paid online at www.dcm.alabama.gov (in which case a completed fee worksheet is not required).

The Basic Permit Fee is subject to Final Reconciliation of Fees at the end of construction.

Alabama Department of Finance
Real Property Management
Division of Construction Management
770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444
Montgomery, AL 36104
(334) 242-4082, inspections@rpm.alabama.gov

DCM Form B-8
Revised October 2024

PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE CHECKLIST

The following are recommended topics to be covered during the required Pre-Construction Conference. Contact the DCM Project Inspector via DCM's Engage Portal at least fourteen (14) days prior to scheduling the conference.

**Shall be discussed while owner is present*

	*1. Name and relationship to job of local Owner personnel
	2. Public officials involved
	3. Names of architect/engineer personnel involved
	4. Provide e-mail addresses on Pre-Construction Sign-in sheet
	5. Construction sets of plans available to contractor
	6. Verify alternates accepted, etc.
	7. Approved list of sub-contractors
	*8. Point of contact for project. Project Manager _____ Job Superintendent _____
	9. Approved cost breakdown (DCM Form C-10SOV) & Progress Schedule (DCM Form C-11)
	*10. Method of approving monthly payment requests • All State Agency, PSCA-funded University, and PSCA-funded K-12 projects: payment applications must be submitted via DocuSign PowerForm links available from DCM's Engage Portal. • Fully locally-funded University and fully locally-funded K-12 projects: submit payment applications per Owner requirements.
	*11. Time Extensions
	*12. Overall phasing of job
	13. Project limits
	14. Shop drawings, time to process
	*15. Sales tax savings (Alabama Department of Revenue)
	*16. Project sign and other job signs
	17. ADEM permit, if more than one acre of land is disturbed. • Coordinate offsite storm water drainage with the authority having jurisdiction when applicable.
	18. DCM Inspection Minimum Requirements.
	19. Advance notice for required DCM inspections The contractor will notify the architect by email of the date the project will be ready for an inspection by the Division of Construction Management. Inspections must be requested via DCM's Engage Portal 14 days in advance. When the DCM Inspector confirms the inspection date and time, the architect will send an email confirming the inspection date and time to all parties as well as a copy to inspections@rpm.alabama.gov. An Outlook calendar invite is also suggested for all inspections. Cancellations of any scheduled inspection must be received in writing no later than 48 hours prior to the scheduled inspection. If the inspection is canceled, it will be rescheduled subject to the DCM Inspector's availability. Cancellations received less than 48 hours in advance shall incur a $1,500.00 re-inspection fee. If the project is not ready for the scheduled inspection, the General Contractor shall incur a $1,500.00 re-inspection fee.

20. Pre-Construction Conference: Required Attendees: DCM Inspector, Contractor, Owner, Architect, Major Subs
    - Fully-executed construction contract and Notice to Proceed
    - Verification of permit fee payment (Exception: fully locally-funded K-12 & public four-year University capital improvement, HVAC, or roof projects with an estimated cost of $750,000.00 or Less, are exempt from DCM Fees.)
    - Fire alarm contractor and fire sprinkler contractor certification (from State Fire Marshal)
    - ADEM permit, if more than one acre of land is disturbed.
    - The General Contractor to perform and furnish all work, labor, services, supervision, materials, equipment, tools, scaffolds, appliances, insurance, taxes, and other things necessary to complete the work in strict accordance with all plans, specifications, and GENERAL CONDITIONS. The Contractor shall be liable for any omissions in contractors bid proposal or any other interpretations made by contractor. All items of Work related to each are to be provided so that no gaps, omissions, or conflicts arise that prevents a complete and functioning result.
    - Contractor's duty to coordinate work of separate contractors.

21. Pre-Construction Conference for Storm Shelter: Required Attendees: DCM Inspector, Contractor, Owner, Architect, Structural Engineer, Major Subs, Special Inspections Representative
    - The completed & signed DCM Form B-15: Owner's Statement of Responsibility for Tornado Storm Shelter (Hurricane Shelter Where Applicable) must be submitted to the DCM Inspector at Pre-Construction Conference. Must be kept with Owner's storm shelter records.
    - The completed & signed DCM Form C-17: Contractor's Statement of Responsibility for Construction of Tornado Storm Shelter (Hurricane Shelter Where Applicable) along with required Quality Assurance Plan (QAP) must be submitted to DCM Inspector at Pre-Construction Conference.
    - The completed and signed DCM Form B-14: Certification of Structural Observations from the Structural Engineer of Record must be attached to the Certificate of Substantial Completion form via DocuSign link available from DCM's Engage Portal.
    - Storm Shelter Impact-protective systems Listing and labeling: Impact-protective systems shall be listed and labeled.
      Marking: The following function and performance characteristics shall be provided on the label for each impact protective system tested:
      1. Manufacturer’s identification reference or listing number for the assembly.
      2. Type of impact-protective system, such as window assembly, door assembly shutter assembly or louver.
      3. Hazard: hurricane, tornado, or both.
      4. Missile weight and speed.
      5. Design wind pressure.
      6. Edition of ICC 500.

22. Pre-Roofing Conference: Required Attendees: DCM Inspector, Contractor, Owner, Architect, Roofing Sub, Roofing Manufacturer’s Representative
    - This conference shall be conducted by the design professional as described in Chapter 5, Section C.4 of the DCM Manual of Procedures.
    - Roofing submittals must be approved by the architect prior to pre-roofing conference.
    - Roofing manufacturer must provide documentation that roof design and roofing materials meet code requirements for wind uplift and impact resistance.
    - Copy of sample roof warranty – Note: Standard manufacturer's roofing guarantees which contain language regarding the governing of the guarantee by any state other than the State of Alabama, must be amended to exclude such language, and substituting the requirement that the Laws of the State of Alabama shall govern all such guarantees.
    - Contractor shall video existing building interior and exterior prior to roofing operations and provide copy to owner.
    - General Contractor’s Roofing Guarantee and Manufacturer’s Roofing Warrantees must be presented to DCM Inspector at Final Inspection and submitted with Certificate of Substantial Completion for all projects via DocuSign PowerForm links available from DCM’s Engage Portal.

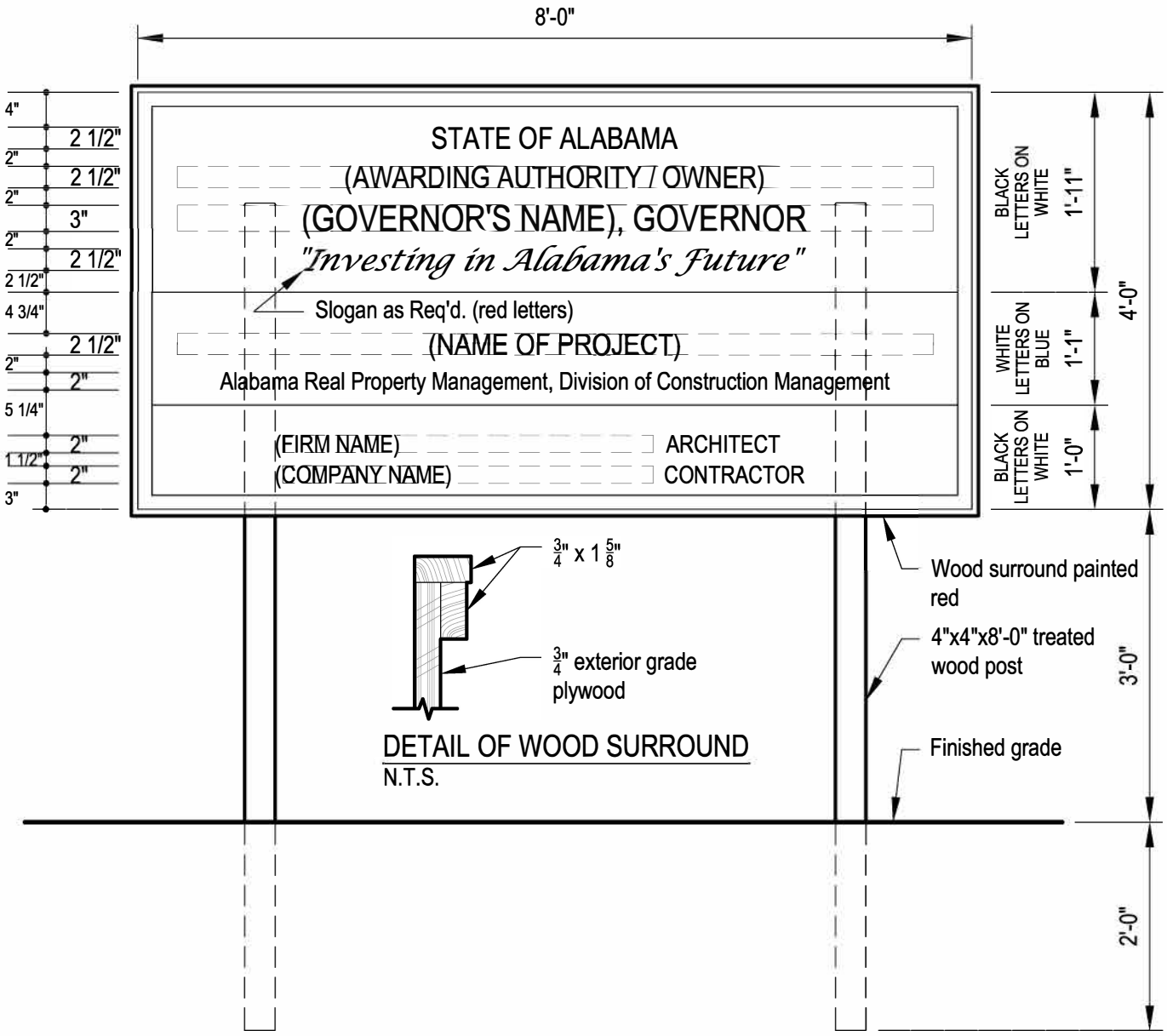
	23. Above Ceiling Inspections: Required Attendees: DCM Inspector, Contractor, Owner, Architect, MEP Engineers, Major Subs • All work must be completed except for installation of ceiling tiles, and/or hard ceilings. • Space must be conditioned. • Permanent power must be connected unless otherwise arranged with the DCM Inspector. • Grease duct must be inspected and approved by the DCM Inspector prior to fire wrapping and above-ceiling inspection.
	24. Life Safety Inspections and Final Inspection: Required Attendees: DCM Inspector, Contractor, Owner, Architect, Engineers, Major Subs, Local Fire Marshal • Fire alarm certification • Kitchen hood fire suppression system certification • General contractor's 5-year roofing guarantee (DCM Form C-9) • Roofing manufacturer's warranty • Above ground and below ground sprinkler certifications • Completed certificate of structural engineer's observations (for storm shelter) • Emergency and exit lighting tests. • Fire alarm must be monitored. • Elevator inspection completed and certificate of operation provided by the State of Alabama Department of Labor • Boiler/vessels inspection completed, and certificate of operation provided by the State of Alabama Department of Labor • Pressure test/Flush test for underground sprinkler lines (witnessed by local fire marshal, fire chief and/or DCM Inspector) • Flush/pressure test for new and/or existing fire hydrants • Must have clear egress/access and emergency (for first responders) access to building • Must have ADA access completed. • Comply with ADA requirements: plumbing fixture heights, toilet partition widths, turnaround, signage, parking lot striping and signage, etc. • Emergency Responder Radio Coverage
	25. Year-End Inspection: Required Attendees: DCM Inspector, Contractor, Owner, Architect, Engineers and/or Major Subs may be required. • Owner's list of documented warranty items • Reconciliation of user fees with DCM shall be completed prior to inspection
	26. Other inspections required before work is covered
	27. Third-party inspections/special inspections. Structural components, Roofing, Geotechnical, Commissioning, lab tests, etc.
	28. Procedure if bad soil or rock is encountered: Geotech and special inspections
	29. Inspection report distribution – weekly per Owner-Architect Agreement. All site inspections and observations are to be recorded and transmitted to the DCM Inspector via DCM's Engage Portal. The design professional must also concisely report any deficiencies encountered, problems or questions raised by the contractor, instructions or answers given to the contractor, and administrative or construction delays observed. The design professional must endeavor to write his or her reports utilizing descriptions of components and areas that are consistent with descriptions contained in the plans and specifications so that the "third-party reader" can understand what is being discussed and where it is located in the project. Photographs may be included for clarity. Keep photos to a minimum. Each report shall also be distributed by the design professional to the Owner and contractor promptly after conducting an inspection so that all parties are kept current regarding events on the project.
	30. Ready mix plant, file delivery tickets, slump tests, cylinders. Quality of concrete work; concrete testing
	31. Light gauge metal roof framing and/or wood truss framing to be inspected by the structural engineer.

	32. Record Drawings and As-Built Drawings: Contractor will maintain a set of drawings designated solely for As-Built Drawings to satisfy its closeout requirements. Contractor/Subcontractor shall, on a weekly basis, record all changes, revisions, modifications, additions, etc. to accurately reflect its completed work.
	33. Protection Of the Work: The General Contractor shall carefully secure and protect the work and all materials, equipment, or work of Sub-Contractors and others in the vicinity of the work and shall be liable for any loss or damage that results from Contractor`s failure to do so.
	*34. Use of site and existing building, access drive, signs
	*35. Conduct of contractor's personnel: No interaction with staff and/or students. No foul language, no smoking or use of tobacco products, no drugs, and no firearms on school property.
	*36. Use of existing toilets
	*37. Coordinate any utilities supplied by Owner
	*38. Coordinate outages and work in existing building with Owner
	*39. Keeping existing exit paths open
	*40. Routine job clean-up to be perform daily. Clean-up areas where work is performed including paths of access/egress utilized by Contractor's personnel and equipment. All generated waste and debris will be placed in dumpsters or other containment boxes.
	41. O.S.H.A. - Report all accidents - safety General Contractor's responsibility
	42. Contractor is reminded of obligation to comply with the Alabama Child Labor Law and E-Verify
	43. Building location relative to critical property line, easement, setback, etc.
	44. Surveyor to check foundation wall if location critical
	45. Verify sanitary outfall before committing floor level
	46. Procedure if bad soil or rock is encountered: Geotech and special inspections
	47. Stockpiling topsoil
	48. Protecting trees
	49. Soil Treatment, mix on site in presence of Job Superintendent
	50. What is expected of masonry work, mortar additive
	51. Problems with hollow metal - install proper fire labels
	52. Potential conflict of mechanical and electrical equipment; shop drawings
	53. Return air plenums (no combustibles)
	54. Fire damper installation issues
	55. Kraft-faced insulation is not to be installed exposed.
	56. Coordinate with local fire authority to assure access to the building for firefighting equipment during construction and before final acceptance. Provide fire extinguishers as required.
	57. Comply with fire hydrant requirement; coordinate with local Fire Authority or State Fire Marshal.
	*58. Certificate of Substantial Completion/Final Inspection All projects: Certificate must be activated via DocuSign link after final inspection and receipt of DCM Inspector's report. The correct DocuSign link is available from DCM's Engage Portal.
	59. Release of retainage – 30 days to complete punch list and closeout
	*60. Project Closeout - precedes Final Payment a. Warranties b. Operating and Maintenance Manuals c. As-built Drawings d. Other requirements

	61. Advertisement of Completion - start ad after substantial completion a. for projects less than $100,000.00, Advertisement of Completion is not required. b. for projects $100,000.00 or more, Contractor advertises for 3 weeks. The contractor can publish a notice using one or more of the following methods: • In a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties in which the work, or some portion thereof, has been done. • On a website that is maintained by a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties in which the work, or some portion thereof, has been done. • On a website utilized by the awarding authority for publishing notices. • If no newspaper is published in the county in which the work was done, and if the awarding authority does not utilize a website for the purpose of publishing notices, the notice may be given by posting at the courthouse for 30 days, and proof of the posting of the notice shall be given by the awarding authority and the contractor.

DETAIL OF PROJECT SIGN

N.T.S.



DETAIL OF WOOD SURROUND

N.T.S.

Notes:

1. Fully locally-funded State Agency and Public University projects: DCM Form C-15 must be included in the project manual regardless of expected bid amount. If the awarded contract sum is $100,000.00 or more, Contractor shall furnish and erect a project sign.
   Fully locally-funded K-12 school projects: Project sign is not required unless requested by Owner, if project sign is requested by Owner, include DCM Form C-15 in the project manual.
   Partially or fully PSCA-funded projects: DCM Form C-15 must be included in the project manual. Contractor shall furnish and erect a project sign for all PSCA-funded projects, regardless of contract sum. "Alabama Public School and College Authority " as well as the local owner entity must be included as awarding authorities on the project sign of all PSCA-funded projects. Exception: Alabama Community College System (ACCS) PSCA-funded projects with Notice-To-Proceeds issued after July 31, 2021 are not submitted to DCM.
   Fully locally-funded ACCS projects with Notice-To-Proceeds issued prior to August 1, 2021: DCM Form C-15 must be included in the project manual regardless of expected bid amount. If the awarded contract sum is $100,000.00 or more, Contractor shall furnish and erect a project sign.
2. Sign to be constructed of ¾" exterior grade plywood.
3. Paint with two coats best grade exterior paint before letters are painted. Option: In lieu of painted lettering on plywood, a corrugated plastic sign (displaying the same lettering, layout and colors as above) may be secured directly to the unpainted exterior grade plywood.
4. Sign shall be placed in a prominent location and easily readable from existing street or roadway.
5. Sign shall be maintained in good condition until project completion.
6. Slogan: Act 2020-167's title *"Investing In Alabama's Future"* should be placed on the project signs of all PSCA-funded projects, otherwise the Awarding Authority/Owner's slogan, if any, should be used. If the Awarding Authority/Owner of a fully locally-funded project does not have a slogan, the project sign does not require a slogan.

DCM Form C-10
Revised July 2022

DCM (BC) No. _____

PSCA Projects: PSCA No. _____

Application No. _____

Date: _____

APPLICATION and CERTIFICATE for PAYMENT

Attach DCM Form C-10SOV: Schedule of Values

TO OWNER: Entity Name: Address:	PROJECT:
FROM CONTRACTOR: Company Name & Address, which must exactly match co. name & payment address spelling as registered in State of AL Accounting & Resource System (STAARS) or AL Buys to avoid rejection: STAARS or AL Buys Vendor #:	ARCHITECT / ENGINEER: Firm Name: Address:

A. Total Original Contract	$
B. Fully Executed (fully signed) Change Order(s) Numbers __ through __	+$ _____
C. Total Contract To Date	$

1. Work Completed to Date per attached Schedule of Values *(Form C-10SOV's Column F Total)*		$
2. Materials Presently Stored *(When this amount is greater than $0.00, attach Form C-10SM: Inventory of Stored Materials, or similar list)*		+$ _____
3. Total Work Completed to Date & Materials Presently Stored *(_____% of Contract To Date)*		$
4. Less Retainage *(If Total Work Completed to Date & Materials Presently Stored (#3) is less than or equal to 50% of Total Contract to Date (C), Retainage = #3 x 0.05. Once #3 exceeds 50% of C and up until project is complete, Retainage = C x 0.025. $0 is retained on final payment application, see last bullet point below Instructions.)*	Final pay app? ☐ Yes.	−$ _____
5. Total Due		$
6. Less Total Previous Payments Billed *(Must exactly match #5 Total Due from previous payment application. # 6 is $0.00 if there is no previous payment application)*		−$ _____
7. Balance Due This Estimate		$

CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION

The undersigned Contractor certifies that to the best of his knowledge, information, and belief the Work covered by this Application for Payment has been completed in accordance with the Contract Documents, that all amounts have been paid by him for Work for which previous Certificates for Payments were issued and payments received from the Owner and that current payment shown herein has not yet been received.

By: _____ Date: _____
Contractor's Signature

Name & Title _____

Sworn and subscribed before me this _____ day of _____
Day Month, Year

Seal:

_____
Notary Public's Signature

ARCHITECT'S / ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION

In accordance with the Contract Documents, the Architect/ Engineer certifies to the Owner that, to the best of the Architect's/ Engineer's knowledge and belief, the Work has progressed to the point indicated herein, the quality of the Work is in accordance with the Contract Documents, and the Contractor is entitled to payment of the amount approved.

By _____
Architect's / Engineer's Signature

Name & Title _____

Date _____

INSTRUCTIONS

- PSCA-funded projects, and State Agency-owned projects: Two copies of pay. app., each with original signatures and all attachments required.
- Date of first payment application cannot precede the Notice to Proceed's Begin Date.
- Pay. app. must exactly match an attached DCM Form C-10SOV: Schedule of Values.
- A change order must be fully executed before inclusion on a payment application.
- Contractor's signature date cannot precede the payment application date.
- Contractor and Notary signee dates must match.
- Progress schedules must be included with non-final payment applications.
- One payment application per month may be submitted.
- On a final payment application, the following is required for release of retainage: all change orders must be fully executed (signed by all parties and approval authorities) and included in B., the Certificate of Substantial Completion for entire work is fully executed, and all other close-out requirements per General Conditions Article 34 are completed.

APPROVAL

_____
Owner Entity

By _____
Signature

Name & Title _____

Date _____

SCHEDULE OF VALUES (SOV)

DCM Form C-10SOV
Revised October 2021

Project:	DCM (BC) Project Number:
	PSCA Project Number, if any:
Contractor Company:	Application Number:
	Application Date:
	Period From: / Period To:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Item No.	Description of Work	Scheduled Value (including fully executed [signed by all parties] change order amounts)	Work Completed: Work Previously Completed (Previous pay app SOV's column F. D is $0 if this SOV is for first pay app.)	Work Completed: Work Completed This Period (Period as noted above)	Total Work Completed to Date (This application SOV's D + E)	Materials Presently Stored (G total greater than $0 must match C-10SM's column E total. This SOV's G amounts are not in this SOV's D nor E amounts.)	Total Work Completed to Date & Materials Presently Stored (This SOV's F + G)	Percent of Contract Completed to Date (This SOV's H / C)	Retainage (This column's Total's cell formula calculates the applicable variable rate)
1.					$ -		$ -		Retainage Variable Rate:
2.					$ -		$ -		
3.					$ -		$ -		
4.					$ -		$ -		If Total Work Completed to Date & Materials Presently Stored (H) is less than or equal to 50% of Total Scheduled Value (C), Retainage = H x 0.05.
5.					$ -		$ -		
6.					$ -		$ -		
7.					$ -		$ -		
8.					$ -		$ -		
9.					$ -		$ -		
10.					$ -		$ -		
11.					$ -		$ -		
12.					$ -		$ -		
13.					$ -		$ -		
14.					$ -		$ -		
15.					$ -		$ -		Once H exceeds 50% of C and up until project is complete, Retainage = C x 0.025.
16.					$ -		$ -		
17.					$ -		$ -		
18.					$ -		$ -		
19.					$ -		$ -		
20.					$ -		$ -		
21.					$ -		$ -		There will be no retainage on final payment application.
22.					$ -		$ -		
23.					$ -		$ -		
24.					$ -		$ -		
25.					$ -		$ -		
	TOTALS:	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -		$ -
This pay app SOV's column totals must match amounts in this pay app Form C-10 per the following indicated Form C-10 line #s:		C.	None	None	1.	2.	3.	3.	4.

Note: If this SOV's column G: Materials Presently Stored includes any amounts other than $0, then DCM Form C-10SM: Inventory of Stored Materials with back-up receipts must be submitted as part of the payment application documentation.

INVENTORY OF STORED MATERIALS

DCM Form C-10SM
Revised October 2021

Project:	DCM (BC) No.:
	PSCA No, if any:
Contractor Company:	For Estimate No.:
	For Period Ending:

A	B	C	D	E
Description	**Materials Stored Last Period**	**Materials Purchased This Period (period noted above)**	**Materials Used This Period (period noted above)**	**Materials Presently Stored (B + C - D)**
TOTALS:				

Instructions :

· This Form C-10SM must be submitted as part of the payment application documentation when a Materials Presently Stored amount of anything greater than $0 is noted on line 2 of DCM Form C-10: Application and Certificate for Payment.

· Receipts must be provided as attachments to this form C-10SM for all amounts placed in Column C: Materials Purchased This Period.

· The total $ amount of this Form C-10SM's column E: Materials Presently Stored must match both Form C-10's line 2: Materials Presently Stored, and Form C-10SOV: Schedule of Values' total $ amount of Column G: Materials Presently Stored.

· The $ amounts in this current Form C-10SM's Column D: Materials Used This Period are amounts that must all be included in the current payment application's Form C-10SOV's Column E: Work Completed This Period.

· The $ amounts in this current Form C-10SM's Column E: Materials Presently Stored are the amounts that must be listed in the next payment application's Form C-10SM's Column B: Materials Stored Last Period.

SAMPLE PROGRESS SCHEDULE & REPORT	CONTRACTOR (Contractor may use own form in lieu of Form C-11):	DATE OF REPORT:
DCM (BC) No.:		
PSCA projects: PSCA No.:		PROCEED DATE:
PROJECT:	ARCHITECT/ENGINEER:	PROJECTED COMPLETION DATE:

	WORK DIVISION	%	AMOUNT													
1.	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS															
2.	SITEWORK															
3.	CONCRETE															
4.	MASONRY															
5.	METALS															
6.	WOOD AND PLASTIC															100%
7.	THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION															90%
8.	DOORS AND WINDOWS															80%
9.	FINISHES															70%
10.	SPECIALTIES															60%
11.	EQUIPMENT															50%
12.	FURNISHINGS															40%
13.	SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION															30%
14.	CONVEYING SYSTEMS															20%
15.	MECHANICAL															10%
16.	ELECTRICAL															0%
TOTAL ORIG. CONTRACT		100%														
ANTICIPATED DRAW IN $1,000																
ACTUAL DRAW IN $1,000																

LEGEND: ANTICIPATED ACTIVITY — ACTUAL ACTIVITY — ANTICIPATED CASH FLOW — ACTUAL CASH FLOW

USE ADDITIONAL SHEETS IF JOB IS SCHEDULED OVER 12 MONTHS.

DCM Form C-11 August 2021

Alabama Department of Finance
Real Property Management
Division of Construction Management
770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444
Montgomery, Alabama 36104
(334) 242-4082 (phone)

DCM Form B-12
Revised July 2022

CHANGE ORDER CHECKLIST

For use with DCM Form C-12 and DCM Form 9-J

WHICH FORM DO YOU USE?

Use **DCM Form C-12** for contracts of state agencies and departments and State Department of Education (SDE) projects. Also use for ACCS projects with Notice-to-Proceeds issued prior to August 1, 2021.
Use **DCM Form 9-J** for contracts of projects partially or fully Public School and College Authority (PSCA)-funded, except for ACCS projects with Notice-To-Proceeds issued after July 31, 2021. Include a completed **DCM Form B-11:** Change Order Justification with each copy of either DCM Forms C-12 or 9-J.

Verify that the following information is inserted in the spaces provided on the CONTRACT CHANGE ORDER form, or attached to the form where attachments are noted to be acceptable or obviously necessary. Do not staple forms; use clips.

1.	**CHANGE ORDER NUMBER:** Insert current change order number.
2.	**DATE:** Insert date.
3.	**DCM (BC) PROJECT NUMBER:** Insert DCM Project Number in the block provided at top of document.
4.	**CONTRACTOR** Insert name and address of the Contractor, exactly as they appear on the Construction Contract.
5.	**NAME OF PROJECT:** Under "Project", insert the complete name of the project as identified in the bid documents. If using DCM Form 9-J, insert the PSCA Project Number in the space provided.
6.	**CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSALS:** Under "TERMS", identify the change order proposals submitted by the contractor that are being addressed by the Contract Change Order. Identify these proposals by inserting their dates.
7.	**DESCRIPTION OF THE CHANGE(S) IN WORK:** Fully describe the change or changes to the original contract work for which the Construction Contract is being modified. This description should be written so that a reader of the document who is not directly involved in the project can understand what is being changed. If the space provided on the form is inadequate for such a description, use attachments and cite them.
8.	**CONTRACT AND CHANGE ORDER AMOUNTS:** Insert the applicable dollar amounts to record the original contract sum, change orders, and the currently revised contract sum.
9.	**EXTENSION OF TIME:** If the Contract Time is being extended by the Contract Change Order, insert appropriate number of **calendar days** in the space provided. If the Contract Time is not being extended, insert "NONE".
10.	**RESPONSIBILITY FOR CHANGE ORDER FUNDING - DCM Form 9-J ONLY:** The authority responsible for funding the change order is to be identified in the following sentence in the form,: "The amount of this Change Order will be the responsibility of _____." Insert whichever is appropriate: (1) "PSCA", (2) name of LEA, or (3) "PSCA" and name of LEA.
11.	**SIGNATURES:** The signature spaces for State Agency, PSCA and fully locally-funded Alabama Community College System projects are different from each other. Download the appropriate document per Owner/project type from www.dcm.alabama.gov/forms.aspx. Before submitting a Contract Change Order to DCM, the document must be signed by the contractor, surety (for additive change orders only), design professional and owner (local owner or using agency). Signature by the surety is not necessary on deductive change orders or change orders involving only extensions of time. If the cumulative change order amount exceeds 10% of the original contract amount then the Owner's legal consultant must sign DCM Form B-11: Change Order Justification.
12.	**ATTACHMENTS:** To each of the three (3) copies (with original signatures) of the Contract Change Order form, attach with clips (do not staple): a. Contractor's change order proposals and/or invoices providing a detailed breakdown of change order costs. General Contractors (GC) must include subcontractors' (sub) quotes as backup. All GC and sub quotes must be broken down by labor (hours and rates), materials including quantities and unit prices (with receipts or quotes attached), equipment whether rented or owned (with receipts or quotes attached), and Overhead & Profit (OH&P). 1. Total OH&P can be a maximum of 25% divided between GC and subs; GC can have a maximum of 15% OH&P (in which case a sub could have up to 10% OH&P). See General Conditions- Article #19. 2. Sales tax cannot be included in change orders. 3. Deductive change orders also require backup including breakdown of labor and material, and must also deduct OH&P if included in original bid. Include specification section regarding allowances. b. **POWER OF ATTORNEY** for the individual signing the Contract Change Order for the surety. c. **DCM Form B-11, CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION:** completed and signed by the design professional and owner.

This form is provided solely for the purpose of inclusion in the project manual. A Construction Contract for fully locally-funded K-12 projects must be initiated via the appropriate DocuSign link from DCM's Engage Portal at https://engagealabamarpm.facilityforce.cloud by the Lead Design Professional Firm.

DCM Form C-12 (fully locally-funded K-12 school project)
revised October 2024
A Change Order is not valid without an accompanying completed Change Order Justification (DCM Form B-11).

CONTRACT CHANGE ORDER

Change Order No. _____ **Date** _____ **DCM (BC) No.** _____

TO: (*Contractor*) Co. Name: Address:	**PROJECT:**

TERMS: You are hereby authorized, subject to the provisions of your Contract for this project, to make the following changes thereto in accordance with your proposal(s) dated _____

_____.

FURNISH the necessary labor, materials, and equipment to (*Description of work to be done or changes to be made. If the description is continued in an attachment, identify the attachment below; only use an attachment if fields below become full.):*

Description continued from Page 1:

ORIGINAL CONTRACT SUM $ _____

NET TOTAL OF PREVIOUS CHANGE ORDERS $ _____

PREVIOUS REVISED CONTRACT SUM $ _____

THIS CHANGE ORDER WILL INCREASE DECREASE THE CONTRACT SUM BY $ _____

REVISED CONTRACT SUM, INCLUDING THIS CHANGE ORDER $ _____

EXTENSION OF TIME resulting from this Change Order None *or* _____ Calendar days.

The Owner does hereby certify that this Change Order was executed in accordance with the provisions of Title 39, Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended.

_____
Architectural/Engineering Firm

Recommended By _____

Name & Title _____

APPROVAL

ALABAMA STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (SDE)

(Required for locally-funded, SDE projects.)

By _____ Date: _____
State Superintendent of Education

CONTRACTING PARTIES

_____
Contractor Company

By _____

Name & Title _____

_____
Awarding Authority/Owner Entity

By _____

Name & Title _____

CONSENT OF SURETY (for additive $ change orders only)

_____
Surety Company

By _____
(Attach current Power of Attorney)

Name & Title _____

Routing of the Construction Contract to reviewers and e-signers is automated through DocuSign. DocuSign links for fully locally-funded contract documents are available from DCM's Engage Portal at https://engagealabama-rpm.facilityforce.cloud

TO: **Alabama Department of Finance**
Real Property Management
Division of Construction Management
770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444
Montgomery, Alabama 36104
(334) 242-4082 FAX (334) 242-4182

CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION

Purpose and instructions on next page.
Do not staple this form and/or attachments; use clips.

Change Order No. _____

Date: _____

DCM (BC) No. _____

(A)

PROJECT NAME & LOCATION:	OWNER ENTITY NAME & ADDRESS:
CONTRACTOR COMPANY NAME & ADDRESS:	ARCHITECTURAL / ENGINEERING FIRM NAME & ADDRESS:

(B) **DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED CHANGE(S):** **ATTACH CONTRACTOR'S DETAILED COST PROPOSAL(s)**

AMOUNT: ☐ **ADD** ☐ **DEDUCT $_____** **TIME EXTENSION: _____ CALENDAR DAYS**

(C)

ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT		PREVIOUS C.O.'s _____ THRU _____		CONTRACT AMOUNT PRIOR TO PROPOSED CHANGE ORDER
$_____	+	$_____	=	$_____

(D) **JUSTIFICATION FOR NEED OF CHANGE(S):**

(E) **JUSTIFICATION OF CHANGE ORDER vs. COMPETITIVE BID:**

(F) **ARCHITECT / ENGINEER'S EVALUATION OF PROPOSED COST:**

(G)

CHANGE ORDER RECOMMENDED	CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFIED AND APPROVED
_____ ARCHITECTURAL / ENGINEERING FIRM NAME	_____ LOCAL OWNER ENTITY NAME
By: _____ ARCHITECT / ENGINEER'S SIGNATURE	By: _____ OWNER'S SIGNATURE
By: _____ OWNER'S PROJECT REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE	By: _____ OWNER'S LEGAL COUNSEL'S SIGNATURE

CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION: PURPOSE and INSTRUCTIONS

PURPOSE

The awarding of work through an existing contract may potentially conflict with, or violate, the "Competitive Bid Laws" of the State of Alabama. **The determination of legality of Change Orders rests with the Awarding Authority and its legal advisor.** In a June 15, 1979, Opinion, the Office of the Attorney General offered guidelines for making such determinations in conjunction with considering the facts and merits of each situation. The purpose of the CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION is to provide a means through which the Awarding Authority considers these guidelines and the intent of the "Competitive Bid Laws" when authorizing Change Orders. Pursuant to these guidelines, the following types of changes meet the criteria for awarding work through Change Orders in lieu of through the Competitive Bid process:

I. Minor Changes for a monetary value less than required for competitive bidding.

II. Changes for matters relatively minor and incidental to the original contract necessitated by unforeseeable circumstances arising during the course of the work.

III. Emergencies arising during the course of the work of the contract.

IV. Bid alternates provided for in the original bidding where there is no difference in price of the change order from the original best bid on the alternate.

V. Changes of relatively minor items not contemplated when the plans and specifications were prepared and the project was bid which are in the public interest and which do not exceed 10% of the contract price.

Under these guidelines the cumulative total of Change Orders, including any negotiations to bring the original contract price within the funds available, would become questionable if the total of such changes and negotiations exceed 10% of the original contract price. These guidelines are not intended to interfere with the Awarding Authority's good faith discretion to respond to specific situations in the public's best interest. If the cumulative change order amount exceeds 10% of the original contract amount then the Owner's legal consultant must sign the Change Order Justification prior to submission to the Division of Construction Management (DCM).

INSTRUCTIONS

The CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION is to be prepared by the design professional, who has evaluated the fairness and reasonableness of the proposed cost of the change(s) and recommends that the proposed Change Order be executed. The fully executed Form B-11: CHANGE ORDER JUSTIFICATION must accompany the proposed DCM Form C-12: Change Order. Instructions for completing the B-11 form are:

1. Insert the proposed Change Order Number, date of the Justification, and DCM (BC) Project Number in the spaces provided in the upper right-hand corner.

2. **Section (A):** Insert the complete name and address of the PROJECT, OWNER, CONTRACTOR, AND ARCHITECT/ENGINEER.

3. **Section (B)**: Provide a complete description of the proposed changes in work, referring to and attaching revised specifications and/or drawings as appropriate. An attachment may be used if additional space is needed, but insert the proposed amount and time extension of the change(s) in the spaces provided. **Attached a copy of the contractor's detailed cost proposal.**

4. **Section (C**): Insert the Original Contract amount, the net increase or decrease of previous Change Orders, and the Current Contract amount (preceding the currently proposed Change Order).

5. **Section (D):** Explain why it is necessary, or in the public's interest, to make the proposed change(s) to the Work.

6. **Section (E)**: Explain why award of the changed work to the existing contractor instead of awarding the work under the competitive bid process is justified.

7. **Section (F)**: The design professional must state his evaluation of the reasonableness and fairness of the proposed costs based upon his review of the contractor's proposal.

8. **Section (G)**: The design professional must recommend the Change Order to the Owner by signing the document; the Owner may require such recommendation from other individuals. The Owner must sign the document indicating that they believe change order action in lieu of the competitive bid process is justified for the proposed change(s). **Review of the matter and signing of the document by the Owner's legal counsel is highly recommended. If the cumulative change order amount exceeds 10% of the original contract amount then the Owner's legal consultant must sign the Change Order Justification prior to submission to DCM.**

CHANGE PROPOSAL RECAP SHEET

Project Name : _____ Date : _____

Arch# Project Number : _____

Contractor Name : _____ Initiated By : Owner/Architect ☐

Reference Change Proposal Request Number : _____ (Check One) Contractor ☐

Subcontractor ☐

Brief Description of Proposed Change : _____

GENERAL CONTRACTOR Direct Cost Summary (Attach Supplemental Sheets as necessary)

Item / Description *	Quantity	Unit	Amount					
			Unit $	Material	Unit $	Labor	Unit $	Equipment
		Sub Totals :		$ -		$ -		$ -

Material :	$ -
Labor :	$ -
Equipment :	$ -
General Contractor Subtotal :	$ -

SUBCONTRACTOR Direct Cost Summary (Attach Supplemental Sheets as necessary)

Item / Description *	Quantity	Unit	Amount							
			Unit $	Material	Unit $	Labor	Unit $	Equipment	Unit $	Sub-sub
		Sub Totals :		$ -		$ -		$ -		$ -

Material :	$ -
Labor :	$ -
Equipment :	$ -
Sub-sub :	$ -
Subcontractor Subtotal :	$ -

UNIT PRICE Cost Summary (Attach Supplemental Sheets as necessary)

Item / Description *	Quantity	Unit	Amount	
			Unit $	Total Unit Price
		Sub Totals :		$ -

Unit Price Subtotal :	$ -

Mark-up Calculations

Subcontractors Subtotal :	$ -		
General Contractor Subtotal :	$ -		
Unit Price Subtotal :	$ -		
TOTAL Direct Cost :	$ -		
** General OH&P on Own Work :	$ -	15%	Amount not to exceed 15%, see Article 19 of the General Conditions
** Total OH&P on Sub Work :	$ -	25%	Amount not to exceed 25%, see Article 19 of the General Conditions

TOTAL COST CHANGE **$ -** Add ☐ Deduct ☐

***** TOTAL TIME CHANGE** _____ Calendar Days (Critical paths impact only)

* Materials permanently installed in the building shall be sales tax free.

** "Overhead" shall cover the Contractor's indirect costs of the change, such as the cost of bonds, superintendent and other job office personnel, watchman, job office, job

office supplies and expenses, temporary facilities and utilities, and home office expenses.
*** Any requests for additional time are only considered if the critical path of the project is extended. Attach additional pages with explanation of how the change affects the critical path of the project.

TO: **Alabama Department of Finance**
Real Property Management
Division of Construction Management
770 Washington Avenue, Suite 444
Montgomery, AL 36130-1150
(334) 242-4082

DCM Form C-13
revised October 2024;
(Must be activated via DocuSign link from DCM's Engage Portal)

CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

ROUTING PROCEDURES *ON NEXT PAGE*

DCM (BC) No. _____

OWNER ENTITY NAME AND ADDRESS:	**ARCHITECTURAL / ENGINEERING FIRM NAME AND ADDRESS:**
Email to receive executed copy: _____	Email to receive executed copy: _____
CONTRACTOR COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS:	**BONDING COMPANY NAME AND ADDRESS:**
Email to receive executed copy: _____	Email to receive executed copy: _____
PROJECT:	

Substantial Completion has been achieved for ☐ the entire Work ☐ the following portion of the Work:

_____

_____.

The **Date of Substantial Completion** of the Work covered by this certificate is established to be _____.

"Substantial Completion" means the designated Work is sufficiently complete, in accordance with the Contract Documents, such that the Owner may occupy or utilize the Work for its intended use without disruption or interference by the Contractor in completing or correcting any remaining unfinished Work. The Date of Substantial Completion is the date upon which all warranties for the designated Work commence, unless otherwise agreed and recorded herein.

Punch List: A _____ page list of items to be completed or corrected prior to the Owner's approval of Final Payment is attached hereto, but does not alter the Contractor's responsibility to complete or correct all Work in full compliance with the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall complete or correct all items on the attached list, ready for re-inspection for Final Acceptance, within 30 days after the above Date of Substantial Completion, unless another date is stated here: _____. If completed or corrected within this period, warranties of these items commence on the Date of Substantial Completion, otherwise such warranties commence on the date of Final Acceptance of each item.

Only <u>one</u> (1) originally executed substantial completion form shall be routed for signature. DCM office will mail the fully-executed original to the Owner and email copies to all parties.

RECOMMENDED BY *(signature and email address required)*:	
ARCHITECT/ENGINEER: _____	DATE: _____
CONTRACTING PARTIES:	
CONTRACTOR: _____	DATE: _____
OWNER: _____	DATE: _____
_____	DATE: _____
APPROVALS:	
DCM INSPECTOR: _____	DATE: _____
DCM CHIEF INSPECTOR: _____	DATE: _____
DCM DIRECTOR: _____	DATE: _____

CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION ROUTING PROCEDURE

Only one (1) substantial completion form shall be routed for e-signatures, via DocuSign link from DCM's Engage Portal at: https://engagealabama-rpm.facilityforce.cloud

NOTICE

THE EXECUTED "GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S ROOFING GUARANTEE" (DCM Form C-9) AND ANY OTHER ROOFING WARRANTY REQUIRED BY THE CONTRACT MUST ACCOMPANY THIS CERTIFICATE TO OBTAIN DCM APPROVAL.

Also, any standard manufacturer's roofing guarantees which contain language regarding the governing of the guarantee by any state other than the State of Alabama, must be amended to exclude such language, and substituting the requirement that the Laws of the State of Alabama shall govern all such guarantees.

DCM Form B-13
Revised October 2024

FINAL PAYMENT CHECKLIST (FPC)

To be completed by the Architect/Engineer and submitted to DCM for review via the correct DocuSign link from the Engage Portal; applicable only to state agencies, partially or fully PSCA-funded and other bond-funded projects. The FPC shall include all attachments including the Contractor's Application for Final Payment. If all PSCA funds are expended prior to Final Payment, it is not a requirement to submit the Application & Certificate for Final Payment along with the supporting documentation to DCM.

(For further guidance refer to Article 34/Final Payment of DCM Form C-8: General Conditions of the Contract.)

PROJECT:	**DCM No.** _____ **PSCA No.** _____ (If applicable)

YES	N/A	Select "YES" or "N/A" as applicable.
☐	☐	Application and Certificate for Final Payment, DCM Form C-10: Attach one copy to FPC. The application must include original signatures of all parties and include all application attachments.
☐		Certificate of Substantial Completion, DCM Form C-13: Attach one fully-executed copy to FPC.
☐		Affidavit of Advertisement for Completion: Attach one copy of the affidavit of publication, including the image of the advertisement which may be based on DCM Form C-14, to the FPC. An affidavit is a legal document issued by the publisher, which must be requested from the publisher.
☐	☐	Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts & Claims, DCM Form C-18: Attach one copy to FPC.
☐	☐	Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens, if required by Owner, DCM Form C-19: Attach one copy to the FPC.
☐	☐	Consent of Surety to Final Payment, if any, To Contractor, DCM Form C-20: Consent is required for projects with P&P Bonds. Original has been delivered to Owner. Attach one copy to FPC.
☐	☐	General Contractor's Roofing Guarantee, DCM Form C-9, and Other Specified Roofing Guarantees, if any: Attached to Certificate of Substantial Completion.
☐	☐	Contractor's One-Year Warranty: Original has been delivered to the Owner. Attach one copy to the FPC.
☐	☐	Other Warranties: All other specified original warranties has been delivered to the Owner. Attach one copy to the FPC.
☐	☐	Record Documents: Specified "As-built" plans and specifications have been delivered to the Owner.
☐		O & M Manuals: Specified instructions and O&M Manuals have been delivered to the Owner.
☐	☐	Time Extension: Over-run of Contract Time has been reconciled by: ☐ Change Order ☐ Liquidated Damages ☐ Attached explanation
☐	☐	Additional Documents or Explanations which are attached:

Submitted By: _____
Architectural / Engineering Firm

_____ Signature | _____ Printed Name and Title | _____ Date

Final Reconciliation of Fees: Between the final change order execution and the year-end inspection, report the final project cost to the Engage Portal at https://engagealabama-rpm.facilityforce.cloud (back-up is not needed unless requested by DCM). DCM will then email a Final Reconciliation of Fees Statement to the Owner. If the Final Statement shows a net payment is owed to DCM, that amount must be paid prior to scheduling the year-end inspection. If the Final Statement shows a net refund is owed then a check will be mailed to the Owner.

DCM (BC) Number: _____

PSCA Projects: PSCA Number: _____

Date of the Construction Contract: _____

Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims

To Owner (*Entity name and address*)**:**	**Project** (*Same as appears in the Construction Contract*)**:**

STATE OF:

COUNTY OF:

The undersigned hereby certifies that, except as listed below, payment has been made in full and all obligations have otherwise been satisfied for all materials and equipment furnished, for all work, labor and services performed, and for all known indebtedness and claims against the Contractor for damages arising in any manner in connection with the performance of the Construction Contract referenced above for which the Owner or Owner's property might in any way be held responsible or encumbered.

EXCEPTIONS:

Supporting Documents Attached Hereto:

1. Consent of Surety to Final Payment. Whenever Surety is involved, Consent of Surety is required. DCM Form C-20, Consent of Surety to Final Payment, may be used for this purpose.

   Indicate attachment: ☐ Yes ☐ No

The following supporting document should be attached hereto if required by the Owner:

1. Contractor's Release of Waiver of Liens.
2. Separate Releases or Waivers of Liens from Subcontractors and material and equipment supplies, to the extent required by the Owner, accompanied by the list thereof.
3. Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens, DCM Form C-19.

Contractor (*Insert company name and address*)**:**

By:_____
Signature of authorized representative

_____
Name and Title

Sworn to and subscribed before me this _____ day

of _____, _____.

_____
Notary Public's Signature

My commission expires: _____

Seal:

DCM (BC) Number: _____

PSCA Projects: PSCA Number: _____

Date of the Construction Contract: _____

Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens

To Owner (*Entity name and address*)**:**	**Project** (*Same as appears in the Construction Contract*)**:**

STATE OF:

COUNTY OF:

The undersigned hereby certifies that, except as listed below, the Releases or Waivers of Lien attached hereto include the Contractor, all Subcontractors, all suppliers of materials and equipment, and all performers of Work, labor or services who have or may have liens or encumbrances or the right to assert liens or encumbrances against any property of the Owner arising in any manner out of the performance of the Construction Contract referenced above.

EXCEPTIONS:

Supporting Documents Attached Hereto:

1. Contractor's Release of Waiver of Liens.
2. Separate Releases or Waivers of Liens from Subcontractors and material and equipment supplies, to the extent required by the Owner, accompanied by the list thereof.

Contractor (*Insert company name and address*)**:**

By: _____
Signature of authorized representative

_____
Name and Title

Sworn to and subscribed before me this _____ day

of _____, _____.

_____
Notary Public's Signature

My commission expires: _____

Seal:

DCM (BC) Number: _____

PSCA Projects: PSCA Number: _____

Date of the Construction Contract: _____

Surety's Bond Number: _____

CONSENT OF SURETY TO FINAL PAYMENT

To Owner (*Entity name and address):*	**Project** (*Same as appears in the Construction Contract*)**:**

In accordance with the provisions of the Contract between the Owner and the Contractor as indicated above, the

Surety (*Insert name and address of Surety*)

on bond of

Contractor (*Insert name and address of Contractor*)

hereby approves of the final payment to the Contractor, and agrees that final payment to the Contractor shall not relieve the Surety of any of its obligations to

Owner (*Insert name and address of Entity*)**:**

as set forth in said Surety's bond.

SIGNED AND SEALED this _____ day of _____, _____.

SURETY:

_____ Seal:
Company Name

By _____
Signature of Authorized Representative

_____
Printed Name and Title

Note: Original Power of Attorney for the Surety's signatory shall be furnished with each of the original forms to be attached to each of the four (4) final payment forms.

SAMPLE FORM OF ADVERTISEMENT FOR COMPLETION

LEGAL NOTICE

In accordance with Chapter 1, Title 39, Code of Alabama, 1975, as amended, notice is hereby given

that _____,
(*Contractor Company Name*)
Contractor, has completed the Contract for ☐(Construction) ☐(Renovation) ☐(Alteration) ☐(Equipment) ☐(Improvement) of (*Name of Project*):

at _____

(*Insert location data in County or City*)
for the State of Alabama and the (County) (City) of _____, Owner(s), and have made request for final settlement of said Contract. All persons having any claim for labor, materials, or otherwise in connection with this project should immediately notify

_____

_____
(*Architect / Engineer*)

_____
(Contractor)

_____
(Business Address)

NOTE: This notice must be run for a minimum of three weeks for projects of $100,000.00 or more. For acceptable methods of advertisement, see General Conditions of the Contract, Article 34. Proof of publication of the notice shall be made by the contractor to the authority by whom the contract was made by affidavit of the publisher or website owner and a printed copy of the notice published. A final settlement shall not be made upon the contract until the expiration of 30 days after the completion of the notice.

CERTIFICATE OF ASBESTOS FREE BUILDING MATERIALS

The undersigned hereby states that all building materials incorporated, installed, and used during the construction process for the below listed project by the Contractor or its Subcontractors of any tier are 100% asbestos free. **Asbestos Free means containing 0% asbestos in any form.** Refer to Section 01600, Product Requirements.

McKee Project Name: _____

McKee Project Number: _____

CERTIFICATION: The undersigned certifies that he or she is authorized to execute contracts and legal documents on behalf of the General Contractor as legally named, that this certification is submitted in good faith without fraud or collusion with any other person, that the information indicated in this document is true and complete, and that the document is made in full legal agreement.

To: _____

(Owner / Awarding Authority of Construction Contract)

Date _____

Legal Name of General Contractor _____

General Contractor State License No. _____

(Exactly as appears on license including designation letters)

General Contractor Mailing Address _____

_____

By (Legal Signature) _____

Name & Title (print) _____

Telephone Number _____

E-Mail Address _____

SECTION 01010 - SCOPE OF THE WORK

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 specification sections apply to the work of this section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Type of Contract.
2. Work Under This Contract.
3. **Completion Times**.
4. Division of Construction Management User Fees.
5. Project Work Identification.
6. Owner-furnished products.
7. Supervision.
8. Contractor Use of premises.
9. Definitions.
10. Work Under Other Contracts.
11. Building and Site Construction.
12. General Issues.
13. Site Security and Insurance Requirements.
14. Protection of Work in Place.
15. Work restrictions.
16. Owner's occupancy requirements.
17. Specification formats and conventions.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 1 Section 01500 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for limitations and procedures governing temporary use of Owner's facilities.

1.3 TYPE OF CONTRACT

A. Construction Contract (DCM Form C-5).

1.4 WORK UNDER THIS CONTRACT

A. Sealed Proposal shall be received as follows:

1. One (1) Sealed Envelope MUST include the following:
   a. General Contractor’s Name and State General Contractor’s License number MUST be legible on the front of the envelope.
   b. One (1) Bid Proposal for all work as indicated on drawings and specifications.
   c. One (1) Bid Bond or certified check.
   d. One (1) Sales Tax Form.

1.5 COMPLETION TIMES

A. **All work shall be completed By January 31, 2027.**

1.6 DIVISION OF CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT USER AND OTHER FEE

A. The Contractor shall **NOT include** any Alabama Division of Construction Management Fees in their bid proposals.

A. Refer to the Alabama Department of Finance, Construction Management Division Administrative

PROJECT / WORK IDENTIFICATION

A. General: Project name is as indicated in the Advertisement For Bids and as shown on the Contract Documents prepared by Lathan Mckee, Architects 631 S. Hull Street Montgomery, Alabama 36104.

B. Contract Documents: Indicate the work of the Contract and related requirements and conditions that have an impact on the project. Related requirements and conditions that are indicated on the Contract Documents include, but are not limited to the following:

1. Existing site conditions
2. The Contractor shall be responsible to secure the site during the execution of the work and provide proof of insurance including but not limited to General Liability, W/C, Auto, Equipment, etc.

C. Summary by References: Work of the Contract can be summarized by references to the Contract, General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, the Project Manual, Technical Specification Sections, Drawings, Addenda and modifications to the Contract Documents issued subsequent to the initial printing of this Project Manual and the Drawings, and including but not necessarily limited to, printed material referenced by any of the above. It is recognized that the Work of the Contract is also unavoidably affected or influenced by governing regulations, natural phenomenon including weather conditions, and other forces outside the contract documents.

1.7 OWNER FURNISHED PRODUCTS

A. None

1.8 SUPERVISION

A. Supervision: The Contractor shall provide adequate supervision of the project to ensure proper supervision for all work.

1.9 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

A. General: During the entire cleanup period the Contractor shall have the exclusive use of the premises for cleanup operations, including full use of the site as shown on the Drawings.

B. Limitations of exclusive use of the site:

1. Confine operations at the site to the areas permitted under the Contract. Portions of the site beyond areas on which work is indicated are not to be disturbed. Conform to applicable rules and regulations affecting the work while engaged in project performance. See site plan for ingress and egress to the site, or if not indicated, same shall be as designated by the Architect.
2. Keep existing public roads, driveways and entrances serving the premises clear and available at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Remove dirt, mud, debris, etc., from site, sidewalks, streets, and public right-of-way as it occurs.
3. Do not unreasonably encumber the site with materials or equipment. Confine stockpiling of materials and location of storage sheds and or designated storage areas as indicated.
4. Lock automotive type vehicles, such as passenger cars and trucks and other mechanized or motorized construction equipment, when parked and unattended, so as to prevent unauthorized use. Do not leave such vehicles or equipment unattended with the motor running or the ignition key in place.
5. The Owner, and their representatives, the Architect and their Consultants, as well as authorities having jurisdiction will require site accessibility for inspections, observations, and perhaps other purposes, related to the planned new construction. All Contractors shall assist in such accessibility, to at least the point of providing and maintaining accessible dry paths to work in progress.

6. Furnish and install by contractor temporary barricades, fencing, etc., as indicated or otherwise required, to restrict pedestrian and vehicular traffic from construction operations, including in part, Owner's staff, the public, students, children, and residents of the adjacent residential neighborhoods.
7. Construction operations shall not affect in any manner, the on-going operations of the Owner, immediately adjacent facilities, adjacent property owners or businesses, or others. Refer to Division 1 Section "Special Conditions" for additional information and requirements regarding coordination with Owner's activities, etc.
8. Construction equipment shall not come in contact with or swing over existing facilities to remain, public areas, occupied buildings, right-of-ways, etc., which are to remain.
9. All contractors and their employees shall limit any discussion of the Work of this project to the Owner's representatives named in the front of this Project Manual, Consultants employed, inspecting authorities with jurisdiction, and the Architect. In no instance shall this project be discussed with others, except as may otherwise be indicated herein.
10. Parking on-site, if any, shall be limited to the "staging areas" indicated on the Drawings, or if not indicated, as mutually agreed between the Architect and Contractor at the Pre-Construction Conference.
11. Smoking or other use of tobacco products shall not be permitted within the structure of the Building, Owner's facilities or on roofs.
12. The use or presence of alcohol and/or other debilitating substances shall not be permitted in the construction of the building and or on the project site.
13. Firearms and/or other weapons shall not be permitted on the project site.
14. The Contractor shall furnish necessary temporary toilets for all work forces on the job site.

PART 2 - SCOPE OF THE WORK

2.1 DEFINITIONS

A. The Scope of the Work of the Contract is meant to be viewed as a successor to the General Special Conditions of the Contract. Should any discrepancy or ambiguity be noted, the Scope of the Work of the Contract shall apply and the General Special Conditions of the Contract shall defer to Scope of the Work of the Contract Documents. The scope of the work shall be taken in its entirety by all contractors. In signing the contract all contractors have read and understand that the Scope of the Work and the General Special Conditions are taken in their entirety.

1. The term "Design Consultant" shall be construed to mean "Architect".

2.2 The terms "Owner" shall mean “Gulf Shores City Schools”.

2.3 WORK UNDER OTHER CONTRACTS

A. None

B. Concurrent Work: Owner will award separate contract(s) for the following construction operations at the Project site. Those operations will be conducted simultaneously with work under this Contract.

1. Work done by others or by Owner.
    a. Any items noted N.I.C.
    b. Construction Testing as defined in applicable sections of the project manual.

2.4 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

A. The Contractor shall maintain the entire site, provide dust control and keep the streets clean at all times and or as directed by the Architect.

B. The Contractor shall install and or replace all fencing including furnish and install all temporary fencing as required for all work. The Contractor shall make all provisions to keep the public and or

temporary access roads open during the duration of the work.

C. **The Contractor is responsible for all work required to install new work to include demolition preparation of surface to receive new work, dust controls and cleaning of all surfaces affected by work.**

2.5 The Contractor shall maintain & level, all temporary roads and temporary lay down and storage

GENERAL ISSUES

A. The Contractor shall be responsible for their own on-site safety requirements within the site per OSHA regulations.

B. Only an approved company owned and insured vehicle shall be allowed on to the construction site. Vehicles shall be clearly marked and identified with the company logo and or name.

2.6 SITE SECURITY / INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. The Contractor shall have care custody and control of the site. Contractor shall be responsible for the replacement of their material, equipment and any loss of such. Contractor shall be responsible for securing all material and equipment. If there is a loss and or damage of material and equipment, that loss shall go against the Contractor's insurance coverage.

2.7 PROTECTION OF WORK IN PLACE

A. The Contractor shall protect all completed work and any rework shall be the responsibility of the contractor **at** no additional cost to the owner.

2.8 WORK RESTRICTIONS

A. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:

1. Notify Architect and Owner not less than two days in advance of the proposed utility interruptions.

2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Architect's and Owner's written permission.

B. Nonsmoking Building: Smoking and smokeless tobacco will not be permitted within the building.

2.9 OWNER'S OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS

A. Owner Occupancy: Owner will occupy adjacent parking lots during entire construction period. Cooperate with Owner during construction operations adjacent to or near the existing building and parking to minimize conflicts and facilitate Owner usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with Owner's day-to-day operations. Maintain existing exits, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Maintain access to existing walkways and other adjacent occupied or used facilities. Do not close or obstruct walkways or other occupied or used facilities without written permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction. Provide not less than 72 hours' notice to Owner of activities that will affect Owner's operations.

C. Owner Occupancy of Completed Areas of Construction: Owner reserves the right to place and install equipment in completed areas of building, before Substantial Completion, provided such does not interfere with completion of the Work. Such placement of equipment shall not constitute acceptance of the total Work.

2.10 SPECIFICATION FORMATS AND CONVENTIONS

A. Specification Format: The Specifications are organized into Divisions and Sections using the 16-division format numbering system.

1. Section Identification: The Specifications use Section numbers and titles to help cross-referencing in the Contract Documents. Sections in the Project Manual are in numeric sequence; however, the sequence is incomplete because all available Section numbers are not used. Consult the table of contents at the beginning of the Project Manual to determine numbers and names of Sections in the Contract Documents.

B. Specification Content: The Specifications use certain conventions for the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations. These conventions are as follows:

1. Abbreviated Language: Language used in the Specifications another Contract Documents is abbreviated. Words and meanings shall be interpreted as appropriate. Words implied, but not stated, shall be inferred as the sense requires. Singular words shall be interpreted as plural, and plural words shall be interpreted as singular where applicable as the context of the

   Contract Documents indicates.

2. Imperative mood and streamlined language are generally used in the Specifications. Requirements expressed in the imperative mood are to be performed by Contractor. Occasionally, the indicative or subjunctive mood may be used in the Section Text for clarity to describe responsibilities that must be fulfilled indirectly by Contractor or by others when so noted.

   a. The words "shall," "shall be," or "shall comply with," depending on the context, are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.

PART 3 - NOT APPLICABLE

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01011 - CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 specification sections apply to the work of this section.

PART 2 - CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCES

2.1 BID PROPOSAL

A. The General Contractor shall include the following sums:

1. **One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000.00)** as a contingency to cover unforeseen conditions or minor changes that are necessary to correct or supplement the work as detailed in the Contract Documents.

2.2 The Contractor shall include in his bid proposal(s) all costs of office, job supervision, overhead, profit, and bond on these Contingency Allowances, because no such costs will be paid to Contractor for work performed under these Contingency Allowances. Only the direct costs of performing work under this provision shall be paid under and charged against the Contingency Allowance; such cost includes costs of materials and delivery, installation labor, payroll taxes and insurance, equipment expense, and the cost of subcontracted work (subcontractor's cost may include a maximum of 15% mark-up for overhead and profit).

PART 3 – AUTHORIZATION OF CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCES

3.1 After unknown conditions are identified and examined and the scope of work and method of repair determined, or request for a proposal to cover additional work has been issued by the Owner, the Contractor shall submit a proposal for such work to the Architect for the Owner's approval. If the Owner approves of such proposal, he will issue written authorization to the Contractor to perform the work and charge the related costs to the Contingency Allowance. At the Owner's option, work performed under this provision may be ordered done on a time and material basis, in which case; the Contractor shall keep accurate records of all time and materials used and submit such records to the Architect for his approval at the end of each day's work.

3.2 An accounting of the costs charged against this Contingency Allowance shall be mutually maintained by the Contractor, Architect, and Owner throughout the course of the project. Any of this Contingency Allowance not spent shall be credited to the Owner by Change Order at close out of the project. Refer to Contingency Allowance Form attached to this Section.

3.3 Provide for payment.

A. The Contractor shall include a line item in the *Schedule of Values* entitled "Contingency Allowance". The estimated value of work completed pursuant to fully executed Contingency Allowance Authorizations may be included in the Contractor's monthly Applications for Payment. Payments under this Contingency Allowance shall not exceed the net, total of fully executed

Contingency Allowance Authorizations.

3.4 CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCE AUTHORIZATION FORM

Form to be filled in its entirety.

To: Lathan Mckee, Architects

From: _____
Company
_____
Address
_____
Contact and Email

Project: _____

_____

Project Number _____

Date: _____

Building Commission Number: _____

Authorization Number: _____

In accordance with Specification Section 01011 – CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCE, the Contractor [ ] is hereby authorized to proceed with the changes in Work as are described below and is to be paid for the performance of these changes as provided in Specification Section 01011. This Authorization shall become effective when it is signed by the Contractor and the Owner's representative and it is understood and agreed that the amount(s) stipulated below constitute full compensation for these changes in Work.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF THIS AUTHORIZATION	$

ORIGINAL AMOUNT OF THE CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCE	$
NET TOTAL OF PREVIOUS AUTHORIZATIONS	$
PREVIOUS REMAINING CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCE	$
TOTAL AMOUNT OF THIS AUTHORIZATION	$
CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCE REMAINING AFTER THIS CONTINGENCY	$

Recommended By:	Authorized By:	Accepted By:
_____	_____	_____
Architect	Owner	Contractor

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01250 - CONTRACT MODIFICATION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for handling and processing Contract modifications.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Section 01600 "Product Requirements" for administrative procedures for handling requests for substitutions made after Contract award.

1.3 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

A. Architect will issue supplemental instructions authorizing Minor Changes in the Work, that may or may not involve an adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time, as an Architect's Supplemental Instructions, "ASI".

1.4 PROPOSAL REQUESTS

A. Owner-Initiated Proposal Requests: Architect will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work that may require adjustment to the Contract Sum or the Contract Time in the form of an ASI. If necessary, the description will include supplemental or revised Drawings and Specifications.

1. ASIs issued by Architect, if adjustments to contract sum or contract time are involved, are for information only. Do not consider them instructions either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.

2. Within time specified in ASI after receipt of ASI, submit a quotation estimating cost adjustments to the Contract Sum and the Contract Time necessary to execute the change.

a. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.

b. Indicate applicable delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.

c. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.

d. Include an updated Contractor's Construction Schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.

e. Include data as needed to validate material costs

B. Contractor-Initiated Proposals: If latent or unforeseen conditions require modifications to the Contract, Contractor may propose changes by submitting a request for a change to Architect.

1. Include a statement outlining reasons for the change and the effect of the change on the Work. Provide a complete description of the proposed change. Indicate the effect of the proposed change on the Contract Sum and the Contract Time.

2. Include a list of quantities of products required or eliminated and unit costs, with total amount of purchases and credits to be made. If requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.

3. Indicate applicable taxes, delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.

4. Include costs of labor and supervision directly attributable to the change.

5. Include an updated Contractor's Construction Schedule that indicates the effect of the change, including, but not limited to, changes in activity duration, start and finish times, and activity relationship. Use available total float before requesting an extension of the Contract Time.
6. Comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Product Requirements" if the proposed change requires substitution of one product or system for product or system specified.

1.5 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

A. On Owner's approval of a Change Order, Architect will issue a Change Order for signatures as required.

1.6 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE

A. Construction Change Directive, “CCD”: Architect may issue a Construction Change Directive. Construction Change Directive instructs Contractor to proceed with a change in the Work, for subsequent inclusion in a Change Order. Construction Change Directive contains a complete description of change in the Work.

PART 2 – NOT APPLICABLE

PART 3 – NOT APPLICABLE

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01290 - PAYMENT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements necessary to prepare and process Applications for Payment.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Schedule of Values: A statement furnished by Contractor allocating portions of the Contract Sum to various portions of the Work and used as the basis for reviewing Contractor's Applications for Payment.

1.4 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

A. At the discretion of the Architect, the contractor shall provide separate Schedule of Values for work on projects involving multiple locations, campuses, sites, buildings etc. and/or multiple scopes of work. Additional line items may be required within each separate Schedule of Values (i.e. separate line items for multiple buildings located on same site).

B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation of the Schedule of Values with preparation of Contractor's Construction Schedule.

1. Correlate line items in the Schedule of Values with other required administrative forms and schedules, including the following:
    a. Application for Payment forms with Continuation Sheets.
    b. Submittals Schedule.
    c. Contractor's Construction Schedule.
2. Submit the Schedule of Values to Architect at earliest possible date but no later than seven days before the date scheduled for submittal of initial Applications for Payment.

C. Format and Content: Use the Project Manual table of contents as a guide to establish line items for the Schedule of Values. Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section.

1. Identification: Include the following Project identification on the Schedule of Values:
    a. Project name and location.
    b. Name of Architect.
    c. Architect's project number.
    d. Contractor's name and address.
    e. Date of submittal.
2. Submit draft of DCM Form C-11.
3. Arrange the Schedule of Values in tabular form with separate columns to indicate the following for each item listed:
    a. Related Specification Section or Division.
    b. Description of the Work.
    c. Name of subcontractor.
    d. Name of manufacturer or fabricator.
    e. Name of supplier.

f. Change Orders (numbers) that affect value.

g. Dollar value.

1) Percentage of the Contract Sum to nearest one-hundredth percent, adjusted to total 100 percent.

4. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in enough detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Coordinate with the Project Manual table of contents. Provide several line items for principal subcontract amounts, where appropriate.

5. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; total shall equal the Contract Sum.

6. Provide a separate listing on Application and Certificate for Payment (Standard ABC Form C-10) for each part of the Work where Applications for Payment may include materials or equipment purchased or fabricated and stored, but not yet installed.

a. Differentiate between items stored on-site and items stored off-site. Include evidence of insurance or evidence of bonded warehousing.

7. Provide separate line items in the Schedule of Values for initial cost of materials, for each subsequent stage of completion, and for total installed value of that part of the Work.

8. Unit Costs: Provide a separate line item in the Schedule of Values for each unit cost. Line-item to show value of unit-cost allowances, as a product of the unit cost, multiplied by measured quantity. Use information indicated in the Contract Documents to determine quantities.

9. Each item in the Schedule of Values and Applications for Payment shall be complete. Include total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit for each item.

a. Temporary facilities and other major cost items that are not direct cost of actual work-in-place may be shown either as separate line items in the Schedule of Values or distributed as general overhead expense, at Contractor's option.

10. Schedule Updating: Update and resubmit the Schedule of Values before the next Applications for Payment when Change Orders or Construction Change Directives result in a change in the Contract Sum.

1.5 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

A. Each Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by Architect and paid for by Owner.

1. Initial Application for Payment, Application for Payment at time of Substantial Completion, and final Application for Payment involve additional requirements.

B. Payment Application Times: Progress payments shall be submitted to Architect by the 25th of the month. The period covered by each Application for Payment is one month, ending on the 23rd of the month.

C. Application Preparation: Complete every entry on form. Notarize and execute by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of Contractor. Architect will return incomplete applications without action.

1. Entries shall match data on the Schedule of Values and Contractor's Construction Schedule. Use updated schedules if revisions were made.

2. Include amounts of Change Orders issued before last day of construction period covered by application only after all agency approvals.

D. Transmittal: Submit 6 signed and notarized original copies of each Application for Payment to Architect by a method ensuring receipt within 24 hours. One copy shall include waivers of lien and similar attachments if required.

1. Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information about application.

E. Initial Application for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of first Application for Payment include the following:

1. List of subcontractors.
2. Schedule of Values.
3. Contractor's Construction Schedule (preliminary if not final).
4. Products list.
5. Schedule of unit prices.
6. Submittals Schedule (preliminary if not final).
7. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
8. List of Contractor's principal consultants.
9. Copies of building permits.
10. Copies of authorizations and licenses from authorities having jurisdiction for performance of the Work.
11. Initial progress report.
12. Report of preconstruction conference.

F. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: After issuing the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment showing 100 percent completion for portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.

1. Include documentation supporting claim that the Work is substantially complete and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
2. This application shall reflect Certificates of Partial Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.

G. Final Payment Application: Submit final Application for Payment with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted, including, but not limited, to the following:

1. Evidence of completion of Project closeout requirements.
2. Insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required and proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
3. Updated final statement, accounting for final changes to the Contract Sum.
4. Certificate of Substantial Completion (DCM Form C-13)
5. Form of Advertisement for Completion (DCM Form C-14)
6. Evidence that claims have been settled.
7. Final meter readings for utilities, a measured record of stored fuel, and similar data as of date of Substantial Completion or when Owner took possession of and assumed responsibility for corresponding elements of the Work.
8. Final, liquidated damages settlement statement.

PART 2 – NOT APPLICABLE

PART 3 – NOT APPLICABLE

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01320 - CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS DOCUMENTATION

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for documenting the progress of construction during performance of the Work, including the following:

1. Contractor's Construction Schedule.
2. Submittals Schedule.
3. Daily construction reports.
4. Material location reports.
5. Field condition reports.
6. Special reports.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 1 Section 01290 "Payment Procedures" for submitting the Schedule of Values.
2. Division 1 Section 01310 "Project Management and Coordination" for submitting and distributing meeting and conference minutes.
3. Division 1 Section 01330 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting schedules and reports.
4. Division 1 Section 01322 "Photographic Documentation" for submitting construction photographs.
5. Division 1 Section 01400 "Quality Requirements" for submitting a schedule of tests and inspections.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittals Schedule: Submit three copies of schedule. Arrange the following information in a tabular format:

1. Scheduled date for first submittal.
2. Specification Section number and title.
3. Submittal category (action or informational).
4. Name of subcontractor.
5. Description of the Work covered.
6. Scheduled date for Architect's final release or approval.

B. Contractor's Construction Schedule: Submit two opaque copies of initial schedule, large enough to show entire schedule for entire construction period.

C. Daily Construction Reports: Submit two copies at weekly intervals.

D. Material Location Reports: Submit two copies at monthly intervals.

E. Field Condition Reports: Submit two copies at time of discovery of differing conditions.

F. Special Reports: Submit two copies at time of unusual event.

G. Pre-scheduling Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination." Review methods and procedures related to the Preliminary Construction Schedule and Contractor's Construction Schedule, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Verify availability of qualified personnel needed to develop and update schedule.
2. Discuss any constraints.
3. Review time required for review of submittals and re-submittals.
4. Review requirements for tests and inspections by independent testing and inspecting agencies.
5. Review time required for completion and startup procedures.
6. Review and finalize list of construction activities to be included in schedule.
7. Review submittal requirements and procedures.
8. Review procedures for updating schedule.

1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate preparation and processing of schedules and reports with performance of construction activities and with scheduling and reporting of separate contractors.

B. Coordinate Contractor's Construction Schedule with the Schedule of Values, list of subcontracts, Submittals Schedule, progress reports, payment requests, and other required schedules and reports.

1. Secure time commitments for performing critical elements of the Work from parties involved.
2. Coordinate each construction activity in the network with other activities and schedule them in proper sequence.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUBMITTALS SCHEDULE

A. Preparation: Submit a schedule of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required by construction schedule. Include time required for review, re-submittal, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates.

1. Coordinate Submittals Schedule with list of subcontracts, the Schedule of Values, and Contractor's Construction Schedule.
2. Initial Submittal: Include submittals required during the first 60 days of construction. List those required to maintain orderly progress of the Work and those required early because of long lead time for manufacture or fabrication.
3. Final Submittal: Submit concurrently with the first complete submittal of Contractor's construction Schedule.

2.2 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

A. Procedures: Comply with procedures contained in AGC's "Construction Planning & Scheduling."

B. Time Frame: Extend schedule from date established for the Notice to Proceed to date of Substantial Completion.

1. Contract completion date shall not be changed by submission of a schedule that shows an early completion date, unless specifically authorized by Change Order.

C. Activities: Treat each story or separate area as a separate numbered activity for each principal element of the Work. Comply with the following:

1. Activity Duration: Define activities so no activity is longer than 30 days, unless specifically allowed by Architect.
2. Procurement Activities: Include procurement process activities for the following long lead items and major items, requiring a cycle of more than 60 days, as separate activities in schedule. Procurement cycle activities include, but are not limited to, submittals, approvals, purchasing, fabrication, and delivery.

3. Submittal Review Time: Include review and re-submittal times indicated in Division 1 Section 01330 "Submittal Procedures" in schedule. Coordinate submittal review times in Contractor's Construction Schedule with Submittals Schedule.
4. Startup and Testing Time: Include not less than 14 days for startup and testing.
5. Substantial Completion: Indicate completion in advance of date established for Substantial Completion and allow time for Architect's administrative procedures necessary for certification of Substantial Completion.

D. Constraints: Include constraints and work restrictions, if any, and show how the sequence of the Work is affected.

E. Cost Correlation: At the head of schedule, provide a cost correlation line, indicating planned and actual costs. On the line, show dollar volume of the Work performed as of dates used for preparation of payment requests.
1. Refer to Division 1 Section 01290 "Payment Procedures" for cost reporting and payment procedures.
2. Contractor shall assign cost to construction activities on the CPM schedule. Costs shall not be assigned to submittal activities unless specified otherwise but may, with Architect's approval, be assigned to fabrication and delivery activities. Costs shall be broken down within principal contracts in amounts typically not greater than $30,000, but in no case greater than 5 percent of the Contract Sum.
3. Each activity cost shall reflect an accurate value subject to approval by Architect.
4. Total cost assigned to activities shall equal the total Contract Sum.

F. Contract Modifications: For each proposed contract modification and concurrent with its submission, prepare a time-impact analysis to demonstrate the time effect, if any, of the proposed change on the overall project schedule.

2.3 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE (CPM SCHEDULE)

A. General: Prepare network diagrams using AON (activity-on-node) format.

B. Preliminary Network Diagram: Submit diagram within 14 days of date established for the Notice to Proceed. Outline significant construction activities for the first 60 days of construction. Include skeleton diagram for the remainder of the Work and a cash requirement prediction based on indicated activities.

C. CPM Schedule: Prepare Contractor's Construction Schedule using a computerized, cost-and resource-loaded, time-scaled CPM network analysis diagram for the Work.
1. Develop network diagram in sufficient time to submit CPM schedule so it can be accepted for use no later than 30 days after date established for the Notice to Proceed.
   a. Failure to include any work item required for performance of this Contract shall not excuse Contractor from completing all work within applicable completion dates, regardless of Architect's approval of the schedule.
2. Conduct educational workshops to train and inform key Project personnel, including subcontractors' personnel, in proper methods of providing data and using CPM schedule information.
3. Establish procedures for monitoring and updating CPM schedule and for reporting progress. Coordinate procedures with progress meeting and payment request dates.
4. Use "one workday" as the unit of time. Include list of nonworking days and holidays incorporated into the schedule.

D. CPM Schedule Preparation: Prepare a list of all activities required to complete the Work. Using the preliminary network diagram, prepare a skeleton network to identify probable critical paths.

1. Activities: Indicate the estimated time duration, sequence requirements, and relationship of each activity in relation to other activities. Include estimated time frames for the following activities:
    a. Preparation and processing of submittals.
    b. Mobilization and demobilization.
    c. Purchase of materials.
    d. Delivery.
    e. Fabrication.
    f. Utility interruptions.
    g. Installation.
    h. Work by Owner that may affect or be affected by Contractor's activities.
    i. Testing and commissioning.
2. Critical Path Activities: Identify critical path activities, including those for interim completion dates. Scheduled start and completion dates shall be consistent with Contract milestone dates.
3. Processing: Process data to produce output data on a computer-drawn, timescaled network. Revise data, reorganize activity sequences, and reproduce as often as necessary to produce the CPM schedule within the limitations of the Contract Time.
4. Format: Mark the critical path. Locate the critical path near center of network; locate paths with most float near the edges.
    a. Sub-networks on separate sheets are permissible for activities clearly off the critical path.

E. Initial Issue of Schedule: Prepare initial network diagram from a list of straight "early start-total float" sort. Identify critical activities. Prepare tabulated reports showing the following:
1. Contractor or subcontractor and the Work or activity.
2. Description of activity.
3. Principal events of activity.
4. Immediate preceding and succeeding activities.
5. Early and late start dates.
6. Early and late finish dates.
7. Activity duration in workdays.
8. Total float or slack time.
9. Average size of workforce.
10. Dollar value of activity (coordinated with the Schedule of Values).

F. Schedule Updating: Concurrent with making revisions to schedule, prepare tabulated reports showing the following:
1. Identification of activities that have changed.
2. Changes in early and late start dates.
3. Changes in early and late finish dates.
4. Changes in activity durations in workdays.
5. Changes in the critical path.
6. Changes in total float or slack time.
7. Changes in the Contract Time.

G. Value Summaries: Prepare two cumulative value lists, sorted by finish dates.

1. In first list, tabulate activity number, early finish date, dollar value, and cumulative dollar value.
2. In second list, tabulate activity number, late finish date, dollar value,and cumulative dollar value.
3. In subsequent issues of both lists, substitute actual finish dates for activities completed as of list date.
4. Prepare list for ease of comparison with payment requests; coordinate timing with progress meetings.
   a. In both value summary lists, tabulate "actual percent complete" and "cumulative value completed" with total at bottom.
   b. Submit value summary printouts one week before each regularly scheduled progress meeting.

2.4 REPORTS

A. Daily Construction Reports: Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at Project site.

1. List of subcontractors at Project site.
2. Approximate count of personnel at Project site by trade.
3. Equipment at Project site.
4. Material deliveries.
5. High and low temperatures and general weather conditions.
6. Accidents.
7. Meetings and significant decisions.
8. Unusual events (refer to special reports).
9. Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
10. Meter readings and similar recordings.
11. Emergency procedures.
12. Orders and requests of authorities having jurisdiction.
13. Change Orders received and implemented.
14. Construction Change Directives and Architect Supplemental Interpretations (Instructions) received and implemented.
15. Services connected and disconnected.
16. Equipment or system tests and startups.

B. Material Location Reports: At monthly intervals, prepare and submit a comprehensive list of materials delivered to and stored at Project site. List shall be cumulative, showing materials previously reported plus items recently delivered. Include with list a statement of progress on and delivery dates for materials or items of equipment fabricated or stored away from Project site.

C. Field Condition Reports: Immediately on discovery of a difference between field conditions and the Contract Documents, prepare and submit a detailed report. Submit with a Request For Interpretation (RFI). Include a detailed description of the differing conditions, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

2.5 SPECIAL REPORTS

A. General: Submit special reports directly to Owner within one day of an occurrence. Distribute copies of report to parties affected by the occurrence.

B. Reporting Unusual Events: When an event of an unusual and significant nature occurs at Project site, whether or not related directly to the Work, prepare and submit a special report. List chain of events, persons participating, response by Contractor's personnel, evaluation of results or effects, and similar pertinent information. Advise Owner in advance when these events are known or predictable.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE

A. Contractor must employ skilled personnel with experience in scheduling and reporting techniques or must employ a scheduling consultant. Submit qualifications and examples of previous scheduling for evaluation (and approval) by the Architect.

B. Contractor's Construction Schedule Updating: At monthly intervals, update schedule to reflect actual construction progress and activities. Issue schedule three (3) work days before each regularly scheduled progress meeting or Contractor may update schedule at the monthly progress meeting.

1. The revised schedule should be updated immediately after each meeting or other activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue updated schedule concurrently with the report of each such meeting, no later than three days after the progress meeting.

2. Include a report with updated schedule that indicates every change, including, but not limited to, changes in logic, durations, actual starts and finishes, and activity durations.

3. As the Work progresses, indicate Actual Completion percentage for each activity.

C. Distribution: Distribute copies of approved schedule to Architect, Owner, separate contractors, testing and inspecting agencies, and other parties identified by Contractor with a need-to-know schedule responsibility.

1. Post copies in Project meeting rooms and temporary field offices.

2. When revisions are made, distribute updated schedules to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the Work and are no longer involved in performance of construction activities.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01322 - PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following:

1. Preconstruction digital video.
2. Periodic construction photographs.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Key Plan: Submit key plan of Project site and building with notation of vantage points marked for location and direction of each digital photograph. Indicate elevation or story of construction. Include same label information as corresponding set of photographs.

B. Digital Construction Photographs: Submit one print of each digital photographic view within seven days of taking photographs.

1. Format: Digital.
2. Identification: The following information is required on each CD submitted:
    a. Name of Project.
    b. Name of Architect.
    c. Name of Contractor.
    d. Date photograph was taken if not date stamped by camera.
    e. Description of vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.
    f. Unique sequential identifier.
3. Digital Images: Submit a complete set of digital image electronic files as a Project Record document on USB Drives. Identify electronic media with date photographs were taken. Submit images that have same aspect ratio as the sensor, uncropped.

C. Digital Video: Submit one copy of each digital video with protective sleeve or case within seven days of recording.

1. Identification: On each copy, provide an applied label with the following information:
    a. Name of Project
    b. Name of Architect.
    c. Name of Contractor.
    d. Description of vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.
    e. Date digital video was recorded.
    f. Weather conditions at time of recording.
2. Transcript: To include an audio narrative with the following information as a minimum.
    a. Name of Project.
    b. Date digital video was recorded.
    c. Weather conditions at time of recording.

d. Description of vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

PART 2 - EXECUTION

2.1 CONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHS

A. Film Images:

1. Date Stamp: Unless otherwise indicated, date and time stamp each photograph as it is being taken so stamp is integral to photograph.

2. Field Office Prints: Retain one set of prints of progress photographs in the field office at Project site, available at all times for reference. Identify photographs same as for those submitted to Architect.

B. Digital Images: Submit digital images exactly as originally recorded in the digital camera, without alteration, manipulation, editing, or modifications using image-editing software.

1. Date and Time: Include date and time in filename for each image.

2. Field Office Images: Maintain one set of images on USB Drives in the field office at Project site, available at all times for reference. Identify images same as for those submitted to Architect.

C. Preconstruction Photographs: Before starting construction, take color, digital photographs of Project site and surrounding properties, including existing items to remain during construction, from different vantage points, as directed by Architect.

1. Flag construction limits before taking construction photographs.

2. Take eight photographs to show existing conditions adjacent to property before starting the Work.

3. Take eight photographs of existing buildings either on or adjoining property in order to accurately record physical conditions at start of construction.

4. Take additional photographs as required to record settlement or cracking of adjacent structures, pavements, and improvements.

D. Periodic Construction Photographs: Take 12 color, digital photographs monthly, coinciding with the cutoff date associated with each Application for Payment. Select vantage points to show status of construction and progress since last photographs were taken.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION DIGITAL VIDEO

A. Narration: Describe scenes on digital video by audio narration by microphone while video is recorded. Include description of items being viewed, recent events, and planned activities. At each change in location, describe vantage point, location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

1. Confirm date and time at beginning and end of recording.

2. Begin each digital video with name of Project, Contractor's name, and Project location.

B. Preconstruction Digital Video: Before starting construction, provide digital video of the Project site and surrounding properties from different vantage points, as needed to properly record all preexisting site conditions and adjacent conditions of all roadways, drives, structures that will incur construction traffic.

1. Flag construction limits before recording construction video.

2. Show existing conditions adjacent to Project site before starting the Work.

3. Show existing buildings either on or adjoining Project site to accurately record physical conditions at the start of construction.

4. Show protection efforts by Contractor.

PART 3 – NOT APPLICABLE

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01330 - SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. The General Contractor shall use website software "**Submittal Exchange**" to conduct all submittal reviews in electronic format. **Paper format submittals will NOT be accepted**. All recordkeeping, date stamping, access controls, shall be **paid for by the Contractor** with access given to the entire Project Team. The software shall be capable of the following:

B. Costs:

1. The General Contractor shall include the full cost of Submittal Exchange project subscription in their proposal. **The Contractor shall cover the full cost of Submittal Exchange project subscription for the project. The Contractor contractually, shall be fully responsible for all costs required to maintain full functionality through the acceptance of ALL project closeout requirements and documents. *NO OTHER SOFTWARE WILL BE CONSIDERED.***
2. **Contact Submittal Exchange at subex-sales_ww@oracle.com or call 1-800-633-0738 to verify costs prior to bid.**
3. At the Contractor's option, training is available from **Submittal Exchange** regarding use of website and PDF submittals. Contact Submittal Exchange at 1-800-714-0024 ext. 2
4. Internet Service and Equipment Requirements:
   a. Email address and Internet access at the Contractor's main office.
   b. Adobe Acrobat (www.adobe.com), Bluebeam PDF Revu (www.bluebeam.com), or other similar PDF review software for applying electronic stamps and comments.
5. The General Contractor is responsible for maintaining and keeping Submittal Exchange active throughout the entire project, including closeout documents.

C. Procedures:

1. Shop drawing and product data submittals shall be transmitted to Architect in electronic (PDF) format using **Submittal Exchange**, a website service designed specifically for transmitting submittals between construction team members.
2. The intent of electronic submittals is to expedite the construction process by reducing paperwork, improving information flow, and decreasing turnaround time.
3. The electronic submittal process is not intended for color samples, color charts, or physical material samples.
4. Submittal Preparation – the Contractor may use any or all of the following options:
   a. Subcontractors and Suppliers provide electronic (PDF) submittals to the Contractor via the **Submittal Exchange** website.
   b. Subcontractors and Suppliers provide paper submittals to the General Contractor who electronically scans and converts to PDF format.
   c. Subcontractors and Suppliers provide paper submittals to Scanning Service which electronically scans and converts to PDF format.
5. The Contractor shall review and apply electronic stamp certifying that the submittal complies with the requirements of the Contract Documents including verification of manufacturer / product, dimensions and coordination of information with other parts of the work.

6. The Contractor shall transmit each submittal to Architect using the Submittal Exchange website, www.submittalexchange.com.
7. The Architect / Engineer review comments will be made available on the Submittal Exchange website for downloading. Contractor will receive email notice of completed review.
8. Distribution of reviewed submittals to subcontractors and suppliers is the responsibility of the Contractor.
9. Submit paper copies of reviewed submittals at project closeout for record purposes in accordance with Section 01770 – Closeout Procedures.

D. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 1 Section 01290 "Payment Procedures" for submitting Applications for Payment and the Schedule of Values.
2. Division 1 Section 01320 "Construction Progress Documentation" for submitting schedules and reports, including Contractor's Construction Schedule and the Submittals Schedule.
3. Division 1 Section 01322 "Photographic Documentation" for submitting construction photographs and construction videotapes.
4. Division 1 Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting warranties.
5. Division 1 Section 01781 "Project Record Documents" for submitting Record Drawings, Record Specifications, and Record Product Data.
6. Division 1 Section 01782 "Operation and Maintenance Data" for submitting operation and maintenance manuals.
7. Division 1 Section 01820 "Demonstration and Training" for submitting videotapes of demonstration of equipment and training of Owner's personnel.
8. Divisions 2 through 16 Sections for specific requirements for submittals in those Sections.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Action Submittals: Written and graphic information that requires Architect's responsive action.

B. Informational Submittals: Written information that does not require Architect's responsive action. Submittals may be rejected for not complying with requirements.

1.4 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

A. General: Electronic copies of CAD Drawings of the Contract Drawings will, under certain circumstances described hereinafter, be provided by Architect for Contractor's use in preparing submittals.

B. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.

1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
2. Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related parts of the Work so processing will not be delayed because of need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
    a. Architect reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.

C. Submittals Schedule: Comply with requirements in Division 1 Section 01320 "Construction Progress Documentation" for list of submittals and time requirements for scheduled performance of related construction activities.

D. Processing Time: Allow enough time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Architect's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including re-submittals.

1. Initial Review: Allow **14** business days for initial review of each digital submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Architect will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination.
2. Intermediate Review: If intermediate submittal is necessary, process it in same manner as initial submittal.
3. Re-submittal Review: Allow **10** business days for review of each re-submittal.
4. Sequential Review: Where sequential review of submittals by Architect's consultants, Owner, or other parties is indicated, allow **10** business days for initial review of each submittal.
    a. Structural, mechanical, plumbing, electrical, civil, audio/visual, sound system, and kitchen equipment components are examples of the Work that require sequential review. Architect will advise if there are others.

E. Identification: Place a permanent label or title block on each submittal for identification.
1. Indicate name of firm or entity that prepared each submittal on label or title block.
2. Provide a space approximately 6 by 8 inches on label or beside title block to record Contractor's review and approval markings. Provide another area of this same size for the Architect to affix his stamp. Stamp includes the following four categories: Reviewed, Furnish as Noted, Rejected, Revise and Resubmit; the Architect will mark one or more of these categories and return submittal to Contractor.
3. Include the following information on label for processing and recording action taken:
    a. Project name.
    b. Date.
    c. Name and address of Architect.
    d. Name and address of Contractor.
    e. Name and address of subcontractor.
    f. Name and address of supplier.
    g. Name of manufacturer.
    h. Submittal number or other unique identifier, including revision identifier.
        i. Submittal number shall use Specification Section number followed by a decimal point and then a sequential number (e.g., 06100.D.2.01). Re-submittals shall include an alphabetic suffix after another decimal point (e.g., 06100.D.2.R1 (R2, R3 etc. if necessary).
    i. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
    j. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
    k. Location(s) where product is to be installed, as appropriate.
    l. Other necessary identification.

F. Deviations: Encircle or otherwise specifically identify deviations and list the deviations from the Contract Documents on submittals and list the deviations on the transmittal form accompanying submittal.

G. Transmittal: Package each submittal individually and appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal using a transmittal form. Architect will return submittals, without review, received from sources other than Contractor.
1. Transmittal Form: Use AIA Document G810 or equivalent with at least the following information.
    a. Project name.
    b. Date.

c. Destination (To:).

d. Source (From:).

e. Names of subcontractor, manufacturer, and supplier.

f. Category and type of submittal.

g. Submittal purpose and description.

h. Specification Section number and title.

i. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.

j. Transmittal number, numbered consecutively.

k. Submittal and transmittal distribution record.

l. Remarks.

m. Signature of transmitter.

2. On an attached separate sheet, prepared on Contractor's letterhead, record relevant information, requests for data, revisions other than those requested by Architect on previous submittals, and deviations from requirements in the Contract Documents, including minor variations and limitations. Include same label information as related submittal.

H. Re-submittals: Make re-submittals in same form and number of copies as initial submittal.

1. Note date and content of previous submittal.

2. Note date and content of revision in label or title block and clearly indicate extent of revision.

3. Resubmit submittals until they are marked "Reviewed" or "Furnished as Noted".

I. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittals to manufacturers, subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, authorities having jurisdiction, and others as necessary for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.

J. Use for Construction: Use only final submittals with mark indicating "Reviewed" or "Furnished as Noted".

1.5 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF ARCHITECT'S CAD FILES

A. General: McKee & Associates CAD Files shall not be released.

1. Should the Contractor require CAD Files they are encouraged to seek PDF to CAD Conversion vendors and/or software.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DIGITAL ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. General: Prepare and submit Digital Action Submittals required by individual Specification Sections.

B. All submittals shall be sent to the Architect no later than 45 calendar days from “Notice To Proceed”.

1. Submittals shall be sent to Greg Anderson at the following email address: submittals@mckeeassoc.com.

C. Submittals regarding mechanical, plumbing, electrical and structural items shall be sent directly to the Engineer of record.

1. A digital copy of the transmittal shall be sent to the Architect at the following email address: submittals@mckeeassoc.com.

D. Product Data: Collect information into a single digital submittal for each element of construction and type of product or equipment.

1. If information must be specially prepared for submittal because standard printed data are not suitable for use, submit as Shop Drawings, not as Product Data.
2. Mark each copy of each the digital submittal to show which products and options are applicable.
3. Include the following information, as applicable:
    a. Manufacturer's written recommendations.
    b. Manufacturer's product specifications.
    c. Manufacturer's installation instructions.
    d. Standard color charts.
    e. Manufacturer's catalog cuts.
    f. Wiring diagrams showing factory-installed wiring.
    g. Printed performance curves.
    h. Operational range diagrams.
    i. Mill reports.
    j. Standard product operation and maintenance manuals.
    k. Compliance with specified referenced standards.
    l. Testing by recognized testing agency.
    m. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
    n. Notation of coordination requirements.
4. Submit Product Data before or concurrent with Samples.
5. Number of Copies: Submit digital copy of the Product Data, unless otherwise indicated. Mark up and retain returned digital copy as a Project Record Document.

E. Digital Shop Drawings: Prepare Project-specific information, drawn accurately to scale. Do not base Shop Drawings on reproductions of the Contract Documents or standard printed data.
1. Preparation: Fully illustrate requirements in the Contract Documents. Include the following information, as applicable:
    a. Dimensions.
    b. Identification of products.
    c. Fabrication and installation drawings.
    d. Roughing-in and setting diagrams.
    e. Wiring diagrams showing field-installed wiring, including power, signal, and control wiring.
    f. Shopwork manufacturing instructions.
    g. Templates and patterns.
    h. Schedules.
    i. Design calculations.
    j. Compliance with specified standards.
    k. Notation of coordination requirements.
    l. Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
    m. Relationship to adjoining construction clearly indicated.
    n. Seal and signature of professional engineer if specified.

o. Wiring Diagrams: Differentiate between manufacturer-installed and field installed wiring.

2. Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns, and similar full-size drawings, submit Digital Shop Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches but no larger than 30 by 42 inches.

3. Number of Copies:

a. Submit each original digital drawing submittal (specifically prepared for the project). Do not include MSDS documentation in any submittal. Architect will retain marked-up copy for his records and will return 1 (one) digital marked-up copy to the Contractor.

b. Submit digital copy (bound in sets) of hardware submittals, fixture schedules, manufacturers' data and all other submittals that have been prepared in an 11 inch by 17 inch or smaller format. The Architect will return 1 (one) digital copy set to the Contractor.

i. Upon receipt of his digital marked up shop drawings/submittals, the Contractor shall make as many copies for distribution as he deems necessary, however he shall retain one copy to mark-up further to show any and all construction changes that modify the submittal in any form. This document(s) shall be turned over to the Owner at the end of the Project along with the Record Documents.

F. Color code: On all digital shop drawings submittals, schedules, etc., the Contractor's marks shall be in red, the Architect's in green and the Engineer's (if any involved) in blue. All comments shall be initialed by a responsible party within each organization.

G. Samples: Submit Samples for review of kind, color, pattern, and texture for a check of these characteristics with other elements and for a comparison of these characteristics between submittal and actual component as delivered and installed.

1. Transmit Samples that contain multiple, related components such as accessories together in one submittal package.

2. Identification: Attach label on unexposed side of Samples that includes the following:

a. Generic description of Sample.

b. Product name and name of manufacturer.

c. Sample source.

d. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.

3. Disposition: Maintain sets of approved Samples at Project site, available for quality-control comparisons throughout the course of construction activity. Sample sets may be used to determine final acceptance of construction associated with each set.

a. Samples not incorporated into the Work, or otherwise designated as Owner's property, are the property of Contractor.

4. Samples for Initial Selection: Submit manufacturer's color charts consisting of units or sections of units showing the full range of colors, textures, and patterns available. **Colors will not be approved until all color submittals are received by the architect.**

a. Number of Samples: Submit two full sets of available choices where color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics are required to be selected from manufacturer's product line. Architect will return one submittal with options selected.

b. All color submittals are due within 45 days of the Notice to Proceed.

c. The architect will be allowed 15 days from the date of the receipt of the last color submittal to approve colors.

5. Samples for Verification: Submit full-size units or Samples of size indicated, prepared from same material to be used for the Work, cured and finished in manner specified, and physically identical with material or product proposed for use, and that show full range of color and texture variations expected. Samples include, but are not limited to, the following: partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components; small cuts or containers of

materials; complete units of repetitively used materials; swatches showing color, texture, and pattern; color range sets; and components used for independent testing and inspection.

a. Number of Samples: Submit two sets of Samples. Architect will retain one Sample set and one will be returned. Mark up returned Sample set as a Project Record Sample.

i. Construct a single Sample where assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation, and other similar characteristics are to be demonstrated.

ii. If variation in color, pattern, texture, or other characteristic is inherent in material or product represented by a Sample, submit at least three sets of paired units that show approximate limits of variations.

H. Interior Color Selections: Any submittals that are associated with the aesthetics of the interior design shall not be approved until all submittals associated with the interior design are in the Architect's possession.

I. Submittals Schedule: Comply with requirements specified in Division 1 Section 01320 "Construction Progress Documentation."

J. Application for Payment: Comply with requirements specified in Division 1 Section 01290 "Payment Procedures."

K. Schedule of Values: Comply with requirements specified in Division 1 Section 01290 "Payment Procedures."

2.2 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. General: Prepare and submit Informational Submittals required by other Specification Sections.

1. Number of Copies: Submit digital copy of each submittal, unless otherwise indicated.

2. Certificates and Certifications: Provide a notarized statement that includes signature of entity responsible for preparing certification. Certificates and certifications shall be signed by an officer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of that entity.

3. Test and Inspection Reports: Comply with requirements specified in Division 1 Section 01400 "Quality Requirements."

B. Coordination Drawings: Comply with requirements specified in Division 1 Section, 01310 "Project Management and Coordination."

C. Qualification Data: Prepare written information that demonstrates capabilities and experience of firm or person. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

D. Welding Certificates: Prepare written certification that welding procedures and personnel comply with requirements in the Contract Documents. Submit record of Welding Procedure Specification (WPS) and Procedure Qualification Record (PQR) on AWS forms. Include names of firms and personnel certified.

E. Installer Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that Installer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents and, where required, is authorized by manufacturer for this specific Project.

F. Manufacturer Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Include evidence of manufacturing experience where required.

G. Product Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that product complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.

H. Material Certificates: Prepare written statements on manufacturer's letterhead certifying that material complies with requirements in the Contract Documents.

I. Material Test Reports: Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting test results of material for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.

J. Product Test Reports: Prepare written reports indicating current product produced by manufacturer complies with requirements in the Contract Documents. Base reports on evaluation of tests performed by manufacturer aAnd witnessed by a qualified testing agency, or on comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency.

K. Research/Evaluation Reports: Prepare written evidence, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, that product complies with building code in effect for Project. Include the following information:

1. Name of evaluation organization.
2. Date of evaluation.
3. Time period when report is in effect.
4. Product and manufacturers' names.
5. Description of product.
6. Test procedures and results.
7. Limitations of use.

L. Preconstruction Test Reports: Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of tests performed before installation of product, for compliance with performance requirements in the Contract Documents.

M. Compatibility Test Reports: Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of compatibility tests performed before installation of product. Include written recommendations for primers and substrate preparation needed for adhesion.

N. Field Test Reports: Prepare reports written by a qualified testing agency, on testing agency's standard form, indicating and interpreting results of field tests performed either during installation of product or after product is installed in its final location, for compliance with requirements in the Contract Documents.

O. Maintenance Data: Prepare written and graphic instructions and procedures for operation and normal maintenance of products and equipment. Comply with requirements specified in Division 1 Section 01782 "Operation and Maintenance Data."

P. Design Data: Prepare written and graphic information, including, but not limited to, performance and design criteria, list of applicable codes and regulations, and calculations. Include list of assumptions and other performance and design criteria and a summary of loads. Include load diagrams if applicable. Provide name and version of software, if any, used for calculations. Include page numbers.

Q. Manufacturer's Instructions: Prepare written or published information that documents manufacturer's recommendations, guidelines, and procedures for installing or operating a product or equipment. Include name of product and name, address, and telephone number of manufactures. Include the following, as applicable:

1. Preparation of substrates.
2. Required substrate tolerances.
3. Sequence of installation or erection.
4. Required installation tolerances.
5. Required adjustments.
6. Recommendations for cleaning and protection.

R. Manufacturer's Field Reports: Prepare written information documenting factory authorized service representative's tests and inspections. Include the following, as applicable:

1. Name, address, and telephone number of factory-authorized service representative making report.
2. Statement on condition of substrates and their acceptability for installation of product.
3. Statement that products at Project site comply with requirements.
4. Summary of installation procedures being followed, whether they comply with requirements and, if not, what corrective action was taken.
5. Results of operational and other tests and a statement of whether observed performance complies with requirements.
6. Statement whether conditions, products, and installation will affect warranty.
7. Other required items indicated in individual Specification Sections.

S. Insurance Certificates and Bonds: Prepare written information indicating current status of insurance or bonding coverage. Include name of entity covered by insurance or bond, limits of coverage, amounts of deductibles, if any, and term of the coverage.

T. Construction Photographs and Videotapes: Comply with requirements specified in Division 1 Section 01322 " Photographic Documentation."

U. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs): Submit information directly to Owner; do not submit to Architect.

1. Architect will not review submittals that include MSDSs and will return the entire submittal for re-submittal.

2.3 DELEGATED DESIGN

A. Performance and Design Criteria: Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of Contractor by the Contract Documents, provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design criteria indicated.

1. If criteria indicated are not sufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to Architect.

B. Delegated-Design Submittal: In addition to Shop Drawings, Product Data, and other required submittals, submit one copy of a statement, signed and sealed by the responsible design professional, for each product and system specifically assigned to Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional.

1. Indicate that products and systems comply with performance and design criteria in the Contract Documents. Include list of codes, loads, and other factors used in performing these services.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONTRACTOR'S REVIEW

A. Review each digital submittal and check for coordination with other Work of the Contract and for compliance with the Contract Documents. Note corrections and field dimensions. Mark with approval stamp before submitting to Architect.

B. Approval Stamp: Stamp each digital submittal with a uniform, approval stamp. Include Project name and location, submittal number, Specification Section title and number, name of reviewer, date of Contractor's approval, and statement certifying that submittal has been reviewed, checked, and approved for compliance with the Contract Documents.

3.2 ARCHITECT'S ACTION

A. General: Architect will not review digital submittals that do not bear Contractor's approval stamp and will return them without action.

B. Action Submittals: Architect will review each digital submittal, make marks to indicate corrections or modifications required, and return it. Architect will stamp each digital submittal with an action stamp and will mark stamp appropriately to indicate action taken, as follows:

   1. REVIEWED–Indicates that reviewed submittal is satisfactory.

   2. REJECTED–Indicates submittal is not satisfactory and another properly prepared submittal of same or another product must be prepared and resubmitted.

   3. FURNISH AS NOTED–Indicates submittal is satisfactory if the changes, modifications, notes, etc. marked by the Architect are made a part of the submittal.

   4. REVISE AND RESUBMIT–Indicates although parts of the submittal are satisfactory, there are enough significant modifications that must be made to require the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, and/or manufacturer to provide additional essential information to his submittal and then resubmit it to the Architect.

C. Informational Submittals: Architect will review each submittal and will not return it or will return it if it does not comply with requirements. Architect will forward each submittal to appropriate party.

D. Partial submittals are not acceptable, will be considered nonresponsive, and will be returned without review.

E. Submittals not required by the Contract Documents may not be reviewed and may be discarded.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01500 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes requirements for temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection facilities.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 1 Section 01100 "Summary" for limitations on utility interruptions and other work restrictions.
2. Division 1 Section 01330 "Submittal Procedures" for procedures for submitting copies of implementation and termination schedule and utility reports.
3. Division 1 Section 01700 "Execution Requirements" for progress cleaning requirements.
4. Divisions 2 through 16 Sections for temporary heat, ventilation, and humidity requirements for products in those Sections.
5. Division 2 Section 02282 "Termite Control" for pest control.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Permanent Enclosure: As determined by Architect, permanent or temporary roofing is complete, insulated, and weathertight; exterior walls are insulated and weathertight; and all openings are closed with permanent construction or substantial temporary closures.

1.4 USE CHARGES

A. General: Cost or use charges for temporary facilities shall be included in the Contract Sum. Allow other entities to use temporary services and facilities without cost, including, but not limited to, Architect, testing agencies, and authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Sewer Service: Sewer connections will not be in place for most if not all of the duration of the project. When and if the off-site sewer is installed by others and sewer piping under this contract is installed, should the contractor decide to connect to the sewer he must pay all sewer use charges until the project is turned over to the Owner.

C. Water Service: Pay water service use charges for water used by all entities for construction operations.

D. Electric Power Service: Pay electric power service use charges for electricity used by all entities for construction operations.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Site Plan: Show temporary facilities, utility hookups, staging areas, and parking areas for construction personnel.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Electric Service: Comply with NECA, NEMA, and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service. Install service to comply with NFPA 70.

B. Tests and Inspections: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to test and inspect each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Temporary Use of Permanent Facilities: Installer of each permanent service shall assume responsibility for operation, maintenance, and protection of each permanent service during its use

as a construction facility before Owner's acceptance, regardless of previously assigned responsibilities.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TEMPORARY FACILITIES

A. Field Offices, General: Prefabricated or mobile units with serviceable finishes, temperature controls, and foundations adequate for normal loading.

1. Minimum Requirement: One (1) 10 foot wide x 44 foot long unit required.

B. Common-Use Field Office: Of sufficient size to accommodate needs of construction personnel. Keep office clean and orderly. Furnish and equip offices as follows:

1. Furniture required for Project-site documents including file cabinets, plan tables, plan racks, and bookcases.
2. Conference room of sufficient size to accommodate meetings of 10 individuals. Provide electrical power service and 120-V ac duplex receptacles, with not less than 1 receptacle on each wall. Furnish room with conference table, chairs, and 4-foot- square tack board.
3. Drinking water and private toilet.
4. Coffee machine and supplies.
5. Heating and cooling equipment necessary to maintain a uniform indoor temperature of 68 to 72 deg F.
6. Lighting fixtures capable of maintaining average illumination of 20 fc at desk height.

C. Storage and Fabrication Sheds: Provide sheds sized, furnished, and equipped to accommodate materials and equipment for construction operations.

1. Store combustible materials apart from building.

2.2 EQUIPMENT

A. Fire Extinguishers: Portable, UL rated; with class and extinguishing agent as required by locations and classes of fire exposures.

B. HVAC Equipment: Provide vented, self-contained, liquid-propane-gas or fuel-oil heaters with individual space thermostatic control.

1. Use of gasoline-burning space heaters, open-flame heaters, or salamander-type heating units is prohibited.
2. Heating Units: Listed and labeled for type of fuel being consumed, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and marked for intended use.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

A. Locate facilities where they will serve Project adequately and result in minimum interference with performance of the Work. Relocate and modify facilities as required by progress of the Work.

B. Provide each facility ready for use when needed to avoid delay. Do not remove until facilities are no longer needed or are replaced by authorized use of completed permanent facilities.

3.2 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

A. General: Install temporary service or connect to existing service.

1. Arrange with utility company, Owner, and existing users for time when service can be interrupted, if necessary, to make connections for temporary services. Sanitary Sewers and Drainage: Provide temporary utilities to remove effluent lawfully.

2. Connect temporary sanitary sewer from construction office to a submerged temporary holding tank, as directed by authorities having jurisdiction.
3. Provide erosion control structures to drain storm water from site.

B. Water Service: Install water service and distribution piping in sizes and pressures adequate for construction from existing water lines in the street. Contractor shall pay for any metering costs and associated fees required by the City Water Department.

C. Sanitary Facilities: Provide temporary toilets, wash facilities, and drinking water for use of construction personnel. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction for type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities.
1. Toilets: Use of Owner’s existing toilet facilities will not be permitted.

D. Heating and Cooling: Provide temporary heating and cooling required by construction activities for curing or drying of completed installations or for protecting installed construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed.

E. Ventilation and Humidity Control: Provide temporary ventilation required by construction activities for curing or drying of completed installations or for protecting installed construction from adverse effects of high humidity. Select equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed. Coordinate ventilation requirements to produce ambient condition required and minimize energy consumption.

F. Electric Power Service: Provide temporary electric meter power service and distribution system of sufficient size, capacity, and power characteristics required for construction operations. Contractor shall be responsible for any charges associated with said service.
1. Install electric power service overhead, unless otherwise indicated.

G. Lighting: Provide temporary lighting with local switching that provides adequate illumination for construction operations, observations, inspections, and traffic conditions.
1. Install and operate temporary lighting that fulfills security and protection requirements without operating entire system.

H. Telephone Service: Provide temporary telephone service in common-use facilities for use by all construction personnel. Install one telephone line for each field office.
1. Provide additional telephone lines for the following:
a. Provide a dedicated telephone line for each facsimile machine and computer in each field office.
2. At each telephone, post a list of important telephone numbers.
a. Police and fire departments.
b. Ambulance service.
c. Contractor's home office.
d. Architect's office.
e. Engineers' offices.
f. Owner's office.
g. Principal subcontractors' field and home offices.
3. Provide superintendent with cellular telephone or portable two-way radio for use when away from field office.

I. Electronic Communication Service: Provide temporary electronic communication service, including electronic mail, in common-use facilities, or other suitable high speed internet connection.
1. Provide DSL in primary field office.

3.3 SUPPORT FACILITIES INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with the following:

1. Provide incombustible construction for offices, shops, and sheds located within construction area with good visibility of construction. Comply with NFPA 241.

2. Maintain support facilities until near Substantial Completion. Remove before Substantial

   Completion. Personnel remaining after Substantial Completion will be permitted to use permanent facilities, under conditions acceptable to Owner.

B. Traffic Controls: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Protect existing site improvements to remain including curbs, pavement, and utilities.

2. Maintain access for fire-fighting equipment and access to fire hydrants.

C. Dewatering Facilities and Drains: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Maintain Project site, excavations, and construction free of water.

1. Dispose of rainwater in a lawful manner that will not result in flooding Project or adjoining properties nor endanger permanent Work or temporary facilities.

D. Project Identification and Temporary Signs: Erect Project identification, General Contractor's sign, Architect's sign and other signs as approved. Install signs where directed to inform public and individuals seeking entrance to Project. Subcontractor signs are not permitted.

E. Waste Disposal Facilities: Provide waste-collection containers in sizes adequate to handle waste from construction operations. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Comply with Division 1 Section "Execution Requirements" for progress cleaning requirements.

F. Temporary Stairs: Until permanent stairs are available, provide one temporary stair between floors, located near the center of the building.

G. Temporary Use of Permanent Stairs: Cover finished, permanent stairs with protective covering of plywood or similar material so finishes will be undamaged at time of acceptance.

3.4 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION

A. Environmental Protection: Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations and that minimize possible air, waterway, and subsoil contamination or pollution or other undesirable effects.

1. Comply with work restrictions specified in Division 1 Section "Summary."

B. Temporary Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Comply with requirements specified in Division 2 02100 Section "Site Preparation."

C. Stormwater Control: Comply with authorities having jurisdiction. Provide barriers in and around excavations and subgrade construction to prevent flooding by runoff of stormwater from heavy rains.

D. Barricades, Warning Signs, and Lights: Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for erecting structurally adequate barricades, including warning signs and lighting.

E. Temporary Enclosures: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities. Provide temporary weathertight enclosure for building exterior.

1. Where heating or cooling is needed and permanent enclosure is not complete, insulate temporary enclosures.

F. Temporary Fire Protection: Install and maintain temporary fire-protection facilities of types needed to protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 241.

1. Prohibit smoking in construction areas.

2. Supervise welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

3. Develop and supervise an overall fire-prevention and protection program for personnel at Project site. Review needs with local fire department and establish procedures to be followed. Instruct personnel in methods and procedures. Post warnings and information.

3.5 OPERATION, TERMINATION, AND REMOVAL

A. Supervision: Enforce strict discipline in use of temporary facilities. To minimize waste and abuse, limit availability of temporary facilities to essential and intended uses.

B. Maintenance: Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal.

1. Maintain operation of temporary enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation, and similar facilities on a 24-hour basis where required to achieve indicated results and to avoid possibility of damage.

C. Temporary Facility Changeover: Do not change over from using temporary security and protection facilities to permanent facilities until Substantial Completion.

D. Termination and Removal: Remove each temporary facility when need for its service has ended, when it has been replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may have been delayed because of interference with temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces, and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.

1. Materials and facilities that constitute temporary facilities are property of Contractor. Carefully remove and turn over Architect’s sign to the Architect.

2. Where area is intended for landscape development, in an area that has been used as a compacted temporary road bed, remove soil and aggregate fill that do not comply with requirements for landscaping fill or subsoil. Remove materials contaminated with road oil, asphalt and other petrochemical compounds, and other substances that might impair growth of plant materials or lawns. Repair or replace street paving, curbs, and sidewalks at temporary entrances, as required by authorities having jurisdiction.

3. At Substantial Completion, clean and renovate permanent facilities used during construction period. Comply with final cleaning requirements specified in Division 1 Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures."

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01600 - PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for selection of products for use in Project; product delivery, storage, and handling; manufacturers' standard warranties on products; special warranties; product substitutions; and equal products.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Divisions 2 through 16 Sections for specific requirements for warranties on products and installations specified to be warranted.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Products: Items purchased for incorporating into the Work, whether purchased for Project or taken from previously purchased stock. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.

1. Named Products: Items identified by manufacturer's product name, including make or model number or other designation shown or listed in manufacturer's published product literature, that is current as of date of the Contract Documents.

2. New Products: Items that have not previously been incorporated into another project or facility. Products salvaged or recycled from other projects are not considered new products.

3. Equal Product: Product that is demonstrated and approved through submittal process, or where indicated as a product substitution, to have the indicated qualities related to type, function, dimension, in-service performance, physical properties, appearance, and other characteristics that equal or exceed those of specified product.

B. Substitutions: Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction from those required by the Contract Documents and proposed by Contractor.

C. Basis-of-Design Product Specification: Where a specific manufacturer's product is named and accompanied by the words "basis of design," including make or model number or other designation, to establish the significant qualities related to type, function, dimension, in-service performance, physical properties, appearance, and other characteristics for purposes of evaluating equal products of other named manufacturers.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product List: Submit a list, in tabular from, showing specified products. Include generic names of products required. Include manufacturer's name and proprietary product names for each product.

1. Coordinate product list with Contractor's Construction Schedule and the Submittals Schedule.

2. Form: Tabulate information for each product under the following column headings:

a. Specification Section number and title.

b. Generic name used in the Contract Documents.

c. Proprietary name, model number, and similar designations.

d. Manufacturer's name and address.

e. Supplier's name and address.

f. Installer's name and address.

g. Projected delivery date or time span of delivery period.

h. Identification of items that require early submittal approval for scheduled delivery date.

3. Completed List: Within 60 days after date of commencement of the Work, submit 3 copies of completed product list. Include a written explanation for omissions of data and for variations from Contract requirements.

4. Architect's Action: Architect will respond in writing to Contractor within 15 days of receipt of completed product list. Architect's response will include a list of unacceptable product selections and a brief explanation of reasons for this action. Architect's response, or lack of response, does not constitute a waiver of requirement to comply with the Contract Documents.

B. Substitution Requests: Submit three copies of each request for consideration. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.

1. Substitution Request Form: Use CSI Form 13.1A.

2. Documentation: Show compliance with requirements for substitutions and the following, as applicable:

a. Statement indicating why specified materials or products cannot be provided.

b. Coordination information, including a list of changes or modifications needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by Owner and separate contractors that will be necessary to accommodate proposed substitution.

c. Detailed comparison of significant qualities of proposed substitution with those of the Work specified. Significant qualities may include attributes such as performance, weight, size, durability, visual effect, and specific features and requirements indicated.

d. Product Data, including drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.

e. Samples, where applicable or requested.

f. List of similar installations for completed projects with project names and addresses and names and addresses of architects and owners.

g. Material test reports from a qualified testing agency indicating and interpreting test results for compliance with requirements indicated.

h. Research/evaluation reports evidencing compliance with building code in effect for Project, from a model code organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

i. Detailed comparison of Contractor's Construction Schedule using proposed substitution with products specified for the Work, including effect on the overall Contract Time. If specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time, include letter from manufacturer, on manufacturer's letterhead, stating lack of availability or delays in delivery.

j. Cost information, including a proposal of change, if any, in the Contract Sum.

k. Contractor's certification that proposed substitution complies with requirements in the Contract Documents and is appropriate for applications indicated.

l. Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of failure of proposed substitution to produce indicated results.

3. Architect's Action: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within 7 days of receipt of a request for substitution. Architect will notify Contractor of acceptance or rejection of proposed substitution within 15 days of receipt of request, or 7 days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.

a. Form of Acceptance: Change Order.

b. Use product specified if Architect cannot make a decision on use of a proposed substitution within time allocated.

c. If Contractor’s Substitution Requests are repeatedly (i.e. 3 times) submitted incomplete, i.e., no definitive response to items “a” through “l”, the Architect will not consider any further Substitution Requests.

C. Equal Product Requests: Submit three copies of each request for consideration. Identify product or fabrication or installation method to be replaced. Include Specification Section number and title and Drawing numbers and titles.

1. Architect's Action: If necessary, Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within one week of receipt of an equal product request. Architect will notify Contractor of approval or rejection of proposed equal product request within 15 days of receipt of request, or 7 days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later.

a. Use product specified if Architect cannot make a decision on use of an equal product request within time allocated.

D. Basis-of-Design Product Specification Submittal: Comply with requirements in Division 1 Section 01330 "Submittal Procedures." Show compliance with requirements.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Compatibility of Options: If Contractor is given option of selecting between two or more products for use on Project, product selected shall be compatible with products previously selected, even if previously selected products were also options.

B. The Contractor MUST provide the Owner with a Certificate of Asbestos Free Building Materials at the end of the project certifying that all building materials incorporated, installed, and used during the construction process of the project by the Contractor or its Subcontractors of any tier are 100% asbestos free. Asbestos Free means containing 0% asbestos in any form. The Certificate of Asbestos Free Building Materials form is included in the project manual.

1.6 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store, and handle products using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss, including theft. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Delivery and Handling:

1. Schedule delivery to minimize long-term storage at Project site and to prevent overcrowding of construction spaces.

2. Coordinate delivery with installation time to ensure minimum holding time for items that are flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft, and other losses.

3. Deliver products to Project site in an undamaged condition in manufacturer's original sealed container or other packaging system, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing.

4. Inspect products on delivery to ensure compliance with the Contract Documents and to ensure that products are undamaged and properly protected.

C. Storage:

1. Store products to allow for inspection and measurement of quantity or counting of units.

2. Store materials in a manner that will not endanger Project structure.

3. Store products that are subject to damage by the elements, under cover in a weathertight enclosure above ground, with ventilation adequate to prevent condensation.

4. Store cementitious products and materials on elevated platforms.

5. Store foam plastic from exposure to sunlight, except to extent necessary for period of installation and concealment.

6. Comply with product manufacturer's written instructions for temperature, humidity, ventilation, and weather-protection requirements for storage.

7. Protect stored products from damage and liquids from freezing.
8. Provide a secure location and enclosure at Project site for storage of materials and equipment by Owner's construction forces. Coordinate location with Owner.
9. Materials Stored Off Site: Unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents, the

   Contractor’s cost of materials and equipment to be incorporated into the Work, which are stored off the site, may also be considered in monthly Applications for Payment under the following conditions:

   a. The contractor has received written approval from the Architect and Owner to store the materials or equipment off site in advance of delivering the materials to the off site location.
   b. A Certificate of Insurance is furnished to the Architect evidencing that a special insurance policy, or rider to an existing policy, has been obtained by the Contractor providing all-risk property insurance coverage, specifically naming the materials or equipment stored, and naming the Owner as an additionally insured party.
   c. The Architect is provided with a detailed inventory of the stored materials or equipment and the materials or equipment are clearly marked in correlation to the inventory to facilitate inspection and verification of the presence of the materials or equipment by the Architect or Owner.
   d. The materials or equipment are properly and safely stored in a bonded warehouse, or a facility otherwise approved in advance by the Architect and Owner.
   e. Compliance by the Contractor with procedures satisfactory to the Owner to establish the Owner’s title to such materials and equipment or otherwise protect the Owner’s interest.

1.7 PRODUCT WARRANTIES

A. Warranties specified in other Sections shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties required by the Contract Documents. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve Contractor of obligations under requirements of the Contract Documents.

   1. Manufacturer's Warranty: Preprinted written warranty published by individual manufacturer for a particular product and specifically endorsed by manufacturer to Owner.
   2. Special Warranty: Written warranty required by or incorporated into the Contract Documents, either to extend time limit provided by manufacturer's warranty or to provide more rights for Owner.

B. Special Warranties: Prepare a written document that contains appropriate terms and identification, ready for execution. Submit a draft for approval before final execution.

   1. Manufacturer's Standard Form: Modified to include Project-specific information and properly executed.
   2. Refer to Divisions 2 through 16 Sections for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting special warranties.

C. Warranty start for mechanical and electrical equipment being date of substantial completion.

D. General Product Requirements: Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, that are undamaged and, unless otherwise indicated, that are new at time of installation.

   1. Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, fasteners, and other items needed for a complete installation and indicated use and effect.
   2. Standard Products: If available, and unless custom products or nonstandard options are specified, provide standard products of types that have been produced and used successfully in similar situations on other projects.
   3. Owner reserves the right to limit selection to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.

4. Where products are accompanied by the term "as selected," Architect will make selection.
5. Where products are accompanied by the term "match sample," sample to be matched is Architect's.
6. Descriptive, performance, and reference standard requirements in the Specifications establish "salient characteristics" of products.
7. Or Equal: Where products are specified by name and accompanied by the term "or equal" or "or approved equal" or "or approved," comply with provisions in Part 2 "Equal Products" Article to obtain approval for use of an unnamed product.

E. Product Selection Procedures:

1. Products and Manufacturers: In particular instances there may only be a single product or manufacturer appropriate for use on the project, in which case where Specifications name a single product and manufacturer and say “no equal”, provide the named product.
2. Products and Manufacturers: When one or two products or manufacturers are specified and have the words “or approved equal”, the Contractor may propose to provide alternatives in the form of a Substitution Request which once reviewed by the Architect will be either accepted or rejected. If Substitution Request is submitted for approval 7 days prior to the receipt of bids and approved by the Architect, said approvals will be included in Addenda. Only those Substitution Requests listed as approved in Addenda may bid the project.
3. Products and Manufacturers: Where Specifications include a list of three (3) or more names of both products and manufacturers, provide one of the products listed that complies with requirements. No substitutions will be accepted.
4. Basis-of-Design Product: Where Specifications name a product and include a list of manufacturers, provide the specified product or an equal product by one of the other named manufacturers. Drawings and Specifications indicate sizes, profiles, dimensions, and other characteristics that are based on the product named.
5. Visual Matching Specification: Where Specifications require matching an established Sample, product must comply with all requirements and must match Architect's sample. Architect's decision will be final on whether a proposed product matches.
    a. If no product available within specified category matches and complies with other specified requirements, comply with provisions in Part 2 "Product Substitutions" Article for proposal of product
6. Visual Selection Specification: Where Specifications include the phrase "as selected from manufacturer's colors, patterns, textures" or a similar phrase, select a product that complies with other specified requirements.
    a. Standard Range: Where Specifications include the phrase "standard range of colors, patterns, textures" or similar phrase, Architect will select color, pattern, density, or texture from manufacturer's product line that does not include premium items.
    b. Full Range: Where Specifications include the phrase "full range of colors, patterns, textures" or similar phrase, Architect will select color, pattern, density, or texture from manufacturer's product line that includes both standard and premium items.

1.8 PRODUCT SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Timing: Architect will consider requests for substitution under the conditions set forth in this section under Product Selection Procedures, if received within 60 days after the Notice to Proceed. Requests received after that time may be considered or rejected at discretion of Architect.

B. Conditions: Architect will consider Contractor's request for substitution under the conditions set forth in this section under Product Selection Procedures and when the following conditions are satisfied. If the following conditions are not satisfied,

C. Architect will return requests without action, except to record noncompliance with these requirements:

1. Requested substitution offers Owner a substantial advantage in cost, time, energy conservation, or other considerations, after deducting additional responsibilities Owner must assume. Owner's additional responsibilities may include compensation to Architect for redesign and evaluation services, increased cost of other construction by Owner, and similar considerations.
2. Requested substitution requires no or only very minor revisions (as determined by the Architect), to the Contract Documents.
3. Requested substitution is consistent with the Contract Documents and will produce indicated results.
4. Substitution request is fully documented and properly submitted.
5. Requested substitution will not adversely affect Contractor's Construction Schedule.
6. Requested substitution has received necessary approvals of authorities having jurisdiction.
7. Requested substitution is compatible with other portions of the Work.
8. Requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work.
9. Requested substitution provides specified warranty.
10. If requested substitution involves more than one contractor, requested substitution has been coordinated with other portions of the Work, is uniform and consistent, is compatible with other products, and is acceptable to all contractors involved.

PART 2 - NOT APPLICABLE

PART 3 - NOT APPLICABLE

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01700 - EXECUTION REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes general procedural requirements governing execution of the Work including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Construction layout.
2. Field engineering and surveying.
3. General installation of products.
4. Coordination of Owner-installed products.
5. Progress cleaning.
6. Starting and adjusting.
7. Protection of installed construction.
8. Correction of the Work.

B. Related Sections include the following:

1. Division 1 Section 01310 "Project Management and Coordination" for procedures for coordinating field engineering with other construction activities.
2. Division 1 Section 01330 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting surveys.
3. Division 1 Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting Project Record Documents, recording of Owner-accepted deviations from indicated lines and levels, and final cleaning.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For professional engineer.

B. Certificates: Submit certificate signed by professional engineer certifying that location and elevation of improvements comply with requirements.

C. Landfill Receipts: Submit copy of receipts issued by a landfill facility, licensed to accept hazardous materials, for hazardous waste disposal.

D. Certified Surveys: Submit two copies signed by professional engineer.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Land Surveyor Qualifications: A professional land surveyor who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing land-surveying services of the kind indicated.

PART 2 - EXECUTION

2.1 EXAMINATION

A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of site improvements, utilities, and other construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning work, investigate and verify the existence and location of mechanical and electrical systems and other construction affecting the Work.

1. Before construction, verify the location and points of connection of utility services.

B. Existing Utilities: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction

indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities and other construction affecting the Work.

1. Before construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water-service piping; and underground electrical services.
2. Furnish location data for work related to Project that must be performed by public utilities serving Project site.

C. Acceptance of Conditions: Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer or Applicator present where indicated, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.

1. Written Report: Where a written report listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work is required by other Sections, include the following:
   a. Description of the Work.
   b. List of detrimental conditions, including substrates.
   c. List of unacceptable installation tolerances.
   d. Recommended corrections.
2. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
3. Examine roughing-in for mechanical and electrical systems to verify actual locations of connections before equipment and fixture installation.
4. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where products and systems are to be installed.
5. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

2.2 PREPARATION

A. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to local utility and Owner that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines, services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.

C. Space Requirements: Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.

D. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents, submit a request for information to Architect. Include a detailed description of problem encountered, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents. Submit requests on RFI, "Request for Interpretation."

2.3 CONSTRUCTION LAYOUT

A. Verification: Before proceeding to lay out the Work, verify layout information shown on Drawings,

in relation to the property survey and existing benchmarks. If discrepancies are discovered, notify Architect promptly.

B. General: Engage a professional engineer to lay out the Work using accepted surveying practices.

1. Establish benchmarks and control points to set lines and levels at each story of construction and elsewhere as needed to locate each element of Project.
2. Establish dimensions within tolerances indicated. Do not scale Drawings to obtain required

dimensions.

3. Inform installers of lines and levels to which they must comply.
4. Check the location, level and plumb, of every major element as the Work progresses.
5. Notify Architect when deviations from required lines and levels exceed allowable tolerances.
6. Close site surveys with an error of closure equal to or less than the standard established by authorities having jurisdiction.

C. Site Improvements: Locate and lay out site improvements, including pavements, grading, fill and topsoil placement, utility slopes, and invert elevations.

D. Building Lines and Levels: Locate and lay out control lines and levels for structures, building foundations, column grids, and floor levels, including those required for mechanical and electrical work. Transfer survey markings and elevations for use with control lines and levels. Level foundations and piers from two or more locations.

E. Record Log: Maintain a log of layout control work. Record deviations from required lines and levels. Include beginning and ending dates and times of surveys, weather conditions, name and duty of each survey party member, and types of instruments and tapes used. Make the log available for reference by Architect.

2.4 FIELD ENGINEERING

A. Reference Points: Locate existing permanent benchmarks, control points, and similar reference points before beginning the Work. Preserve and protect permanent benchmarks and control points during construction operations.

1. Do not change or relocate existing benchmarks or control points without prior written approval of Architect. Report lost or destroyed permanent benchmarks or control points promptly. Report the need to relocate permanent benchmarks or control points to Architect before proceeding.
2. Replace lost or destroyed permanent benchmarks and control points promptly. Base replacements on the original survey control points.

B. Benchmarks: Establish and maintain a minimum of two permanent benchmarks on Project site, referenced to data established by survey control points. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction for type and size of benchmark.

1. Record benchmark locations, with horizontal and vertical data on Project Record Documents.
2. Where the actual location or elevation of layout points cannot be marked, provide temporary reference points sufficient to locate the Work.
3. Remove temporary reference points when no longer needed. Restore marked construction to its original condition.

C. Certified Survey: On completion of foundation walls, major site improvements, and other work requiring field-engineering services, prepare a certified survey showing dimensions, locations, angles, and elevations of construction and sitework.

D. Final Property Survey: Submit a final property survey certifying exact locations of site improvements including building(s), parking lots, roadways and utilities including structure elevations, top and invert, distances from property lines, and with any variation from the original civil staking and layout and utility drawings identified.

2.5 INSTALLATION

A. General: Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.

1. Make vertical work plumb and make horizontal work level.
2. Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance and ease of removal for replacement.

3. Conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in finished areas, unless otherwise indicated.

4. Maintain minimum headroom clearance of 8 feet in spaces without a suspended ceiling unless shown otherwise on drawings.

B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.

C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure the best possible results.

D. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.

E. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy.

F. Tools and Equipment: Do not use tools or equipment that produce harmful noise levels.

G. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for work specified to be factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.

H. Anchors and Fasteners: Provide anchors and fasteners as required to anchor each component securely in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work.

1. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Architect.

2. Allow for building movement, including thermal expansion and contraction.

3. Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

I. Joints: Make joints of uniform width. Where joint locations in exposed work are not indicated, arrange joints for the best visual effect. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints.

J. Hazardous Materials: Use products, cleaners, and installation materials that are not considered hazardous.

2.6 OWNER-INSTALLED PRODUCTS

A. Site Access: Provide access to Project site for Owner's construction forces.

B. Coordination: Coordinate construction and operations of the Work with work performed by Owner's construction forces.

1. Construction Schedule: Inform Owner of Contractor's preferred construction schedule for Owner's portion of the Work. Adjust construction schedule based on a mutually agreeable timetable. Notify Owner if changes to schedule are required due to differences in actual construction progress.

2. Pre-installation Conferences: Include Owner's construction forces at pre-installation conferences covering portions of the Work that are to receive Owner's work. Attend pre-installation conferences conducted by Owner's construction forces if portions of the Work depend on Owner's construction.

2.7 PROGRESS CLEANING

A. General: Clean Project site and work areas daily, including common areas. Coordinate progress cleaning for joint-use areas where more than one installer has worked. Enforce requirements strictly. Dispose of materials lawfully.

1. Comply with requirements in NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste materials and debris.

2. Do not hold materials more than 7 days during normal weather or 3 days if the temperature is expected to rise above 80 deg F.

3. Containerize hazardous and unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste.

Mark containers appropriately and dispose of legally, according to regulations.

B. Site: Maintain Project site free of waste materials and debris.

C. Work Areas: Clean areas where work is in progress to the level of cleanliness necessary for proper execution of the Work.

1. Remove liquid spills promptly.

2. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.

D. Installed Work: Keep installed work clean. Clean installed surfaces according to written instructions of manufacturer or fabricator of product installed, using only cleaning materials specifically recommended. If specific cleaning materials are not recommended, use cleaning materials that are not hazardous to health or property and that will not damage exposed surfaces.

E. Concealed Spaces: Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.

F. Exposed Surfaces in Finished Areas: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

G. Waste Disposal: Burying or burning waste materials on-site will not be permitted. Washing waste materials down sewers or into waterways will not be permitted.

H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.

I. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.

J. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.

2.8 STARTING AND ADJUSTING

A. Start equipment and operating components to confirm proper operation. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest.

B. Adjust operating components for proper operation without binding. Adjust equipment for proper operation.

C. Test each piece of equipment to verify proper operation. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

D. Manufacturer's Field Service: If a factory-authorized service representative is required to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, comply with qualification requirements in Division 1 Section 01400 "Quality Requirements."

2.9 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.

2.10 CORRECTION OF THE WORK

A. Repair or remove and replace defective construction. Restore damaged substrates and finishes.

1. Repairing includes replacing defective parts, refinishing damaged surfaces, touching up with matching materials, and properly adjusting operating equipment.

B. Restore permanent facilities used during construction to their specified condition.

C. Remove and replace damaged surfaces that are exposed to view if surfaces cannot be repaired without visible evidence of repair.

D. Repair components that do not operate properly. Remove and replace operating components that cannot be repaired.

E. Remove and replace chipped, scratched, and broken glass or reflective surfaces.

PART 3 – NOT APPLICABLE

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01770 - CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

B. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Inspection procedures.
2. Warranties.
3. Final cleaning.

1.3 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

A. Preliminary Procedures: Before requesting inspection for determining date of Substantial Completion, complete the following. List items below that are incomplete in request.

1. Prepare a list of items to be completed and corrected (punch list), the value of items on the list, and reasons why the Work is not complete.
2. Advise Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
3. Submit specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance service agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
4. Obtain and submit releases permitting Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.
5. Prepare and submit Project Record Documents, operation and maintenance manuals, Final Completion construction photographs, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
6. Deliver spare parts, extra materials, and similar items to location designated by Owner. Label with manufacturer's name and model number where applicable.
7. Make final changeover of permanent locks and deliver keys to Owner. Advise Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
8. Complete startup testing of systems.
9. Submit test/adjust/balance records.
10. Terminate and remove temporary facilities from Project site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
11. Advise Owner of changeover in heat and other utilities.
12. Submit changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.
13. Complete final cleaning requirements, including touchup painting.
14. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred exposed finishes to eliminate visual defects.

B. Inspection: Submit a written request for inspection for Substantial Completion. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion after inspection or will notify Contractor of items, either on Contractor's list or additional items identified by Architect, that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.

1. Re-inspection: Request re-inspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.
2. Results of completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for Final Completion.

1.4 FINAL COMPLETION

A. Preliminary Procedures: Before requesting final inspection for determining date of Final Completion, complete the following:

1. Submit a final Application for Payment according to Division 1 Section 01290 "Payment Procedures."
2. Submit certified copy of Architect's Substantial Completion inspection list of items to be completed or corrected (punch list), endorsed and dated by Architect. The certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
3. Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
4. Submit pest-control final inspection report and warranty.
5. Instruct Owner's personnel in operation, adjustment, and maintenance of products, equipment, and systems. Submit demonstration and training videotapes.

B. Inspection: Submit a written request for final inspection for acceptance. On receipt of request, Architect will either proceed with inspection or notify Contractor of unfulfilled requirements. Architect will prepare a final Certificate for Payment after inspection or will notify Contractor of construction that must be completed or corrected before certificate will be issued.

1. Re-inspection: Request re-inspection when the Work identified in previous inspections as incomplete is completed or corrected.

1.5 LIST OF INCOMPLETE ITEMS (PUNCH LIST)

A. Preparation: Submit three copies of list. Include name and identification of each space and area affected by construction operations for incomplete items and items needing correction including, if necessary, areas disturbed by Contractor that are outside the limits of construction.

1. Mark the Architect’s punch-list so-as-to identify those items that are still outstanding and uncorrected at the time of submission.

1.6 WARRANTIES

A. Submittal Time: Submit written warranties on request of Architect for designated portions of the Work where commencement of warranties other than date of Substantial Completion is indicated.

B. Organize warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of the Project Manual.

1. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, 3-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper.
2. Provide heavy paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product and the name, address, and telephone number of Installer.
3. Identify each binder on the front and spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES," Project name, and name of Contractor.

C. Provide additional copies of each warranty to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Cleaning Agents: Use cleaning materials and agents recommended by manufacturer or fabricator of the surface to be cleaned. Do not use cleaning agents that are potentially hazardous to health or property or that might damage finished surfaces.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FINAL CLEANING

A. General: Provide final cleaning. Conduct cleaning and waste-removal operations to comply with local laws and ordinances and Federal and local environmental and antipollution regulations.

B. Cleaning: Employ experienced workers or professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to condition expected in an average commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion for Project.

   a. Clean Project site, yard, and grounds, in areas disturbed by construction activities, including landscape development areas, of rubbish, waste material, litter, and other foreign substances.

   b. Sweep paved areas broom clean. Remove petrochemical spills, stains, and other foreign deposits.

   c. Remove tools, construction equipment, machinery, and surplus material from Project site.

   d. Clean exposed exterior and interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dirt-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Avoid disturbing natural weathering of exterior surfaces. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition.

   e. Remove debris and surface dust from limited access spaces, including roofs, plenums, shafts, trenches, equipment vaults, manholes, attics, and similar spaces.

   f. Remove labels that are not permanent.

   g. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred, exposed finishes and surfaces. Replace finishes and surfaces that cannot be satisfactorily repaired or restored or that already show evidence of repair or restoration.

      i. Do not paint over "UL" and similar labels, including mechanical and electrical nameplates.

   h. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment, and similar equipment. Remove excess lubrication, paint and mortar droppings, and other foreign substances.

   i. Replace parts subject to unusual operating conditions.

   j. Replace disposable air filters and clean permanent air filters. Clean exposed surfaces of diffusers, registers, and grills.

   k. Clean ducts, blowers, and coils if units were operated without filters during construction.

   l. Leave Project clean and ready for occupancy.

   m. 2 Cleanings will be required once Substantial Completion is achieved.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01781 - PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

B. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for Project Record Documents, including the following:

1. Digital Record Drawings.
2. Digital Record Specifications.
3. Digital Record Product Data.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Record Drawings: Comply with the following:

1. Number of Copies: Submit one set of digitally scanned marked-up Record Prints.

B. Record Specifications: Submit one copy of digitally scanned Project Specifications, including addenda and contract modifications.

C. Record Product Data: Submit one digitally scanned copy of each Product Data submittal.

D. Where Record Product Data is required as part of operation and maintenance manuals, submit marked-up Product Data as an insert in manual instead of submittal as Record Product Data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 RECORD DRAWINGS

A. Record Prints: Maintain one clean set of blue- or black-line white prints of the Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings and one copy of the project manual (specification) at the job site for the sole purpose of recording changes to the drawings and specifications.

B. Preparation: Mark Record Prints to show the actual installation where installation varies from that shown originally. Require individual or entity who obtained record data, whether individual or entity is Installer, subcontractor, or similar entity, to prepare the marked-up Record Prints.

1. Give particular attention to information on concealed elements that would be difficult to identify or measure and record later.
2. Accurately record information in an understandable drawing technique.
3. Record data as soon as possible after obtaining it. Record and check the markup before enclosing concealed installations.

C. Content: Types of items requiring marking include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Dimensional changes to Drawings.
2. Revisions to details shown on Drawings.
3. Locations and depths of underground utilities.
4. Revisions to routing of piping and conduits.
5. Revisions to electrical circuitry.
6. Actual equipment locations.
7. Duct size and routing.
8. Locations of concealed internal utilities.

9. Changes made by Change Order or Construction Change Directive. (Posted on Documents.)
10. Changes made following Architect's written orders, i.e. ASIs. (Posted on Documents.)
11. Details not on the original Contract Drawings. (Posted on Documents.)
12. Field records for variable and concealed conditions.
13. Record information on the Work that is shown only schematically.
14. Changes made in response to Contractor’s questions, i.e. RFIs. (Posted on Documents.)

D. Mark the Contract Drawings or Shop Drawings, whichever is most capable of showing actual physical conditions, completely and accurately. If Shop Drawings are marked, show cross-reference on the Contract Drawings.

E. Mark record sets with erasable, red-colored pencil. Use other colors to distinguish between changes for different categories of the Work at same location.

F. Mark important additional information that was either shown schematically or omitted from original Drawings.

G. Note Construction Change Directive numbers, alternate numbers, Change Order numbers, and similar identification, where applicable. Where posting is required, post on Drawing Set and in Specifications on sheets or pages adjacent to or on top of where modification applies.

H. Attachment method shall be taped at top only, so as to access original underneath.

I. Digitally scan all documents and provide on CD Rom to Architect.

2.2 RECORD SPECIFICATIONS

A. Preparation: Mark Specifications to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies from that indicated in Specifications, addenda, and contract modifications. Maintain one clean copy of the project manual (specification) at the job site for the sole purpose of recording changes to the drawings and specifications.

1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
2. Mark copy with the proprietary name and model number of products, materials, and equipment furnished, including substitutions and product options selected.
3. Record the name of manufacturer, supplier, Installer, and other information necessary to provide a record of selections made.
4. For each principal product, indicate whether Record Product Data has been submitted in operation and maintenance manuals instead of submitted as Record Product Data.
5. Note related Change Orders, Record Product Data, and Record Drawings where applicable.

B. Digitally scan all documents and provide on CD Rom to Architect.

2.3 RECORD PRODUCT DATA

A. Preparation: Mark Product Data to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies substantially from that indicated in Product Data submittal.

B. Maintain one clean set at the job site for the sole purpose of recording changes to the drawings and specifications.

1. Give particular attention to information on concealed products and installations that cannot be readily identified and recorded later.
2. Include significant changes in the product delivered to Project site and changes in manufacturer's written instructions for installation.
3. Note related Change Orders, Record Specifications and Record Drawings where applicable.

C. Digitally scan all documents and provide on CD Rom to Architect.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS RECORD SUBMITTALS

A. Assemble miscellaneous records required by other Specification Sections for miscellaneous record keeping and submittal in connection with actual performance of the Work. Bind or file miscellaneous records and identify each, ready for continued use and reference.

PART 3 - RECORDING AND MAINTENANCE

A. Recording: Maintain one copy of each submittal during the construction period for Project Record Document purposes. Post changes and modifications to Project Record Documents as they occur; do not wait until the end of Project.

B. Maintenance of Record Documents and Samples: Store Record Documents and Samples in the field office apart from the Contract Documents used for construction. Do not use Project Record Documents for construction purposes. Maintain Record Documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and loss. Provide access to Project Record Documents for Architect's reference during normal working hours. Architect’s representative will review Record Documents with the project superintendent each month to determine to his satisfaction whether or not Record Documents are being kept up to date. Failure to do so will result in the delay of processing pay request until Record Documents are brought up to date.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01782 - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DATA

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for preparing operation and maintenance manuals, including the following:

1. Operation and maintenance documentation directory.
2. Emergency manuals.
3. Operation manuals for systems, subsystems, and equipment.
4. Maintenance manuals for the care and maintenance of products, materials, finishes, systems and equipment.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. System: An organized collection of parts, equipment, or subsystems united by regular interaction.

B. Subsystem: A portion of a system with characteristics similar to a system.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittal: Submit one copy of each manual in final form at least 15 days before final inspection. Architect will return copy with comments within 15 days after finalinspection.

1. Correct or modify each manual to comply with Architect's comments. Submit three copies of each corrected manual within 15 days of receipt of Architect's comments.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Where operation and maintenance documentation includes information on installations by more than one factory-authorized service representative, assemble and coordinate information furnished by representatives and prepare manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE DOCUMENTATION DIRECTORY

A. Organization: Include a section in the directory for each of the following:

1. List of documents.
2. List of systems.
3. List of equipment.
4. Table of contents.

B. List of Systems and Subsystems: List systems alphabetically. Include references to operation and maintenance manuals that contain information about each system.

C. List of Equipment: List equipment for each system, organized alphabetically by system. For pieces of equipment not part of system, list alphabetically in separate list.

D. Tables of Contents: Include a table of contents for each emergency, operation, and maintenance manual.

E. Identification: In the documentation directory and in each operation and maintenance manual, identify each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment with same designation used in the Contract Documents. If no designation exists, assign a designation according to ASHRAE

Guideline 4, "Preparation of Operating and Maintenance Documentation for Building Systems."

2.2 MANUALS, GENERAL

A. Organization: Unless otherwise indicated, organize each manual into a separate section for each system and subsystem, and a separate section for each piece of equipment not part of a system. Each manual shall contain the following materials, in the order listed:

1. Title page.
2. Table of contents.
3. Manual contents.

B. Title Page: Enclose title page in transparent plastic sleeve. Include the following information:

1. Subject matter included in manual.
2. Name and address of Project.
3. Name and address of Owner.
4. Date of submittal.
5. Name, address, and telephone number of Contractor.
6. Name and address of Architect.
7. Cross-reference to related systems in other operation and maintenance manuals.

C. Table of Contents: List each product included in manual, identified by product name, indexed to the content of the volume, and cross-referenced to Specification Section number in Project Manual.

1. If operation or maintenance documentation requires more than one volume to accommodate data, include comprehensive table of contents for all volumes in each volume of the set.

D. Manual Contents: Organize into sets of manageable size. Arrange contents alphabetically by system, subsystem, and equipment. If possible, assemble instructions for subsystems, equipment, and components of one system into a single binder.

1. Binders: Heavy-duty, 3-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, in thickness necessary to accommodate contents, sized to hold 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper; with clear plastic sleeve on spine to hold label describing contents and with pockets inside covers to hold folded oversize sheets.
    a. If two or more binders are necessary to accommodate data of a system, organize data in each binder into groupings by subsystem and related components. Cross-reference other binders if necessary to provide essential information for proper operation or maintenance of equipment or system.
    b. Identify each binder on front and spine, with printed title "OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL," Project title or name, and subject matter of contents. Indicate volume number for multiple-volume sets.
2. Dividers: Heavy-paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each section. Mark each tab to indicate contents. Include typed list of products and major components of equipment included in the section on each divider, cross-referenced to Specification Section number and title of Project Manual.
3. Protective Plastic Sleeves: Transparent plastic sleeves designed to enclose diagnostic software diskettes for computerized electronic equipment.
4. Supplementary Text: Prepared on 8-1/2-by-11-inch white bond paper.
5. Drawings: Attach reinforced, punched binder tabs on drawings and bind with text.
    a. If oversize drawings are necessary, fold drawings to same size as text pages and use as foldouts.
    b. If drawings are too large to be used as foldouts, fold and place drawings in labeled envelopes and bind envelopes in rear of manual. At appropriate locations in manual,

insert typewritten pages indicating drawing titles, descriptions of contents, and drawing locations.

2.3 EMERGENCY MANUALS

A. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each of the following:

1. Type of emergency.
2. Emergency instructions.
3. Emergency procedures.

B. Type of Emergency: Where applicable for each type of emergency indicated below, include instructions and procedures for each system, subsystem, piece of equipment, and component:

1. Fire.
2. Flood.
3. Gas leak.
4. Water leak.
5. Power failure.
6. Water outage.
7. System, subsystem, or equipment failure.
8. Chemical release or spill.

C. Emergency Instructions: Describe and explain warnings, trouble indications, error messages, and similar codes and signals. Include responsibilities of Owner's operating personnel for notification of Installer, supplier, and manufacturer to maintain warranties.

D. Emergency Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:

1. Instructions on stopping.
2. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
3. Operating instructions for conditions outside normal operating limits.
4. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
5. Special operating instructions and procedures.

2.4 OPERATION MANUALS

A. Content: In addition to requirements in this Section, include operation data required in individual Specification Sections and the following information:

1. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions.
2. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.
3. Operating standards.
4. Operating procedures.
5. Operating logs.
6. Wiring diagrams.
7. Control diagrams.
8. Piped system diagrams.
9. Precautions against improper use.
10. License requirements including inspection and renewal dates.

B. Descriptions: Include the following:

1. Product name and model number.

2. Manufacturer's name.
3. Equipment identification with serial number of each component.
4. Equipment function.
5. Operating characteristics.
6. Limiting conditions.
7. Performance curves.
8. Engineering data and tests.
9. Complete nomenclature and number of replacement parts.

C. Operating Procedures: Include the following, as applicable:
1. Startup procedures.
2. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
3. Routine and normal operating instructions.
4. Regulation and control procedures.
5. Instructions on stopping.
6. Normal shutdown instructions.
7. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
8. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
9. Special operating instructions and procedures.

D. Systems and Equipment Controls: Describe the sequence of operation, and diagram controls as installed.

E. Piped Systems: Diagram piping as installed and identify color-coding where required for identification.

2.5 PRODUCT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

A. Content: Organize manual into a separate section for each product, material, and finish. Include source information, product information, maintenance procedures, repair materials and sources, and warranties and bonds, as described below.

B. Source Information: List each product included in manual, identified by product name and arranged to match manual's table of contents. For each product, list name, address, and telephone number of Installer or supplier and maintenance service agent, and cross-reference Specification Section number and title in Project Manual.

C. Product Information: Include the following, as applicable:
1. Product name and model number.
2. Manufacturer's name.
3. Color, pattern, and texture.
4. Material and chemical composition.
5. Reordering information for specially manufactured products.

D. Maintenance Procedures: Include manufacturer's written recommendations and the following:
1. Inspection procedures.
2. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
3. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
4. Schedule for routine cleaning and maintenance.

5. Repair instructions.

E. Repair Materials and Sources: Include lists of materials and local sources of materials and related services.

F. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.

1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

2.6 SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

A. Content: For each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system, include source information, manufacturers' maintenance documentation, maintenance procedures, maintenance and service schedules, spare parts list and source information, maintenance service contracts, and warranty and bond information, as described below.

B. Source Information: List each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment included in manual, identified by product name and arranged to match manual's table of contents. For each product, list name, address, and telephone number of Installer or supplier and maintenance service agent, and cross-reference Specification Section number and title in Project Manual.

C. Manufacturers' Maintenance Documentation: Manufacturers' maintenance documentation including the following information for each component part or piece of equipment:

1. Standard printed maintenance instructions and bulletins.

2. Drawings, diagrams, and instructions required for maintenance, including disassembly and component removal, replacement, and assembly.

3. Identification and nomenclature of parts and components.

4. List of items recommended to be stocked as spare parts.

D. Maintenance Procedures: Include the following information and items that detail essential maintenance procedures:

1. Test and inspection instructions.

2. Troubleshooting guide.

3. Precautions against improper maintenance

4. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions.

5. Aligning, adjusting, and checking instructions.

6. Demonstration and training videotape, if available.

E. Maintenance and Service Schedules: Include service and lubrication requirements, list of required lubricants for equipment, and separate schedules for preventive and routine maintenance and service with standard time allotment.

1. Scheduled Maintenance and Service: Tabulate actions for daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semiannual, and annual frequencies.

2. Maintenance and Service Record: Include manufacturers' forms for recording maintenance.

F. Spare Parts List and Source Information: Include lists of replacement and repair parts, with parts identified and cross-referenced to manufacturers' maintenance documentation and local sources of maintenance materials and related services.

G. Maintenance Service: Some equipment and products require maintenance by the manufacturer, supplier or subcontractor, i.e., an authorized service representative, as part of the warranty. The General Contractor shall ensure that said maintenance work is done and provide copies of service reports to the Owner.

H. Warranties and Bonds: Include copies of warranties and bonds and lists of circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranties or bonds.

1. Include procedures to follow and required notifications for warranty claims.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MANUAL PREPARATION

A. Operation and Maintenance Documentation Directory: Prepare a separate manual that provides an organized reference to emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

B. Emergency Manual: Assemble a complete set of emergency information indicating procedures for use by emergency personnel and by Owner's operating personnel for types of emergencies indicated.

C. Product Maintenance Manual: Assemble a complete set of maintenance data indicating care and maintenance of each product, material, and finish incorporated into the Work.

D. Operation and Maintenance Manuals: Assemble a complete set of operation and maintenance data indicating operation and maintenance of each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.

1. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to assemble and prepare information for each system, subsystem, and piece of equipment not part of a system.

2. Prepare a separate manual for each system and subsystem, in the form of an instructional manual for use by Owner's operating personnel.

E. Manufacturers' Data: Where manuals contain manufacturers' standard printed data, include only sheets pertinent to product or component installed. Mark each sheet to identify each product or component incorporated into the Work. If data include more than one item in a tabular format, identify each item using appropriate references from the Contract Documents. Identify data applicable to the Work and delete references to information not applicable.

1. Prepare supplementary text if manufacturers' standard printed data are not available and where the information is necessary for proper operation and maintenance of equipment or systems.

F. Drawings: Prepare drawings supplementing manufacturers' printed data to illustrate the relationship of component parts of equipment and systems and to illustrate control sequence and flow diagrams. Coordinate these drawings with information contained in Record Drawings to ensure correct illustration of completed installation.

1. Do not use original Project Record Documents as part of operation and maintenance manuals.

2. Comply with requirements of Record Drawings in Division 1 Section 01781 "Project Record Documents."

G. Comply with Division 1 Section 01770 "Closeout Procedures" for schedule for submitting operation and maintenance documentation.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01820 - DEMONSTRATION AND TRAINING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for instructing Owner's personnel, including the following:

1. Demonstration of operation of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
2. Training in operation and maintenance of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
3. Demonstration and training digital media.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Instruction Program: Submit two copies of outline of instructional program for demonstration and training, including a schedule of proposed dates, times, length of instruction time, and instructors' names for each training module. Include learning objective and outline for each training module.

1. At completion of training, submit one complete training manual for Owner's use.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Instructor Qualifications: A factory-authorized service representative, complying with requirements in Division 1 Section 01400 "Quality Requirements," experienced in operation and maintenance procedures and training.

1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate instruction schedule with Owner's operations. Adjust schedule as required to minimize disrupting Owner's operations.

B. Coordinate instructors, including providing notification of dates, times, length of instruction time, and course content.

C. Coordinate content of training modules with content of approved emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Do not submit instruction program until operation and maintenance data has been reviewed and approved by Architect.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSTRUCTION PROGRAM

A. Program Structure: Develop an instruction program that includes individual training modules for each system and equipment not part of a system, as required by individual Specification Sections.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Assemble educational materials necessary for instruction, including documentation and training module. Assemble training modules into a combined training manual.

B. Set up instructional equipment at instruction location.

3.2 INSTRUCTION

A. Instructor: Engage a qualified instructor to prepare instruction program and training modules, and

to coordinate between Contractor and Owner for number of participants, instruction times, and location.

B. Instructor shall demonstrate to Owner's personnel how to adjust, operate, and maintain systems, subsystems, and equipment not part of a system.

C. Scheduling: Provide instruction at mutually agreed on times. For equipment that requires seasonal operation, provide similar instruction at start of each season.

1. Schedule training with Owner, through Architect, with at least seven days' advance notice.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02100 - SITE PREPARATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

B. Perform site preparation work as shown and specified. Site preparation includes, but is not limited to the following:

1. Protection of existing trees to remain
2. Removal of trees and other vegetation.
3. Stripping and stockpiling of topsoil.
4. Clearing and grubbing.
5. Removing above grade improvements.
6. Removing below grade improvements.
7. Installation of erosion control devices.

1.3 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Protection of Existing Trees and Vegetation: Protect existing trees and other vegetation indicated to remain in place, against unnecessary cutting, breaking or skinning of roots, skinning and bruising of bark, smothering of trees by stockpiling construction materials or excavated materials within drip line, excess foot or vehicular traffic, or parking of vehicles within drip line. Provide temporary guards to protect trees and vegetation to be left standing. Leave all protection in place and maintain until construction work has been completed and all danger of damage has passed. Protection shall be removed only after approval is given by Architect.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The General Contractor shall obtain *(In accordance with ADEM Admin. Code Chapter 335-6-12)* an ADEM storm water permit from the State of Alabama. An NPDES construction site also includes construction sites, irrespective of size, whose stormwater discharges have a reasonable potential to be a significant contributor of pollutants to a water of the State, or whose stormwater discharges have a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to a violation of an applicable Alabama water quality standard as determined by the Department. The General Contractor shall include in Base Bid all permit fees associated to obtain this permit. The Contractor shall submit a Notice of Registration, the fee and develop a Construction Best Management Practices Plan (CBMPP) prior to construction and shall maintain all erosion control measures until the permit is relinquished.

A. The Contractor shall use care when working near existing and future installed Best Management Practice (BMP) structures to prevent damage to the structures resulting in erosion and storm water runoff containing silt and soil from the site. The Contractor shall walk the site and verify the condition of the BMP structures during the execution of the work. Any repair work that is deemed necessary as a result of damage caused by the Contractor shall be the responsibility of the Contractor and shall be performed prior to payment of the next scheduled payment application.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Temporary Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Items: Items including silt fence, wattles, inlet protection, sand bags and other erosion control items are to meet the requirements of Section 665 of the Alabama Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Highway Construction (ALDOTSSHC), latest edition.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EROSION CONTROL

A. Prior to the starting of any work, install erosion control measures as required in the Erosion Control or Best Management Practice Plan. Maintain all erosion control measures in place during full construction period and until such time as the site is substantially vegetated. Install erosion control measures in accordance with Section 665 of the Alabama Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Highway Construction (ALDOTSSHC), latest edition, and the manufacturer's recommendations. Inspection of the silt fence shall be daily, and repair or replacement must be made promptly as required. Any sediment collected by the erosion control measures must be removed when it reaches 6" in height. Erosion control measures shall be removed only after approval is given by the Architect. Removal of erosion control measures is to be carried out by the Contractor who installed the measures.

3.2 SITE CLEARING

A. General: Remove vegetation, improvements or obstructions interfering with installation of new construction and within limits indicated on the Drawings. Remove all demolished items from the site. Removal includes digging out stumps and roots. Carefully and cleanly cut roots and branches of trees indicated to be left standing where such roots and branches obstruct new construction.

B. Clearing and Grubbing: Clear site of trees, shrubs and other vegetation, except for those indicated to be left standing. Completely remove stumps, roots and other debris protruding through ground surface. Do not grub inside the drip line of trees to remain. On site burning is not permitted.

C. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with satisfactory soil material, unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated. Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding 8" loose depth and thoroughly compact to a density equal to adjacent original ground.

D. Positive drainage must be maintained or installed by the Contractor to insure that storm water runoff flows to the proper drainage structure or swale.

E. Restore all areas disturbed by construction activities and which are outside the limits of clearing as indicated on the drawing to their original condition. The expense for this work will be borne by the contractor. The work must be in accordance with the directions of the Architect.

3.3 STRIPPING TOPSOIL

A. Topsoil is defined as friable clay loam surface soil found in a depth of not less than 4". Satisfactory topsoil is reasonably free of subsoil, clay lumps, stones and other objects over 2" in diameter, and without weeds, roots and other objectionable material. Strip topsoil to its full depth at all areas to be regraded, resurfaced or paved in a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other objectionable material. Remove heavy growths of grass from areas before stripping. Where trees are indicated to be left standing, stop topsoil stripping at drip line, unless directed otherwise, to prevent damage to main root system. Stockpile topsoil in storage piles in a location acceptable to the Architect. Construct storage piles to freely drain surface water. Cover storage piles if required to prevent wind-blown dust. Maintain topsoil storage piles separate from other stockpiled soil materials.

3.4 SITE IMPROVEMENTS

A. Remove above grade and below grade improvements necessary to permit construction, and other work as indicated. Abandonment or removal of certain underground pipe or conduits are shown on the civil drawings and is included under work of those sections. Removal of abandoned underground piping or conduit interfering with construction is included under this section.

3.5 DISPOSAL OF WASTE MATERIAL

A. Removal from Owner's Property: Remove waste materials, including unacceptable excavated materials, trash and debris, and legally dispose of it off Owner's property site, in area approved by all local authorities and ADEM.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02200 – EARTHWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of earthwork is indicated on drawings.

1. Rough grading
2. Preparation of subgrade for building slabs and walks is included as part of this work.
3. Drainage fill course for support of building slabs is included as part of this work.

B. Excavation for Mechanical/Electrical Work: Refer to Division 15 and 16 sections for excavation and backfill required in conjunction with underground mechanical and electrical utilities and buried mechanical and electrical appurtenances; not work of this section.

C. Codes and Standards: Perform excavation work in compliance with applicable requirements of governing authorities having jurisdiction.

D. Testing and Inspection Service:

E. The **Owner** will select a firm for soil testing and inspection service for quality control testing during earthwork, and Owner to pay costs.

F. Retesting of rejected materials and installed work shall be done at the Contractor's expense.

G. Referenced Standards: Where the term "Referenced Standard" is used in these Project Specifications, it shall be interpreted as **referring to the current edition of "Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, 2018 or latest edition" of Alabama Department of Transportation "**. Referenced Divisions of the "Standard" are hereby made a part of this Project Specification insofar as they may be termed applicable. In no case will requirements for "Method of Measurement" and "Basis of Payment" be considered as applicable to this Project Specification.

1.3 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Existing Utilities: Locate existing underground utilities in areas of work. If utilities are to remain in place, provide adequate means of support and protection during earthwork operations.

B. Should uncharted or incorrectly charted, piping or other utilities be encountered during excavation, consult utility Owner immediately for directions. Cooperate with Owner and utility companies in keeping respective services and facilities in operation. Repair damaged utilities to satisfaction of utility owner.

C. Use of Explosives: The use of explosives is not permitted.

D. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout and other hazards created by earthwork operations.

1. Perform excavation within drip-line of large trees to remain by hand and protect the root system from damage or dryout to the greatest extent possible. Maintain moist condition for root system and cover exposed roots with burlap. Paint root cuts of 1" diameter and larger with emulsified asphalt tree paint.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS [NOT APPLICABLE]

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL

A. Prior to the start of excavation and fill placement, the site should be cleared of existing improvements. Additionally, remnant elements associated with previously demolished structures, should be removed. Demolition should include removal of pavements, slabs, and all below grade structures including basement slabs, foundations, and walls. Utility lines will require routing or removal, as appropriate.

B. Any existing fill materials that are encountered in the planned building area should be completely removed, plus 10 feet beyond.

C. Areas that are at final grade, or that will require new fill placement, should be evaluated through proofrolling, prior to new fill placement or construction.

D. Vegetation, topsoil, rootmat, and all organic materials should be completely removed from the site. Excavations resulting from demolition and vegetation removal should be backfilled in a controlled manner with engineered fill.

3.2 FILL PLACEMENT

A. All material used as structural fill should be relatively free of organics and other deleterious materials. Soil fill should exhibit a Liquid Limit less than 50, a Plasticity Index less than 30, and a maximum dry density of at least 100 pcf. Soil fill should contain no more than 30% rock, and individual rock fragments in the fill should be less than 4 inches in largest dimension.

B. Soil fill must be placed in an environment free of excess water. Therefore, free-draining granular material (such as ALDOT # 57 crushed aggregate) should be used as the initial lift(s) of fill in areas containing water seepage.

C. Soil fill should be placed in lifts not exceeding eight inches in loose measure. Individual lifts of fill should be moisture conditioned to with ± 2% of the optimum moisture content and compacted to a minimum of 98% of the Standard Proctor (ASTM D -698) maximum dry density.

D. Soil may require wetting or drying to achieve proper compaction. Thinner lifts and manually operated equipment will be required to achieve proper compaction in limited access areas such as utility trenches and around manholes and inlets.

E. Soil compaction testing should be performed during fill placement. Testing will give an indication of the contractor's performance with regard to soil density and moisture content requirements established in the project specifications. Compaction testing should be performed at random locations on each lift of fill placed to provide statistically relevant testing data. The frequency of density testing should be at least one test per lift for every 2,500 square feet of fill placed in building areas and 10,000 square feet in pavement and sidewalk areas (minimum of 3 tests per lift). Each lift of fill placed in utility trenches should be tested on 50-foot centers. A minimum of 3 tests should be performed on all fill lifts.

F. Following construction, the foundations and underlying soils should be isolated from sources of excess water. Grades adjacent to the structure should be adjusted so that surface water flows away from the foundations. In no case should water be allowed to pond over newly-constructed footings. Roof drains and downspouts from the new buildings should be directed away from the foundations. Additionally, soils adjacent to foundations should consist of properly compacted, engineered fill to minimize water infiltration. The on-site soils contained fine-grained particles and will be adversely affected by excess water.

G. To reduce the potential for water migration through the floor slab, ground-supported slabs should be underlain by a capillary break consisting of a minimum of 4 inches of compacted, free-draining, coarse, granular material (such as ALDOT #57 crushed stone). Depending on the type of floor coverings to be used, the owner may also elect install a vapor barrier typically consisting of 10 mil polyethylene sheeting. The sheeting will reduce the infiltration of water vapor through the slab and the potential for damage to floor coverings. Note, that the use of a vapor barrier will increase the potential for plastic shrinkage cracking during curing of the concrete slab.

3.3 EXCAVATION

A. Excavation is Unclassified, and includes excavation to subgrade elevations indicated, regardless of character of materials and obstructions encountered.

B. Earth Excavation includes excavation of pavements and other obstructions visible on ground surface; underground structures, utilities and other items indicated to be demolished and removed; together with earth and other materials encountered that are not classified as rock or unauthorized excavation.

C. Unauthorized excavation consists of removal of materials beyond indicated subgrade elevations or dimensions without specific direction of Architect/Engineer. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work directed by Architect/Engineer, shall be at Contractor's expense.

D. Under footings, foundation bases, or retaining walls, fill unauthorized excavation by extending indicated bottom elevation of footing or base to excavation bottom, without altering required top elevation. Lean concrete fill may be used to bring elevations to proper position, when acceptable to Architect/Engineer.

E. Elsewhere, backfill and compact unauthorized excavations as specified for authorized excavations of same classification, unless otherwise directed by Architect/Engineer.

F. Additional Excavation: When excavation has reached required sub-grade elevations, notify Architect/Engineer who will make an inspection of conditions.

G. If unsuitable bearing materials are encountered at required subgrade elevations, carry excavations deeper and replace excavated material as directed by Architect/Engineer.

H. Removal of unsuitable material and its replacement as directed will be paid on basis of contract conditions relative to changes in work.

I. Stability of Excavations: Slope sides of excavations to comply with local codes and ordinances having jurisdiction. Shore and brace where sloping is not possible because of space restrictions or stability of material excavated.

J. Maintain sides and slopes of excavations in safe condition until completion of backfilling.

K. Dewatering: See civil drawings for drainage plan recommendation for controlling ground water during initial construction phase. Prevent surface water from flowing into excavations and from flooding project site and surrounding area.

L. Do not allow water to accumulate in excavations. Remove water to prevent softening of foundation bottoms, undercutting footings, and soil changes detrimental to stability of subgrades and foundations. Provide and maintain pumps, well points, sumps, suction and discharge lines, and other dewatering system components necessary to convey water away from excavations.

M. Establish and maintain temporary drainage ditches and other diversions outside excavation limits to convey rainwater and water removed from excavations to collecting or run-off areas. Do not use trench excavations as temporary drainage ditches.

N. Material Storage: Stockpile satisfactory excavated materials where directed, until required for backfill or fill. Place, grade and shape stockpiles for proper drainage.

O. Locate and retain soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of trees indicated to remain.

P. Dispose of excess soil material and waste materials as herein specified.

Q. Excavation for Structures: Conform to elevations and dimensions shown within a tolerance of plus or minus 0.10', and extending a sufficient distance from footings and foundations to permit placing and removal of concrete formwork, installation of services, other construction, and for inspection.

R. In excavating for footings and foundations, take care not to disturb bottom of excavation. Excavate by hand to final grade just before concrete reinforcement is placed. Trim bottoms to required lines and grades to leave solid base to receive other work.

S. Excavation for Pavements: Cut surface under pavements to comply with cross-sections, elevations and grades as shown.

T. Excavation for Trenches: Dig trenches to the uniform width required for particular item to be installed, sufficiently wide to provide ample working room. Provide 6" to 9" clearance on both sides of pipe or conduit. Excavate trenches to depth indicated or required. Carry depth of trenches for piping to establish indicated flow lines and invert elevations.

U. Where rock is encountered, carry excavation 6" below required elevation and backfill with a 6" layer of crushed stone or gravel prior to installation of pipe.

V. Except as otherwise indicated, excavate for exterior waterbearing piping (water, steam, condensate, drainage) so top of piping is not less than 2'-6" below finished grade.

W. Grade bottoms of trenches as indicated, notching under pipe bells to provide solid bearing for entire body of pipe.

X. Backfill trenches with concrete where trench excavations pass within 18" of column or wall footings and which are carried below bottom of such footings, or which pass under wall footings. Place concrete to level of bottom of adjacent footing.

1. Concrete is specified in Division 3.

Y. Do not backfill trenches until tests and inspections have been made and backfilling authorized by Architect/Engineer. Use care in backfilling to avoid damage or displacement of pipe systems.

Z. Excavation for utilities shall conform to manufacturer's recommendations for the type material used.

AA. Cold Weather Protection: Protect excavation bottoms against freezing when atmospheric temperature is less than 35 degrees F.

3.4 COMPACTION

A. General: Control soil compaction during construction providing minimum percentage of density specified for each area classification indicated below.

B. Percentage of Maximum Density Requirements: Compact soil to not less than the following percentages of maximum density for soils which exhibit a well-defined moisture density relationship (cohesive soils) determined in accordance with ASTM D 698; and not less than the following percentages of relative density determined in accordance with ASTM D 2049, for soils which will not exhibit a well-defined moisture-density relationship (cohesionless soils).

1. Structures, Building Slabs and Steps and Pavements: Compact top 6" of subgrade and each layer of backfill (not exceeding 8" maximum) or fill material to not less than 98% of maximum density.

2. Lawn or Unpaved Areas: Compact top 6" of subgrade and each layer or backfill or fill material to not less than 90% of maximum density for cohesive soils and 90% of relative density for cohesionless soils.

3. Walkways: Compact top 6" of subgrade and each layer of backfill or fill material to notless than 95% of maximum density.

C. Moisture Control: Where subgrade or layer of soil material must be moisture conditioned before compaction, uniformly apply water to surface of subgrade, or layer of soil material, to prevent free water appearing on surface during or subsequent to compaction operations.

D. Remove and replace, or scarify and air dry, soil material that is too wet to permit compaction to specified density.

1. Soil material that has been removed because it is too wet to permit compaction may be stockpiled or spread and allowed to dry. Assist drying by discing, harrowing or pulverizing until moisture content is reduced to a satisfactory value.

3.5 BACKFILL AND FILL

A. General: Place acceptable soil material in layers to required subgrade elevations, for each area

classification listed below.

1. Utility Trenches backfill according to manufacturer's recommendation for the type material used.
2. In excavations, use satisfactory excavated or borrow material.
3. Under grassed areas, use satisfactory excavated or borrow material.
4. Under structures, building slabs, steps and pavements and after grading operations, thoroughly mix top 6" of subgrade and compact to a density not less than 98% of maximum density.
5. Under walks and pavements, use satisfactory excavated or borrow material, or combination of both.
6. Under building slabs, use drainage fill material.

B. Backfill excavations as promptly as work permits, but not until completion of the following:

1. Acceptance of construction below finish grade including, where applicable, dampproofing, waterproofing, and perimeter insulation.
2. Inspection, testing, approval, and recording locations of underground utilities.
3. Removal of concrete formwork.
4. Removal of trash and debris.

C. Ground Surface Preparation: Remove vegetation, debris, unsatisfactory soil materials, obstructions, and deleterious materials from ground surface prior to placement of fills. Plow, strip, or break-up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so that fill material will bond with existing surface.

D. When existing ground surface has a density less than that specified under "Compaction" for particular area classification, break up ground surface, pulverize, moisture-condition to optimum moisture content, and compact to required depth and percentage of maximum density.

E. Placement and Compaction: Place backfill and fill materials in layers not more than 8" in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment, and not more than 4" in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.

F. Before compaction, moisten or aerate each layer as necessary to provide optimum moisture content. Compact each layer to required percentage of maximum dry density or relative dry density for each area classification. Do not place backfill or fill material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost or ice.

G. Place backfill and fill materials evenly adjacent to structures, piping or conduit to required elevations. Take care to prevent wedging action of backfill against structures or displacement of piping or conduit by carrying material uniformly around structure, piping or conduit to approximately same elevation in each lift.

3.6 GRADING

A. General: Uniformly grade areas within limits of grading under this section, including adjacent transition areas. Smooth finished surface within specified tolerances, compact with uniform levels or slopes between points where elevations are indicated, or between such points and existing grades.

B. Grading Outside Building Lines: Grade areas adjacent to building lines to drain away from structures and to prevent ponding.

C. Finish surfaces free from irregular surface changes, and as follows:

1. Lawn or Unpaved Areas: Finish areas to receive topsoil to within not more than 0.2’ above or below required subgrade elevations.
2. Walks: Shape surface of areas under walks to line, grade and cross-section, with finish surface not more than 0.10' above or below required subgrade elevation.

3. Pavements: Shape surface of areas under pavement to line, grade and cross-section, with finish surface not more than 0.10’ above or below required subgrade elevation.

D. Grading Surface or Fill under Building Slabs: Grade smooth and even, free of voids, compacted as specified, and to required elevation. Provide final grades within a tolerance of 1/2" when tested with a 10' straightedge.

E. Compaction: After grading, compact subgrade surfaces to the depth and indicated percentage of maximum or relative density for each area classification.

3.7 BUILDING SLAB DRAINAGE COURSE

A. General: Drainage course consists of placement of drainage fill material, in layers of indicated thickness, over subgrade surface to support concrete building slabs.

B. Placing: Place drainage fill material on prepared subgrade in layers of uniform thickness, conforming to indicated cross-section and thickness. Maintain optimum moisture content for compacting material during placement operations.

C. When a compacted drainage course is shown to be 6" thick or less, place material in a single layer. When shown to be more than 6" thick, place material in equal layers, except no single layer more than 6" or less than 3" in thickness when compacted.

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Quality Control Testing During Construction: Allow approved testing laboratory to inspect and approve subgrades and fill layers before further construction work is performed.

1. Perform field density tests in accordance with ASTM D 1556 (sand cone method) or ASTM D 2167 (rubber balloon method), or ASTM D 2922 (nuclear method) as applicable.

2. Footing Subgrade: For each strata of soil on which footings will be placed, conduct at least one test to verify required design bearing capacities. Subsequent verification and approval of each footing subgrade may be based on a visual comparison of each subgrade with related tested strata, when acceptable to Architect/Engineer.

3. Paved Areas Subgrade: Make at least one field density test of subgrade for every 10,000 sq. ft. of paved area, but in no case less than 2 tests. In each compacted fill layer, make one field density test for every 10,000 sq. ft. of overlaying paved area, but in no case less than 2 tests

4. Building Slab Subgrade: Make at least one field density test of subgrade for every 2500 sq. ft. of paved area or building slab, but in no case less than 2 tests. In each compacted fill layer, make one field density test for every 2500 sq. ft. of overlaying building slab or paved area, but in no case less than 2 tests.

5. Foundation Wall Backfill: Take at least 2 field density tests, at locations and elevations as directed.

B. If in opinion of Architect/Engineer, based on testing service reports and inspection, subgrade or fills which have been placed are below specified density, provide additional compaction and testing at no additional expense.

3.9 MAINTENANCE

A. Protection of Graded Areas: Protect newly graded areas from traffic and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.

B. Repair and re-establish grades in settled, eroded, and rutted areas to specified tolerances.

C. Reconditioning Compacted Areas: Where completed compacted areas are disturbed by subsequent construction operations or adverse weather, scarify surface, re-shape, and compact to required density prior to further construction.

D. Settling: Where settling is measurable or observable at excavated areas during general project warranty period, remove surface (pavement, lawn or other finish), add backfill material, compact, and replace surface treatment. Restore appearance, quality, and condition of surface or finish to match adjacent work and eliminate evidence of restoration to greatest extent possible.

3.10 DISPOSAL OF EXCESS AND WASTE MATERIALS

A. Removal from Owner's Property: Remove waste materials, including unacceptable excavated materials, trash and debris, and legally dispose of it off Owner's property site, in area approved by all local authorities and ADEM.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02282 - TERMITE CONTROL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Provide soil treatment for termite control, as herein specified.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data and application instructions.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. In addition to requirements of these specifications, comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for work, including preparation of substrate and application.

B. Engage a professional pest control operator, licensed in accordance with regulations of governing authorities for application of soil treatment solution.

C. Use only termiticides which bear a Federal registration number of the US Environmental Protection Agency.

1.5 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Restrictions: Do not apply soil treatment solution until excavating, filling and grading operations are completed, except as otherwise required in construction operations.

B. To insure penetration, do not apply soil treatment to frozen or excessively wet soils or during inclement weather. Comply with handling and application instructions of the soil toxicant manufacturer.

1.6 SPECIFIC PRODUCT WARRANTY

A. Furnish written warranty certifying that applied soil termiticide treatment will prevent infestation of subterranean termites and that if subterranean termite activity is discovered during warranty period. Contractor will re-treat soil and repair or replace damage caused by termite infestation.

1. Provide warranty for a period of 5 years from date of treatment, signed by Applicator and Contractor. This includes all costs associated with re-inspections per the manufacturer’s requirements, re-treatment, repair and replace damage caused by termite infestation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SOIL TREATMENT SOLUTION

A. Use an emulsible concentrate termiticide for dilution with water, specially formulated to prevent infestation by termites. Fuel oil will not be permitted as a diluent. Provide a solution consisting of one of the following chemical elements and concentrations:

1. Water based emulsion, uniform composition, synthetic dye to permit visual identification of treated soil, of a generic chemical type in compliance with state and federal law and regulations.

B. Solutions as recommended by Applicator and approved for intended application by jurisdictional authorities. Use only soil treatment solutions which are not injurious to planting or persons.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

A. Surface Preparation: Remove foreign matter which could decrease effectiveness of treatment on areas to be treated. Loosen, rake and level soil to be treated, except previously compacted areas under slabs and foundations. Toxicants may be applied before placement of compacted fill under slabs, if recommended by toxicant manufacturer.

B. Application Rates: Water to be added to solution at job site in the presence of field Superintendent. Apply soil treatment solution at a rate as recommended by the manufacture at the following locations:

C. Under slab-on-grade structures, treat soil before concrete slabs are placed, including entire inside perimeter inside of foundation walls, along both sides of interior partition walls, around plumbing pipes and electric conduit penetrating slab and around interior column footers.

D. Apply chemical solution to soil in critical areas under slab, including entire inside perimeter inside of foundation walls, along both sides of interior partition walls, around plumbing pipes and electric conduit penetrating slab and around interior column footers.

1. Apply chemical solution as an overall treatment under slab and attached slab areas where fill is soil or unwashed gravel. Apply chemical solution to areas where fill is washed gravel or other coarse absorbent material.

E. Under crawl-space and basement structures, treat soil along exterior and interior walls of foundations with shallow footings as specified above for exterior of slab-on-grade structures.

F. Treat soil under or around crawl-space structures as follows:

1. Apply chemical solution along inside of foundation walls, along both sides of interior partitions, and around piers and plumbing. Do not apply an overall treatment in crawl spaces.

2. Apply chemical solution for each foot of depth from grade to footing, along outside of foundation walls, including part beneath entrance platform porches, etc.

3. Apply chemical solution along the side and outside of foundation walls of porches.

4. Apply as an overall treatment, only where attached concrete platform and porches are on fill or ground.

G. At hollow masonry foundations or grade beams, treat voids.

H. At expansion joints, control joints, and areas where slabs will be penetrated, apply chemical solution.

I. Post signs in areas of application to warn workers that soil termiticide treatment has been applied. Remove signs when areas are covered by other construction.

J. Reapply soil treatment solution to areas disturbed by subsequent excavation, landscape grading, or other construction activities following application.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02514 - PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of Portland cement concrete paving work is indicated on drawings.

B. Paving work includes, but is not limited to the following:

1. Walks.
2. Mechanical Pads.
3. Curb and Gutter.

C. Prepared subgrade is specified in Specification Section: "EARTHWORK".

D. Concrete and related materials are specified in Division 3 Specifications.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Referenced Standards: Where the term "Referenced Standard" is used in these Project Specifications, it shall be interpreted as **referring to the current edition of "Standard Specifications for Highway Construction" 2018 or latest edition of Alabama Department of Transportation**. Referenced Divisions of the "Standard" are hereby made a part of this Project Specification insofar as they may be termed applicable. In no case will requirements for "Method of Measurement" and "Basis of Payment" be considered as applicable to this Project Specification.

B. Testing and Inspection:

1. Testing and Inspection Services: The **Owner** will engage and pay for testing and inspection services, to include testing soil materials proposed for use during paving operations.
2. Field tests will be performed in conjunction with a proof rolling inspection of the prepared subgrade to verify that existing subgrade conditions are similar to those assumed in the design and therefore adequate for support of the pavement system.

C. Do not change source or brands of material during the course of the work.

1.4 INSPECTION AND APPROVAL OF WORK

A. Before commencement of work, Contractor shall coordinate with the Architect to arrange for inspection and approval of initial installation of slabs-on-grade. The approved initial installations shall serve as the standard to which all subsequent work shall adhere.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

A. Curbs: shall be constructed to details shown on the drawings with uniform slopes for drainage as indicated, providing for expansion joints at 10' intervals. Form all radii as shown and tool exposed edges of all curbs.

B. Concrete walks:

1. Concrete walks shall be poured 4" thick with expansion joints every 30 feet **MAXIMUM**.
2. Provide sawn joints ¼” wide x ¾” deep where indicated on drawings.
3. Score walks with tool every 6' or as indicated on drawings.
    a. Contractor may also use sawn joints at locations indicated to be scored.

4. Light broom finish all walks.

   Pitch 2% Maximum, 1% Minimum to side for surface drainage.

   Concrete walks shall be reinforced with 6 x 6 #10/10 mesh unless noted otherwise.

   a. Contractor may use fiber mesh reinforcement in lieu of wire mesh at walks.

C. Pad for Condenser or Transformer: 4" thick concrete slab installed over compacted bed. Edges neatly tooled. Verify exact elevation, size and location with HVAC and/or electrical contractor and architect.

2.2 MATERIALS - CONCRETE

1. Concrete shall be plant or transit mixed having a minimum of 28 day strength of 4000 psi (550 psi flexural strength), maximum 4″ slump. Proportioning and control of the mix shall be as required under the concrete section of these specifications.

2.3 MATERIALS - REINFORCING

1. Fiber Reinforcement:
   a. Fiber Force 500 (Fibril Pro) Micro synthetic Fiber Reinforcement by ABC Polymer Industries or Equal.
   b. Add to concrete mix at 1.5 pounds per cubic yard of concrete.
   c. Finishing: Broom finish; pull broom in one direction such that fibers lay down.
   d. Locations for Use: All concrete sidewalks, paving and handicap ramps.
2. Steel reinforcement if required shall be 6 x 6 #10/10 W.W.M. unless noted otherwise.
3. Expansion joint material shall be premoulded treated fibre 1/2" thick.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 CONCRETE FORMWORK

A. Execute construction of concrete formwork in accordance with the "Referenced Standard".

3.2 CLEANING UP

A. Remove all surplus materials, rubbage, cartons and other debris resultant from work of this Section and haul off site. Repair damage resulting from paving operations. Leave entire work in broom-clean condition.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02660 - WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

A. The work includes construction of the water distribution system including fire lines as shown on the Drawings.

B. Testing and disinfection of the installed system shall be incidental to the work.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Requirements of Regulatory Agencies: Comply with applicable codes, ordinances, rules, regulations, and laws of local, municipal, state of federal authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Meet all requirements of the Local Water Authority and be subject to review by System inspectors.

1.4 SITE CONDITIONS

A. Coordinate water distribution system with pavement construction.

B. Install water mains when grade is within 6 in. of final grade.

C. Coordinate the Work with the Local Water Authority and pay all tap fees assessed (to include valves, backflow preventers, vaults, etc.) for portions of the Work completed by the Utility Provider.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Water Main Piping:

1. Water Service Piping: Ductile iron pipe or PVC pipe.
2. Ductile Iron Pipe:
    a. Manufactured in accordance with AWWA C-151, latest revision, Class 50, min.
    b. Standard cement-lined and seal-coated with an approved bituminous seal coat in accordance with AWWA C-104, latest revision.
    c. Approved push-on, conforming to AWWA C-111, latest revision.

B. PVC Pipe:

1. Constructed to meet the requirements of U. S. Department of Commerce Product Standard PS 22-70, and bear the National Sanitation Foundation Testing Laboratories, Inc., seal for potable water.
2. For PVC piping less than 4” - Schedule 40, PVC, minimum; 150 psi minimum working pressure
3. 4” or greater shall be C900 PVC piping.

C. Fire Line:

1. Fire line shall be C900 PVC piping. Encasement shall be used under drive areas.
2. Connection to Main: Each hydrant shall be connected to the main pipe with a 6-inch ductile iron branch. Each hydrant shall be controlled by an independent 6-inch gate valve.

D. Fire Hydrants:

1. All hydrants shall be Mueller Company, M & H, or an approved equal. Fire hydrants shall be equipped with traffic break away feature. Hydrants shall be painted in accordance with the requirements of AWWA C502.

E. Water Main Fittings:

1. Ductile iron fittings shall be provided in locations as shown on the plans or in locations deemed necessary by the Engineer. Ductile iron fittings 12" and smaller shall be rated for 350 psi working pressure. Fittings shall be manufactured in accordance with AWWA C153 and provided with mechanical joints. All fittings shall be provided with a thin cement lining in accordance with AWWA C104.

2. PVC Fittings: Fittings For PVC Water Mains Smaller Than 6 In. In. Dia.: As recommended by the manufacturer of the pipe furnished, suitable for use under the conditions specified for the pipe, with ring-tite or fluid-tite bells or spigots at all ends for jointing.

F. Valves and Boxes:

1. Cast Iron Valve Boxes shall be provided for all valves installed vertically and shall consist of a base covering the operating nut and head of the valve, a vertical shaft of at least 5 ¼" in diameter and a top section extending to a point even with the finish ground surface, provided with a cast iron cover marked "WATER." The valve box shall be placed concentrically over the operating nut. Precast concrete collars shall be provided around each valve box.

2. Valves 2" and Larger: Cast iron gate valves, AWWA type, the standard product of a recognized valve manufacturer such as Mueller, Iowa or M & H, constructed with an interchangeable parts system, with parts readily available, to meet the following requirements:

   a. Iron body, bronze-mounted.

   b. Double disc, parallel seat "O" ring seal.

   c. 150 psi, min., working pressure.

   d. Counterclockwise (left) opening.

   e. 2 in. operating nut.

   f. Non-rising stem.

   g. Joints to be as required for pipe to be connected to.

3. Valves 2" and Smaller: Brass or bronze gate valves, conforming to Federal Specification WW-V-76.

4. Underground Valves: Two-piece, screw type, adjustable to suit the depth of bury and type of valve, with a min. shaft dia. of 5-1/4 in.

5. All mechanical joint valves and fittings shall be restrained by MEGALUG series 1100 restraint devices.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Line and Grade: Lay and maintain to the required lines and grades; with fittings, valves and hydrants at the required locations; and with joints centered and spigots plumb; and with all valve and hydrant stems plumb.

B. Encasement: Piping under paved drive shall be encased with welded steel pipe casing.

C. Laying Pipe:

1. General: Before lowering pipe into trenches, grade the bottom of the ditch so that when pipe is in the ditch it will have a bearing for its entire length. Examine the pipe for defects and clean the inside. After placing pipe in ditch, wipe the bell, gasket, and spigot free from all dirt, sand and foreign material. Apply a film of lubricant to the gasket and spigot. Enter the plain

end into the socket after which force the pipe into the socket until it makes contact with the bottom of the socket.

2. A minimum of five (5) feet horizontal separation shall be used when installing water main or piping within areas of sanitary sewer lines. When the proposed water main or piping is required to cross sewer mains, the contractor shall encase the water main carrier pipe with a continuous pipe (sleeve or casing) of sufficient length, located such that a minimum five (5) foot horizontal separation exists between each end of the casing pipe and the sewer main. Where possible, water main shall be a minimum of 18 inches above the top elevation of the sewer main.

3. No. 12 THW copper locator wire shall be placed in the trench, 12 inches above the water mains and all service piping.

4. Trench Water: At times when pipe laying is not in progress, close the open ends of pipe by approved means, and permit no trench water to enter the pipe.

D. Cutting Pipe: Cut pipe for inserting valves, fittings or closure pieces in a neat and workmanlike manner without damage to the pipe.

E. Direction of Laying: Unless otherwise directed, lay pipe with bell ends facing in the direction of laying. For lines on an appreciable slope, face bells upgrade.

F. Permissible Deflections: Wherever necessary to deflect pipe from a straight line, either in the vertical or horizontal plane, to avoid obstructing, to plumb stems, or where long radius curves are permitted, deflect as recommended by the manufacturer of the pipe.

G. Unsuitable Conditions: Lay no pipe in water or when the trench conditions or weather is unsuitable for such work.

H. Provide ground cover of 3 ft. min.

I. Setting Appurtenances:

1. Valves and Fittings: Set gate valves and pipe fittings to new pipe in the manner previously specified for cleaning, laying and jointing pipe.

2. Valve Boxes: Firmly support cast iron valve boxes and maintain centered and plumb over the wrench nut of the gate valve, with box cover flush with the surface of the finished pavement or at such other level as may be directed.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Hydrostatic Tests: Pressure During Test: After the pipe has been laid and partially backfilled as specified, pressure test all newly laid pipe, or any valved section of it, in accordance with Local required procedures.

3.3 CLEANING AND DISINFECTION

A. Clean out and thoroughly flush the water distribution system piping and leave free from foreign materials of any sort prior to sterilization.

B. Disinfect in accordance with Local required procedures and AWWA Standard C-651, latest edition.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02730 - SANITARY SEWERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Requirements of Regulatory Agencies: Comply with applicable codes, ordinances, rules, regulations and laws of local, municipal, state or federal authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Sanitary sewer construction is subject to review and acceptance by the Local Sewer Department and shall meet their requirements.

1.3 SITE CONDITIONS

A. Coordinate sanitary sewer construction with grading operations to avoid deep trench conditions insofar as possible.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Pipe: Type as shown Drawings.

1. PVC Pipe:

a. Gravity Pipe – Plastic pipe for gravity sewers, stacks and laterals, and fittings shall be unplasticized polyvinyl chloride (PVC), meeting or exceeding ASTM Specification D3034, latest edition, Classification SDR 35.

b. Force Main Pipe – PVC pipe for force mains shall conform to the requirements of ASTM D2241 for pressure pipe or AWWA C900. Pipe shall be Class 150 with a Standard Dimension Ration of 18 or heavier.

c. All sanitary sewer PVC pipe shall be either green or brown in color.

B. Appurtenances:

1. Manholes: Precast concrete units conforming to ASTM 478.

2. Castings: Grey cast iron conforming to ASTM A 48.

3. Cleanout Cover – Capitol Foundry, Part # VB-9*S, Cleanout Box and Lid, Cast Iron, conforming to ASTM A-48.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Trenching and Excavation:

1. Excavate in open trench to the width, depth and in the direction necessary for the proper construction of the pipe sewer according to the Drawing.

2. Shape the bottom of the trench so as to conform as nearly as possible to the outside of the pipe, particular care being taken to recess the bottom of the trench in such a manner as to relieve the bell of the pipe of all load.

3. Build pipe sewers in a trench, the width of which at the top of the pipe shall not exceed the external dia. of the bell of the pipe, plus 12 in. each side, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, but in no case less than 24 in. in width.

4. All excavation shall be performed in accordance with requirements of OSHA "Safety and Health Regulations for Construction".

B. Backfilling:

1. The sanitary sewer pipe shall be bedded in a crushed stone bench bottom installed to a minimum depth below the pipe of six (6) inches. After the pipe is installed, the trench shall be backfilled with crushed stone to a depth of one-half the pipe diameter for depths of cut of 12 feet or less. For depths of cut greater than 12 feet the pipe shall be backfilled with crushed stone to a height of 6” above the top of the pipe.
2. No. 12 THW copper locator wire shall be placed in the trench, 12 inches above the sewer mains and all sewer service piping.
3. Backfill all trenches and excavation immediately after the pipes are laid therein unless other protection for the pipe line is directed. The backfilling material shall be selected and deposited with special reference to the future safety of the pipes. Solidly tamp clean earth, sand or rock dust abut the pipe up to the level of 6 in. above the top of the pipe, and carefully deposit in uniform layers, each layer solidly tamped or rammed with proper tools so as not to disturb or injure the pipe line. Mechanical means may be permitted for backfilling, provided the equipment meets the approval of the Architect. Faithfully ram or tamp the remainder of the backfilling of the trenches in layers of not more than 6 in. in depth with either approved mechanical or hand tamps. Compaction shall conform to the requirements of the EARTHWORK Section.
4. All backfilling material shall be free from rock, trash and debris.

C. Laying Pipe

1. Lay pipe with joints close and even, butting all around, special care being taken that there is no sagging at the hub, and that a true surface is given to the invert throughout the entire length of the sewer.
2. Water in Trenches: Do not use sewers for draining water from ditch. Provide and operate pumps, if necessary, to remove water from trench while pipe is being laid and joints made.

D. Jointing Pipe:

1. In jointing gasket pipe, clean both the bell and the spigot before the gasket is applied. Use the proper size gasket for each size of pipe, and lubricate only with a lubricant recommended by the manufacturer of the pipe. Insert the spigot end in the bell the proper distance, and take care to see that the pipe remains in this position.
2. Clean all joint material that may be left on the inside, and leave the pipe clean and smooth throughout. At every third pipe, fill around immediately after being properly placed and jointed to prevent the moving of joints.
3. Free the interior of the pipe of all dirt and superfluous material of every description, as the work proceeds.

E. Manholes:

1. Manholes shall be precast concrete conforming to ASTM 478. Shape inverts and build of concrete.

F. Exterior Cleanout Pad and Cover:

1. Contractor to install 18” x 18” x 12” concrete pad flush with grade around cleanouts.
2. Install cleanout cover flush with concrete pad, per manufactures recommendations to prevent damaging cleanout system.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing: Perform Required Test as required by Local Authority.

3.3 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Clean and clear sanitary sewers of materials of all kind.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02830 - TEMPORARY CHAIN LINK FENCING & GATES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes: Erection and maintenance of temporary chain link fencing and gates.

B. Refer to Section 01010, contractor to provide temporary fence layout and location of fence and gates.

1.2 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Action Submittals:

1. Shop Drawings:

a. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components, and finishes for chain link fences and gates.

i. Fence, gate posts, rails, and fittings.

ii. Chain link fabric.

iii. Gates and hardware.

2. Test Reports: Field test result for compliance of installation of chain link fence and gates.

B. Informational Submittals:

1. Manufacturer’s recommended installation instructions.

2. Evidence of Supplier and installer qualifications.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials to Site in undamaged condition. Store materials off the ground to provide protection against oxidation caused by ground contact.

1.5 SCHEDULING AND SEQUENCING

A. Install temporary fence and gates prior to beginning demolition work and/or new construction work

B. Complete necessary Site preparation and grading before installing chain link fence and gates.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERE - Galvanized Steel Fencing: The following manufacturers’ products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

A. Master Halco

B. Merchants Metal

C. Stephens Pipe and Steel, LLC.

D. Eagle Fences

E. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provided, such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 TEMPORARY CHAIN LINK FENCING

A. Unless otherwise indicated, type of temporary chain link fencing shall be as follows:

1. New materials or previously used salvaged chain link fencing in good condition.

2. Height: 8’-0” (minimum) unless otherwise indicated on drawings.
3. Posts: 2” min. galvanized steel pipe of diameter to provide rigidity. Post shall be suitable for setting in concrete footings.
4. Fencing Fabric: 2” diamond woven galvanized steel wire mesh. Provide in continuous lengths to be wire tied to fence posts or prefabricated into modular pipe-framed fence panels.
5. Privacy Fabric: Temporary fencing shall be outfitted with privacy fabric.
    a. Color: Green
    b. Material Requirement: Polythylene, 4.9 oz/sq. yd., Burst Strength: 210 psi

B. Gates: Provide personnel and vehicle gates of the quantity and size indicated on the Drawings or required for functional access to site.
1. Fabricate of same material as used for fencing.
2. Vehicle gates:
    a. Minimum width: 20 feet to allow access for emergency vehicles.
    b. Capable of manual operation by one person.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL- TEMPORARY CHAIN LINK FENCING

A. Installation of temporary fencing shall not deter or hinder access to existing and new hose connections and fire hydrants.
1. Maintain 3 feet diameter clear space around fire hydrants.
2. Where fire hydrant or hose connection is blocked by fencing, provide access gate.

B. Access: Provide gates for personnel, delivery of materials, and access by emergency vehicles.

C. Field verify gate locations with Architect.

3.2 INSTALLATION - FENCE

A. Chain link posts:
1. Post spacing shall be 12’ maximum if using prefabricated panels and 10’ maximum if wire tying mesh to posts.
2. End, Corner and Line posts shall be set in concrete **OR** post driven.
3. Gate posts: Use concrete footings and brace to provide rigidity for accommodating size of gate. Gate posts MUST be set in concrete.

B. Fabric: Leave approximately 2” between finish grade and bottom selvage, unless otherwise indicated. Pull fabric taut and tie to posts. Install fabric on security side of fence, and anchor to framework so that fabric remains in tension after pulling force is released.

C. Gates: Install with required hardware.

D. Wire Ties: 11 gage galvanized steel.

E. Tension Wire: 7 gage, galvanized coated coil spring wire, metal and finish to match fabric.

F. Concrete: Provide concrete consisting of portland cement, ASTM C 150, aggregates ASTM C 33, and clean water. Mix materials to obtain concrete with a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 3,000 psi using at least 4 sacks of cement per cu. yd., 1” maximum size aggregate, maximum 3” slump.

3.3 INSTALLATION - GATES

A. Chain link gates:

1. Fabricate perimeter frames of gates from metal and finish to match fence framework. Assemble gate frames by welding or with special fittings and rivets for rigid connections, providing security against removal or breakage connections. Provide horizontal and vertical members to ensure proper gate operation and attachment of fabric, hardware and accessories. Space frame members maximum of 8’ apart unless otherwise indicated.
2. Provide same fabric as for fence, unless otherwise indicated. Install fabric with stretcher bars at vertical edges and at top and bottom edges. Attach stretcher bars to gate frame at not more than 15” o.c.
3. Install diagonal cross-bracing consisting of 3/8” diameter adjustable length truss rods on gates to ensure frame rigidity without sag or twist.

B. Gate Hardware: Provide hardware and accessories for each gate, galvanized per ASMT A 153, and in accordance with the following.

1. Hinges: Size and material to suit gate size, non-lift off type, offset to permit 180 degree gate opening. Provide 1½ pair hinges for each leaf over 6’ nominal height.
2. Latch: Forked type or plunger-bar type to permit operation from either side of gate, with padlock eye as integral part of latch.
3. Keeper: Provide keeper for vehicle gates, which automatically engages gate leaf and holds it in open position until manually released.
4. Double Gates: Provide gate stops for double gates, consisting of mushroom type flush plate with anchors, set in concrete, and designed to engage center drop rod or plunger bar. Include locking device and padlock eyes as integral part of latch, permitting both gate leaves to be locked with single padlock.

3.4 MAINTENANCE

A. Maintain fencing in good condition. If damaged, Contractor shall immediately repair at no additional cost to owner.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Post and Fabric Testing: Test fabric tension and line post rigidity according to ASTM F1916.

B. Gate Tests:

1. Prior to acceptance of installed gates, demonstrate proper operation of gates under each possible open and close condition specified.
2. Adjust gate to operate smoothly, easily, and quietly, free of binding, warp, excessive deflection, distortion, nonalignment, misplacement, disruption, or malfunction, throughout entire operational range.
3. Confirm that latches and locks engage accurately and securely without forcing and binding.

3.6 CLEANUP

A. Remove excess fencing materials, soil, concrete and any other debris from Site which resulted from installation of fences and/or gates.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02846 - SITE GRAPHICS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Provide traffic control signs complying with U. S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration's "Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices" and as required by other local ordinances or regulations or other governing authorities and as specified herein. See Drawings for type and quantity of signs required.

B. Work shall comply with the latest edition of city ordinance and/or regulations and requirements of any governing authority on site graphics.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit manufacturer's mounting instructions to Owner, Architect and Engineer.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

A. SA-SO, Inc.; www.sa-so.com; 525 N. Great Southwest Pkwy., Arlington, Texas 76011; Phone: 972.641.4911.

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. SIGNS

1. "Handicapped Parking" with Symbol Sign
    a. 12"x18"
    b. Blue legend on White reflective background
    c. ASTM Type II Super Engineer Grade (SEG) sheeting on reflective sign
2. "Van Accessible" Supplemental Sign
    a. 12"x6"
    b. Blue legend on White reflective background
    c. ASTM Type II Super Engineer Grade (SEG) sheeting on reflective sign

B. POSTS

1. "U" Channel Sign Posts
    a. Standard Weight: 2 lbs. per foot
    b. Galvanized
    c. Pre-drilled and punched on 1" centers entire length for easy sign mounting.
    d. Meet ASTM A499

2.3 MOUNTING HARDWARE

A. Provide stainless steel nuts, bolts, and washers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Placement of all site signage shall be as directed by the Architect during construction.

B. Mount signs in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03310 – CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of concrete work is shown on drawings.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Codes and Standards: Comply with provisions of following codes, specifications and standards, except where more stringent requirements are shown or specified:

1. ACL 301 "Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings".
2. ACI 318 "Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete"
3. Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute, "Manual of Standard Practice".

B. Concrete Testing Service: The **Owner** will engage and pay a testing laboratory to perform material evaluation tests.

C. Materials and installed work may require retesting, as directed by Architect, at anytime during progress of work. Provide free access to material stockpiles and facilities. Retesting of rejected materials and installed work, shall be done at Contractor's expense.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit data for proprietary materials and items, including reinforcement and forming accessories, admixtures, patching compounds, joints systems, curing compounds, dry-shake finish materials and others as requested by Architect.

B. Shop Drawings Reinforcements: Submit shop drawings for fabrication, bending and placement of concrete reinforcement. Comply with ACI 315 "Manual of Standard Practice for Detailing Reinforced Concrete Structures" showing bar schedules, stirrup spacing, diagrams of bent bars, arrangement of concrete reinforcement.

C. Material Certificates: Provide materials certificates in lieu of materials laboratory test reports when permitted by Architect. Material certificates shall be signed by manufacturer and Contractor, certifying that each material item complies with, or exceeds, specified requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FORM MATERIALS

A. Forms for Exposed Finish Concrete: Unless otherwise indicated, construct formwork for exposed concrete surfaces with plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood faced or other acceptable panel-type surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints and to conform to joint system shown on drawings. Provide form material with sufficient thickness to withstand pressure of newly-placed concrete without bow or deflection.

B. Use plywood complying with U. S. Product Standard PS-1 "B-B (Concrete Form) Plywood", Class I, Exterior Grade or better, mill-oiled and edge-sealed, with each piece bearing legible inspection trademark.

C. Forms for Unexposed Finish Concrete: Form concrete surfaces which will be unexposed in finished structure with plywood, lumber, metal, or other acceptable material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two (2) edges and one (1) side for tight fit.

D. Form Coatings: Provide commercial formulation form-coating compounds that will not bond with, stain nor adversely affect concrete surfaces, and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.

2.2 REINFORCING MATERIALS

A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615, Grade 60, deformed, unless otherwise noted.

B. Steel Wire: ASTM A 82, plain, cold-drawn, steel.

C. Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A 185, welded steel wire fabric.

D. Supports for Reinforcement: Provide supports for reinforcement including bolsters, chairs, spacers and other devices for spacing, supporting and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire fabric in place. Use wire bar type supports complying with CRSI specifications, unless otherwise acceptable.

1. For slabs-on-grade, use supports with sand plates or horizontal runners where base material will not support chair legs.

2. For exposed to view concrete surfaces, where legs of supports are in contact with forms, provide support with legs which are plastic protected (CRSI, Class I) or stainless steel protected (CRSI, Class 3).

2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type 1, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.

1. Use one brand of cement throughout project, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.

B. Normal Weight Aggregate: ASTM C 33, and as herein specified. Provide aggregate from a single source for all concrete.

1. Do not use fine or coarse aggregates containing spalling-causing deleterious substances.

C. Water: Drinkable.

D. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.

1. MANUFACTURERS: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

a. Air-Mix, Evclid Chemical Co.

b. Sika-Ai", Sika Corp.

c. Darex AEA, W. R. Grace

d. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

E. Water-Reducing, Non-Chloride Accelerator Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type E, and containing not more than 0.1% chloride ions.

1. MANUFACTURERS: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

a. Accelguard 80; Euclid Chemical Company

b. Pozzolith High Gally; Master Builders

c. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

F. Water-Reducing, Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type D, and contain not more than 0.1% chloride ions.

1. MANUFACTURERS: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

a. Edoco 20006; Edoco Technical Products

b. Pozzolith 300-R; Master Builders

c. Eucon Retarder 75; Euclid Chemical Company

d. Daratard; W. R. Grace

e. Plastiment; Sika Chemical Company

f. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

G. Certification: Provide admixture manufacturer's written certification that chloride ion content complies with specified requirements.

H. Calcium chloride or admixtures containing more than 0.1% chloride ions are not permitted.

2.4 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Moisture Barrier: Provide moisture barrier cover over prepared base material where indicated. Use only materials which are resistant to decay when tested in accordance with ASTM E 154, as follows:

1. Polyethylene sheet not less than 10 mils thick.

B. Absorptive Cover: Burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz. per sq. yd., complying with AASHTO M 182, Class 2.

C. Moisture-Retaining Cover: One of the following, complying with ASTM C 171.

1. Waterproof paper

2. Polyethylene film.

3. Polyethylene-coated burlap.

D. Liquid Membrane Forming Curing Compound: Liquid type membrane forming curing compound complying with ASTM C 309, Type 1-D, Class A unless other type acceptable to Architect. Moisture loss not more than 0.055 gr./sq. cm. when applied at 200 sq. ft./gal. Equal to "Kure-N-Seal" - 30; Sonneborn-Contech

1. MANUFACTURERS: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

a. Master Builders

b. Euclid Chemical Company

c. A.C. Horn

d. The Burke Company

e. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

E. Bonding Compound: Polyvinyl acetate or acrylic base, re-wettable type.

1. MANUFACTURERS: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

a. Welcrete; Larsen Products

b. EucoWeld; Euclid Chemical Company

c. Hornweld; A. C. Horn

d. Sonocrete; Sonneborn-Contech

e. Acrylic Bondcrete; The Burke Company

f. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

F. Epoxy Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two component material suitable for use on dry or damp surfaces. Provide material "Type", "Grade", and "Class" to suit project requirements.

1. MANUFACTURERS: The following manufacturers' products have been used establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

a. Epoxtite; A. C. Horn

b. Sikadur Hi-Mod; Sika Chemical Corporation

c. Euco Epoxy 463 or 615; Euclid Chemical Company

d. Patch and Bond Epoxy; The Burke Company

e. Sure-Poxy; Kaufman Products, Inc.

f. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

G. Subfloor Patching and Leveling**:** The following manufacturers' products have been used establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. MANUFACTURERS: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

a. Ardex K-15; Ardex Engineered Cements 400 Ardex Park Drive Aliquippa, PA 15001; (724) 203-5000

b. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PROPORTIONING AND DESIGN OF MIXES

A. Prepare design mixes for each type and strength of concrete by either laboratory trial batch or field experience methods as specified in ACI 301. If trial batch method used, use an independent testing facility acceptable to Architect for preparing and reporting proposed mix designs. The testing facility shall not be the same as used for field quality control testing unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.

B. Submit written reports to Architect of each proposed mix for each class of concrete at least 15 days prior to start of work. Do not begin concrete production until mixes have been reviewed by Architect.

C. Design mixes to provide normal weight concrete as indicated on drawings and schedules.

D. Adjustment to Concrete Mixes: Mix design adjustments may be requested by Contractor when characteristics of materials, job conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant; at no additional cost to Owner and as accepted by Architect. Laboratory test data for revised mix design and strength results must be submitted to and accepted by Architect before using in work.

E. Admixtures:

1. Use water-reducing admixture in all concrete for ease of placement and workability.

2. Use non-chloride accelerating admixture in concrete slabs placed at ambient temperatures below 50 degrees F.

3. Use air-entraining admixture in all concrete, unless otherwise indicated. Add air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in concrete at point of placement having total air content of 6% with a tolerance of plus-or-minus 1-1/2%.

F. Slump Limits: Proportion and design mixes to result in concrete slump at point of placement as follows:

1. Ramps, slabs and sloping surfaces: 3" to 5".

2. Reinforced foundation systems: 2" to 5".

3. Other concrete: 3" to 5".

3.2 CONCRETE MIXES

A. Ready-Mix Concrete: Comply with requirements of ASTM C 94, and as herein specified.

1. During hot weather, or under conditions contributing to rapid setting of concrete, a shorter mixing time than specified in ASTM C 94 may be required.

2. When air temperature is between 85 degrees F and 90 degrees, reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes, and when air temperature is above 90 degrees F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

3.3 FORMS

A. Design, erect, support, brace and maintain formwork to support vertical and lateral loads that might be applied until such loads can be supported by concrete structure. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of correct size, shape, alignment, elevation and position.

B. Design formwork to be readily removable without impact, shock or damage to cast-in-place concrete surfaces and adjacent materials.

C. Construct forms to sizes, shapes, lines and dimensions shown and to obtain accurate alignment, location, grades, level and plumb work in finished structures. Provide for openings, off-sets, sinkages, keyways, recesses, moldings, rustications, reglets, chamfers, blocking, screeds, bulkheads, anchorages and inserts and other features required in work. Use selected materials to obtain required finishes. Solidly butt joints and provide back-up at joints to prevent leakage of cement paste.

D. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush plates or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces where slope is too steep to place concrete with bottom forms only. Kerf wood inserts for forming keyways, reglets, recesses and the like, to prevent swelling and for easy removal.

E. Provide temporary openings where interior area of formwork is inaccessible for cleanout, for inspection before concrete placement, and for placement of concrete. Securely brace temporary openings and set time to forms to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings on forms at inconspicuous locations.

F. Chamfer exposed corners and edges as indicated, using wood, metal, PVC or rubber chamfer strips fabricated to produce uniform smooth lines and tight edge joints.

G. Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, adjustable-length, removable, or snap-off metal form ties, designed to prevent form deflection, and to prevent spalling concrete surfaces upon removal.

1. Unless otherwise indicated, provide ties so portion remaining within concrete after removal is 1" inside concrete and will not leave holes larger than 1" diameter in concrete surface.

H. Provisions for Other Trades: Provide openings in concrete formwork to accommodate work of other trades. Determine size and location of openings, recesses and chases from trades providing such items. Accurately place and securely support items built into forms.

I. Cleaning and Tightening: Thoroughly clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt or other debris just before concrete is placed. Retighten forms and bracing after concrete placement is required to eliminate mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.

3.4 PLACING REINFORCEMENT

A. Comply with Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute's recommended practice for "Placing Reinforcing Bars" for details and methods of reinforcement placement and supports, and as herein specified.

B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice and other materials which reduce or destroy bond with concrete.

C. Accurately position, support and secure reinforcement against displacement by formwork, construction or concrete placement operations. Locate and support reinforcing by metal chairs, runners, bolsters, spacers and hangers as required.

D. Place reinforcement to obtain at least minimum coverages for concrete protection. Arrange, space and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcement in position during concrete placement operations. Set wire ties so ends are directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.

E. Install welded wire fabric in as long lengths as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least one full mesh and lace splices with wire. Offset end laps in adjacent widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.

3.5 JOINTS

A. Construction Joints: Locate and install construction joints as indicated, or if not indicated, locate so as not to impair strength and appearance of the structure, as acceptable to Architect.

1. Place construction joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints.

B. Isolation Joints in Slabs-On-Ground: Construct isolation joints in slabs-on-ground at points of contact between slabs on ground and vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, and elsewhere as indicated.

1. Joint filler and sealant materials are specified in Division-7 sections of these specifications.

C. Construction Joints in Slabs-On-Ground: Construct construction joints in slabs-on-ground to form panels of patterns no larger than 600 square feet and as shown and as detailed. An alternative control joint detail may be inserts 1/8" to 1/4" wide x 1/4 of slab depth.

1. Form contraction joints by inserting premolded plastic, hardboard strip into fresh concrete until top surface of strip is flush with slab surface. Tool slab edges round on each side of insert. After concrete has cured, remove inserts and clean groove of loose debris, fill groove with joint sealant.

2. Joint sealant material is specified in Division-7 sections of these specifications.

3.6 INSTALLATION OF EMBEDDED ITEMS

A. General: Set and build into work anchorage devices and other embedded items required for other work that is attached to, or supported by, cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, diagrams, instructions and directions provided by suppliers of items to be attached thereto.

B. Edge Forms and Screed Strips for Slabs: Set edge forms or bulkheads and intermediate screed strips for slabs to obtain required elevations and contours in finished slab surface.

1. Provide and secure units sufficiently strong to support types of screed strips by use of strike-off templates or accepted compacting type screeds.

3.7 PREPARATION OF FORM SURFACES

A. Clean re-used forms of concrete matrix residue, repair and patch as required to return forms to acceptable surface condition.

B. Coat contact surfaces of forms with a form-coating compound before reinforcement is placed.

C. Thin form-coating compounds only with thinning agent of type, and in amount, and under conditions of form-coating compound manufacturer's directions. Do not allow excess form-coating material to accumulate in forms or to come into contact with in-place concrete surfaces against which fresh concrete will be placed. Apply in compliance with manufacturer's instructions.

3.8 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

A. Replacement Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, reinforcing steel, and items to be embedded or cast-in. Notify other crafts to permit installation of their work; cooperate with other trades in setting such work. Moisten wood forms immediately

before placing concrete where form coatings are not used.

1. Coordinate the installation of joint materials and moisture barriers with placement of forms and reinforcing steel.

B. General: Comply with ACI 304 "Recommended Practice for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting and Placing Concrete", and as herein specified.

1. Deposit concrete continuously or in layers of such thickness that no concrete will be placed on concrete which has hardened sufficiently to cause the formation of seams of planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as herein specified. Deposit concrete as nearly as practicable to its final location to avoid segregation.

C. Placing Concrete in Forms: Deposit concrete in forms in horizontal layers not deeper than 24"

and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints. Where placement consists of several layers, place each layer while preceding layer is still plastic to avoid cold joints.

1. Consolidate placed concrete by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand-spading, rodding or tamping. Use equipment and procedures for consolidation of concrete in accordance with ACI recommended practices.

2. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations not farther than visible effectiveness of machine. Place vibrators to rapidly penetrate placed layer at least 6" into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to set. At each insertion limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing segregation of mix.

D. Placing Concrete Slabs: Deposit and consolidate concrete slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until the placing of a panel or section is completed.

1. Consolidate concrete during placing operations so that concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.

2. Bring slab surfaces to correct level with straightedge and strike-off. Use bull floats or darbies to smooth surface, free of humps or hollows. Do not disturb slab surfaces prior to beginning finishing operations.

3. Maintain reinforcing in proper position during concrete placement operations.

E. Cold Weather Placing: Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength which could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures, in compliance with ACI 306 and as herein specified.

1. When air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 40 degrees F uniformly heat water and aggregates before mixing to obtain a concrete mixture temperature of not less than 50 degrees F. and not more than 80 degrees F at point of placement.

2. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow. Do not place concrete on frozen subgrade or on subgrade containing frozen materials.

3. Do not place concrete when air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 35 $^{\circ}$F.Do not use calcium chloride, salt and other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators, unless otherwise accepted in mix designs.

F. Hot Weather Placing:

1. When hot weather conditions exist that would seriously impair quality and strength of concrete, place concrete in compliance with ACE 305 and as herein specified.

2. Cool ingredients before mixing to maintain concrete temperature at time of placement below 90 degrees F. Mixing water may be chilled, or chopped ice may be used to control temperature provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Use of liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.

3. Cover reinforcing steel with water-soaked burlap if it becomes too hot, so that steel temperature will not exceed the ambient air temperature immediately before embedment in concrete.

4. Fog spray forms, reinforcing steel and subgrade just before concrete is placed.

5. Use water-reducing retarding admixture (Type D) when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placing conditions.

3.9 FINISH OF FORMED SURFACES

A. Rough Form Finish: For formed concrete surfaces not exposed-to-view in the finish work or by other construction, unless otherwise indicated. This is the concrete surface having texture imparted by form facing material used, with tie holes and defective areas repaired and patched and fins and other projections exceeding 1/4" in height rubbed down or chipped off.

B. Smooth Form Finish: For formed concrete surfaces or that are to be covered with a coating material applied directly to concrete, or a covering material applied directly to concrete such as waterproofing, dampproofing. This is as-cast concrete surface obtained with selected form facing material, arranged orderly and symmetrically with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch defective areas with fins or other projections completely removed and smoothed.

C. Smooth Rubbed Finish: For formed concrete surfaces exposed to view provide smooth rubbed finish, not later than one day after form removal.

1. Moisten concrete surfaces and rub with carborundum brick or other abrasive until a uniform color and texture is produced. Do not apply cement grout other than that created by the rubbing process.

D. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces occurring adjacent to formed surfaces, strike-off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

3.10 MONOLITHIC SLAB FINISHES

A. Finish surfaces to the following tolerances, measured within 24 hours according to ASTM E 1155/E 1155M for randomly trafficked floor surfaces:

1. Specified overall values of flatness, F(F) 38: and levelness, F(L) 25: with minimum local values of flatness, F(F) 19: levelness, F(L) 13: for slabs on grade.

B. Scratch Finish: Apply scratch finish to monolithic slab surfaces that are to receive concrete floor topping or mortar setting beds for tile, portland cement terrazzo and other bonded applied cementious finish flooring material, and as otherwise indicated.

C. Slope surface uniformly to drains where required. After leveling, roughen surfaces before final set, with stiff brushes, brooms or rakes.

D. Float Finish: Apply float finish to monolithic slab surfaces to receive trowel finish and other

finishes as hereinafter specified, and slab surfaces which are to be covered with membrane or elastic waterproofing membrane or elastic roofing, or sand-bend terrazzo, and as otherwise indicated.

1. After screeding consolidating, and leveling concrete slabs, do not work surface until ready for floating. Begin floating when surface water has disappeared or when concrete has stiffened sufficiently to permit operation of power-driven floats, or both. Consolidate surface with power-driven floats or by hand-floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Uniformly slope surfaces to drains. Immediately after leveling, refloat surface to a uniform, smooth, granular texture.

E. Trowel Finish: Apply trowel finish to monolithic slab surfaces to be exposed-to-view and slab surfaces to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile, paint or other thin film finish coating system.

1. After floating, begin first trowel finish operation using a power-driven trowel. Begin final troweling when surface produces a ringing sound as trowel is moved over surface. Consolidate concrete surface by final hand-troweling operation, free of trowel marks, uniform in texture and appearance. Grind smooth surface defects which would telegraph through applied floor covering system.

F. Non-Slip Broom Finish: Apply non-slip broom finish to exterior concrete platforms, steps and ramps and elsewhere as indicated.

1. Immediately after trowel finishing, slightly roughen concrete surface by brooming with fiber bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route. Coordinate required final finish with Architect before application.

3.11 CONCRETE CURING AND PROTECTION

A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.

1. Start initial curing as soon as free water has disappeared from concrete surface after placing and finishing. Keep continuously moist for not less than 7 days.

2. Begin final curing procedures immediately following initial curing and before concrete has dried. Continue final curing for at least seven (7) days in accordance with ACI 301 procedures. Avoid rapid drying at end of final curing period.

B. Curing Methods: Perform curing of concrete by curing and sealing compound, by moist curing, by moisture-retaining cover curing, and by combinations thereof, as herein specified.

1. Provide moisture curing by one of the following methods or by a combination of the following methods:

a. Keep concrete surface continuously wet by covering with water.

b. Continuous water-fog spray.

c. Covering concrete surface with specified absorptive cover, thoroughly saturating cover with water and keeping continuously wet. Place absorptive cover to provide coverage of concrete surfaces and edges, with 4" lap over adjacent absorptive covers.

C. Provide moisture-cover curing as follows:

1. Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width with sides and ends lapped at least 3" and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.

D. Provide curing and sealing compound to interior slabs with resilient flooring, carpet over cushion, or left exposed; and to exterior slabs, walks, and curbs as follows:

1. Apply specified curing and sealing compound to concrete slabs as soon as final finishing operations are complete (within two hours). Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power-spray or roller in accordance with manufacturer's directions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three (3) hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

E. Do not use membrane curing compounds on surface which are to be covered with coating material applied directly to concrete, liquid floor hardener, waterproofing, damp-proofing, membrane roofing, flooring (such as ceramic or quarry tile, glue-down carpet), painting and other coatings and finish materials, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.

F. Curing Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, by moist curing with forms in place for full curing period or until forms are removed. If forms are removed, continue curing by methods specified above, as applicable.

G. Curing Unformed Surfaces: Cure unformed surfaces, such as slabs, floor topping, and other flat surfaces by application of appropriate curing method.

H. Final cure concrete surfaces to receive liquid floor hardener or finish flooring by use of moisture-retaining cover, unless otherwise directed.

I. Sealer and Dust-proofer: Apply a second coat of specified curing and sealing compound only to surfaces given a first coat.

3.12 REMOVAL OF FORMS

A. Formwork not supporting weight of concrete, such as sides of walls, and similar parts of the work, may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 degrees F for twenty-four (24) hours after placing concrete, provided concrete is sufficiently hard to not be damaged by form removal operations, and provided cutting and protection operations are maintained.

B. Formwork supporting weight of concrete, may not be removed in less than fourteen (14) days and until concrete has attained design minimum compressive strength of in place concrete by testing field-cured specimens representative of concrete location in members.

C. Form facing material may be removed four (4) days after placement, only if shores and other vertical supports have been arranged to permit removal of form facing material without loosening or disturbing shores and supports.

3.13 RE-USE OF FORMS

A. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be re-used in work. Split, frayed, delaminated or otherwise damaged form facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form coating compound as specified for new formwork.

B. When forms are extended for successive concrete placement, thoroughly clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten forms to close joints. Align and secure joint to avoid offsets. Do not use "patched" forms for exposed concrete surfaces, except as acceptable to Architect.

3.14 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE ITEMS

A. Filling-In: Fill-in holes and openings left in concrete structures for passage of work by other trades, unless otherwise shown or directed, after work of other trades is in place. Mix, place and cure concrete as herein specified, to blend with in-place construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling shown or required to complete work.

B. Curbs: Provide monolithic finish to interior curbs by stripping forms while concrete is still green and steel-troweling surfaces to a hard, dense finish with corners, intersections and terminations slightly rounded.

C. Equipment Bases and Foundations: Provide machine and equipment bases and foundations, as shown on drawings. Set anchor bolts for machines and equipment to template at correct elevations, complying with certified diagrams or templates of manufacturer furnishing machines and equipment.

D. Reinforced Masonry: Provide concrete grout for reinforced masonry, masonry lintels and bond beams where indicated on drawings and as scheduled. Maintain accurate location of reinforcing steel during concrete placement.

3.15 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

A. Patching Defective Areas: Repair and patch defective areas with cement mortar immediately after removal of forms when acceptable to Architect.

1. Cut out honeycomb, rock pockets, voids over 1/4" in any dimension, and holes left by tie rods and bolts, down to solid concrete but, in no case to a depth of less than 1". Make edges of cuts perpendicular to the concrete surface. Thoroughly clean, dampen with water and brush-coat the area to be patched with specified bonding agent. Place patching mortar after bonding compound has dried.

2. For exposed to view surfaces, blend white portland cement and standard portland cement so that when dry, patching mortar will match color surrounding. Provide test areas at inconspicuous location to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike-off slightly higher than surrounding surface.

B. Repair of Formed Surfaces: Remove and replace concrete having defective surfaces if defects cannot be repaired to satisfaction of Architect. Surface defects, as such, include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycomb, rock pockets; fins and other projections on surface; and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning. Flush out form tie holes, fill with dry pack mortar, or precast cement cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.

1. Repair concealed formed surfaces, where possible, that contain defects that affect the durability of concrete. If defects cannot be repaired, remove and replace concrete.

C. Repair of Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as monolithic slabs, for smoothness and verify surface plane to tolerances specified for each surface and finish. Correct low and high areas as herein specified. Test unformed surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope, in addition to smoothness using a template having required slope.

1. Repair finished unformed surfaces that contain defects which affect durability of concrete. Surface defects, as such, include crazing, cracks in excess of 0.01" wide or which penetrate to reinforcement or completely through non-reinforced sections regardless of width, spalling, popouts, honeycomb, rock pockets and other objectionable conditions.

2. Correct high areas in unformed surfaces by grinding, after concrete has cured at least 14 days.

3. Correct low areas in unformed surfaces during, or immediately after, completion of surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with fresh concrete. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete. Proprietary patching compounds may be used when acceptable to Architect.

4. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes not exceeding 1" diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas to sound concrete with clean, square cuts and exposed reinforcing steel with at least 3/4" clearance all around.

5. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding compound. Mix patching concrete of same materials to provide concrete of same type or class as original concrete. Place, compact and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.

6. Repair isolated random cracks and single holes not over 1" in diameter by dry-pack method. Groove top of cracks and cut-out holes to sound concrete and clean of dust, dirt and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding compound. Mix dry-pack, consisting of one part portland cement to 2-1/2 parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 mesh sieve, using only enough water as required for handling and placing. Place dry pack after bonding compound has dried. Compact dry-pack mixture in place and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for not less than seventy-two (72) hours.

7. Perform structural repairs with prior approval of Architect for method and procedure, using specified epoxy adhesive and mortar.

8. Repair methods not specified above may be used, subject to acceptance of Architect.

3.16 QUALITY CONTROL TESTING DURING CONSTRUCTION

A. The Owner will employ and pay for a testing laboratory to perform tests and to submit test reports. The Contractor shall notify testing agency 24 hours in advance of requirements.

B. Sampling and testing for quality control during placement of concrete may include the following, as directed by Architect.

C. The Owner shall maintain equipment on site to cast cylinders, perform slump and air tests, and field cure specimens. Should the project testing agency be absent from the site, the Contractor will be responsible for performing the field tests below.

D. Sampling Fresh Concrete: ASTM C 172, except as modified for slump to comply with ASTM C 94.

1. Slump: ASTM C 143; one test at point of discharge for each day's pour of each type of concrete; additional tests when concrete consistency seems to have changed.
2. Concrete Temperature: Test hourly when air temperature is 40 degrees F. and below, and when 80 degrees F. and above; and each time a set of compression test specimens made.
3. Compression Test Specimen: ASTM C 31; one set of four (4) standard cylinders for each compressive strength test, unless otherwise directed. Mold and store cylinders for laboratory cured test specimens except when field-cure test specimens are required.

E. Compressive Strength Tests: ASTM C 39; one set for each day's pour plus additional sets for each 50 cu. yds. over and above the first 25 cu. yds. of each concrete class placed in any one day; one specimen tested at seven (7) days, two specimen tested at twenty-eight (28) days, and one specimen retained in reserve for later testing if required. Minimum compressive strength of concrete shall be 3,000 psi at 28 days unless otherwise indicated.
1. When frequency of testing will provide less than five (5) strength tests for a given class of concrete, conduct testing from at least five (5) randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five (5) are used.
2. When total quantity of a given class of concrete is less than 50 cu. yds., strength test may be waived by Architect if, in his judgment, adequate evidence of satisfactory strength is provided.
3. When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85% of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, evaluate current operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing the in-place concrete.
4. Test results shall be reported in writing to Architect and Contractor within twenty-four (24) hours that tests are made. Reports of compressive strength tests shall contain the project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing service, concrete type and class, location of concrete batch in structure, design compressive strength at twenty-eight (28) days, concrete mix proportions and materials; compressive breaking strength and type of break for both 7-day tests and 28-day tests.

F. Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other non- destructive device may be permitted but shall not be used as the sole basis for acceptance or rejection.

G. Additional Tests: The testing service will make additional tests of in-place concrete when test results indicate specified concrete strengths and other characteristics have not been attained in the structure, as directed by Architect. Testing service may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42, or by other methods as directed.
1. Contractor shall pay for such tests conducted, and any other additional testing as may be required, when unacceptable concrete is verified.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 03950 - CONCRETE SEALER

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Exposed concrete slabs where concrete sealer is indicated.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

B. Samples: Submit four samples of concrete sealer over concrete, 6 by 6 inches sample.

C. Manufacturer Certificates: Signed by manufacturers certifying that concrete sealer comply with requirements.

D. Qualification Data: For Installer.

E. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for assemblies.

F. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

G. Maintenance data.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer with minimum five years documented experience.

1.4 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Limitations: Proceed with application only when the following existing substrate conditions permit sealer to be applied according to manufacturers' written instructions and warranty requirements:
   1. Ambient temperature is above 40 deg F.
   2. Concrete surfaces and mortar have cured for more than 28 days.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer and Applicator agree to repair or replace materials that fail to maintain water repellency within specified warranty period.
   1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONCRETE SEALER

A. Penetrating Liquid Floor Treatment: Clear, chemically reactive, waterborne solution of inorganic silicate or siliconate materials and proprietary components; odorless; colorless; that penetrates, hardens, and densifies concrete surfaces.
   1. Products:
      a. Curecrete Distribution Inc.; Ashford Formula.
      b. Burke by Edoco; Titan Hard.
      c. ChemMasters; Chemisil Plus.

d. Euclid Chemical Company (The); Euco Diamond Hard.

2. Flammability: Self extinguishing.
3. Finish: Non slip finish. Coefficient of friction: 0.6 wet, 0.8 dry.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Clean substrate of substances that might interfere with penetration or performance of concrete sealer.
   1. Concrete: Remove oil, curing compounds, laitance, and other substances that could prevent adhesion or penetration of concrete sealer.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 APPLICATION

A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect the substrate before application of concrete sealer and to instruct Applicator on the product and application method to be used.

B. Concrete Sealer: Prepare, apply, and finish penetrating liquid floor treatment according to manufacturer's written instructions.
   1. Do not apply to concrete that is less than number of days' old recommended by sealer manufacturer in writing.
   2. Apply liquid until surface is saturated, scrubbing into surface until a gel forms; rewet; and repeat brooming or scrubbing. Rinse with water; remove excess material until surface is dry. Apply a second coat in a similar manner if surface is rough or porous.

C. Apply on horizontal surfaces of indicated interior exposed concrete slabs not receiving other finishes.

3.3 CLEANING

A. Immediately clean concrete sealer from adjoining surfaces and surfaces soiled or damaged by concrete sealer application as work progresses. Repair damage caused by concrete sealer application. Comply with manufacturer's written cleaning instructions.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 05120 - STRUCTURAL STEEL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of structural steel work is shown on drawings, including schedules, notes and details to show size and location of members, typical connections, and type of steel required.

B. Structural steel is that work defined in AISC "Code of Standard Practice" and as otherwise shown on drawings.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Codes and Standards: Comply with provisions of following, except as otherwise indicated.

1. AISC "Specifications for the Design, Fabrication, and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings", including "Commentary" and Supplements thereto as issued.
2. AISC "Specifications for Structural Joints using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" approved by the Research Council on Riveted and Bolted Structural Joints of the Engineering Foundation.
3. AWS D1.1 "Structural Welding Code".
4. ASTM A 6 "General Requirements for Delivery of Rolled Steel Plates, Shapes, Sheet Piling and Bars for Structural Use.

B. Qualifications for Welding Work: Qualify welding processes and welding operators in accordance with AWS "Standard Qualification Procedure".

C. Provide certification that welders to be employed in work have satisfactorily passed AWS qualification tests.

1. If re-certification of welders is required, retesting will be Contractor's responsibility.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit producer's or manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions for following products. Include laboratory test reports and other data to show compliance with specifications (including specified standards).

1. Structural steel including certified copies of mill reports covering chemical and physical properties.
2. High-strength bolts including nuts and washers.
3. Structural steel primer paint.
4. Shrinkage-resistant grout.

B. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings including complete details and schedules for fabrication and assembly of structural steel members procedures and diagrams. All shop and erection drawings shall be prepared under the direct supervision of a registered engineer and shall be sealed by said engineer.

1. Include details of cuts, connections, camber, holes, and other pertinent data. Indicate welds by standard AWS symbols, and show size, length, and type of each weld.
2. Provide setting drawings, templates, and directions for installation of anchor bolts and other anchorages to be installed by others.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials to site at such intervals to insure uninterrupted progress of work.

B. Deliver anchor bolts and anchorage devices, which are to be embedded in cast-in-place concrete or masonry, in ample time to not to delay work.

C. Store materials to permit easy access for inspection and identification. Keep steel members off ground, using pallets, platforms, or other supports. Protect steel members and packaged materials from erosion and deterioration.

D. Do not store materials on structure in a manner that might cause distortion or damage to members or supporting structures. Repair or replace damaged materials or structures as directed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Metal Surfaces, General: For fabrication of work which will be exposed to view, use only materials which are smooth and free of surface blemishes including pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names and roughness. Remove such blemishes by grinding, or by welding and grinding, prior to cleaning, treating and application of surface finishes.

B. Miscellaneous Steel Shapes, Plates, Channels, Bars and other shapes: ASTM A 36.

C. Wide Flange and CWT Shapes: ASTM A992 Grade B, Fy=50 ksi

D. Cold-Formed Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500, Grade B, Fy=46.0 ksi

E. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53, Type E or S, Grade B.

1. Finish: Black, except where indicated to be galvanized.

F. Anchor Bolts: ASTM A 307, nonheaded type unless otherwise indicated.

1. Provide hexagonal heads and nuts for all connections.

G. High-Strength Threaded Fasteners: Heavy hexagon structural bolts, heavy hexagon nuts, and hardened washers, as follows:

1. Quenched and tempered medium-carbon steel bolts, nuts and washers, complying with ASTM A 325.

H. Electrodes for Welding: Comply with AWS Code.

1. For high-strength low-alloy steel, provide electrodes, welding rods and filler metals equal in strength and compatible in appearance with parent metal joined.

I. Structural Steel Primer Paint: Manufacturer's standard (no lead).

J. Non-metallic Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: Pre-mixed, non-metallic, non-corrosive, non-staining product containing selected silica sands, portland cement, shrinkage compensating agents, plasticizing and water reducing agents, complying with CRD-C62l.

1. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for material, workmanship and function:

a. Dayton Superior 1107 Advantage

b. Euco N.S.; Euclid Chemical Co.

c. Crystex; L&M Construction Chemicals

d. Masterflow 7l3; Master Builders

e. Five Star Grout; U.S. Grout Corp.

f. Upcon; Upco Chem. Div., USM Corp.

g. Propak; Protex Industries, Inc.

h. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2. Manufacturer Single Source: Provide cementitious grout products from a single qualified manufacturer.
3. Cementitious Grout: Cementitious grout for high performance applications.
4. Product shall conform to:
    a. CRD C621, US Army Corps of Engineers Specification for Non-Shrink Grout
    b. ASTM C1107, Standard Specification for Packaged, Dry, Hydraulic-Cement Grout (non-shrink)
5. Basis of Design Product:

    "EUCO TREMIE GROUT" by The Euclid Chemical Company

    a. Compressive Strength, ASTM C109 Modified to ASTM C1107 Section 11.5, 2 in. (5 cm) cubes:
        i. At 72° F (22° C)
            a) 1 day: 3200 psi (22MPa)
            b) 3 days: 4800 psi (33 MPa)
            c) 7 days: 5600 psi (38 MPa)
            d) 28 days: 7200 psi (49 MPa)
        ii. At 50° F (10° C)
            a) 1 day: 1000 psi (7 MPa)
            b) 3 days: 3000 psi (20 MPa)
            c) 7 days: 3700 psi (25 MPa)
            d) 28 days: 4500 psi (31 MPa)
    b. Volume Change, ASTM C1090 and CRD C621:
        i. At 72° F (22° C)
            a) 3 days: 0.04%
            b) 7 days: 0.06%
            c) 14 days: 0.06%
            d) 28 days: 0.08%
    c. Setting time, ASTM C191:
        i. At 72° F (22° C)
            a) Initial set: 5 hours
            b) Final set: 7 hours
        ii. At 50° F (10° C)
            a) Initial set: 12 hours
            b) Final set: 18 hours

2.2 FABRICATION

A. Shop Fabrication and Assembly: Fabricate and assemble structural assemblies in shop to greatest extent possible. Fabricate items of structural steel in accordance with AISC Specifications and as indicated on final shop drawings.

1. Properly mark and match-mark materials for field assembly. Fabricate for delivery sequence which will expedite erection and minimize field handling of materials.
2. Where finishing is required, complete assembly, including welding of units, before start of

finishing operations. Provide finish surfaces of members exposed in final structure free of markings, burrs, and other defects.

B. Connections: Weld or bolt shop connections, as indicated.

C. Bolt field connections, except where welded connections or other connections are indicated.

1. Provide high-strength threaded fasteners for principal bolted connections, except where unfinished bolts are indicated.

D. High-Strength Bolted Construction: Install high-strength threaded fasteners in accordance with AISC "Specifications for Structural Joints using ASTM A 325.

E. Welded Construction: Comply with AWS Code for procedures, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.

F. Assemble and weld built-up sections by methods which will produce true alignment of axes without warp.

G. Holes for Other Work: Provide holes required for securing other work to structural steel framing, and for passage of other work through steel framing members, as shown on final shop drawings.

H. Provide threaded nuts welded to framing, and other specialty items as indicated to receive other work.

I. Cut, drill, or punch holes perpendicular to metal surfaces. Do not flame cut holes or enlarge holes by burning. Drill holes in bearing plates.

2.3 SHOP PAINTING

A. General: Shop paint structural steel, except those members or portions of members to be embedded in concrete or mortar. Paint embedded steel which is partially exposed on exposed portions and initial 2" of embedded areas only.

B. Do not paint surfaces which are to be welded.

C. Apply 2 coats of paint to surfaces which are inaccessible after assembly or erection. Change color of second coat to distinguish it from first.

D. Surface Preparation: After inspection and before shipping, clean steel work to be painted. Remove loose rust, loose mill scale, and spatter, slag or flux deposits. Clean steel in accordance with Steel Structures painting Council (SSPC) as follows:

1. SP-3 "Power Tool Cleaning".

E. Painting: Immediately after surface preparation, apply structural steel primer paint in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and at a rate to provide dry film thickness of not less than l.5 mils. Use painting methods which result in full coverage of joints, corners, edges and exposed surfaces.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 ERECTION

A. Surveys:

1. Check elevations of concrete and masonry bearing surfaces, and locations of anchor bolts and similar devices, before erection work proceeds, and report discrepancies to Architect. Do not proceed with erection until corrections have been made, or until compensating adjustments to structural steel work have been agreed upon with Architect.

B. Temporary Shoring and Bracing: Provide temporary shoring and bracing members with connections of sufficient strength to bear imposed loads. Remove temporary members and connections when permanent members are in place and final connections are made. Provide temporary guy lines to achieve proper alignment of structures as erection proceeds.

C. Temporary Planking: Provide temporary planking and working platforms as necessary to effectively complete work.

D. Anchor Bolts: Furnish anchor bolts and other connectors required for securing structural steel to foundations and other in-place work.

1. Furnish templates and other devices as necessary for presetting bolts and other anchors to accurate locations.

E. Setting Bases and Bearing Plates: Clean concrete and masonry bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials and roughen to improve bond to surfaces. Clean bottom surface of base and bearing plates.

1. Set loose and attached base plates and bearing plates for structural members on wedges or other adjusting devices.

F. Tighten anchor bolts after supported members have been positioned and plumbed. Do not remove wedges or shims, but if protruding, cut off flush with edge of base or bearing plate prior to packing with grout.

G. Pack grout solidly with non-metallic shrinkage resistant grout between bearing surfaces and bases or plates to ensure that no voids remain. Finish exposed surfaces, protect installed materials, and allow to cure.

H. Field Assembly: Set structural frames accurately to lines and elevations indicated. Align and adjust various members forming part of complete frame or structure before permanently fastening. Clean bearing surfaces and other surfaces which will be in permanent contact before assembly. Perform necessary adjustments to compensate for discrepancies in elevations and alignment.

1. Level and plumb individual members of structure within specified AISC tolerances.

2. Splice members only where indicated and accepted on shop drawings.

3. Comply with AISC Specifications for bearing, adequacy of temporary connections, alignment, and removal of paint on surfaces adjacent to field welds.

4. Do not enlarge unfair holes in members by burning or by use of drift pins, except in secondary bracing members. Ream holes that must be enlarged to admit bolts.

I. Gas Cutting: Do not use gas cutting torches in field for correcting fabrication errors in primary structural framing. Cutting will be permitted only on secondary members which are not under stress, as acceptable to Architect. Finish gas-cut sections equal to a sheared appearance when permitted.

J. Touch-Up Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint. Apply paint to exposed areas using same material as used for shop painting.

1. Apply by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of l.5 mils.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. The Contractor shall employ and pay an independent laboratory acceptable to Architect to conduct shop and field inspections and tests.

B. Correct deficiencies in structural steel work which inspections and laboratory test reports have indicated to be not in compliance with requirements. Perform additional tests, at Contractor's expense, as may be necessary to reconfirm any non-compliance of original work, and as may be necessary to show compliance of corrected work.

C. Shop Bolted Connections: Inspect in accordance with AISC specifications.

D. Shop Welding: Inspect and test during fabrication of structural steel assemblies, as follows:

1. Certify welders and conduct inspections and tests as required. Record types and locations of defects found in work. Record work required and performed to correct deficiencies.

2. Perform visual inspection of all welds.

3. Perform Ultrasonic or radiographic test on all groove welds.

E. Field Bolted Connections: Inspect in accordance with AISC specifications.

F. Field Welding: Inspect and test during erection of structural steel as follows:

1. Certify welders and conduct inspections and tests as required. Record types and locations of defects found in work. Record work required and performed to correct deficiencies.

2. Perform visual inspection of all welds. Perform Ultrasonic or radiographic test on all groove welds.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 05500 - MISCELLANEOUS STEEL AND METAL FABRICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Definition: Metal fabrications include items made from iron and steel shapes, plates bars, strips, tubes, pipes and castings which are not a part of structural steel or other metal systems specified elsewhere.

B. Extent of metal fabrications is indicated on drawings and schedules.

C. Types of work in this section include metal fabrications for:

1. Rough hardware.
2. Nosing.
3. Loose bearing and leveling plates.
4. Loose steel lintels.
5. Miscellaneous framing and supports.
6. Miscellaneous steel trim.
7. Shelf angles.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in shop to greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's specifications, anchor details and installation instructions for products used in miscellaneous metal fabrications, including paint products and grout.

B. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for fabrication and erection of metal fabrications. Include plans, elevations and details of sections and connections. Show anchorage and accessory items. Provide templates for anchor and bolt installation by others.

1. Where materials or fabrications are indicated to comply with certain requirements for design loadings, include structural computations, material properties and other information needed for structural analysis.

C. Samples: Submit 2 sets of representative samples of materials and finished products as may be requested by Architect.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. FERROUS METALS

1. Metal Surfaces, General: For fabrication of miscellaneous metal work which will be exposed to view, use only materials which are smooth and free of surface blemishes including pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names and roughness.
2. Steel Structural, Shapes and Bars: ASTM A 36, wide flange, ASTM A572, fyz50ks.
3. Steel Tubing: Hot-rolled, ASTM A 500. FY=46KSI

4. Structural Steel Sheet: Hot-rolled, ASTM A 570; or cold-rolled ASTM A 611, Class 1; of grade required for design loading.
5. Galvanized Structural Steel Sheet: ASTM A 446, of grade required for design loading. Coating designation as indicated, or if not indicated, G90.
6. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53; Type and grade (if applicable) as selected by fabricator and as required for design loading; black finish unless galvanizing is indicated; standard weight (schedule 40), unless otherwise indicated.
7. Gray Iron Castings: ASTM A 48, Class 30.
8. Malleable Iron Castings: ASTM A 47, grade as selected by fabricator.
9. Brackets, Flanges and Anchors: Cast or formed metal of the same type material and finish as supported rails, unless otherwise indicated.
10. Concrete Inserts: Threaded or wedge type; galvanized ferrous castings, either malleable iron, ASTM A 47, or cast steel, ASTM A 27. Provide bolts, washers and shims as required, hot-dip galvanized, ASTM A 153.
11. Non-Shrink Non-Metallic Grout: Pre-mixed, factory-packaged, non- staining, non-corrosive, non-gaseous grout complying with CE CRD-C621. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications of type specified in this section.

B. FASTENERS

1. General: Provide zinc-coated fasteners for exterior use or where built into exterior walls. Select fasteners for the type, grade and class required.
2. Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon head type, ASTM A 307, Grade A.
3. Lag Bolts: Square head type, FS FF-B-561.
4. Machine Screws: Cadmium plated steel, FS FF-S-92.
5. Wood Screws: Flat head carbon steel, FS FF-S-111.
6. Plain Washers: Round, carbon steel, FS FF-W-92.
7. Masonry Anchorage Devices: Expansion shields, FS FF-S-325.
8. Toggle Bolts: Tumble-wing type, FS FF-B-588, type, class and style as required.
9. Lock Washers: Helical spring type carbon steel, FS FF-W-84.

C. PAINT:

1. Shop Primer for Ferrous Metal: Manufacturer's or Fabricator's standard, fast-curing, lead-free, "universal" primer; selected for good resistance to normal atmospheric corrosion, for compatibility with finish paint systems indicated and for capability to provide a sound foundation for field-applied topcoats despite prolonged exposure; complying with performance requirements of FS TT-P-645.
2. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High zinc dust content paint for regalvanizing welds in galvanized steel, complying with the Military Specifications MIL-P-21035 (Ships) or SSPC-Paint-20.

D. CONCRETE FILL:

1. Concrete Materials and Properties: Comply with requirements of Division-3 section "Concrete Work" for normal weight, ready-mix concrete with minimum 28-day compressive strength of 3000 psi, and W/C ratio of 0.58 maximum, unless higher strengths indicated.
2. Non-Slip Aggregate Finish: Factory-graded, packaged material containing fused aluminum oxide grits or crushed emery as abrasive aggregate; rust-proof and non-glazing; unaffected by freezing, moisture or cleaning materials.

2.2 FABRICATION - GENERAL

A. Workmanship: Use materials of size and thickness indicated, or if not indicated, as required to produce strength and durability in finished product for use intended. Work to dimensions

indicated or accepted on shop drawings, using proven details of fabrication and support. Use type of materials indicated or specified for various components of work.

B. Form exposed work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces and straight sharp edges. Ease exposed edges to a radius of approximately 1/32" unless otherwise indicated. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.

C. Weld corners and seams continuously, complying with AWS recommendations. At exposed connections, grind exposed welds smooth and flush to match and blend with adjoining surfaces.

D. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners wherever possible. Use exposed fasteners of type indicated or, if not indicated, Phillips flat-head (countersunk) screws or bolts.

E. Provide for anchorage of type indicated, coordinated with supporting structure. Fabricate and space anchoring devices to provide adequate support for intended use.

F. Cut, reinforce, drill and tap miscellaneous metal work as indicated to receive finish hardware and similar items.

G. Galvanizing: Provide a zinc coating for those items indicated or specified to be galvanized, as follows:

1. ASTM A153 for galvanizing iron and steel hardware.

2. ASTM A 123 for galvanizing rolled, pressed and forged steel shapes, plates, bars and strip 1/8" thick and heavier.

3. ASTM A386 for galvanizing assembled steel products.

H. Fabricate joints which will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water or provide weep holes where water may accumulate.

I. Shop Painting:

1. Apply shop primer to surfaces of metal fabrications except those which are galvanized or as indicated to be embedded in concrete or masonry, unless otherwise indicated, and in compliance with requirements of SSPC-PA1 "Paint Application Specification No. 1" for shop painting.

a. Stripe paint all edges, corners, crevices, bolts, welds and sharp edges.

J. Surface Preparation: Prepare ferrous metal surfaces to comply with minimum requirements indicated below for SSPC surface preparation specifications and environmental exposure conditions of installed metal fabrications:

1. Exteriors (SSPC Zone 1B): SSPC-SP6 "Commercial Blast cleaning".

2. Interior (SSPC Zone 1A): SSPC-SP3 "Power Tool Cleaning".

2.3 ROUGH HARDWARE

A. Furnish bent or otherwise custom fabricated bolts, plates, anchors, hangers, dowels and other miscellaneous steel and iron shapes as required for framing and supporting woodwork, and for anchoring or securing woodwork to concrete or other structures. Straight bolts and other stock rough hardware items are specified in Division-6 sections.

B. Fabricate items to sizes, shapes and dimensions required. Furnish malleable-iron washers for heads and nuts which bear on wood structural connections; elsewhere, furnish steel washers.

2.4 LOOSE STEEL LINTELS

A. Provide loose structural steel lintels for openings and recesses in masonry walls and partitions as shown and scheduled. Weld adjoining members together to form a single unit where indicated. Provide not less than 8" bearing at each side of openings, unless otherwise indicated. All steel lintels shall be hot-dipped galvanized steel.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS

A. Provide miscellaneous steel framing and supports which are not a part of structural steel framework, as required to complete work.

B. Fabricate miscellaneous units to sizes, shapes and profiles indicated or, if not indicated, of required dimensions to receive adjacent other work to be retained by framing. Except as otherwise indicated, fabricate from structural steel shapes, plates and steel bars of welded construction using mitered joints for field connection. Cut, drill and tap units to receive hardware and similar items.

C. Equip units with integrally welded anchors for casting into concrete or building into masonry. Furnish inserts if units must be installed after concrete is placed.

1. Except as otherwise indicated, space anchors 24" o.c. and provide minimum anchor units of 1-1/4" x 1/4" x 8" steel straps.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Field Measurements: Take field measurements prior to preparation of shop drawings and fabrication, where possible. Do not delay job progress; allow for trimming and fitting where taking field measurements before fabrication might delay work.

B. Coordinate and furnish anchorages, setting drawings, diagrams, templates, instructions, and directions for installation of anchorages, such as concrete inserts, sleeves, anchor bolts and miscellaneous items having integral anchors, which are to be embedded in concrete or masonry construction. Coordinate delivery of such items to project site.

3.2 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

A. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing miscellaneous metal fabrications to in-place construction; including, threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through-bolts, lag bolts, wood screws and other connectors as required.

B. Cutting, Fitting and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling and fitting required for installation of miscellaneous metal fabrications. Set work accurately in location, alignment and elevation, plus, level, true and free of rack, measured from established lines and levels. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items which are to be built into concrete masonry or similar construction.

1. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form tight hairline joints. Weld connections which are not to be left as exposed joints, but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Grind exposed joints smooth and touch-up shop paint coat. Do not weld, cut or abrade the surfaces of exterior units which have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication, and are intended for bolted or screwed field connections.

C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS Code for procedures of manual shielded metal-arc welding, appearance and quality of welds made, and methods used in correcting welding work.

D. Setting Loose Plates: Clean concrete and masonry bearing surfaces of any bond-reducing materials and roughen to improve bond to surfaces. Clean bottom surface of bearing plates.

1. Set loose leveling and bearing plates on wedges, or other adjustable devices. After the bearing members have been positioned and plumbed, tighten the anchor bolts. Do not remove wedges or shims, but if protruding, cut-off flush with the edge of the bearing plate before packing with grout. Use metallic non-shrink grout in concealed locations where not exposed to moisture; use non-metallic non-shrink grout in exposed locations, unless otherwise indicated.

3.3 ADJUST AND CLEAN

A. Touch-Up Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint, and paint exposed areas with same material as used for shop

painting.

B. Apply by brush or spray to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.

C. For galvanized surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections and abraded areas and apply galvanizing repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 06100 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

B. Work Included: All wood, nails, bolts, screws, framing anchors and other rough hardware, and all other items needed for rough and finished carpentry in this work but not specifically described in other sections of these specifications.

C. Quality Assurance: In addition to complying with all pertinent codes and regulations, all materials of this section shall comply with pertinent provisions of:

1. Southern Pine Southern Pine Inspection Bureau Plywood 'Softwood Plywood - Construction and Industrial" (Amended June l969), Product Standard PD 1-66 of U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Standards, and A.P.A.
2. Rough Hardware "Specification for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings of the American Institute of Steel Construction"
3. Building PaperFederal Specification UU-B-790a, dated February 5, 1968
4. Wood Preservative Standard P-5 of the American Wood Preservers Institute
5. Other Similar and pertinent reference standards for the products needed.

D. Conflicting Requirements: In the event of conflict between pertinent codes and regulations and the requirements of the referenced standards or these specifications, the provisions of the more stringent shall govern.

E. Qualifications of Workmen: Provide sufficient skilled workmen and supervisors who shall be present at all times during execution of this portion of the work and who shall be thoroughly familiar with the type of construction involved and the materials and techniques specified.

F. Rejection: In the acceptance or rejection of rough carpentry, no allowance will be made for lack of skill on the part of workmen.

1.2 PRODUCT HANDLING

A. Protection: Store all materials in such a manner as to ensure proper ventilation and drainage and to protect against damage and the weather.

1. Use all means necessary to protect lumber materials before, during and after delivery to the job site, and to protect the installed work and materials of all other trades.
2. Deliver the materials to the job site and store all in a safe area, out of the way of traffic, and shored up off the ground surface.
3. Protect all metal products with adequate weather-proof outer wrappings.
4. Use extreme care in the off-loading of lumber to prevent damage, splitting and breaking of materials.
5. Keep all material clearly identified with all grade marks legible; keep all damaged material clearly identified as damaged, and separately stored to prevent its inadvertent use.
6. Do not allow installation of damaged or otherwise non-complying material.
7. Use all means necessary to protect the installed work and materials of all other trades.

B. Replacements: In the event of damage, immediately make all repairs and replacements necessary to the approval of the Architect and at no additional cost to the Owner.

PART 2 – MATERIALS

2.1 MATERIALS - GENERAL

A. Grade Stamps:

B. Framing Lumber: Identify all framing lumber by proper grade stamp.

C. Plywood: Identify all plywood as to species, grade and glue type by the stamp of the American Plywood Association.

D. Other: Identify all other materials of this section by the appropriate stamp of the agency listed in the reference standards, or by such other means as are approved in advance by the Architect.

E. Moisture Content: Moisture content of any material for framing not to exceed 19% for boards 8" in width or less. Boards exceeding 8" in width not to exceed 15% at time of installation. All material used for finish and trim work to be kiln dried material with moisture content not to exceed that allowed by FHA for intended use.

2.2 MATERIALS - WOOD

A. All materials of this Section, unless specifically otherwise approved in advance by the Architect, shall meet or exceed the following:

1. Plates, Grounds or furring
    a. Pressure treated #2 KD Southern Yellow Pine in contact w/concrete, masonry or plaster
2. Plywood Roof Decking
    a. 5/8" – 4' x 8' CDX Grade with exterior glue, install with plyclips.

    or

    b. Pressure Treated 5/8" – 4' x 8' CDX Grade with exterior glue, install with plyclips
3. Plywood Floor Decking
    a. 1 Layer of 5/8" – 4' x 8', T&G CD Grade plywood.

    and

    b. 1 Layer of ¾" – 4'x8' T&G CD Grade Plywood.
4. Gypsum Sheathing:
    a. 5/8" exterior grade fiberglass mat-faced gypsum sheathing
        i. Georgia Pacific Dens-Glass Fireguard Sheathing: ASTM C1177, Type X.
        ii. R-Value of 0.67.
    b. Vapor Barrier:
        i. The General Contractor shall furnish and install a TAMKO® TW Moisture Wrap, flexible, 40-mil, self-adhering, over all exterior wall sheathing

    a.

2.3 MATERIALS – MISCELLANEOUS

A. All materials of this Section, unless specifically otherwise approved in advance by the Architect, shall meet or exceed the following:

1. Steel Hardware
    a. ASTM A-7 or A-36 (Use galvanized at exterior locations)
2. Machine Bolts
    a. ASTM A-307
3. Lag Bolts

a. Federal Specifications FF-B-561

4. Nails

a. Common (Except as noted) Federal Specifications FF-N-1-1 (Use galvanized at exterior locations)

5. Flashing

a. Nervastral Seal Prof HD-20 except where metal is indicated. Nervastral Seal Prof HD shall be installed on all sills and heads ½" inward from outside face of wall and extended 6" on each side of opening brick veneer construction. The sheeting shall not be allowed to hang free prior to completion of brick work but shall be secured to the siding with nails and discs or furring strips.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Stockpiling: Stockpile all materials sufficiently in advance of need to ensure their availability in a timely manner for this work.

B. Delivery Schedules: Make as many trips to the job site as are necessary to deliver all materials of this section is a timely manner to ensure orderly progress of the total work.

C. Compliance: Do not permit materials not complying with the provisions of this section of these specifications to be brought onto or to be stored at the job site; immediately remove from the job site all non-complying materials and replace them with materials meeting the requirements of this section.

D. Inspection: Prior to all work of this section, carefully inspect the installed work of all other trades and verify that all such work is complete to the point where this installation may properly commence.

1. Verify that rough carpentry may be performed in strict accordance with the original design and all pertinent codes and regulations.

E. Discrepancies: In the event of discrepancy, immediately notify the Architect. Do not proceed with installation in areas of discrepancy until all such discrepancies have been fully resolved.

F. Workmanship: All rough carpentry shall produce joints true, tight, and well nailed with all members assembled in accordance with the drawings and with all pertinent codes and regulations.

G. Selection of Lumber Pieces: Carefully select all members; select individual pieces so that knots and obvious defects will not interfere with placing bolts or proper nailing or making proper connections.

1. Cut out and discard all defects which render a piece unable to serve its intended functions; lumber may be rejected by the Architect, whether or not it has been installed, for excessive warp, twist, bow, crook, mildew, fungus, or mold, as well as for improper cutting and fitting.

H. Shimming: Do not shim sills, joists, short studs, trimmers, headers, lintels, or other framing components.

I. Treated Lumber: Use only treated lumber for all wood blocks and nailing grounds, etc. (other than foundation grade redwood) in, or in contact with, concrete.

J. Treatment: Treat all wood less than two feet above finished grade by spraying with the preservative specified in this section of these specifications, to a minimum distance of six inches from the ends, or otherwise treat as approved in advance by the Architect. Perform all treatment in strict accordance with published recommendations of the manufacturer of the treatment preservative.

K. General Framing: In addition to all framing operations normal to the fabrication and erection indicated on the drawings, install all backing required for the work of other trades. Set all

horizontal or sloped members with crown up. Do not notch, bore, or cut members for pipes ducts conduits, or other reasons except as shown on the drawings or as specifically approved in advance by the Architect.

L. Bearing: Make all bearings full unless otherwise indicated on the drawings. Finish all bearing surfaces on which structural members are to rest so as to give sure and even support; where framing members slope, cut or notch the ends as required to give uniform bearing surface.

M. Blocking: Install all blocking required to support all items of finish and to cut off all concealed draft openings, both vertical and horizontal, between ceiling and floor areas.

1. All other locations where openings could afford passage for rodents or flames.

2. Fire-block in the following specific locations:

a. In all stud walls at ceiling and floor levels.

b. In all stud walls, including furred spaces, so that the maximum dimension of each concealed space is not more than eight feet.

c. All other locations where openings could afford passage for rodents or flames.

N. Stud Walls and Partitions: Make all studs single length, unspliced, and platform framed.

O. Corners and intersections: Unless otherwise indicated on the drawings, frame all corners and intersections with three or more studs and all required bearing for wall finish.

P. Alignment: On all framing members to receive a finished wall or ceiling, align the finish subsurface to vary not more than 1/8 inch from the plane of surfaces of adjacent framing and furring members.

Q. Nailing: Use only common wire nails or spikes except where otherwise specifically noted in the drawings.

1. Provide penetration into the piece receiving the point of not less than 1/2 the length of the nail or spike provided, however, that 16 d nails may be used to connect two pieces of the two inch (nominal) thickness.

2. Do all nailing without splitting wood, preboring as required; replace all split members.

R. Bolting: Drill holes 1/16 inch larger in diameter than the bolts being used; drill straight and true from one side only. Bolt threads must not bear on wood; use washers under head and nut where both bear on wood; use washers under all nuts.

S. Screws: For lag screws and wood screws, prebore holes same diameter as root of thread; enlarge holes to shank diameter for length of shank.

1. Screw all lag screws and wood screws. Do NOT Drive screws.

T. Installation of Building Paper: Install the specified building paper over all exterior framing members where indicated to be installed, lapping all joints to prevent penetration of water into the stud spaces, and securely fastening the paper in place in accordance with the manufacturer’s published recommendations.

U. Cleaning Up: Keep the premises in a neat, safe and orderly condition at all times during execution of this portion of the work, free from accumulation of sawdust, cut-ends, and debris.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 06200 - FINISH CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Definition: Finish carpentry includes carpentry work which is exposed to view, is non-structural, and which is not specified as part of other sections. Types of finish carpentry work in this section include:

1. Plywood Air Barrier and Batten Strips
2. Wood Shelving
3. Exterior Finish Carpentry - Facia and Shingle Strip
4. Exterior Wood Beams and Columns

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Indicate Product description including product information and compliance with specified performance requirements.

B. Shop Drawings: Submit Shop Drawings for work of this Section in accordance with section 01600. Indicate plans, sections, dimensions, component sizes, edge details, fabrication details, attachment provisions, sizes of furring, blocking, including concealed blocking and coordination requirements with adjacent work. Show locations and sizes of cutouts and holes for receptacles and other items installed in the specified product.

C. Samples: Submit samples in accordance with Section 01300. Submit minimum 2’ x 2’ samples.

1. Cut sample and seam together for representation of inconspicuous seam. Indicate full range of pattern variation. Approved samples will be retained as standards for work.

1.4 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Protect finish carpentry materials during transit, delivery, storage and handling to prevent damage, soiling and deterioration.

B. Do not deliver finish carpentry materials, until operations which could damage, soil or deteriorate woodwork have been completed in installation areas. If, due to unforeseen circumstances, finish carpentry materials must be stored in other than installation areas, store only in areas meeting requirements specified for installation areas.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS - INTERIOR

A. Plywood Air Barrier at Bottom Of Trusses

1. ½” x 4’ x 8’, C/D T&G plywood – painted, with ¾” wide batten strips to cover joints. If 1/2” CD T&G is not available in the market area, contractor shall use 5/8” CD T&G.

B. Wood Shelving

1. “B” or better white pine. To be Painted.
   a. On shelves wider than 12” use ¾” A/C plywood with hard wood edge.
   b. Wood shelving shall be height and depth indicated on drawings
   c. Shelving shall be adjustable shelves on KV standards.

2.2 MATERIALS - EXTERIOR

A. Facia and Shingle Strip:

1. 1x to match existing in #2 spruce, pine or fir – painted.

B. Western Red Cedar Beams and Columns:

1. Kiln Dried Western Red Cedar Beams sizes and shapes as indicated on plans. All boards to be rough sawn.
2. Grade A and Better with a percentage of B Clear allowed (NLGA 200c/WCLIB 102-d/WWPA 20.13). Grading Rule Paragraph NLGA 200b.
   a. NLGA – National Lumber Grades Authority
   b. WCLIB – West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau
   c. WWPA – Western Wood Products Association

2.3 FABRICATION

A. Nominal sizes are indicated, except as shown by detailed dimensions. Provide dressed or worked and dressed lumber, as applicable, manufactured to the actual sizes as required by PS 20 or to actual sizes and pattern as shown, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Moisture Content of Softwood Lumber: Provide kiln-dried (KD) lumber having a moisture content from time of manufacture until time of installation not greater than values required by the applicable grading rules of the respective grading and inspecting agency for the species and product indicated.

C. Fasteners and Anchorages: Provide nails, screws and other anchoring devices of the proper type, size, material and finish for application indicated to provide secure attachment, concealed where possible, and complying with applicable Federal Specifications.

1. Where finish carpentry is exposed on exterior or in areas of high relative humidity, provide fasteners and anchorages with a hot-dipped zinc coating (ASTM A 153).

D. Inspect each piece of lumber and plywood or each unit of finish carpentry after drying; do not use twisted, warped, bowed or otherwise damaged or defective wood.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Condition wood materials to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas prior to installing.

B. Back-prime lumber for finish exposed on the exterior or to moisture and high relative humidity on the interior. Comply with requirements of section on painting within Division 9 for primers and their application.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Discard units of material which are unsound, warped, bowed, twisted, improperly treated, not adequately seasoned or too small to fabricate work with minimum of joints or optimum jointing arrangements, or which are of defective manufacturer with respect to surfaces, sizes or patterns.

B. Install the work plumb, level, true and straight with no distortions. Shim as required using concealed shims. Install to a tolerance of 1/8” in 8’-0” for plumb and level countertops; and with 1/16” maximum offset in flush adjoining and 1/8” maximum offsets in revealed adjoining surfaces.

C. Scribe and cut work to fit adjoining work and refinish cut surfaces or repair damaged finish at cuts.

D. Standing and Running Trim: Install with minimum number of joints possible, using full-length pieces (from maximum length of lumber available) to the greatest extent possible. Stagger joints in adjacent and related members. Cope at returns, miter at corners, to produce tight fitting joints with full surface contact throughout length of joint. Use scarf joints for end-to-end joints.

E. Anchor finish carpentry work to anchorage devices or blocking built-in or directly attached to substrates. Secure to grounds, stripping and blocking with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing as required for a complete installation. Except where prefinished matching fasteners heads are required, use fine finishing nail for exposed nailings, countersunk and filled flush with finished surface, and matching final finish where transparent is indicated.

3.3 ADJUSTMENT, CLEANING, FINISHING AND PROTECTION

A. Repair damaged and defective finish carpentry work wherever possible to eliminate defects functionally and visually; where not possible to repair properly, replace woodwork. Adjust joinery for uniform appearance.

B. Clean finish carpentry work on exposed and semi-exposed surfaces. Touch-up shop-applied finishes to restore damaged or soiled areas.

C. Refer to Division 9 for final finishing of installed finish carpentry work.

D. Protection: Installer of finish carpentry work shall advise Contractor of final protection and maintained conditions necessary to ensure that work will be without damage or deterioration at time of acceptance.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 06241 - SOLID SURFACING FABRICATIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Provide solid surfacing fabrications including but not limited to following:

1. Surface Tops

B. Related Sections: Following description of work is included for reference only and shall not be presumed complete:

1. Finish Carpentry - Section 06100.
2. Joint Sealants - Section 07900.

1.2 REFERENCES

A. Definitions:

1. Solid Surface: Non-porous, homogeneous material maintaining the same composition throughout the part with a composition of acrylic polymer, aluminum trihydrate filler and pigment.

1.3 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Preinstallation Meetings: Arrange preinstallation meeting 1 week prior to commencing work with all parties associated with trade as designated in Contract Documents or as requested by Architect. Presided over by Contractor, include Architect who may attend, Subcontractor performing work of this trade, Owner’s representative, testing company's representative and consultants of applicable discipline. Review Contract Documents for work included under this trade and determine complete understanding of requirements and responsibilities relative to work included, storage and handling of materials, materials to be used, installation of materials, sequence and quality control, Project staffing, restrictions on areas of work and other matters affecting construction, to permit compliance with intent of work of this Section.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Indicate Product description including solid surface sheets, sinks, bowls and illustrating full range of standard colors, fabrication information and compliance with specified performance requirements. Submit Product data with resistance to list of chemicals.

B. Shop Drawings: Submit Shop Drawings for work of this Section in accordance

with section 01600. Indicate plans, sections, dimensions, component sizes, edge details, thermosetting requirements, fabrication details, attachment provisions, sizes of furring, blocking, including concealed blocking and coordination requirements with adjacent work. Show locations and sizes of cutouts and holes for plumbing fixtures, faucets, soap dispensers, waste receptacles and other items installed in solid surface.

C. Coordination Drawings: Submit coordination drawings indicating plumbing and miscellaneous steel work indicating locations of wall rated or non-rated, blocking requirements, locations and recessed wall items and similar items.

D. Samples: Submit samples in accordance with Section 01 30 00. Submit minimum 6" x 6" samples.

1. Cut sample and seam together for representation of inconspicuous seam. Indicate full range of color and pattern variation. Approved samples will be retained as standards for work.

E. Test and Evaluation Reports: Submit flammability test reports and food preparation zone

certifications/listing confirming compliance with NSF/ANSI 51. Refer to www.nsf.org for the latest compliance to NSF/ANSI 51 for Food Zone — all food types.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operational and Maintenance Data:

1. Submit manufacturer's care and maintenance data, including repair and cleaning instructions. Include in Project closeout documents.
2. Provide a commercial care and maintenance kit and video. Review maintenance procedures and warranty details with Owner upon completion.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualifications:

1. Installers: Provide work of this Section executed by competent installers with minimum 5 years of experience in the application of Products, systems and assemblies specified and with approval and training of the Product manufacturers.

B. Mock-Ups:

1. Prior to final approval of Shop Drawings, erect 1 full size mock-up of each component at Project site demonstrating quality of materials and execution for Architect review.
2. Should mock-up not be approved, rework or remake until approval is secured. Remove rejected units from Project site.
3. Approved mock-up will be used as standard for acceptance of subsequent work.
4. Approved mock-ups may remain as part of finished work.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Delivery and Acceptance Requirements: Deliver no components to Project site until areas are ready for installation.

B. Storage and Handling Requirements:

1. Store components indoors prior to installation.
2. Handle materials to prevent damage to finished surfaces.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer Warranty: Provide manufacturer’s standard warranty for material only for period of 10 years against defects and/or deficiencies in accordance with General Conditions of the Contract. Promptly correct any defects or deficiencies which become apparent within warranty period, to satisfaction of Architect and at no expense to Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturer Products of following manufacturers are acceptable subject to Conformance to requirements of Drawings, Schedules and Specifications:

1. Corian® by DuPont; www.corian.com
2. Wilsonart Contract; www.wilsonartcontract.com
3. Formica; www.formica.com

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Performance/Design Criteria:

Property	Requirement (min or max)	Test Procedure
1. Solid Surface Based Products:		
a. Tensile Strength	6000 psi min	ASTM D638

b.	Tensile Modulus	1.5 x 106 psi min		ASTM D638
c.	Tensile Elongation	0.4% min.		ASTM D638
d.	Flexural Strength	10000 psi min		ASTM D790
e.	Flexural Modulus	1.2 x 106 psi min		ASTM D790
f.	Hardness	>85-Rockwell "M" scale min.		ASTM D785
g.	Thermal Expansion	2.2 x 10-5 in./in./°F		ASTM E228
h.	Fungi and Bacteria	Does not support microbial growth		ASTM G21 & G22
i.	Microbial Resistance	Highly resistant to mold growth		UL 2824
j.	Ball Impact	No fracture - 1/2 lb. Ball: 6 mm slab - 36" drop 12 mm slab - 144" drop		NEMA LD 3, Method 3.8
k.	Weatherability	∆E*94<5 in 1,000 hrs		ASTM G155
l.	Flammability			ASTM E84, NFPA 255 & UL 723
	All Colors			
		6 mm	12 mm	
m.	Flame Spread	<25	<25	
n.	Smoke Developed	<25	<25	
o.	Class	A	A	NFPA 101®, Life Safety Code

B. Solid Surface Material: Single Source manufacturer for all solid surfacing fabrications on entire project.

C. Non-porous, homogeneous material maintaining the same composition throughout the part with a composition of acrylic polymer, aluminum trihydrate filler and pigment; not coated, laminated or of composite construction; meeting following criteria:

D. Flammability: Class 1 and A when tested to UL 723.

E. Food Equipment Material Compliance: Food Zone to NSF/ANSI 51.

1. Ensure material has minimum physical and performance properties specified under“Performance/Design Criteria”.

2. Ensure superficial damage to a depth of 0.010" is repairable by sanding and polishing.

F. Adhesive for Bonding to Other Products: One component silicone to ASTM C920.

G. Sealant: A standard mildew-resistant, FDA/UL® [and NSF/ANSI 51 compliant in Food Zone area,] recognized silicone color matched sealant or clear silicone sealants.

H. Sink/Bowl Mounting Hardware: Manufacturer's approved bowl clips, brass inserts and fasteners for attachment of undermount sinks/bowls.

I. Heat Reflecting Tape: Manufacturer’s standard aluminum foil tape, with required thickness, for use with cutouts near heat sources.

J. Insulating Nomex® Fabric: Manufacturer’s standard for use with conductive tape in insulating solid surface material from adjacent heat source.

2.3 COMPONENTS

A. Counter Perimeter Frame: Ensure 3/4" thick, moisture resistant cores for counter tops in wet areas having sinks or lavatories are 3/4" thick exterior grade plywood with waterproof adhesive.

Ensure fire retardant Product contains fire-retardant chemicals injected with raw materials during manufacturing and achieves a maximum flame-spread rating of 25 with a maximum smoke development of 200 when tested to ASTM E84.

B. Surface Tops: 3/4" thick countertop of solid polymer solid surfacing material, cast to desired profiles and sizes having edge details as indicated on Drawings or from manufactures standards, conforming to CSA B45.5/IAPMO Z124, as specified.

C. Provide countertops complete with backsplashes and endsplashes of size shown on Drawings. Minimum 4” side and back splashes required at all countertops if not otherwise indicated on drawings. All cutouts required in tops should be coordinated with those trades relevant to necessary cutouts.

D. Fabrication:

1. Fabricate components in shop to greatest extent practical to sizes and shapes indicated, in accordance with approved Shop Drawings and solid polymer manufacturer requirements. Form joints between components using manufacturer’s standard joint adhesive without conspicuous joints. Provide factory cutouts for plumbing fittings and bath accessories as indicated on Drawings.

2. Where indicated, thermoform corners and edges or other objects to shapes and sizes indicated on Drawings, prior to seaming and joining. Cut components larger than finished dimensions and sand edges to remove nicks and scratches. Heat entire component uniformly prior to forming.

3. Ensure no blistering, whitening and cracking of components during forming.

4. Fabricate backsplashes from solid surfacing material with optional radius cove where counter and backsplashes meet as indicated on Drawings. Backsplashes for most colors may be fabricated by traditional means discussed in K-25294 Backsplashes. Colors with metallic/mica particle or veined colors creating directional aesthetics (K-26833 Directional Aesthetics) may require the techniques in Technical Bulletin K-28235 Thermoformed Backsplash.

5. Fabricate joints between components using manufacturer's standard joint adhesive. Ensure joints are inconspicuous in appearance and without voids. Attach 50 mm (2") wide reinforcing strip of solid polymer material under each joint. Reinforcing strip of solid polymer material is not required when using DuPont™ Joint Adhesive 2.0.

6. Provide holes and cutouts for plumbing and bath accessories as indicated on Drawings.

7. Rout and finish component edges to a smooth, uniform finish. Rout cutouts, then sand edges smooth. Repair or reject defective or inaccurate work.

8. Finish: Ensure surfaces have uniform finish: As selected by Architect.

a. Matte, with a 60° gloss rating of 5 - 20.

b. Semi-gloss, with a 60° gloss rating of 25 - 50.

c. Polished, with a 60° gloss rating of 55 - 80.

9. Fabrication Tolerances:

a. Variation in Component Size: +/-1/8".

b. Location of Openings: +/-1/8" from indicated location.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verification of Conditions:

1. Examine substrates and conditions, with fabricator present for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

2. Verify actual site dimensions and location of adjacent materials prior to commencing work.
3. Examine cabinets upon which counter tops are to be installed. Verify cabinets are level to within 1/8" in 10' - 0".
4. Notify Architect in writing of any conditions which would be detrimental to installation.

B. Evaluation and Assessment: Commencement of work implies acceptance of previously completed work.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install components plumb, level, rigid, scribed to adjacent finishes in accordance with reviewed Shop Drawings and Product installation details.

B. Fabricate field joints using manufacturer's recommended adhesive, with joints being inconspicuous in finished work. Exposed joints/seams are not permitted. Keep components and hands clean when making joints. Reinforce field joints as specified herein. Cut and finish component edges with clean, sharp returns.

C. Route radii and contours to template. Anchor securely to base component or other supports. Align adjacent components and form seams to comply with manufacturer’s written recommendations using adhesive in color to match work. Carefully dress joints smooth, remove surface scratches and clean entire surface.

D. Install countertops with no more than 1/8" sag, bow or other variation from a straight line.

E. Adhere undermount/submount/bevel mount sinks/bowls to countertops using manufacturer's recommended adhesive and mounting hardware.

F. Adhere topmount sinks/bowls to countertops using manufacturer recommended adhesives and color-coordinated silicone sealant. Secure seam mount bowls and sinks to counter tops using color matched joint adhesive.

G. Seal between wall and components with joint sealant as specified herein and in Section 0790, as applicable.

H. Provide backsplashes and endsplashes as indicated on Drawings. Adhere to countertops using a standard color-coordinated silicone sealant. Adhere applied sidesplashes to countertops using a standard color-matched silicone sealant. Provide coved backsplashes and sidesplashes at walls and adjacent millwork. Fabricate radius cove at intersection of counters with backsplashes to dimensions shown on reviewed Shop Drawings. Adhere to countertops using manufacturer’s standard color-coordinated joint adhesive.

I. Keep components and hands clean during installation. Remove adhesives, sealants and other stains. Ensure components are clean on date of Substantial Completion of the Work.

J. Coordinate connections of plumbing fixtures and make plumbing connections to sinks in accordance with Division 15 Mechanical and with any other division requiring cutouts.

K. Provide holes and cutouts indicated on approved shop drawings. Rout cutouts and complete by sanding all edges smooth.

3.3 REPAIR

A. Repair minor imperfections and cracked seams and replace areas of severely damaged surfaces in accordance with manufacturer’s “Technical Bulletins”.

3.4 SITE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Non-Conforming Work: Replace damaged work which cannot be satisfactorily repaired, restored or cleaned, to satisfaction of Architect at no cost to Owner.

3.5 CLEANING

A. Remove excess adhesive and sealant from visible surfaces.

B. Clean surfaces in accordance with manufacturer’s “Care and Maintenance Instructions”.

3.6 PROTECTION

A. Provide protective coverings to prevent physical damage or staining following installation for duration of Project.

B. Protect surfaces from damage until date of Substantial Completion of the Work.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 07200 - INSULATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections shall apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of insulation work is shown on drawings and indicated by provisions of this section.

B. Applications of insulation specified in this section include the following:

1. Blanket type building above new ceiling or blown insulation in attic area - Contractors Option.
2. Cavity Wall Insulation.
3. Foam Insulation at CMU Cells

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product specifications and installation instructions for each type of insulation and vapor barrier material required.

1.4 PRODUCT HANDLING

A. General Protection: Protect insulations from physical damage and from becoming wet, soiled, or covered with ice or snow. Comply with manufacturer's recommendations for handling, storage and protection during installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 BATT INSULATION

A. MANUFACTURERS:

1. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function.
   a. Certain-Teed Products Corp.; Valley Forge, PA
   b. Manville Bldg. Materials Corp.; Denver, CO.
   c. Owens-Corning Fiberglass Corp.; Toledo, OH.
2. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

B. MATERIALS:

1. Mineral/Glass Fiber Blanket/Batt Insulation (M/GFB-Ins): Inorganic (nonasbestos) fibers formed into resilient flexible blankets or semi-rigid batts; FS HH-1-521. Manufacturer's standard lengths and widths as required to coordinate with spaces to be insulated.
3. Above Ceilings: Provide unfaced batts at exposed wood framed roof areas between the trusses at the bottom cord or joists that will receive interior coverings at the bottom of the system (ie: sheetrock, plywood, concrete, etc.).
   a. **Thickness: R-Factor: 30 (minimum) as follows**:
4. Above Ceilings Contractor Option: Provide Granulated Loose fill insulation conforming to Federal Spec. Hh-1-1030, Type I, Class B, in attic area above the air barrier. Labeling shall include the data above as well as the recommended installation density. Provide insulation baffles. This option MUST include insulation baffles as specified below.
   a. **Thickness: R-Factor: 30 (minimum) as follows**:

b. Provide and install Insulation Baffles equal to Owens Corning Raft-R-Mate Attic Rafter Vents with Air Stop/Insulation Block. Extruded Polystyrene; Air Channel Depth, 1.5”; Net Free Air Flow, 22.3 sq.in.; Dimension to fit between rafters. Install per manufacturer’s instructions.

2.2 CAVITY WALL INSULATION

A. MANUFACTURERS:

1. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function.
   a. Styrofoam SM/SB; Dow Chemical USA.
   b. Foamular 250; UC Industries.
   c. Certifoam, Minnesota Diversified Products, Inc.
2. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

B. MATERIALS:

1. Extruded Polystyrene Board Insulation: Rigid cellular polystyrene thermal insulation with closed cells and integral high density skin, formed by the exposion of polystyrene base resin in an extrusion process to comply with ASTM C 578, Type IV; 5-year aged
2. All Cavity Walls: Provide rigid thermal insulation at the cavity space.
   a. R-value of 5.0 Btu/ (hr x sf x degree F) at 75 degree F in manufacturer's standard lengths and widths 1" thick, unless otherwise indicated.
3. Adhesive:
   a. Type recommended by insulation board manufacturer for application indicated.

2.3 CMU FILLED CELL WALL INSULATION

A. MANUFACTURERS:

1. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function.
   a. Core-Fill 500, as manufactured by Tailored Chemical Products, Inc., Hickory, NC. Phone: (800) 627-1687: www.core-fill500.com.
   b. R501, as manufactured by PolyMaster, Inc.", Knoxville, TN. Phone: (800) 580-3626.
   c. Core Foam Masonry Foam Insulaton by cfiFOAM, Inc., Knoxville, TN. Phone: (800) 656-3626.
2. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

B. MATERIALS:

1. Insulation: Aminoplast foam for injection application.
   a. Thermal Resistivity: **R/inch equal to R-4.4/inch** @ 75 degrees F mean when tested per either ASTM C-177 or ASTM C518.
   b. Water Vapor Transmission: Average ≤15 perms when tested per ASTM E 96/E96M.
   c. Potential Heat: ≤7700 Btu/lb. when tested per NFPA 259.
   d. Cured Density: ≤1.0 lb/ft3 (dry) when tested per ASTM D 1622.
   e. Surface Burning Characteristics: Class A - Flame Spread ≤25, Smoke Developed ≤450 per ASTM E 84.

C. INSTALLATION:

1. Fill **masonry cells** with foam insulation from exterior face of building.
2. Foam Insulation at exterior concrete block wall **cells**:
   a. Fill **cells** of concrete masonry with amino-plast foam insulation. Holes for filling cells of masonry shall be drilled at horizontal masonry joint on the exterior side of exposed masonry walls and re-grouted.
   b. Installed insulation value: **R-10**.
3. Reference Standards:
   a. ASTM C 177 - Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus; 2004.
   b. ASTM C518 - 01 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus; 2001.
   c. ASTM D 1621 - Standard Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Cellular Plastics; 2004a.
   d. ASTM D 1622 - Standard Test Method for Apparent Density of Rigid Cellular Plastics; 2008.
   e. ASTM D 2842 - Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Rigid Cellular Plastics; 2006.
   f. ASTM E 84 - Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2008.
   g. ASTM E 96/E96M - Standard Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials; 2005.
   h. NFPA 259 - Standard Test Method for Potential Heat of Building Materials
4. **NOTE: Both Cavity Wall Insulation and CMU Filled Cell Wall Insulation is required at all exterior CMU walls.**

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION AND PREPARATION

A. Installer must examine substrates and conditions under which insulation work is to be performed and must notify Contractor in writing of unsatisfactory conditions. Do not proceed with insulation work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer.

B. Clean substrates of substances harmful to insulations or vapor barriers, including removal of projections which might puncture vapor barriers.

C. Close off openings in cavities to receive poured-in-place and insulation, sufficiently to prevent escape of insulation. Provide bronze or stainless steel screen (inside) where openings must be maintained for drainage or ventilation.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with manufacturer's instructions for particular conditions of installation in each case. If printed instructions are not available or do not apply to project conditions, consult manufacturer's technical representative for specific recommendations before proceeding with work.

B. Extend insulation full thickness as shown over entire area to be insulated. Cut and fit tightly around obstructions, and fill voids with insulation. Remove projections which interfere with placement.

3.3 CAVITY WALL INSULATION

A. On units of plastic insulation, install small pads of adhesive spaced approximately 1'-0" o.c. both ways on inside face. Fit courses of insulation between wall ties and other confining obstructions in cavity, with edges butted tightly both ways. Press units firmly against inside wythe of masonry or other construction as shown.

1. Fill all cracks and open gaps in insulation with crack sealer compatible with insulation and masonry.

3.4 PROTECTION

A. General: Protect installed insulation and vapor barriers from harmful weather exposures and from possible physical abuses, where possible by non-delayed installation of concealing work or, where that is not possible, by temporary covering or enclosure. Installer shall advise Contractor of exposure hazards, including possible sources of deterioration and fire hazards.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 07410 - PREFORMED METAL ROOFING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. The work under this section consists of all preformed metal roofing, underlayment, ridge vent system, sheet metal, roof drainage accessories and all related items necessary to complete the roofing system work indicated on the drawings and herein specified including but not limited to the following:

1. Formed Roof Panels for Standing Seam Installation
2. Underlayment.
3. Workmanship
4. Inspection of Surfaces
5. Protection
6. Delivery, Samples and Shop Drawings

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The Contractor shall engage the services of a Professional Roof Consultant. The Consultant must hold a minimum title of Registered Roof Observer (RRO) through the International Institute of Building Enclosure Consultants (IIBEC) and provide evidence of adequate insurance as required below. The Consultant should perform three (3) inspections during the installation of each new roof system type (1 – Start up inspection; 2 – Interim inspection; 3 – Final inspection). The Consultant must document all site visits with photographs and written reports. All reports shall be forwarded to the Architect with documentation of the roofing progress and any deficiencies noted during the inspections. Upon completion of all punch list items, the Consultant should provide a letter of roof completion advising the new roof systems meet and/or exceed the project requirements. ***(Note: Although the contractor will be paying the roof consultant from their proceeds, the roof consultant will be considered an agent of the owner and architect throughout the project and will perform the required inspections on behalf of the owner and architect. The above specification shall be applied to individual facilities when multiple site locations are included in the project.)***

1. Roof Consultant Insurance Requirements:
    a. Gen. Liability - $1,000,000 each occurrence - $2,000,000 General Aggregate / Auto. Liability - $1,000,000 / Umbrella Liability. - $1,000,000 / Workers Compensation - $1,000,000 per statute / Professional Liability - $1,000,000
2. Approved Roof Consulting Firm:
    a. Roof Asset Management, Inc. | David Lee, RRO, CIT, FAA-107 | 4950 Woodfield Drive, Millbrook, Alabama 36054 | (334) 590-7999.
    b. Substitutions: Roof consulting firms must be pre-approved by the Architect. Requests for a substituting firm must be submitted “In writing” 10 (Ten) days prior to the bid opening.

B. Performance Test Standards: Provide preformed panel systems which have been pretested and certified by manufacturer to provide specified resistance to air and water infiltration and structural deflection and failure when installed as indicated and when tested in accordance with AAMA 501, "Methods of Test for Metal Curtain Walls".

C. Field Measurements: Where possible, prior to fabrication of prefabricated panels, take field measurements of structure or substrates to receive panel system. Allow for trimming panel units

where final dimensions cannot be established prior to fabrication.

D. Impact Resistance: Roof coverings installed on low-slope roofs (roof slope <2:12) shall resist impact damage based on the results of tests conducted in accordance with ASTM D 3746, ASTM D 4272, CGSB 37-GP-52M or the “Resistance to Foot Traffic Test “FM 4470.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product specifications, standard details, certified product test results, installation instructions and general recommendations, as applicable to materials and finishes for each component and for total system of preformed panels.

B. Samples: Submit 2 samples 12" square, of each exposed finish material.

C. Shop Drawings: Submit small-scale layouts of panels on roofs, and large-scale details of edge conditions, joints, corners, custom profiles, supports, anchorages, trim, flashings, closures, and special details. Distinguish between factory and field assembly work.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Deliver and store prefabricated components, sheets, panels and other manufactured items so they will not be damaged or deformed.

B. Stack materials on platforms or pallets, covered with tarpaulins or other suitable weathertight ventilated covering. Store metal sheets or panels so that water accumulations will drain freely. Do not store sheets or panels in contact with other materials which might cause staining.

1.6 ROOFER’S QUALIFICATIONS

A. Installation of the metal roofing and roof related accessories shall be performed by ***Certified / Preferred Roofers*** authorized by the manufacturer as trained and qualified to erect the manufacturer's product.

B. The Contractor shall submit a letter from the manufacturer of the metal roofing system, certifying the date of certification from the Manufacturer and the dates and year the Roofing Contractor attended school, prior to full certification that this Roofing Contractor is a certified roofer.

1.7 ROOFING WARRANTIES & GUARANTEE

A. Weather Tightness Warranty

1. The entire installation (sub-framing, clips, panels, fasteners, rakes, eave, ridge, valley flashing conditions, roof to wall conditions as-well-as all materials specified as supplied by the manufacturer) shall be guaranteed weather tight for a minimum of **Twenty (20) years (NO Dollar Limit NDL)**. Provide written warranty, signed by metal roofing manufacturer and his authorized installer, agreeing to replace/repair defective materials and workmanship during the warranty period, certified by the third-party inspection firm as stated under QUALITY ASSURANCE. This warranty shall be identified as neither Non-Depreciating, Non-Pro-Rated, nor have exclusions that identify, valleys, curbs, and flashings. The warranty shall be signed by the Manufacture of the roofing materials and the authorized installer.

2. Compatibility: Provide products which are recommended by manufacturers to be fully compatible with indicated substrates or provide separation materials as required to eliminate contact between incompatible materials.

B. Manufacturer’s Warranty

1. **Manufacturer’s roofing warranties which contain language regarding the governing of the warranty by any state other than the State of Alabama, must be amended to exclude such language, and substituting the requirement that the Laws of the State of Alabama shall govern all such warranties.**

2. Roof Panels: Durability of the metallic coated and unpainted roof panels due to rupture, structural failure or perforation shall be warranted for a period of **Twenty (20) years** by the manufacturer.

3. Color Finish:

    a. The exterior color finish for painted panels shall be warranted by the Manufacturer for **Twenty-five (25) years** against blistering, peeling, cracking, flaking, chalking and shipping.

    b. Excessive color change and chalking shall be warranted for **Twenty-five (25) years**.

        i. Color change shall not exceed 5 NBS units per ASTM D2244.68T, chalking shall not be less than a rating of 6 (white) or 8 (other colors) per ASTM D-659.

4. The roofing manufacture shall be required to provide documentation certifying that the roof design provided complies with the performance requirements as set forth in IBC Chapter 15, Section 1504. The documentation shall be attached to the roof warranty at the close out of the project.

C. Contractor's Roofing Guarantee

1. Contractor shall furnish Contractors 5 Year Alabama Division of Construction Management Roofing Guarantee. This roofing guarantee is included in the front end documentation of this project manual.

D. All roof warranties/guarantees shall be provided to the Owner, by the Contractor at the Final Inspection to obtain the Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. American Buildings Company/A Nucor Company; **(Basis of Design and Quality)**;www.americanbuildings.com; 1150 State Docks Road, Eufaula, Alabama 36027; Phone: 334.687.2032.

2. Butler Manufacturing; www.butlermfg.com; 1540 Genessee St., Kansas City, MO. 64102; Phone: 816.968.3000

3. MBCI Manufacturing; www.mbci.com; 2280 Monier Avenue, Lithia Springs, Georgia, 30122; Phone: 844.2506 or 770.729.4772.

4. Varco Pruden; www.vp.com; 3200 Players Club Circle, Memphis, TN 38125; Phone: 1.901.748.8000

5. Morin / A Kingspan Group Company; www.kingspan.com/us/en-us/product-groups/metal-roof-wall-systems; 1975 Eidson Drive, Florida, 32724; Phone: 860.584.0900 or 800.640.9501

6. ACI Building Systems, LLC.; www.acibuildingsystems.com; 10125 Highway 6 West, Batesville, MS 38606; Phone: 662.563.4574.

7. AllSouth Pre-Engineered Components, LLC.; 985 Technology Drive, Dothan, Alabama, 36303; Phone: 334.699.8394; www.buildwithapec.com.

8. Berridge Manufacturing Company; www.berridge.com; 319 Lee Industrial Boulevard, Austell, Georgia; Ph: 770.941.5141.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. All materials shall be from a single source.

B. Loc-Seam 360 with Kynar 500 Finish by American Buildings Company/A Nucor Company.

1. Standing seam roof panel shall have a configuration consisting of 2-inch vertical rib spaced on 16-inch centers. The panel shall have flush horizontal and vertical surfaces to facilitate sealing at terminations. Panel configurations which create voids requiring supple metal closure devices shall not be considered acceptable. Panels shall be joined at the sidelap with an interlocking seam mechanically locked by a seaming machine after installation. The

female panel seam shall have a factory applied sealant, in compliance with UL90.

2. The panel shall be 24-gauge (minimum) commercially pure aluminum coated steel meeting military specification MIL-C-4174A Type II, Galvalume or G90 galvanized. Minimum yield strength shall be 80,000 PSI.
3. Deviations in appearance from the quality standard manufacturer's panel must be approved by the owner before acceptance.
4. Changes in framing or variations in loading to the existing structure caused by alternate roof systems shall be subject to review and all costs for any modifications shall be the responsibility of the General Contractor.
5. System Description: The roof system is a concealed fastener interlocking standing seam system. Panel must not be roll formed on site, nor use a portable roll former whereby the contractor manufactures the panel versus a single sourced manufacture providing the finished materials with a single sourced warranty.
6. Roof panels shall be standing seam interlocking design and secured to the supports with a concealed structural fastening system. UL certification must appear on the panel if so requested.
7. The concealed attachment system shall eliminate all through penetration of the exposed roofing surface into structural supports and allow the roof covering to move independently of any differential thermal movement by the framing system.
8. The panel to structural clip shall be designed to provide +/- one inch of thermal movement. It shall incorporate a self-centered feature to assure one inch of movement in both directions.
9. The standing seam shall have integral male and female interlocking ribs with a factory applied, non-hardening sealant, and the seams shall be continuously locked or crimped together by mechanical means during installation.
10. Roof panels shall be fastened to the support framing members with a concealed clip or backing device of steel having a protective metallic coating. Through penetration of the roofing surface by exposed fasteners shall occur only for non-structural connection at panel termination and roof perimeter flashing location.
11. Panel termination and perimeter flashing (attached to roof panels) shall be sealed with sealants recommended by the manufacturer.
12. Required closures shall be metal. Non-metal closures shall not be acceptable.
13. Provide thermal blocks at all roof to purlin connection points/deck supports.

2.3 METAL FINISHES

A. General: Apply coating either before or after forming and fabricating panels, as required by coating process and as required for maximum coating performance capability. Protect coating promptly after application and cure, by application of strippable film or removable adhesive cover and retain until installation has been completed.

B. Color Finish on Roof Panels and Trim:

1. Panels shall have a factory color finish on the exposed side. The exposed finish shall consist of a 70% KYNAR 500® resin base coating applied to a cleaned, pretreated and primed surface. The dry film thickness of the exterior coating shall not be less than .90 mil minimum, inclusive primer. The interior color finish shall consist of a backer coat with a dry film thickness of 0.5 mil. A low gloss finish is required to minimize the appearance of oil canning.
2. Color of the exterior roof panels and trim shall be selected from manufactures standard color pallet.
3. The exterior color finish shall meet or exceed the performance requirements specified below.
   a. Paint Color Test:

i. Test: Film Thickness; Test Method: ASTM D-1005; Performance: 0.2 mil primer 0.8-0.9 mil topcoat

ii. Test: 60° @ under 10 low gloss; Test Method: ASTM D-523; Performance: 25-35

iii. Test: IR Reflectivity; Test Method: ASTM D-4803-97; Performance: Must meet 25% Minimum (exceeds)

iv. Test: Pencil Hardness; Test Method: ASTM D-3363; Performance: HB-H

v. Test: Flexibility, T-Bend; Test Method: ASTM D-4145; Performance: 2-T Galvalume Steel

vi. Test: Adhesion; Test Method: ASTM D-3359; Performance: No adhesion Loss

vii. Test: Reverse Impact; Test Method: ASTM D-2794; Performance: No cracking or loss of adhesion

viii. Test: Abrasion, Falling Sand; Test Method: ASTM D-968; Performance: 65-85 1/mil

ix. Test: Mortar Resistance; Test Method: ASTM C-267; Performance: No effect

x. Test: Detergent Resistance; Test Method: ASTM D-2248 3% 72 hrs. @ 100°F; Performance: No effect

xi. Test: Acid Pollutants; Test Method: ASTM D-1308 10% Muriatic Acid (15 min) 20% Muriatic Acid (15 min); Performance: No effect, AAMA 605.2 <5units color change

xii. Test: Acid Rain Test; Test Method: Kesternich; Performance: 15 cycles minimum, no objectionable color change

xiii. Test: Alkali Resistance; Test Method: 20% Sodium Hydroxide (1hr); Performance: No effect

xiv. Test: Salt Spray Resistance 5% @ 95° F; Test Method: ASTM B-117; Performance: 1000 hrs Galvalume steel

xv. Test: Humidity Resistance 100% @ 100° F; Test Method: ASTM D-2247; Performance: Passes 1000 hrs Galvalume Steel

xvi. Test: South Florida exposure; Test Method: ASTM D-2244; Performance: <5 units color change

xvii. Test: UVB (313 bulbs); Test Method: ASTM G-53; Performance: Passes 3000 hrs

xviii. Test: Chalk Resistance; Test Method: ASTM D-4214; Performance: Rating of 8 min

4. Colors must meet the following: The solar reflectance for a steep-sloped roof must be a minimum of 25%, dropping no less than to 15% after three years. Low sloped roofs (below 2:12) must be a minimum of 65% dropping to no less than 50% after three years.

2.4 ROOF PANELS

A. General: Provide roofing sheets formed to the general profile or configuration indicated. All roof panels shall be full length, no end laps allowed.

B. Zinc-Coated Steel Sheets: Provide structural quality hot-dip galvanized steel sheets, complying with requirements of ASTM A446, Grade C, with G90 coating complying with ASTM A525.

C. Aluminum Coated Steel Sheets: Provide drawing quality aluminum coated steel sheets, complying with requirements of ASTM A463, with T1-40 coating.

1. Metal thickness not less than 24 ga. (0.0179”).

D. Accessories: Provide the following sheet metal accessories factory formed of the same material and finish as the roofing and siding.

1. Flashings.
2. Fillers.
3. Metal expansion joints.
4. Facias
5. Ridge covers.
6. Cover exposed structural and secondary members at exterior.

E. Fasteners:

1. Provide self-tapping screws, bolts, nuts, self-locking rivets, self-locking bolts, end welded studs, and other suitable fasteners as standard with the manufacturer designed to withstand design loads.
2. Provide metal-backed neoprene washers under heads of fasteners bearing on weather side of panels.
3. Use stainless steel fasteners for exterior application and galvanized or cadmium plated fasteners for interior applications.
4. Locate and space fastenings in true vertical and horizontal alignment. Use proper type fastening tools to obtain controlled uniform compression for positive seal without rupture of neoprene washer.
5. Provide fasteners with heads matching color of roofing sheets by means of plastic caps or factory-applied coating.

F. Flexible Closure Strips: Provide closed-cell, expanded cellular rubber, self-extinguishing flexible closure strips. Cut or premold closure strips to match corrugation configuration of roofing and siding sheets. Provide closure strips where indicated or necessary to ensure weathertight construction.

G. Sealing Tape: Provide pressure sensitive 100 percent solids isobutylene tripolymer compound sealing tape with release paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, non-sag, non-toxic, non-staining tape not less than 1/2" wide and 1/8" thick.

H. Joint Sealants: Provide one-part elastomeric polyurethane polysulfide or silicone rubber sealant as recommended by the building manufacturer.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. Internal Panel Framing: Manufacturer's standard.

B. Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard noncorrosive types, with exterior heads gasketed.

C. Accessories: Except as indicated as work of another specification section, provide components required for a complete roofing/siding system, including:

1. Trim
2. Copings
3. Fascias
4. Gravel stops
5. Mullions
6. Sills
7. Corner Units
8. Ridge Closures
9. Clips
10. Seam Covers
11. Battens

12. Flashings
13. Gutters
14. Downspouts
15. Louvers
16. Sealants
17. Gaskets
18. Fillers
19. Closure Strips
20. All similar items.
21. Match materials/finishes of preformed panels.

D. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC paint 12, compounded for 15 mil dry film thickness per coat.

2.7 SHEET METAL ACCESSORIES

A. General: Provide coated steel sheet metal accessories with coated steel roofing and siding panels.

B. Gauges of Materials:

1. Roof Panels - 24 ga.
2. Rake Flashing - 26 ga.
3. Gutters-26 ga. (non-corrugated)
4. Fascia/Eave Trim – 26 ga.

C. Roof Jacks: Openings 8” in diameter or smaller may be flashed and sealed to the roof panel by jacks. Material shall be an EPDM material with an aluminum sealing ring base. Jacks are acceptable providing attachment in flat of panel and no standing seam rib has been altered. If rib must be cut, a curb must be used. Installation of roof jacks must comply with manufacturer’s instructions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PRE-ROOFING CONFERENCE

A. A pre-roofing conference is required before any roofing materials are installed. This conference shall be conducted by a representative of the Architect and attended by representatives of the Owner, Division of Construction Management Inspector, General Contractor, Roofing Contractor, Sheet Metal Contractor, Roof Deck Manufacturer (if applicable), and the Roofing Materials Manufacturer (if warranty is required of this manufacturer). If equipment of substantial size is to be placed on the roof, the Mechanical Contractor must also attend this meeting. Provide at least

72 hours advance notice to participants prior to convening pre-roofing conference.

B. The pre-roofing conference is intended to clarify demolition and application requirements for work to be completed before roofing operations can begin. This would include a detailed review of the specifications, roof plans, roof deck information, flashing details, and approved shop drawings, submittal data, and samples. If conflict exists between the specifications and the Manufacturer’s requirements, this shall be resolved. If this pre-roofing conference cannot be satisfactorily concluded without further inspection and investigation by any of the parties present, it shall be reconvened at the earliest possible time to avoid delay of the work. In no case should the work proceed without inspection of all roof deck areas and substantial agreement on all points.

C. The following are to be accomplished during the conference:

1. To review all Factory Mutual and Underwriters Laboratories requirements listed in the specifications and resolve any questions or conflicts that may arise.
2. To establish trade-related job schedules, including the installation of roof-mounted mechanical equipment.
3. To establish roofing schedule and work methods that will prevent roof damage.
4. Require that all roof penetrations and walls be in place prior to installing the roof.
5. To establish those areas on the job site that will be designated as work and storage areas for roofing operations.
6. To establish weather and working temperature conditions to which all parties must agree.
7. To establish acceptable methods of protecting the finished roof if any trades must travel across or work on or above any areas of the finished roof.

D. The Architect shall prepare a written report indicating actions taken and decisions made at this pre-roofing conference. This report shall be made a part of the project record and copies furnished the General Contractor, the Owner, the Division of Construction Management, and the Division of Construction Management Inspector.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with panel fabricator's and material manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation, as applicable to project conditions and supporting substrates. Anchor panels and other components of the work securely in place, with provisions for thermal/structural movement.

1. Install panels with concealed fasteners.

B. Installation Tolerances: Shim and align panel units within installed tolerance of 1/4" in 20'-0" on level/plumb/slope and location/line as indicated, and within 1/8" offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

C. Joint Sealers: Install gaskets, joint fillers and sealants where indicated and where required for weatherproof performance of panel systems. Provide types of gaskets and sealants/fillers indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, types recommended by panel manufacturer.

D. Refer to other sections of these specifications for product and installation requirements applicable to indicated joint sealers.

E. Water shall be prevented from entering the building during the work. This shall involve keeping penetrations sealed, planning the work to reroof sections and sealing new to old or other precautionary and effective safeguards.

3.3 ROOFING

A. General: Arrange and nest sidelap joints so that prevailing winds blow over, not into, lapped joints. Apply panels and associated items for neat and weathertight enclosure. Avoid “panel creep” or application not true to line. Protect factory finishes from damage.

1. Provide weatherseal under ridge cap. Flash and seal roof panels at eave and rake with rubber, neoprene or other closures to exclude weather.

B. Standing Seam Roof Panel System: Fasten roof panels to hat channels with concealed clip in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions.

1. Install clips at each support using self-drilling fasteners.
2. At end laps of panels install two strips of tape caulk between panels.
3. Install factory-caulked cleats at standing seam joints. Machine seam cleats to the panels to provide a weather-tight joint.

C. Sheet Metal Accessories: Install gutters, downspouts, ventilators, louvers, and other sheet metal accessories in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations for positive anchorage to building and weathertight mounting. Adjust operating mechanism for precise operation.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Damaged Units: Replace panels and other components of the work which have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by means of finish touch-up or similar minor repair procedures.

B. Cleaning: Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films (if any) as each panel is installed. Upon completion of panel installation, clean finished surfaces as recommended by panel manufacturer and maintain in a clean condition during construction.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 07500 - MEMBRANE ROOFING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawing and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. The roofing contractor shall be fully knowledgeable of all requirements of the contract documents and shall make themselves aware of all job site conditions prior to the bid that will affect their work.

B. Provide all labor, material, tools, equipment, and supervision necessary to furnish and install a **60** mil white reinforced TPO (Thermoplastic Polyolefin) or a **60** mil **PVC** (polyvinyl chloride) membrane.

C. **NOTE: PVC (polyvinyl chloride) membrane is required at all Kitchen Roof areas.**

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Prior to starting work, the roofing contractor must submit the following:

1. Shop drawings showing layout of insulation, details of construction and identification of materials.
2. Sample of the manufacturer's Membrane System Warranty.
3. Submit a letter of certification from the manufacturer which certifies the roofing contractor is authorized to install the manufacturer's roofing system.
4. Certification of the manufacturer's warranty reserve.

B. Upon completion of the installed work, submit copies of the manufacturer's final inspection to the specifier prior to the issuance of the manufacturer's warranty.

1.4 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials to the job site in the manufacturer's original, unopened containers or wrappings with the manufacturer's name, brand name and installation instructions intact and legible. Deliver in sufficient quantity to permit work to continue without interruption. Comply with the manufacturer's written instructions for proper material storage.

1. Store the **TPO and PVC** membranes in the original undisturbed plastic wrap in a cool, shaded area and cover with light-colored, breathable, waterproof tarpaulins. Thermoplastic membrane that has been exposed to the elements for approximately seven (7) days must be prepared with appropriate cleaner prior to hot air welding.
2. Store curable materials (adhesives and sealants) between 60°F and 80°F in dry areas protected from water and direct sunlight. If exposed to lower temperature, restore to 60°F minimum temperature before using.
3. Store materials containing solvents in dry, well ventilated spaces with proper fire and safety precautions. Keep lids on tight. Use before expiration of their shelf life.
4. Insulation must be on pallets, off the ground and tightly covered with waterproof materials.
5. Any materials, which are found to be damaged, shall be removed and replaced at the applicator's expense.

1.5 WORK SEQUENCE

A. Schedule and execute work to prevent leaks and excessive traffic on completed roof sections. Care should be exercised to provide protection for the interior of the building and to ensure water does not flow beneath any completed sections of the membrane system.

B. Do not disrupt activities in occupied spaces.

1.6 JOB SITE PROTECTION

A. The roofing contractor shall adequately protect building, paved areas, service drives, lawn, shrubs, trees, etc. from damage while performing the required work. Provide all materials as necessary for protection and remove protection material at completion. The contractor shall repair or be responsible for costs to repair all property damaged during the roofing application.

B. If during the roofing contractor's performance of the work the building owner continues to occupy the existing building, the contractor shall take precautions to prevent the spread of dust and debris, particularly where such material may sift into the building. The roofing contractor shall provide labor and materials to construct, maintain and remove necessary temporary enclosures to prevent dust or debris in the construction area(s) from entering the remainder of the building.

C. Do not overload any portion of the building, by either use of or placement of equipment, storage of debris, or storage of materials.

D. Protect against fire and flame spread. Maintain proper and adequate fire extinguishers.

E. Take precautions to prevent drains from clogging during the roofing application.

F. Remove debris at the completion of each day's work and clean drains, if required. At completion, test drains to ensure the system is free running and drains are watertight. Remove strainers and plug drains in areas where work is in progress. Install flags or other telltales on plugs. Remove plugs each night and screen drain.

G. Store moisture susceptible materials above ground and protect with waterproof coverings.

H. Remove all traces of piled bulk materials and return the job site to its original condition upon completion of the work.

1.7 SAFETY

A. The roofing contractor shall be responsible for all means and methods as they relate to safety and shall comply with all applicable local, state, and federal requirements that are safety related. Safety shall be the responsibility of the roofing contractor. All related personnel shall be instructed daily to be mindful of the full time requirement to maintain a safe environment for the facility's occupants including staff, visitors, customers, and the occurrence of the public on or near the site.

1.8 WORKMANSHIP

A. Applicators installing new roof, flashing and related work shall be factory trained and approved by the manufacturer they are representing.

B. All work shall be of highest quality and in strict accordance with the manufacturer's published specifications and to the building owner's satisfaction.

C. There shall be a supervisor on the job site at all times while work is in progress.

1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The Contractor shall engage the services of a Professional Roof Consultant. The Consultant must hold a minimum title of Registered Roof Observer (RRO) through the International Institute of Building Enclosure Consultants (IIBEC) and provide evidence of adequate insurance as required below. The Consultant should perform three (3) inspections during the installation of each new roof system type (1 – Start up inspection; 2 – Interim inspection; 3 – Final inspection). The Consultant must document all site visits with photographs and written reports. All reports shall be forwarded to the Architect with documentation of the roofing progress and any deficiencies noted during the inspections. Upon completion of all punch list items, the Consultant should provide a letter of roof completion advising the new roof systems meet and/or exceed the project requirements. ***(Note: Although the contractor will be paying the roof consultant from their proceeds, the roof consultant will be considered an agent of the owner and architect throughout the project and will perform the required inspections on behalf of the owner and architect. The above specification shall be applied to individual facilities when multiple site locations are included in the project.)***

1. Roof Consultant Insurance Requirements:

    a. Gen. Liability - $1,000,000 each occurrence - $2,000,000 General Aggregate / Auto. Liability - $1,000,000 / Umbrella Liability. - $1,000,000 / Workers Compensation - $1,000,000 per statute / Professional Liability - $1,000,000

2. Approved Roof Consulting Firm:

    a. Roof Asset Management, Inc. | David Lee, RRO, CIT, FAA-107 | 4950 Woodfield Drive, Millbrook, Alabama 36054 | (334) 590-7999.

    b. Professional Roof Observers, LLC.
    1200 Sumac Road
    Pulaski, TN 38478
    Kevin Turner / (931) 703-6018 / kturner@professionalroofobservers.net.

    c. Substitutions: Roof consulting firms must be pre-approved by the Architect. Requests for a substituting firm must be submitted “In writing” 10 (Ten) days prior to the bid opening**.**

C. The Contractor shall provide signed certification from the Roofing Manufacturer that the roof design provided for this project complies with the performance requirements as set forth by applicable applications in IBC Chapter 15, Section 1504.

1. The certification shall be attached to the Roof Warranty provided at the close out of the project.

2. Contractor shall submit a copy of his Manufacturer’s Warranty Notification prior to purchase of materials and start of work.

D. Roof system will meet the requirements of all federal, state and local code bodies having jurisdiction.

E. The TPO or PVC membrane roofing system must achieve a UL Class A and the appropriate FM rating.

F. Unless otherwise noted in this specification, the roofing contractor must strictly comply with the manufacturer's current specifications and details.

G. Impact Resistance: Roof coverings installed on low-slope roofs (roof slope <2:12) shall resist impact damage based on the results of tests conducted in accordance with ASTM D 3746, ASTM D 4272, CGSB 37-GP-52M or the “Resistance to Foot Traffic Test “FM 4470.

H. Drainage:

1. Provide a roof system with positive drainage where all standing water dissipates within 48 hours after precipitation ends.

I. All roof curbs and penetrations shall have a minimum height of 8” above the completed roof system.

J. Roof curbs shall be installed in accordance with roofing system manufactures instructions.

K. **The roofing system must be installed by an applicator authorized and trained by the manufacturer in compliance with shop drawings as approved by the Architect /owners representative.**

L. Provide adequate number of experienced workers regularly engaged in this type of work who are skilled in the application techniques of the materials specified. Provide at least one thoroughly trained and experienced superintendent on the job at all times roofing work is in progress.

M. There shall be no deviations made from this specification or the approved shop drawings without the prior written approval of the Architect. Any deviation from the manufacturer's installation procedures must be supported by a written certification on the manufacturer's letterhead and presented for the Architects consideration.

N. Upon completion of the installation, the applicator shall arrange for an inspection to be made by a

non-sales technical representative of the membrane manufacturer in order to determine whether corrective work will be required before the warranty will be issued. Notify the Architect and General Contractor seventy-two (72) hours prior to the manufacturer's final inspection.

1.10 JOB CONDITIONS, CAUTIONS, AND WARNINGS

A. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) must be on location at all times during the transportation, storage, and application of materials.

B. When positioning membrane sheets, exercise care to locate all field splices away from low spots and out of drain sumps. All field splices should be shingled to prevent bucking of water.

C. When loading materials onto the roof, the Authorized Roofing Applicator must comply with the requirements of the building owner to prevent overloading and possible disturbance to the building structure.

D. Proceed with roofing work only when weather conditions comply with the manufacturer's recommended limitations, and when conditions will permit the work to proceed in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and recommendations.

E. Proceed with work so new roofing materials are not subject to construction traffic. When necessary, new roof sections shall be protected and inspected upon completion for possible damage.

F. Provide protection, such as 3/4 inch thick plywood, for all roof areas exposed to traffic during construction. Plywood must be smooth and free of fasteners and splinters.

G. The surface on which the insulation or roofing membrane is to be applied shall be clean, smooth, dry, and free of projections or contaminants that would prevent proper application of or be incompatible with the new installation, such as fins, sharp edges, foreign materials, oil and grease.

H. New roofing shall be complete and weather tight at the end of the workday.

I. Contaminants such as grease, fats, and oils shall not be allowed to come in direct contact with the roofing membrane.

1.11 WARRANTY

A. Compatibility: Provide products which are recommended by manufacturers to be fully compatible with indicated substrates or provide separation materials as required to eliminate contact between incompatible materials.

B. **Provide manufacturer's 20-year NDL total system warranty covering both labor and material with no dollar limitation and cover all penetrations.**

C. **General Contractor shall provide the General Contractor’s 5-year Roofing Guarantee included in this manual.**

D. Pro-rated system warranties shall not be accepted.

E. Evidence of the manufacturer's warranty reserve shall be included as part of the project submittals for the specifier's approval.

F. All roof warranties shall be provided to the Owner, by the Contractor at the Final Inspection to obtain the Substantial Completion.

G. The roof insulation shall be covered under the roof warranty as required by the manufacturer.

H. ***Standard manufacturer’s roofing guarantees which contain language regarding the governing of the guarantee by any state other than the State of Alabama, must be amended to exclude such language, and substituting the requirement that the Laws of the State of Alabama shall govern all such guarantees.***

I. The roofing manufacturer shall be required to provide documentation certifying that the roof

design provided complies with the performance requirements as set forth in IBC Chapter 15, Section 1504. The documentation shall be attached to the roof warranty at the close out of the project.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL

A. All components of the specified roofing system shall be products of the manufacturer of the roofing system or accepted by the manufacturer as compatible. All products (including insulation, fasteners, fastening plates and edgings) must be manufactured and supplied by the roofing system manufacturer and covered by the warranty.

B. MANUFACTURERS

1. TPO 60 Mil Manufacturers: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:
    a. GAF – Everguard (Basis of Design)
    b. Versico Roofing - Versiweld with Octguard XT
    c. Firestone – Ultraply
    d. Johns Manville, Inc.
    e. Carlisle Syntec Systems
2. PVC 60 Mil Manufactures: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:
    a. GAF Commercial (Basis of Design)
    b. Versico Roofing - VersiFlex Roofing
    c. DuroLast Roofing
    d. Johns Manville, Inc.
    e. Sarnafil Roof Membrane Roofing
    f. Fibertite Roofing
    g. Carlisle Syntec Systems
4. Walkway Pads: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:
    a. Roof Trak III Walkway Pads as manufactured by Durolast.
        i. Non-skid, maintenance free walkway protection pad manufactured from recycled membrane and oriented-strand polyester reinforcement. Factory attached, 4 inch wide white membrane skirts for attachment to the field membrane by heat welding (hot-air).
        ii. Size: 30” x 60”.
        iii. Color: White with Safety Yellow skirts.
        iv. Install per manufacturers recommendations.
3. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 ADHESIVES AND CLEANERS

A. All products shall be furnished by the roofing manufacturer and specifically formulated for the intended purpose.

1. Bonding Adhesive: **60** Mil: Manufactures recommended Bonding Adhesive
2. Edge Sealant: Cut Edge Sealant
3. Sealer: Water Cut-Off Mastic
4. Pocket Sealant: Manufactures recommended Molded Pocket Sealant
5. Cleaner: Manufactures recommended Membrane Cleaner

B. The Contractor shall be responsible for ensuring all existing curbs / flashings shall be raised as necessary to ensure proper flashing heights.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PRE-ROOFING CONFERENCE

A. A pre-roofing conference is required before any roofing materials are installed. This conference shall be conducted by a representative of the Architect. Required attendees include representatives of the Owner, Division of Construction Management Inspector, General Contractor, Roofing Contractor, Sheet Metal Contractor, Roof Deck Manufacturer (if applicable), Roofing Materials Manufacturer (if warranty is required of this manufacturer) and all installers whose work interfaces with or affects roofing including installers of roof accessories and roof-mounted equipment . ATTENDANCE OF THE CONTRACTOR'S FOREMAN IS MANDITORY. If equipment of substantial size is to be placed on the roof, the Mechanical Contractor must also attend this meeting. Provide at least 72 hours advance notice to participants prior to convening pre-roofing conference.

B. The pre-roofing conference is intended to clarify demolition and application requirements for work to be completed before roofing operations can begin. This would include a detailed review of the specifications, roof plans, roof deck information, flashing details, and approved shop drawings, submittal data, and samples. If conflict exists between the specifications and the Manufacturer's requirements, this shall be resolved. If this pre-roofing conference cannot be satisfactorily concluded without further inspection and investigation by any of the parties present, it shall be reconvened at the earliest possible time to avoid delay of the work. In no case should the work proceed without inspection of all roof deck areas and substantial agreement on all points.

C. The following are to be accomplished during the conference:

1. To review all Factory Mutual and Underwriters Laboratories requirements listed in the specifications and resolve any questions or conflicts that may arise.
2. To establish trade-related job schedules, including the installation of roof mounted mechanical equipment.
3. To establish roofing schedule and work methods that will prevent roof damage.
4. Require that all roof penetrations and walls be in place prior to installing the roof.
5. To establish those areas on the job site that will be designated as work and storage areas for roofing operations.
6. To establish weather and working temperature conditions to which all parties must agree.
7. To establish acceptable methods of protecting the finished roof if any trades must travel across or work on or above any areas of the finished roof.
8. Tour representative areas of roofing substrates (decks); inspect and discuss condition of substrate, penetrations and other preparatory work performed by other trades.
9. Review structural loading limitations of deck and inspect deck for proper installation and fastening as required. Inspect deck for required slope etc.
10. Review roofing system requirements (drawings, specifications and other contract documents). Review required submittals / warranty issues. Verify that the manufacturer's label contains references to specified ASTM standards.
11. Review and finalize construction schedule related to roofing work and verify availability of

materials.

12. Review roof application procedures, technique, details and roof specifics. Maintain one copy of manufacturer's application instructions on the project site.
13. Review job specific safety requirements, safety barriers, street blocking, haul routes, building access, site contact, facilities, security, etc.

C. The Architect shall prepare a written report indicating actions taken and decisions made at this pre-roofing conference. This report shall be made a part of the project record and copies furnished the General Contractor, the Owner, the Division of Construction Management, and the Division of Construction Management Inspector.

3.1 INSTALLATION - GENERAL

A. Comply with the manufacturer's published instructions for the installation of the membrane roofing system including proper substrate preparation, jobsite considerations, and weather restrictions.

B. Position sheets to accommodate contours of the roof deck and shingle splices to avoid bucking water.

3.2 EXECUTION – NEW ROOF SYSTEMS

A. Installation of New Roof System as follows:

1. Roof Insulation
    a. Tapered/non-tapered polyisocyanurate insulation.
        i. Refer to Section 07510, Roof Insulation
    b. Cover board
        i. 1/2", 100 psi. ISO HD board
            a) Mechanically Attached
    c. Must maintain a minimum total R value of 25 at any area.
2. Membrane
    a. **60** mil white reinforced **TPO or PVC** membrane
        i. Adhered in accordance with the manufacturer's most current specifications and details.
    b. **60** mil TPO or PVC membrane flashings and associated metal components as required.
3. Warranties
    a. Provide a **20**-year NDL manufacturer's warranty
    b. Provide a **5**-year General Contractor's Roofing Guarantee workmanship warranty found in Contract Forms section of this manual.

3.3 INSULATION PLACEMENT AND ATTACHMENT

A. Install insulation or membrane underlayment over the substrate with boards butted tightly together with no joints or gaps greater than 1/4 inch. Stagger joints both horizontally and vertically if multiple layers are provided.

B. Secure insulation to the substrate with the required fasteners and plates in accordance with manufacturers specifications.

3.4 60 Mil TPO or PVC MEMBRANE PLACEMENT AND ATTACHMENT

A. Unroll and position membrane without stretching. Provide and secure both perimeter and field membrane sheets in accordance with the manufacturer's most current specifications and details.

B. Secure the membrane with the required Fasteners and Plates spaced as required per the manufacturer’s requirements to meet the appropriate up-lift at perimeters, curbs, penetrations, drains, etc. with field of sheets fully adhered in the manufacturer’s recommended adhesive.

C. Install adjoining membrane sheets in the same manner in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

D. Hot air weld the membrane using an Automatic Hot Air Welding Machine or Hot Air Hand Welder in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. At all splice intersections, roll the seam with a silicone roller prior to membrane seam cooling. All splice intersections shall be overlaid with membrane non-reinforced flashing.

E. Probe all seams once the hot air welds have thoroughly cooled (approximately 30 minutes).

F. Repair all seam deficiencies the same day they are discovered.

G. Apply Cut Edge Sealant on all cut edges of reinforced membrane (where the scrim reinforcement is exposed) after seam probing is complete.

3.5 FLASHING

A. Flashing of parapets, curbs, expansion joints and other parts of the roof must be performed using TPO or PVC reinforced membrane. Non-reinforced membrane can be used for flashing pipe penetrations, Sealant Pockets, scuppers, as well as inside and outside corners when the use of pre-fabricated accessories is not feasible.

B. TPO/PVC Coated Metal Flashings:

1. Install new 24 gauge TPO/PVC coated metal flashings at all locations requiring the new TPO/PVC membrane to lap/weld over the metal flange. Install TPO/PVC metal flashings in lengths no less than 10’-0” unless necessary to fit shorter conditions.

C. Follow manufacturer's typical flashing procedures for all wall, curb, and penetration flashing including metal edging/coping and roof drain applications.

3.6 WALKWAYS

A. Install walkways at all traffic concentration points (such as roof hatches, access doors, rooftop ladders, etc.) and all locations as identified on the drawings.

B. Hot air weld walkway pads to the membrane in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

3.7 DAILY SEAL

A. On phased roofing, when the completion of flashings and terminations is not achieved by the end of the workday, a daily seal must be performed to close temporarily the membrane to prevent water infiltration.

B. Complete an acceptable membrane seal in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements.

3.8 CLEAN UP

A. Perform daily clean up to collect all wrappings, empty containers, paper, and other debris from the project site. Upon completion, all debris must be disposed of in a legally acceptable manner.

B. Prior to the manufacturer's inspection for warranty, the applicator must perform a pre-inspection to review all work and to verify all flashing has been completed as well as the application of all caulking.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 07510 – ROOF INSULATION

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawing and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. This Section applies to insulation products to be used in conjunction with Section 07500.

B. Extent of roof insulation is indicated on drawings.

C. All Roof insulation above decking is specified in this section.

1. Install tapered and/or non-tapered polyisocyanurate insulation with new roofing system as described at each roofing system in:

   a. Section 07500, Membrane Roofing

   b. Section 07410, Preformed Metal Roofing.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Insulation Manufacturer: Obtain primary roof insulation from the roofing membrane manufacturer.

B. Roof System Manufacturer: Shall provide the insulation products which are required to meet its Warranty requirements, as well as Wind Code requirements.

C. Insurance Certification: Assist Owner in preparation and submittal of roof installation acceptance certification necessary in connection with fire and extended coverage insurance on roofing and associated work.

D. Thermal Resistivity: Where thermal resistivity properties of insulating materials are designed by r-values, they represent the rate of heat flow through a homogenous material exactly 1" thick, measured by test method included in referenced material standard or otherwise indicated. They are expressed by the temperature difference in degrees F between the two exposed faces required to cause one BTU to flow through one square foot per hour at mean temperature indicated.

E. Fire Performance Characteristics: Provide insulation materials which are identical to those whose fire performance characteristics, as listed for each material or assembly of which insulation is a part, have been determined by testing, per methods indicated below, by UL or other testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:

1. UL Class A Non-Combustible rated system.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit specifications, installation instructions and general recommendations from manufacturers of insulation materials, for types of roofing required. Include data substantiating that materials comply with requirements.

B. Tapered Insulation Design Layout: Submit layout to show insulation elevations at ALL peak and valley locations within each roof section, with direction of slopes shown. Any new drains shall be shown on this layout.

1.5 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Weather: Proceed with work when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit work to be

B. performed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and warranty requirements.

1.6 SPECIAL PROJECT WARRANTY

A. Compatibility: Provide products which are recommended by manufacturers to be fully compatible with indicated substrates or provide separation materials as required to eliminate contact between

incompatible materials.

B. Membrane Adhesive: As recommended by insulation manufacturer for particular substrate and project conditions, formulated to withstand min. 60 p.s.f. uplift force.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATING MATERIALS

A. Provide tapered and non-tapered as indicated on the drawings meeting the following:

1. Install polyisocyanurate insulation (slope per roof plan) and as described in:

a. Section 07500, Membrane Roofing

b. Section 07410, Preformed Metal Roofing.

2. Must maintain a Minimum total R value of 25 at any given roof area.

2.2 MISCELLANEOUS INSULATION MATERIALS

A. Adhesive for Bonding Insulation (if any required): Type recommended by Roof System Manufacturer, Insta-Stik Foam, or equal, and complying with fire resistance requirements.

B. Mastic Sealer: Type recommended by Roof System Manufacturer for bonding edge joints and filling voids.

C. Mechanical Anchors: As recommended by Roof System Manufacturer for deck type, and complying with fire and insurance rating requirements.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION OF SUBSTRATE

A. General: Comply with manufacturer's instructions for preparation of substrate to receive insulation.

1. Verify that deck is securely fastened with no projecting fasteners and with no adjacent units in excess of 1/16" out of plane.

2. Clean substrate of dust, debris, and other substances detrimental to system work. Remove sharp projections.

3.2 INSULATION INSTALLATION

A. General: Insulation is required. Extend insulation full thickness in one layer, or in multiple layers over entire surface to be insulated, cutting and fitting tightly around obstructions. Form cant strips, crickets, saddles and tapered areas with additional material as shown and as required for proper drainage of membrane.

1. Stagger all joints in one direction for each course. For multiple layers, stagger joints both directions between courses. Comply with roofing system manufacturer’s recommendations.

B. Do not install more insulation each day than can be covered with membrane before end of day and before start of inclement weather.

C. Set units in adhesive, applied in accordance with requirements of applicable fire and insurance ratings.

D. Secure roof insulation with coated mechanical fasteners as required by Manufacturer.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with manufacturer's instructions, except where more stringent requirements are indicated.

B. Roof Manufacturer issuing water-tightness Warranty, agrees to warrant insulation attachment and adhesion as part of its Warranty.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 07600 - FLASHING AND SHEET METAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of each type of flashing and sheet metal work is indicated on drawings and by provisions of this section.

B. Types of work specified in this section include the following:

1. Eave Strip/Drip Edge
2. Fascia
3. Soffit
4. Gutters
5. Downspouts

C. Integral masonry flashings are specified as masonry work in sections of Division 4.

1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. AAMA 2604 - Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for High Performance Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels (with Coil Coating Appendix); 2017a.

B. ASTM B209 - Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate; 2014.

C. ASTM B209M - Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate (Metric); 2014.

D. ASTM C920 - Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018.

E. ASTM D4479/D4479M - Standard Specification for Asphalt Roof Coatings - Asbestos-Free; 2007, with Editorial Revision (2012).

F. ASTM D4586/D4586M - Standard Specification for Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos-Free; 2007, with Editorial Revision (2012).

G. SMACNA (ASMM) - Architectural Sheet Metal Manual; 2012.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data; Flashing, Sheet Metal, Accessories: Submit manufacturer's product data, installation instructions and general recommendations for each specified sheet material and fabricated product.

1.5 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Coordinate work of this section with interfacing and adjoining work for proper sequencing of each installation. Ensure best possible weather resistance and durability of work and protection of materials and finishes.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SHEET METALS

A. Pre-Finished Galvanized Steel: ASTM A653/A653M, with G90/Z275 zinc coating; minimum 24 gage thick base metal, shop pre-coated with PVDF (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) coating.

B. Finish: The exposed finish on all exposed metals and similar items shall consist of a 70% KYNAR 500® resin base coating applied to a cleaned, pretreated and primed surface. The dry film

thickness of the exterior coating shall not be less than .90 mil minimum, inclusive primer. The interior color finish shall consist of a backer coat with a dry film thickness of 0.5 mil. A low gloss finish is required to minimize the appearance of oil canning,

a. Colors: As selected by Architect after Bid Date, from manufacturer's standard colors including white.

2.2 GUTTERS

A. Gutters: Provide flat shapes, no rolled formed stiffeners or ribbed allowed. Form gutters in "continuous" sections not less than 8 feet in length, complete with end pieces, outlet tubes and other special pieces as may be required. Join sections with riveted and soldered or sealed joints. Provide expansion-type slip joint at center of runs.

1. Furnish gutter supports spaced at 36" on center constructed of same metal as gutters.

B. Pre-Finished Galvanized Steel: ASTM A653/A653M, with G90/Z275 zinc coating; minimum 24 gage thick base metal, shop pre-coated with PVDF (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) coating.

C. Finish: The exposed finish on all exposed metals and similar items shall consist of a 70% KYNAR 500® resin base coating applied to a cleaned, pretreated and primed surface. The dry film thickness of the exterior coating shall not be less than .90 mil minimum, inclusive primer. The interior color finish shall consist of a backer coat with a dry film thickness of 0.5 mil. A low gloss finish is required to minimize the appearance of oil canning,

a. Colors: As selected by Architect after Bid Date, from manufacturer's standard colors including white.

2.3 DOWNSPOUTS

A. Downspouts: Form downspouts in sections approximately 10 feet long **(no corrugated sections)**, complete with elbows and offsets. Join sections with not less than 1-1/2" telescoping joints. Provide fasteners, designed to securely hold downspouts not less than 1" away from walls; locate fasteners at top and bottom and equally spaced at approximately 5 feet on center in between.

B. Pre-Finished Galvanized Steel: ASTM A653/A653M, with G90/Z275 zinc coating; minimum 24 gage thick base metal, shop pre-coated with PVDF (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) coating.

C. Finish: The exposed finish on all exposed metals and similar items shall consist of a 70% KYNAR 500® resin base coating applied to a cleaned, pretreated and primed surface. The dry film thickness of the exterior coating shall not be less than .90 mil minimum, inclusive primer. The interior color finish shall consist of a backer coat with a dry film thickness of 0.5 mil. A low gloss finish is required to minimize the appearance of oil canning,

a. Colors: As selected by Architect after Bid Date, from manufacturer's standard colors including white.

2.4 METAL SOFFIT SYSTEM – ALUMINUM SOFFIT

A. Manufacturers: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. Ply Gem/Mastic Aluminum Soffit (Basis of Design)
2. Alside Aluminum Soffits
3. Kaycan Aluminum
4. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

B. Materials:

1. Perforated Aluminum Soffit for ventilation

a. Envoy V-Groove by PlyGem/Mastic

b. 15 sq. in/Lin. ft..

c. Alumalure 2000 finish

d. .019” thick

e. 12” exposure or as indicated on drawings.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS & ACCESSORIES

A. Solder:

1. For use with steel or copper, provide 50 - 50 tin/lead solder (ASTM B 32), with rosin flux.

2. For use with stainless steel: Provide 60 - 40 tin/lead solder (ASTM B 32), with acid-chloride type flux, except use rosin flux over tinned surfaces.

B. Fasteners: Same metal as flashing/sheet metal or, other noncorrosive metal as recommended by sheet manufacturer. Match finish of exposed heads with material being fastened.

C. Bituminous Coating: FS TT-C-494 or SSPC - Paint 12, solvent type bituminous mastic, nominally free of sulfur, compounded for 15-mil dry film thickness per coat.

D. Mastic Sealant: Polyisobutylene; nonhardening, nonskinning, non- drying, nonmigrating sealant.

E. Epoxy Seam Sealer: 2-part noncrossive metal seam cementing compound, recommended by metal manufacturer for exterior/interior non-moving joints including riveted joints.

F. Adhesives: Type recommended by flashing sheet manufacturer for waterproof/ weather-resistant seaming and adhesive application of flashing sheet.

G. Paper Slip Sheet: 5-lb. rosin-sized building paper.

H. Polyethylene Underlayment: 6-mil carbonated polyethylene film; FS L-P-512.

I. Reglets: Metal or plastic units of type and profile indicated, compatible with flashing indicated, noncrossive.

J. Metal Accessories: Provide sheet metal clips, straps, anchoring devices and similar accessory units as required for installation of work, matching or compatible with material being installed,

noncrossive, size and gage required for performance.

K. Roofing Cement: Must be compatible with materials with which it comes in contact.

L. Provide precast concrete splashblock sloped away from building, approximately 12-inches wide x 24-inches long x 2-inches thick x 3-inches high, with 3-raised edges and one “open” end turned toward building – at locations where downspouts would otherwise drain on grade or paving.

1. Provide 1-preformed metal pan with corrugated bottom and properly hemmed edges (minimum 12” x 24”) at each downspout which drains onto a roof below.

2.9 FABRICATED UNITS

A. General Metal Fabrication: Shop-fabricate work to greatest extent possible. Comply with details shown, and with applicable requirements of SMACNA "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" and other recognized industry practices. Fabricate for waterproof and weather-resistant performance; with expansion provisions for running work, sufficient to permanently prevent leakage, damage or deterioration of the work. Form work to fit substrates. Comply with material manufacturer instructions and recommendations for forming material. Form exposed sheet metal work without excessive oil-canning, buckling and tool marks, true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.

B. Seams: Fabricate nonmoving seams in sheet metal with flat-lock seams. For metal other than aluminum, tin edges to be seamed, form seams, and solder. Form aluminum seams with epoxy seam sealer; rivet joints for additional strength where required.

C. Expansion Provisions: Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions in work cannot be

used, or would not be sufficiently water/weatherproof, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 2" deep, filled with mastic sealant (concealed within joints).

D. Sealant Joints: Where movable, non-expansion type joints are indicated or required for proper performance of work, form metal to provide for proper installation of elastomeric sealant, in compliance with SMACNA standards.

E. Separations: Provide for separation of metal from noncompatible metal or corrosive substrates by coating concealed surfaces at locations of contact, with bituminous coating or other permanent separation as recommended by manufacturer/fabricator.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Except as otherwise indicated, comply with manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations, and with SMACNA "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual".

1. Anchor units of work securely in place by methods indicated, providing for thermal expansion of metal units; conceal fasteners where possible, and set units true to line and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints and seams which will be permanently watertight and weatherproof.

B. Underlayment: Where aluminum is to be installed directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install a slip sheet of red rosin paper and a course of polyethylene underlayment.

C. Bed flanges of work in a thick coat of bituminous roofing cement where required for waterproof performance.

D. Install reglets to receive counter-flashing in manner and by methods indicated. Where shown in concrete, furnish reglets to trades of concrete work for installation as work of Division-3 sections. Where shown in masonry, furnish reglets to trades of masonry work, for installation as work of Division-4 sections.

1. Install counter-flashing in reglets, either by snap-in seal arrangement, or by wedging in place for anchorage and filling reglet with mastic or elastomeric sealant, as indicated and depending on degree of sealant exposure.

3.2 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Clean exposed metal surfaces, removing substances which might cause corrosion of metal or deterioration of finishes.

B. Protection: Installer shall advise Contractor of required procedures for surveillance and protection of flashings and sheet metal work during construction, to ensure that work will be without damage or deterioration, other than natural weathering, at time of substantial completion.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 07900 - JOINT SEALERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. The extent of each form and type of joint sealer is indicated on drawings and by provisions of this section.

B. The applications for joint sealers as work of this section include the following:

1. Joints (Interior).
2. Joints (Exterior).
3. Flashing Joints.
4. Interior wall/ceiling joints.

C. General Performance: Except as otherwise indicated, joint sealers are required to establish and maintain airtight and waterproof continuous seals on a permanent basis, within recognized limitations of wear and aging as indicted for each application. Failures of installed sealers to comply with this requirement will be recognized as failures of materials and workmanship.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product specifications, handling/installation/curing instructions, and performance tested data sheets for each elastomeric product required.

1.4 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Weather Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of liquid sealants under unfavorable weather conditions. Install elastomeric sealants when temperature by manufacturer for installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. General: Manufacturers listed in this article include those known to produce the indicated category of prime joint sealant material, either as a nominally pure generic product or as an equivalent-performance modification thereof or proprietary product.

B. Manufacturers: The following manufacturer's products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. Acrylic Emulsion Latex Sealants:
    a. Bostik.
    b. Pecora Corp.
    c. Sonneborn Building Products.
    d. Tremco, Inc.
2. Polyurethane Sealants:
    a. Bostik.
    b. Master Builders.
    c. Pecora Corp.
    d. Sonneborn Building Products.
    e. Tremco, Inc.

3. Butyl Sealants:
    a. Bostik.
    b. TEC Incorporated.
    c. Tremco, Inc.
4. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. NOTE: The use of silicone sealants shall not be used at any exterior conditions.

B. General Purpose Exterior Sealant: Polyurethane; ASTM C 920, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses M, G, and A; single component. (Silicone sealant shall not be used at exterior conditions).
    1. Color: Standard colors matching finished surfaces.
    2. Applications: Use for:
        a. Control, expansion, and soft joints in masonry, stone or concrete.
        b. Joints between concrete and other materials.
        c. Joints between metal frames and other materials.
        d. Other exterior joints for which no other sealant is indicated.

C. Exterior Metal Lap Joint Sealant: Butyl or polyisobutylene, nondrying, nonskinning, noncuring.
    1. Applications: Use for:
        a. Concealed sealant bead in sheet metal work.

D. General Purpose Interior Sealant: Acrylic emulsion latex; ASTM C 834, single component, paintable.
    1. Color: Standard colors matching finished surfaces.
    2. Applications: Use for:
        a. Interior wall and ceiling control joints.
        b. Joints between door and window frames and wall surfaces.
        c. Other interior joints for which no other type of sealant is indicated.

E. Acoustical Sealant: Butyl or acrylic sealant; ASTM C 920, Grade NS, Class 12-1/2, Uses M and A; single component, solvent release curing, nonskinning.
    1. Applications: Use for concealed locations only:
        a. Sealant bead between top stud runner and structure and between bottom stud track and floor or wall.

F. Paving Joint Sealant: Polyurethane, self-leveling; ASTM C 920, Class 25, Uses T, M and A; single component.
    1. Color: Standard color matching finished surfaces.
    2. Applications: Use for:
        a. Joints in sidewalks and paving, either vehicular or pedestrian.
        b. Isolation joints and control joints in slabs on grade.

G. Bituminous and Fiber Joint Filler (BtmF-JF) provide resilient and non-extruding type premolded bituminous-impregnated fiberboard units complying with ASTM D 1751; FS HH-F-341, Type I; or AASHTO M213.

H. Miscellaneous Materials:

1. Joint Primer/Sealer: Provide type of joint primer/sealer recommended by sealant manufacturer for joint surfaces to be primed or sealed.

2. Bond Breaker Tape (BB-Tp): Provide polyethylene tape or other plastic tape as recommended by sealant manufacturer, to be applied to sealant-contact surfaces where bond to substrate or joint filler must be avoided for proper performance of sealant. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.

3. Sealant Backer Rod (S-BR): provide compressible rod stock of polyethylene foam, polyurethane foam, polyethylene jacketed polyurethane foam, butyl rubber foam, neoprene foam or other recommended by sealant manufacturer for back-up of and compatibility with sealant. Where used with hot-applied sealant, provide heat-resistant type which will not be deteriorated by sealant application temperature as indicated.

   a. Rod Size to Joint Width: Size of all backer rod width shall be 2 times the width of joint/gap to be sealed.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

A. Installer must examine substrate, (joint surfaces) and conditions under which joint sealer work is to be performed and must notify Prime Contractor of unsatisfactory conditions.

3.2 JOINT PREPARATION

A. Clean joint surfaces immediately before installation of gaskets, sealants or caulking compounds. Remove dirt, insecure coatings, moisture and other substrate which could interfere with seal of gasket or bond of sealant of caulking compound. Etch concrete and masonry joint surfaces as recommended by sealant manufacturer. Roughen vitreous and glazed joint surfaces as recommended by sealant manufacturer.

B. Prime or seal joint surfaces where indicated, and where recommended by sealant manufacturer. Confine primer/sealer to areas of sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's printed instructions except where more stringent requirements are shown on specified, and except where manufacturer's technical representative directs otherwise.

B. Set joint filler units at depth or position in joint as indicated to coordinate with other work, including installation of bond breakers, backer rods and sealant. Do not leave voids or gaps between ends of joint filler units.

C. Install sealant backer rod for liquid-applied sealants, except where shown to be omitted or recommended to be omitted by sealant manufacturer for application indicated.

D. Install bond breaker tape where indicated and where required by manufacturer's recommendations to ensure that liquid-applied sealants will perform as intended.

E. Employ only proven installation techniques, which will ensure that sealants are deposited in uniform, continuous ribbons without gaps or air pockets, with complete "wetting" of joint bond surfaces equally on opposite sides. Except as otherwise indicated, fill sealant rabbet to a slightly concave surface, slightly below adjoining surfaces. Where horizontal joints are between a horizontal surface and vertical surface, fill joint to form a slight cove, so that joint will not trap moisture and dirt.

F. Install sealant to depths as shown or, if not shown, as recommended by sealant manufacturer but within the following general limitations, measured at center (thin) section of beads;

G. For normal moving joints sealed with elastomeric sealants but not subject to traffic, fill joints to a depth equal to 50% of joint width, but neither more than 1/2" deep nor less than 1/4" deep.

H. Spillage: Do not allow sealants or compounds to overflow from confines of joints, or to spill onto adjoining work, or to migrate into voids of exposed finishes. Clean adjoining surfaces by whatever

means may be necessary to eliminate evidence of spillage.

I. Recess exposed edges of gaskets and exposed joint fillers slightly behind adjoining surfaces, unless otherwise shown, so that compressed units will not protrude from joints.

J. Bond ends of gaskets together with adhesive of “weld” by other means as recommended by manufacturer to ensure continuous watertight and airtight performance. Miter-cut and bond ends at corners unless molded corner units are provided.

3.4 CURE AND PROTECTION

A. Cure sealants and caulking compounds in compliance with manufacturer’s instructions and recommendations, to obtain high early bond strength, internal cohesive strength and surface durability. Advise Prime Contractor of procedures required for cure and protection of joint sealers during construction period, so that they will be without deterioration or damage (other than normal wear and weathering) at time of substantial completion. Cure and protect sealants in manner which will minimize increases in modulus of elasticity and other accelerated aging effects. Replace or restore sealants which are damaged or deteriorated during construction period.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08100 - STEEL DOOR FRAMES

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes:

1. Steel Frames.

B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:

1. Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry" for building anchors into and grouting frames in masonry construction.
2. Division 8 Section " Wood Doors" for solid-core wood doors installed in steel frames.
3. Division 8 Section "Finish Hardware" for door hardware and weatherstripping.
4. Division 8 Section "Glazing" for glass in steel doors and sidelights.
5. Division 9 Section "Gypsum Board Assemblies".
6. Division 9 Section "Painting".

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. General: Submit each item in this Article according to the Conditions of the Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.

B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's specifications for fabrication and installation, including data substantiating that products comply with requirements.

C. Shop Drawings: Submit for fabrication and installation of steel door frames. Include details of each frame type, conditions at openings, details of construction, location and installation requirements of finish hardware and reinforcements, and details of joints and connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.

D. Frame Schedule: Submit schedule of frames using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Contract Drawings.

1. Indicate coordination of glazing frames and stops with glass and glazing requirements.

E. Samples for initial selection in the form of manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors available for factory-finished frames.

F. Samples for verification of each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples not less than 3 by 5 inches (75 by 125 mm) and of same thickness and material indicated for final unit of Work. Where finishes involve normal color and texture variations, include Sample sets showing the full range of variations expected.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Provide frames complying with ANSI/SDI 100 "Recommended Specifications for Standard Steel Doors and Frames" and as specified.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Deliver frames cardboard-wrapped or crated to provide protection during transit and job storage. Provide additional protection to prevent damage to finish of factory-finished frames.

B. Inspect frames on delivery for damage. Minor damages may be repaired provided refinished items match new work and are acceptable to Architect; otherwise, remove and replace damaged items as directed.

C. Store frames at building site under cover. Place units on minimum 4-inch- (100-mm-) high wood blocking. Avoid using non-vented plastic or canvas shelters that could create a humidity chamber. If cardboard wrappers on frames become wet, remove cartons immediately. Provide minimum 1/4-inch (6-mm) spaces between stacked frames to promote air circulation.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated in the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Pioneer Industries
2. Rocky Mountain Metals, Inc.
3. Republic Frames/Allegion
4. Steelcraft - Allegion
5. Amweld Building Products Div.
6. Ceco Corp.
7. Curries Mfg. Inc.
8. Fenestra.
9. Bymoco
10. Mesker

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheets and Strip: Commercial-quality carbon steel, pickled and oiled, complying with ASTM A 569 (ASTM A 569M) and ASTM A 568.

B. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheets: Carbon steel complying with ASTM A 366 (ASTM A 366M), commercial quality, and ASTM A 568.

C. Supports and Anchors: Fabricated from not less than 18 gauge galvanized steel sheet.

D. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard units. Where items are to be built into exterior walls, hot-dip galvanize complying with ASTM A 153, Class C or D as applicable.

E. Shop Applied Paint:

1. Primer: Rust-inhibitive enamel or paint, either air-drying or baking, suitable as a base for specified finish paints.

2.3 FRAMES

A. Provide metal frames for doors, transoms, sidelights, borrowed lights, and other openings, according to ANSI/SDI 100 and of types and styles as shown on Drawings and schedules.

B. Conceal fastenings, unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate frames as follows:

1. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped and face welded corners.
2. Interior Frames: 16 gage cold rolled steel
3. Exterior Frames: 14 gage A60 galvannealed steel.

C. Door Silencers: Except on weather stripped frames, drill stops to receive 3 silencers on strike jambs of single-door frames and 2 silencers on heads of double-door frames.

D. Plaster Guards: Provide minimum 0.0179-inch- (0.45-mm-) thick steel plaster guards or mortar boxes at back of hardware cutouts where mortar or other materials might obstruct hardware operation and to close off interior of openings.

E. Grout: When required in masonry construction, as specified in Division 4 Section "Unit Masonry."

2.4 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate steel door frame units to be rigid, neat in appearance, and free from defects, warp, or buckle. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. Clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment, to assure proper assembly at Project site. Comply with ANSI/SDI 100 requirements.

1. Tolerances: Comply with SDI 117 "Manufacturing Tolerances Standard Steel Doors and Frames."

B. Galvannealed Steel Frames: For the following locations, fabricate door frames from galvannealed steel sheet according to SDI 112.

1. At exterior locations.

2. Where indicated.

C. Exposed Fasteners: Unless otherwise indicated, provide countersunk flat or oval heads for exposed screws and bolts.

D. Hardware Preparation: Prepare doors and frames to receive mortised and concealed hardware according to final door hardware schedule and templates provided by hardware supplier.

E. Comply with applicable requirements of ANSI A115 Series specifications for door and frame preparation for hardware.

1. For concealed overhead door closers, provide space, cutouts, reinforcing, and provisions for fastening in top rail of doors or head of frames, as applicable.

F. Reinforce doors frames to receive surface-applied hardware. Drilling and tapping for surface-applied hardware may be done at Project site.

G. Locate hardware as indicated on Shop Drawings or, if not indicated, according to the Door and Hardware Institute's (DHI) "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames."

2.5 FINISHES, GENERAL

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual" for recommendations relative to applying and designating finishes.

B. Comply with SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1," for steel sheet finishes. Apply primers and organic finishes to doors and frames after fabrication.

2.6 GALVANIZED STEEL SHEET FINISHES

A. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint for regalvanizing welds in galvanized steel, with dry film containing not less than 94 percent zinc dust by weight, and complying with DOD-P-21035 or SSPC- Paint 20.

B. Factory Priming for Field-Painted Finish: Where field painting after installation is indicated, apply air-dried primer specified below immediately after cleaning and pretreatment.

1. Shop Primer: Zinc-dust, zinc-oxide primer paint complying with performance requirements of FS TT-P-641, Type II.

2.7 STEEL SHEET FINISHES

A. Surface Preparation: Solvent-clean surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 1 to remove dirt, oil, grease, and other contaminants that could impair paint bond. Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel to comply with SSPC-SP 5 (White Metal Blast Cleaning) or SSPC-SP 8 (Pickling).

B. Pretreatment: Immediately after surface preparation, apply a conversion coating of type suited to organic coating applied over it.

C. Factory Priming for Field-Painted Finish: Apply shop primer that complies with ANSI A224.1 acceptance criteria, is compatible with finish paint systems indicated, and has capability to provide a sound foundation for field-applied topcoats. Apply primer immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install steel door frames, and accessories according to Shop Drawings, manufacturer's data, and as specified.

B. Placing Frames: Comply with provisions of SDI 105, unless otherwise indicated. Set frames accurately in position, plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. Install foot brace at bottom of all metal frames until installation of door. After wall construction is completed, remove temporary braces and spreaders, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.

1. Except for frames located in existing concrete, masonry, or gypsum board assembly construction, place frames before constructing enclosing walls and ceilings.
2. Metal frames at all interior wall conditions shall be inset ¼” from edge of wall to allow for caulk bead, see detail on drawings.
3. In plaster or masonry walls constructed with antifreeze additives, protect inside (concealed) faces of door frames using fibered asphalt emulsion coating. Apply approximately 1/8" thick over shop primer and allow to thoroughly dry before handling.
4. In masonry construction, install at least 3 wall anchors per jamb adjacent to hinge location on hinge jamb and at corresponding heights on strike jamb. Acceptable anchors include masonry wire anchors and masonry T-shaped anchors.
5. At existing concrete or masonry construction, install at least 3 completed opening anchors per jamb adjacent to hinge location on hinge jamb and at corresponding heights on strike jamb. Set frames and secure to adjacent construction with bolts and masonry anchorage devices.
6. Install fire-rated frames according to NFPA 80.

3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Prime Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth any rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying primer.

B. Protection Removal: Immediately before final inspection, remove protective wrappings from doors and frames.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08211 - WOOD DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes the following:

1. Solid core doors with wood veneer faces.
2. Factory finishing of flush wood doors.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. General: Submit each item in this Article according to the Conditions of the Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.

B. Product data for each type of door, including details of core and edge construction, trim for openings and louvers, and factory-finishing specifications.

C. Shop drawings indicating location and size of each door, elevation of each kind of door, details of construction, location and extent of hardware blocking, fire ratings, requirements for veneer matching and factory finishing and other pertinent data.

1. For factory-machined doors, indicate dimensions and locations of cutouts for locksets and other cutouts adjacent to light and louver openings.

D. Samples for initial selection in the form of color charts consisting of actual materials in small sections for the following:

1. Faces of factory-finished doors with transparent finish. Show the full range of colors available for stained finishes.
2. Faces of factory-finished doors with opaque finish. Show the full range of colors available.

E. Samples for verification in the form and size indicated below:

1. Corner sections of doors approximately 12 inches (300 mm) square with door faces and edgings representing the typical range of color and grain for each species of veneer and solid lumber required. Finish sample with same materials proposed for factory-finished doors.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Quality Standard: Comply with the following standard:

1. NWWDA Quality Standard: I.S.1-A, "Architectural Wood Flush Doors," of the National Wood Window and Door Association.
2. AWI Quality Standard: "Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards" of the Architectural Woodwork Institute for grade of door, core, construction, finish, and other requirements.

B. Single-Source Responsibility: Obtain doors from one source and by a single manufacturer.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING

A. Protect doors during transit, storage, and handling to prevent damage, soiling, and deterioration. Comply with requirements of referenced standard and manufacturer's instructions.

1. Comply with Technical Bulletin 420-R for delivery, storage, and handling of doors.

B. Identify each door with individual opening numbers as designated on shop drawings, using temporary, removable, or concealed markings.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Conditioning: Do not deliver or install doors until building is enclosed, wet work is complete, and HVAC system is operating and will maintain temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. General Warranty: Door manufacturer's warranty specified in this Article shall not deprive the Owner of other rights the Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by the Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.

B. Door Manufacturer's Warranty: Submit written agreement on door manufacturer's standard form signed by manufacturer, Installer, and Contractor, agreeing to repair or replace defective doors that have warped (bow, cup, or twist) more than 1/4 inch (6.35 mm) in a 42-by-84-inch (1067-by-2134-mm) section or that show telegraphing of core construction in face veneers exceeding 0.01 inch in a 3-inch (0.25 mm in a 75-mm) span, or do not conform to tolerance limitations of referenced quality standards.

1. Warranty shall also include installation and finishing that may be required due to repair or replacement of defective doors where defect was not apparent prior to hanging.
2. Warranty shall be in effect during the following period of time after date of Substantial Completion.
    a. Solid Core Interior Doors: Life of installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering doors that may be incorporated in the Work (No other Manufacturer to be used unless prior approved by addenda)

B. Manufacturer: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide doors by one of the following:

1. Oshkosh Door Company; 2501 Universal Street, P.O. Box 2468, Oshkosh, WI 54904; Ph.: 920.233.6161; www.oshkoshdoor.com.
2. VT Industries; 1000 Industrial Park, P.O. Box 490, Holstein, IA 51025; Ph.: 712.368.4381; www.vtindustries.com.
3. Haley Brothers, Inc.; 6291 Orangethorpe Ave., Buena Park, CA 90620; Ph.: 714.670.2112; www.haleybros.com.

2.2 INTERIOR FLUSH WOOD DOORS

A. Solid Core Doors for Transparent Finish: Comply with the following requirements:

1. Faces: Plain Sliced White Birch, Book/Run Matching
2. Grade: Premium "A"
3. Construction: 5 ply, Hot Pressed
4. Core: Particleboard Core to meet or exceed ANSI/A208.1 for 1-LD-1 or 1-LD-2 door core
5. Bonding: Stiles and rails bonded to core, then entire unit abrasive planed before veneering.
6. Pair Matching: Required at all pairs of doors.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate flush wood doors to comply with following requirements:

1. In sizes indicated for job-site fitting.
2. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated, with the following uniform clearances and bevels:

a. Comply with clearance requirements of referenced quality standard for fitting. Comply with requirements of NFPA 80 for fire-resistance-rated doors.

3. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied. Locate hardware to comply with DHI-WDHS-3. Comply with final hardware schedules, door frame shop drawings, DHI A115-W series standards, and hardware templates.

a. Coordinate measurements of hardware mortises in metal frames to verify dimensions and alignment before proceeding with factory machining.

b. Metal Astragals: Pre-machine astragals and formed-steel edges for hardware for pairs of fire-rated doors.

B. Openings: Cut and trim openings through doors to comply with applicable requirements of referenced standards for kind(s) of door(s) required.

1. Light Openings: Trim openings with moldings of material and profile indicated.

2. Louvers: Factory install louvers in prepared openings.

2.4 SHOP PRIMING

A. Transparent Finish: Shop-seal faces and edges of doors for transparent finish with stain (if required), other required pretreatments, and first coat of finish as specified.

2.5 FACTORY FINISHING

A. General: Comply with referenced quality standard's requirements for factory finishing.

B. Finish wood doors at factory.

C. Transparent Finish: Comply with requirements indicated for grade, finish system, staining effect, and sheen.

1. Grade: Premium.

2. Finish: AWI System TR-6 or better in Factory standard color as directed by the Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine installed door frames prior to hanging door:

1. Verify that frames comply with indicated requirements for type, size, location, and swing characteristics and have been installed with plumb jambs and level heads.

2. Reject doors with defects.

B. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Hardware: For installation see Division 8 Section "Door Hardware."

B. Manufacturer's Instructions: Install wood doors to comply with manufacturer's instructions and referenced quality standard and as indicated.

C. Job-Fit Doors: Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels as indicated below; do not trim stiles and rails in excess of limits set by manufacturer or permitted with fire-rated doors. Machine doors for hardware. Seal cut surfaces after fitting and machining.

1. Fitting Clearances for Non-Fire-Rated Doors: Provide 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) at jambs and heads, 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) per leaf at meeting stiles for pairs of doors, and 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) clearance from bottom of door to top of threshold.

2. Bevel non-fire-rated doors 1/8 inch in 2 inches (3-1/2 degrees) at lock and hinge edges.

D. Factory-Fitted Doors: Align in frames for uniform clearance at each edge.

E. Factory-Finished Doors: Restore finish after installation, if fitting or machining is required at the job site.

3.3 ADJUSTING AND PROTECTION

A. Operation: Re-hang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely.

B. Finished Doors: Refinish or replace doors damaged during installation.

C. Protect doors as recommended by door manufacturer to ensure that wood doors will be without damage or deterioration at the time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08220 – FIBERGLASS REINFORDED PLASTIC (FRP) DOORS AND FRAMES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCIPTION OF WORK

A. The extent of each type of door is shown on the drawings and schedules. The following types of doors are required:

1. Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP) Doors.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufactures Certification: Manufacturer is to have a minimum of 25 years experience in the production of pre-hardwared and pre-assembled door systems, using the type of materials specified for this project.

B. Installers Qualifications: For the installation of the entrance systems, use only mechanics who are thoroughly trained and experienced in the skills required and who are completely familiar with the manufacturer's recommended methods of installation plus the requirements of this work.

1.4 WARRANTY

A. Warranty all fiberglass doors for a period of 10 years against failure due to corrosion. Additionally, warranty all fiberglass doors on materials and workmanship for a period of 10 years, including warp, separation or delaminating and expansion of the core.

1.5 TEST REPORTS AND PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR ALUMINUM HYBRID FRP NARROW STILE DOORS – HURRICANE RATED

A. Entrance systems must comply with requirements for system performance characteristics as determined by the testing methods that follow:

1. Two copies of current test reports covering the test procedures as listed are to be included with the submittals.

B. Complete System Requirements Test: Complete system units that include door, frame and hardware are to meet the following criteria:

1. FBC Protocol for TAS 201; TAS 202; TAS 203 – Pass, and the following additional minimum criteria in conjunction with the qualifications as outlined by previously referenced standards:

a. Thermal Transmittance Tests:

1) U-factors expressed in Btu/ hr-ft (2)-F - AAMA 1503-98 - 0.58

2) R-value expressed in hr-ft (2)-F/Btu - ASTM 1503-98 - 1.73

b. Structural Performance Tests:

1) Air Infiltration –

ASTM E283 @ 1.56 psf (25 mph) - 0.41 cfm/ft (2)

ASTM E283 @ 6.24 psf (50 mph) – 1.06 cfm/ft (2)

2) Water Penetration –

ASTM E331 - 15 Min Cycle - NO ENTRY

3) Uniform Static Load for single door- ASTM E330 - (+) - 195.0

c. Structural Integrity Tests:

1) Exit Bar Pull Off Test - 1300 lbs. minimum load resistance before exit bar disengages from door.

2) Closer Pull Off - 1638 lbs. minimum load resistance before closer disengages from door.

d. Windborne Debris Resistance Tests:

1) Large Missile Impact Test - SFBC PA 201 - 94 – PASSED

2) Cyclic Wind Pressure Test - SFBC PA 203 - 94 - 65PSF

3) Forced Entry Test - SFBC 3603.2 - 300 lbs. – PASSED

e. Indoor Air Quality Test: ASTM D 6670-01: GREENGUARD Environmental Institute Certified including GREENGUARD for Children and Schools Certification.

C. Face Sheet Requirements Test: FRP material and FRP face sheets with core material are to meet the following criteria:

1. Center Door Section (face sheet/core/face sheet) Gardner Impact Test – Nominal Value, ASTM D 3029 120 in-lb.

2. FRP Material (MR85)

a. Flexural Strength Test – ASTM D790 - 22,600 psi (inward) 24,400 psi(outward)

b. Izod Impact Strength Test – ASTM D256 - 15.36 ft-lb./in thickness

c. Barcol Hardness – ASTM D2583 – 50

1.6 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Technical Data Including:

1. Acknowledgment that products submitted meet requirements of standards referenced.

2. Manufacturer shall provide certificate of compliance with current local and federal regulations as it applies to the manufacturing process.

3. Manufacturer’s installation instructions.

4. Schedule of doors indicating the specific reference numbers used on the owner’s project documents, noting door type, frame type, size, handing and applicable hardware.

5. Details of core and edge construction, including factory construction specifications.

6. Certification of manufacturer’s qualifications.

B. Submittal Drawings for approval shall be submitted prior to manufacture and shall include the following Information and formatting:

1. Summary door schedule indicating the specific reference numbers as used on owner’s drawings, with columns noting door type, frame type, size, handing, accessories and hardware.

2. A drawing depicting front and rear door elevations showing hardware with bill of material for each door.

3. Drawing showing dimensional location of each hardware item and size of each door.

4. Individual part drawing and specifications for each hardware item and FRP part or product.

5. Construction and mounting detail for each frame type.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Each door shall be delivered individually crated for protection from damage in cardboard containers, clearly marked with project information, door location, specific reference number as

shown on drawings, and shipping information. Each crate shall contain all fasteners necessary for installation as well as complete installation instructions.

1. Doors shall be stored in the original container on edge, out of inclement weather for protection against the elements.
2. Handle doors pursuant to the manufacturer's recommendations as posted on outside of crate.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. Special-Lite - SL-17 HR Series, FRP/Aluminum Hybrid
2. Special-Lite – SL 260 Aluminum Frames

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

C. NOTE: Manufacturer must meet all technical requirements listed herein.

D. Door Systems Classifications: Door systems for this project are based on criteria as cited for Systems meeting FBC Protocols TAS 201, 202, 203. Doors were tested as a unit and as such, to meet specified criteria all specifications regarding frame and door size must be met and testing documentation outlining the unit specifics as tested must be provided.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Aluminum Members:

1. Doors, frames, miscellaneous components and entrance systems accessories are to be from the same manufacturer. Splitting the source for these items will not be permitted.
2. Provide alloy and temper as recommended for resistance to corrosion and color control. Aluminum member references are ASTM B 221 for extrusions and ASTM B 209 for sheets.

2.3 ALUMINUM FRAMES

A. Standard Closed Back Frames shall be of extruded aluminum 6063-T5 alloy and a wall thickness of .125".

1. Vertical Members: All vertical frame jambs and mullions will be full height of opening.
2. Sections: Tube sections will be 2" x 4 1/2" with joints connected by use of reinforcing clips and machine screws.
3. Finish to be determined by architect.
4. Closed Back Frames are: CDS Model 2400 or equal

2.4 FIBERGLASS NARROW STILE HURRICANE RATED ALUMINUM HYBRID (FRP) DOORS

A. Structural Main Frame: Doors have an aluminum main frame constructed from extruded aluminum 6063 - T5 alloy. Doors are 1 3/4" thick. Main-frame tube is to be a single extruded unit measuring 1 1/2" x 2 1/2" (O.D.) on Sides; Bottom and top rail with a 6" (O.D.) tube.

B. Main Frame Stile Wall Thickness:

1. Side Stiles Minimum 1/8" thick hinge edge wall.
2. Side Stiles Minimum 1/8" thick face walls.
3. Bottom Rail Minimum 1/8" thick face walls.

4. Top Rail Minimum 1/8” thick all walls.

C. Main Frame Joinery: Assembly for the meeting joints of the Rails and Stiles on the main-frame are to include the following:

1. Tie rods inserted into top and bottom rails.
2. Mortise & Tenon with four-point connect fasteners (per joint).
3. **WELDED JOINTS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED**

D. Face Sheets: Face sheets will be fiberglass reinforced polyester, .120” thick, and have a pebble-like embossed finish. Face sheet color will be selected from manufacturer's standard color chart.

E. FRP face sheets are MR85 HIGH IMPACT FRP MATERIAL that has been tested by ASTM S5420 Gardner Impact Test with ”Mean Failure Energy” rating no lower than 411.84 in-lb. (or equal).

F. Core Material: Core material will be 5-lb. density polyurethane with a flame spread rating of no more than 25.

1. URETHANE CORE DOORS will require a letter from the manufacturer offering a special guarantee that the FRP face sheets will not delaminate (bubble) for a period of 25 years, AND that the manufacturer will cover ALL replacement costs if delamination does occur.

G. Edge Trim: Stile Edge Trim is an INTEGRAL part of the main frame and interlocks with the panel. Top and bottom edge trim is removable.

1. Snap on edge trim will not be accepted.

H. Weather Stripping: Weather stripping package as provided by door manufacturer as tested and passed with unit.

I. Hardware Reinforcing: Closer reinforcing to be 1/8” minimum aluminum plate or channel. Surface Applied Exit Device reinforcing to be 1/8” aluminum channel.

J. Narrow Stile Hurricane (FRP) Doors are by one of the following:

1. Basis of Design: Commercial Door Systems F200-HR
2. Approved Manufacturer: SPECIAL LITE, Hurricane Rated Model SL-17 (must provide proof of test reports to confirm hardware configuration for each set of specified hardware passes TAS protocol 201, 202, 203)

K. Vision Lites:

1. Vision lite trim moldings will be aluminum extrusion - 6063-T5 alloy and removable from the inside only.
2. Door Vision Lites will be Factory glazed with hurricane tested glass size
3. Hurricane Rated Vision Lite not to exceed 22” x 32” inches
4. Door Vision Lite Kits are by THE DOOR MANUFACTURER ONLY.

2.5 HARDWARE

A. Hardware locations to be templated as tested for Hurricane approval.

B. Refer to specification section 08700 for hardware requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 VERIFICATION

A. Verification of Conditions:

1. Verify openings are correctly prepared to receive doors and frames.

2. Verify openings are correct size and depth in accordance with submittal drawings.

B. Installer's Examination:

1. Door installer shall examine conditions under which construction activities of this section are to be performed and submit a written report to general contractor if conditions are unacceptable.

2. General Contractor shall submit two copies of the installer's report to the architect within 24 hours of receipt.

3. Installer shall not proceed with installation until all unacceptable conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Doors shall be delivered at job site individually crated. Each crate to be clearly marked with the specific opening information for quick and easy identification.

B. All single doors to be shipped completely assembled in the frame with hardware installed. Double doors to be prehung at the factory to ensure a proper fit and that hardware functions properly, then disassembled for shipping purposes.

C. Install door opening assemblies in accordance with shop drawings and manufacturer's printed installation instructions, using installation methods and materials specified in installation instructions.

D. Field alteration of doors or frames to accommodate field conditions is strictly prohibited. Site tolerances: Maintain plumb and level tolerance specified in manufacturer's printed installation instructions.

E. Fire labeled doors, frames and any associated hardware must be installed by qualified professional installers in strict accordance with manufacturer's instructions and the latest revision of NFPA 80.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust doors in accordance with the door manufacturer's maintenance instructions to swing open and shut without binding and to remain in place at any angle without being moved by gravitational influence.

B. Adjust door hardware to operate correctly in accordance with hardware manufacturer's maintenance instruction.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean surfaces of door opening assemblies and exposed door hardware in accordance with respective manufacturer's maintenance instructions.

3.5 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED PRODUCTS

A. Protect door opening assemblies and door hardware from damage by subsequent construction activities until final inspection.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08330 - COILING DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Insulated Coiling Overhead Doors.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Section 05500 - Metal Fabrications: Support framing and framed opening.

B. Section 08700 - Door Hardware: Product Requirements for cylinder core and keys.

1.3 REFERENCES

A. ANSI/DASMA 108 - American National Standards Institute Standard Method For Testing Sectional Garage Doors And Rolling Doors: Determination Of Structural Performance Under Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference.

B. NFRC 102 - Test Procedure for Measuring the Steady-State Thermal Transmittance of Fenestration Systems.

C. ASTM E 90 - Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Element.

D. ASTM E 330 - Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference.

E. ASTM A 653 - Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process.

F. ASTM A 666 - Standard Specification for Austenitic Stainless Steel Sheet, Strip, Plate, and Flat Bar.

G. ASTM A 924 - Standard Specification for General Requirements for Steel Sheet, Metallic-Coated by the Hot-Dip Process.

H. ASTM B 221 - Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes.

1.4 DESIGN / PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Overhead coiling service doors:

1. Wind Loads: Design door assembly to withstand wind/suction load of 20 psf (958 Pa) without damage to door or assembly components in conformance with ASTM E 330.

2. Operation: Design door assembly, including operator, to operate for not less than 20,000 cycles.

B. Overhead coiling insulated doors:

1. Wind Loads: Design door assembly to withstand wind/suction load of 20 psf (958 Pa) without damage to door or assembly components in conformance with ASTM E 330.

2. Operation: Design door assembly, including operator, to operate for not less than 20,000 cycles.

C. Single-Source Responsibility: Provide doors, tracks, motors, and accessories from one manufacturer for each type of door. Provide secondary components from source acceptable to manufacturer of primary components.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit under provisions of Section 01600.

B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:

1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.

2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
3. Details of construction and fabrication.
4. Installation instructions.

C. Shop Drawings: Include detailed plans, elevations, details of framing members, anchoring methods, required clearances, hardware, and accessories. Include relationship with adjacent construction.

D. Selection Samples: For each finish product specified, two complete sets of color chips representing manufacturer's full range of available colors and patterns.

E. Verification Samples: For each finish product specified, two samples, minimum size 6 inches (150 mm) long, representing actual product, color, and patterns.

F. Manufacturer's Certificates: Certify products meet or exceed specified requirements.

G. Operation and Maintenance Data: Submit lubrication requirements and frequency, and periodic adjustments required.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Furnish each coiling door as a complete unit produced by one manufacturer, including hardware, accessories, mounting and installation components.

B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing Work of this section with a minimum of five years experience in the fabrication and installation of security closures.

C. Installer Qualifications: Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing Work of this section with minimum three years and approved by manufacturer.

D. Mock-Up: Provide a mock-up for evaluation of surface preparation techniques and application workmanship.

1. Finish areas designated by Architect.
2. Do not proceed with remaining work until workmanship, color, and sheen are approved by Architect.
3. Refinish mock-up area as required to produce acceptable work.
4. Anchorages: Furnish all anchoring devices and provide setting drawings, templates, instructions and directions for installation of anchoring devices. Coordinate delivery with other work to avoid delay.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.

B. Protect materials from exposure to moisture. Do not deliver until after wet work is complete and dry.

C. Store materials in a dry, warm, ventilated weathertight location.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Maintain environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, and ventilation) within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's absolute limits.

1.9 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate Work with other operations and installation of adjacent materials to avoid damage to installed materials.

1.10 WARRANTY

A. Warranty: Manufacturer’s limited door and operator system, except the counterbalance spring and finish, to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for 3 years or 20,000 cycles, whichever occurs first.

B. Warranty: Manufacturer's limited door system warranty for 2 years for all parts and components.

C. PowderGuard Finish

1. PowderGuard Max: Applied to curtain, guides, bottom bar, headplates: Manufacturer's limited Max Finish warranty for 5 years.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Overhead Door Corp., 2501 S. State Hwy. 121, Suite 200, Lewisville, TX 75067. ASD. Tel. Toll Free: (800) 275-3290. Phone: (469) 549-7100. Fax: (972) 906-1499. Web Site: www.overheaddoor.com. E-mail: info@overheaddoor.com.

B. Raynor; 1101 East River Road, Dixon, IL 61021-0448; www.raynor.com; PH: 815.285.7144.

C. Cookson; 1901 South Litchfield Road, Goodyear, AZ 85338; www.cooksondoor.com; PH: 800.294.4358

D. Requests for substitutions will be considered in accordance with provisions of Section 01600.

2.2 INSULATED COILING OVERHEAD DOORS

A. Overhead Coiling Stormtite Insulated Service Doors: Overhead Door Corporation Model 625.

1. Curtain: Interlocking roll-formed slats as specified following. Endlocks shall be attached to each end of alternate slats to prevent lateral movement.

a. Flat profile type F-265i for doors up to 40 feet (12.19 m) wide.

b. Front slat fabricated of:

i. 24 gauge galvanized steel.

c. Back slat fabricated of:

i. 24 gauge galvanized steel.

d. Slat cavity filled with CFC-free foamed-in-place, polyurethane insulation.

i. R-Value: 7.7, U-Value: 0.13.

ii. Sound Rating: STC-21.

2. Performance:

a. Through Curtain Sound Rating: Sound Rating: STC-28 (STC-30+ with HZ noise generator) as per ASTM E 90.

b. Installed System Sound Rating: STC-21 as per ASTM E 90.

c. U-factor: 0.91 NFRC test report, maximum U-factor of no higher than 1.00.

d. Air Infiltration: Meets ASHRAE 90.1 & IECC 2012/2015 C402.4.3 Air leakage <1.00 cfm/ft2.

3. Slats and Hood Finish:

a. Galvanized Steel: Slats and hood galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 653 and receive rust-inhibitive, roll coating process, including 0.2 mils thick baked-on prime paint, and 0.6 mils thick baked-on polyester top coat.

i. Powder Coat:

1) PowderGuard Max powder coat, color as selected by Architect.

ii. Non-galvanized exposed ferrous surfaces shall receive one coat of rust-inhibitive primer.

4. Weatherseals:

a. Vinyl bottom seal, exterior guide and internal hood seals.

b. Interior guide weatherseal.

c. Lintel weatherseal.

d. Air Infiltration Package, IECC 2012/2015 listed; product to meet C402.4.3 2012 Air leakage <1.00 cfm/ft2.

i. Air infiltration perimeter seal package includes: guide cover, guide cap, dual brushexterior guide seal, 4 inch finned lintel brush seal and vinyl bottom seal.

5. Bottom Bar:

a. Two galvanized steel angles minimum thickness 1/8 inch (3 mm) bolted back to back to reinforce curtain in the guides.

6. Guides: Three structural steel angles.

7. Brackets:

a. Galvanized steel to support counterbalance, curtain and hood.

8. Finish; Bottom Bar, Guides, Headplate and Brackets:

a. Finish: PowderGuard Max powder color as selected by the Architect.

9. Counterbalance: Helical torsion spring type housed in a steel tube or pipe barrel, supporting the curtain with deflection limited to 0.03 inch per foot of span. Counterbalance is adjustable by means of an adjusting tension wheel.

10. Hood: Provide with internal hood baffle weatherseal.

a. 24 gauge galvanized steel with intermediate supports as required.

11. Manual Operation:

a. Chain hoist.

b. Crank Operation

12. Windload Design:

a. Standard windload shall be 20 PSF.

13. Locking:

a. Chain keeper locks for chain hoist operation.

b. Interior slide bolt lock for electric operation with interlock switch.

c. Cylinder lock for electric operation with interlock switch.

14. Wall Mounting Condition:

a. As indicated on drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify opening sizes, tolerances and conditions are acceptable.

B. Examine conditions of substrates, supports, and other conditions under which this work is to be performed.

C. If substrate preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.

B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

B. Use anchorage devices to securely fasten assembly to wall construction and building framing without distortion or stress.

C. Securely and rigidly brace components suspended from structure. Secure guides to structural members only.

D. Fit and align assembly including hardware; level and plumb, to provide smooth operation.

E. Coordinate installation of electrical service with Section 16150. Complete wiring from disconnect to unit components.

F. Coordinate installation of sealants and backing materials at frame perimeter as specified in Section 07900.

G. Install perimeter trim and closures.

H. Instruct Owner’s personnel in proper operating procedures and maintenance schedule.

3.4 ADJUSTING

A. Test for proper operation and adjust as necessary to provide proper operation without binding or distortion.

B. Adjust hardware and operating assemblies for smooth and noiseless operation.

3.5 CLEANING

A. Clean curtain and components using non-abrasive materials and methods recommended by manufacturer.

B. Remove labels and visible markings.

C. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

3.6 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed products until completion of project.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08410 - ALUMINUM STOREFRONTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of aluminum entrances and storefronts is indicated on drawings and schedules.

B. Types of aluminum entrances required include the following:

1. **Frames for exterior entrances**
2. **Frames for interior entrances**
3. **Frames for Exterior Glazed Windows.**
4. **Storefront type framing system for exterior applications.**
5. **Storefront type framing system for interior applications.**
6. **Interior and Exterior Storefront Doors**.

C. Glazing: Refer to “Glass and Glazing” section of Division 8 for glazing requirements for aluminum entrances and storefronts specified herein to be factory pre-glazed.

1.3 SYSTEM PERFORMANCES

A. General: Provide exterior entrance and storefront assemblies that have been designed and fabricated to comply with requirements for system performance characteristics listed below as demonstrated by testing manufacturer’s corresponding stock systems according to test methods designated. System shall be of design styles indicated. System components and accessories shall be from the same manufacturer, to the maximum extent possible.

B. Thermal Movement: Allow for expansion and contraction resulting from ambient temperature range of 120 degree F.

C. Wind Loading: Provide capacity to withstand loading indicated below, tested per ASTM E 330.

1. Uniform pressure of 20 psf inward and 20 psf outward.

D. Transmission Characteristics of Fixed Framing: Comply with requirements indicated below for transmission characteristics and test methods.

1. Air and Water Leakages: Air infiltration of not more than 0.06 CFM per sq. ft. of fixed area per ASTM E 283 and no uncontrolled water penetration per ASTM E 331 at pressure differential of 6.24 psf (excluding operable door edges).
2. Condensation Resistance: Not less than 51 CRF per AAMA 1502.7.
3. Thermal Transmittance: U-value of not more than 0.65 Btu/(hr x sf x degree F) per AAMA 1503.1.

E. Transmission Characteristics of Entrances: Provide entrance doors with jamb and head frames which comply with requirements indicated below for transmission characteristics and test methods.

1. Air Leakage: Air infiltration per linear foot of perimeter crack of not more than 0.50 CFM for single doors and 1.0 CFM for pairs of doors per ASTM E 283 at pressure differential of 1.567 psf.
2. Condensation Resistance: Not less than 48 CRF per AAMA 1502.7.
3. Thermal Transmittance: U-value of not more than 0.93 Btu/(hr x sf x degree F) per AAMA 1503.1.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Drawings: Plans, elevations and details show spacings of members as well as profile and similar dimensional requirements of aluminum entrances and storefront work. Minor deviations will be accepted in order to utilize manufacturer's standard products when, in Architect's sole judgment, such deviations do not materially detract from design concept or intended performances.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's specifications, standard details, and installation recommendations for components of aluminum entrances and storefronts required for project, including test reports certifying that products have been tested and comply with performance requirements.

B. Samples: Submit samples of each type and color of aluminum finish on 12" long sections of extrusions or formed shapes and on 6" square sheets. Where normal color and texture variations are to be expected, include 2 or more units in each set of samples showing limits of such variations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ALUMINUM DOORS, FRAMES & STOREFRONTS

A. Manufacturers: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. Kawneer North America
2. Tubelite, Inc.
3. Coral Industries, Inc./Coral Architectural Products
4. YKK AP America, Inc.
5. Oldcastle
6. Record

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS AND ACCESSORIES

A. Aluminum Members: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for strength, corrosion resistance, and application of required finish; ASTM B 221 for extrusion, ASTM B 209 for sheet/plate.

B. Fasteners: Aluminum, non-magnetic stainless steel, or other materials warranted by manufacturer to be noncorrosive and compatible with aluminum components.

1. Do not use exposed fasteners except where unavoidable for application of hardware. Match finish of adjoining metal.
2. Provide Phillips flat-head machine screws for exposed fasteners.

C. Concealed Flashing: Dead-soft stainless steel, 26 gauge minimum, or extruded aluminum, 0.062" minimum, of an alloy and type selected by manufacturer for compatibility with other components.

D. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's high-strength aluminum units where feasible; otherwise, non-magnetic stainless steel or hot-dip galvanized steel complying with ASTM A 386.

E. Concrete/Masonry Inserts: Cast-iron, malleable iron, or hot-dip galvanized steel complying with ASTM A 386.

F. Bituminous Coatings: Cold-applied asphalt mastic complying with SSPC-PS 12, compounded for 30-mil thickness per coat.

G. Compression Weatherstripping: Manufacturer's standard replaceable stripping of either molded neoprene gaskets complying with ASTM D 2000 or molded PVC gaskets complying with ASTM D 2287.

H. Sliding Weatherstripping: Manufacturer's standard replaceable stripping of wool, polypropylene, or nylon woven pile, with nylon fabric or aluminum strip backing, complying with AAMA 701.2.

I. Glass and Glazing Materials: Provide glass and glazing materials which comply with requirements of "Glass and Glazing" section of these specifications.

2.3 HARDWARE

A. General: Hardware shall comply with requirements of the "Americans with Disabilities Act". Refer to hardware section of Division 8 for requirements for hardware items other than those indicated herein to be provided by manufacturer of aluminum entrances. See Section **8700 Finish Hardware.**

1. Push/Pull Handles: CO-9 design, by Kawneer. Finish as per the Door Schedule.
2. All other hardware shall be as per Section 08700, Finish Hardware.

2.4 FRAMING

A. Types:

1. Storefront type framing system for insulated exterior applications:
   a. Framing system shall be equal to TriFab Versaglaze 451, by Kawneer.
2. Storefront type framing system for non-insulated interior applications:
   a. Framing system shall be equal to TriFab Versaglaze 450, by Kawneer.

B. General:

1. Support Members: Extruded aluminum alloy 6063-T6 or 6061-T6 complying with ASTM B-221.
2. Flashing/Closures: Formed aluminum 5005-H34 alloy, min. thickness .040", complying with ASTM B-209.
3. Cap System: Manufacturer's standard cap glazing system consisting of rectangular (rafter) and beveled (horizontal) glazing gaps which will secure all sides of each light of glass against negative and positive loads.
4. Fasteners: A300 stainless steel.
5. Sealant: Silicone (FS TT-S-0015 43A and TT-S-0023 o.c.)

2.5 FABRICATION

A. Sizes and Profiles: Required sizes for door and frame units, including profile requirements, are indicated on drawings. Any variable dimensions are indicated, together with maximum and minimum dimensions required to achieve design requirements and coordination with other work.

B. Prefabrication: To greatest extent possible, complete fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work before shipment to project site. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation.

1. Preglaze door and frame units to greatest extent possible, in coordination with installation and hardware requirements.
2. Do not drill and tap for surface-mounted hardware items until time of installation at project site.
3. Perform fabrication operations, including cutting, fitting, forming, drilling and grinding of metal work in manner which prevents damage to exposed finish surfaces. For hardware, perform these operations prior to application of finishes.

C. Welding: Comply with AWS recommendations to avoid discoloration; grind exposed welds smooth and restore mechanical finish.

D. Reinforcing: Install reinforcing as necessary for performance requirements; separate dissimilar metals with bituminous paint or other separator which will prevent corrosion.

E. Continuity: Maintain accurate relation of planes and angles, with hairline fit of contacting members.

F. Fasteners: Conceal fasteners wherever possible.

G. Weatherstripping: For exterior doors, provide compression weatherstripping against fixed stops; at other edges, provide sliding weatherstripping retained in adjustable strip mortised into door edge.

1. Provide EPDM/vinyl blade gasket weatherstripping in bottom door rail, adjustable for contact with threshold.

2.6 STOREFRONT FRAMING SYSTEM

A. General: Provide inside-outside matched center glazed system with provisions for glass replacement. Shop-fabricate and preassemble frame components where possible.

2.7 ALUMINUM DOOR FRAMES

A. Fabricate tubular and channel frame assemblies, as indicated, with either welded or mechanical joints in accordance with manufacturer's standards, reinforced as necessary to support required loads.

2.8 STILE-AND-RAIL TYPE ALUMINUM DOORS

A. Frame: Provide tubular frame members, fabricated with mechanical joints using heavy inserted reinforcing plates and concealed tie-rods or j-bolts, or fabricate with structurally welded joints, at manufacturer's option.

B. Design:

1. Provide doors equal to Model 500 by Kawneer, wide stile design with 8" high horizontal crossrail.

C. Glazing: Fabricate doors to facilitate replacement of glass or panels, without disassembly of door stiles and rails. Provide snap-on extruded aluminum glazing stops, with exterior stops anchored for non-removal.

2.9 FINISHES

A. Baked Enamel Finish: Premium color selection equal to Kawneer #22 Stock Permafluor Architectural Coating (Hylar 5000 or Kynar 500), factory applied and oven baked for a topcoat thickness of 1.0 - 1.3 mils.

1. Color to be selected by Architect after bid date from manufacturer standards

2. Color selections MUST include "White".

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Field Measurement: Wherever possible, take field measurements prior to preparation of shop drawings and fabrication, to ensure proper fitting of work.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation of aluminum entrances.

B. Set units plumb, level, and true to line, without warp or rack of framing members, doors, or panels. Anchor securely in place, separating aluminum and other corrodible metal surfaces from sources of corrosion of electrolytic action at points of contact with other materials.

C. Drill and tap frames and apply surface-mounted hardware items, complying with hardware manufacturer's instructions and template requirements. Use concealed fasteners wherever possible.

D. Set sill members and other members in bed of sealant as indicated, or with joint fillers or gaskets as indicated to provide weathertight construction. Comply with requirements of Division 7 for sealants, fillers, and gaskets.

E. Refer to "Glass and Glazing" section of Division 8 for installation of glass and spandrel panels indicated to be glazed into framing, and not preglazed by manufacturer.

3.3 ADJUST AND CLEAN:

A. Adjust operating hardware to function properly, without binding, and to prevent tight fit at contact points and weatherstripping.

B. Clean completed systems, inside and out, promptly after erection and installation of glass and sealants. Remove excess glazing and joint sealants, dirt, and other substances from aluminum surfaces.

C. Institute protective measures and other precautions required to assure that aluminum entrances and storefronts will be without damage or deterioration, other than normal weathering, at time of acceptance.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 08700 - FINISH HARDWARE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes items known commercially as finish or door hardware that are required for swing, sliding, and folding doors, except special types of unique hardware specified in the same sections as the doors and door frames on which they are installed.

B. This Section includes the following:

1. Hinges.
2. Key control system.
3. Lock cylinders and keys.
4. Lock and latch sets.
5. Bolts.
6. Exit devices.
7. Push/pull units.
8. Closers.
9. Overhead holders.
10. Miscellaneous door control devices.
11. Door trim units.
12. Protection plates.
13. Weather-stripping for exterior doors.
14. Sound stripping for interior doors.
15. Astragals or meeting seals on pairs of doors.
16. Thresholds.

C. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:

1. Division 8 Section "Standard Steel Doors and Frames" for silencers integral with hollow metal frames.
2. Division 8 Section "Flush Wood Doors" for factory pre-fitting and factory pre-machining of doors for door hardware.
3. Division 8 Section "Aluminum Entrances and Storefronts" for aluminum entrance door hardware, except cylinders.

1.3 HARDWARE ALLOWANCE

A. Allowance of $2,500.00 for Certified AHC (Architectural Hardware Consultant) & FDAI (Fire Door Assembly Inspector – document of certification from DHI must be provided) to visit job site upon substantial completion as directed by Architect. A written report will be required for the Owner, Architect, and Contractor.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

The supplier must have demonstrated willingness to coordinate field problems, and (upon reasonable compensation) to assist the Owner in re-keying and service operations. He must have a reputation for supplying quality material. Pre-bid approval is required **by Addendum** 10 days in advance of the Bid Day. The following Suppliers are accorded such approval in advance:

a. Brabner & Hollon; Mobile, AL
b. Mullins Building Products; Montgomery, AL
c. Rayford & Associates, Inc.; Mobile, AL
d. Kelley Bros.; Daphne AL

1.5 SUPPLIER

A. Door hardware supplier's responsibilities shall be as follows:

1. Submittals: Submit through Contractor required product data, final hardware schedule;

   separate keying schedule, and samples as specified in this Section, unless otherwise indicated.

2. **Hardware Review Meeting**: Hardware Supplier shall attend a scheduled “Hardware Review Meeting” with the Contractor, Owner and Architect representative. All Hardware products, hardware installation locations, finishes, color selections, ratings and keying is to be reviewed and discussed. The Hardware Supplier understands the Hardware Submittal is not deemed “Fully Approved” until the Owner has completed their review and given “Approval”.

3. Construction Schedule: Inform Contractor promptly of estimated times and dates that will be required to process submittals, to furnish templates, to deliver hardware, and to perform other work associated with furnishing door hardware for purposes of including this data in construction schedule. Comply with this schedule.

4. Coordination and Templates: Assist Contractor as required to coordinate hardware with other work in respect to both fabrication and installation. Furnish Contractor with templates and deliver hardware to proper locations.

5. Product Handling: Package, identify, deliver, and inventory door hardware specified in this Section.

6. Discrepancies: Based on requirements indicated in Contract Documents in effect at time of door hardware selection, furnish types, finishes, and quantities of door hardware, including fasteners, and Owner's maintenance tools required to comply with specified requirements and as needed to install and maintain hardware. Furnish or replace any items of door hardware resulting from shortages and incorrect items at no cost to the Owner or Contractor. Obtain signed receipts from Contractor for all delivered materials.

B. Contractor's responsibilities shall be as follows:

1. Submittals: Coordinate and process submittals for door hardware in same manner as submittals for other work.

2. **Hardware Review Meeting**: Contractor is to schedule and attend a “Hardware Review Meeting” with the Owner, Hardware Supplier and Architect Representative. All Hardware products, hardware installation locations, finishes, color selections, ratings and keying is to be reviewed and discussed. The Contractor understands the Hardware Submittal is not deemed “Fully Approved” until the Owner has completed their review and given “Approval”.

3. Construction Schedule: Cooperate with door hardware supplier in establishing scheduled dates for submittals and delivery of templates and door hardware. Incorporate in construction schedule the times and dates related to furnishing hardware by door hardware supplier.

4. Coordination: Coordinate door hardware with other Work. Furnish hardware supplier or manufacturer with shop drawings of other work where required or requested. Verify completeness and suitability of hardware with supplier. Coordinate all wiring, raceways, accesses and final connections to all electronic devices and components per manufacturer requirements for a fully functioning system.

5. Product Handling: Provide secure lock-up for hardware delivered to the site. Inventory hardware jointly with representative of hardware supplier and issue signed receipts for all delivered materials.

6. Installation Information: The general types and approximate quantities of hardware required for this Project are indicated at the end of this Section in order to establish Contractor's costs for installation and other work not included in allowance.

7. No adjustments in Contract sum will be made for costs other than those covered by the allowances for subsequent increases or decreases in quantity of one or more hardware types that do not exceed 5 percent.

1.6 SUBMITTALS

A. General: Submit the following in accordance with Conditions of Contract and Division 1 Specification sections.

B. Product data including manufacturers' technical product data for each item of door hardware, installation instructions, maintenance of operating parts and finish, and other information necessary to show compliance with requirements.

C. Final hardware schedule coordinated with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.

1. Upon return of the reviewed finish hardware schedule, arrange for a meeting with the Owner and representatives of Architect. A keying schedule will be established and submitted to the Architect and Owner. After review, the keying schedule will be returned to representatives of Finish Hardware Supplier so that permanent cylinders and keys can be prepared on a timely basis.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Substitutions: All substitution requests must be submitted before bidding and within the procedures and time frame as outlined in Division 1, General Requirements. Approval of products is at the discretion of the architect and his hardware consultant.

B. Single Source Responsibility: Obtain each type of hardware (latch and lock sets, hinges, closers, etc.) from a single manufacturer.

C. Supplier Qualifications: A recognized architectural door hardware supplier, with warehousing facilities in the Project's vicinity, that has a record of successful in-service performance for a minimum of 10 years, for supplying door hardware similar in quantity, type, and quality to that indicated for this Project and that employs an experienced “ Certified “architectural hardware consultant (AHC)“ as recognized by the Door and hardware Institute (DHI). All submittals shall be signed by an AHC who is available to Owner, Architect, and Contractor, at reasonable times during the course of the Work, for consultation.

D. Fire-Rated Openings: Provide door hardware for fire-rated openings that complies with NFPA Standard No. 80 and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Provide only items of door

hardware that are listed and are identical to products tested by UL, Warnock Hersey, FM, or other testing and inspecting organization acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for use on types and sizes of doors indicated in compliance with requirements of fire-rated door and door frame labels.

1.8 PRODUCT HANDLING

A. Tag each item or package separately with identification related to final hardware schedule, and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.

B. Packaging of door hardware is responsibility of supplier. As material is received by hardware supplier from various manufacturers, sort and repackage in containers clearly marked with appropriate hardware set number to match set numbers of approved hardware schedule. Two or more identical sets may be packed in same container.

C. Inventory door hardware jointly with representatives of hardware supplier and hardware installer until each is satisfied that count is correct.

D. Deliver individually packaged door hardware items promptly to place of installation (shop or Project site).

E. Provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to the Project, but not yet installed. Control handling and installation of hardware items that are not immediately replaceable so that completion of the Work will not be delayed by hardware losses both before and after installation.

1.9 MAINTENANCE

A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions as needed for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 HINGES

A. MANUFACTURERES

1. Hager
2. McKinney
3. Stanley

B. MATERIAL:

1. Provide only template produced units
2. Provide Phillips flat-head or machine screws for installation of units, except furnish Phillips flat-head wood screws for installation of units in to wood. Finish screw heads to match surface of hinges or pivots.
3. Hinge pins, except as noted, are to be provided as follows:
    a. Steel Hinges: Steel pins
    b. Non-ferrous Hinges: Stainless steel pins
    c. Exterior Doors: Use Non-Removable Pins
    d. Interior Doors: Non-rising pins
    e. Electric Hinges: Non-removable pins

4. Tips shall be flat button and matching plug, finished to match leaves.
5. Provide number of hinges indicated but not less than three (3) hinges for door leaf of 90” or less in height and one additional hinge for each 30” of additional height.
6. Provide ball bearing hinges of the type and weight suggested by the hinge manufacturer for each type of door application.

2.2 CONTINOUS GEARED HINGES

A. MANUFACTURERES
   1. Hager Companies
   2. ABH Manufacturing
   3. SELECT Products Ltd
   4. Stanley
   5. National Guard Products

B. MATERIAL:
   1. Fully Concealed Hinges, Heavy Duty
   2. Conform to ANSI/BHMA A156.26-2006 Grade 1.
   3. Typical hinge height shall be 1" less than nominal door height.

2.3 LOCK CYLINERS AND KEYING

A. MANUFACTURERES
   1. All cylinders must be keyed to the existing system for **Gulf Shores City Schools**

B. MATERIAL
   1. Keys shall be furnished as follows:
      a. 3 each Change Keys per core/or keyed alike group
      b. 3 each Grand Master Key
      c. 3 each Master Key per level
      d. 3 each Control Key
   2. Provide a key control system including envelopes, labels, and tags with self-locking key clips, receipt forms, 3-way visible card index, temporary markers, permanent markers, and standard metal cabinet. Key control cabinet shall expansion capacity of 150% of the number of locks required for the project.

2.4 LOCKSETS AND LATCHSETS

A. MANUFACTURERES
   1. Stanley/Best 9K3 Series, 14D Design
   2. No Sub – Owners Standard

B. MATERIAL

1. Locksets and latch-sets of all manufacturers must conform to the requirements of Sub paragraphs 2 and be approved by the Architect.
2. Cylindrical Lock Type
    a. Locksets and latch sets must conform to ANSI A156.2 Series 4000, Operational Grade 1, and be UL Listed.

       OR
3. Mortise Type
    a. Locksets and latch sets must conform to ANSI A156.2 Series 1000, Grade 1, and be UL Listed
    b. Locksets and latch-sets must be heavy duty mortise type with 2-3/4 in. backset, or greater as specified, with a 3/4 inch throw latch-bolt.
    c. Locksets shall be furnished with a cylinder housing that accepts a small format interchangeable core. Cores must be furnished by Best Access Systems.
    d. Trim to be 14D Design.

2.5 EXIT DEVICES

A. MANUFACTURERES
1. Sargent 8800 Series x ET Trim Design
2. Best/Precision Apex 2000 Series x 4900D Trim Design
3. Von Duprin 98/99 Series x 996L Trim Design

B. MATERIAL
1. All exit devices to be of one manufacturer and provided in same finish and lever design as locksets.
2. Provide sex nuts and bolts for attachment of surface applied items to doors.
3. Devices shall be UL listed. Devices for fire rated openings shall bear factory installed UL markings that indicate approval for fire rated openings.
4. All exit devices shall be touch-bar type design and Grooved aluminum extrusions are not allowed.
5. All exit devices shall comply with ANSI A156.3, Grade 1.
6. Exit devices must meet hurricane code where required.
7. Exit device lever trim shall be equal to 14D design.

2.6 CLOSERS

A. MANUFACTURERES
1. LCN – 4040XP Series
2. Stanley/Best – HD8000 Series
3. Hager Companies - 5100 Series

B. MATERIAL

1. Size of units: Except as otherwise specifically indicated, comply with the manufacturer's recommendations for size of door control unit, depending upon size of door, exposure to weather and anticipated frequency of use.

   a. Where parallel arms are indicated for closers, provide closer unit one size larger than recommended for use with standard arms.

   b. Where manual closers are indicated for doors required to be accessible to the physically handicapped, provide adjustable units, ANSI opening force and delayed action closing.

2. Provide manual closers that are certified to exceed ten million (10,000,000) full load operating cycles by a recognized independent testing laboratory. Closers are to be fully hydraulic, rack and pinion action with high strength cast aluminum or cast iron cylinders and one piece forged steel pistons. Hydraulic fluid to be of a type requiring no seasonal adjustments for temperature. Hydraulic regulation to be controlled by tamper-proof, non-critical screw values, adjustable with a hex by tamper-proof, non-critical screw valves, adjustable with a hex wrench. Separate adjustments for back check, general speed, and latch speed. Where detailed on double lever arm closers, provide a delayed action feature to delay closing up to one minute for maximum opening to approximately 75 degrees. Back check shall be properly located for protection of the door, frame and applied hardware.

2. Use of closers with built-in spring or cushion stops will be allowed in lieu of overhead stops.

3. All door closers shall comply with ANSI A156.4 Grade 1 and meet the standards of ANSI A117.1 for barrier-free accessibility.

2.7 OVERHEAD STOPS AND HOLDERS

A. MANUFACTURERES

1. Dormakaba
2. ABH Manufacturing
3. Hager Companies

B. MATERIAL

1. Conform to ANSI A156.8 Grade 1.
2. Surface Mount, Heavy or Medium Duty (refer to hardware sets)

2.8 PUSH/PULLS & PROTECTION PLATES

A. MANUFACTURERES

1. Hager Companies
2. Burns Mfgr.
3. Trimco Hardware

B. MATERIAL

1. Provide manufacturers standard exposed fasteners for installation, through bolted for matched pairs, but not of single units.
2. Provide 16 gauge minimum thickness for plates.
3. Where specified in the schedule, push/pulls shall have an antimicrobial coating.

2.9 THRESHOLDS, WEATHERSTRIPPING & GASKETING

A. MANUFACTURERES

1. Zero
2. Hager
3. National Guard

B. MATERIAL

1. Provide continuous weather-stripping at each edge of every exterior door leaf, except as otherwise indicated.
2. Provide type, size and profile shown as scheduled.
3. Provide non-corrosive fasteners as recommended by manufacturer for application indicated. Do not specify adhesive backed weather-strip or gasket material.
4. Where replaceable seal strips are scheduled, provide only those units where resilient or flexible seal strip is easily replaceable from stocks maintained by manufacturer.
5. Proved standard metal threshold unit of type, size and profile shown as scheduled.

2.10 FINISHES

A. Hardware finishes shall conform to ANSI and shall be as listed below for aluminum, FRP, hollow metal and wood doors:

B. Finishes Table:

Butt Hinges	652 Satin Chrome Plated Steel
Continuous Geared Aluminum Hinges	628 Clear Anodized Aluminum, except at aluminum storefront doors. At Aluminum storefront doors, provide anodized or Kynar finish as required to match specified door finish.
Cont. Pin & Barrel Hinges	630 Satin Stainless Steel
Flush Bolts	626 Satin Chrome Plated
Locksets	626 Satin Chrome Plated
Exit Devices	630/626 Satin Chrome Plated
Door Closers	689 Powder Coat Aluminum
Push Plates	630 Satin Stainless Steel
Pull Plates	630 Satin Stainless Steel
Protective Plates	630 Satin Stainless Steel
Door Stops	626 Satin Chrome Plated
Overhead Holders	630 Satin Stainless Steel

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install each hardware item in compliance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations. Where cutting and fitting is required to install hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted of finished in another way, install each item completely and then remove and store in a secure place during the finish application. After completion of the finishes, reinstall each item.

1. Do not install surface mounted items until finishes have been completed on the substrate.

B. Conform to ANSI A117.1 for positioning requirements for the handicapped.

3.2 PROTECTION AND CLEANING

A. After installation, clean metal surfaces on both interior and exterior of all mortar, paint and other contaminants. After cleaning, protect work against damage.

3.3 FINAL ADJUSTMENT

A. Whenever hardware is installed more than one month prior to occupancy or acceptance, return during the week prior to acceptance or occupancy and make a final inspection and adjustment of all hardware items in such space or area.

3.4 HARDWARE SCHEDULE

END OF SECTION 087100

SECTION 08800 – GLAZING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes:

1. Glass for windows
2. Glass for doors
3. Glass for interior borrowed lites
4. Glass for storefront framing.
5. Glazing sealants and accessories.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. Glass Manufacturers: Firms that produce primary glass as defined in referenced glazing publications.

B. Glass Fabricators: Firms that produce the fabricated glass products. Fabrication processes include cutting, heat processing, insulating, spandrel, laminating and other as fabrication activities defined in referenced glazing publications.

1.3 REFERANCE STANDARDS

A. American Society of Test and Material (ASTM)

1. ASTM C1036: Standard Specification for Flat Glass
2. ASTM C1048: Standard Specification for Heat-Treated Flat Glass--Kind HS, Kind FT Coated and Uncoated Glass
3. ASTM C1172: Standard Specification for Laminated Architectural Flat Glass
4. ASTM C1376: Standard Specification for Pyrolytic and Vacuum Deposition Coatings on Glass.
5. ASTM E119: Standard Test Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials
6. ASTM E1886: Standard Test Method for Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, Doors, and Impact Protective Systems Impacted by Missile(s) and Exposed to Cyclic Pressure Differentials
7. ASTM E1996: Standard Specification for Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, Doors, and Impact Protective Systems Impacted by Windborne Debris in Hurricanes
8. ASTM E 2190 - Standard Specification for Insulating Glass Unit Performance and Evaluation

B. American National Standards Institute (ANSI)

1. ANSI z97.1: For Safety Glazing Materials Used In Buildings - Safety Performance Specifications And Methods Of Test

C. Consumer Products Safety Commission

1. CPSC 16 CFR 1201: Safety Standard for Architectural Glazing Materials

D. International Code Council

1. ICC 500: ICC/NSSA Standard for the Design and Construction of Storm Shelters

1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate glazing channel dimensions to provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product provide performance characteristics, certificates of compliance, installation instructions, and cleaning and maintenance instructions.

B. Glass Samples: For each type of glass product other than clear monolithic vision glass; 12” x 12” inches (300 mm) square. For each type of sealant/gasket exposed to view; 12” length sample. Install sealant/gasket sample between two strips of materials representative of adjoining framing system in color.

C. Glazing Schedule: List glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

D. Delegated-Design Submittal: For glass indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Preconstruction adhesion and compatibility test report.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Sealant Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated.

B. Single Source Responsibility: Provide materials obtained from one source for each type of glass and glazing product indicated

1.8 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Testing: Test each glass product, tape sealant, gasket, glazing accessory, and glass-framing member for adhesion to and compatibility with elastomeric glazing sealants.

1. Testing is not required if data are submitted based on previous testing of current sealant products and glazing materials matching those submitted.

1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect glass and glazing materials during delivery, storage and handling to comply with manufacturer's directions and as required to prevent edge damage to glass, and damage to glass and glazing materials form effects of moisture including condensation, of temperature changes, of direct exposure to sun, and from other causes.

1.10 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Conditions: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside the limits permitted by glazing material manufacturer or when joint substrates are wet due to rain, frost, condensation or other causes. Install glazing sealants only when temperatures are in middle third of manufacturer's recommended installation temperature range.

1.11 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Coated-Glass Products: Manufacturer agrees to replace coated-glass units that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of coated glass is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning coated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects

include peeling, cracking, and other indications of deterioration in coating.

1. Warranty Period: Ten (10) years from date of Substantial Completion.

B. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Laminated Glass: Manufacturer agrees to replace laminated-glass units that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of laminated glass is defined as defects developed from normal use that are not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning laminated glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Defects

include edge separation, delamination materially obstructing vision through glass, and blemishes exceeding those allowed by referenced laminated-glass standard.

1. Warranty Period: Five (5) years from date of Substantial Completion.

C. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Insulating Glass: Manufacturer agrees to replace insulating-glass units that deteriorate within specified warranty period. Deterioration of insulating glass is defined as failure of hermetic seal under normal use that is not attributed to glass breakage or to maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to manufacturer's written instructions. Evidence of failure is the obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on interior surfaces of glass.

1. Warranty Period: Ten (10) years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Approved Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide AGC Glass North America, Inc or approved equal product by one of the following:

1. Vitro Architectural Glass (Basis of Design)
2. Guardian Glass.

B. Approved Fabricators: Subject to compliance with requirements

1. American Insulated Glass
2. OldCastle Building Envelope
3. Trulite Glass and Aluminum Solutions
4. Tristar Glass

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer to design glazing. A professional engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and who is experienced in providing engineering services of the kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of the system, assembly, or product that are similar to those indicated for this Project in material, design, and extent.

B. Structural Performance: Glazing shall withstand the following design loads within limits and under conditions indicated determined according to the 2021 International Building Code and ASTM E 1300.

1. Design Wind Pressures: As indicated on Drawings.
2. Design Snow Loads: As indicated on Drawings.

C. Differential Shading: Design glass to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading within individual glass lites.

D. Safety Glazing: Where safety glazing is indicated, provide glazing that complies with 16 CFR 1201, Category II.

E. Thermal and Optical Performance Properties: Provide glass with performance properties specified, as indicated in manufacturer's published test data, based on procedures indicated below:

1. U-Factors: Center-of-glazing values, according to NFRC 100 and based on LBL's WINDOW 7.3 computer program, expressed as Btu/sq. ft. x h x deg F.
2. Solar Heat-Gain Coefficient and Visible Transmittance: Center-of-glazing values, according to NFRC 200 and based on LBNL's WINDOW 7.3 computer program.
3. Visible Reflectance: Center-of-glazing values, according to NFRC 300.

2.3 GLASS PRODUCTS, GENERAL

A. Glazing Publications: Comply with published recommendations of glass product manufacturers and organizations below unless more stringent requirements are indicated. See these publications for glazing terms not otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.

1. GANA Publications: “Laminated Glazing Reference Manual", "Glazing Manual", and “Sealant Manual”.
2. AAMA Publications: AAMA GDSG-1, "Glass Design for Sloped Glazing," and AAMA TIR A7, "Sloped Glazing Guidelines."
3. IGMA Publication for Sloped Glazing: IGMA TB-3001, "Guidelines for Sloped Glazing."
4. IGMA Publication for Insulating Glass: SIGMA TM-3000, "North American Glazing Guidelines for Sealed Insulating Glass Units for Commercial and Residential Use."

B. Safety Glazing Labeling: Where safety glazing is indicated, permanently mark glazing with certification label of the SGCC or another certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Label shall indicate manufacturer's name, type of glass, thickness, and safety glazing standard with which glass complies.

C. Insulating-Glass Certification Program: Permanently marked either on spacers or on at least one component lite of units with appropriate certification label of IGCC.

D. Thickness: Where glass thickness is indicated, it is a minimum. Provide glass that complies with performance requirements and is not less than the thickness indicated.

E. Strength: Where annealed float glass is indicated, provide annealed float glass, heat-strengthened float glass, or fully tempered float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where heat-strengthened float glass is indicated, provide heat-strengthened float glass or fully tempered float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where fully tempered float glass is indicated, provide fully tempered float glass.

F. Heat-Treated Float Glass: Where heat treated float glass is required or indicated provide glass in accordance to ASTM C 1048; Type I; Quality-Q3; Class I (clear) unless otherwise indicated; of kind and condition indicated.

1. Fabrication Process: By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed unless otherwise indicated.
2. For uncoated glass, comply with requirements for Condition A.
3. For coated vision glass, comply with requirements for Condition C (other coated glass).

2.4 GLASS PRODUCTS

A. Clear Annealed Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class 1 (clear), Quality-Q3.

B. Tinted Annealed Float Glass: ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class 2 (tinted), Quality-Q3.

Fully Tempered Float Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT (fully tempered), Condition A (uncoated) unless otherwise indicated, Type I, Class 1 (clear) or Class 2 (tinted) as indicated, Quality-Q3.

C. Heat-Strengthened Float Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind HS (heat strengthened), Type I, Condition A (uncoated) unless otherwise indicated, Type I, Class 1 (clear) or Class 2 (tinted) as indicated, Quality-Q3.

D. Sputtered Coated Low-Emissivity Clear Vision Glass, ASTM C 1376, Kind CV (coated vision glass), coated by sputtered process, ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class I (clear) or Class 2 (tinted) as indicated, Quality-Q3.

E. Pyrolytic Coated Low-Emissivity Clear Vision Glass, ASTM C 1376, Kind CO (coated overhead glass), coated by pyrolytic process, ASTM C 1036, Type I, Class I (clear) or Class 2 as indicated, Quality-Q3.

F. Ceramic-Coated Vision Glass: ASTM C 1048, Condition C, Type I, Class 1 (clear) or Class 2 (tinted) as indicated, Quality-Q3; and complying with Specification No. 95-1-31 in GANA's "Engineering Standards Manual."

G. Reflective-Coated Vision Glass: ASTM C 1376.

2.5 INSULATING GLASS

A. Insulating-Glass Units: Factory-assembled units consisting of sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated interspace, qualified according to ASTM E 2190.

1. Sealing System: Dual seals.

a. Primary Seal: Polyisobutylene

b. Secondary Seal: Two-part Silicone

2. Spacer: Manufacturer's standard spacer material and construction

a. Color: As select by architect from fabricators full range of colors

2.6 GLAZING SEALANTS

A. General:

1. Compatibility: Compatible with one another and with other materials they contact, including glass products, seals of insulating-glass units, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

2. Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.

3. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

B. Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Use NT.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Dow Corning Corporation.

b. GE Construction Sealants; Momentive Performance Materials Inc.

c. May National Associates, Inc.; a subsidiary of Sika Corporation.

d. Pecora Corporation.

e. Sika Corporation.

f. Tremco Incorporated.

C. Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. BASF Corporation-Construction Systems.

b. Dow Corning Corporation.

c. GE Construction Sealants; Momentive Performance Materials Inc.

d. May National Associates, Inc.; a subsidiary of Sika Corporation.

e. Pecora Corporation.

f. Polymeric Systems, Inc.

g. Sika Corporation.

h. Tremco Incorporated.

D. Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. Bostik, Inc.

b. Dow Corning Corporation.

c. GE Construction Sealants; Momentive Performance Materials Inc.

d. May National Associates, Inc.; a subsidiary of Sika Corporation.

e. Polymeric Systems, Inc.

f. Schnee-Morehead, Inc., an ITW company.

g. Sika Corporation.

h. Tremco Incorporated.

E. Glazing Sealant: Acid-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

a. BASF Corporation-Construction Systems.

b. Bostik, Inc.

c. Dow Corning Corporation.

d. GE Construction Sealants; Momentive Performance Materials Inc.

e. May National Associates, Inc.; a subsidiary of Sika Corporation.

f. Pecora Corporation.

g. Polymeric Systems, Inc.

h. Schnee-Morehead, Inc., an ITW company.

i. Sika Corporation.

j. Tremco Incorporated.

2.7 GLAZING TAPES

A. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based, 100 percent solids elastomeric tape; nonstaining and nonmigrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; and complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:

1. AAMA 804.3 tape, where indicated.

2. AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.

3. AAMA 807.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is not subject to continuous pressure.

B. Expanded Cellular Glazing Tapes: Closed-cell, PVC foam tapes; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces; and complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:

1. AAMA 810.1, Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as the primary sealant.

2. AAMA 810.1, Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

A. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.

B. Non-Fire Rated Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.

C. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions of hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.

D. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).

E. Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C 1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GLAZING, GENERAL

A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.

B. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass includes glass with edge damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass, impair performance, or impair appearance.

C. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction testing.

D. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.

E. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.

F. Provide spacers for glass lites where length plus width is larger than 50 inches (1270 mm).

G. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.

3.2 TAPE GLAZING

A. Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by glass, their exposed edges are flush with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.

B. Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.

C. Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first, then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs, then to heads and sills.

D. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.

E. Apply heel bead of elastomeric sealant where indicated.

F. Center glass lites in openings on setting block and press firmly against tape by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.

G. Apply cap bead of elastomeric sealant over exposed edge of tape where indicated.

3.3 GASKET GLAZING (DRY)

A. Cut compression gaskets to lengths recommended by gasket manufacturer to fit openings exactly, with allowance for stretch during installation.

B. Insert soft compression gasket between glass and frame or fixed stop so it is securely in place with joints miter cut and bonded together at corners.

C. Installation with Drive-in Wedge Gaskets: Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks, and press firmly against soft compression gasket by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

D. Installation with Pressure-Glazing Stops: Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks, and press firmly against soft compression gasket. Install dense compression gaskets and pressure-glazing stops, applying pressure uniformly to compression gaskets. Compress gaskets to produce a weathertight seal without developing bending stresses in glass. Seal gasket joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

E. Install gaskets so they protrude past face of glazing stops.

3.4 SEALANT GLAZING (WET)

A. Install continuous spacers, or spacers combined with cylindrical sealant backing, between glass lites and glazing stops to maintain glass face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glass channel and blocking weep systems until sealants cure. Secure spacers or spacers and backings in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.

B. Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to glass and channel surfaces.

C. Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from glass.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Immediately after installation remove nonpermanent labels and clean surfaces.

Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for buildup of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains.

1. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove substances immediately as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer. Remove and replace glass that cannot be cleaned without damage to coatings.

B. Remove and replace glass that is damaged during construction period.

C. Wash glass on both faces not more than 4 days prior to date scheduled for inspection intended to establish date of substantial completion in each area of the project. Wash glass with methods as recommended by glass manufacturer.

3.6 MONOLITHIC GLASS SCHEDULE

A. Glass Type [**GL-1**]: **Solarban 70** Clear fully tempered float glass.

1. Minimum Thickness: 6 mm.
2. Visible Light Transmittance: 88 percent minimum.
3. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: **.84** maximum.
4. Safety glazing required.

B. Glass Type [**GL-2**]: Tinted fully tempered float glass.

1. Basis-of-Design Product: Vitro Architectural Glass.

2. Tint Color: Pure Grey, Bronze or Forest Green.
    a. **Color to be selected by Architect after Bid Date.**
3. Minimum Thickness: 6 mm.
4. Visible Light Transmittance: 45 percent minimum.
5. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient: .60 maximum.
6. Safety glazing required.

3.7 INSULATING GLASS SCHEDULE

A. Glass Type [**IG-3**]: **Solarban 70** Tinted Low-E insulating glass.
1. Basis-of-Design Product: Vitro Architectural Glass.
2. Overall Unit Thickness: 1 inch (25 mm).
3. Minimum Thickness of Each Glass Lite: 6 mm.
4. Outdoor Lite: Tinted fully tempered float glass.
5. Tint Color: Pure Grey, Bronze or Forest Green.
    a. **Color to be selected by Architect after Bid Date.**
6. Interspace Content: Air.
7. Indoor Lite: Clear fully tempered float glass.
8. Low-E Coating: Sputtered on second surface
9. Winter Nighttime U-Factor: .29 maximum.
10. Summer Daytime U-Factor: .27 maximum.
11. Visible Light Transmittance:
    a. Pure Grey -36 percent minimum.
    b. Bronze -39 percent minimum.
    c. Forest Green -48 percent minimum.
12. Solar Heat Gain Coefficient:
    a. Pure Grey -.25 maximum.
    b. Bronze -.25 maximum.
    c. Forest Green -.25 maximum.
13. Safety glazing required.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09250 - GYPSUM DRYWALL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Types of work include:

1. Gypsum drywall at walls and ceilings.

2. Drywall finishing (joint tape-and-compound treatment).

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where gypsum drywall systems with fire- resistance ratings are indicated, provide materials and installations which are identical with those of applicable assemblies tested per ASTM E 119 by fire testing laboratories acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1. Provide fire-resistance rated assemblies identical to those indicated by reference to GA File No.'s. in GA "Fire Resistance Design Manual" or to design designations in UL "Fire Resistance Directory" or in listing of other testing and agencies acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Gypsum Board Terminology Standard: GA-505 by Gypsum Association.

C. Single-Source Responsibility: Obtain gypsum board products from a single manufacturer, or from manufacturers recommended by the prime manufacturer of gypsum boards.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product specifications and installation instructions for each gypsum drywall component, including other data as may be required to show compliance with these specifications.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials in original packages, containers or bundles bearing brand name and identification of manufacturer or supplier.

B. Store material inside under cover and in manner to keep them dry, protected from weather, direct sunlight, surface contamination, corrosion and damage from construction traffic and other causes. Neatly stack gypsum boards flat to prevent sagging.

C. Handle gypsum boards to prevent damage to edges, ends or surfaces. Protect metal corner beads and trim from being bent or damaged.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Requirements, General: Comply with requirements of referenced gypsum board application standards and recommendations of gypsum board manufacturer, for environmental conditions before, during and after application of gypsum board.

B. Cold Weather Protection: When ambient outdoor temperatures are below 55 degrees F maintain continuous, uniform, comfortable building working temperatures of not less than 55 degrees F for a minimum period of 48 hours prior to, during and following application of gypsum board and joint treatment materials or bonding of adhesives.

C. Ventilation: Ventilate building spaces as required to remove water in excess of that required for drying of joint treatment material immediately after its application. Avoid drafts during dry, hot weather to prevent too rapid drying.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. Gypsum Board and Related Products:

a. Georgia-Pacific Corp.

b. Gold Bond Building Products Div., National Gypsum Co.

c. United States Gypsum Co.

d. CertainTeed Corporation

e. Lafarge North America

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Gypsum Wallboard: ASTM C 36, of types, edge configuration and thickness indicated below; in maximum lengths available to minimize end-to-end butt joints.

1. Thickness: 5/8" unless otherwise indicated.

2. Edges: Manufacturer's standard.

2.3 TRIM ACCESSORIES

A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard trim accessories of types indicated for drywall work, formed of galvanized steel unless otherwise indicated, with either knurled and perforated or expanded flanges for nailing or stapling, and beaded for concealment of flanges in joint compound. Provide corner beads, L-type edge trim-beads, U-type edge trim-beads, special L-kerf-type edge trim-beads, and one-piece control joint beads.

B. Non-Beaded Trim: Non-beaded trim shall not be used, except with specific approval by the Architect.

2.4 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

A. General: ASTM C 475; type recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated, except as otherwise indicated.

B. Joint Tape: Paper reinforcing tape.

C. Joint Compound: Ready-mixed vinyl-type for interior use.

1. Grade: A single multi-purpose grade, for entire application.

2.5 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

A. General: Provide auxiliary materials for gypsum drywall work of the type and grade recommended by the manufacturer of the gypsum board.

B. Gypsum Board Screws: Comply with ASTM C 646.

C. Gypsum Board Nails: Comply with ASTM C 514.

D. Concealed Acoustical Sealant: Nondrying, nonhardening, nonskinning, nonstaining, nonbleeding, gunnable sealant for concealed applications per ASTM C 919.

E. Exposed Acoustical Sealant: Nonoxidizing, skinnable, paintable, gunnable sealant for exposed applications per ASTM C 919.

F. Water-Resistant Adhesive: Type I organic adhesive for ceramic tile complying with ANSI A136.1.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL GYPSUM BOARD INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

A. Gypsum Board Application and Finishing Standards: ASTM C 840 and GA 216.

B. Locate exposed end-butt joints as far from center of walls possible, and stagger not less than 1'-0" in alternate courses of board.

C. Install wall/partition boards vertically to avoid end-butt joints wherever possible.

D. Install exposed gypsum board with face side out. Do not install imperfect, damaged or damp boards. Butt boards together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16" open space between boards. Do not force into place.

E. Locate all edge and end joints over supports. Stagger vertical joints over different studs on opposite sides of partitions.

F. Attach gypsum board to supplementary framing and blocking provided for additional support at openings and cutouts.

G. Form control joints and expansion joints with space between edges of boards, prepared to receive trim accessories.

H. Cover both faces of stud framing with gypsum board in concealed spaces (above ceilings, etc.), except in chase walls which are braced internally.

1. Except where concealed application is required for sound, fire, air or smoke ratings, coverage may be accomplished with scraps of not less than 8 sq. ft. area and may be limited to not less than 75% of full coverage.

I. Isolate perimeter of non-load-bearing drywall partitions at structural abutments. Provide 1/4" to 1/2" space and trim edge with J-type semi-finishing edge trim. Seal joints with acoustical sealant.

J. Space fasteners in gypsum boards in accordance with referenced standards and manufacturer's recommendations, except as otherwise indicated.

3.2 METHODS OF GYPSUM DRYWALL APPLICATION

A. Single-Layer Application: Install gypsum wallboard.

B. On partitions/walls apply gypsum board vertically unless otherwise indicated and provide sheet lengths which will minimize end joints.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF DRYWALL TRIM ACCESSORIES

A. General: Where feasible, use the same fasteners to anchor trim accessory flanges as required to fasten gypsum board to the supports. Otherwise, fasten flanges by nailing or stapling in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.

B. Install metal corner beads at external corners of drywall work.

C. Install metal edge trim whenever edge of gypsum board would otherwise be exposed or semi-exposed, and except where plastic trim is indicated. Provide type with face flange to receive joint compound except where semi-finishing type is indicated. Install L-type trim where work is tightly abutted to other work and install special kerf-type where other work is kerfed to receive long leg of L-type trim. Install U-type trim where edge is exposed, revealed, gasketed, or sealant-filled (including expansion joints).

D. Install semi-finishing trim where indicated, and where exterior gypsum board edges are not covered by applied moldings or indicated to receive trim with face flanges covered with joint compound.

E. Provide control joints horizontally and/or vertically at no less than 24'-0" o.c. max. Refer to plans for specific location or installed as directed by Architect.

F. Install H-molding in exterior gypsum drywall work where control joints are indicated.

3.4 FINISHING OF DRYWALL

A. General: Apply treatment at gypsum board joints (both directions), flanges of trim accessories, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects and elsewhere as required to prepare work for decoration. Prefill open joints and rounded or beveled edges, if any, using type of compound recommended by manufacturer.

1. Apply joint tape at joints between gypsum boards, except where trim accessories are indicated.
2. Apply joint compound in 3 coats (not including prefill of openings in base), and sand between last 2 coats and after last coat.
3. Tape and finish gypsum board in accordance with ASTM C 840, GA 214 and GA 216.
4. Provide joint, fastener depression, and corner treatment. Do not use fiber glass mesh tape with conventional drying type joint compounds; use setting or hardening type compounds only. Provide treatment for water-resistant gypsum board as recommended by the gypsum board manufacturer.
5. Where gypsum surfaces are to be finished to Level 5 in accordance with GA 214, apply a thin skim coat of joint compound to the entire gypsum board surface, after the two-coat joint and fastener treatment is complete and dry.
6. **All Exposed gypsum board surfaces** shall be finished to a minimum **Level 4** in accordance with GA 214.
7. Where gypsum board is to receive eggshell, semi-gloss or gloss paint finish, or where severe, up or down lighting conditions occur, shall be finished to **Level 5** in accordance to GA 214 Level 5, unless indicated otherwise.
8. All gypsum board surfaces at **all Corridors** shall be finished to **Level 5** in accordance to GA 214 Level 5.
9. All gypsum board surfaces at **all Classrooms** shall be finished to **Level 4** in accordance to GA 214.
10. Plenum areas above ceilings shall be finished to **Level 1** in accordance with GA 214.
11. Water resistant gypsum backing board, ASTM C 630/C 630M, to receive ceramic tile shall be finished to **Level 2** in accordance with GA 214.
12. Walls and ceilings to receive a heavy-grade wall covering or heave textured finish before painting shall be finished to **Level 3** in accordance with GA 214.

B. Partial Finishing: Omit third coat and sanding on concealed drywall work which is indicated for drywall finishing or which requires finishing to achieve fire-resistance rating, sound rating or to act as air or smoke barrier.

C. Refer to section on painting in Division 9 for decorative finishes to be applied to drywall work.

3.5 PROTECTION OF WORK

A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner suitable to Installer, which ensures gypsum drywall work being without damage or deterioration at time of substantial completion.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09500 – LINEAR METAL CEILING/SOFFIT SYSTEM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Linear Metal Ceiling/Soffit System.

B. Related Sections:

1. Section 16000, Electrical.

1.3 REFERENCES

A. Abbreviations and Acronyms:

1. ASTM: American Society for Testing and Materials
2. IBC: International Building Code
3. ASCE 7 American Society of Civil Engineers, Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures
4. ICCES: International Code Council-Evaluation Services - AC 156 Acceptance Criteria for Seismic Qualification Testing of Non-structural Components
5. ICCES: International Code Council-Evaluation Services Report - ESR 2631 Rockfon Chicago Metallic Corporation Suspended Ceiling Framing Systems and Suspension Ceiling Systems

B. Reference Standards:

1. ASTM A1008-Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy and High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability
2. ASTM A641- Standard Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire
3. ASTM A653-Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) by the Hot-Dip Process
4. ASTM C423- Standard Method for Sound Absorption and Sound Absorption Coefficients by the Reverberation Room Method
5. ASTM C635/C635M- Standard Specification for Manufacture, performance, and Testing of Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panel Ceilings
6. ASTM C636/C636M- Standard Practice for Installation of Metal Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-In Panels
7. ASTM D3273- Standard Test Method for Resistance to Growth of Mold on the Surface of Interior Coatings in an Environmental Chamber
8. ASTM E84- Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
9. ASTM E580- Installation of Metal Suspension Systems in Areas Requiring Moderate Seismic Restraint
10. ASTM E1111/E1111M -Standard Test Method for Measuring the Interzone Attenuation of Open Office Components
11. ASTM E1414/E1414M -Standard Test Method for Airborne Sound Attenuation Between Rooms Sharing a Common Ceiling Plenum
12. ASTM E1264- Classification for Acoustical Ceiling Products

1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

A. Pre-Installation Meetings: Conduct meeting at Project site. Agenda includes Project conditions, coordination with work of other trades and layout of items which penetrate ceilings.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's Product data, including suspension system and maintenance data.

B. Samples: Submit samples of specified ceiling panels.

C. Show Drawings: Necessary technical drawings and documents that pertain to the layout of the acoustical metal ceiling.

D. Certifications: Acoustical metal ceiling product's certifications that confirm compliance with applicable tests and standards. Acoustical metal ceiling products must also contain information pertaining to certification for NRC.

1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Supply additional material (full-size ceiling panels) equal to 5% of ceiling area. Additional material should match products installed and have the appropriate labels and identification.

B. Supply extra materials that match products installed and are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Single-Source Responsibility: Provide acoustical panel units and grid components by a single manufacturer.

B. Fire Performance Details: Suspension ceiling components will feature markings of applicable testing and inspecting organization.

C. Coordination of Work: Coordination between installers and other related professions in reference to acoustical ceiling work can include electrical fixtures and systems, fire safety systems, gypsum and building construction.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect system components from excessive moisture in shipment, storage, and handling. Deliver in unopened bundles and store in a dry place with adequate air circulation.

1.9 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer Warranty: Submit a written warranty executed by manufacturer for a period of 1 year from date for metal ceilings, of Substantial Completion, agreeing to repair or replace suspension system components that fail or are compromised within the specified warranty period. Failed or compromised parts can include, but are not limited to:

1. Rusting or defects directly made by the manufacturer.
2. Sagging or warping directly made by the manufacturer.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

A. Rockfon, | 4849 South Austin Avenue, Chicago, IL 60638 | 1.800.323.7164 | www.rockfon.com.

B. Certainteed/Hunter Douglass | 5015 Oakbrook Parkway, Suite 100, Norcross, GA 30093 | Ph: 800.366.4327 | www.certainteed.com.

C. Armstrong World Industries Inc. | www.armstrongceilings.com | Ph: 877.276.7876

D. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Metal Panels: Linear Metal Ceiling System, “PLANARPLUS®” LINEAR CEILINGS” by Rockfon with following characteristics:

1. Surface: Smooth
2. Composition: Metal
3. Material: 0.024”
4. Panel Width: 4” wide.
5. Panel Profile Depth: 5/8” deep.
6. Reveal: Manufactured to provide a 3/4" reveal when installed on the manufacturer suspension system.
7. Panel Length: 12 feet Standard length. 2 feet to 16 feet special lengths.
8. Edges: Square
9. Finish/Color: Baked Enamel Paint Finish. Color to be selected by Architect from Manufacturer Standard selections. Color shall include “White”.
10. Perforation: To be Non-perforated.
11. Filler: Matching Integral.
12. Fire Class: Class A.

B. Accessories:

1. Filler Strips (Recessed): Manufactured from aluminum 3/4 inch wide by 144 inches long coated to match linear metal panels.
2. Panel Splices: Manufactured from 0.025 inch thick aluminum, 8-3/4 inches long coated with finish identical to linear metal panels, with profile compatible with linear panels.
3. End Plugs: Manufactured from 0.025 inch thick aluminum with (round) (square) edges. Coated identical to linear metal panels.
4. Access Doors: Manufactured from galvanized steel with square edges. Coated identical to linear metal panels.
5. Perimeter Trim
    a. Wall Channel: Manufactured from 0.025 inch thick aluminum 113/16 inch I.D. by 17/8 inch top flange by 1 inch bottom flange by 120 inches long. Coated identical to linear metal panels.
    b. Wall Angle: Manufactured from 0.025 inch thick aluminum 15/16 inch wide by 3/4 inch high by 144 inches long with hemmed edges.

C. Suspension System

1. Symmetrical Carrier:
    a. Manufactured to an inverted "U" shape from 0.040 inch aluminum, 12 feet/144 inches long. Coated with black polyester enamel. Double grip carrier required on all exterior applications.
    b. Carrier tabs, to which the linear panels are attached, shall be integral to the carrier and shall protrude from each of its legs.
    c. Holes shall be punched into the spine of the carrier in order to permit direct attachment to overhead structures when appropriate.
    d. The symmetrical carrier shall be slotted at appropriate intervals in order to receive stabilizing components as described below.

2. Stabilizer Bars: Manufactured from 0.025 inch thick aluminum (4913/16) (3513/16) (2313/16) inch long. Coated with black polyester enamel.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine suspension assemblies, with installer present, for compliance with requirements specified in this and other Sections affecting ceiling/soffit panel installation and with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of ceiling/soffit assemblies.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install ceiling panels to comply with ASTM C636/C636M, ASTM E580, and seismic design requirements indicated, according to manufacturer's written instructions and CISCA's "Ceiling Systems Handbook."

B. General:

1. For interior applications in non-seismic areas install in accordance with ASTM C636 (see 1.03, A 2.).
2. For interior applications in seismic areas install in accordance with (UBG 25-2 Standard)(IBC Section 1621)(ASTM E 580)(Code Compliance Research Report (CCR) – 0267).
3. For exterior soffit applications install in accordance with ASTM C636 (see 1.03, A 2.)

C. Suspension System

1. Symmetrical Carriers: Installed 50 inches on center by direct suspension from existing structure with not less than 12 gauge hanger wires wrapped tightly 3 full turns, spaced 48 inches on center.
2. Stabilizer Bars: Shall be utilized to increase the rigidity of the suspension system layout, as well as to permit easy alignment of the symmetrical carriers. Installed perpendicular to symmetrical carrier 24 to 48 inches on center.

D. Linear Metal Panels:

1. Attach to main carrier tabs and connect with Panel Splices with joints staggered in adjacent rows.
2. Panel Splices: Where continuous runs of linear metal panels are required, panel splices shall be used to join consecutive panels and shall be of a design which eliminates any noticeable gap between the panels.
3. End Plugs: Installed exposed ends of panels. The end plug shall be of sufficient and appropriate dimensions to fit into the open end of a linear panel. Appropriate styles of end plugs, based upon linear panel width and design, shall be made available.
4. Slip-on Moldings: Install on exposed ends of panels. Where the ends are visible, an end cap, wall angle, or J-molding shall be utilized to trim the exposed ends of the panels.
5. Filler Strips: Installed into open reveal between panels.
6. Wall Angles: Installed on vertical surfaces intersecting system by appropriate method in accordance with industry accepted practice.
7. Access Panels: If Indicated on drawings, installed in accordance with manufacturers recommendations.

3.3 REPAIR

A. Remove damaged or compromised components; replace with undamaged components.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean exposed surfaces in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09510 - ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Extent of acoustical ceilings specified in this section include the following:

1. Acoustical lay-in panel ceilings in an exposed suspended metal grid system.

SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data for each type of acoustical ceiling unit and suspension system required.

1. Full size sample of each acoustical panel type, pattern and color.
2. Set of 12" long samples of exposed runners and moldings for each color and system type required.

B. Certificates: Submit certificates from manufacturers of acoustical ceiling units and suspension systems attesting that their products comply with specification requirements.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fire Performance Characteristics: Provide acoustical ceiling components that are identical to those tested for the following fire performance characteristics, according to ASTM test method indicated, by UL or other testing and inspecting agency accept- able to authorities having jurisdiction. Identify acoustical ceiling components with appropriate marking of applicable testing and inspecting agency.

1. Surface Burning Characteristics: As follows, tested per ASTM E 84.
2. Flame Spread: 25 or less.
3. Smoke Developed: 50 or less.

B. Fire Resistance Ratings: As indicated by reference to design designation in UL "Fire Resistance Directory" for floor, roof or beam assemblies in which acoustical ceilings function as a fire protective membrane; tested per ASTM E 119. Provide protection materials for lighting fixtures and air ducts to comply with requirements indicated for rated assembly.

C. Coordination of Work: Coordinate layout and installation of acoustical ceiling units and suspension system components with other work supported by, or penetrating through, ceilings, including light fixtures, HVAC equipment, fire-suppression system components (if any), and partition system (if any).

D. Single-Source Responsibility: Provide acoustical panel units and grid components by a single manufacturer.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Deliver acoustical ceiling units to project site in original, unopened packages and store them in a fully enclosed space where they will be protected against damage from moisture, direct sunlight, surface contamination or other causes.

B. Before installing acoustical ceiling units, permit them to reach room temperature and a stabilized moisture content.

C. Handle acoustical ceiling units carefully to avoid chipping edges or damaging units in any way.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Space Enclosures: Do not install interior acoustical ceilings until space is enclosed and weatherproof, wet-work in space is completed and nominally dry, work above ceilings is complete

and ambient conditions of temperature and humidity will be continuously maintained at values near those indicated for final occupancy.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

USG Interiors, LLC. (Basis of Design) | www.usg.com | Ph: 1.800.950.3839

1. Certainteed Corporation | www.certainteed.com | Ph: 1.800.233.8990
2. Armstrong World Industries Inc. | www.armstrongceilings.com | Ph: 877.276.7876

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 GENERAL ACOUSTICAL CEILING TILE UNITS

A. Standard for Acoustical Ceiling Tile Units: Provide manufacturer's standard units of configuration indicated which are prepared for mounting method designated and which comply with FS SS-S-118 requirements, including those indicated by reference to type, form, pattern, grade (NRC or NIC' as applicable), light reflectance coefficient (LR), edge detail, and joint detail (if any).

1. Mounting Method for Measuring NRC: No. 7 (mechanically mounted on special metal support), FS SS-S-118; or Type E-400 mounting as per ASTM E 795.

B. Sound Attenuation Performance: Provide acoustical ceiling units with ratings for ceiling sound transmission class (STC) of range indicated as determined according to AMA 1-II "Ceiling Sound Transmission Test by Two-Room Method" with ceilings continuous at partitions and supported by a metal suspension system of type appropriate for ceiling unit of configuration indicated (concealed for tile, exposed for panels).

C. Colors, Textures and Patterns: Provide products to match appearance characteristics indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors, surface textures, and patterns available for acoustical ceiling units and exposed metal suspension system members of quality designated.

2.3 ACOUSTICAL TILES

A. Acoustical Panel Type: Vinyl Covered Ceiling Panels

1. USG “Sheetrock Brand Clean Room Lay-In Gypsum Panels”.
2. Classification: Provide ceiling panels complying with ASTM E 1264 for type, form and pattern as follows:
   a. Type XX, mineral based with membrane faced overlay. Vinyl face, back and sides covered gypsum ceiling panels.
   b. Form: Not Applicable
   c. Pattern: Smooth
3. Color: Flat White 050.
4. LR: Not less than 0.77
5. NRC: Not less than: N/A
6. CAC: Not less than 35
7. Edge / Joint Detail:
   a. Square (Typical if not indicated on drawings).
   b. SLT Beveled Reveal (Only if indicated on drawings).
8. Panel Thickness: 1/2 inch (12.7 mm).

9. Modular Size: 24 by 24 inches (610 by 610 mm).
10. Recycled Content: 80%.
11. Panel Features: Washable, scrubbable, soil and impact resistant finish. Meets USDA/FSIS guidelines for use in food processing areas.
12. Clean room performance: Acceptable in applications up to Class 100 Clean rooms.
13. ClimaPlus™ 30 year limited system warranty. Contains a broad spectrum antimicrobial additive on the face and back of the panel that provides resistance against the growth of mold and mildew. Includes sag resistance performance.
14. Suspension Grid/Width: USG Donn ZXLA; 15/16”.

B. Acoustical Panel Type: Lay-In Acoustical Ceiling Panels

1. USG “Radar” Acoustical Panels
2. Classification: Provide ceiling panels complying with ASTM E 1264 for type, form and pattern as follows:
    a. Type III, mineral base with painted finish
    b. Form: 2, water felted.
    c. Pattern: Perforated, small holes and light texture.
3. Color: Flat White 050.
4. LR: Not less than 0.84
5. NRC: Not less than 0.45
6. CAC: Not less than 33
7. Edge / Joint Detail:
    a. SQ Square (Typical if not indicated on drawings).
    b. SLT Beveled Reveal (Only if indicated on drawings).
8. Panel Thickness: 5/8 inch (15.8mm).
9. Modular Size: 24 by 24 inches (600 by 600 mm).
10. Recycled Content: Up to 59%.
11. Panel Features:
    a. Biobased product that is USDA certified.
    b. Abuse Resistant, high durability and can be cleaned easily with a soft brush & vacummed.
12. ClimaPlus™ 30 year limited system warranty. Contains a broad spectrum antimicrobial additive on the face and back of the panel that provides resistance against the growth of mold and mildew. Includes sag resistance performance.
13. Suspension Grid/Width: USG Donn DX; 15/16” (24mm).

2.4 GENERAL METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

A. Standard for Metal Suspension Systems: Provide metal suspension systems of type, structural classification and finish indicated which comply with applicable STM C 635 requirements.

B. Finishes and Colors: Provide manufacturer's standard factory applied finish for type of system indicated. For exposed suspension members and accessories with painted finish, provide color indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range of standard colors.

1. White.

C. Attachment Devices: Size for 5 times design load indicated in ASTM C 635, Table 1, Direct Hung.

D. Hanger Wire: Galvanized carbon steel wire, ASTM A 641, soft temper, prestretched, Class 1 coating, sized so that stress at 3- times hanger design load (ASTM C 635, Table 1, Direct Hung), will be less than yield stress of wire, but provide not less than 12 gage.

E. Edge Moldings and Trim: Formed steel section; exposed surfaces prefinished to match suspension system components.

1. Provide shadow molding for edges equal to MS174; 9/16” thick exposed flange; 3/8” x 3/8” reveal; 7/8” vertical flange.

2. At penetrations of ceiling install manufacturer's standard molding which fits with type of edge detail and suspension system indicated.

3. For circular penetrations of ceiling, provide edge moldings fabricated to diameter required to fit penetration exactly.

F. Hold-Down/Impact Clips: Where indicated provide manufacturer's standard impact clip system design to absorb impact forces against lay-in panels. Install hold down clips at all ceiling panels within 10’-0” of and exterior door.

2.5 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEMS

A. USG Donn Brand ZXLA 15/16” Acoustical Suspension System

1. Double-web design; Intermediate Duty as defined by ASTM C635. Bottom face with 15/16” (24mm) exposed flange with pre-painted aluminum cap; cross tee holes and hanger wire holes at 6 in oc; integral reversible splices, commercial quality pretreated and painted, exposed surfaces prefinished in manufacturer's enhanced corrosion resistant polyester paint finish. Cross tees; roll-formed into double-web design with rectangular bulb; 15/16 (24mm) in exposed flange with pre-painted aluminum cap; Stainless Steel clips clenched to the web Main tees and cross tees shall be positively locked yet shall be removable without the use of tools.

2. Structural Classification: Intermediate Duty.

3. Tee Profile: 15/16” (24mm) wide.

4. Color: White

B. USG Donn Brand DX/DXL 15/16” Acoustical Suspension System

1. Narrow Face, Capped, Double Web, Cold Rolled Steel Suspension System: Main and Cross Tees as defined by ASTM C635, commercial quality pretreated and painted hot-dipped galvanized cold-rolled steel, exposed surfaces prefinished in manufacturer's standard corrosion resistant enamel paint finish

2. Structural Classification: Intermediate Duty.

3. Tee Profile: Narrow Face 15/16” (22mm) wide.

4. Color: White

2.6 SEALANT

A. Acoustical Sealant: Resilient, non-staining, non-shrinking, non-hardening, non-skinning, non-drying, non-sag sealant intended for interior sealing of concealed construction joints.

B. Manufacturers: The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. BA-98; Pecora Corp.

2. Tremco Acoustical Sealant; Tremco

3. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to schedule bid opening.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Coordination: Furnish layouts for inserts, clips, or other supports required to be installed by other trades for support of acoustical ceilings.

1. Furnish concrete inserts and similar devices to other trades for installation well in advance of time needed for coordination of other work.

B. Measure each ceiling area and establish layout of acoustical units to balance border widths at opposite edges of each ceiling. Coordinate ceiling layout with lighting layout. Avoid use of less-than-half width units at borders, and comply with reflected ceiling plans.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install materials in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions, and to comply with governing regulations, fire-resistance rating requirements as indicated, and CISCA standards applicable to work.

B. Arrange acoustical units and orient directionally-patterned units (if any) in manner shown by reflected ceiling plans.

C. Install suspension systems to comply with ASTM C 636, with hangers supported only from building structural members.

1. Locate hangers within 6" inches from each end and spaced 4'-0" along each carrying channel or direct-hung runner, unless otherwise indicated, leveling to tolerance of 1/8" n 12'-0".

2. Locate hangers on all 4 corners of the ceiling grid where a projector is installed

D. Secure wire hangers by looping and wire-tying, either directly to structures or to inserts, eye-screws, or other devices which are secure and appropriate for substrate, and which will not deteriorate or fail with age or elevated temperature.

E. Install hangers plumb and free from contact with insulation or other objects within ceiling plenum which are not part of supporting structural or ceiling suspension system. Splay hangers only where required to miss obstructions and offset resulting horizontal force by bracing, counter-splaying or other equally effective means.

F. Install edge moldings of type indicated at perimeter of acoustical ceiling area and at locations where necessary to conceal edges of acoustical units.

G. Sealant Bed: Apply continuous ribbon of acoustical sealant, concealed on back of vertical leg before installing moldings.

H. Screw-attached moldings to substrate at intervals not over 16" o.c. and not more than 3" from ends, leveling with ceiling suspension system to tolerance of 1/8" in 12'-0". Miter corners accurately and connect securely.

I. Install acoustical panels in coordination with suspension system with edges concealed by support of suspension members. Scribe and cut panels to fit accurately at borders and at penetrations.

J. Install hold-down clips on panels, within 10’-0"' of exterior door openings, where panels are other than horizontal, and in areas where required by governing regulations or for fire-resistance ratings; space as recommended by panel manufacturer, unless otherwise indicated or required.

3.3 EXTRA STOCK

A. Deliver stock of maintenance materials to Owner. Furnish maintenance materials from same manufactured lot as materials installed and enclosed in protective packaging with appropriate identifying labels.

1. Ceiling Tile: Furnish not less than one box for each type, color, pattern and size installed.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09650 - RUBBER BASE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of rubber base is shown on drawings and in schedules.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer: Provide each type of rubber base as produced by a single manufacturer, including recommended, adhesives.

1. Wherever possible, provide required rubber base produced by a single manufacturer.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit 2 copies of manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for each type of rubber base.

B. Samples: Submit, for verification purposes, samples of each type, color, and pattern of rubber base,

1.4 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Maintain minimum temperature of 65°F in spaces to receive rubber base for at least 48 hours prior to installation, during installation, and for not less than 48 hours after installation. Store rubber base materials in spaces where they will be installed for at least 48 hours before beginning installation. Subsequently, maintain minimum temperature of 55°F in areas where work is completed.

B. Install after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. Armstrong World Industries, Inc.
2. Flexco
3. Roppe Corporation

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provide such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Colors and Patterns: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's standards.

B. Wall Base: Provide rubber base complying with FS SS-W-40, Type II, with matching end stops and pre-formed or molded corner units and as follows:

1. Height: 4"
2. Thickness: 1/8"
3. Style: Standard Top-Set Cove
4. Finish: Matte

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Apply wall base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and other permanent fixtures in rooms or areas where base is required. Install base in lengths as long as practicable, with preformed

corner units, or fabricated from base materials with mitered or coped inside corners. Tightly bond base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with continuous contact at horizontal and vertical surfaces.

1. On masonry surfaces, or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient wall base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.

B. Place resilient edge strips tightly butted to flooring and secure with adhesive. Install edging strips at edges of flooring which would otherwise be exposed.

3.2 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Remove any excess adhesive or other surface blemishes, using neutral type cleaners as recommended by flooring manufacturer. Protect installed flooring with heavy Kraft paper or other covering.

B. Finishing: After completion of project and just prior to final inspection of work, thoroughly clean floors and accessories.

C. Apply polish and buff, with type of polish, number of coats, and buffing procedures in compliance with flooring manufacturer's instructions.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09651 – LUXURY VINYL TILE FLOORING (LVT)

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Luxury Vinyl Tile flooring and accessories as indicated on drawings and in schedules.

1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 09650 – Rubber Base.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer: Provide each type of Luxury Vinyl Tile flooring and accessories as produced by a single manufacturer, including recommended primers, adhesives, sealants and leveling compounds.

1. Wherever possible, provide required Luxury Vinyl Tile flooring and accessories produced by a single manufacturer.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit 2 copies of manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for each type of Luxury Vinyl Tile flooring and accessory.

B. Samples: Submit, for verification purposes, samples of each type, color, and pattern of Luxury Vinyl Tile, including accessories, required, indicating full range of color and pattern variation.

1.5 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Store Luxury Vinyl Tile flooring products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by the manufacture, but not less than 55 deg F (13 deg C) or more than 85 deg F (29 deg C).

B. Maintain minimum temperature of 65°F in spaces to receive Luxury Vinyl Plank Tile flooring for at least 48 hours prior to installation, during installation, and for not less than 48 hours after installation. Store Luxury Vinyl Tile materials in spaces where they will be installed for at least 48 hours before beginning installation.

C. Maintain the ambient relative humidity between 40% and 60% during installation.

D. Until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by the manufacture but not less than 55 deg F (13 deg C) or more than 85 deg F (29 deg C).

E. Install Luxury Vinyl Tile flooring and accessories after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed. Do not install Luxury Vinyl Tile Flooring over concrete slabs until the latter have been cured and are sufficiently dry to achieve bond with adhesive as determined by manufacturer's recommended bond and moisture test.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. Mannington Commercial, 1844 U.S. Highway 41 S.E. Calhoun, GA 30701; PH: 800.241.2262; www.manningtoncommercial.com.

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. LVT: “Spacia” Collection; “Abstract” Series

1. Construction High Performance Luxury Vinyl Tile flooring

2. Class / ASTM F 1700 Class III Printed Film Vinyl Tile, Type B (embossed)
3. Wear layer Thickness 20 mil or 0.020" (0.5 mm) Quantum Guard Elite
4. Overall Thickness 4.0 mm or nominal
5. Nominal Dimensions: 4" wide x 36" long
6. Backing Class Commercial Grade
7. Installation Glue Down
8. Slip Resistance / ASTM D 2047 >0.65 (wet/dry)
9. Warranty: 15 year limited commercial wear warranty.
10. Colors as selected by the Owner.

B. Concrete Slab Primer: Non-staining type as recommended by flooring manufacturer.

C. Leveling Compound: ProSpec Feather Edge**,** premium, polymer modified, rapid setting, trowelable underlayment that results in a very smooth, ultra thin finish or as recommended by the flooring manufacture.

D. Surfaces must be solid, completely clean, free of oil, gypsum compounds, wax, grease, sealers, curing compounds, asphalt, paint, dirt, loose surface material and any contaminants that act as a bond breaker. Weak concrete surfaces must be cleaned down to solid sound concrete by mechanical means. Acid etching or chemical cleaning is not acceptable. Remove all dirt by vacuuming. All subfloors must be clean, dry and at least 40º F (4º C) prior to applying ProSpec Feather Edge.

E. Installation: ProSpec Feather Edge will accept standard floor coverings such as VCT, vinyl sheet goods, tile and carpeting in approximately 15-30 minutes after placement.

F. Materials: Extruded rubber accessories as required (i.e. nosings, reducer strip.)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the work.

B. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Prepare substrates according to manufactures written instructions to ensure adhesion of Luxury Vinyl Tile Flooring.

1. Verify that substrates are dry and free of curing compounds, sealers, and hardeners.
2. Remove substrate paint, coatings and other substances that are incompatible with adhesives or contain soap, wax, oil, solvents, or silicone, using mechanical methods recommended by manufacturer. Do not use solvents.
3. Mechanically remove contamination on the substrate that may cause damage to the resilient flooring material. Permanent and non-permanent markers, pens, crayons, paint, etc., must not be used to write on the back of the flooring material or used to mark the substrate as they could bleed through and stain the flooring material.
4. Prepare Substrates according to ASTM F 710 including the following:

Moisture Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed withinstallation only after substrates pass testing.

i. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869.Results must not exceed 5 lbs. Moisture Vapor Emission Rate per 1,000 sq. ft. in 24 hours.

or

ii. Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Results must not exceed 80%.

a. A pH test for alkalinity must be conducted. Results should range between 7 and 9. If the test results are not within the acceptable range of 7 to 9, the installation must not proceed until the problem has been corrected.

b. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Perform tests recommended by manufacturer.

B. Fill cracks, holes, depressions and irregularities in the substrate with good quality Portland cement based underlayment leveling and patching compound and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.

C. Floor covering shall not be installed over expansion joints.

D. Do not install resilient products until they are the same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.

E. Move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.

F. Sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products immediately before installation.

3.3 FLOORING INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient tile flooring.

1. Install with manufactures adhesive specified for the site conditions and follow adhesive label for proper use.

2. Follow manufactures recommendation and lay tiles so graining follows the same direction.

3. Roll the flooring in both directions using a 100 pound three-section roller.

B. Lay tile from center marks established with principal walls, discounting minor offsets, so that tile at opposite edges of room area of equal width. Adjust as necessary to avoid use of cut widths less than 1/2 tile at room perimeters. Lay tile square to room axis, from wall to wall and under all casework or other fixed equipment. Where construction joints in concrete slab occur, lay tile joint with construction joint.

C. Match tiles for color and pattern by using tile from cartons in same sequence as manufactured and packaged if so numbered. Cut tile neatly around all fixtures. Broken, cracked, chipped, ordeformed tiles are not acceptable.

1. Lay each color of tile with grain running in basket weave pattern.

D. Adhere tile flooring to substrates using full spread of adhesive applied in compliance with flooring manufacturer's directions.

E. Accessories: Apply wall base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and other permanent fixtures in rooms or areas where base is required. Install base in lengths as long as practicable, with preformed corner units, or fabricated from base materials with mitered or coped inside corners. Tightly bond base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with continuous contact at horizontal and vertical surfaces.

1. On masonry surfaces, or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient wall base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.

F. Place resilient edge strips tightly butted to flooring and secure with adhesive. Install edging strips at edges of flooring which would otherwise be exposed.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protection of resilient products.

B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient product installation:

1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
2. Sweep and vacuum surfaces thoroughly.
3. Damp-mop surfaces to remove marks and soil.

C. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.

D. No heavy traffic, rolling loads, or furniture placement for 72 hours after installation.

E. Cover resilient products until Substantial Completion.

F. Wait 72 hours after installation before performing initial cleaning.

G. A regular maintenance program must be started after the initial cleaning.

3.5 EXTRA STOCK

A. Deliver stock of maintenance materials to Owner. Furnish maintenance materials from same manufactured lot as materials installed and enclosed in protective packaging with appropriate identifying labels.

1. Flooring: Furnish not less than one box for each type, color, pattern and size installed.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09672 - RESINOUS FLOORING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Decorative Resinous Flooring System consisting of 100% solids epoxy body coats with decorative quartz broadcasts, finished with a durable urethane topcoat ensuring excellent wear and chemical resistance all producing a seamless floor and integral cove base.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 07900 "Joint Sealants" for sealants.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include manufacturer's technical data, application instructions, and recommendations for each resinous flooring component required.

B. Samples for Verification: For each resinous flooring system required, 6 inches square, applied to a rigid backing by Installer for this Project.

C. Product Schedule: For resinous flooring. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. LEED Submittals:

1. Laboratory Test Reports for Credit IEQ 4: For flooring systems, documentation indicating that products comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

B. Installer Certificates: Signed by manufacturer certifying that installers comply with specified requirements.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For resinous flooring to include in maintenance manuals.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative who is trained and approved for installation of flooring systems required for this Project.

1. Engage an installer who is certified in writing by resinous flooring manufacturer as qualified to apply resinous flooring systems indicated.

B. Source Limitations: Obtain primary resinous flooring materials, including primers, resins, hardening agents, grouting coats, and topcoats, from single source from single manufacturer. Provide secondary materials, including patching and fill material, joint sealant, and repair materials, of type and from source recommended by manufacturer of primary materials.

C. Mockups: Apply mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.

1. Apply full-thickness mockups on 48-inch- square floor area selected by Architect.

a. Include 48-inch length of integral cove base with inside corner.

2. Simulate finished lighting conditions for Architect's review of mockups.

3. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials in original packages and containers, with seals unbroken, bearing

manufacturer's labels indicating brand name and directions for storage and mixing with other components.

1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, moisture, ventilation, and other conditions affecting resinous flooring application.

B. Lighting: Provide permanent lighting or, if permanent lighting is not in place, simulate permanent lighting conditions during resinous flooring application.

C. Close spaces to traffic during resinous flooring application and for not less than 24 hours after application unless manufacturer recommends a longer period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Dur A Flex: Dur A Quartz (Basis-of-Design Product); 95 Goodwin Street, East Hartford, CT, 06108; Ph.: 877.251.5418: www.dur-a-flex.com.

B. Subject to compliance with requirements or comparable product by one of the following:

1. American Hi-Tech Flooring Company.
2. BASF Construction Chemicals, Inc.; BASF Building Systems.
3. ChemMasters.
4. Crossfield Products Corp.; Dex-O-Tex.
5. DUDICK Inc.
6. Epoxy Systems, Inc.
7. Key Resin Company.
8. NEOGARD; Division of JONES-BLAIR.
9. Nox-Crete Products Group.
10. Pacific Polymers, Inc.
11. POLY-CARB, Inc.
12. Polymerica, Incorporated.
13. PPG Industries, Inc.
14. Sherwin-Williams Company; General Polymers.
15. Stonhard, Inc.
16. Tamms Industries, Inc.; a division of The Euclid Chemical Company.
17. Tnemec Company, Inc.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. VOC Content of Liquid-Applied Flooring Components: Not more than 100 g/L when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):

2.3 DECORATIVE RESINOUS FLOORING

A. Resinous Flooring: Abrasion-, impact- and chemical-resistant, decorative- aggregate-filled, epoxy-resin-based, monolithic floor surfacing designed to produce a seamless floor and integral cove base.

B. System Characteristics:

1. Color and Pattern: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range after Bid Date.

2. Wearing Surface: Manufacturer's standard wearing surface.
3. Overall System Thickness: 1/4 inch.

C. Body Coats:
1. Resin: Epoxy.
2. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids.
3. Application Method: Self-leveling slurry with broadcast aggregates.
a. Thickness of Coats: 1/16 inch.
b. Number of Coats: Two.
4. Aggregates: Manufacturer's standard.

D. Topcoat: Sealing or finish coats.
1. Resin: Epoxy.
2. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids.
3. Type: Clear.
4. Finish: Matte.
5. Number of Coats: Two.

2.4 ACCESSORIES

A. Primer: Type recommended by manufacturer for substrate and body coats indicated.
1. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids.

B. Reinforcing Membrane: Flexible resin formulation that is recommended by manufacturer for substrate and primer and body coats indicated and that prevents substrate cracks from reflecting through resinous flooring.
1. Formulation Description: 100 percent solids.
a. Provide fiberglass scrim embedded in reinforcing membrane.

C. Patching and Fill Material: Resinous product of or approved by resinous flooring manufacturer and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. General: Prepare and clean substrates according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions for substrate indicated. Provide clean, dry substrate for resinous flooring application.

B. Concrete Substrates: Provide sound concrete surfaces free of laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants incompatible with resinous flooring.
1. Roughen concrete substrates as follows:
a. Shot-blast surfaces with an apparatus that abrades the concrete surface, contains the dispensed shot within the apparatus, and recirculates the shot by vacuum pickup.
b. Comply with ASTM C 811 requirements unless manufacturer's written instructions are more stringent.
2. Repair damaged and deteriorated concrete according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.
3. Verify that concrete substrates are dry and moisture-vapor emissions are within acceptable levels according to manufacturer's written instructions.

a. Perform anhydrous calcium chloride test, ASTM F 1869. Proceed with application of resinous flooring only after substrates have maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 3 lb of water/1000 sq. ft. of slab area in 24 hours.

b. Perform relative humidity test using in situ probes, ASTM F 2170. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.

4. Alkalinity and Adhesion Testing: Verify that concrete substrates have pH within acceptable range. Perform tests recommended by manufacturer. Proceed with application only after substrates pass testing.

C. Resinous Materials: Mix components and prepare materials according to resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.

D. Use patching and fill material to fill holes and depressions in substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.

E. Treat control joints and other nonmoving substrate cracks to prevent cracks from reflecting through resinous flooring according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.2 APPLICATION

A. General: Apply components of resinous flooring system according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a uniform, monolithic wearing surface of thickness indicated.

1. Coordinate application of components to provide optimum adhesion of resinous flooring system to substrate, and optimum intercoat adhesion.

2. Cure resinous flooring components according to manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent contamination during application and curing processes.

3. At substrate expansion and isolation joints, comply with resinous flooring manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Apply primer over prepared substrate at manufacturer's recommended spreading rate.

C. Apply waterproofing membrane, where indicated, in manufacturer's recommended thickness.

1. Apply waterproofing membrane to integral cove base substrates.

2. Apply waterproofing membrane to flooring substrates

D. Apply reinforcing membrane to substrate cracks.

E. Integral Cove Base: Apply cove base mix to wall surfaces before applying flooring. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions and details including those for taping, mixing, priming, troweling, sanding, and topcoating of cove base. Round internal and external corners.

1. Integral Cove Base: 6 inches high.

F. Apply self-leveling slurry body coats in thickness indicated for flooring system.

1. Broadcast aggregates at rate recommended by manufacturer and, after resin is cured, remove excess aggregates to provide surface texture indicated.

G. Apply troweled or screeded body coats in thickness indicated for flooring system. Hand or power trowel and grout to fill voids. When cured, remove trowel marks and roughness using method recommended by manufacturer.

H. Apply grout coat, of type recommended by resinous flooring manufacturer, to fill voids in surface of final body coat and to produce wearing surface indicated.

I. Apply topcoats in number indicated for flooring system and at spreading rates recommended in writing by manufacturer.

3.3 PROTECTION

A. Protect resinous flooring from damage and wear during the remainder of construction period. Use protective methods and materials, including temporary covering, recommended in writing by

resinous flooring manufacturer.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 09900 - PAINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of painting work is indicated on drawings and schedules, and as herein specified including accent painting.

B. Work includes painting and finishing of interior and exterior exposed items and surfaces throughout project, except as otherwise indicated.

1. Surface preparation, priming and coats of paint specified are in addition to shop-priming and surface treatments specified under other sections of work.

C. Work includes field painting of exposed bare and covered pipes, conduits and ducts (including color coding), and of hangers, exposed steel and iron work, and conduits and primed metal surfaces of equipment installed under mechanical and electrical work, except as otherwise indicated.

D. "Paint" as used herein means all coating systems materials, including primers, emulsions, enamels, stains, sealers and fillers, and other applied materials whether used as prime, intermediate or finish coats.

E. Surfaces to be Painted: Except where natural finish of material is specifically noted as a surface not to be painted, paint exposed surfaces whether or not colors are designated in "schedules". Where items or surfaces are not specifically mentioned, paint the same as similar adjacent materials or areas. If color or finish is not designated, Architect will select these from standard colors or finishes available.

F. Following categories of work are not included as part of field-applied finish work.

1. Pre-Finished Items: Unless otherwise indicated, do not include painting when factory-finishing or installer finishing is specified for such items as (but not limited to) metal toilet enclosures, prefinished partition systems, acoustic materials, elevator entrance doors and frames, elevator equipment, and finished mechanical and electrical equipment, including light fixtures, switchgear and distribution cabinets.

2. Concealed Surfaces: Unless otherwise indicated, painting is not required on surfaces such as walls or ceilings in concealed areas and generally inaccessible areas, foundation spaces, furred areas, utility tunnels, pipe spaces, duct shafts and elevator shafts.

3. Finished Metal Surfaces: Unless otherwise indicated, metal surfaces of anodized aluminum, stainless steel, chromium plate, copper, bronze and similar finished materials will not require finish painting.

4. Operating Parts: Unless otherwise indicated, moving parts of operating units, mechanical and electrical parts, such as valve and damper operators, linkages, sinkages, sensing devices, motor and fan shafts will not require finish painting.

G. Following categories of work are included under other sections of these specifications.

1. Shop Priming: Unless otherwise specified, shop priming of ferrous metal items is included under various sections for structural steel, metal fabrications, hollow metal work and similar items.

2. Unless otherwise specified, shop priming of fabricated components such as shop-fabricated or factory-built mechanical and electrical equipment or accessories is included under other sections of these specifications.

H. Do not paint over any code-required labels, such as Underwriters' Laboratories and Factory Mutual, or any equipment identification, performance rating, name, or nomenclature plates.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Single Source Responsibility: Provide primers and other undercoat paint produced by same manufacturer as finish coats. Use only thinners approved by paint manufacturer and use only within recommended limits.

B. Coordination of Work: Review other sections of these specifications in which prime paints are to be provided to ensure compatibility of total coatings system for various substrates. Upon request from other trades, furnish information or characteristics of finish materials provided for use, to ensure compatible prime coats are used.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical information including paint label analysis and application instructions for each material proposed for use.

B. Samples: Prior to beginning work, Architect will furnish color chips for surfaces to be painted. Use representative colors when preparing samples for review. Submit samples for Architect's re- view of color and texture only.

C. Provide a listing of material and application for each coat of each finish sample. Provide a 4' x 4' sample application of each color paint for Architect's approval prior to final ordering of product. Sample application shall be applied in an inconspicuous place, satisfactory to the Architect.

1.5 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

A. Deliver materials to job site in original, new and unopened packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label, and following information:

1. Name or title of material.
2. Fed. Spec. number, if applicable.
3. Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacturer.
4. Manufacturer's name.
5. Contents by volume, for major pigment and vehicle constituents.
6. Thinning instructions.
7. Application instructions.
8. Color name and number.

B. Store materials not in actual use in tightly covered containers. Maintain containers used in storage of paint in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.

1. Protect from freezing where necessary. Keep storage area neat and orderly. Remove oily rags and waste daily. Take all precautions to ensure that workmen and work areas are adequately protected from fire hazards and health hazards resulting from handling, mixing and application of paints.

1.6 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Apply water-base paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air temperatures are between 50 degree F and 90 degrees F, unless otherwise permitted by paint manufacturer's printed instructions.

B. Apply solvent-thinned paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air temperatures are between 45 degree F and 95 degree F, unless otherwise permitted by paint manufacturer's printed instructions.

C. Do not apply paint in snow, rain, fog or mist, or when relative humidity exceeds 85% or to damp or wet surfaces, unless otherwise permitted by paint manufacturer's printed instructions.

1. Painting may be continued during inclement weather if areas and surfaces to be painted are enclosed and heated within temperature limits specified by paint manufacturer during application and drying periods.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturers are listed as acceptable substitutions to the establish minimum standards. Sherwin Williams Products are listed as the standard of product performance and quality.

1. Sherwin Williams Paint Company (SW)
2. Benjamin Moore and Co. (Moore).
3. Pittsburgh Paints (PPG).

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Material Quality: Provide best quality grade of various types of coatings as regularly manufactured by acceptable paint materials manufacturers. Materials not displaying manufacturer's identification as a standard, best-grade product will not be acceptable.

1. Proprietary names used to designate colors or materials are not intended to imply that products of named manufacturers are required to exclusion of equivalent products of other manufacturers.
2. Federal Specifications establish minimum acceptable quality for paint materials. Provide written certification from paint manufacturer that materials provided meet or exceed these minimums.
3. Manufacturer's products which comply with coating qualitative requirements of applicable Federal Specifications, yet differ in quantitative requirements, may be considered for use when acceptable to Architect. Furnish material data and manufacturer's certificate of performance to Architect for any proposed substitutions.

B. Color Pigments: Pure, non-fading, applicable types to suit substrates and service indicated.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

A. **Applicator must examine areas and conditions under which painting work is to be applied and notify Contractor in writing of conditions detrimental to proper and timely completion of work. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to Applicator. If work is begun before satisfactory conditions are met, then it shall be the Applicators' responsibility for the finish surfaces conditions.**

B. Starting of painting work will be construed as Applicator's acceptance of surfaces and conditions within any particular area.

C. Do not paint over dirt, rust, scale, grease, moisture, scuffed surfaces, or conditions otherwise detrimental to formation of a durable paint film.

3.2 SURFACE PREPARATION

A. General: Perform preparation and cleaning procedures in accordance with paint manufacturer's instructions and as herein specified, for each particular substrate condition.

1. Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove and reprime as required. Notify Architect in writing of any anticipated problems in using the specified coating systems with substrates primed by others.
2. Remove hardware, hardware accessories, machined surfaces, plates, lighting fixtures, and similar items in place and not to be finish-painted or provide surface-applied protection prior to surface preparation and painting operations. Remove, if necessary, for complete painting of items and adjacent surfaces. Following completion of painting of each space or area, reinstall removed items.

3. Contractor MUST remove ALL foreign matter/material not pertinent to new paint from all surfaces before application of any new paint. Foreign matter/material includes, but is not limited to, flaking paint, tape, tacks, nails, poster gum, adhesives of any kind etc.

4. Clean surfaces to be painted before applying paint or surface treatments. Remove oil and grease prior to mechanical cleaning. Program cleaning and painting so that contaminants from cleaning process will not fall onto wet, newly-painted surfaces.

B. Cementitious Materials: Prepare cementitious surfaces of concrete, concrete block, cement plaster and cement-asbestos board to be painted by removing efflorescence, chalk, dust, dirt, grease, oils, and by roughening as required to remove glaze.

1. Determine alkalinity and moisture content of surfaces to be painted by performing appropriate tests. If surfaces are found to be sufficiently alkaline to cause blistering and burning of finish paint, correct this condition before application of paint. Do not paint over surfaces where moisture content exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's printed directions.

2. Clean concrete floor surfaces schedules to be painted with a commercial solution of muriatic acid, or other etching cleaner. Flush floor with clean water to neutralize acid and allow to dry before painting.

C. Wood: Clean wood surfaces to be painted of dirt, oil, or other foreign substances with scrapers, mineral spirits, and sandpaper, as required. Sandpaper smooth those finished surfaces exposed to view and dust off. Scrape and clean small, dry, seasoned knots and apply a thin coat of white shellac or other recommended knot sealer, before application of priming coat. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood-filler. Sandpaper smooth when dried.

1. Prime, stain, or seal wood required to be job-painted immediately upon delivery to job. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of such wood, including cabinets, counters, cases, paneling.

2. When transparent finish is required, use spar varnish for backpriming.

3. Backprime all exposed exterior wood. Backprime paneling on interior partitions only where masonry, plaster, or other wet wall construction occurs on backside.

4. Seal tops, bottoms, and cut-outs of unprimed wood doors with a heavy coat of varnish or equivalent sealer immediately upon delivery to job.

D. Ferrous Metals: Clean ferrous surfaces, which are not galvanized or shop-coated, of oil, grease, dirt, loose mill scale and other foreign substances by solvent or mechanical cleaning.

1. Touch-up shop-applied prime coats wherever damaged or bare. Clean and touch-up with same type shop primer.

E. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean free of oil and surface contaminants with non-petroleum based solvent.

3.3 MATERIALS PREPARATION

A. Mix and prepare painting materials in accordance with manufacturer's directions.

B. Maintain containers used in mixing and application of paint in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.

C. Stir materials before application to produce a mixture of uniform density and stir as required during application. Do not stir surface film into material. If film exists, remove film and strain paint material.

3.4 APPLICATION

A. General: Apply paint in accordance with manufacturer's directions. Use applicators and techniques best suited for substrate and type of material being applied. Paint colors, surface treatments, and finishes, are indicated in "schedules" of the contract documents.

1. Provide finish coats which are compatible with prime paints used.

2. Apply additional coats when undercoats, stains or other conditions show through final coat of paint, until paint film is of uniform finish, color and appearance. Give special attention to insure that surfaces, including edges, corners, crevices, welds, and exposed fasteners receive a dry film thickness not less than specified thickness.
3. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Paint surfaces behind permanently-fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only before final installation of equipment.
4. Paint interior surfaces of ducts, where visible through registers or grilles, with a flat, non-specular black paint.
5. Paint back sides of access panels, and removable or hinged covers to match exposed surfaces.
6. Finish exterior doors on tops, bottoms and side edges same as exterior faces, unless otherwise indicated.
7. Sand lightly between each succeeding enamel or varnish coat.
8. Omit first coat (primer) on metal surfaces which have been shop-primed and touch-up painted, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Scheduling Painting: Apply first-coat material to surfaces that have been cleaned, pretreated or otherwise prepared for painting as soon as practicable after preparation and before subsequent surface deterioration.
1. Allow sufficient time between successive coatings to permit proper drying. Do not recoat until paint has dried to where it feels firm, does not deform or feel sticky under moderate thumb pressure, and application of another coat of paint does not cause lifting or loss adhesion of the undercoat.

C. Minimum Coating Thickness: Apply materials at not less than manufacturer's recommended spreading rate, to establish a total dry film thickness as indicated or, if not indicated, as recommended by coating manufacturer.

D. Prime Coats: Apply prime coat where required to be painted or finished, and which has not been primed coated by others.
1. Recoat primed and sealed surfaces where there is evidence of suction spots or unsealed areas in first coat, to assure a finish coat with no burn-through or other defects due to insufficient sealing.

E. Pigmented (Opaque) Finishes: Completely cover to provide an opaque, smooth surface of uniform finish, color, appearance and coverage. Cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness or other surface imperfections will not be acceptable.

F. Transparent (Clear) Finishes: Use multiple coats to produce glass-smooth surface film of even luster. Provide a finish free of laps, cloudiness, color irregularity, runs, brush marks, orange peel, nail holes, or other surface imperfections.
1. Provide satin finish for final coats, unless otherwise indicated.

G. Completed Work: Match approved samples for color, texture and coverage. Remove, refinish or repaint work not in compliance with specified requirements.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. The right is reserved by Owner to invoke the following material testing procedure at any time, and any number of times during period of field painting:
1. Engage services of an independent testing laboratory to sample paint being used. Samples of materials delivered to project site will be taken, identified and sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.
2. Testing laboratory will perform appropriate tests for any or all of following characteristics: Abrasion resistance, apparent reflectivity, flexibility, washability, absorption, accelerated

weathering, dry opacity, accelerated yellowness, recoating, skinning, color retention, alkali resistance and quantitative materials analysis.

B. If test results show that material being used does not comply with specified requirements, Contractor may be directed to stop painting work, and remove non-complying paint; pay for testing; repaint surfaces coated with rejected paint; remove rejected paint from previously painted surfaces if, upon repainting with specified paint, the two coatings are non-compatible.

3.6 CLEAN-UP AND PROTECTION

A. Clean-Up: During progress of work, remove from site discarded paint materials, rubbish, cans and rags at end of each day.

B. Upon completion of painting work, clean window glass and other paint-spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paint by proper methods of washing and scraping, using care not to scratch or otherwise damage finished surfaces.

C. Protection: Protect work of other trades, whether to be painted or not, against damage by painting and finishing work. Correct any damage by cleaning, repairing or replacing, and repainting, as acceptable to Architect.

1. Provide "Wet Paint" signs as required to protect newly painted finishes. Remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others for protection of their work, after completion of painting operations.

D. At completion of work of other trades, touch-up and restore all damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.7 EXTRA STOCK

A. Deliver stock of maintenance materials to Owner. Furnish maintenance materials from same manufactured lot as materials installed and enclosed in protective packaging with appropriate identifying labels.

1. Paint: Furnish not less than one gallon for each type and color, applied.

3.8 EXTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE

A. GENERAL

1. Paint all new roof penetrations at roof areas, including roof attic ventilators and exhaust fan housings.
2. General: Provide the following paint systems for the various substrates, as indicated.

B. EXTERIOR METALS

1. Zinc-Coated Metal.
   a. Alkyd Gloss Enamel Finish.
      i. 2 Coats over primer, with total dry film thickness not less than 2.5 mils.
      ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl® Universal Acrylic Primer, B66-01310 Series (5.0-10.0 mils wet, 1.9-3.8 mils dry per coat).
      iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Industrial Enamel, Gloss Finish, B54 Series.
      iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Industrial Enamel, Gloss Finish, B54 Series, (2-4 mils dry per coat).
   b. *(Contractor Option)* Waterbased Alkyd Gloss Enamel Finish.
      i. 2 Coats over primer, with total dry film thickness not less than 2.5 mils.
      ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl® Universal Acrylic Primer, B66-01310 Series (5.0-10.0 mils wet, 1.9-3.8 mils dry per coat).
      iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Waterbased Alkyd Urethane Enamel, Gloss Finish, B53 Series.

iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Waterbased Alkyd Urethane Enamel, Gloss Finish, B53 Series, (1.4 – 1.7 mils dry per coat).

2. Ferrous Metal.

a. Alkyd Gloss Enamel Finish.

i. 2 Finish Coats over primer, with total dry film thickness not less than 6.0 mils.

ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl® Universal Acrylic Primer, B66-01310 Series (5.0-10.0 mils wet, 1.9-3.8 mils dry per coat).

iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Industrial Enamel, Gloss Finish, B54 Series.

iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Industrial Enamel, Gloss Finish, B54 Series, (2-4 mils dry per coat).

b. *(Contractor Option)* Waterbased Alkyd Gloss Enamel Finish.

i. 2 Finish Coats over primer, with total dry film thickness not less than 6.0 mils.

ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl® Universal Acrylic Primer, B66-01310 Series (5.0-10.0 mils wet, 1.9-3.8 mils dry per coat).

iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Waterbased Alkyd Urethane Enamel, Gloss Finish, B53 Series.

iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Water-based Alkyd Urethane Enamel, Gloss Finish, B53 Series, (1.4 – 1.7 mils dry per coat).

C. **EXTERIOR WOODWORK**

1. Painted Woodwork.

a. Exterior Acrylic Latex Gloss Finish.

i. 2 finish coats over primer with total dry film thickness of not less than 5.0 mils. Back prime all trim.

ii. 1st Coat: S-W Exterior Oil-Based Wood Primer, Y24W08020 (4 mils wet, 2.2 mils dry).

iii. 2nd Coat: S-W SuperPaint Exterior Latex Gloss Paint, A84 Series.

iv. 3rd Coat: S-W SuperPaint Exterior Latex Gloss Paint, A84 Series (4 mils wet, 1.5 mils dry per coat).

2. Stained Woodwork.

a. Acrylic Solid Color Stain.

i. Stained Finish: 2 Coats of stain on open grain wood.

ii. 1st Coat: S-W Woodscapes Exterior Acrylic Solid Color Stain (200-400 sq ft/gal) @ 4-8 mills wet; 1.3-2.6 mils dry.

iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Woodscapes Exterior Acrylic Solid Color Stain (200-400 sq ft/gal) @ 4-8 mills wet; 1.3-2.6 mils dry.

D. **EXTERIOR MASONRY UNITS**

1. Concrete / Mortar Surfaces (Pre-cast, Cast-In-Place, EIFS, Stucco, etc).

a. Acrylic Coating.

i. 1st Coat: S-W Loxon Concrete & Masonry Primer / Sealer, LX02W0050 (5.3 – 8.0 mils wet, 2.1 – 3.2 mils dry per coat).

ii. 2nd Coat: S-W Loxon Self-Cleaning Acrylic Coating, LX13 Series.

iii. 3rd Coat: S-W Loxon Self-Cleaning Acrylic Coating, LX13 Series (5.0 – 7.0 mils wet, 2.1 – 2.9 mils dry per coat).

2. Concrete Masonry Units (CMU).
    a. Acrylic Coating.
        i. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Heavy Duty Block Filler, B42W00150 (16.0 – 21.0 mils wet, 8.0 - 10.5 mils dry per coat).
        ii. 2nd Coat: S-W Loxon Self-Cleaning Acrylic Coating, LX13 Series.
        iii. 3rd Coat: S-W Loxon Self-Cleaning Acrylic Coating, LX13 Series (5.0 – 7.0 mils wet, 2.1 – 2.9 mils dry per coat).

3.9 INTERIOR PAINT SCHEDULE

A. GENERAL

1. Provide the following paint systems for the various substrates, as indicated on drawings, schedules and specifications.
2. Paint all exposed metals (steel framing, mechanical ducts, conduit, etc.) unless otherwise indicated on drawings.
3. Painter shall identify all fire and smoke partitions above lay in ceilings as follows: Wording shall be “FIRE AND SMOKE BARRIERS - PROTECT ALL OPENINGS” (4” high), to be applied every 8’- 0” on center.

B. INTERIOR METALS

1. Structural Steel / Metal Building Components.
    a. Epoxy Egshel Finish.
        i. 2 coats over primer with total dry film thickness not less than 6.0 mils.
        ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66W01310 (5 – 10 mils wet, 1.9 – 3.8 mils dry per coat).
        iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Waterbased Catalyzed Epoxy EgShel Finish, B73-360 Series (5.0 – 12.0 mils wet, 2.0 – 5.0 mils dry per coat).
        iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Waterbased Catalyzed Epoxy EgShel Finish, B73-360 Series (5.0 – 12.0 mils wet, 2.0 – 5.0 mils dry per coat).
2. Zinc-Coated Metal
    a. Alkyd Gloss Enamel Finish.
        i. 2 Coats over primer, with total dry film thickness not less than 6.0 mils.
        ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl® Universal Acrylic Primer, B66-01310 Series (5.0-10.0 mils wet, 1.9-3.8 mils dry per coat) .
        iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Industrial Enamel, Gloss Finish, B54 Series.
        iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Industrial Enamel, Gloss Finish, B54 Series, (2-4 mils dry per coat).
    b. *(Contractor Option)* Waterbased Alkyd Gloss Enamel Finish.
        i. 2 Coats over primer, with total dry film thickness not less than 6.0 mils.
        ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl® Universal Acrylic Primer, B66-01310 Series (5.0-10.0 mils wet, 1.9-3.8 mils dry per coat).
        iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Waterbased Alkyd Urethane Enamel, Gloss Finish, B53 Series.
        iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Waterbased Alkyd Urethane Enamel, Gloss Finish, B53 Series, (1.4 – 1.7 mils dry per coat).

3. Ferrous Metal
    a. Alkyd Gloss Enamel Finish.
        i. 2 Finish Coats over primer, with total dry film thickness not less than 6.0 mils.
        ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl® Universal Acrylic Primer, B66-01310 Series (5.0-10.0 mils wet, 1.9-3.8 mils dry per coat).
        iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Industrial Enamel, Gloss Finish, B54 Series.
        iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Industrial Enamel, Gloss Finish, B54 Series, (2-4 mils dry per coat).
    b. *(Contractor Option)* Waterbased Alkyd Gloss Enamel Finish..
        i. 2 Finish Coats over primer, with total dry film thickness not less than 6.0 mils.
        ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl® Universal Acrylic Primer, B66-01310 Series (5.0-10.0 mils wet, 1.9-3.8 mils dry per coat).
        iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Waterbased Alkyd Urethane Enamel, Gloss Finish, B53 Series.
        iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Water-based Alkyd Urethane Enamel, Gloss Finish, B53 Series, (1.4 – 1.7 mils dry per coat).

C. **INTERIOR MASONRY UNITS**

1. Concrete Masonry Units (CMU).
    a. Latex Semi-Gloss Enamel Finish
        i. 2 Finish coats over filled surface with total dry film thickness of not less than 11.4 mils.
        ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Heavy Duty Block Filler, B42W00150 (16.0 – 21.0 mils wet, 8.0 - 10.5 mils dry per coat).
        iii. 2nd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Semi-Gloss, B31W12651 Series.
        iv. 3rd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Semi-Gloss, B31W12651 Series (4 mils wet, 1.5 mils dry per coat).
        v. Locations: Typical at all CMU unless otherwise indicated in the schedule.
    b. Epoxy - Pre-Catalyzed Waterbased Semi-Gloss Finish.
        i. 2 Finish coats over filled surface with total dry film thickness of not less than 11.4 mils.
        ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Heavy Duty Block Filler, B42W00150 (16.0 – 21.0 mils wet, 8.0 - 10.5 mils dry per coat).
        iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial® Pre-Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy Semi-Gloss, K46-01151 Series (4 mils wet, 1.4 mils dry per coat).
        iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial® Pre-Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy Semi-Gloss, K46-01151 Series (4 mils wet, 1.4 mils dry per coat).
        v. Locations: All Wet Areas in Athletic Facilities.
    c. Epoxy – Catalyzed Waterbased EgShel Finish.
        i. 2 Finish coats over filled surface with total dry film thickness not less than 14.0 mils.
        ii. 1st Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Heavy Duty Block Filler, B42W00150 (16.0 – 21.0 mils wet, 8.0 - 10.5 mils dry per coat).
        iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy EgShel Finish, B73-360 Series.
        iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy EgShel Finish, B73-360 Series (5.0 – 12.0 mils wet, 2.0 – 5.0 mils dry per coat).

v. Locations:

1. All Showers Areas.
2. Kitchens / Cafeterias / Servicing / Dining / Kitchen Storage / Dishwashing / Freezer-Coolers.
3. FACS.

2. Existing Concrete Masonry Units (CMU).

a. If existing concrete block walls are covered with an enamel paint finish, the following shall be used:

i. 1st Coat: S-W Extreme Bond Primer, B51W00150 (3.1 mils wet, .9 mils dry).

ii. 2nd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Semi-Gloss, B31W12651 Series.

iii. 3rd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Semi-Gloss, B31W12651 Series (4 mils wet, 1.5 mils dry per coat) .

b. If the existing concrete block walls are covered with a latex paint finish, the following shall be used:

i. 1st Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Primer, B28W02600 (4 mils wet, 1.0 mils dry).

ii. 2nd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Semi-Gloss, B31W12651 Series.

iii. 3rd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Semi-Gloss, B31W12651 Series (4 mils wet, 1.5 mils dry per coat.

D. **GYPSUM DRYALL**

1. Walls and Ceilings

a. Interior Acrylic Latex Semi-Gloss Finish.

i. 3 Coat system with dry film thickness not less than 3.8 mils.

ii. 1st Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Primer, B28W02600 (4 mils wet, 1.0 mils dry).

iii. 2nd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Semi-Gloss Finish, B31W02651 Series.

iv. 3rd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Semi-Gloss Finish, B31W02651 Series (4 mils wet, 1.5 mils dry per coat).

v. Locations: Typical at all Gypsum Drywall Walls and Ceilings unless otherwise indicated in the schedule.

b. Epoxy - Pre-Catalyzed Waterbased EgShel Finish.

i. 2 Finish coats over Primer with total dry film thickness not less than 14.0 mils.

ii. 1st Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Primer, B28W02600 (4 mils wet, 1.0 mils dry).

iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy EgShel Finish, K45-01151.

iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Pre-Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy EgShel Finish, K45-01151 (2-4 mils dry per coat).

v. Locations: Walls and Ceilings at Showers Areas. *NOT in Shower Stalls*.

c. *(Contractor Option)* Epoxy - Catalyzed Waterbased EgShel Finish.

i. 2 Finish coats over Primer with total dry film thickness not less than 14.0 mils.

ii. 1st Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Primer, B28W02600 (4 mils wet, 1.0 mils dry).

iii. 2nd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy EgShel Finish, B73-360 Series.

iv. 3rd Coat: S-W Pro Industrial Catalyzed Waterbased Epoxy EgShel Finish, B73-360 Series (5.0 – 12.0 mils wet, 2.0 – 5.0 mils dry per coat).

v. Locations: Walls and Ceilings at Showers Areas. *NOT in Shower Stalls*.

E. **INTERIOR WOODWORK**

1. Painted Woodwork.

a. Interior Semi-Gloss Acrylic Latex with dry film thickness not less than 3.8 mils.

i. 1st Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Primer, B28W02600 (4 mils wet, 1.0 mils dry).

ii. 2nd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Semi-Gloss Finish, B31W02651 Series.

iii. 3rd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Semi-Gloss Finish, B31W02651 Series (4 mils wet, 1.5 mils dry per coat).

2. Stained Woodwork

a. Stained Varnish Rubbed Finish: 3 Finish Coats over stain plus filler on open grain wood.

i. 1st Coat: S-W MinWax Performance Series Tintable Interior Stain 550 VOC, (450-550 sq ft/gal) Available in 250 VOC Version.

ii. 2nd Coat: S-W MinWax Performance Series Fast-Dry Varnish.

iii. 3rd Coat: S-W MinWax Performance Series Fast-Dry Varnish (600-700 sq ft/gal) (available in Gloss, Semi-Gloss, Satin)

3. Wall Panels (Wood and Acoustical).

a. Interior Semi-Gloss Finish Acrylic Latex with dry film thickness not less than 3.8 mils.

i. 1st Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Primer, B28W02600(4 mils wet, 1.0 mils dry)

ii. 2nd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Semi-Gloss, B31W02651 Series

iii. 3rd Coat: S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Semi-Gloss, B31W02651 Series (4 mils wet, 1.5 mils dry per coat)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 10160 - TOILET PARTITIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of toilet partitions is indicated on drawings.

B. Types of toilet partitions and screens required include the following:

1. Solid phenolic with fused surface laminate, floor-supported, overhead-braced.

C. Toilet accessories are specified elsewhere in Division 10.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Field Measurements: Take field measurements prior to preparation of shop drawings and fabrication where possible, to ensure proper fitting of work. However, allow for adjustments within specified tolerances wherever taking of field measurements before fabrication might delay work.

B. Coordination: Furnish inserts and anchorages which must be built into other work for installation of toilet partitions and related work; coordinate delivery with other work to avoid delay.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's detailed technical data for materials, fabrication, and installation, including catalog cuts of anchors, hardware, fastenings, and accessories.

B. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for fabrication and erection of toilet partition assemblies not fully described by product drawings, templates, and instructions for installation of anchorage devices built into other work.

C. Samples: Submit full range of color samples for each type of unit required. Submit 6" square samples of each color and finish on same substrate to be used in work, for color selections.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc, 200 Commerce Drive, Clifton Park NY 12065-1350; Ph.: 518.877.7444; www.bobrick.com.

2. General Partitions Mfg. Corp., 1702 Peninsula Drive, Erie, PA 16505-4243; Ph.: 814.833.1154; www.generalpartitions.com.

3. ASI Global Partitions; 900 Clary Connector, Eastonollee, GA 30538; Ph.: 706.827.2700; www.asi-globalpartitions.com.

4. ASI Accurate Partitions; 160 Tower Drive; Burr Ridge, IL 60527; Phone: 708.442.6800; www.asi-accuratepartitions.com.

5. Bradley Partitions; W142N9101 Fountain Boulevard, Menomonee Falls, WI 53051; Ph.: 1.800.272.3539; www.bradleycorp.com.

6. PSiSC - A Division of CSiSC; 9031 Farrow Road, Columbia, SC 29203; Ph.: 803.252.3020 Extension 106; www.psisc.com.

7. Metpar; 95 State Street, Westbury, NY 11590; Ph: 516.333.2600; www.metpar.com.

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. General: Provide materials which have been selected for surface flatness and smoothness. Exposed surfaces which exhibit pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, telegraphing of core material, or other imperfections on finished units are not acceptable.

B. Materials: Doors, panels and pilasters are composed of compressed cellulose fibers impregnated with resins. The surface laminate is fused to the resin-impregnated core. All edges are machined and finished smooth with beveled edge. Material will not delaminate even under extreme conditions. Materials are non-absorbent, impact and graffiti resistant. Materials are impervious to steam, soaps and detergents and will not mildew.

C. Panels: Shall be 1/2” thick with eased edges uniformly machined to a 1/16” radius. Panels are 58” high and anchored to walls with 18 gauge stainless steel continuous brackets and continuous stainless steel brackets at panel to pilaster locations.

D. Doors: Shall be 3/4” thick with eased edges uniformly machined to a 1/16” radius. Doors are 58” high and mounted to pilasters with continuous stainless steel surface mounted hinge. Pre-threaded inserts are to be provided for all door hardware. Each door is furnished with one coat hook/bumper, slide latches, stops and pulls (for outswing doors) to be made of stainless steel. Door hardware shall allow for lift up emergency access.

E. Pilasters: Shall be 3/4” thick with eased edges uniformly machined to a 1/16” radius. Pilasters are 83” high (or as indicated on the drawings) and anchored to panels and walls with continuous stainless steel brackets. The pilasters contain no less than two level adjusting bolts on the bottom and attach to the floor with two 3/4“ expansion bolts and are braced at the top with aluminum headrail.

F. Stainless Steel Pilaster Shoes: Shall be 3” high, and constructed of 20-gauge stainless steel. Pilaster shoes are bolted onto pilaster with stainless steel, tamper resistant sex bolts and screws.

G. Latches and Keepers: Shall be fabricated from stainless steel with a satin finish. Latch is mounted onto door with 1/4“ stainless steel torx head bolts pre-threaded inserts and acts as the stop for inswing doors. Keepers are mounted on the pilasters with stainless steel toex head screws.

H. Headrail: Shall be made of heavy-duty extruded aluminum (6463-T5 alloy) with bright-dip anodized finish. Headrail is anti-grip and attaches to the top of the pilasters with stainless steel, tamper resistant torx screws. Headrail is attached to the adjacent wall construction with a stainless steel headrail bracket.

I. Headrail Bracket: Shall be made of 16 gauge stainless steel and is attached to the adjacent wall construction with #14 x 1½” stainless steel phillips-head screws and plastic anchors.

J. Anchorages and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners of stainless steel with pinhead, torx screws and bolts.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. General: Furnish standard doors, panels, screens, and pilasters fabricated for partition system, unless otherwise indicated. Furnish units with cutouts, drilled holes, and internal reinforcement to receive partition-mounted hardware, accessories, and grab bars, as indicated.

B. Door Dimensions: Unless otherwise indicated, furnish 24" wide inswinging doors for ordinary toilet stalls and 32" wide (clear opening) outswinging doors at stalls equipped for use by handicapped.

C. Overhead-Braced Partitions: Furnish stainless steel supports and leveling bolts at pilasters, as recommended by manufacturer to suit floor conditions. Make provisions for setting and securing continuous aluminum overhead-bracing tube at top of each pilaster. Furnish shoe at each pilaster to conceal supports and leveling mechanism.

D. Floor-Supported Partitions: furnish galvanized steel anchorage devices, complete with threaded rods, lock washers, and leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters, to permit structural connection at floor. Furnish shoe at each pilaster to conceal anchorage.

E. Floor-Supported Over-Head Braced Screens: Furnish pilasters not less than 3/4" in thickness, panels and pilasters of same construction and finish as toilet partitions. Furnish galvanized steel anchorage devices, complete with threaded rods, lock washers, and leveling adjusting nuts at pilasters, to permit structural connection to floor. Furnish shoe at pilaster to conceal anchorage.

F. Accessories: Furnish units with chromium-plated finish, unless otherwise indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with manufacturer's recommended procedures and installation sequences. Install partitions rigid, straight, plumb, and level.

B. Provide clearances of not more than 1/2" between pilasters and panels, and not more than 1" between panels and walls. Secure panels to walls with full length stainless steel brackets. Secure panels to pilasters with not less than two stirrup brackets located to align with stirrup brackets at wall. Secure panels in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.

C. Overhead-Braced Partitions and Screens: Secure pilasters to floor and level, plumb, and tighten installation with devices furnished. Secure overhead-brace to each pilaster with not less than two fasteners. Hang doors and adjust so that tops of doors are parallel with overhead-brace when doors are in closed position.

D. Floor-Supported Partitions: Set pilaster units with anchorages having not less than 2" penetration into structural floor, unless otherwise recommended by partition manufacturer. Level, plumb and tighten installation with devices furnished. Hang doors and adjust so that tops of doors are level with tops partition when doors are in closed position.

E. Screens: Attach with concealed anchoring devices, as recommended by manufacturer to suit supporting structure. Set units to provide support and to resist lateral impact.

F. Accessories: Mount accessories to partition units in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

3.2 ADJUST AND CLEAN

A. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware for proper operation. Set hinges on inswinging doors to hold open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched. Set hinges on outswinging doors (and entrance swing doors) to return to fully closed position.

B. Clean exposed surfaces of partition systems using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer and provide protection as necessary to prevent damage during remainder of construction period.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 10200 - LOUVERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

A. Extent of louvers and vents is indicated on drawings, including indications of sizes and locations.

1. Fixed Wall Louvers.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. Louver Terminology: Definitions of terms for metal louvers contained in AMCA 501 apply to this Section unless otherwise defined in this Section or in referenced standards.

B. Horizontal Louver: Louver with horizontal blades; i.e., the axes of the blades are horizontal.

C. Vertical Louver: Louver with vertical blades; i.e., the axes of the blades are vertical.

D. Drainable-Blade Louver: Louver with blades having gutters that collect water and drain it to channels in jambs and mullions, which carry it to bottom of unit and away from opening.

E. Rain-Resistant Louver: Louver that provides specified wind-driven rain performance, as determined by testing according to AMCA 500-L.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit under provisions of Section 01300.

B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets for each product and assembly specified.

1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.

2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.

3. Cleaning methods.

C. Shop Drawings: For units and accessories. Include plans; elevations; sections; and details showing profiles, angles, and spacing of elements. Show unit dimensions related to wall openings and adjacent construction; free area for each size indicated for louvers; profiles of frames at jambs, heads, and sills; and anchorage details and locations.

1. Verify openings by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.

2. For installed products indicated to comply with design loadings, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

D. Product Certificates:

1. Air Performance: Certificates signed by Air Movement and Control Association International Inc (AMCA) certifying that the manufacturer's stock units are tested in accordance with AMCA Standard 500 and are licensed to bear the AMCA Certified Ratings Seal in accordance with AMCA Standard 511.

2. Water Penetration: Certificates signed by Air Movement and Control Association International Inc (AMCA) certifying that the manufacturer's stock units are tested in accordance with AMCA Standard 500 and are licensed to bear the AMCA Certified Ratings Seal in accordance with AMCA Standard 511.

3. Weather Louver Effectiveness: Certificates signed by Air Movement and Control Association International Inc (AMCA) certifying that the manufacturer's stock units are tested in accordance with AMCA Standard 500-L99, Section 8.3.2 - Wind Driven Rain Water Penetration Test, and are licensed to bear the AMCA Certified Ratings Seal in accordance

with AMCA Standard 511.

4. Provide AMCA Certification - Water, Air for louvers as scheduled.

E. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.

F. Selection Samples: Two complete color charts showing the full range of colors available for units with factory-applied color finishes.

G. Samples for Verification: For each finish specified, two samples representing actual finishes specified; prepared on Samples of same thickness and material indicated for final Work. Where finishes involve normal color and texture variations, include Sample sets showing the full range of variations expected.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Minimum 5 years manufacturing similar products. The manufacturer shall have implemented a program for the management of quality objectives, continual improvement, and monitoring of customer satisfaction to assure that customer needs and expectations are met.

B. Installer Qualifications: Minimum 2 years experience installing similar louvers.

C. Professional Engineer Qualifications: A professional engineer legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located and experienced in providing engineering services of kind indicated. Engineering services are defined as those performed for installations of products that are similar to those indicated for this Project in material, design, and extent.

D. Source Limitations: Obtain products through one source from a single manufacturer where alike in one or more respects regarding type, design, or factory-applied color finish.

E. Welding Standards: As follows:

1. Comply with AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code - Aluminum."

2. Comply with AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."

F. AMCA Standard 500-L: Air performance, water penetration and air leakage ratings shall be determined in accordance with Air Movement and Control Association International Inc (AMCA) Standard 500, "Laboratory Methods of Testing Louvers for Rating."

G. SMACNA Standard: Comply with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" recommendations for fabrication, construction details, and installation procedures.

1.6 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

A. Field Measurements: Verify openings and adjacent construction by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.

1. Established Dimensions: Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish opening dimensions and proceed with fabricating products without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual opening dimensions correspond to established dimensions.

2. Coordinate Setting Drawings, diagrams, templates, instructions, and directions for installation of anchorages that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry construction. Coordinate delivery of such items to Project site.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Maintain environmental conditions (temperature, humidity and ventilation) within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's recommended limits.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer shall provide standard limited warranty for louver systems for a period of five years (60 months) from date of installation, no more than 60 months after shipment from manufacturing plant. When notified in writing from the Owner of a manufacturing defect, manufacturer shall promptly correct deficiencies without direct financial cost to the Owner.

B. Manufacturer shall provide 20 year limited warranty for fluoropolymer-based finish on extruded aluminum substrates.

1. Finish coating shall not peel, blister, chip, crack or check.
2. Chalking, fading or erosion of finish when measured by the following tests:
    a. Finish coating shall not chalk in excess of 8 numerical ratings when measured in accordance with ASTM D4214.
    b. Finish coating shall not change color or fade in excess of 5 NBS units as determined by ASTM D2244 and ASTM D822.
    c. Finish coating shall not erode at a rate in excess of 10%/ 5 year as determined by Florida test sample.

C. Manufacturer shall provide a 5 year limited warranty for Class I and a 3 year limited warranty for Class II anodized finish on extruded aluminum substrates.

1. Seller warrants the Finish under normal atmospheric conditions.
    a. Will not crack, craze, flake or blister
    b. Will not change or fade more than (5) Delta-E Hunter units as determined by ASTM method D-2244
    c. Will not chalk in excess of ASTM D-4214-07 number (8) rating, determined by the procedure outlined in ASTMD-4214-07 specification test.
2. Any forming or welding must be done prior to finishing. Post forming or welding will void the warranty.
3. This Warranty applies only if the anodized aluminum product is installed in strict accordance with Seller's recommended practices and maintained in accordance with AAMA (American Architectural Manufacturers Association) publication number 609 and 610-09 ("Cleaning and Maintenance Guide for Architecturally Finished Aluminum").

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to established minimum standards for materials, workmanship and functions:

1. Reliable Architectural Products (Basis of Design) |1300 Enterprise Road, Geneva, Alabama 36340 | PH: 334.684.3621 or 800.624.3914 | www.reliablelouvers.com.
2. Ruskin Company | 3900 Dr. Greaves Rd. Grandview, MO 64030 | PH: 816.761.7476 | www.ruskin.com.
3. The Airolite Company, LLC. | Ph:715.841.8757 | www.airolite.com.
4. Air Performance Louvers LLC. | 159 Genco Drive, Hartford, AL 36344 | Ph: 334.588.0191 or 588.0070 | www.airperformancellc.com.
5. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provided such products have been approved by the Architect not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 STATIONARY BLADE LOUVER

A. Model 4375Z125 as manufactured by Reliable Louver Company

B. Fabrication:

1. Design: Stationary non- drainable louver with drain gutters in head frame with downspouts in the jambs and mullions with all welded construction. Hidden vertical supports to allow unlimited continuous line appearance. Steeply angled integral sill.
2. Frame:
   a. Frame Depth: 4 inches (102 mm).
   b. Wall Thickness: .081 inch (2.1 mm) nominal.
   c. Material: Extruded aluminum, Alloy 6063-T6.
3. Blades:

   Style: Non- Drainable: 37.5 degrees at 5-3/32 inches (129 mm)
   a. Wall Thickness: 0.081 inch (2.1 mm), nominal.
   b. Material: Extruded aluminum, Alloy 6063 T6.
4. Minimum Assembly Size: 12 inches wide by 12 inches high (305 mm x 305 mm).
5. Maximum Factory Assembly Size: Single sections shall not exceed 120 inches wide by 90 inches high (3048 mm x 2286 mm) or 90 inches wide by 120 inches high (2286 mm x 3048). Louvers larger than the maximum single size shall be require field assembly of smaller sections.
6. Recycled Content: 18% post-consumer. 55% pre-consumer, post-industrial, total 73% by weight.

C. Performance Data:
1. Based on testing 48 inch x 48 inch (1,219 mm x 1,219 mm) size unit in accordance with AMCA 500.
2. Free Area: 54 percent, nominal.
3. Free Area Size: 8.58 square feet (0.79 m2).
4. Maximum Recommended Air Flow through Free Area: 803 feet per minute (4.08 m/s).
5. Air Flow: 6890 cubic feet per minute (3.25 m^3/s).
6. Maximum Pressure Drop (Intake): 0.15 inches w.g. (0.035 kPa).
7. Water Penetration: Maximum of 0.01 ounces per square foot (3.1 g/m2) of free area at an air flow of 803 feet per minute (4.08 m/s) free area velocity when tested for 15 minutes.

D. Design Windload: Per Code.

E. Louvers shall be factory engineered to withstand the specified seismic loads.
1. Minimum design loads shall be calculated to comply with ASCE – 7, or local requirements of Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ).

2.3 ACCESSORIES

A. Bird Screen: Install insect screens on intake louvers and bird screens on exhaust louvers. Do not install insect screens on HVAC intake louvers.
1. Aluminum: Aluminum, 5/8 inches by 0.040 inch (16 mm by 1 mm), expanded and flattened.
2. Frame: Removable. Re-wireable.

B. Insect Screens: Install insect screens on intake louvers and bird screens on exhaust louvers. Do not install insect screens on HVAC intake louvers.
1. Aluminum: 18-16 mesh, mill finish, .011 inch (0.3 mm) wire.
2. Frame: Aluminum.

C. Extended Sills:
1. Extruded aluminum, Alloy 6063-T6. Minimum nominal thickness 0.060 inch (1.5 mm).

2. Formed aluminum, Alloy 3003. Minimum nominal thickness 0.081 inch (2.1 mm).

D. Visible Mullions: Manufacturer's standard horizontal or vertical visible mullions for architectural accent as indicated on drawings.

2.4 FINISHES

A. Finish: 70 percent PVDF: Finish shall be applied at 1.2 mil total dry film thickness.

1. Coating shall conform to AAMA 2605. Apply coating following cleaning and pretreatment. Cleaning: AA-C12C42R1X.

a. Standard 2-coat.

2. 20-year finish warranty.

B. Color: Color to be selected by Architect.

2.5 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Fastenings: Use same material as items fastened, unless otherwise indicated. Fasteners for exterior applications may be hot-dip galvanized, stainless steel or aluminum. Provide types, gages and lengths to suit unit installation conditions. Use Phillips flat-head machine screws for exposed fasteners, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Anchors and Inserts: Use metal anchors and inserts for exterior installations and elsewhere as required for corrosion resistance. Use steel or lead expansion bolt devices for drilled-in-place anchors. Furnish inserts, as required.

C. Bituminous Paint: SSPC-Paint 12 (cold-applied asphalt mastic).

2.6 FABRICATION, GENERAL

A. Provide louvers and accessories of design, materials, sizes, depth, arrangement, and metal thicknesses indicated, or if not indicated, as required for optimum performance with respect to airflow; water penetration; air leakage where applicable (for adjustable units, if any); strength; durability; and uniform appearance.

B. Fabricate frames including integral sills to suit adjacent construction with tolerances for installation, including application of sealants in joints between louvers and adjoining work.

C. Include supports, anchorages, and accessories required for complete assembly.

D. Provide sill extensions and loose sills made of same material as louvers, where indicated, or required for drainage to exterior and to prevent water penetrating to interior.

E. Maintain equal blade spacing, including separation between blades and frames at head and sill to produce uniform appearance.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION

A. Prepare substrates and openings using methods recommended by manufacturer for achieving best result for substrates under project conditions.

B. Do not proceed with installation until substrates and nailers have been prepared using the methods recommended by the manufacturer and deviations from manufacturer's recommended tolerances are corrected. Commencement of installation constitutes acceptance of conditions.

C. If preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect in writing of deviations from manufacturer's recommended installation tolerances and conditions.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

1. Locate and place units level, plumb, and at indicated alignment with adjacent work.

2. Use concealed anchorages where possible. Provide brass or lead washers fitted to screws

where required to protect metal surfaces and to make a weathertight connection.

3. Form closely fitted joints with exposed connections accurately located and secured.
4. Provide perimeter reveals and openings of uniform width for sealants and joint fillers as indicated on Drawings.
5. Repair finishes damaged by cutting, welding, soldering, and grinding. Restore finishes so no evidence remains of corrective work. Return items that cannot be refinished in the field to the factory, make required alterations, and refinish entire unit or provide new units.
6. Protect galvanized and nonferrous-metal surfaces from corrosion or galvanic action by applying a heavy coating of bituminous paint on surfaces that will be in contact with concrete, masonry, or dissimilar metals.

B. Install concealed gaskets, flashings, joint fillers, and insulation, as installation progresses, where weathertight joints are required. Comply with Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealants applied during installation.

3.3 ADJUSTING, CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Test operation of adjustable louvers and adjust as needed to produce fully functioning units that comply with requirements.

B. Protect products from damage until completion of project. Use temporary protective coverings where needed and approved by manufacturer. Remove protective covering at the time of Substantial Completion.

C. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 10410 - IDENTIFYING DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Types of identifying devices specified in this section include the following:

1. Room Signs (See Door Schedule)

B. Note to the Contractor: If the Contract Sum (as awarded) is $100,000.00 or more, the Contractor shall furnish and erect a project sign and interior plaques as shown in “Detail of Project Sign” (DCM Form C-15) and “Plaque Detail” bound in the Project Manual at the end of “General Conditions”. The project sign shall be erected in a prominent location selected by the Architect and Owner and shall be maintained in good condition until completion of Work.

C. Extent of signs and plaque is indicated on the drawings.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Drawings and Specifications are based on one manufacturer's standard products. Another standard system of a similar and equivalent nature may be acceptable when the differences do not materially detract from the design concept or intended performance as judged solely by the Architect.

B. General Contractor is responsible for verifying signage requirements and correct wording, names etc. with Owner and Architect before ordering.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for each type of device. Include large scale sections of typical members and other components. Provide dimensioned elevations. Show anchorages, grounds and reinforcement and indicate finishes.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ROOM SIGNS

A. MANUFACTURER:

1. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function.

a. ASI Sign Systems, Inc., 8181 Jetstar Drive, Suite 100, Irving, TX 75063; www.asisignage.com; 1-800-274-7732

b. Best Sign Systems, www.bestsigns.com; 1202 N. Park Avenue, Montrose, CO 81401-3171, Phone (970) 249-2378 or 1-800-235-2378; Fax (970) 249-0223

c. Leeds Architectural Letters of Alabama Inc, www.leedsletters.com; P.O. Box 40, Leeds, AL 35094; Phone (205) 699-5271; Fax (205) 699-3342

d. Bayuk Graphic Systems, Inc., www.bayukgraphics.com; 5005 Old Lincoln Highway Parkesburg, PA 19365; Phone: (717)-442-0274; Fax: (717)-442-1289

e. Mohawk Sign Systems; www.mohawksign.com; 5 Dandreano Dr, Amsterdam, NY 12010; Ph. 518.842.5303.

2. Substitutions: Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

B. MATERIALS:

1. Provide 6" x 8" high laminated plastic with raised lettering complying with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).
2. All Signs MUST include 1” Slide In Window Slot.
3. Color to be selected by the Architect after bid date from manufacturer standards.
4. Use International Symbols of accessibility for identifying facilities as accessible.
5. Letters and numerals shall be raised 1/32 in (0.8 mm) minimum, upper case, sans serif or simple serif type and shall be accompanied with Grade 2 Braille.
6. Raised characters shall be at least 5/8 in (16 mm) high, but no higher than 2 in (50 mm).
7. Pictograms shall be accompanied by the equivalent verbal description placed directly below the pictogram. The border dimension of the pictogram shall be 6 in (152 mm) minimum in height.
8. **See Door Schedule. If not shown provide 20 letter characters per room sign.**
9. **The Supplier will be required to meet with the Owner for exact wording for all room signs before preparation of the shop drawing submittal to the Architect for approval.)**
10. Tactile characters on signs shall be located 48 inches (1220 mm) minimum above the finish floor or ground surface, measured from the baseline of the lowest tactile character and 60 inches (1525 mm) maximum above the finish floor or ground surface, measured from the baseline of the highest tactile character.
    a. Where a tactile sign is provided at a door, the sign shall be located alongside the door at the latch side.
    b. Where a tactile sign is provided at double doors with one active leaf, the sign shall be located on the inactive leaf.
    c. Where a tactile sign is provided at double doors with two active leafs, the sign shall be located to the right of the right hand door.
    d. Where there is no wall space at the latch side of a single door or at the right side of double doors, signs shall be located on the nearest adjacent wall.
    e. Signs containing tactile characters shall be located so that a clear floor space of 18 inches (455 mm) minimum by 18 inches (455 mm) minimum, centered on the tactile characters, is provided beyond the arc of any door swing between the closed position and 45 degree open position. Mounting devices shall be concealed.

2.2 PLAQUE

A. MANUFACTURER:

1. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function.
    a. Impact Architectural Signs, www.impactsigns.com; 26 E. Burlington Avenue, LaGrange, IL 60525: (708) 469-7178; impact@impactsigns.com
    b. Leeds Architectural Letters of Alabama Inc, www.leedsletters.com; P.O. Box 40, Leeds, AL 35094; Phone (205) 699-5271; Fax (205) 699- 3342
    c. Matthews Architectural Products, www.matthewsid.com; 2 North Shore Pittsburgh, PA 15212; (412) 571-5500; (800) 950-1317
    d. A.R.K. Ramos Architectural Signage, www.arkramos.com; 1321 S. Walker Ave., Oklahoma City, OK; Ph. 800.725.7266
2. Substitutions: Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

B. MATERIALS

1. Refer to *Detail Of Plaque (ABC Form C-16, August 2001)* at the front end of the project manual.
2. Size: 24" high x 30" wide.
3. Cast aluminum with bronze finish of standard alloy, hand tooled and chased.
4. Raised letters and border.
5. Satin finish.
6. Background pebbled finish and oxidized to a darker finish.
7. Casting to be free of pits and holes, square and true with no warping.
8. Border style to be single line.
9. Letters to be flat face classic design.
10. Furnish Rubbing to Architect for approval.

C. Wording on the plaque shall read as follows.

Athletic Upgrades To
Brewer High School For The
Morgan County Board of Education
SOMERVILLE , ALABAMA

ERECTED 2025

STATE OF ALABAMA

THE MORGAN COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
MR.CHRIS HUMPHRIES, CHAIRMAN
MR. ADAM GLENN, VICE CHAIRMAN
MR. PAUL HOLMES, BOARD MEMBER
MR. GEOFF HALBROOKS, BOARD MEMBER
MR. JOHN HOLLEY, BOARD MEMBER
MR. BILLY RHODES, BOARD MEMBER
MR. MIKE TARPLEY, BOARD MEMBER
DR.MRS.TRACIE TURRENTINE,SUPERINTENDENT

SUPERVISED BY

Alabama Real Property Management, Division of Construction Management

McKEE AND ASSOCIATES ARCHITECTS, INC

(COMPANY NAME), CONTRACTOR

2.3 PROJECT SIGN

A. MATERIALS

1. Refer to *Detail of Project Sign (DCM Form C-15, August 2021)* at the front end of the project manual.

B. Wording on the project sign shall read as follow.

2.4 FABRICATION

A. General: Fabricate signs to comply with requirements indicated including, dimensions, design details, quality, thickness and finish of materials. Use materials and shapes of sufficient

thickness, with reinforcing, if needed, to produce sufficient flatness, free of “oil canning”, and to impart sufficient strength for size, design and application indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install units plumb and level, in locations and with mounting shown. Securely attach to the supporting structure with concealed fasteners, in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.

3.2 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. At completion of the installation, clean surfaces in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Protect units from damage until acceptance by the Owner.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 10440 - FIRE EXTENGUISHERS AND ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Fire Extinguishers.
2. Extinguisher cabinets.
3. Accessories.

B. Related Requirements:

1. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 REFERENCES

A. Reference Standards:

1. ASTM International (ASTM):
   a. ASTM E814-11a, Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems.
2. International Code Council (ICC):
   a. International Building Code (IBC) - Current Edition.
3. Intertek Testing Services/Warnock-Hersey International (ITS/WHI)
4. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
   a. NFPA 10-2010, Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers: For criteria covering installations for Class A, B, C, D, and K hazards as well as the selection, inspection, maintenance, recharging, and testing of portable fire extinguishing equipment.
   b. NFPA 70-2011, National Electrical Code.
5. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL)
6. United States Code (USC):
   a. Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended by the ADA Amendments Act of 2008: For restrictions relating to cabinet projections in corridors.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Submit in accordance with Section 01600:

1. Product Data:
   a. Cabinets: Materials description for fire extinguisher cabinets include roughing-in dimensions, details showing mounting methods, relationships to surrounding construction, door hardware, cabinet type and materials, trim style and door construction, door style and materials.
   b. Extinguishers: Materials description for fire extinguishers; include ratings and classifications.
   c. Installation instructions for each product specified.
2. Shop Drawings:
   a. Small-scale plans showing locations of fire extinguisher cabinets and individual fire extinguishers.
   b. Schedules showing each type of cabinet and extinguisher to ensure proper fit and function.
   c. Indicate installation procedures and accessories required for a complete installation.

3. Samples:

   a. Extinguisher Cabinet Door and Trim Finishes: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on samples of size indicated below:

      i. Size: 6 inches (150 mm) square.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Comply with standards referenced in Article 1.02 - REFERENCES.

B. Provide fire extinguishers, cabinets and accessories produced by a single manufacturer.

C. Provide fire extinguishers of type approved by UL, State Fire Marshal's Office, and local regulatory agencies, if any.

D. Fire-Rated, Fire Protection Cabinets: Listed and labeled to comply with requirements in ASTM E814 for fire-resistance rating of walls where they are installed.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver, store, and handle fire protection specialties and related materials using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, or loss.

1. Deliver components in manufacturer's original packaging, properly labeled for identification.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. All Fire Protection Products (except fire extinguishers) carry a one year warranty after date of shipment against defects in materials or workmanship. Fire extinguishers carry a longer warranty. We will replace or repair any product found defective within this period. No other warranty expressed or implied is valid. Manufacturer’s warranty, terms and conditions apply in all cases. Please see complete warranty on our website for more details.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FIRE PROTECTION SPECIALTIES MANUFACTURERS

A. Acceptable Manufacturers:

1. J. L. Industries, Inc., a division of Activar Construction Products Group; 9702 Newton Av S Bloomington, MN 55431; (800) 554-6077, (952) 835-6850, (952) 835-2218 (FAX); SALES@ACTIVARCPG.COM; www.activarcpg.com

2. Larsen’s Manufacturing Company

3. Modern Metal Products

B. Substitutions: Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

A. Multi-Purpose Chemical Type: Extinguisher unit containing a fluidized and siliconized mono ammonium phosphate powder; nonconductive and nontoxic.

1. Construction: Heavy duty steel cylinder with metal valve and siphon tube, O-ring seal, replaceable valve stem seal, visual pressure gage, pull pin and upright squeeze grip.

2. Finish: Factory powder-coated; Red.

3. Effectiveness (Rating): Class A, B, and C fires.

4. Model Identification and UL Rating: Cosmic **10E; 4A-80BC**.

5. “Start Up Tags” for each fire extinguisher must be provided and approved by Local Fire

Department before Final Inspection.

B. Class K Wet Chemical Type: Extinguisher unit containing a low "pH" potassium acetate solution.

1. Construction: Stainless steel cylinder with protective nozzle tip orifice seal and nonmetallic nozzle tip finger guard, O-ring seal, replaceable valve stem seal, visual pressure gage, pull pin, and upright squeeze grip.
2. Effectiveness (Rating): Class K fires.
3. Model Identification and and UL Rating: **25; Class K**. Capacity: 2.5 gal.

2.3 EXTINGUISHER CABINETS

A. Cabinet with Steel Trim and Door:

1. **Ambassador Series, Model 1017F10** at Non-Fire Rated Walls.
2. **Ambassador Series, Model 1017F10FX2** at Fire Rated Walls.

B. Cabinet Style: **Semi-recessed**.

1. Tub: Cold-rolled steel.
   a. Finish: Factory-applied powder coat paint finish.
      i. To be selected by Architect after bid date from manufacturer Standard Colors.
2. Door and Trim Construction: Cold-rolled steel; flush doors with 5/8 inch (15.88 mm) door stop attached by continuous hinge and equipped with zinc-plated handle with roller catch.
   a. Finish: Factory-applied powder coat paint finish.
      i. To be selected by Architect after bid date from manufacturer Standard Colors.
3. Trim Style and Depth: Cabinets located in corridors shall not protrude into the hall way more than 2 1/2".
   a. Semi-Recessed Cabinet:
      i. Rolled Edge**:** 2-1/2 inch (63.50 mm).
   b. Trim Dimensions: 1-3/4 inch (44.45 mm) face trim on frame and 1-1/4 inch (31.75 mm) face trim on door.

C. Fire-Rating: Provide Fire-Rated cabinets for 1-hour and 2-hour combustible and noncombustible wall systems as required.

2.4 CABINET DOOR STYLES, GLAZING TYPES, AND ADDITIONAL OPTIONS

A. Door Style:

1. Style F: Full glazing; with pull handle.

B. Door Glazing:

1. Type 10: Clear acrylic.

C. Additional Options:

1. Cabinet Lettering:
   a. Text: FIRE EXTINGUISHER.
   b. Color(s): [Red] [Black] [White]. To be selected by Architect after bid date.

2.5 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Ship extinguishers to the Project site fully charged, EXCEPT those which contain water as an extinguishing agent, if any.

B. Obtain Fire Extinguishers and Fire Extinguisher Brackets from same manufacturer to ensure compatibility.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine walls and partitions for suitable framing depth and blocking where recessed and semi-recessed cabinets will be installed and blocking where surface mounted cabinets will be installed.

1. Notify the Contractor in writing of conditions detrimental to proper and timely completion of the installation.

2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install cabinets in locations and at mounting heights indicated, or if not indicated, at heights to comply with applicable regulations of governing authorities.

1. Prepare recesses in walls for fire extinguisher cabinets as required by type and size of cabinet and style of trim and to comply with manufacturer's instructions.

2. Securely fasten mounting brackets and fire extinguisher cabinets to structure, square and plumb, to comply with manufacturer=s instructions.

3. Maintain fire ratings where cabinets are recessed into fire-rated wall systems.

B. Cabinet Lettering:

1. Identify fire extinguisher in cabinet with lettering spelling "FIRE EXTINGUISHER" painted on door by silk screen process. Provide lettering on door as indicated, or if not indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard letter sizes, styles, colors and layouts.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Ensure that each extinguisher is fully charged, and that inspection of each extinguisher has been performed, as evidenced by the National Association of Fire Equipment Distributors certification tag, just prior to turnover.

3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films, if any, as fire protection cabinets are installed unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions.

B. Adjust fire protection cabinet doors to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices operate properly.

C. On completion of fire protection cabinet installation, clean interior and exterior surfaces as recommended by manufacturer.

D. Touch up marred finishes, or replace fire protection cabinets that cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended or furnished by fire protection cabinet and mounting bracket manufacturers.

E. Replace fire protection cabinets that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 10500 – METAL LOCKERS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Products in this section include the following:

1. Furnish and install factory-assembled Heavy-Duty MIG-Welded Metal Lockers, complete, as shown and specified per contract documents.

RELATED WORK

Section 03310, Cast-In-Place Concrete.

A. Section 06100, Rough Carpentry.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. All lockers shall be factory-assembled, of all MIG welded construction, in multiple column units to meet job conditions. **Assembly of locker bodies by means of bolts, screws, or rivets will not be permitted. Welding of knockdown locker construction is not acceptable.** Grind exposed welds and metal edges flush and make safe to touch.

B. MANUFACTURING STANDARD: Provide metal lockers that are standard products of a single manufacturer, with interchangeable like parts. Include necessary mounting accessories, fittings, and fastenings.

C. FABRICATOR QUALIFICATIONS: Firm experience (minimum 5 years) in successfully producing the type of metal lockers indicated for this project, with sufficient production capacity to produce required units without causing delay in the work.

D. INSTALLER QUALIFICATIONS: Engage an experienced (minimum 2 years) installer who has successfully completed installation of the type of metal lockers and extent to that indicated for this project.

E. Lockers shall be GREENGUARD Children & Schools Certified[SM]

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for metal locker units.

B. Samples: Submit color samples on squares of same metal to be used for fabrication of lockers.

C. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for metal lockers, showing locker types, sizes, quantities, Show lockers in detail, method of installation, fillers, trim, base, and accessories. Include locker numbering sequence information.

1.5 PRODUCT HANDLING

A. GENERAL: All work shall be fabricated in ample time so as to not delay construction process.

B. DELIVERY: All materials shall be delivered to the site at such a time as required for proper coordination of the work. Materials are to be received in the manufacturer's original, unopened packages and shall bear the manufacturer's label.

STORAGE: Store all materials in a dry and well ventilated place adequately protected from the elements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to established minimum standards for materials, workmanship and functions:

1. List Industries Inc., Superior (Basis of Design); 401 Jim Moran Blvd., Deerfield Beach, Florida 33442; www.listindustries.com; PH: 1.800.776.1342.
2. ASI Storage Solutions; 900 Clary Connector, Eastanollee, Georgia 30538; www.asistorage.com; PH: 706.827.2720.
3. Penco; 1820 Stonhenge Drive, Greenville, NC 27858; www.pencoproducts.com; PH: 800.562.1000.
4. LockersMFG | P.O. Box 383258 Germantown, TN 38183 | Ph:901.207.6573. | www.lockersmfg.com.

2.2 LOCKERS

A. ATHLETIC TEAM FULLY FRAMED ALL-WELDED LOCKERS

1. Location(s): As indicated on Drawings.
2. Type:
   a. Double Tier 18” (W) x 18” (D) x 36” (H)
3. Materials:
   a. Steel Sheet: All sheet steel used in fabrication shall be prime grade free from scale and imperfections and capable of taking a heavy coat of custom blend powder coat.
   b. Fasteners: Cadmium, zinc or nickel plated steel; bolt heads, slotless type; self locking nuts or lock washers.
   c. Hardware: Hooks and hang rods of cadmium plated or zinc plated steel or cast aluminum.
   d. Handle: Seamless drawn 304 stainless steel recessed handle.
   a. Number Plates: To be aluminum with not less that 3/8" high etched numbers attached to door with two aluminum rivets. **NOTE: Prior to placing any orders for Number Plates, the General Contractor is responsible for verifying Locker numbering sequence with the Owner.**
4. Construction: Fabricate lockers square, rigid, and without warp, with metal faces flat and free of dents or distortion. All lockers shall be factory-assembled, of all MIG welded construction, in multiple column units to meet job conditions. Assembly of locker bodies by means of bolts, screws, or rivets will not be permitted. Welding of knockdown locker construction is not acceptable. Grind exposed welds and metal edges flush and make safe to touch.
5. Frame / Vertical Side panels: Shall be of 13 gauge ½” flattened expanded metal framed by 16 gauge Hollow "T" tubular sections and channel frame members designed to enclose all four edges of the side panel with the entire assembly MIG welded to form a rigid frame for each locker. The channel frame members are welded to the front and rear vertical frame members to create and anchor bearing surface of 1-1/4 inches wide x the depth of the locker at each side panel. Note: Diamond perforated sheet steel or 3/4” expanded metal will NOT be accepted.
6. Integral Frame Locker base: 14 gauge formed structural channels are MIG welded to the front and rear vertical side panel frame members to allow placement of locker bottom a minimum 2-3/4" above floor level. Locker bottom shelf located less than 2” above floor level will not be acceptable.
7. Wardrobe Doors: Doors 20" high and over and 15” wide and under are to be fabricated from single sheet prime 14 gauge with single bends at top and bottom and double bends at the

sides. The channel formed by the double bend at the latch side is designed to fully conceal the lock bar. Doors for 18” and wider lockers shall include a 3" wide minimum 18 gauge full height channel door stiffener MIG welded to the hinge side of the door as well as to the top and bottom door return bends and spot welded to the inside of door face to form a rigid torque-free box reinforcement for the door. Doors to be perforated with 5/8” x 1-1/2” diamonds.

8. Latch: The latching mechanism shall be finger lift control type constructed of 14 gauge (minimum) steel with a nylon cover that has a generous finger pull. Lock bar shall be hot dip galvanized and installed after paint to ensure proper paint coverage and lock bar operation. Spring activated nylon slide latches shall be completely enclosed in the lock channel allowing doors to close with the lock in the locked position. Locking devise shall be designed for use with either built-in combination locks or padlocks. Latch hooks shall be 11 gauge (minimum) with riveted bumpers and shall be MIG welded to vertical frame member. Provide three latch hooks for doors 48" and over and two for doors under 48”.
9. P.E. Gym Doors 12” High And Under: Doors 12" high and under to be top hinged and be fabricated from single sheet prime 14 gauge with single bend at top and sides with a double bend at latch point (bottom). A spring loaded galvanized latch assembly shall be securely welded to the inside of the door. The latch shall be a minimum of 11 gauge, be equipped with a stainless steel spring and shall automatically engage when door is closed. Rubber bumpers shall be riveted to return bends on doors. Locking devise shall be designed for use with both a padlock and built-in lock. Padlock Strike Plates are required. Doors to be perforated with 7/16” x 15/16” diamonds.
10. P.E. Gym Doors 15” And 18” High: Doors 15” and 18" high to be side hinged and be fabricated from single sheet prime 14 gauge with single bend at top and bottom and double bends at hinge and latch sides. A spring loaded galvanized latch assembly shall be securely welded to the inside of the door. The latch shall be a minimum of 11 gauge, be equipped with a stainless steel spring and shall automatically engage an 11 gauge full height continuous door strike when the door is closed. The door strike is to be MIG welded to the frame. Rubber bumpers shall be riveted to return bends on doors. Locking devise shall be designed for use with both a padlock and built-in lock. Padlock Strike Plates are required. Doors to be perforated with 7/16” x 15/16” diamonds.
11. Handle: Seamless Drawn Locker Handle: All wardrobe doors 20” high and over shall have a seamless drawn not less than 304 stainless steel recessed handle shaped to receive a padlock or built-in combination lock. The recessed handle shall be deep enough to have the lock be completely flush with the outer door face.
12. Door Hinges: Hinges for wardrobe and side hinged gym doors shall not be less than 3-1/2" long 13 gauge seven knuckle pin type, securely riveted to frame and welded to the door. Doors are to be secured to frame with a minimum of two tamper resistant rivets per hinge. Provide 3 hinges for doors 48" and higher and 2 for doors shorter than 48". All doors shall be right hand side hinged except top hinged gym doors as noted above. Top hinged gym doors shall be hinged using a 3/16" diameter continuous hinge rod completely recessed into the door with a concealed fastener.
13. Flat Tops: Shall be formed of one piece of 16 gauge cold rolled sheet steel and shall be an integral part MIG welded to each vertical side panel frame member and be continuous to cover the full width of a multiple framed locker unit.
14. Hat Shelves, Intermediate Shelves And Bottoms: Shall be 16 gauge galvanneal sheet steel, have double bends at front and shall engage slots in the Hollow "T" vertical frame members at all four corners and be securely welded to the frame and side. Locker bottom shelf located less than 2” above floor level will not be acceptable.
15. Backs: Shall be 18 gauge cold rolled sheet steel, be continuous to cover a multiple framed unit and be welded to each vertical side panel frame member.
16. Finishing: All locker parts to be cleaned and coated after fabrication with a seven stage zinc/iron phosphate solution to inhibit corrosion, followed by a coat of high grade custom

blend powder electrostatically sprayed and baked at 350 degrees Fahrenheit for a minimum of 20 minutes to provide a tough durable finish.

a. Color to be selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard list of colors. Two-Tone Color Combination: Shall be at no additional cost with the locker body, frame and trim chosen from one color and the doors may be one of any other color chosen from manufacturers standard selection.

17. Equipment: Furnish each locker with the following items, unless otherwise shown.

a. Single tier lockers: Openings 60” and 72” shall include one galvanneal hat shelf, one double prong ceiling hook and a minimum of two single prong wall hooks.

b. Double and Triple tier lockers: Openings 20” thru 36” high shall include one double prong ceiling hook and a minimum of two single prong wall hooks.

c. Finished End Panels (If required): Shall be "Boxed" type formed from 16 gauge cold rolled steel with 1" O.D. double bends on sides and a single bend at top and bottom with no exposed holes or bolts. If lockers have slope tops, end panels must be formed with slope at top to cover the ends of the slope tops. Finished to match lockers. Provide at all exposed ends.

d. Continuous Slope Tops (If required): Not less than 18 gauge sheet steel approximately 18 degrees pitch, in lengths as long as practical but not less than four lockers. To be installed in addition to the locker flat top with end closures for support. Finished to match lockers.

e. Fillers (if required): Provide where indicated, of not less than 16 gauge sheet steel, factory fabricated and finished to match lockers.

18. LOCKS:

a. Not Required.

19. Lifetime Warranty: Lockers shall be covered against all defects in materials and workmanship excluding finish, damage resulting from deliberate destruction and vandalism under this section for the lifetime of the facility.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Field Measurements: Take field measurements prior to preparation of shop drawings and fabrication of special components, when possible, to ensure proper fitting of work. However, allow for adjustment and fitting of trim and filler panels wherever taking of field measurements before fabrication might delay work.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install metal lockers at locations shown in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for plumb, level, rigid, and flush installation.

B. Space fastenings about 48" o.c., unless otherwise recommended by manufacturer, and apply through back-up reinforcing plates where necessary to avoid metal distortion; conceal fasteners insofar as possible.

C. Install trim, and metal filler panels where indicated, using concealed fasteners to provide flush, hairline joints against adjacent surfaces.

3.3 ADJUST AND CLEAN

A. Adjust doors and latches to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices are operating properly.

B. Touch up marred finishes but replace units which cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended of furnished by locker manufacturer.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 10500 WOOD LOCKERS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Wood athletic lockers.

1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Section 06100 - Rough Carpentry.

1.3 REFERENCES

A. American Laminators' Association (ALA):
   1. ALA GP 28.
B. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):
   1. ANSI-BHMA A156.9 - Cabinet Hardware.
   2. ANSI A208.1 - Particleboard.
   3. ANSI A208.2 - Medium Density Fiberboard.
C. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE):
   1. ASCE 7 - Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures.
D. ASTM International (ASTM):
   1. ASTM A501 - Standard Specification for Hot-Formed Welded and Seamless Carbon Steel Structural Tubing.
   2. ASTM A510 - Standard Specification for General Requirements for Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel, and Alloy Steel.
   3. ASTM A513 - Standard Specification for Electric-Resistance-Welded Carbon and Alloy Steel Mechanical Tubing.
   4. ASTM C510 - Standard Specification for General Requirements for Steel Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel.
   5. ASTM E488 - Standard Test Methods for Strength of Anchors in Concrete and Masonry Elements.
E. GREENGUARD Environmental Institute (GEI):
   1. GREENGUARD certified low emitting products.
F. Laminating Materials Association:
   1. LMA EDG-1: Voluntary Product Standard and Typical Physical Properties of Edgebanding Materials.
   2. LMA SAT-1: Voluntary Product Standard and Typical Physical Properties of Saturated Paper Overlays.
G. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
   1. NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code (NEC).
H. National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA):
   1. NEMA LD 3 - High Pressure Decorative Laminates.
I. Underwriter's Laboratory (UL).
J. U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board:
   1. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit under provisions of Section 01 30 00 - Administrative Requirements.
B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
   1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
   2. Rated capacities, construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components, profiles, and finishes.
   3. Delivery, storage, handling, and installation instructions and recommendations.
   4. Maintenance instructions and recommendations.

C. Shop Drawings:
   1. Show fabrication and installation details. Distinguish between factory and field work.
   2. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, attachments and work by others.
   3. Show system layouts, room locations, clearances, spacing, and relationship to adjacent construction.
   4. Show trim and accessories.
   5. Indicate seismic bracing and fastening requirements.
D. Product Schedule:
   1. Use designations indicated on the Drawings.
   2. Include room locations, dimensions, accessories, finishes, and project specific notes.
E. Verification Samples:
   1. Exposed Finishes: Not less than 8 by 10 inches (200 by 250 mm), for each type, color, pattern, surface and material selected.
   2. Exposed Hardware and Accessories: One full size unit for each type and finish.
F. Closeout Submittals:
   1. Operation and Maintenance Data: For adjusting, repairing and replacing components and accessories.
   2. Warranty: Submit manufacturer's sample warranty.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Minimum 5 years experience in manufacture of similar products in use in similar environments, including project size, and complexity, and with the production capacity to meet the construction and installation schedule.
B. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's authorized representative, trained and approved for installation of units required for this Project.
C. Source Limitations: Obtain components and accessories through one source from a single approved manufacturer.
D. Electrical Components: Listed and labeled per NFPA 70, Article 100 by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
E. Regulatory Requirements: Where components are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Architectural Barriers Act (ABA) Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities".
F. Mock-Up: Provide a mock-up for evaluation of surface preparation techniques and installation workmanship.
   1. Finish areas designated by Architect including shims, sealants, and accessories.
   2. Provide full size units, if accepted, units may remain as part of the completed work.
   3. Do not proceed with remaining work until workmanship is approved by Architect.
   4. Refinish mock-up area as required to produce acceptable work.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver materials in manufacturer's original unopened containers with manufacturer's labels attached.
B. Do not deliver lockers until spaces to receive them are clean, dry, and ready for their installation. Ship to jobsite only after roughing-in, painting and other finishing work has been completed, installation areas are ready to accept work.
C. Handle and install materials to avoid damage.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install lockers until spaces are enclosed and weather tight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
B. Field Measurements: Verify field measurements as indicated on Shop Drawings. Where measurements are not possible, provide control dimensions and templates.

1. Coordinate installation and location of blocking and supports as requested.
2. Verify openings, clearances, storage requirements and other dimensions relevant to the installation and final application.

C. Ensure that products of this section are supplied to affected trades in time to prevent interruption of construction progress.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Submit manufacturer's written 10-year limited warranty to repair or replace components that fail in materials or craftsmanship during the warranty period. Failures include the following:
1. Fracturing or breaking components including panels, shelves, or hardware resulting from normal wear and tear and use other than vandalism.
2. Collapse or failure of metal grid locker components not resulting from overloading or vandalism.
3. Delamination or other failures of bonding or assembly.
4. Warping not resulting from leaks, flooding, or other uncontrolled moisture or humidity.
5. Faulty operation of hardware.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Wenger Corporation, including all Wenger, J.R. Clancy and GearBoss product brands; 555 Park Dr.; Owatonna, MN 55060; Toll Free Tel: 800-4WENGER (493-6437); Tel: (507) 455-4100; Fax: (507) 455-4258; Email: request info (info@wengercorp.com); Wenger Corporation - Syracuse, which is located at 7041 Interstate Island Road, Syracuse, NY 13209; Toll Free Tel: 800-836-1885; Tel: (315) 451-3440; Email: request info (JRCinfo@wengercorp.com); Web: https://www.wengercorp.com.

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved, by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening

C. Requests for substitutions will be considered in accordance with provisions of Section 01600 - Product Requirements.
1. Approval of Comparable Products: Submit the following in accordance with project substitution requirements, within time period allowed for substitution review:
a. Product data, including certified independent test data indicating compliance with requirements including: modularity of individual units; ventilation, strength of door, hinge and latch construction; replaceable construction for compartment and foot locker doors; impact and abrasion resistance of surfaces and edge banding.
b. Samples of each type of product specified.
c. Project References: minimum of 5 installations not less than 5 years old, with owner contact information, available for evaluation by Architect.
d. Sample warranty including terms and conditions.

2.2 WOOD ATHLETIC LOCKERS

A. Wood Lockers:
1. ADA compliant as indicated on the Drawings.
2. Bolt-through construction.
3. Modular construction, all parts repairable and replaceable.
4. Polyester laminate.
5. Thermofused PVC edgebanding.

B. GearBoss Wood Athletic Lockers, by Wenger Corporation: Modular laminated wood athletic lockers with integral adjustable steel leveling base, and through-bolted fastening, enabling

owner reconfiguration of unit layout without removing entire assembly.

1. Load Capacities:
   a. Seats: Capable of supporting uniform horizontal load along width of the seat to minimum 400 lbf. (1779 N).
   b. Garment Bars, Hooks, and Upper Cubbies: Rated for 50 lbs. (27 kg), installed with through-bolt fasteners.
   c. Foot Lockers: Rated for 100 lbs. (45 kg).
2. Seismic Performance: Comply with ASCE 7 Section 9, "Earthquake Loads" based upon seismic design criteria indicated on the Structural Documents.
3. Locker Style: Elite Contour line sides, radius corners and edges.
4. Locker Lighting Style: No Lights.
5. Size: As Indicated on Drawings.
6. Back Panel: Standard wood.

C. Locker Materials:
1. Materials to meet Sustainable Design Requirements:
   a. No Added Urea Formaldehyde Products: Provide products made with composite products and adhesives with no urea formaldehyde added.
2. Particleboard: To ANSI A208.1, minimum 43 lb/cu. ft. (689 kg/cu. m) density.
   a. Provide fire retardant treated type.
3. Plywood: APA standards PS1-98 section 5.7.4 or 5.7.1 or ANSI /HPVA HP-1-2004 Panel provide with HDF skins to prevent grain telegraphing.
4. Laminate Finish: Composite, of thickness indicated, finished with thermally-fused anti-microbial polyester surfacing on both sides, meeting performance properties of NEMA LD3 for VGS grade, with heat bonded, radiused, 3 mm thick extruded PVC edge banding.
   a. Surface Abrasion Resistance: Taber Wheel, 400 cycles, for solid colors.
5. PVC Edge Banding: LMA EDG-1, radiused PVC extrusions, 3 mm thick, heat-bonded.
6. Anchors and Fasteners:
   a. Factory Provided: Material, type, and size recommended by manufacturer for secure anchorage to substrate.
   b. Field Installed: Manufacturer-recommended fasteners furnished by Contractor as required for locker substrate and project requirements.

D. Locker Fabrication:
1. Fabricate components square, and rigid. Make exposed metal safe to touch and free of sharp ends or burrs.
2. Form frames, panels, doors, and accessories from one-piece, or one rigid assembly, unless specifically shown on Shop Drawings.
3. Factory preassemble metal components by welding all joints, and connections; with no bolts, nuts, screws, or rivets used in assembly, except as required for knock down shipping and attachment to mounting surfaces.

E. Seats for Open Lockers:
1. Type: Wood.

F. Panel Finish: Thermally-fused anti-microbial polyester surfacing on both sides meeting performance properties of NEMA LD 3 for VGS grade, and thermally-fused edge-banding, to meet the following:
1. Surface Abrasion Resistance: Taber Wheel, 400 cycles, for solid colors.
2. T-molding, urethanes, tapes, and other edge-banding materials will not be accepted.

G. Base Assembly:
1. Base Frame: 16 gauge steel with powder-coat factory finish.
2. Adjustable Height Metal Base: Perforated steel sheet base with a zinc plated rust inhibiting leveler at each corner, and adjustment range of 2 inches (50 mm).
3. Levelers: 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) diameter threaded steel rod in steel corner brackets, four per locker, accessible from within unit, and concealed in completed installation

H. Wood Locker Finishes:
   1. Provide antimicrobial finish unless otherwise indicated.
   2. Locker Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range, after bid date.
   3. Hardware and Exposed Fasteners Finish: As selected from manufacturer's full range, after bid date.
   4. Logo Location: Not required.

I. Accessories:
   1. Foot Locker Seat: Hinged seat vented front.
   2. Shoulder Pad and Helmet Holder:
      a. Mounted on top of Locker, frame welded of 3/4 inch (19 mm) steel tube, 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) solid steel bar and 10 gauge steel mounting plate.
   3. Nameplates:
      a. Wood panel nameplate, ready to receive owner's hardware and artwork.
   4. Garment Support: Combination garment hooks and hanger bar, 10 gauge steel sheet, silver powder-coat paint.
   5. Storage Compartment Behind Seat: Not required.
   6. Security Compartment:
      a. Lockable storage compartment with programmable lock.
      b. Size: 17 by 15 by 12 inches high (431 by 381 by 304 mm high).
      c. Shelving: One adjustable shelf.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly prepared.
B. Examine installation areas and mounting surfaces with Installer present, for compliance with manufacturer's installation tolerances including required clearances, floor level, location of blocking and anchoring reinforcements, and other existing conditions that may affect installation or performance.
C. Confirm location of electrical power.
D. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Work. If preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.
E. Proceed with installation only after correction of unsatisfactory conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Condition lockers to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas before installation.
B. Install components plumb, level, and true; using integral levelers and anchors in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, shop drawings and other approved submittals.
C. Install seismic fastening in accordance with approved shop drawings.
D. Fasten components to adjacent construction through back, near top and bottom. Fasten at indicated height using fasteners recommended by manufacturer. Comply with mounting height requirements for accessible components.
E. Through-bolt adjacent units using connector bolts provided by manufacturer.
F. Install hardware uniformly and precisely without binding.
   1. Adjust and align hardware so moving parts operate freely and contact points meet accurately.
   2. Allow for final adjustment after installation to ensure hardware operates smoothly

without warping or binding and closes with uniform reveals.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Repair or replace defective work as directed by Architect upon inspection.
B. Clean surfaces. Touch up marred finishes, or replace damaged components that cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended or furnished by manufacturer.
C. Turn over operation and maintenance instructions to Owner. Instruct the Owner's personnel upon request.
D. Protect installed products from damage, abuse, dust, dirt, stain, or paint until completion of project. Do not permit use during construction.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 10800 - TOILET ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 GENERAL

A. Drawings and general provisions of contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Section 06100, Rough Framing for Blocking

1.3 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

B. Extent of each type of toilet accessory is indicated on drawings and schedules.

C. Toilet Accessories **Furnished by Owner and Installed by the Contractor** as follows:

1. Soap Dispensers
2. Toilet Tissue Dispensers
3. Paper Towel Dispensers

D. Toilet Accessories **Furnished and Installed by the Contractor** as follows:

1. Grab Bars
2. Mirror Units
3. Utility Shelf/Mop Rack

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Inserts and Anchorages: Furnish inserts and anchoring devices which must be set in concrete or built into masonry; coordinate delivery with other work to avoid delay.

B. Accessory Locations: Coordinate accessory locations with other work to avoid interference and to assure proper operation and servicing of accessory units.

C. Products: Provide products of same manufacturer for each type of accessory unit and for units exposed in same areas, unless other- wise acceptable to Architect.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for each toilet accessory.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturer's products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function.

1. Grab Bars:
    a. Where shown on Plans with Safety-Grip Finish.
    b. Approved Products:
        i. Bradley Corporation #8122
        ii. Series ASI #3800P
        iii. Bobrick #B6806.99
2. Mirror Units:
    a. 18” x 36” One over each lavatory

b. Approved Products:

i. Bradley #780

ii. Bobrick #B290

iii. ASI #0600

3. Utility Shelf/Mop Rack:

a. Provide at all locations indicated on drawings.

b. Provide minimum of One (1) at each Janitor Closet if none are indicated on drawings.

c. Prior to installation of items within this section, the General Contractor is responsible for verifying actual installation locations with the Architect, regardless of locations indicated on drawings.

d. Approved Products:

i. ASI #1308-4 (44”)

ii. Bradley #9934 (44’)

iii. Bobrick #B239 x 44

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provided such products have been approved by the Architect not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Stainless Steel: AISI Type 302/304, with polished No. 4 finish, 22 gage minimum, unless otherwise indicated.

B. Mirror Units: Mirror glass shall be FS DD-G-451, Type I, Class I, Quality q2, 1/4" thick, with silver coating, copper protective coating, and non-metallic paint coating complying with FS DD-M-411. Mirror shall be provided in stainless steel frames.

C. Fasteners: Screws, bolts, and other devices of same material as accessory unit or of galvanized steel where concealed.

2.3 FABRICATION

A. General: Stamped names or labels on exposed faces of toilet accessory units are not permitted, except where otherwise indicated; in obtrusive labels on surfaces not exposed to view are acceptable. Where locks are required for a particular type of toilet accessory, provide same keying throughout project.

B. Furnish two keys for each lock.

C. Surface Mounted Toilet Accessories General: Except where other- wise indicated, fabricate units with tight seams and joints, exposed edges rolled. Hang doors or access panels with continuous stainless steel piano hinge. Provide concealed anchorage wherever possible.

D. Recessed Toilet Accessories, General: Except where otherwise indicated, fabricate units of all welded construction, without mitered corners. Hang doors or access panels with full-length stainless steel piano hinge. Provide anchorage which is fully concealed when unit is closed.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install toilet accessory units in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, using fasteners which are appropriate to substrate and recommended by manufacturer of unit. Install units plumb and level, firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.

3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Adjust toilet accessories for proper operation and verify that mechanisms function smoothly. Replace damaged or defective items.

B. Clean and polish all exposed surfaces after removing labels and protective coatings.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 11200 - BATTING CAGES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Extent of batting cages equipment is shown on drawings.

B. General Scope: Provide system complete and ready for use, including standards, nets, cable, hooks, ropes, etc.

C. Equipment shall be unloaded from transporters and installed by equipment manufacturers or their authorized agent.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data, specifications, installation, and maintenance instructions for each type of equipment required.

1. Provide templates for anchor bolts and other items encased in concrete or below finished surfaces in time to not delay work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. PSS Performance Sports Systems./Gared Holdings, LLC.; 9200 E. 146th St., Noblesville, IN 46060; p. 800-757-6081; www.perfsports.com

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. BATTING CAGE

1. 4080-70 – Indoor Multi-Sport Cage Model 4080 Multi Sport Cage: Cage including cables, clamps for attachment to building structure, threaded rod supports, and other components required for complete functional installation.

2. Quantity: See Plans

B. Components:

1. OVERHEAD SUPERSTRUCTURE:

a. The batting cage is supported from the roof structure by directly attaching to the underneath side of the roof truss or by attaching to Uni-strut, 4/O Chain, or 3 ½” O.D. horizontal and 2 3/8” O.D. vertical structural tubing supplied by the manufacture. Bridge pipe will be required when truss spans exceed 14’. Superstructure shall be furnished with standard black finish.

2. NET MATERIAL

a. Cage net shall be model 4087, 12’-0” [3.66 m] high x 12’-0” [3.66 m] wide by 70’ [21.3 m] long. An additional 12” [3.66 m] of net shall drape on the floor preventing balls from going under the cage. Net shall be constructed with #252 black knotted nylon with 3/4” [19 mm] square mesh and shall be capable of stopping a baseball, softball and golf ball. Entrance shall be through an overlapping net opening on each end. This feature shall allow one sidewall to be opened for use as a golf cage. Contact factory for special sizes

and materials.

3. DRIVE / SUPPORT STRUCTURE

   a. The model 4080-70 Multi-Sport Cage shall be manually operated by an curtain hoist.

   b. Curtain hoist shall drive a continuous 2-3/8"[60 mm] O.D. drive shaft. The cage shall be lifted by means of 1/8" [3 mm] galvanized aircraft cable rated at 2000 lbs [907 kg] breaking strength. Lift cables shall be spaced at no greater than 12'-0" [3.66 m] center to center. Each cable shall be taken up on individual aluminum spools located on the drive shaft.

   c. The drive shaft shall be supported by a carrier assembly spaced no greater than 12'-0" [3.66 m] center to center. The carrier shall consist of a formed bracket with two rubber wheels on which the drive shall rotate.

   d. Cage support frame shall be constructed of 1.9” O.D. steel tubing. Support frame shall be furnished with standard black powder coat finish. Optional colors available. The support frame may be lowered to the floor while placing the four sides of netting on top of the frame to allow for compact storage.

   e. The top of the cage net shall be suspended approximately 6” [152 mm] below the cage support frame.

2.3 WARRANTY

A. Warranted against defects in material and/or fabrication for 12 months from the date of delivery.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and placement drawings.

B. Coordinate placement of anchors and accessories.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 11500 - BASEBALL AND SOFTBALL ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Provide all equipment and materials, and do all work necessary to furnish and install the athletic equipment, as indicated on the drawings and as specified herein. Athletic equipment shall include, but not be limited to:

1. Guardrail Systems and Padding (Dugouts).
2. Field Wall Padding (Baseball and Softball Backstops)
3. Chain Link Fence Padding/Top Rail Padding.
4. Team Player Benches (Dugouts).
5. Bat and Helmet Storage Units (Dugouts).

1.3 REFERENCES

A. Comply with applicable requirements of the following standards. Where these standards conflict with other specified requirements, the most restrictive requirements shall govern.

1. National Federation of State High School Associations (NFHS)
2. National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA)
3. International Association of Athletics Federations (IAAF)
4. American Sports Builders Association (ASBA)
5. Manufacturers Data and Recommended Installation Requirements

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:

1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
3. Installation methods.
4. Color chart.
5. Samples - 18” x 18” of each type of netting.

1.5 SHOP DRAWINGS

A. Provide drawings of the manufacturers recommended installation and foundation requirements prior to actual field installation work, for Architects or Owners representatives review.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturers warranties shall pass to the Owner and certification made that the product materials meet all applicable grade trademarks or conform to industry standards and inspection requirements. The Manufacturer shall have a current American Sports Builders Association (ASBA) Supplier Certificate of Distinction designation.

1.7 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.

1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Maintain environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, and ventilation) within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's absolute limits.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. Sportsfield Specialties, Inc.(Basis of Design); P.O. Box 231, 41155 State Highway 10 Delhi, NY 13753

   p. 888-975-3343; www.sportsfieldspecialties.com.

2. Net Connection; 7355 Gadsden Highway Trussville, AL 35173; Ph. 205.508.5902; www.netconnectionllc.com.

3. Beacon Athletics; Forsythia Street, Suite 120: Middleton, WI 53562; Ph. 800.747.5985; www.beaconathletics.com.

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work provided such products have been approved by the Architect, not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.2 GUARD RAIL PADDING AND NETTING (DUGOUTS)

A. GRP STANDARD GUARD RAIL PADDING.

1. Components:

   a. Padding: GRP Standard Guard Rail Padding Protective Padding and Accessories

      i. 18 oz. Per Square Yard EcoGuard® Extruded Vinyl Manufactured Using 33% Reprocessed Vinyl, High UV Resistance and Five (5) Year Limited Fade Warranty, Architect to select from Standard Colors Available

      ii. Fabric: 1000 Denier Polyester Basic Fabric

      iii. Tear Strength Test: Warp 78 lbs., Fill 65 lbs.

      iv. Tensile Strength: Warp 224 lbs., Fill 220 lbs.

      v. Weft Insertion: 9 x 9, Superior UV Inhibitors

      vi. Cold Crack: Minus 20° FahrenheitVinyl Seams Double Stitched Using 6 lb. Bonded Polyester Black Thread

      vii. Standard Guard Rail Padding has 1” Thick Polyurethane Foam, Density: 1.7 – 1.9 lb./cu ft., Indention Load Deflection: 81 – 99 lbs., Tensile Strength: 20 psi Minimum, Elongation: 100% Minimum, Tear Strength: 1.50 lbs./LIN. Minimum

      viii. Two (2) – 1.5” Wide Vinyl Flaps with #2 Stainless Steel Grommets Factory Installed Every 6” on Center for Securement Purposes

      ix. Attached to Rail Using 14”L Nylon Zip Ties with a 50 lb. Break Strength by Others and Guard Rail Padding Includes Hook and Loop Attachment to Prevent Rotation

      x. Provide Custom Lettering and/or Graphics

2. Installation

   a. All athletic equipment shall be installed as recommended with manufacturer's written directions, and as indicated on the drawings. All Galvanized Steel or Stainless Steel Anchoring devices to be provided by General Contractor as required for secure installation.

B. GUARD RAIL NETTING.

1. Components:
    a. Netting: BSSNUC Ultra Cross Knotless Dyneema UHMWPE Netting.
        i. Length, Height and Configuration as Required
        ii. Ultra Cross Knotless Netting
        iii. Dyneema® Ultra-High Molecular Weight Polyethylene (UHMWPE) SK-75 Black Fiber Construction
        iv. 4 Ply, 1.2 mm (0.0472”) Diameter Twine
        v. 95% Open Mesh Area (See-Through Visibility)
        vi. 58,445 psi Minimum Breaking Strength
        vii. 30% Maximum Elongation at Break
        viii. 1-3/4” (44 mm) Square Mesh Size, 0.009 lbs. per Square Foot
        ix. 4-Strand, Braided, Continuous Monofilament Dyneema® Fiber
        x. Black Multi-Filament Polypropylene Solid Braid Derby Rope Sewn Binding on Perimeter Edges - 1/4” Diameter, 530 lb. Minimum Breaking Strength
        xi. Urethane Black Bonded Finish
        xii. Strong Resistance to Ultraviolet (UV) Light Degradation
        xiii. Excellent Resistance to Chemicals and Water Absorption
2. Installation
    a. All athletic equipment shall be installed as recommended with manufacturer's written directions, and as indicated on the drawings. All Galvanized Steel or Stainless Steel Anchoring devices to be provided by General Contractor as required for secure installation.

2.3 GUARD RAIL SYSTEMS (DUGOUTS)

A. **GRS – GUARD RAIL SYSTEMS AND PADDING.**

1. Components:
    a. Modularized Steel Structure:
        i. 2” Square x 11 ga. Steel Galvanized Tubing
        ii. 3’-6”H x Lengths as indicated on drawings.
        iii. Rails to include 18” vertical extension for in-ground embedment.
        iv. Vertical post spacing to be equal spacing.
        v. Powder Coated Black
    b. Netting: BSSNUC Ultra Cross Knotless Dyneema UHMWPE Netting.
        i. Length, Height and Configuration as Required
        ii. Ultra Cross Knotless Netting
        iii. Dyneema® Ultra-High Molecular Weight Polyethylene (UHMWPE) SK-75 Black Fiber Construction
        iv. 4 Ply, 1.2 mm (0.0472”) Diameter Twine
        v. 95% Open Mesh Area (See-Through Visibility)
        vi. 58,445 psi Minimum Breaking Strength
        vii. 30% Maximum Elongation at Break

viii. 1-3/4” (44 mm) Square Mesh Size, 0.009 lbs. per Square Foot

ix. 4-Strand, Braided, Continuous Monofilament Dyneema® Fiber

x. Black Multi-Filament Polypropylene Solid Braid Derby Rope Sewn Binding on Perimeter Edges - 1/4” Diameter, 530 lb. Minimum Breaking Strength

xi. Urethane Black Bonded Finish

xii. Strong Resistance to Ultraviolet (UV) Light Degradation

xiii. Excellent Resistance to Chemicals and Water Absorption

c. Padding: HIPROGRP High Profile Guard Rail Padding Protective Padding and Accessories

i. 18 oz. Per Square Yard EcoGuard® Extruded Vinyl Manufactured Using 33% Reprocessed Vinyl, High UV Resistance and Five (5) Year Limited Fade Warranty, Architect to select from Standard Colors Available

ii. Fabric: 1000 Denier Polyester Basic Fabric

iii. Tear Strength Test: Warp 78 lbs., Fill 65 lbs.

iv. Tensile Strength: Warp 224 lbs., Fill 220 lbs.

v. Weft Insertion: 9 x 9, Superior UV Inhibitors

vi. Cold Crack: Minus 20° Fahrenheit

vii. Vinyl Seams Double Stitched Using 6 lb. Bonded Polyester Black Thread

viii. High Profile Guard Rail Padding has 1.25” Thick Closed Cell Cross-Link Foam, Density: 1.7 – 1.9 lb./cu ft., Indention Load Deflection: 81 – 99 lbs., Tensile Strength: 20 psi Minimum, Elongation: 100% Minimum, Tear Strength: 1.50 lbs./LIN. Minimum

ix. Two (2) – 1.5” Wide Vinyl Flaps with #2 Stainless Steel Grommets Factory Installed Every 6” on Center for Securement Purposes

x. Attached to Rail Using 14”L Nylon Zip Ties with a 50 lb. Break Strength by Others and High Profile Guard Rail Padding Includes Hook and Loop Attachment to Prevent Rotation

xi. Provide Custom Lettering and/or Graphics

2. Installation

a. All athletic equipment shall be installed as recommended with manufacturer's written directions, and as indicated on the drawings. All Galvanized Steel or Stainless Steel Anchoring devices to be provided by General Contractor as required for secure installation.

2.4 CHAIN LINK FENCE PADDING

A. BCLTRP – Chain Link Top Rail Protective Padding and Accessories.

1. Components:

a. Chain Link Top Rail:

i. 18 oz. Per Square Yard EcoGuard® Extruded Vinyl Manufactured Using 33% Reprocessed Vinyl, High UV Resistance and Five (5) Year Limited Fade Warranty, Various Standard Colors Available

ii. Fabric: 1000 Denier Polyester Basic Fabric

iii. Tear Strength Test: Warp 78 lbs., Fill 65 lbs.

iv. Tensile Strength: Warp 224 lbs., Fill 220 lbs.

v. Weft Insertion: 9 x 9, Superior UV Inhibitors

vi. Cold Crack: Minus 20° Fahrenheit

vii. Vinyl Seams Double Stitched Using 6 lb. Bonded Polyester Black Thread

viii. 3” Thick High Impact Polyurethane Foam

ix. Two (2) – 1.5” Wide Vinyl Flaps with #2 Stainless Steel Grommets Factory Installed Every 12” on Center for Securement Purposes

x. Attached to Rail Using 14”L Nylon Zip Ties with a 50 lb. Break Strength by Others

xi. Provide Custom Lettering and/or Graphics

2. Installation

a. All athletic equipment shall be installed as recommended with manufacturer's written directions, and as indicated on the drawings. All Galvanized Steel or Stainless Steel Anchoring devices to be provided by General Contractor as required for secure installation.

2.5 TEAM PLAYER BENCHES (DUGOUT)

A. PTBTTWM – Wall Mounted Two Tier Polyboard Team Bench.

1. Components:

a. Wall Mounted Two Tier Polyboard Team Bench

i. Standard Lengths: 8 ft., 10 ft., 12 ft., or 15 ft.

ii. Fully Welded Frame Fabricated with 1/8” (0.125”) Formed Aluminum and 2” x 2” x 1/8” (0.125”) Square Aluminum Tubing

1) Durable Powder Coated Finish

2) Weather Resistant and Unsusceptible to Rust

3) Architect to choose from Standard Color Options

iii. 2” x 4” and 2” x 6” Synthetic Polyboard Seat and Backrest Planking Material

1) Durable and Wear Resistant Solid Core Construction

2) Guaranteed Not to Crack, Splinter, or Sliver

3) Manufactured From 90% Recycled Post Consumer Plastic

4) Architect to choose from Standard Color Options

iv. 100% Preassembled; On-Site Assembly NOT Required

v. Two Tier Design Permits Player Seating on Bench or Upper Shelf

vi. Includes Mounting Brackets and Concrete Wedge Anchors for Wall Mounting (Applications Will Vary; Alternative Wall Fasteners Not Included)

vii. 5-Year Manufacturer’s Limited Product Warranty

2. Installation

a. All athletic equipment shall be installed as recommended with manufacturer's written directions, and as indicated on the drawings. All Galvanized Steel or Stainless Steel Anchoring devices to be provided by General Contractor as required for secure installation.

B. PTBBRSP – Surface Mounted Polyboard Team Bench with Back Rest.

1. Components:

a. Polyboard Team Bench with Back Rest:

i. Standard Lengths: 8 ft., 10 ft., 12 ft., or 15 ft.

ii. Fully Welded Frame Fabricated with 2” x 2” x 1/8” (0.125”) Square Aluminum Tubing

1) Durable Powder Coated Finish

2) Weather Resistant and Unsusceptible to Rust

3) Architect to choose from Standard Color Options

iii. 2” x 4” and 2” x 6” Synthetic Polyboard Seat and Backrest Planking Material

1) Durable and Wear Resistant Solid Core Construction

2) Guaranteed Not to Crack, Splinter, or Sliver

3) Manufactured From 90% Recycled Post Consumer Plastic

4) Architect to choose from Standard Color Options

iv. 100% Preassembled; On-Site Assembly NOT Required

v. Includes Concrete Wedge Anchors for Surface Mounting to Concrete Floor/Slab

vi. 5-Year Manufacturer’s Limited Product Warranty

2. Installation

a. All athletic equipment shall be installed as recommended with manufacturer's written directions, and as indicated on the drawings. All Galvanized Steel or Stainless Steel Anchoring devices to be provided by General Contractor as required for secure installation.

2.6 BAT AND HELMET STORAGE UNITS (DUGOUT)

A. SUABBSS – Aluminum Bass Unit; Bat Bins and Side Storage.

1. Components:

a. Pre-Assembled All-Weather Aluminum Bass Unit; Bat Bins and Side Storage.

i. Overall Dimensions: 3’-6”H x 4’W x 3’-5/16”D

ii. Constructed with Formed .090” 5052 Aluminum Sheet and Stainless Steel Domed Rivets

iii. Durable Powder Coated Finish

1) Weather Resistant and Unsusceptible to Rust

2) Choose From Various Standard Color Options

iv. Bat Bins: Eight (8) 10-3/8” x 10-3/8” x +/- 3’D

v. Side Storage: Lockable Access Doors with Recessed Pull Handle

vi. Bolt-on Powder Coated Steel Understructure Assembly with ½” Galvanized Steel Wedge Anchors for Optional Surface Mounting to Concrete Slab

vii. 5-Year Manufacturer’s Limited Product Warranty

2. Installation

a. All athletic equipment shall be installed as recommended with manufacturer's written directions, and as indicated on the drawings. All Galvanized Steel or Stainless Steel Anchoring devices to be provided by General Contractor as required for secure installation.

B. SUAHCWM/SUACRSWM – Aluminum Wall Mounted Helmet Cubby and Coat Rack.

1. Components:

a. **SUAHCWM** - Pre-Assembled All-Weather Aluminum Wall Mount Helmet Cubby Unit:

i. Overall Dimensions: 1’-3/4”H x 4’L x 1’-4-3/16”D

ii. Constructed with Formed .090” 5052 Aluminum Sheet and Stainless Steel Domed Rivets

iii. Durable Powder Coated Finish

1) Weather Resistant and Unsusceptible to Rust

2) Architect shall choose color after bid date from Standard Color Options

iv. Helmet Cubbies: Four (4) 10-3/4” x 10-3/4” x 16”D

v. Combine Multiple Units to Desired Overall Length

vi. Wall Mounting Hardware Not Included (Varies by Application)

vii. 5-Year Manufacturer’s Limited Product Warranty

b. **SUACRSWM** - Pre-Assembled All-Weather Aluminum Wall Mount Coat Rack and Shelf Unit:

i. Overall Dimensions: 13-1/16”H x 48”L x 16-1/16”D

ii. Constructed with Formed .090” 5052 Aluminum Sheet and Stainless Steel Domed Rivets

iii. Durable Powder Coated Finish

1) Weather Resistant and Unsusceptible to Rust

2) Architect shall choose color after bid date from Standard Color Options

iv. Metal Coat and Hat Hooks Spaced 12” On-Center.

v. Combine Multiple Units to Desired Overall Length

vi. Wall Mounting Hardware Not Included (Varies by Application)

vii. 5-Year Manufacturer’s Limited Product Warranty

2. Installation

a. The Wall Mounted Helmet Cubby Unit (SUAHCWM) must be mounted on top of the Wall Mounted Coat Rack Unit (SUACRSWM) to form one functional unit.

b. All athletic equipment shall be installed as recommended with manufacturer's written directions, and as indicated on the drawings. All Galvanized Steel or Stainless Steel Anchoring devices to be provided by General Contractor as required for secure installation.

2.7 BASES, PLATES AND PITCHING RUBBERS – SYNTHETIC TURF

A. TBS – TurfBase Set.

1. Components: TBS - TurfBase® Set

a. Durable Rubber Mesh Reinforced Construction

b. Specifically Designed Molded Pegs Embed in Synthetic Turf Infill Material Preventing Horizontal Movement with No Ground Anchor Necessary in Synthetic Infill Turf Applications

c. Official Size 15” x 15” x 3” Bases

d. Set of Three (3)

e. Color: White/Off-White

f. Bases shall be installed as recommended per manufacturer's written instructions and as indicated on the drawings.

B. TBHP – TurfBase Home Plate.

1. Components: TBHP - TurfBase® Home Plate
    a. Durable Rubber Mesh Reinforced Construction
    b. Specifically Designed Molded Pegs Embed in Synthetic Turf Infill Material Preventing Horizontal Movement with No Ground Anchor Necessary in Synthetic Infill Turf Applications
    c. Official Size and Shape
    d. Color: White/Off-White
    e. Plates shall be installed as recommended per manufacturer's written instructions and as indicated on the drawings.

C. TBHP – TurfBase Pitching Rubber.

1. Components: TBPR - TurfBase® Pitching Rubber
    a. Durable Rubber Mesh Reinforced Construction
    b. Specifically Designed Molded Pegs Embed in Synthetic Turf Infill Material Limiting Horizontal Movement in Synthetic Infill Turf Applications
    c. Size: 6” x 24”
    d. Color: White/Off-White
    f. Pitching Rubbers shall be installed as recommended per manufacturer's written instructions and as indicated on the drawings.

2.8 BASES, PLATES AND PITCHING RUBBERS – NATURAL TURF

A. SHIBL – Schutt Hollywood Impact Bases Set.

1. Components: Schutt Hollywood Impact Bases Set
    a. Premium Professional Construction with Patented Chevron Design
    b. Advanced Design Compresses Upon Impact
    c. Regulation Size 15” x 15” x 2 ½” Bases
    d. Includes 6” Base Stanchions
    e. Set of Three (3)
    f. Bases shall be installed as recommended per manufacturer's written instructions and as indicated on the drawings.

B. SHBBP-44 – Schutt Ground Anchor Mounts including Plugs.

1. Components: SHBBP-44 – Schutt Ground Anchor Mounts
    a. Eight Inch (8”) Female Ground Anchors
    b. Set of Three (3)
    c. 1 ¾” Square
    d. Contractor to include Schutt Digout Tool to easily clean out ground anchors.
    e. Anchors shall be installed as recommended per manufacturer's written instructions and as indicated on the drawings.

C. SH12916590 – Schutt Foam Anchor Plugs with indicator.

1. Components: SH12916590 – Schutt Foam Anchor Plugs with indicator
    a. Provide One plug for every ground anchor mount.

D. SHP-UM – Schutt Hollywood MLB Pro Style Universal Home Plate.

1. Components: SHP-UM – Schutt Hollywood MLB Pro Style Universal Home Plate

a. High Durability Molded Rubber Construction

b. Official size

c. 1 ½" Thick

d. Includes Seven Inch (7") Stanchion

e. Includes One (1) Ground Anchor and One (1) Anchor Plug

f. Includes Five (5) Zinc-Plated Mounting Spikes

g. Anchors and Plate shall be installed as recommended per manufacturer's written instructions and as indicated on the drawings.

E. SHBBPB – Schutt Hollywood 4 Sided Professional Pitching Rubber.

1. Components: Schutt Hollywood 4 Sided Professional Pitching Rubber

a. Ultra-Durable Molded Rubber Construction around an Aluminum Cylindrical Tube Lining to be filled with Dirt or Concrete in the field for added strength and stability.

b. Size: Official Size 24" Long x 6" Wide x Four (4) Sided Professional Pitching Rubber

c. Designed to be rotated in the playing surface for continual use and longevity.

d. Pitching Rubbers shall be installed as recommended per manufacturer's written instructions and as indicated on the drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.

B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.

3.2 INSTALLATION

A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

B. Install in conformance with manufacturer's recommendations. Provide installation that is complete and to the standards required by League rules.

3.3 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed products until completion of project.

B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 12304 - LAMINATE CLAD CASEWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 WORK INCLUDED

A. The extent of laminate clad casework as shown on the drawings.

B. The work includes the fabrication and installation of laminate clad casework components of base cabinets, wall cabinets, tall cabinets, shelf units, cubbies and related countertops and other units as indicated.

1.3 RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE

A. Sinks and Service Fixtures: Furnished and installed under Mechanical and Electrical Divisions 15 and 16.

B. Base Molding: Furnished and installed under Finishes Division 9.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Provide laminate clad casework and countertops furnished by the same supplier for single responsibility and integration with other building trades.

B. Manufacturers shall show evidence of at least five (5) years experience and installations for similar types of projects.

C. Millwork must conform to design quality of materials, workmanship and function of casework specified and shown on drawings.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: In addition to the general conditions as relates to prior approvals, submittals of manufacturer's data, installation instructions and samples are required upon architect's request.

B. Samples:

1. Submit 2, 2" x 3" samples of casework manufacturer's standard decorative laminate colors, patterns and textures for exposed and semi-exposed materials for architect's selection.

2. Samples will be reviewed by architect for color, texture, and pattern only. Compliance with other specified requirements is the exclusive responsibility of the contractor.

3. Submit one full-size sample base cabinet unit with hardware, doors and drawers, without countertop.

4. Submit one full-size sample wall cabinet unit complete with hardware, doors, and adjustable shelves.

5. Acceptable sample units will be used for comparison inspections at the project. Unless otherwise directed, acceptable sample units may be incorporated in the work. Notify architect of their exact locations. If not incorporated in the work, retain acceptable sample units in the building until completion and acceptance of the work.

6. Remove sample units from the premises when directed by the architect.

C. Shop Drawings:

1. Submit shop drawings for laminate clad casework and counter- tops showing layout, elevations, ends, cross-sections, service run spaces, and location of services. Show details and location of anchorages.

2. Include layout of units with relation to surrounding walls, doors, windows, and other building components.

3. Coordinate shop drawings with other work involved.

1.6 PRODUCT HANDLING

A. Deliver laminate clad casework and countertops only after wet operations in building are completed.

B. Store completed laminate clad casework and countertops in a ventilated place, protected from the weather, with relative humidity range of 20% to 50%.

C. Protect finished surfaces from soiling and damage during handling and installation. Keep covered with a protective covering.

1.7 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Humidity and Temperature Controls:

1. Advise contractor of requirements for maintaining heating, cooling and ventilation in installation areas as required to reach relative humidity necessary to maintain optimum moisture content.

1.8 WARRANTY

A. All materials and workmanship covered by the section will carry a one (1) year warranty from date of acceptance.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERES

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. TMI Systems - Dickson, N.D.
2. Case Systems- Midland, MI.
3. L.S.I.
4. Stevens Industries - Teutropolis, IL.
5. Cabinets by Design, LLC; 770.418.1200
6. PR Bean Company, LLC; 812.254.3761
7. Advanced Cabinet Systems (ACS); 765.677.8000
8. Varner Woodworks, Montgomery, AL.

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Definitions: Identification of casework parts by surface visibility.

1. Unit Body Open Interiors: Any storage unit surface without solid door or drawer fronts and units with glass sliding or glass framed doors.
2. Unit Body Closed Interiors: Any storage unit surface behind solid door or drawer fronts.
3. Unit Body Exposed Side: Any storage unit exterior side surface is visible.
4. Concealed Surfaces: Any surface not normally visible after installation.

2.3 CORE MATERIALS

A. Particleboard: Minimum density 45 lb. western particleboard of fir or pine meeting or exceeding ANSI A 208 1-1979, 1-M-3 requirements. Thickness used are 1/4", 1/2", 3/4" and 1". (Thickness of particleboard excluding skins).

B. Hardboard: Prefinished hardboard in 1/4" thickness meeting or exceeding commercial standards CS-251.

C. Plywood: Shall be 9-ply hardwood plywood.

2.4 DECORATIVE LAMINATES

A. High pressure decorative laminate GP50 (.050), NEMA Test LD-3 - 1985.

B. High pressure decorative laminate GP38 (.038), NEMA Test LD-3 - 1985.

C. High pressure decorative laminate GP28 (.028), NEMA Test LD-3 - 1985. Laminate shall be counter balanced.

D. High pressure decorative laminate PF42 (.042), NEMA Test LD-3 - 1985.

E. High pressure decorative laminate PF30 (.030), NEMA Test LD-3 - 1985

F. High Pressure cabinet liner CL20 (.020), NEMA Test LD-3 - 1985.

G. Laminate shall be counter balanced.

H. Melamine laminate tested to meet NEMA Test LD-3 - 1985. Laminate shall be counter balanced.

I. High pressure backer BK20 (.020). Laminate shall be counter balanced.

J. Laminate Color Selection(s):

1. Colors for countertop grades GP50, GP38, PF42 and PF30 shall be selected from Wilsonart's standard solid and pattern offering. A maximum of five (5) colors per project.

2. Colors for cabinet surfaces grade GP28 shall be selected from Wilsonart's standard solid and pattern offering. A maximum of one (1) color to be selected per unit face and five (5) colors per project.

3. Melamine colors shall be light beige or dove grey. One color only per project.

4. Colors: To be selected by architect after bid date / during submittal phase of project.

2.5 PLASTIC EDGING

A. 1mm PVC hot melt glue applied.

B. 3mm PVC hot melt glue applied.

2.6 METAL PARTS

A. Countertop support brackets, legs and miscellaneous metal parts shall be furniture steel, welded, degreased, cleaned, treated and powder painted in light beige, sienna brown, dove grey or black colors.

2.7 CABINETS HARDWARE

A. Hinges: Shall be five knuckle, 2-3/4 inch, overlay type, hospital tip, .095 inch thick steel. Hinges shall have a minimum of eight (8) edge and leaf fastenings. Doors 48 inches and over in height shall have three (3) hinges per door. Available in light beige, sienna brown, dove grey, black colors, or brushed chrome finish. Magnetic door catches are required with this hinge and shall be magnetic type with a minimum ten (10) pound pull, attached with screws and slotted for adjustment.

B. Pulls: Door and drawer fronts shall be a semi-flush ABS plastic recessed and fastened with glue and screws. Available in light beige, sienna brown, dove grey or black colors.

C. Drawer Slides: Shall be Blum bottom mount style No. BS 230E with epoxy finish. Slides will have a 100 pound load rating at full extension and a built-in, positive stop both directions. Slides shall have a life time warranty as offered by the slide manufacturer.

D. Adjustable Shelf Supports: Shall be heavy-duty to support two hundred (200) pounds, self-locking nylon, to fit 32mm pre-drilled holes in cabinet ends and vertical partitions. The self supports shall have two (2) pins 5mm in diameter, to prevent the shelf support from rotating and tipping. Available for 3/4 inch or 1 inch thick shelves.

E. Locks:

1. Door and Drawer Locks: Shall be National Lock #M4-7054C, removable core, disc tumbler, cam style lock with strike. Each lock shall be furnished with two (2) keys.

2. Locks for sliding 3/4" doors shall be disc type plunger lock, sliding door type with strike locks for sliding glass doors shall be a rachet type sliding showcase lock. Install locks on all teacher's cabinets.

3. Chain bolts shall be 3 inches long, shall have a 18 inch pull and an angle strike to secure inactive door on cabinets over 72 inches in height. Elbow catches shall be used on inactive doors up to and including 72 inches in height.

F. Coat Rods: Shall be 1-1/4 inch, 14 gauge chrome plated steel.

G. Mirrors: Shall be 1/4 inch thick polished mirror plate.

H. Computer Grommets: Shall be 2 ½ inch dia. plastic insert and cover to be located at each computer station.

2.8 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate laminate clad casework to dimensions, profiles and details shown.

B. Cabinet Joinery: Tops and bottoms shall be joined to cabinet ends using a minimum of six (6) dowels at each joint for twenty- four (24) inch deep cabinets and a minimum of four (4) dowels at each joint for twelve (12) inch deep cabinets. All dowels are to be industrial grade hardwood laterally fluted, with chamfered ends and a minimum diameter of ten (10) millimeters. Internal cabinet components such as fixed horizontals, rails and verticals are to be doweled in place. Dowels are to be securely glued and cabinets clamped under pressure during assembly to assure secure joints and cabinets and squareness.

C. Unit Door and Drawer Fronts:

1. Shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard and laminate with high pressure decorative laminate GP28 color as selected on the exposed surface and high pressure laminate cabinet liner CL20 on the interior surface light beige or dove grey color.

2. All edges shall be finished with 3mm PVC in light beige, sienna brown, dove grey or black color.

3. Framed glass insert doors shall be 1/4 inch thick plate glass trimmed with extruded PVC plastic in light beige, sienna brown, dove grey or black color only.

4. Double doors shall be used on all cabinets in excess of 24 inches in width.

D. Unit Body Open Interiors:

1. Exposed cabinet sides shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated on the exterior with high pressure decorative laminate GP28 in color as selected and balanced with high pressure cabinet liner CL20 in light beige or dove grey color. The front edge shall be edgebanded with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color.

2. Unexposed cabinet sides shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine in light beige or dove grey color. The front edge shall be edgebanded with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color.

3. Unit top or subtop shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine and front edge with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color. All subtops shall be full depth.

4. Bottom of base and wardrobe units shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine and front edged with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color.

5. Fixed intermediates shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine and front edged with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color. An inter- mediate will be provided on all units over 36 inches wide.

6. Standard unit backs shall be 1/2 inch thick prefinished particleboard. Color to match interior. Exposed back on fixed or movable cabinet to be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated with CL20 on the interior to match melamine color and GP28 on the exterior as selected.

7. Adjustable shelves shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard up to 30 inches wide and 1 inch thick particleboard over 30 inches wide, laminated both sides with melamine in light beige or dove grey color.
8. Shelves shall be edged front edge only with 1mm PVC to match the self color.

E. Unit Body Closed Interiors:

1. Exposed cabinet sides shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated on the exterior with high pressure decorative laminate GP28 in color as selected and balanced with high pressure cabinet liner CL20 in light beige or dove grey color. The front edge shall be edgebanded with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color.
2. Unexposed cabinet sides shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine in light beige or dove grey color. The front edge shall be edgebanded with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color.
3. Unit top or subtop shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine and front edged with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color. All sub- tops shall be full depth. Sink base units shall have a 1 inch x 1 inch x 1/8 inch angle iron rail in lieu of full sub- top.
4. Bottom of base and wardrobe units shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine and front edges with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color. Sink cabinet bottoms shall be laminated both sides with CL20.
5. Fixed intermediates shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine and front edged with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color. An intermediate will be provided on all units over 36 inches wide.
6. Standard unit backs shall be 1/2 inch thick prefinished particleboard. Color to match interior. Exposed back on fixed or movable cabinet to be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated with CL20 on the interior to match melamine color and GP28 on the exterior as selected.
7. Adjustable shelves shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard up to 30 inches wide and 1 inch thick particleboard over 30 inches wide, laminated both sides with melamine in light beige or dove grey color.
8. Shelves shall be edged front edge only with 1mm PVC to match the shelf color.

F. Wall Unit Bottom:

1. For units with open interiors shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine laminate in light beige or dove grey color.
2. For units with closed interiors shall be 3/4 inch thick particleboard laminated both sides with melamine laminate in light beige or dove grey color.
3. The front edge shall be edgebanded with 1mm PVC to match the door and drawer front edge color. The exposed bottom edge of each wall cabinet side shall be edgebanded with 1mm PVC.

G. Drawers:

1. Sides, back and sub-front shall be particleboard, 1/2 inch thick, laminated with melamine in light beige or dove grey color. The back and sub-front are dowelled and glued into sides. Dowels shall be fluted, with chamfered ends and a minimum diameter of eight (8) millimeters. To edge is banded with 1mm PVC edging in a matching color.
2. Drawer bottom shall be 1/2 inch thick prefinished particle- board with color to be light beige or dove grey, screwed directly to the bottom edges of the drawer box.
3. Paper storage drawers are of heavy-duty 3/4 inch particle- board laminated both sides with melamine color to be light beige or dove grey, and constructed with retaining hood at the rear of each drawer.

H. Continuous or Unit Tops:

1. All cabinets over 42" and up to 72" in height shall be supplied with a ¾" plywood continuous top.

2. All cabinets over 42" and up to 72" in height shall be supplied, where indicated on drawings, with a finished 1" continuous top laminated with high pressure decorative laminate GP28 and balanced with high pressure backer BK20.

I. Bases:

1. Provide and install all base and tall units with finished integral base. Provide ¾" thick marine grade plywood bases. All bases shall have finished facings unless rubber vinyl base covering is being furnished and applied by others.

2.9 DECORATIVE LAMINATE COUNTERTOPS

A. General: Provide materials which have been selected for surface flatness and smoothness. Exposed surfaces which exhibit pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, telegraphing of core material, or other imperfections on finished units are not acceptable.

B. Adhesives or fasteners to be provided for securing of tops to cabinet work. Such materials to allow for contraction or expansion of tops where necessary.

C. Tops shall be 1" thick unless otherwise specified and provided with 4" high curbs where tops abut walls, columns, case ends, etc.

D. Backsplashes and Side-plashes shall be provided as indicated on drawings.

E. Types:

1. Plastic laminate counter tops shall be surfaced with general purpose horizontal grade laminate. Cores shall be 1-1/8" built- up wood front edge; #45 density particleboard. All exposed edges, including back and end splashes, must be covered with the same laminate as top surfaces. When splice joints are required, they shall be joined with dowel pins and tite-joint fasteners as needed for a gapless joint.

F. Plastic Laminate Type: Fire-rated type, 0.050" thick; UL tested and labeled ratings of 25 for flame spread, 25 for fuel contributed and l00 for smoke developed when bonded to wood particle board.

G. Preparations for Finishing: Comply with AWI Quality Standards, Section l500, for sanding, filling countersunk fasteners, backpriming and similar preparations for finishing of architectural woodwork, as applicable to each unit of work.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

A. The installer must examine the jobsite and the conditions under which the work under this section is to be performed, and notify the contractor in writing of unsatisfactory conditions. Do not proceed with work under this section until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the installer.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Conditions laminate clad casework to average prevailing humidity conditions in installation areas prior to installing.

3.3 INSTALLATION

A. Install casework with factory-trained supervision authorized by manufacturer. Erect casework, plumb, level, true and straight with no distortions. Shim as required. Where laminate clad casework abuts other finished work, scribe and cut to accurate fit.

B. Adjust casework and hardware so that doors and drawers operate smoothly without warp or bind.

C. Lubricate operating hardware as recommended by Manufacturer.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Repair or remove and replace defective work as directed upon completion of installation.

B. Clean plastic surfaces, repair minor damage per plastic laminate manufacturer's recommendations. Replace other damaged parts or units.

C. Advise contractors of procedures and precautions for protection of casework and tops from damage by other trades until acceptance of the work by the Owner.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 12500 - WINDOW TREATMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections apply to work of this section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. The extent of window treatment is indicated on drawings and in schedules. Types of window treatment work in this section include:

1. 2” Horizontal Faux Wood Slat Blinds and operating hardware.

B. Location: All exterior windows.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. General: Provide window treatment units which are complete assemblies produced by one manufacturer for each type required, including hardware, accessory items, mounting brackets, and fastenings.

B. Furnish materials in colors and patterns as indicated, or, if not indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors/patterns.

C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.

1.4 REFERENCE STANDARDS

A. WCMA A100.1 - Safety of Corded Window Covering Products; Window Covering Manufacturers Association; 2010. (ANSI/WCMA A101.1)

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions for each type of window treatment unit required. Include methods of installation for each type of opening and supporting structure.

B. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for special components and application conditions of window treatment units which are not fully dimensioned or detailed in manufacturer's product data. Show relationship to adjoining work.

1. Include typical elevation layout indicating proposed division between blind units and meeting edges at corners. Provide sections and details at head and sill between blind units and corners including inclined installations.

2. Provide schedule of all units to be furnished, including field measurements at each location.

C. Samples: For selection of colors, submit manufacturer's color charts consisting of sections of exposed components with integral or applied finishes showing full range of colors, materials, etc. available for each type of window treatment assembly required.

1.6 WARRANTY

A. Products shall be manufactured exempt of any sharp edges, burrs, or other defects.

B. Provide manufacturer's limited lifetime warranty on head rail and other components.

C. Provide 5 year manufacturer's warranty for slats.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURER

A. The following manufacturers' products have been used to establish minimum standards for materials, workmanship and function:

1. CACO, Inc. Window Fashions; www.cacoinc.com; 119 Perma R Rd., Johnson City, TN 37604; PH: 1.800.552.5278
2. Bali; www.www.baliblinds.com; 8467 Route 405 Highway South, P.O. Box 500, Montgomery, PA 17752; Phone: 877.792.0002
3. Levolor; www.levolor.com; 3 Glenlake Parkway NE, 10th Floor, Atlanta, GA 30328; 1.800.752.9677
4. Graber Industries, Inc.; www.graberblinds.com; 8467 Route 405 Highway South, P.O. Box 500, Montgomery, PA 17752; Phone: 877.792.0002

B. Equal products of other manufacturers may be used in the work, provided such products have been approved by the Architect not less than Ten (10) days prior to scheduled bid opening.

2.1 BLINDS AND BLIND COMPONENTS

A. Head Rail:

1. U shaped configuration
2. 2 1/2" deep by 2" high with rolled edges at the top.
3. Fabricate from 0.024 inch thick iron phosphate treated steel.
4. Acrylic primed with a finish coat of baked on polyester enamel in color selected by Architect.
5. Provide reinforcing end caps in color to match head rail.

B. Slats:

1. Extrude to a flat rigid form from PVC foam.
2. Provide an anti-static dust inhibiting coating to surface to minimize dust accumulation.
3. Nominal Width: 2 inches wide
4. Nominal Thickness: .122 inches
5. PVC foam to meet or exceed requirements of NFPA 701.

C. Bottom Rail:

1. Profile: Trapezoidal
2. Nominal Thickness: 7/8 inches
3. Nominal Width: 2 inches
4. Fabricate from extruded PVC, finish to match slats.

D. Valance:

1. Provide manufacturer's standard valance.
2. Nominal Thickness: 3/8 inch
3. Nominal Width: 2 1/2 inches

2.2 ACCESSORIES

A. Tapes and Ladders:

1. Standard color coordinate braided ladders shall be constructed of polyester yarn with a double crossed inter-braided cable thread design.
2. Supported latter ladders using ladder tape without any visible distortion.
3. Ladder rung distances shall not exceed 44mm.
4. Distances between ladders shall not exceed 12-inches.
5. Distance from end of ladder to end of slat shall not exceed 5-inches.

B. Tape Rolls and Supports:

1. Fabricate from low friction thermoplastic which are self lubricating and maintenance free for smooth operation and diminished wear on lift cords and braded ladders.
2. Tape rolls shall be designed to hold tape end by means of a "U" shaped brass grommet which shall be inserted into tape rolls, allowing for a more precise placement of ladders when secured.
3. Tape rolls shall include a projecting thermoplastic cylindrical collar integrated on each end. Tilt rod is centered though both tape drum and collar project.
4. Self lubricating thermoplastic collars are designed to snap securely into tape drum supports for near effortless tilting operation.

C. Crash Proof Cord Lock:

1. Snap-in design with nylon roller. Provided a secured steel roller on a hinged lock to facilitate "crash-proof" feature.

D. Tilt Wand:

1. Standard wand tilter.
   a. Self-lubricating thermoplastic worm and gear mechanism with fully encased plastic housing.
   b. Color coordinate plastic.
   c. 3/8" diameter
   d. Length as required to coordinate with window sizes.
   e. Provide corrosion resistant metal clip for attachment of wand to tilter shaft.

E. Lift Cords:

1. Color coordinate lift cords constructed of braided polyester jacket with a rayon center core.
2. Provide in lengths required to properly facilitate the raising and lowering of blinds.
3. 1.8mm diameter.
4. End Support Brackets:
5. Galvanized steel bracket with riveted hinged cover.
6. Nominal thickness: 0.038 inch
7. Baked polyester enamel finish.
8. Color to coordinate with blind assembly.
9. Coordinate bracket anchorage with jamb and sill conditions.

2.3 FABRICATION AND OPERATION

A. Prior to fabrication, verify actual opening dimensions by accurate site measurements. Adjust dimensions for proper fit at openings. Cooperate with other trades for securing tracks to substrates and other finished surfaces.

B. Fabricate window treatment components from non-corrosive, non- staining, non-fading materials which are completely compatible with each other, and which do not require lubrication during normal expected life.

C. Fabricate blind units to completely fill the openings as shown, from head-to-sill and jamb-to-jamb.

D. For continuous window wall installations, fabricate blinds so that ends occur only over mullions or other defined vertical separation, unless otherwise indicated.

E. Space supporting ladders to comply with manufacturer's standards, unless otherwise indicated.

F. Space louver blades to provide a minimum overlap of 3/8" for light exclusion when in fully-closed

position. Gear operating equipment for reduction of the ratio of hand-movement to louver position, so that blinds operate easily and can be set accurately and smoothly.

G. Equip horizontal blind units, unless otherwise indicated for the following operation.

1. Full-tilting operation with slats rotating approximately 180°. Place tilt operating controls on left-hand side of blind units, unless otherwise indicated.
2. Full-height raising to manufacturer's minimum stacking dimension, with lifting cord locks for stopping blind at any point of ascending or descending travel.
3. Place pull cords on right-hand side of blind units, unless otherwise indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install window treatment units in manner indicated to comply with manufacturer's instructions. Position units level, plumb, secure, at proper height and location relative to adjoining window units and other related work. Securely anchor units with proper clips, brackets, anchorages, suited to type of mounting indicated.

B. Coordinate the placement of concealed blocking to support blinds.

C. Verify that openings are ready to receive the work.

D. Ensure structural blocking and supports are correctly placed.

E. Provide adequate clearance between sash and blinds to permit unencumbered operation of sash hardware.

F. Isolate metal parts from concrete and mortar to prevent galvanic action. Use tape or thick coating or other means recommended by manufacturer to effect separation.

G. Protect installed units to ensure their being in operating condition, without damage, blemishes, or indication of use at completion of project. Repair or replace damaged units as directed by Architect.

H. Adjust blinds for smooth operation.

I. Clean blind surfaces just prior to occupancy.

J. Furnish the following for the Owner's use in maintenance of project:

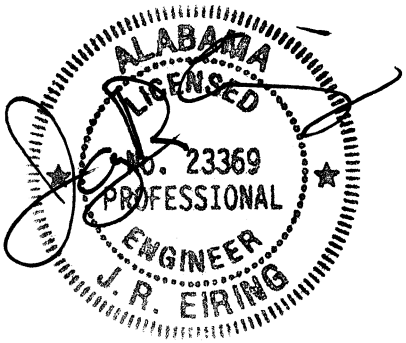
1. Extra Blind Assemblies: One of each size.
2. Extra Slats: 20 of each type and size.
3. Extra Lift Cords, Control Cords, and Wands: Two of each type.

END OF SECTION

An Addition to
Gulf Shores Sports Complex
Gulf Shores City Schools
Gulf Shores, Alabama
MCKEE PROJECT NO.25-111

These specifications sections were prepared by and under the direct supervision of the Engineer of Record for this project.

<u>Division 15 – MECHANICAL</u>
15010 Mechanical General Provisions
15400 Plumbing
15700 Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning



April 24, 2026

SECTION 15010

GENERAL MECHANICAL PROVISIONS

PART 1. GENERAL

1.1. **General Requirements:** Bidders and Contractors must treat all Division 15 contract documents with the highest level of care and precision. Thoroughly and completely review all specifications, plans, drawings, and related construction documents before submitting a bid or proceeding with work. **Pay special attention to all submittal requirements, as they are strictly enforced**. Incomplete, incorrectly formatted, or improperly submitted submittals will not be accepted and may result in rejection, delays or other ramifications, including potential default or additional costs borne solely by the Contractor.

Bidders are required to visit the project site and must conduct a comprehensive examination of all contract documents during the bidding period. Any missing information, ambiguities, conflicts, discrepancies, errors, omissions, or other issues that could impact accurate pricing or performance must be identified and brought to the Architect's attention in writing well before the bid due date. This process enables clarification, addenda issuance, or corrections for the benefit of all bidders.

Failure to raise such issues in writing prior to bid submission is non-waivable. By submitting a bid, the Contractor accepts full responsibility for furnishing and completing all work, including any disputed, omitted, or conflicting items, using the specified materials, methods, and quality standards, at no additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Design Professionals. The Owner's Design Professionals will direct resolution of any such issues, and the Contractor will have no claim for extra time or compensation.

No materials or products containing asbestos, formaldehyde, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), lead, mercury, or any other hazardous substances are permitted if they exceed the strict limits mandated by OSHA, LEED, EPA, or other applicable regulations. This prohibition is absolute; non-compliance will result in immediate rejection of materials, required removal/replacement at the Contractor's sole expense, and potential further penalties.

Only manufacturers and products explicitly named in the specifications may be used without prior approval. Any proposed use of unlisted manufacturers or substitutions requires written approval submitted through the Architect, to the Engineer, and must be obtained at least seven (7) calendar days prior to the bid due date, following the exact procedures outlined in Division 1.

When proposing substitutions, the Contractor must include a separate recap/summary sheet at the front of the submittal clearly stating, in writing, all differences (performance, dimensions, features, warranties, etc.) between the proposed item and the specified one. Failure to provide this explicit written disclosure makes the Contractor fully responsible for replacing the substituted item(s) at no cost to the Owner if any discrepancies are later discovered, regardless of prior approval submittal.

The Contractor is solely responsible for securing and paying for all required permits,

fees, inspections, utility connections, and related costs. No consideration or adjustment will be given after bid opening for any alleged misunderstanding of these requirements, the specifications, plans, utility needs, or associated fees.

Division 1's requirements apply in full to the entire project. Throughout the contract documents (specifications, Codes, and Drawings), terms such as "provide," "furnish," "include," or "install" mean the Contractor must furnish, install, connect, test, and make fully operational and ready for use the item or system as specified and required, with no exceptions.

All advisory provisions listed in the Codes referenced in the Contract Documents must be considered as mandatory. In the event of any conflict between applicable Codes, Standards, Listings, Contract Drawings or the Contract Specifications and drawings, the most stringent requirement governs. The respective Contractor must provide, install and comply with whichever imposes the strictest requirement, highest standard and the greatest obligation. No exceptions or leniency will be granted. These requirements are intentionally strict to ensure project quality, regulatory compliance, fairness in bidding and protection of the Owner's interests. Non-compliance carries significant risk of financial responsibility, schedule impacts, and potential contract default. Bidders and Contractors assume these obligations fully upon participation or award.

1.2. **Buy American:** Manufacturers of all products, materials, equipment, components, and systems specified in Division 15 must comply with the Buy American Act and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA). Exceptions to these requirements will be permitted only where the specified items are proven to be unavailable from domestic U.S. sources. Examples of items that may qualify for exception include variable refrigerant flow (VRF) equipment and certain porcelain plumbing products. Any request for exception must be submitted in writing to the Architect/Engineer for prior approval and must include supporting documentation demonstrating that no suitable domestic product is available. Where three (3) or more U.S. manufacturers can furnish products that meet or exceed the requirements of the Contract Documents, only domestic (U.S. manufactured) products must be provided.

During the submittal phase, the respective manufacturer must provide a conformance letter on the manufacturer's official company letterhead. The letter must be signed by an Officer of the Manufacturer's Board of Directors and must explicitly certify full compliance with the Buy American Act and ARRA. Failure to include this conformance letter with the submittal will result in immediate rejection of the submittal without review.

1.3. **Spare Parts:** Manufacturer of any equipment specified must have a wholesale outlet for readily available replacement parts in the nearest major USA city.

1.4. **Codes and Standards and Listings:** Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents, the Contractor must comply with the current editions (as of the date of the Contract) of all publications referenced in these specifications, plus all applicable federal, state, and local codes, standards, ordinances, and regulations enforced by the State of Alabama and the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ). In the case of any conflict between the Contract Documents (including Drawings and Specifications) and any applicable codes, standards, or regulations, the Contractor must provide and install the Work in accordance with the most stringent requirement. This requirement specifically includes, without limitation, the following (or their most

current State-adopted editions/amendments):

Alabama State Building Code (and all companion codes) as adopted and enforced by the Alabama Division of Construction Management (DCM), Alabama Department of Finance. This currently adopts the 2021 International Building Code (IBC) with State amendments (including selected portions of the 2024 IBC and companion codes effective March 17, 2025), together with:

- 2021 International Existing Building Code (IEBC)
- 2021 International Plumbing Code (IPC)
- 2021 International Mechanical Code (IMC)
- 2021 International Fuel Gas Code (IFGC)
- 2021 International Fire Code (IFC)
- 2020 National Electrical Code (NFPA 70)
- ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2013 (Energy Standard for Buildings Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings) with State-permitted exceptions
- All locally adopted and enforced building, mechanical, plumbing, gas, fire, electrical and energy codes of the AHJ (city or county) where the project is located.

All current editions of the codes and standards published by the following organizations:

- National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
- American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME)
- Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
- International Code Council (ICC) including the International Building Code (IBC), International Energy Conservation Code (IECC), International Fuel Gas Code (IFGC), and International Fire Code (IFC)
- American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE)
- ASTM International (ASTM)
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
- Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACNA)
- Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and ADA Standards for Accessible Design
- ICC A117.1 — Standard for Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities
- U.S. Department of Energy regulations and all other applicable federal requirements
- All applicable local ordinances and codes of the AHJ

All equipment and listed products must bear a label from one of the following Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratories (NRTL):

- Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL)
- Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
- ETL (Intertek).

All electrical components and assemblies must also comply with the applicable sections of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR).

In the event of any conflict between the Contract Drawings, these specifications, or any referenced Code, Standard, or Listing requirement, the most stringent requirement must govern and be provided.

All “advisory” or “recommended” provisions (including any use of the words “should,” “may,” shall, or similar) appearing in any referenced Code, Standard, or regulation must be interpreted as mandatory (“must”).

1.5. **Permits and Inspections:** The Contractor must obtain all permits, licenses, and approvals required to perform the Work, pay all associated fees and schedule and coordinate all inspections mandated by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ), all state and local government inspectors and any other Governing Authorities that may visit or inspect the project site.

The Contractor must submit the original certificates of inspection and approvals issued by all Governing Authorities to the Architect. These certificates and approvals must be incorporated into the Project Closeout Documents for the Plumbing, Fire Protection, and HVAC systems.

The Contractor must furnish any additional materials, parts, equipment, methods, or modifications to the Work as required by any Governing Authority’s inspections, regulations, or directives.

All deficiencies identified by any Code Official, Governmental Inspector, or other representative of a Governing Authority must be corrected promptly by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner or the Owner’s Project Design Professionals.

1.6. **Site Visits:** It is the Contractor’s responsibility to have the job ready for site visits when they are scheduled. If the project is not ready for the requested site visit and the Architect, the Engineer, any governmental agency or any other entity requires a re-inspection with the Engineer present, the Contractor must pay Zgouvas, Eiring & Associates a re-inspection fee of $2,000. The payment must be made directly to Zgouvas, Eiring & Associates 5 days prior to the scheduled re-inspection.

Before requesting the final site visit, the General Contractor must provide the Mechanical Engineer and the Architect with a copy of the Mechanical Engineer’s above ceiling corrected punch list. The corrected list must be signed and verified by the Mechanical and Plumbing Subcontractors' respective supervisors and the General Contractor to confirm that all items have been resolved. **If any item marked as complete is found to be uncorrected during the final site visit, the site visit will be considered a failure, and a reinspection fee will be imposed.**

The Contractor is urged to carefully review the extensive requirements of Paragraph “Identification” in this Section 15010 of the specifications and note that certain identification is required to be completed before certain site visits. There are specific identification requirements prior to the above ceiling and final site visits, respectively, that are mandatory. The State of Alabama Department of Construction Management (DCM) will cancel on-site, the site visit if not completed as specified. Failure to comply with this provision will be cause for cancellation of the site visit, and a fee imposed for the additional site visit, with all costs of the additional site visit to be borne by the Contractor.

1.7. **Drawings and Specifications:** The Architect and Engineer will interpret the meaning

of the drawings and specifications and will reject all work and materials, which in their judgment, is not in full accordance therewith. Where doubt arises as to the meaning of the plans and specifications, obtain the Architect's decision, in writing, before proceeding with parts affected; otherwise assume liability for damage to other work and for making necessary corrections to work in question.

All drawings are diagrammatic and are intended to quantify the materials specified and indicate their intended relationship with each other. The drawings and specifications are complementary, and work shown, but not specified, or specified, but not shown, must be the same as though required by both.

Bidders must thoroughly review all contract documents during the bidding period. Any missing information, ambiguities, conflicts, discrepancies, or other issues that could affect accurate pricing must be promptly brought to the Architect's attention in writing before the bid due date. This allows all questions to be clarified, and any necessary corrections made prior to bidding. Failure to identify and resolve such issues before submitting a bid will obligate the Contractor to furnish and complete the work, including any disputed or omitted items, using the specified materials and methods, at no additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Design Professionals, as directed by the Owner's Design Professionals.

Bidders must visit the site and become acquainted with all job conditions that may affect the work shown on the plans. Report to the Architect, prior to bid, any new or existing conditions that require modifications to accomplish the installation of all items. Provide for required adjustments to complete the intent of the work. No consideration will be given after bid opening for alleged misunderstanding regarding new or existing job conditions, utility connections, permits, fees, construction documents, etc.

DO NOT SCALE the Plumbing, Fire Protection and HVAC drawings. In the interest of clearness, the work is not always shown to scale or exact location. Refer to Architectural drawings for dimensions and verify scale shown on the drawings. The various scales used on the drawings do not allow for all fittings, offsets and accessories that may be required to complete the work. Check all measurements, location of pipe, all required and specified appurtenances for duct and piping, ducts, and equipment with the architectural and electrical drawings, and layout work to fit in with ceiling grids, lighting, and other parts. All wiring, piping, ductwork, etc., must be concealed unless specified or noted otherwise. Adjust in the field as required to provide the optimum result to facilitate ease of service, efficient operation, and best appearance.

1.8. **Conflicts, Coordination and Changes:** If interferences or conflicts occur, the Architect must decide which equipment must be relocated regardless of which was first installed. In the interest of avoiding such conflicts, each Sub-Contractor who is using common space, etc., must coordinate his work with all other trades and other parts of his own work. If during this coordination, it is discovered that necessary or desirable changes are required to be made, advise the Architect and secure his decision in writing prior to proceeding. Do not fabricate or install any items, equipment, etc. until all coordination has been accomplished.

Coordinate the location of all Division 15 work with Division 16. Do not run piping, ductwork and similar Division 15 work in NEC dedicated service areas for electrical equipment, including above panel boards, starters, communication panels, control

panels, telephone backboards, data panels and similar electrical elements.

1.9. **Coordination Drawings:** The Contractor must comply with all procedures set forth in Division 1. Prior to commencing any work, the Contractor must submit detailed shop drawings for review and coordination. These shop drawings must clearly indicate the proposed arrangement of all equipment, piping, ducts, floor drains, electrical power requirements, equipment maintenance and service access provisions, and all associated controls.

As a minimum, the shop drawings must include detailed layouts identifying potential conflicts in areas such as plumbing risers, HVAC ductwork, piping routes, equipment rooms, limited ceiling spaces, and any other congested or critical locations. Refer to subsequent specification sections for any additional specific submittal requirements.

The Contractor must fully coordinate the submission of all shop drawings and must promptly refer any questionable or conflicting locations to the Architect/Engineer for resolution prior to any fabrication or installation. Work must not proceed until the shop drawings have been reviewed and accepted by the Architect/Engineer.

Failure to coordinate all items or to correct non-conforming installed work must be performed by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Project Design Professionals.

Failure to submit the required shop drawings must render the Contractor solely responsible for any and all modifications necessary to facilitate the proper installation, maintenance, access and operation of all systems.

1.10. **Maintenance, Replacement and Service Access:** The Contractor must locate all equipment as shown on the Drawings. The Contractor must install all equipment, valves, controllers, actuators, manual dampers, motorized dampers, air vents, cleanouts, smoke detectors, fire dampers, smoke dampers, fans, and any other items requiring maintenance, service, or replacement access in strict accordance with the maintenance, service, and replacement access requirements specified by the Manufacturer of each respective item. All such items must be installed to provide maximum safety as well as convenient and adequate access for service, replacement, and maintenance.

To ensure proper maintenance access, all piping containing valves, all equipment, and any other items that may require maintenance, service, or replacement must be located no more than 12 inches above the finished ceiling and no more than 14 feet 0 inches above the finished floor in areas without ceilings.

The Contractor must coordinate any questionable access, clearance, or location issues that could conflict with the above requirements with the Engineer or the Architect's field representative prior to installing any item. Failure to perform this coordination will result in any required relocation, modification, or correction being performed by the Contractor at the Contractor's sole expense.

1.11. **Warranty:** Refer to Division 1. Additionally, guarantee in writing to make good without cost any defects in materials and workmanship for one year following the date of substantial completion of the project as determined by the Architect. Provide free maintenance and service during the guarantee period.

Refer to other Division 15 Sections for additional detailed warranty requirements.

1.12. **Submittal Data:** Within 25 days of contract award, all Contractors must submit a complete submittal for review of **all** specified items proposed including a detailed schedule of materials, means and methods, equipment, etc... Failure to submit any specified items will result in rejection of non-compliant materials, equipment, means and methods, etc. when discovered, with replacement costs borne solely by the Contractor. The Architect and/or Engineer's review of submittals does not absolve the Contractor of full responsibility for strict compliance with all contract documents.

A recap/summary sheet must be inserted at the beginning of each tabbed section to summarize the contents of each respective tabbed section. The recap/summary sheet must include all items that have been changed or removed due to Project cost constraints, addendums, or Value Engineering (VE).

Variations from the specifications, plans and all value engineered (VE) items for the items submitted for review must be explicitly indicated immediately after the submittal cover page otherwise, it will be assumed the product will conform to the plans and specifications in all respects.

Failure to include items changed or removed due to Project cost constraints, addendums or VE items that require an additional review by the Engineer will require the Contractor to reimburse the Engineer a minimum of $700 for the effort involved to review the corrected, proper submittal.

Where substitutions are proposed, unless the Contractor states in writing, on a separate recap/summary sheet in front of the respective submittal, the differences of the substituted equipment or material, he must be responsible to replace such items any time discrepancies are found.

Submittals must include catalog data, scheduled capacities, fan curves, sound data, materials and methods of installation, various components of various assemblies, etc.

The General Contractor must review and stamp all submittals prior to submitting them to the Architect. Submittals provided without the General Contractor's review will be automatically rejected and a possible re-review fee of $700 imposed.

Only ONE complete submittal will be accepted for each specification section. Do not submit plumbing fixtures separately without the remaining Section 15400 items submittal. If a partial or incomplete submittal is provided, it will be automatically rejected and a possible re-review fee of $700 imposed. If the Contractor provides a submittal for review and then provides additional items for review after the initial submittal was submitted, a $700 review fee **will** be imposed. The objective is to provide one complete submittal as specified hereinbefore. **Providing submittals piecemeal is not allowed.**

All submittals must be separately bound by specification Section (HVAC, Fire Protection and Plumbing) in pdf format. Submittals must be electronically indexed and tabbed. Refer to the Architectural General Conditions and Division 1 for the format required by the Architect.

A cover sheet must be provided in front of the submittal package which states, as a

minimum, the Project name and location, the name of the Owner, the Architectural firm, the Engineering firm, **the Engineer's Project number,** located within the Engineer's logo in the bottom right corner of the HVAC, Fire Protection and Plumbing plans, the General Contractor, the Mechanical Contractor for mechanical submittals, Fire Protection Contractor for fire protection submittals and Plumbing Contractor for plumbing submittals and each Contractors' point of contact, with phone number, as applicable for the respective trade's submittal. The respective Contractor's contact phone number is requested in an effort to obtain submittal clarifications which otherwise may be cause for rejection by the Engineer.

Submittals must include specifications section numbers and related sub-paragraph numbers, materials used, methods of installation, product manufacturer, equipment capacities, etc. HVAC equipment items must follow the identical tabular format, category by category, nomenclature, etc., as shown on the HVAC equipment schedules. As a minimum, the recap/summary sheet must indicate the submitted values compared to each of the specified values. **Failure to provide the submittals in the format specified will be cause for immediate rejection without review.** If there is any doubt as to the format required for the HVAC equipment summary sheet, contact ZEA and an example will be provided. Plumbing and Fire Protection submittals must follow the identical procedure specified for the Mechanical Contractor.

1.13. **Submittal Rejection and Resubmittal:** The Contractor must carefully review the submittal data requirements specified above. Pay particular attention to specific items within the specifications that are cause for immediate rejection when submittals are not provided to the Engineer as requested or specified. If the Engineer requests submittals for items not provided and the items are not included in the resubmittal, the resubmittal will be automatically rejected without review and a rereview fee imposed.

When submittals are rejected, **DO NOT** return a copy of the rejected submittal with the Engineer's review stamp or notations. Provide a clean submittal with a recap sheet in the front of the resubmittal addressing each of the Engineer's comments.

Any submittal that requires a review before the Engineer receives a complete submittal, a request for additional submittals, or portions thereof that are rejected TWICE and resubmitted a third, fourth, etc. time for review will require the Contractor to reimburse the Engineer each time for his effort. The minimum fee for each re-review is $700.

1.14. **Site and Existing Conditions:** Bidders must visit the site and become acquainted with all job conditions that may affect the work shown on the plans. Report to the Architect, prior to bid, any new or existing conditions that require modifications to accomplish the installation of all items. Provide for required adjustments to complete the intent of the work. No consideration will be given after bid opening for the alleged misunderstanding regarding new or existing job conditions, utility connections, permits, fees, etc.

1.15. **Line Locators:** The Contractor must, prior to commencing any excavation, trenching, boring or other subsurface operations, arrange and coordinate with the Owner, all applicable public and private utility companies, and a qualified professional line-locating firm to thoroughly identify, describe, mark and locate all existing underground utilities, piping, conduits, cables, structures and other items that may be impacted by

the construction activities. This requirement applies to all work associated with HVAC, plumbing, and fire protection systems, including but not limited to water lines, sanitary and storm sewers, gas lines, fire protection mains and services, condensate lines, electrical conduits serving mechanical equipment, communication lines, and any other subsurface installations.

The Contractor must obtain accurate utility locations using acceptable methods (paint markings, flags, stakes, or electronic markers as appropriate) and must not proceed with any excavation, trenching, or subsurface work until all utilities have been properly located, field-marked and independently verified by the Contractor. The Contractor must maintain all utility markings in a legible condition throughout the duration of the work and must exercise extreme care to protect all located utilities during construction operations.

Failure to comply with these requirements will render the Contractor solely responsible and liable for all costs associated with any damage incurred, including repair, replacement, restoration, service interruptions, fines, penalties, consequential damages and project delays, at no additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Project Design Professionals.

1.16. **Phasing:** Interrupt existing services only at times approved by the Architect and the Owner. The General Contractor must make a written request to the Architect and the Owner for permission to interrupt services at the facility. The request must be provided with a minimum of seven (7) days prior to the desired date of the interruption. Hold interruptions to a minimum in duration and frequency.

1.17. **Contractor Requested Electronic Drawing Files:** Not available.

1.18. **Record Documents:** The Contractor must prepare and submit Record Documents in strict accordance with the requirements set forth in the General Conditions and Supplemental Conditions of the Contract and these specifications.

Each Contractor must maintain an accurate and continuous record of all changes made during construction. Prior to commencement of any backfilling operations, the respective Contractor must take precise as-built measurements of all installed work, including all depths, inverts, elevations, and locations. It is not acceptable to rely on or reference off-line locations. Definitive, field-verified measurements must be taken for each individual service line, pipe, conduit or underground installation entering and leaving the facility.

The location of all buried piping and underground utilities must be accurately shown on the Record Documents and dimensioned from permanent fixed points (such as building corners, column lines, or other established benchmarks). The Plumbing Contractor and the Fire Protection Contractor must perform the as-built documentation described above for all their respective underground work.

The Plumbing Contractor must clearly indicate on the Record Documents the exact location of all cleanouts, dielectric unions and valve numbers cross-referenced to the specified valve chart.

The Mechanical Contractor must provide identical as-built documentation requirements for all underground mechanical services shown on the Contract Drawings, including but not limited to chilled water, hot water, condenser water,

refrigerant piping, condensate lines and any other buried mechanical piping or conduits.

The respective Contractor must complete the Record Documents by utilizing the As-Built mark-ups maintained in the General Contractor's construction site office. All field changes, deviations, and additional information must be transferred onto a complete set of reproducible copies of the original Contract Drawings.

The final Record Document set must be clearly labeled "Record Documents" in the Title Block of each drawing sheet. The drawings must not contain clouds, revision triangles or any other graphic indications of changes. The Contractor must submit one complete hard-copy set of the corrected reproducible Record Documents to the Architect for final review and incorporation into the Owner's project records.

Additionally, the Contractor must furnish a complete electronic set of all Record Documents in PDF format on CD-R media (or other Owner-approved digital format). One copy of the CD-R must be included in the Owner's Operating and Maintenance Manuals as specified in Section 15400 (Plumbing) and Section 15700 (Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning). The Contractor is solely responsible for accurately documenting and showing all deviations from the original Contract Drawings. This responsibility includes, but is not limited to, all addenda, change orders, value engineering items, RFI responses, field observations, site visit reports, test results, and any other modifications or clarifications that occurred during construction. All such information must be incorporated into the Record Documents by the respective Contractor.

PART 2. MISCELLANEOUS REQUIREMENTS TO BE COORDINATED WITH OTHER TRADES

2.1. **Foundations and Supports: "Sammy" bolts are prohibited.** The Mechanical, Fire Protection and Plumbing Contractor, as applicable, must provide foundations, support, etc. not specified under other Divisions, and as required to mount all items in a safe, professional and structurally sound manner. The respective Contractor must provide all supplemental steel between various types of structural members, including between bar joists, purloins, wood trusses, miscellaneous structural items, etc. as required for the item(s) proper support. All supports and related components and assemblies must be sized for a minimum of 300% (3 times) the anticipated load carried by the respective item.

Where the Contractor has doubt as to proper supporting requirements, he must consult with, and seek the guidance of, the Architect and the project Structural Engineer for resolution. Consult all contract documents pertaining to other trades to determine extent of their work.

Concrete pads for outside equipment are specified under other Sections. Concrete work must meet the requirements of Division 3. The respective Contractor must provide all concrete pads not indicated or specified on the Architectural, Civil or Structural plans. Refer to the various equipment specifications for requirements in the absence of requirements by the various disciplines and provide as specified.

2.2. **Pipe Sleeves:** Sleeves are required for all interior partitions, floors, perimeter exterior walls, etc. regardless of whether the above ceiling penetration occurs at locations

where partitions go to the structure above or stop short of the structure above. All pipe sleeves must be installed as work progresses. Note the space required between the insulated/uninsulated piping, conduits, etc. and the pipe sleeve so that it can be properly firestopped per the firestopping assembly manufacturer and Code requirements. See plan details and firestopping requirements in this Section 15010 and provide as required. Split sleeves are not allowed.

All penetrations of floors and partitions are required to be built-in as work progresses. All penetrations of new construction that were not built-in as required by these specifications, and all existing floors, walls and existing partitions must be core drilled or sawcut large enough to allow all conduits, piping, firestopping assemblies, etc., to continue uninterrupted, and to provide proper firestopping of the penetration as required to install new items as shown and/or specified.

ALL penetrations of partitions that go to the deck/structure above require a firestopping/sleeve assembly, regardless of whether partition is rated or not.

All wiring penetrating any exterior wall, interior partition, floor, and similar construction must be in conduit, not sleeves, with protective grommets on the conduit ends. HVAC outdoor control wiring must be routed within a conduit that terminates above the ceiling in an accessible location.

Where non-rated walls or partitions do not extend to the structure above, a firestopping assembly or device is not required at the penetration. Instead, provide a 10 ga. galvanized sleeve of size required and specified. Pack the opening on both sides of the partition/sleeve with mineral wool insulation and seal on both sides with materials the same as the material penetrated. i.e., If it is a penetration of gypsum board, seal with gypsum board joint compound. If it is a penetration of concrete block or any other type of cementitious assembly, seal with cementitious type product matching the item being penetrated. Do not allow bare copper, steel, iron, conduit or other metallic item to be in contact with any cementitious assembly. Provide escutcheon on both sides of the partition in spaces exposed to view. See plan details for additional requirements.

Do not route any wiring through sleeves/firestop assembly in partitions containing piping. Do not route multiple wires, pipe or any other items through a single sleeve/firestop assembly. Do not route HVAC equipment control wiring through any sleeve containing refrigerant or other piping. Each conduit, pipe, wire, etc., must be provided with its own sleeve. Outdoor control wiring for HVAC equipment must be in conduit to a point above the ceiling in an accessible location. Provide a grommet at the conduit termination point to avoid control wiring abrasion at the conduit termination point.

All floor sleeves, except slab on grade, must be cast-in-place Schedule 40 steel pipe. Floor sleeves in foundations above the finish floor must terminate 2” above finish floor or housekeeping pad as applicable, and flush on the bottom side of the concrete foundation.

Sleeves for piping passing through exterior walls or exterior partitions must be Schedule 40 PVC pipe, 1” larger in diameter than piping and piping covering, neatly sawed-off flush with the exterior wall, sealed watertight and vermin proof, and exposed edge painted to match building, unless specified otherwise. Spray foam is not an approved sealant. Refrigerant piping suction and liquid lines routed through a

singular pipe sleeve in an exterior wall is acceptable only in this circumstance.

Any pipe that passes through a below grade foundation wall must be provided with a relieving arch, or a pipe sleeve pipe cast in place into the foundation wall. The sleeve must be two pipe sizes greater than the pipe passing through the wall. Example: A 6" uninsulated pipe must require an 8" sleeve.

Piping installed through a foundation wall must be structurally protected from any transferred loading from the foundation wall. The annular space between pipe and sleeve must be filled with backing material and sealants in the joint between the pipe and concrete or masonry wall. Sealant selected for the earth side of the wall must be compatible with damp proofing/waterproofing materials that are specified in Architectural section of the specifications to be applied over the joint sealant.

2.3. **Sleeves for Condensate Drainage Piping and Refrigerant Piping That Penetrate Exterior Metal Building Walls:** For condensate drainage piping and refrigerant piping penetrations of exterior metal building walls, sleeves must be Dektite Metal Roof, Dektite Premium Series DFE, EPDM cone and base, edged with a flexible aluminum strip. Color selection must be by Architect.

2.4. **Firestopping:** Provide assemblies to form a specific U.L. or ASTM tested and listed system with minimum 10 ga. sleeve and appropriate UL/ASTM listing that maintains the required or specified integrity of the fire barrier and non-fire barrier to stop the passage of fire, gases, smoke and water. The through-penetration firestop systems and firestop devices must be tested and listed in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479 using the "F" or "T" rating to maintain the same rating and integrity as the fire barrier being sealed or a minimum of 1-hour protection for non-rated assemblies. The assembly or device must prevent passage of fire, smoke, gases and water through openings, and prevent transmission of sound and vibration from the penetrating element to the structure. Penetrations involving insulated piping must be a tested and listed firestop system not requiring removal of insulation and in accordance with ASTM E 814 or UL 1479.

Wherever pipes, conduit, ducts, etc. penetrate any type of interior construction that extends to the underside of the structure/deck above it, **regardless of whether the wall, partition or floor is a rated assembly or not,** the space between the penetrating member and the building construction must be sealed with an ASTM E814 or UL 1479 listed, approved and labeled factory fabricated firestop assembly or device as specified above.

Where partitions are not indicated as fire rated, the firestopping assembly used must provide a minimum of one-hour resistance.

Where walls or partitions do not extend to the structure above, a factory fabricated firestopping assembly is not required. Instead, provide a 16 ga. galvanized sleeve or conduit (for wiring) and pack the respective sleeve or conduit as specified above in Para. Sleeves.

At each through penetration, attach identification labels on both sides, in location where label will be visible to anyone seeking to remove penetrating items or firestopping. Attach labels permanently to surfaces adjacent to and within 6 inches of edge of the firestop systems so that labels will be visible to anyone seeking to remove penetrating items or firestop systems. Provide metal labels in areas used as

return air plenums. Use mechanical fasteners for metal labels. For plastic labels, use self-adhering type with adhesives capable of permanently bonding labels to surfaces on which labels are placed and, in combination with label material, will result in partial destruction of label if removal is attempted. Additionally, secure to the wall with metal thumbtack at each corner of the label. Labels must be Hilti Firestop Identification Labels 00339611, 3M Sticker 98040056289 or approved equivalent. Firestop identification labels must include the following information on labels:

1. The words: "*Warning--Through-Penetration Firestop System--Do Not Disturb. Notify Building Management of Any Damage*."
2. Contractor's name, address, and phone number.
3. Through-penetration firestop system designation of applicable testing and inspecting agency.
4. Date of installation.
5. Through-penetration firestop system manufacturer's name.
6. Installer's name.

All fire stop material employed on the project must be the same brand throughout. The firestopping assemblies must be manufactured by Hilti, 3M, USG or other pre-approved Manufacturer.

2.5. **Access Panels and Doors:** Do not locate serviceable items above inaccessible, hard ceilings without written approval from the Architect. Coordinate all items' locations with the Architectural ceiling plans before installing any items. Furnish access panels and doors required to the General Contractor for installation for access to valves, controllers, actuators, manual dampers, motorized dampers, air vents, cleanouts, smoke detectors, fire dampers, smoke dampers, fans and any other items requiring maintenance access. Refer to Section 15700, Paragraph Access Doors and Panels for access' required in ductwork.

Doors/panels must be suitable for location and finish involved, 16" x 16" unless otherwise indicated, required or specified to permit removal of equipment and provide acceptable maintenance access.

Access panels and doors must be fire rated where rated assemblies are penetrated. Access panels and doors for items located outdoors or in damp environments must be weatherproof.

Access panels and doors must be manufactured by Milcor, Philip Carey, Zurn, Mifab or approved equivalent. The Architect must approve the use of, and type of, panels and doors to be installed in areas that are exposed to view or in finished areas. Exposed access panels and doors must be factory cleaned and primed for painting in the field. Colors, materials and methods must be selected by the Architect. Refer to Architectural Section, Painting, for additional information.

Where device occurs above a lift-out acoustical ceiling panel, provide engraved plastic labels of type specified in Part "Identification Requirements" below.

In addition to identification of items above the ceiling, provide engraved plastic labels below the item, on the ceiling grid. Engraved plastic labels must match ceiling grid size (width), color and be neatly glued to the ceiling grid adjacent to the ceiling tile that should be removed for access to the item. The label must have engraved on it the item being identified and its designation as shown on the plans, valve chart,

equipment or item designation, etc. Refer to Part “Identification Requirements” below for additional requirements.

2.6. **Cutting and Patching:** All openings must be laid out. Furnish detailed layout shop drawings to other trades in advance of their work. Failure to furnish layout shop drawings to the General Contractor must make the applicable Mechanical/Plumbing/Fire Protection Contractor responsible to rebuild openings as directed by the Architect. Where openings have not been laid out or built in, or they occur in existing partitions, floors, etc., they must be core drilled or saw cut large enough to allow all penetrating items with or without insulation to continue uninterrupted, with clearances specified.

Piping and duct within walls or behind walls must be installed before wall is erected otherwise, walls, floors, ceilings, etc., affected must be reworked by the trade which erected it at the expense of the respective Contractor. Chasing and cutting new work is not allowed without written permission from the Architect.

2.7. **Duct and Miscellaneous Items Painting and Finishes:** Painting of ducts, piping, piping insulation, grilles, diffusers, and other surfaces in finished areas is specified in Architectural Section "Painting" or similar section. Refer to those sections for requirements. If not specified in other sections, paint items with two coats of paint as directed by the Architect. Where the Architectural specifications require items to be painted, the Contractor must furnish it with a Manufacturer provided, factory applied prime coat.

Where factory finished items are marred, scratched, or damaged, replace the item, or upon approval from the Architect or Owner, refinish or touch-up as required or specified to bring to a like new condition.

All paint and coatings must have a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84. Also, see Part "Identification Requirements" below for additional requirements.

PART 3. TRENCHING, EXCAVATION & BACKFILLING

3.1. **Excavation:** Keep excavation free from water by pumping if necessary. Ensure that walls and footings and adjacent loadbearing soils are not disturbed in any way, except where lines must cross under a footing. Where a line must pass under a footing, make crossing with the smallest possible trench to accommodate the pipe. Where a line must pass adjacent to and below the bottom of a column footing, or the corner of a continuous footing, backfill the trench with concrete up to the level of the footing bottom, for a distance away from the footing equal to the depth of the fill.

3.2. **Trenching and Bedding of Piping:** Buried piping must be supported throughout its entire length. Where trenches are excavated, such that the bottom of the trench forms the bed for the pipe, solid and continuous load-bearing support must be provided between joints. Bell holes, hub holes and coupling holes must be provided at points where the pipe is joined. Such pipe must not be supported on blocks to grade. In instances where the material manufacturer’s installation instructions are more restrictive than those prescribed by Codes, the material must be installed in accordance with the more restrictive requirement.

3.3. **Over-Excavation:** Where trenches are excavated below the installation level of the pipe such that the bottom of the trench does not form the bed for the pipe, the trench must be backfilled to the installation level of the bottom of the pipe with sand or fine gravel placed in layers not greater than 6 inches in depth. Such backfill must be compacted after each placement.

3.4. **Rock Removal:** Where rock is encountered in trenching, the rock must be removed to not less than 3 inches below the installation level of the bottom of the pipe, and the trench must be backfilled to the installation level of the bottom of the pipe with sand tamped in place so as to provide uniform load-bearing support for the pipe between joints. The pipe, including the joints, must not rest on rock at any point.

3.5. **Soft Load-Bearing Materials**: If soft materials of poor load-bearing quality are found at the bottom of the trench, stabilization must be achieved by over excavating not less than two pipe diameters and backfilling to the installation level of the bottom of the pipe with fine gravel, crushed stone or a concrete foundation. The concrete foundation must be bedded with sand tamped into place so as to provide uniform load-bearing support for the pipe between joints.

3.6. **Backfilling:** Backfill within the building and under paved areas must meet compaction requirements established under Division 2. Backfill must be free from discarded construction material and debris. Loose earth free from rocks, broken concrete and frozen chunks must be placed in the trench in 6-inch layers and tamped in place until the crown of the pipe is covered by 12 inches of tamped earth. The backfill under and beside the pipe must be compacted for pipe support. Backfill must be brought up evenly on both sides of the pipe so that the pipe remains aligned. In instances where the manufacturer's instructions for materials are more restrictive than those prescribed by the Codes, the material must be installed in accordance with the more restrictive requirement.

3.7. **Protection of Footings:** Trenching installed parallel to footings and walls must not extend into the bearing plane of a footing or wall. The upper boundary of the bearing plane is a line that extends downward, at an angle of 45 degrees from the horizontal, from the outside bottom edge of the footing or wall.

3.8. **Shoring, Sub-Soil Assumptions and Data, Work Around Trees and Surplus Earth:** Refer to Section "Earthwork".

3.9. **Broken Pavement:** In public streets, sidewalks, right of ways, etc., backfill and repair to satisfaction of authorities having jurisdiction.

PART 4. PIPE SUPPORTS, PIPE HANGERS AND MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORTS

4.1. **General: Below requirements do not apply to refrigerant piping, nor condensate drain piping.** Refer to Part "Pipe Insulation and Miscellaneous Insulation Work" for AP Armaflex material and installation methods specification for refrigerant piping and condensate drainage piping support requirements. Refer to the plan details and these specifications for various piping support requirements.

"Sammy" bolts are prohibited. Provide factory fabricated galvanized pipe hangers and supports for all piping, complete with properly sized bolts, washers, clamps, etc. and with coatings and finishes specified below, and all as required for a complete

and safely functioning installation. Material items, methods and general requirements not covered in this specification must be provided in strict accordance with current edition of Manufacturer's Standardization Society Specification MSS SP-58 and Manufacturer's Published Product Information.

All hangers, supports, related components and assemblies must be sized for a minimum of 300% (3 times) the anticipated load carried by the respective item. Where the Contractor has doubt as to proper supporting requirements, he must consult with, and seek the guidance of, the Architect and the project Structural Engineer for resolution.

Where in contact with bare copper pipe provide same assembly except it must be copper, continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washers made of copper-coated steel.

Hangers must be manufactured by Elcen Metal Products Co., Fee & Mason Mfg. Co., ITT Grinnell Corp, B-Line Systems or preapproved equivalent.

4.2. **Coatings and Finishes:** Pipe hangers, Unistrut pipe supports and duct Unistrut support assemblies of galvanized, zinc and similarly coated items are considered to **NOT** be coated. All must be painted, powder coated, epoxy coated or plastic coated. Hanger rods and associated bolts, and clamps on Unistrut assemblies are not required to be painted or coated.

All piping, hangers, fittings, etc. must be clean and rust free when it is installed. Before installation, it must be checked, upended and swabbed. All rust or dirt from materials in storage or from lying on the ground must be removed. Any dirty piping installed must be cleaned. Any rusted piping must have the rust removed, etched and primed for painting as recommended by the respective piping manufacturer, and then painted with two coats of black, compatible, rustproof enamel paint. Do not use spray paint. The paint must comply with the requirements of ASTM E84 for flame spread and smoke development.

All damaged or rusted steel pipe and fittings, all roof drains, all uncoated cast iron pipe, and all hangers, Unistrut and other support assemblies, must be cleaned, primed and painted with two coats of compatible black enamel paint as specified below. Any rusted items must have the rust removed, then etched and primed for painting as recommended by the respective manufacturer. After prepping the surfaces, then paint with two coats of compatible black, rustproof enamel paint. Do not use spray paint.

All paint and coatings must have a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84. See Part "Identification Requirements" below for additional requirements.

In lieu of painted surfaces as specified hereinbefore, the Contractor may provide factory fabricated hangers and Unistrut assemblies with rust resistant powder coating, epoxy coating or plastic coating. All paints/coatings/finishes must meet or exceed a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84.

4.3. **Hangers at Typical Single Suspended Horizontal Pipe:** Where multiple pipes are shown adjacent to each other on the plans, provide a Unistrut assembly as shown on the plan details. Do not use multiple, single pipe assemblies.

Single pipe assemblies must be galvanized adjustable clevis or split-ring type equal to MSS 58 and 59, Type 1. Refer to Coatings and Finishes above for additional requirements. See other specifications and plan details for additional requirements. See part “Hanger Rods” below for limitations on use of clevis hangers.

Do not use clevis hangers for refrigerant piping. See refrigerant piping support requirements in Section 15700, Refrigerant Piping and Accessories.

Where in contact with bare copper pipe provide same assembly except it must be copper, continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washers made of copper-coated steel.

4.4. **Manifolds and Parallel Runs:** Where multiple pipes are shown adjacent to each other on the plans, provide a Unistrut assembly as shown on the plan details. Do not use multiple, single pipe assemblies.

As specified above, the Contractor must provide a Unistrut system complete with fittings, clamps and accessories required and specified. Horizontal and vertical mounted piping must all be secured to each Unistrut hanger assembly. Refer to the plan details and specifications for requirements.

Refer to Coatings and Finishes above for additional requirements. Refer to “Hanger Rods” below for locations that require a Unistrut assembly. Furnish for review proposed system components.

Where in contact with bare copper pipe provide same assembly except it must be copper, continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washers made of copper-coated steel.

Unistrut assemblies must also be provided for refrigerant piping. Refer to Section 15700, Refrigerant Piping and Accessories for requirements.

4.5. **Spacing:** Install supports as required or specified to prevent sags, bends or vibration. Provide additional building supports and attachments where support is required or specified for additional concentrated loads, including valves, in-line pumps, flange guides, strainers, expansion joints and at all changes in direction of piping.

At no-hub pipe, support as specified below for cast iron piping.

In all cases, provide on all sides of, and within 12 inches of, all elbows, take-off fittings, joints, valves, any change in direction of item supported, at ends of branches over 5 feet long and on centers not exceeding the following:

Piping Material	Pipe Size	Maximum Spacing
Copper Piping/Tubing (Water And Condensate Drainage)	1-1/4” & less	6 ft. Horizontal 8 ft. Vertical
	1-1/2” & larger	8 ft. Horizontal 8 ft. Vertical
Refrigerant Piping	All	8 ft. Horizontal 6 ft. Vertical

Cast Iron Piping	All	4 ft. Horizontal 12 ft. Vertical

Where horizontal cast iron pipe is installed in 10ft. lengths, spacing must be increased to 9 ft. In addition to specified cast iron support requirements, provide additional support for cast iron pipe within 6” of each fitting on all sides of the fitting.

PVC	All	4 ft. Horizontal 8 ft. Vertical

Where vertically installed piping is provided, a guide must be installed midway between the specified/required vertical supports, at the base of each riser and at each floor. Such guides must prevent pipe movement in a direction perpendicular to the axis of the pipe.

4.6. **Protection of Physical Damage for Piping:** In concealed locations where piping is installed through holes or notches in studs, joists, rafters or similar type members, the pipe must be protected by shield plates and grommets. Protective steel shield plates having a minimum thickness of 0.0575 inch (16 gage) must cover the area of the pipe where the member is notched, drilled or bored, and must extend not less than 2 inches above sole plates and below top plates.

4.7. **Hanger Rods:** Must be mild steel, hot dipped galvanized, threaded as required. Rods must be selected as specified hereinbefore. Use not smaller than 3/8” rods for pipe 2” and under, 1/2” rods for pipes 2 1/2” through 4", 3/4” rods for 5” through 12” and 1” rods for piping over 12”. Support rods with threaded Underwriters listed inserts, expansion shields or beam clamps must be all galvanized. Beam clamps must be equal to Elcen Fig. 34 or 36 with rod and eye end.

Where in contact with bare copper pipe provide same assembly except it must be copper, continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washers made of copper-coated steel.

At bar joists, support from bottom chord at panel points.

Wherever piping hanger support rods heights exceed 36” length from top of the supported item to the structure above, Contractor must provide a Unistrut support assembly and bracing of the assembly with minimum 1”x1”x1/4” angle iron or as required for the weight of the supported item, whichever is greater, and anchor to structure above to prevent swaying. Assembly must be welded at the connection to Unistrut and building structural assembly. Follow welding procedures set forth in the structural division of the specifications.

4.8. **Bracing:** Where hanger rods heights exceed 36”, provide sway bracing as specified above in “Hanger Rods”. Bracing must be provided at each Unistrut assembly and attached to the building structural system.

4.9. **Approved Equivalents:** By Grinnell, Elcen, Stockham or Crane will be accepted.

PART 5. IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

5.1. **Identification: All of the above ceiling identification specified must be completed prior to the above ceiling site visit. All remaining identification must**

be completed prior to the final site visit.

The State of Alabama Department of Construction Management (DCM) will cancel on-site, the site visit if not completed as specified. Failure to comply with this provision will be cause for cancellation of the site visit, and a fee imposed for the additional site visit, with all costs of the additional site visit to be borne by the Contractor.

All identification must follow the nomenclature used on the plans.

All equipment, equipment access points, fire dampers, equipment filter access locations, access panels, motor starters, disconnects, thermostats, humidistats, sensors, valves, trap primers, control systems components, switches, all air handling equipment access doors and any other items or devices which cannot be readily identified by the Architect, Engineer or Owner and his personnel, must be provided with engraved laminated plastic nameplates, as described below.

All filter access locations' identification must include the size and number of filters required for each specific piece of equipment.

Identify all access openings/panels/doors to indicate item for which access is provided. Ex. Motorized damper, fire damper, smoke detector, filters, valves, coils, etc. Additionally, add the following to each access identifier: "***ACCESS - DO NOT BLOCK***."

All above ceiling identification must have a corresponding engraved plastic label identifier neatly attached to the ceiling grid below the aforementioned equipment, item, valve, access door, etc. Attach to the ceiling grid with permanent adhesive. The engraved plastic labels background must match ceiling grid color with contrasting black or red letters as desired by the Architect. The label must have engraved on it the item being identified and its designation as shown on the plans, valve chart, etc.

Engraved equipment designation and numbers must be as shown on the Mechanical and Plumbing drawings on the upper half of tag, leaving lower half of tag for future engraving by Owner. Where equipment is typed (HP-A, HP-B, EF-A, etc.) rather than numbered (HP-1, HP-2, EF-1, etc.) the tag must include the room number(s) of the area served. Room numbers must be designated by the Owner. In absence of Owner's room numbers, numbers must be as indicated on the architectural plans.

Identify all piping, including refrigerant suction lines, refrigerant liquid lines, refrigerant hot gas reheat coil lines, condensate drainage piping located in concealed areas above ceilings and exposed to view in finished spaces, all water piping, fire sprinkler piping, jacket of all insulated pipe and all pipe exposed to view and/or accessible through removable ceilings, attics, access panels, etc... Sanitary vent piping above the ceiling, in chases and similar areas, and condensate drainage piping on the floor in mechanical rooms or located on the roof, are not required to be identified. See subsequent part below for special requirements for refrigerant piping identification.

Identification must be visible from all sides of the piping, bear name of pipe contents and show direction of flow. Install identification within 12" of all flanges, valves, fittings, elbows, change in piping direction, at each branch take-off, both sides of floor and wall penetrations, and along all straight runs of pipe not further apart than 15 feet.

Piping identification must be provided over every space, including small areas (closets, storage rooms, etc.) above accessible ceilings. All piping identification must be installed such that the Owner or maintenance personnel can remove any ceiling tile and visually identify any overhead piping with the specified identification markers.

Pipe labels must be factory fabricated, flat wrap-around markers that completely surround the pipe. The markers' colors, designations, etc., must comply with IBC/IPC/IMC requirements, ANSI/ASME Standard A13.1 and ANSI Z535.1, current editions. Markers must be Seton "Snap-Around" or Seton "Strap-Around" pipeline markers, Marking Services Inc (MSI) Series MS-970, Kolbi Pipe Marker Co., Brimar or approved equivalent. **Stick-on, painted, stenciled, handwritten or any non-factory fabricated type identification is not allowed.**

Fit all Plumbing dielectric unions, all plumbing valves (except equipment service valves and sprinkler valves) with a custom laser engraved brass valve tag at each valve and dielectric union and include on the specified valve chart. Tag must be 1-1/2 inches in diameter, 18-gauge polished brass tags with 3/16-inch chain hole and 1/4-inch-high stamped, black-filled service designation. Number tags in sequence, starting with number 1; prefix the number with "P" for plumbing items. After numbering plumbing valves, also indicate valve numbers on the record/as-built drawings.

Provide a valve chart laminated and framed which identifies the valve number and location of each valve and dielectric union, and type of service of each valve (Cold water, hot water, hot water circulating, air, etc.). Locate a valve chart in each water heater room and each janitor closet. Permanently attach each chart to the wall as directed by the Architect. All valves' numbers must also be shown on the Record drawings. Include a copy of the valve chart and the record drawings with the valves and dielectric union identification in the Owner's Operation and Maintenance Manuals.

In addition to valves identification specified above, provide an engraved laminated label, of the type specified above, and glue to the ceiling tile grid below the valve for each valve concealed from view. Where there is more than one valve located within a span of eight (8) feet, above the ceiling, it is not necessary to provide multiple identifiers on the ceiling grid. It will be acceptable to place a single identifier on the ceiling grid reading as, "Water Valves". Each valve above the ceiling is still required to have its own individual valve tag and identified on the specified valve chart. Example: Over the toilets ceiling, there may be multiple shut-off valves to each individual fixture instead of to a bank of fixtures. Where there are multiple valves for each fixture, the Contractor may attach a single identifier on the ceiling grid that states, "Water Valves", or similar description. Thereafter, each individual valve above the ceiling still requires its own engraved valve brass tag as originally specified. The intent is to NOT have multiple individual identifiers for each valve exposed to view on the ceiling grid and thereby creating an undesirable appearance.

Access openings/panels/doors to all items requiring access must be permanently identified on the exterior of the access panel and on the ceiling grid below by a label having letters not less than 3/4" in height and reading: ***"XXX – DO NOT OBSTRUCT ACCESS"*** where "XXX" is the item requiring access.

Permanently affixed warning labels must be attached to all equipment, inside the

facility and outside of the facility, on a highly visible location on the equipment or adjacent to disconnect for the equipment, which can be automatically started. The warning label must read as follows: ***"CAUTION!! This equipment is operating under automatic control and may start or stop at any time without warning. Place disconnect switch in the "OFF" position before servicing or attempting to work on equipment."***

Permanently affixed warning labels must be attached to all motor starters and all control panels which are connected to multiple power sources utilizing separate disconnect switches. The warning labels must read as follows: ***"THIS EQUIPMENT IS FED FROM MORE THAN ONE POWER SOURCE WITH SEPARATE DISCONNECTS. DISCONNECT ALL POWER SOURCES BEFORE SERVICING OR WORKING ON THIS ITEM"***

Provide signage on each access point to the UV-C lights and on each side of the unit. Signage materials and methods must be as specified below, white letters with red background. Do not use the UV-C Manufacturer stick-on provided signage.

Warning signage must read as follows: ***"DANGER!! UV-C LIGHT SOURCE! UV-C RADIATION CAN CAUSE SEVERE BURNS OF THE SKIN AND EYE INJURIES. DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING UNIT OR UV-C LIGHTING!"***

Labels must be Norplex-Micarta stock meeting ASTM D709, a minimum of 3" x 3" x 1/8" thick, laminated plastic labels (larger if needed) with engraved, all caps, 3/8" high, 1/8" stroke letters for thermostats, CO2 sensors and similar control devices in the finished space and 6" x 4" x 1/8" thick, laminated plastic labels (larger if needed) 3/4" high x 1/4" stroke numerals and all capital letters to identify all items furnished under Division 15 specifications, to include all warning signage, access panels, equipment and all other items above the finished ceiling requiring identification. Labels may be smaller but must be legible. The intent is to provide proper identification without it being aesthetically undesirable. If there is any doubt about appearance, coordinate with the Architect's field representative before proceeding.

Labels attached to the ceiling grid must be the same width as the ceiling grid to which it is attached. Properly adjust lettering height to fit within the smaller width label. Labels color on the ceiling grid must match the ceiling grid and be provided with contrasting black or red letters as desired by the Architect.

All items above the ceiling or in mechanical rooms, attics, mezzanines and similar type spaces must be red with white lettering.

Where the tag, label or marker occurs in a plenum (return air) space, the material employed must carry a Class A Flame Spread Rating per ASTM E84. If the material does not meet the Class A Flame Spread Rating per ASTM E84, provide custom laser engraved, 0.029" thickness, red, 316 Stainless Steel with white letters. Sizes, letter heights, etc., and colors must be as specified for the laminated plastic labels specified hereinbefore.

All piping exposed to view in unoccupied finished spaces, mechanical rooms, plumbing chases, housekeeping and similar spaces, and jacket of insulated piping exposed to view in mechanical rooms, janitor/housekeeping and similar type spaces must be painted with two coats of compatible enamel paint in accordance with IBC/IPC/IMC color requirements and ANSI Standard A13.1, current edition. Do not

use spray paint. After piping is painted, identify with pipe markers, valves tags, etc. as specified hereinbefore.

Exposed piping and the jacket of insulated piping in occupied finished spaces must be painted with two coats of compatible enamel paint, with color selected by the Architect.

Painting of the jacket of the insulated piping is not required where a protective aluminum jacket is specified and provided. Provide identification markers as specified hereinbefore on piping with aluminum jacket. Refer to Sections 15400 and Section 15700 for piping requiring aluminum jacket.

5.2. **Refrigerant Piping Identification: All refrigerant piping must be identified**. The pipe identification must be located at intervals not exceeding 15 feet on the refrigerant piping or pipe insulation. Provide piping identification over every space, including small areas (closets, storage rooms, etc.) above accessible ceilings. All piping identification must be provided such that the Owner or maintenance personnel can remove any ceiling tile and visually identify any overhead refrigerant piping with the specified identification markers. Identification must be green with white lettering and with a minimum lettering height of 1".

IMC 1109.2.7 requires that the identification must indicate the refrigerant designation and safety group classification (A2L, etc.) and the type of refrigerant used (R-454B, etc.) in the piping system. For Group A2, A3, B2 and B3 refrigerants, the identification must also include the following statement: "***DANGER - Risk of Fire or Explosion. Flammable Refrigerant***." For any Group B refrigerant, the identification must also include the following statement: "***DANGER - Toxic Refrigerant***."

Basic identification for all refrigerant lines to and from all of the various split systems must be identified as specified above. Refrigerant piping identification must use the nomenclature on the plans for the specific unit it identifies. Where equipment is typed (HP-A, HP-B, F-A, F-B, etc.) the piping identification must include the room number of the space the respective unit serves or the room number of the mechanical room the unit is located in. Ex. An HP-A that serves Classroom 102A must be identified as "*Refrigerant Suction Line HP-A Rm. 102A*", "*Refrigerant Liquid Line HP-A Room 102A*" and "*Refrigerant HGRHC Hot Gas Line HP-A Room 102A*" as required.

Due to the complexity of the required identification, the piping may require multiple, side by side identification wrap arounds.

Custom factory fabricated refrigerant piping labels are required. Stick-on, painted, stenciled, handwritten or any non-factory fabricated type identification is not allowed.

PART 6. MISCELLANEOUS REQUIREMENTS

6.1. **Materials and Equipment:** New and of best quality in every respect. Pipe and fittings must conform to the ASTM Standard designated for pipe of each material. Equipment must bear Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) listing label, Canadian Standards Association (CSA) listing label or ETL approved rating.

All electrical components and products must also comply with the respective Code of

Federal Regulations (CFR). All pressure vessels must be constructed and tested in accordance with applicable ASME Codes and must bear ASME stamps unless specified otherwise. Minimum pressure rating must satisfy job conditions.

Only manufacturers and products explicitly named in the specifications may be used without prior approval. Any proposed use of unlisted manufacturers or substitutions requires written approval submitted through the Architect, to the Engineer, and must be obtained at least seven (7) calendar days prior to the bid due date, following the exact procedures outlined in Division 1.

Where units of the same class of equipment are required or specified, these units must be products of a single manufacturer, however, the component parts of each unit need not be. All major equipment must be provided by the same manufacturer throughout the project. No mix matching of equipment Manufacturers is allowed unless specified otherwise.

Architect must select all colors where a choice exists.

No materials or products that contain asbestos, formaldehyde, lead or mercury, in excess of limits mandated and defined by OSHA, LEED and the EPA, must be utilized.

Where conflicts occur between a Code, Standard, Listing and the contract drawings or contract specifications, the most stringent requirements must govern and be applied.

6.2. **Workmanship:** Workmanship must be first class, premium and in accordance with superior practice. Work must be carried out by experienced mechanics and must present a neat and professional appearance. Exact location of pipe, duct, equipment, etc., must be determined in field, considering work of other trades. Do not attach any items to other trades' assemblies. Items must be separately attached to the building structural system. Except in unfinished areas and where specifically indicated on the plans or approved in writing, ductwork, piping, conduit, wiring, and similar items must be concealed in the construction.

Aboveground piping must run parallel with the lines of the building, unless otherwise indicated. Branch pipes from water service lines may be taken from top, bottom, or side of main, using crossover fittings required by structural or installation conditions. Refer to the plan details and other specification sections for gas piping and compressed air piping take-off requirements. Supply pipes, valves, and fittings must be kept a sufficient distance from other work and other services to permit not less than 1 inch between finished covering on the different services. Bare and insulated lines must not bear directly against building structural elements so as to transmit sound to the structure or to prevent flexible movement of the lines.

Lines required to be sloped have the right of way over those not required to be sloped. Lines whose elevations cannot be changed have the right of way over lines whose elevations can be changed. Lines and equipment whose locations are dimensioned have precedence over lines and equipment not dimensioned.

Pipe must be clean, cut clean, properly reamed, threaded or soldered, erected plumb and secure. Make changes in pipe size by reducing fittings without the use of bushings. Install all items in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Absolute coordination is required with the other Contractors on the project before proceeding with installation of any system or item.

At all stages of installation, protect pipe openings, floor drains, hub drains, fixtures, ductwork, condenser coils and equipment against the entrance of foreign materials and from damage by the elements, mortar, concrete, paint, etc. Plugs of rags, wool, cotton, waste or similar materials are not acceptable.

If air moving equipment must be used during construction, temporary filtration media with a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 11 must be installed at each return air grille, return air register, exhaust grille, exhaust register, and unit return air inlet. ALL open portions of ductwork and equipment must be covered with a self-adhesive film (not Visqueen) or airtight sheet metal caps to prevent the intrusion of contaminants.

All equipment openings, duct openings, duct take-offs, etc., must be protected immediately after the tap, take-off, opening, etc. has been fabricated in the field. In effect, there must be no ductwork or equipment opening that is exposed to the ambient air. The material must be a minimum of 3 mils thick and have a minimum tensile strength of 10 psi. It must be waterproof and recyclable. Material must be DuroDyne Dyn-O-Wrap or approved equivalent.

Where bare sheet metal is delivered unassembled to the job site, all ductwork must be covered and protected with Visqueen. After fabricating the duct in the field, the interior bare metal must be wiped clean with a clean damp cloth before installing in the field. After installation, the duct must be protected as specified above. Any ductwork discovered to be unprotected as specified is subject to immediate rejection for use on this project.

6.3. **Testing Documentation:** Throughout the Division 15 specifications, there are various tests required and specified. Provide the Architect written certification and results of all tests specified, including those indicating failure. The absence of written testing certification and results will be considered the same as if testing was never done. Include all testing documentation in the Bound and Framed Instructions.

6.4. **Factory Finishes:** Furnish to the Architect, color cards for standard and premium colors available. The Architect must select color where choices exist. Provide Manufacturer’s standard color where color choices are not available. Coordinate all color selections with appropriate Architectural specification sections.

6.5. **Expansion:** Provide for expansion and contraction of all piping, ductwork, etc. and make proper provisions so that excessive strain will not occur on piping, ductwork or other parts. Provide flexible connections for all piping and ductwork at all building expansion joints.

6.6. **Safety Provisions:** Provide covers or guards on all hot, moving, projecting items and at any other location that could be construed by the Engineer, Owner or Architect as a hazard. Provide full size expanded metal grilles over all exhaust/relief air assemblies on all packaged equipment to protect against any intrusion to motorized dampers, gravity backdraft dampers, etc.

6.7. **Cleaning and Adjusting:** Upon completion of work, clear all drains, traps, fixtures, ducts and pipe. Adjust all valves, remove rubbish and leave work in clean and

excellent operating condition. Clean and polish all floor drains, floor and wall cleanouts, wall hydrants and any other exposed metal objects.

Install final permanent type filters only after cleaning of building is completed.

6.8. **Escutcheons:** Where pipes pass through cabinets, walls and ceilings of finished rooms provide one-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish and setscrew fastener or stainless steel type securely fastened in place. Do not use split ring type escutcheons.

Pack penetrations with mineral wool insulation, seal with firestopping compound and install escutcheons to prevent passage of fire, smoke and vermin.

6.9. **Delivery and Storage:** All equipment and materials delivered and placed in storage must be protected from the weather, humidity and temperature variations, dirt and dust, and other contaminants. See Section 15700 and this Section 15010 for additional requirements for ductwork and equipment.

6.10. **Dielectric Isolation:** Provide dielectric isolation where dissimilar metals are joined, at supports, etc. For pipe sizes 2" through 6", copper piping flanges must be drilled to ANSI B 16.5 150/125 Standard and powder coated, with an EPDM insulator adhered to the plate steel flange protruding inside of the steel flange to prevent contact with the copper flange adapter. The copper component of the flange adapter must be Third Party Classified by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. Minimum working pressure must be 300 psi at 272°F.

6.11. **Miscellaneous Bonding/Grounding of Metallic Items:** Wherever any bare metallic piping, conduit, structural elements or any other metallic assembly is in contact with externally insulated duct or bare sheet metal duct, bonding/grounding must be provided. The Contractor must provide 1/2" thickness, unslit AP Armaflex insulation of sufficient inside tubular diameter to snuggly and completely cover the respective metallic item. The insulation must extend the full length of the affected area. Where channel shapes are used, orient the open side of the Unistrut assembly down. Materials that are not supported by Unistrut, sheet Armaflex may be used provided it is properly attached to the duct or affected items. Refer to Section 15700, Part "Pipe and Miscellaneous Insulation Work" for AP Armaflex material specification.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15400

PLUMBING

PART 1. GENERAL & MISCELLANEOUS

1.1. **General Provisions:** Section 15010 is applicable in full hereto. No building materials or products that contain asbestos, formaldehyde, polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), lead or mercury, in excess of limits mandated and defined by OSHA, LEED and the EPA, must be utilized.

Do not fabricate, or install, any pipe or equipment until all coordination has been accomplished. Refer to Section 15010 for coordination requirements.

1.2. **Qualifications:** The Plumbing Contractor and the required third party Insulation Contractor must be properly licensed and established at the location of the work and must maintain adequate local service facilities. They must have had previous experience in the satisfactory installation of at least six (6) systems of this type, size, complexity and scope.

1.3. **General Scope:** The Plumbing Contractor must furnish and install all equipment, materials and labor required to provide a complete and fully operating plumbing system, even though every item may not be specifically indicated on the drawings or specified. The Contractor must refer to the architectural drawings to verify all plumbing fixture locations and mounting heights. All ADA compliant fixtures must be mounted in accordance with current ADA requirements and as directed by the Architect.

All advisory provisions listed in the Codes referenced in the Contract Documents must be considered mandatory. In the event of any conflict between applicable Codes, Standards, Listings, Contract Drawings or the Contract Specifications, the most stringent requirements govern. The Contractor must provide, install and comply with whichever imposes the strictest requirement, highest standard and greatest obligation. No exceptions or leniency will be granted. These requirements are intentionally strict to ensure project quality, regulatory compliance, fairness in bidding and protection of the Owner's interests. Non-compliance carries significant risk of financial responsibility, schedule impacts and potential contract default. Bidders and Contractors assume these obligations fully upon participation or award.

The Contractor must notify the Architect of any discrepancies prior to bidding.

Plumbing items must not be attached to assemblies belonging to other trades. All items must be independently and separately attached to the building's structural system.

The Plumbing Contractor must not install any piping insulation. All piping insulation work must be performed by an independent, licensed and experienced third party third party Insulation Subcontractor whose principal business is the sale and installation of insulation materials. Insulation must be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and these specifications.

Manufacturers or products not specifically named in the specifications require prior approval, which must be requested at least seven (7) days prior to the bid date and submitted through the Architect in accordance with Division 1 and Section 15010.

Where units of the same class of equipment are required or specified, these units must be products of a single manufacturer, however, the component parts of each unit need not be. All equipment must be provided by the same manufacturer throughout the project. No mix matching of equipment Manufacturers is allowed unless specified otherwise.

Piping systems must be routed as directly as possible, installed straight and true to line and grade, properly supported and free of sags or unnecessary bends. Runs must form right angles and run parallel with building lines. Piping must be located as high as practical and grouped in parallel runs spaced as closely together as practical.

All penetrations through floors and partitions must be built-in as construction progresses. Where required penetrations in new construction were not built-in as required by the specifications, the Contractor must core drill or saw cut openings sufficiently large enough to accommodate all piping, conduits, firestopping assemblies, related items, etc. without interruption and to allow proper firestopping as required by Code and these specifications.

Reconstruction and repair of any demolished or modified items must be performed as directed by the Architect. The Plumbing Contractor must coordinate all demolition, repair and rebuilding work with the General Contractor prior to bidding to ensure proper installation of carriers, piping, and associated items.

Prior to installation, all piping must be inspected, upended and thoroughly swabbed clean. All piping must be clean and free of rust at the time of installation. Any dirt or rust resulting from storage or ground contact must be removed. Any piping installed with dirt must be cleaned. Rusted piping must have all rust removed, followed by etching and priming as recommended by the pipe manufacturer, and then painted with two coats of black, compatible, rust-inhibiting enamel paint. The use of spray paint is not permitted. Refer to the gas piping section for specific painting requirements. All paint must comply with ASTM E84 for flame spread and smoke developed indices.

Prior to commencement of any backfilling operations, the Plumbing Contractor must take accurate as-built measurements, including all depths and inverts. Centerline locations alone are insufficient. Definitive measurements must be recorded for each line entering and leaving the building. **The location of all buried piping must be shown on the record (as-built) drawings and dimensioned from permanent fixed points.**

1.4. **Site Visits:** It is the Contractor's responsibility to have the job ready for site visits when they are scheduled. If the project is not ready for the requested site visit and the Architect, the Engineer, any governmental agency or any other entity requires an additional site visit with the Engineer present, the Contractor must pay Zgouvas, Eiring & Associates a re-visit fee of $2,000. The payment must be made directly to Zgouvas, Eiring & Associates 5 days prior to the scheduled site visit.

Before requesting the final site visit, the General Contractor must provide the Mechanical Engineer and the Architect with a copy of the Mechanical Engineer's above ceiling corrected punch list. The corrected list must be signed and verified by the Plumbing Subcontractors' respective supervisors and the General Contractor to confirm that all items have been resolved. **If any item marked as corrected/complete is found to be uncorrected/incomplete during the final site**

visit, the site visit will be considered a failure, and a reinspection fee will be imposed.

The Contractor is urged to carefully review the extensive requirements of Part "Identification" in Section 15010 of the specifications and note that certain identification is required to be completed before certain site visits. There are specific identification requirements prior to the above ceiling and final site visits, respectively, that are mandatory. The State of Alabama Department of Construction Management (DCM) will cancel on-site, the site visit if not completed as specified. Failure to comply with this provision will be cause for cancellation of the site visit, and a fee imposed for the additional site visit, with all costs of the additional site visit to be borne by the Contractor.

1.5. **Governmental Inspections:** The Plumbing Contractor must arrange and pay for the State of Alabama Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety Division/Inspection Divisions, Elevators/Boilers Inspector to visit job site to inspect water heater and/or boiler installation and air compressor installation. The Plumbing Contractor must obtain written approval, certification, tags and Certificate for Potable Water Heater (PWH) and air compressor as required. **This inspection must be accomplished prior to the final site visit; to include the tagging of the equipment with the inspection tag, else DCM will cancel the site visit and impose a reinspection fee.**

Correct all deficiencies required by the Inspector without additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Project Design Professionals, using materials and methods, as directed by, State of Alabama Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety Division/Inspection Divisions and Elevators/Boilers inspector as required.

1.6. **Record Documents:** Provide in such detail, as is set forth under General and Supplemental Conditions and in Section 15010. **Prior to commencement of any backfilling operations, the Plumbing Contractor must take accurate as-built measurements, including all depths and inverts. Centerline locations alone are insufficient. Definitive measurements must be recorded for each line entering and leaving the building. The location of all buried piping must be shown on the record (as-built) drawings and dimensioned from permanent fixed points. Also, show locations of all dielectric unions, cleanouts and all valve numbers on the record documents.**

1.7. **Buy American:** Manufacturers of all products, materials, equipment, components, and systems specified in Division 15 must comply with the Buy American Act and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA). Exceptions to these requirements will be permitted only where the specified items are proven to be unavailable from domestic U.S. sources. Examples of items that may qualify for exception include variable refrigerant flow (VRF) equipment and certain porcelain plumbing products. Any request for exception must be submitted in writing to the Architect/Engineer for prior approval and must include supporting documentation demonstrating that no suitable domestic product is available. Where three (3) or more U.S. manufacturers can furnish products that meet or exceed the requirements of the Contract Documents, only domestic (U.S. manufactured) products must be provided.

During the submittal phase, the respective manufacturer must provide a conformance letter on the manufacturer's official company letterhead. The letter must be signed by an Officer of the Manufacturer's Board of Directors and must explicitly certify full compliance with the Buy American Act and ARRA. Failure to include this

conformance letter with the submittal will result in immediate rejection of the submittal without review.

1.8. **Access Panels and Doors in Finished Areas:** Do not locate serviceable items above inaccessible, hard ceilings or in partitions without written approval from the Architect. Coordinate all items locations with the Architectural plans before installing any items. Furnish access panels and doors to the General Contractor for installation wherever required for access or maintenance to any items including but not limited to valves, controllers, actuators, trap primer assemblies, water hammer arrestors, air vents, cleanouts, etc.

Access panels/doors in finished areas or areas exposed to view must be suitable for wall or ceiling finish involved, 24" x 24" unless otherwise indicated or as required to permit removal of equipment and provide acceptable maintenance access. Access panels and doors must be fire rated where rated assemblies are penetrated.

Access panels and doors must be manufactured by Milcor, Elmdor, Zurn, Mifab or approved equivalent. The Architect must approve the use of, and type of, all panels and doors to be installed in areas that are exposed to view or in finished areas.

Access panels/doors exposed to view and in finished spaces must be factory cleaned and primed for painting in the field. Colors must be selected by the Architect. Refer to Architectural Section, Painting, for additional information.

Refer to Section 15010, Part Access Panels and Doors for additional requirements.

1.9. **Warranty:** Guarantee work as set forth in Section 15010 and Division 1. Guarantee in writing to make good without cost any defects in materials and workmanship for one year following the date of substantial completion of the project as determined by the Architect, unless specified otherwise. Flush valves and faucets must be provided with a complete replacement, including labor, and a five year guarantee in the event of failure. Provide free maintenance and service during the guarantee period. Refer to other parts for additional requirements and extended warranty requirements.

1.10. **Miscellaneous:** Bidders must visit the site and become acquainted with all job conditions that may affect the work shown on the plans. Report to the Architect, prior to bid, any new or existing conditions that require modifications to accomplish the installation of all items. Provide for required adjustments to complete the intent of the work. No consideration will be given after bid opening for alleged misunderstanding regarding new or existing job conditions, utility connections, permits, fees, construction documents, etc.

The Contractor must carefully examine the contract documents during the bidding phase. Any missing information, clarifications, etc. in the contract documents that is required to provide accurate pricing must be brought to the attention of the Architect, **prior to bid date**, so all may be clarified and/or corrected. Failure to identify and resolve any issue prior to bid shall require the Contractor to provide said items, complete, without additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Project Design Professionals, using materials and methods specified by, and as directed by, the Owner's Design Professionals.

Refer to Section 15010 for additional requirements.

1.11. **Spare Parts:** Manufacturer of any equipment specified must have a wholesale outlet for readily available replacement parts in the nearest major USA city.

1.12. **Electrical Work:** All electric power wiring required for installation of equipment under this Section is specified under the Electrical Division. The Plumbing Contractor must furnish and install all controls and control wiring as specified or required to properly complete the installation. Control conduit is specified under the Electrical Division or shown on electrical drawings; all other control conduit must be provided under this Section of the work.

All control conduit, power wiring, relays, transformers, contactors, etc. which are required and are not shown on the electrical drawings or specified in the Electrical Division of the specifications, must be provided under this Plumbing Section.

Coordinate all requirements with the Electrical Sub-Contractor prior to bid. Electrical work performed under this Section must meet the requirements set forth in the Electrical Division and the National Electric Code (NEC), current edition.

1.13. **Submittals:** Refer to Section 15010 for **strict requirements** and, especially as it applies to format, project cost constraints, addendums and Value Engineering (VE) items. **Only ONE complete submittal will be accepted for review.** Do not submit plumbing fixtures separately without the remaining required plumbing items. Providing submittals piecemeal is not allowed. If a partial or incomplete submittal is provided, it must be cause for immediate rejection.

1.14. **Identification:** The Contractor is urged to carefully review the extensive requirements of Part "Identification" in Section 15010 of the specifications and note that certain identification is required to be completed before certain site visits. **There are specific identification requirements prior to the above ceiling and final site visits, respectively, that are mandatory. The State of Alabama Department of Construction Management (DCM) will cancel on-site, the site visit if not completed as specified. Failure to comply with this provision will be cause for cancellation of the site visit, and a fee imposed for the additional site visit, with all costs of the additional site visit to be borne by the Contractor.**

1.15. **Firestopping:** Refer to Section 15010, Part "Partial Work to be Coordinated With Other Trades", Paragraph "Firestopping". **Note that Division 15 firestopping specifications require firestopping of all penetrations regardless of wall/ceiling/floor construction. Refer to Division 1 regarding additional requirements.** Where there is a conflict between Division 1 specifications and Division 15 specifications, the most stringent requirements must govern, be applicable and must be provided.

1.16. **Motors:** All furnished motors must be designed, manufactured, and tested in accordance with the current applicable standards of NEMA, ANSI, IEEE, and ASTM. As a minimum requirement, all motors must conform to the current applicable sections of NEMA Standard No. MG-1. Motors must meet or exceed The Consortium for Energy Efficiency (CEE) Premium Efficiency full load efficiencies. All motors must be listed under the UL recognized component file as applicable. All motors must be suitable for installation according to the requirements of NEC. Motors must be wound for the specified voltage and a 1.5 service factor, 1750 RPM open drip proof construction unless otherwise shown or specified. Premium efficient motors must be **warranted for 36 months** from the date of substantial completion of the project, as

determined by the Architect.

All motors must be provided with overload protection and phase protection on all legs. Do not run motors until correct overload elements are installed in starters, as applicable.

All motors serving outdoor equipment exposed to weather must have TEFC motors meeting the requirements set forth previously.

Motors must be manufactured by Regal Rexnord Corporation, Emerson Electric, Franklin Electric, AMETEK, Inc, Baldor Electric Company/ABB, Nidec Corporation, Siemens AG or ABB Group

1.17. **Fusing:** Provide factory installed fuses in all equipment requiring fusing for branch circuit protection.

1.18. **Operating and Maintenance Manuals: Two weeks before the final site visit**, furnish three complete sets of operating and maintenance instructions, bound in hard cover, indexed and tabbed.

The Contractor must also provide this information in digital Adobe Acrobat PDF format, on a CD-R CD. The PDF file must be provided with an embedded index for each specified item. The index must appear in the left hand window of the opened document so that the Owner or his maintenance personnel can “click” on the indexed item and move immediately to that specific item.

Minimum requirements for the Operating and Maintenance Manuals must be as follows:

a. The first page of the bound instructions must be a listing of:

    1. The Owner/Project Title.
    2. The Architect and Architect’s Job Number.
    3. The Engineer and Engineer’s Job Number (Found in the Engineer’s Logo in the Bottom Right Corner of the Plumbing Plans).
    4. The General Contractor and Contact Information.
    5. The Plumbing Subcontractor and Contact Information.

b. Second page must be a Table of Contents listing all products in the order which appear in the specifications and label the tab accordingly. Include all “P” numbers for fixtures, water heater numbers, valves, floor drains, etc.
c. The third page must be a summary page that lists each item with its respective warranty listed, including all extended warranties.
d. All warranty card information must be filled in by the Plumbing Contractor; Serial numbers, Model Numbers, etc. all as required for proper warranty registration. The warranty registration date must be the date of substantial completion as determined by the Architect.
e. Provide copies of all filled in warranty cards.
f. Provide a local source of supply for parts and replacement, including names and telephone numbers of parts suppliers.
g. Provide a general maintenance summary section. Section must be a list of each piece of equipment or device using the designations as shown on the plans, and the routine maintenance procedures based on the respective manufacturer’s

recommended intervals. As a minimum, maintenance must be grouped and individually tabbed to indicate maintenance operations required:

1. Once a month
2. Quarterly
3. Once every six months
4. Once a year

h. Provide drawings of system controls and wiring diagrams and condensed operating instructions. Include hard copy in binder and digital copy on CD in PDF format. All components must be numbered and identified on the diagram. Laminate, frame under plastic and mount in each mechanical/water heater room(s) in an optimally viewed location for the respective equipment.
i. Provide written results of all specified tests.
j. Copies of all Site Visit Reports including Contractor's written response that items listed were corrected.
k. Copies of all certificates of all site visits, comments and approvals from all Governing Authorities, to include all Boiler and Pressure Vessel inspections by the Authority Having Jurisdiction, as applicable.
l. Provide domestic water samples testing and results specified.
m. Provide a copy of the valve chart required in Section 15010, Part Identification. Include all dielectric unions on chart.
n. Provide copy of Section 15010 and 15400 Specifications.
o. Provide a copy of all shop drawings/submittals.
p. Provide record drawings of the Plumbing drawings, in hard copy and PDF format on CD. Refer to Section 15010, Part 1, General, Paragraph, Record Drawings for detailed requirements. Prior to commencement of any backfilling operations, the Plumbing Contractor must take accurate as-built measurements, including all depths and inverts. Centerline locations alone are insufficient. Definitive measurements must be recorded for each line entering and leaving the building. **The location of all buried piping must be shown on the record (as-built) drawings and dimensioned from permanent fixed points. Also, show locations of all dielectric unions and all valve numbers on the record documents.**

PART 2. TESTS

2.1. **General: Do not test when freezing conditions exist or are anticipated. Test when freezing conditions have subsided.** Perform all tests in the presence of the Architect. Refer to Division One for Fuel, water and power required, therefore. In absence of specific testing procedure comply with code requirements and/or nationally acceptable industry standards. Furnish written reports of all tests results specified to Architect.

Once the tests are conducted as specified below, seal any leaks discovered, and then repeat the testing process until all tests are successfully completed and the systems are fully verified.

2.2. **Drainage and Vent System Pretest: Do not test PVC or any non-metallic piping with compressed air.** A water test must be applied to the drainage system in its entirety. All openings in the pipe must be tightly closed and sealed airtight with cast iron or PVC caps as applicable for the pipe installed, except the highest opening. Then, the system must be filled with water to the point of overflow.

If the system is tested in sections, each opening must be tightly closed and sealed airtight with PVC or cast iron caps as applicable for the pipe installed, except the highest openings of the section under test. Each section must then be filled with water. Sections must not be tested with less than a 10-foot head of water. In testing successive sections, not less than the upper 10 feet of the next preceding section must be tested so that no joint or pipe in the building, except the uppermost 10 feet of the system, must have been submitted to a test of less than a 10-foot head of water.

Test pressure must be held for not less than 8 hours. Check all portions for leaks. Correct all leaks and retest. The system must then be tight at all points.

Do not test when freezing conditions exist or are anticipated. Test when freezing conditions have subsided.

2.3. **Drainage and Vent System Final Test: Do not test PVC or any non-metallic piping with compressed air.** A smoke test must be utilized as a final test. It must be made by filling all traps with water and then introducing into the entire system a pungent, thick smoke produced by one or more smoke machines as required to achieve the specified pressure. **Do not test when freezing conditions exist or are anticipated. Test when freezing conditions have subsided.**

When the smoke appears at stack openings on the roof, the stack openings must be sealed airtight with PVC or cast iron caps and a pressure equivalent to a 1-inch water column must be held for a test period of not less than 8-hours. Check all piping visually for smoke leakage and odors and correct all leaks.

The final test of the completed drainage and vent systems must be visual and in sufficient detail to determine compliance with the provisions of the International Plumbing Code.

2.4. **Water Supply System Test:** Test and secure acceptance of entire system before the piping is insulated or otherwise concealed. **Do not test when freezing conditions exist or are anticipated. Test when freezing conditions have subsided.**

Disconnect and cap all outlets to all plumbing fixtures and all other equipment not designed for the full test pressure. Fill the system with water and prove tight under a water pressure not less than the working pressure of the system; or, for piping systems other than plastic, by an air test of not less than 50 psi. This pressure must be held for not less than 10 hours without a loss of pressure.

The water utilized for the test must be obtained from a clean potable source of supply. All piping throughout must be airtight under test. Water piping must remain under normal water pressure during construction except when freezing weather is expected.

2.5. **Fixtures:** Test for soundness, stability of support and satisfactory operation.

PART 3. SANITARY PIPING

3.1. **General Scope:** Provide a system of soil, waste and vent piping connecting all plumbing fixtures, equipment, etc. to the house sewer, with consolidated vent connections extending through the building roof, all as shown on the drawings and as

required for complete installation. All piping must be concealed below grade, within walls, chases, above ceilings, etc., unless specifically noted otherwise. Waste and vent piping must be sloped in accordance with the applicable codes.

The Plumbing Contractor is responsible for and must consider pipe-grading requirements when coordinating pipe routing for the project. The Contractor must determine inverts/connection points in the field based on the shop drawings of the sanitary system submitted. Coordination is required with the Civil Contractor before proceeding.

Do not begin work until the elevation of the final connection point is verified and grading of entire system can be determined (even if final connection is specified under another Section.)

Do not route the sewer line in the same trench as the domestic water line. Maintain a minimum of six (6) feet of separation between the two utilities.

Each pipe length and each pipe fitting, trap, fixture, material and device utilized in the plumbing system must bear the identification of the manufacturer and any markings required by the applicable referenced standards.

Rework existing waste roughing as required to facilitate renovation work as applicable.

3.2. **Utility Connection:** Utility connection is specified under Division 2 and as shown on the plans for the existing facility. Connect to temporarily capped main as indicated on the plumbing plans.

3.3. **Soil, Waste and Vent Piping Underground, Inside the Building Walls and to Points Outside the Building as Indicated:** Provide service weight hub-and spigot cast iron soil pipe and fittings for underground service and hubless for above ground service, meeting ASTM A-74 for hub and spigot and ASTM A-888 for hubless, coated inside and out. The pipe exposed within the building must be uncoated outside, primed and left clean for painting. Fittings to receive screwed pipe arms must be recessed drainage type. Soil and waste pipe must have long sweeping connections. All cast iron soil pipe and fittings must be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI) and be listed by NSF International.

Joints for hubless pipe and fittings must be equivalent to MG couplings meeting ASTM A-48 and ASTM C-564, or Anaco Husky SD 4000, super-duty, shielded couplings of Type 304 AISI stainless steel, meeting ASTM C1540 and Factory Mutual 1680, Class 1 and vulcanized virgin compound in which the primary elastomer is neoprene conforming to ASTM C-564. Equivalent by Ideal Tridon Heavy Duty HD (Green) or Charlotte Pipe Heavy Duty HD (Green) are acceptable.

Option: Contractor may use solid wall PVC Schedule 40 DWV pipe and fittings meeting ASTM Standard D2665 and ASTM Standard D1785 for above ground service and underground service with the following exceptions. Use cast iron as specified hereinbefore or PVDF (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) piping and fittings in areas used as return air plenums, return air platforms and when passing through or within a fire rated assembly.

Piping and fittings above and below the floor must be solid wall PVC Schedule 40 DWV pipe and fittings, cast iron pipe and fittings as specified above or PVDF pipe and fittings

as specified below, and with exceptions as noted.

THE USE OF "CELLCORE" OR "FOAMCORE" TYPE PIPING IS EXPRESSLY FORBIDDEN.

PVDF piping and fittings, where specified and required, must be Orion Super Blue PVDF (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) or equivalent products manufactured by Enfield, Zurn, GEO or Fisher. The PVDF material must conform to ASTM D3222 ASTM F1673, ASTM E-84 and UL 723. Pipe must be marked with its UL Classification to indicate compliance with UL723 (ASTM E84). All fittings must meet or exceed Schedule 40 dimensions.

All vents through roof, regardless of type provided, must be cast iron pipe (minimum 10" both sides of the roof). Secure the cast iron VTR to structure with heavy gauge 1-hole strap.

All floor drains and hub drains must have Zurn Z1000 cast iron deep seal p-trap with trap primer and required connections.

3.4. **Laying Out Work:** Vents from any fixture, when connected to a vent line serving other fixtures, must be extended at least 6 inches above flood level rim of highest of such fixtures to prevent use of vent lines as a waste. Make changes in direction by appropriate use of 45-degree Y's, 1/2 Y's, or long sweeping 1/4, 1/6, 1/8 or 1/16 bends. Sanitary T's or short 1/4 bends may be used on vertical stacks or drainage lines where change in direction of flow is from horizontal to vertical; except that long-radiused, double TY's must be used when two fixtures are installed back-to-back with common drain. Do not use double sanitary Tees. Straight Tees, Ells and Crosses may be used on vent lines. Make no change in direction of flow greater than 90 degrees. Where different sizes of drainage pipe or fittings are connected, use standard increasers and reducers of proper size. Do not reduce the size of drainage piping in direction of flow. Drilling and tapping of house drains, soil, waste or vent pipes, and use of saddle hubs and bands are prohibited. Route all vent lines high as possible while maintaining proper slope. All plumbing vents **through the roof, regardless of type provided, and EXCEPT FOR NATURAL GAS FIRED EQUIPMENT VENTS, must be cast iron and located a minimum of 10'-0" away from all outside air intakes**. Coordinate all plumbing vent locations with the HVAC plans prior to routing vent piping through the roof.

3.5. **Protection of Physical Damage for Piping:** In concealed locations where piping is installed through holes or notches in studs, joists, rafters or similar type members, the pipe must be protected by shield plates and plastic grommets. Protective steel shield plates having a minimum thickness of 0.0575 inch (16 gage) must cover the area of the pipe where the member is notched, drilled or bored, and must extend not less than 2 inches above sole plates and below top plates.

3.6. **Grading:** Uniform and not less than 1/8" PLF for pipe 3" and over, and not less than 1/4" PLF for piping less than 3".

3.7. **Hangers and Supports:** Refer to Section 15010, Part Piping and Supports below and plan details for requirements.

3.8. **Roof Flashing:** Roof penetrations are to be flashed by the roofing Contractor, using materials as recommended by the roofing manufacturer and approved by the Architect.

Roof penetrations of existing roofs must be provided by the roofing Contractor that holds the warranty of the existing roof. Coordinate work with Roofing Contractor. Offset vents as required to clear gravel guards and flashing courses. Extend vents to 10" above roof level.

3.9. **Waste Arms:** Type K copper or IPS brass pipe typical. Alloy steel or IPS brass pipe at urinals.

3.10. **Escutcheons:** Where pipes pass through cabinets, walls and ceilings of finished rooms provide one-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish and setscrew fastener or stainless steel type securely fastened in place. Pack penetrations with mineral wool insulation, seal with firestopping compound and install escutcheons to prevent passage of fire, smoke and vermin. Do not use split ring type escutcheons.

3.11. **Test Fittings:** Not shown on the drawings. Provide where required for partial tests.

PART 4. DRAINAGE SPECIALTIES

4.1. **Manufacturers:** Except as noted, catalog numbers are from J.R. Smith and/or Zurn. Equivalents by Josam, Sioux Chief or MIFAB will be considered.

4.2. **Cleanouts:** Provide in sanitary piping at all changes in direction, at ends of branches, at intervals not exceeding 40 feet on straight runs, and elsewhere as shown. Cleanouts must be fully opening type and completely accessible without obstruction. Size same as lines in which they occur, but not larger than 4 inches. Tees and extensions must be of same weight as soil pipe. Plugs must be countersunk or raised head type with lead-free seals. Coordinate with plan details and specifications and provide as required. Provide flashing clamps and flashing flanges in all areas where cleanouts are accessible from floor below or above, as applicable.

Extreme care must be taken when roughing in cleanouts in each wall mounted lavatory and hand sink. Cleanouts must be located within the specified Lav Shield piping cover when possible. All cleanouts must be roughed in high enough to clear the Architectural base molding without cutting the base molding.

All cleanouts must be indicated on the record/as-built drawings.

In Tile Floors: J.R. Smith 4052L, Zurn Model ZN1400-T-BP, adjustable, cast iron body with bronze plug and satin finished square scoriated nickel bronze top. Where soft tile occurs, provide 4172L, Zurn ZN1400-TX-BP, recessed square nickel bronze cover.

In Concrete Floors: J.R. Smith 4238L, Zurn Model Z1400-BP, adjustable head, cast iron head and ferrule with bronze plug, round loose-set scoriated tractor cover.

In Outside Lines: J.R. Smith 4262L-NB, Zurn Model Z1474-N-BP, cast iron head and ferrule with bronze plug. Terminate cleanout within 8” of finish grade at grade in 18”x18”x12” deep concrete pad with tooled edges or flush in pavement as applicable. Provide with loose set scoriated bronze tractor cover as shown on the plan details.

In Accessible Unfinished Spaces: J.R. Smith 4400 or 4511-S, Zurn Model ZS1468, cast iron with bronze plug, as appropriate.

In Finished Walls: J.R. Smith 4530S, Zurn Model Z1446-BP cast iron cleanout tee with bronze plug and 16 ga., 304 stainless steel, flat, wall plate cover. Where distance from plug to finish wall exceeds 4 inches provide extension from sanitary tee to bring plug within 2 inches of the stainless steel cleanout cover. rough in all wall cleanouts such that stainless steel cover occurs above the Architectural base. Do not cut Architectural base.

In Terrazzo Floors: J.R. Smith 4192L, Zurn Model ZN1400-Z-BP, adjustable cast iron head and ferrule, bronze plug and round nickel bronze cover and rim.

In Carpeted Floors: J.R. Smith 4032L-X, Zurn Model ZN1400-CM-BP, adjustable head, cast iron, round polished bronze top with carpet clamping device.

4.3. **Typical Drains:** Size outlets same as pipe to which they connect. Install temporary closures during construction. **Each drain connected to sanitary sewer must have Zurn Z1000 or equivalent cast iron deep seal p-trap with trap primer and required connections.** Provide trap primer connections on all floor drains as specified.

Where drains occur above finished spaces, furnish with clamping collar to secure waterproof membrane.

Floor Drain (FD): J.R. Smith Series 2005B-05, Zurn Models ZN415-5S-P, J.R. Smith 2005B-06, ZN415-6S-P, J.R. Smith 2005B-08, ZN415-8S-P (as required) two-piece cast iron drains with gasketed outlet and adjustable nickel bronze strainer and rim. Strainer tops for 2" drains 5" x 5" (ZN415-5S-P), for 3" drains 6" x 6" (ZN415-6S-P), for 4" drains 8" x 8" (ZN415-8S-P). Provide PO5 trap primer connection as indicated on the plans.

Mechanical Room Drain (MFD): J.R. Smith Series 2005, Zurn Model Z541 with trap primer connection, cast iron body drain with adjustable strainer head, gasketed outlet, P05 trap primer connection, sediment bucket and cast-iron grate.

Hub Drain (HD): Provide hub drains of the size(s) shown on the drawings. Each drain must include a hub inlet and trap primer to maintain the water seal in the associated P-trap. PVC hub drains must be Schedule 40 solid wall PVC (no foam/cellular core) conforming to ASTM D1785 and ASTM D2665 as specified.

Where hub drains are located in a return air plenum or pass through a return air platform, they must be cast iron and insulated with 1” thickness Armaflex as specified in Part Piping Insulation. **PVC is not allowed in a return air plenum or return air platform.** Cast Iron must be as specified hereinbefore.

Locker Room Floor Drain (LFD): Zurn Model ZN539-P-HP, Dura-Coated cast iron deep sump body with bottom outlet, seepage pan and combination membrane flashing clamp and frame for sediment bucket and heavy-duty heel/cleat proof, slotted grate, free standing bucket and trap primer connection with size required and shown on the plans.

Shower Drain (SD): Where not specified with the shower, provide J.R. Smith Series 2005B-05, -06 NBSS, Zurn ZS415SS-P, two-piece cast iron drains with gasketed type outlet and adjustable stainless-steel strainer and rim. Provide clamping collar to secure waterproofing membrane. Strainer tops for 2" drains must be 5” square (Zurn ZS415-5SS-P) for 3" drains, 6" square (Zurn ZS415-6SS-P); and for 4” drains, 8” square (Zurn ZS415-8SS-P).

Floor Sink (FS): J.R. Series 3120, Zurn ZN1901, with nickel bronze strainer clamp, grid and rim, aluminum dome, acid-resisting enameled inside finish. Provide 3/4 grate for sinks receiving single waste and no grate when under equipment. Provide deep seal cast iron p-trap. Floor sink lip and grate must be flush in finished floor.

PART 5. WATER PIPING

5.1. General Scope: Connect to water main as indicated and extend to all plumbing fixtures, wall hydrants, trap primers, water heaters, ice machines, etc.; and to other plumbing items as indicated or required.

Piping systems must be sloped to drain points. Drain points are not shown on the plans. They must be determined in the field based on the actual system installed. The Contractor must grade pipe upward from source to facilitate drainage and air relief.

Where low points are required because of long runs or where sections may be valved off, provide with 3/4" globe valve and hose nipple for drainage at low point.

All piping must be concealed below grade, within walls, chases, above ceilings, etc., unless specifically noted otherwise.

Refer to Section 15010 for hanger rods, hangers, spacing, firestopping, sleeves, uni-strut support assembly, etc., requirements.

5.2. General Workmanship: Cut water piping accurately to measurements established at site and work into place without springing or forcing, clearing all openings, finished ceilings, etc.

All piping not in an accessible attic or similar spaces that contain valves and other items which may require maintenance or service access must be located no more than 12” above the finished ceiling. Piping located in attics must be supported such that maintenance access can be accomplished without the use of a ladder.

In finished spaces where water piping is exposed to view, route piping high as possible. Where valves or other items requiring service or maintenance are shown in piping of finished areas and exposed to view, the piping must be installed high as possible, except where a valve or other item requiring maintenance and service is shown in the line, the item must be no more than 14’-0” above the finish floor. Provide a drop, offset, etc., as required to maintain maximum service height of 14’-0” above the finished floor.

Route all piping through previously built-in sleeves/firestopping assembly as specified in Section 15010. Avoid excessive cutting or other weakening of the building structure. Make changes in direction and size with fittings. Cap or plug open pipe ends during installation to keep out foreign material. Make connections carefully to

ensure unrestricted flow, eliminate air pockets, and to permit complete drainage of the systems.

Supply piping to fixtures, faucets, hydrants, showerheads and flush valves must be anchored to prevent movement.

Install all buried piping with at least 36" of earth cover. Do not route the water line in the same trench with the sewer/sanitary piping. Maintain a minimum of six (6) feet of separation between the two utilities.

Uninsulated pipes passing through concrete or cinder block walls and floors, or other corrosive material must be protected against external corrosion by a protective sheathing or wrapping that will withstand any reaction from the lime and acid of concrete, cinder block or other corrosive material. Sheathing or wrapping must allow for movement including expansion and contraction of piping. The wall thickness of the sheathing material must be not less than 0.125 inch thickness. The protective wrapping/sheathing is not an alternative where sleeves are specified and required. Coordinate requirement with Section 15010 sleeves/firestopping specifications and provide as specified.

All piping below slab-on-grade construction must be installed in plastic jacket equivalent to Plasti-Sleeve, as manufactured by Plastic Products Co. of Stanton, California.

5.3. **Protection of Physical Damage for Piping:** In concealed locations where piping is installed through holes or notches in studs, joists, rafters or similar type members, the pipe must be protected by shield plates and plastic grommets. Protective steel shield plates having a minimum thickness of 0.0575 inch (16 gage) must cover the area of the pipe where the member is notched, drilled or bored, and must extend not less than 2 inches above sole plates and below top plates.

5.4. **Freeze Protection: Do not install piping or any device in spaces subject to freezing.** All water piping must be routed within the building insulation envelope unless specifically noted otherwise. Route all overhead water piping and water piping within masonry and non-masonry walls within the building insulation envelope.

All overhead piping must be located between the architectural air barrier at the bottom of the structure and the finished ceiling. Do not route overhead piping in the attic where it can be located between the architectural air barrier and the finished ceiling.

All water piping shown to be located in exterior perimeter masonry walls must be insulated before being routed within the cells of the masonry block. If block is to be cut to allow for the installation of the insulated piping it must be in strict accordance with the procedures required by the Structural Engineer and the Architect. **Do not allow masonry block cells that contain water piping to be filled with concrete.**

Piping located in exterior stud walls must be located on the warm side of the insulation.

5.5. **Water Piping Insulation:** Refer to Part Pipe Insulation for requirements.

5.6. **Grading:** The Contractor must consider pipe-grading requirements when coordinating pipe routing for the project. All piping must be carefully installed to eliminate traps and pockets in pressurized lines. Where air pockets and traps cannot be avoided, provide valved hose connections for water traps and valved automatic air vents for air traps. The pipe slope must be maintained throughout the project.

Pressurized plumbing piping systems must be sloped to drain points. Drain points are not shown on the plans. They must be determined in the field based on the actual system installed. The Contractor must grade pipe upward from source to facilitate drainage and air relief. Where low points are required because of long runs or where sections may be valved off, provide with 3/4" globe valve and hose nipple for drainage at low point. **Make all connections to risers and fixtures from top or sides of mains. Do not make take-offs from bottom of mains.**

5.7. **Nipples:** Of same material as pipe in which they are installed. Provide extra strength when unthreaded portion is less than 1 inch long. Steel nipples are not allowed.

5.8. **Escutcheons:** Where pipes pass through cabinets, walls and ceilings of finished rooms provide one-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish and setscrew fastener or stainless steel type securely fastened in place. Pack penetrations with mineral wool insulation, seal with firestopping compound and install escutcheons to prevent passage of fire, smoke and vermin. Do not use split ring type escutcheons.

5.9. **Piping and Fittings: ProPress or similar type joints and fittings are not allowed.** Typical lines to be of copper tubing meeting ASTM B-88, Type L hard above ground and Type K soft below ground. Cut copper pipe square and ream to remove burrs. Clean fitting socket and pipe ends with sand cloth, No. 00 cleaning pads or wire brush. No acids must be used to clean either pipe or fittings or as a flux in sweating joints. Make up joints with sweat fittings of wrought copper, and 0.25% of the total wetted surface area, lead free compliant solder complying with ASTM B-32 and the Safe Drinking Water Act. Surfaces must be prepared for soldering as required by ASTM B828. Do not make joints or branch connections below a slab on grade.

5.10. **Hangers and Supports:** Refer to Section 15010, this Section 15400 and plan details for requirements.

5.11. **House Supply Connection:** Utility connection at street, meter installation, etc. is specified under Division 2. Connect to temporarily capped main as indicated. Where shut-off valve is indicated outdoors on the plumbing plans, provide a concrete or steel valve box with hinged medium duty, traffic rated cover, minimum 16x16, larger as required for proper access to valve. Provide valve extension as required so that top of valve handle is within 8” of top of hinged cover.

Connections in existing building to be as shown on the plans.

5.12. **Water Pressure:** Supply system is designed for static pressure of 50 to 75 psi. Gauge the city water supply adjacent to building to verify that pressure is within those limits. Submit report in writing. Provide a water pressure reducing valve, if required, to meet designed water pressure. See Water Piping Specialties for pressure reducing valve specification.

5.13. **Disinfection:** New potable water systems must be purged of deleterious matter and disinfected prior to utilization. The method to be followed must be as prescribed by the health authority or water purveyor having jurisdiction or, in the absence of a prescribed method, the procedure described in AWWA C651 or as described in this section below.

The potable water piping system must be flushed with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at the points of the outlet. The system or part thereof must be filled with a water/chlorine solution containing not less than 50 parts per million of chlorine, and the system or part thereof must be valved off and allowed to stand for 24 hours; or the system or part thereof must be filled with a water/chlorine solution containing not less than 200 parts per million of chlorine and allowed to stand for 3 hours. Following the required standing time, the system must be flushed with clean potable water until the chlorine is purged from the system.

Upon completion of the disinfection procedure, the Plumbing Contractor must engage the services of the Alabama Department of Public Health Clinical Laboratories or a certified, licensed, testing laboratory to provide a lead and bacteriological water analysis to include a standard heterotrophic plate count (HPC), microbial, bacterial, pathogens and coliform count.

Test a minimum of two (2) samples of domestic water from two (2) separate locations within the facility. Where the project has multiple buildings, the requirement must be two (2) samples for EACH building. If multiple buildings are finalized and turned over for the Owner's use and tested portion of the system is interrupted to plumb in remaining buildings, all water must be re-tested after each building release.

Test locations must be selected by the Architect and must be noted on the Testing Laboratory's report. Test each sample for Coliform Present, Fecal Present, E. Coli and lead present.

If the test results for any building or portion thereof indicates positive results for Total, Fecal, or E. Coli coliform per 100 ml respectively, or an HPC greater than 500 CFU/mL, or lead maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) greater than zero, the Contractor must disinfect the system in its entirety, as specified above, and obtain new test results as outlined hereinbefore until levels are reached as required by AWWA C651. If maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) of lead is greater than zero, immediately notify the Architect in writing and furnish copy of test results.

Prior to the final site visit, the Contractor must provide to the Architect the certified test results on the testing facility letterhead. The report must indicate the name of the project, the locations from where the samples were taken, the testing laboratory findings and written indication whether the water is safe for consumption. **No Certificate of Occupancy will be provided to the Owner without the required lab results indicating the potable water system is safe for consumption.**

5.14. **System Drainage:** Provide valves and hose nipple to allow for drainage of all risers and other system low points.

PART 6. WATER PIPING SPECIALTIES

6.1. **General:** All specialties in potable water distribution must be certified for lead free compliant design as required by Code, Regulations and Standards.

All specialties/valves must be bronze or heat-treated DZR, CW511L brass, lead free compliant, AB 1953 compliant, NSF/ANSI 61 compliant and must be the product of one American Manufacturer and must meet the Buy American Act 41, USC 10a-10d as specified hereinbefore. Valves must have MSS SP-25, MSS SP-80 listings as applicable. Provide extended operators for all valves installed in insulated piping. Seal the opening where the stem, nipple, etc., penetrates the insulation as required to maintain the continuity of the insulation and vapor barrier.

All valves must be identified. Refer to Section 15010, Part Identification Requirements. Provide a custom laser engraved brass valve tag at each valve. Tag must be 1-1/2 inches diameter, 18-gauge polished brass tags with 3/16-inch chain hole and 1/4 inch high stamped, black-filled service designation. Number tags in sequence, starting with number 1; prefix the number with “P” for plumbing items. After numbering plumbing valves, also indicate valve numbers on the record/as-built drawings. Refer to Section 15010, Part Identification for detailed requirements and provide all as specified.

Valves must be Nibco, Jomar, Watts, Apollo, Kitz, Hammond/Milwaukee, Matco-Norca or Mueller. Nibco and Jomar units are the basis of design unless specified otherwise.

6.2. **Unions:** 150 psi rated; WOG pattern, cast brass ground-joint type in copper pipe. Unions in steel pipe must be malleable iron, WOG female pattern brass seat, ground joint, 150 psi type. Provide in all sizes of threaded pipe, and in sweat-jointed pipe over 1 inch, to facilitate easy repairs. In such lines, install at all inlets and outlets of all devices and equipment, adjacent to water heaters, pumps, tanks, etc. into which piping is terminated; and on each side of valves, cocks, strainers, etc. and other devices that occur in piping runs.

6.3. **Dielectric Unions:** Provide dielectric unions between ferrous and non-ferrous piping as required, including piping and water heater stubs where different, and stainless-steel water hammer arrestors. Dielectric unions must be constructed using lead free compliant materials as required by all Governmental Agencies, Codes and Standards and must comply with ASTM 1545. Dielectric unions must be Watts Series LF or equivalent by Mueller or Matco Norca. Where dielectric unions are installed, they must be provided with factory fabricated brass tag. 1-1/2 inches diameter, 18-gauge polished brass tags with 3/16-inch chain hole and 1/4 inch high stamped, black-filled service designation. Indicate valve tags on the record drawings. **Contractor must provide a ball valve on the respective piping containing the union as required to allow for proper maintenance of the union.**

6.4. **Valves and Valve Extensions/Standoffs:** Provide as specified, including all fixtures or equipment not furnished with stops. Arrange and install valves to be readily accessible for servicing. All valves must be bronze or heat-treated CW511L brass, lead free compliant, AB 1953 compliant and must be the product of one American Manufacturer and must meet the Buy American Act 41, USC 10a-10d as specified hereinbefore. Nibco and Jomar units are basis of design.

All valves require extensions/standoffs, regardless of the situation. Provide minimum of 2" height extension, higher as required by the insulation thickness. All handles must comply with UL 2043 and must be UL listed for installation in return air plenums. Valve extensions must be provided by the valve manufacturer and must have blowout-proof stems. Valve extensions must be Matco-Norca (for Matco-Norca valves) P759EXT, Nibco Series RG (for Nibco valves) or similar type extensions for the other specified valve manufacturers and constructed of all brass or stainless steel.

6.5. **Globe Valves:** Nibco T-235-LF, threaded, bronze type with replaceable disc, 150 WSP.

6.6. **Check Valves:** Y-pattern swing type, threaded (ANSI B1.20.1), all lead-free bronze body, rated 300 WOG / Class 150 WSP, manufactured in accordance with MSS SP-80, and certified to NSF/ANSI 61 and NSF/ANSI 372 and must be Jomar T-511G, NIBCO T-413-Y-LF or approved equivalent.

6.7. **Ball Valves:** Valves must be Jomar T or S-200CSSG EH, Nibco T or S-585-70-LF or equivalent cast bronze, ASTM B584 Alloy C84400, two-piece, full-port chrome plated ASTM B124 Alloy C37700 or ASTM B16 Alloy C36000 ball material with threaded or soldered/sweated construction, RPTFE seats, silicon bronze ASTM B371 Alloy C69300 or ASTM B99 Alloy C65100, 600 psi CWP rating, 150 psi SWP, minimum 350°F temperature rating and 2" minimum valve extension to bring valve handle beyond insulation. Valves must comply with NSF/ANSI 61/372-8, ANSI Z1157 and Standard MSS SP-110.

6.8. **Thermometers:** Trerice Series BX, Model AX9, universally adjustable type with 7-inch scale and suitable temperature range, mercury free, 0°F to 160°F range as manufactured by Trerice. Thermometers must be "blue liquid" actuated with Phenol Condensate and lead-free cast aluminum case and brass stem and thermowell, with extension neck and other accessories required for a complete installation. Locate for convenient reading. Equivalent product by Blue Ribbon, Weksler, March or Maxwell Moore will be accepted.

6.9. **Exterior Wall Hydrants (WH):** Encased, Ecolotrol, lead-free compliant, non-freeze automatic draining wall hydrant for flush installation. Hydrant must have integral backflow preventer with anti-siphon type, copper casing, all-bronze interior components with 1/2 turn long-life ceramic disc cartridge, combination 3/4" female solder and 3/4" male pipe thread inlet connection, 3/4" male hose connection', with type 304 stainless steel housing with locking hinged cover stamped "WATER" and operating key. Hydrant housing must fit within one standard modular masonry course. Provide one extra stock spare hydrant repair kit and one extra stock spare cartridge removal tool for EACH wall hydrant.

Seal all interior joints, seams, gasket seams/closures including around the hydrant box flange with an appropriate sealant recommended by a sealant manufacturer. Wall hydrant must be JR Smith 5519 QT, Zurn Z1320XL-EZ or approved equivalent by Woodford. Install approximately 24 inches above finished grade.

6.10. **Interior Wall Hydrants (IWH) – Cold Water Only:** All bronze, lead free compliant, half turn, ceramic disc, anti-siphon, automatic draining, combination 3/4" female solder and 3/4" male pipe thread inlet, flush mounted, stainless steel large flange box and hinged cover, integral cylinder lock and "Water" inscribed on the face, one extra

stock spare hydrant repair kit for EACH interior hydrant and (1) extra stock spare cartridge removal tools.

Seal all interior joints, seams, gasket seams/closures including around the hydrant box flange with an appropriate sealant recommended by a sealant manufacturer.

Coordinate with wall type indicated on the Architectural plans and provide as required. Wall hydrant must be Zurn Ecolotrol Z1332XL-EZ or approved equivalent by JR Smith or Woodford. Install below the cabinet where shown on the plans or in the finished wall approximately 24 inches above the finished floor.

6.11. **Water Hammer Arrestors (Shock Absorbers):** Certified by the American Society of Sanitary Engineers and in compliance with current edition of ASSE 1010, ANSI A112.26.1M, Plumbing and Drainage Institute Standard PDI-WH201, heavy-duty construction and designed for a minimum 150-PSI working pressure. Arrestors must consist of a Type 304 stainless steel casing and piston. The device must be pre-charged and sealed at the factory. Install on both hot and cold water branch lines in an upright position as close as possible to the valve or valves being served.

Arrestors must be installed at all solenoids, remote operated or quick closing valves and at each electric water cooler, each plumbing fixture or battery of plumbing fixtures. Type, location and size must be as recommended by the arrestor Manufacturer. Plumbing Contractor must provide a dielectric union at connection of this device to the copper water piping.

Arrestors must be Zurn Z1700, J.R. Smith Hydrotrol Series 5005-5050, Watts Series SS, Sioux Chief Series 660-G2B or MIFAB Series WHB.

6.12. **Automatic Trap Primer Units Where Water Closets Occur:** Trap primers must comply with the International Plumbing Code and local codes and must be served from the water closet flush valve tube assembly as shown on the plans. Provide trap primer line from flush tube to each floor drain, hub drain, etc. as shown, specified or required by Code. Water saver type trap primers that attach to lavatory p-traps or any other type of assemblies that use grey water are not allowed.

Trap primers must be Sloan VBF-72-A1, Zurn P6000-TPO or equivalent.

6.13. **Automatic Electronic Trap Primer Units:** Units for multiple trap primers must be provided where shown and must be lead-free and self-contained within a NEMA 1, UL 50 galvanized steel enclosure and galvanized steel hinged cover with screwdriver latch, surface mounted panel on a partition wall above the ceiling or with vertical, Contractor provided Unistrut assembly. It must contain a distribution unit with header as required for the number of items shown to require trap primers, copper waterway, brass ball type stop valve, slow closing solenoid valve with integral strainer, anti-scaling copper header, brass atmospheric vacuum breaker, transformer for 24V operation as required, timer, and complete with all required accessories. All units must be hardwired. Where units are mounted on fire rated wall, it must be within fire rated housing. Units must comply with the International Plumbing Code and Local codes. Allow for required modifications to meet local codes.

Units must be accessible for service and must be located between the architectural air barrier at the bottom of the structure and no more than 12” above the finished ceiling. Do not locate in the attic where it will be subject to freezing. Provide required

piping and drainage. Identify each assembly on the device and on the ceiling grid as specified 15010, Part Identification, after installing.

Trap primer's water release must be factory-set for daily operation of 2 ounces of water and allow adjustment of the frequency and duration of the priming operation. Provide trap primer line to each floor drain, hub drain, etc. as shown, specified or required. Provide isolation valve for each trap primer line.

Singular units must be provided where shown and must be lead-free, surface mounted on a partition wall above the ceiling or with vertical Contractor provided Unistrut assembly. It must contain a distribution unit for a single trap primer, copper waterway. Unit for single trap primer must be listed and certified to ASSE 1044, ASSE 1010 stainless steel arrester with EPDM O-ring, piston and lubricant to protect the solenoid device, brass solenoid actuating device, vacuum breaker, timer and all required electrical hardware and timer. All units must be hardwired unless allowed otherwise by NEC. Units must comply with the International Plumbing Code and Local codes. Allow for required modifications to meet local codes. Units must be accessible for service. Provide required piping and drainage.

Multiple trap primer units must be Zurn Series Z1020XL, Precision Plumbing Products, Inc. Series MPB-500-24V, Sioux Chief Series 695-ES, MIFAB MI-100 or J.R. Smith 270FM.

Singular trap primer units must be Precision Plumbing Products, Inc. Series MP-500, Sioux Chief Series 695-ES01, MIFAB MI-300-DU, J.R. Smith 273-SW or equivalent to Zurn.

Plumbing Contractor must coordinate all power requirements with electrician and provide as required. Provide all transformers, fittings, wiring, control wiring, conduit, etc. as required for complete and functional installation.

6.14. **Pressure-Reducing Valve and Strainer:** Verify water pressure at site prior to ordering. Device may not be required. If required, provide Zurn/Wilkins 500XL-YSBR or equivalent to Apollo or Watts. Provide full size valved bypass around PRV, two pressure gauges, a hose bibb, valve and union on each side of PRV. Provide if required to meet designed water pressure (not to exceed 70 psi).

PART 7. PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

7.1. **General: "Sammy" bolts are prohibited.** Refer to Section 15010, this Section 15400, plan details and Pipe Insulation requirements below.

7.2. **Coatings and Finishes:** Pipe hangers, Unistrut pipe supports and Unistrut support assemblies of galvanized, zinc and similarly coated items are considered to **NOT** be coated. All must be painted, powder coated, epoxy coated or plastic coated. Hanger rods and associated bolts, and clamps on Unistrut assemblies are not required to be painted or coated.

All damaged or rusted steel pipe, all uncoated cast iron pipe, and all hangers, Unistrut and other support assemblies, must be cleaned, primed and painted with two coats of compatible black enamel paint as specified below. Any rusted items must have the rust removed, then etched and primed for painting as recommended by the

respective manufacturer. After prepping the surfaces, then paint with two coats of compatible black, rustproof enamel paint. Do not use spray paint.

All paint and coatings must have a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84. See specification section, Part "Identification" for detailed requirements.

In lieu of painted surfaces as specified hereinbefore, the Contractor may provide factory fabricated hangers and Unistrut assemblies with rust resistant powder coating, epoxy coating or plastic coating. All paints/coatings/finishes must meet or exceed a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84.

PART 8. PIPE INSULATION

8.1. **General: The Plumbing Contractor must not install the piping insulation.** All piping insulation work must be provided by an independent third party licensed and experienced Insulation Subcontractor whose primary business is the sale and installation of insulation materials in accordance with insulation manufacturers' requirements and these specifications.

The Insulation Subcontractor must provide a complete insulation submittal on his company letterhead detailing materials and methods as specified. **The Plumbing submittal will be automatically rejected** and not reviewed without a submittal from the required Insulation Subcontractor**.**

Where a conflict exists between these specifications and the Manufacturer's recommendations, the strictest installation must be provided.

Piping must be clean; dry and pressure tested before covering is applied. Size pipe hangers to fit insulated pipe size. **No installation of pipe hangers for insulated piping will be allowed to be in contact with piping or penetrate the piping insulation. Piping insulation must be continuous through partitions sleeve/firestop assembly and must not be cut away for installation of clamps, valves, fittings, etc.** Refer to details on plans, Section 15010, "Pipe Hangers and Supports", plan details and below for additional requirements.

Insulate all hot and cold water piping except that below grade and excluding plated brass fixture connections. All piping must be routed within the building insulation envelope to prevent freezing. Insulate all p-traps and related piping located in return air plenums, return air platforms, all horizontal overhead drain lines, including p-traps and drain sumps from mechanical room floor drains, ice machine drains, cooler drains, condensate drainage piping, hub drains and other condensate receiving drains, as specified below.

Fiberglass piping insulation Manufacturers must be Owens-Corning SSL II or equivalent by Johns Manville or Knauf. Owens-Corning is the basis of design.

8.2. **Installation of Fiberglass Insulation:** No installation of pipe hangers for insulated piping will be allowed to be in contact with piping or penetrate the piping insulation. Refer to details on plans for additional requirements. Size the hanger loops to fit **over** insulation. Insulate with Owens-Corning SSL II with ASJ Max Fiberglass pipe

insulation, thickness as shown below, thermal conductivity of k= 0.23 Btu-in/hr-ft2-ºF at 75ºF mean temperature. Insulation must comply with ASTM C547, ASTM C585, ASTM C1136, ASTM C795, NFPA 90A and 90B and be UL Labeled for Flame Spread Index of 25 or less and Smoke Developed Index of 50.

Adhere SSL by removing release paper after the insulation is installed on pipe and sealing the lap starting in the center of each section, working towards ends. Lap must be pressurized by rubbing with a plastic sealing tool. Install 5" butt strips in the same manner at the joint between sections and at 5'-0" on center. Staple jacket flaps and premolded PVC fittings with nominal 3/4" wide stainless steel or Monel outward-clinching insulation staples on 12" centers. PVC covers must be stapled on both sides of the fitting. Insulation staples must have a retarder coating or covered with 4" width 3M Venture Tape Film Faced ASJ Facing Tape, Series 106FXP adhesive tape or vapor barrier mastic that conceals the entire staple. Thereafter, neatly seal the entire jacket flap with vapor retarding sealant. Neatly bevel and seal all insulation at all unions to allow for the proper operation of the union without damaging the insulation.

Sealant must be water based, LEED, UL 723 (ASTM E84), ASTM C731/C732 Standard Test Method for Extrudability, ASTM E96 Water Vapor Permeance and ASTM D5590 Antifungal. The sealant must be Vimasco 739 (Brush Seal), Childers Chil-Perm CP-34 or Foster 30-65.

Insulate all fittings and elbows with premolded fiberglass fittings containing 3lb. density **rigid** polyisocyanurate pipe insulation of equal thickness as the adjacent piping with PVC covering and UL Labeled for Flame Spread Index of 25 or less and Smoke Developed Index of 50.

Cold Water/Domestic Water Insulation Thickness

All pipe sizes 1" thickness

Hot Water/Domestic Hot Water Insulation Thickness

For pipe sizes up to 1-1/4" – 1.0" thickness
For pipe sizes 1-1/2" to 6" – 1.5" thickness

8.3. **Insulation for Piping Within Concrete Block Walls:** Do not use fiberglass insulation within concrete block walls. Insulate with 1" or 1.5" thickness insulation for the respective piping as specified above. Insulation must be black, flexible foamed, elastomeric, closed cell pipe insulation with a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84. It must be GreenGuard certified tubular insulation with Microban antimicrobial protection. Insulation must have a 'k' factor of not more than 0.26 at 90°F mean temperature and a water vapor transmission rate of 0.05 perm-inches or less. Slip insulation onto pipe prior to installation. **Slit insulation and longitudinal cutting of the insulation is prohibited. Slip insulation onto pipe prior to erecting. Do not stretch or bend insulation at any turn, tee, etc.** Insulate sweat/brazed fittings with miter-cut pieces of insulation as recommended in AP Armaflex installation instructions or, provide factory fabricated, made to order prefabricated fittings for tees, elbows, unions, etc. the same size as on adjacent piping as manufactured by AP Armaflex, Aeroflex Aerofit, K-Flex Insul-Tube or Aerocell.

8.4. **Fiberglass Insulation Fittings:** Insulate with Fiberglas insulation mitered to fit snugly or with PVC covers with integral, 3lb. density **rigid** polyisocyanurate pipe insulation of the same thickness as the adjacent pipe insulation. After installing the insulation and PVC covers, staple, seal, etc. as specified above. Do install sealant over PVC covers. Install cover, staple, seal fitting to the pipe insulation with 3M Venture Tape Film Faced ASJ Facing Tape Series 106FXP and then neatly cover the tape joints with the specified sealant.

Sealant must be water based, LEED, UL 723 (ASTM E84), ASTM C731/C732 Standard Test Method for Extrudability, ASTM E96 Water Vapor Permeance and ASTM D5590 Antifungal. The sealant must be Vimasco 739 (Brush Seal), Childers Chil-Perm CP-34 or Foster 30-65.

In lieu of premolded PVC covers at elbows and fittings that contain rigid polyisocyanurate pipe insulation as specified hereinbefore, Contractor may, at his option, miter the specified fiberglass insulation, delete the requirement for the taped joint and PVC covers, and then seal joints as specified hereinbefore.

Loose insulation within premolded covers is not allowed. Insulation must be as specified above or mitered.

Premolded PVC covers must have a flame spread index of 0-25 and a smoke developed index of 0-50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.

8.5. **Insulation Exposed Ends:** Finish open ends of sectional covering by rounding off with cement, and sizing with fiberglass cloth jacket around the pipe and finish with mastic cement as specified above.

Neatly bevel and seal all insulation at all unions and valves to allow for the proper operation of the union and valve without damaging the insulation.

8.6. **Partitions and Floors:** Refer to Section 15010 Pipe Sleeves and Firestopping. In any case, insulation must extend through floors, partitions and walls and firestopped. Note that Section 15010, Firestopping, requires firestopping of all penetrations, regardless of rating. Refer to Section 15010, Firestopping, for specifics and additional requirements.

8.7. **Electric Water Coolers:** Insulate drain connections and traps with 1/8" thick insulating tape by AP Armaflex, K-Flex or Aerocel AC EPDM or 1/2” thick fiberglass insulation as specified for piping insulation.

8.8. **Unistrut Support Saddle Requirements:** For all horizontally or vertically installed piping, provide a Unistrut assembly with a factory fabricated pre-formed, pre-insulated saddle assembly consisting of an integral hot dipped G-90, ASTM A653 compliant galvanized saddle per table below. Do not use loose saddles. The assembly must be a 360-degree section of 3.0 PCF density, non-compressive, rigid phenolic foam insulation up to 3” nominal pipe size (NPS), 4.0 PCF density polyisocyanurate foam insulation for piping 3-1/2” NPS to 10” NPS and 6.0 PCF density, non-compressive rigid phenolic or polyisocyanurate for piping greater than 10” NPS. For IPS 6" and above provide an additional load distribution plate of all point loaded Unistrut or trapeze hangers. Insulation and ASJ+ jacketing must extend

a minimum of 2” beyond the shield to allow for sealing the 2" wide ASJ+ butt strip tape.

The 3.0 PCF and 4.0 PCF polyisocyanurate foam pipe insulation must have a K factor of 0.19 Btu·in/hr·sq. ft/°F at a mean temperature of 75°F. The 6.0 PCF foam pipe insulation must have a K factor of 0.20 Btu·in/hr·sq. ft/°F when tested to the ASTM C518 standard. The entire assembly must be ASTM D1621, ASTM C209, ASTM E96, ASTM D2856 compliant.

Each assembly must have a 6-mil thickness, industrial grade vapor retarder film in compliance with ASTM D-374 and 0.01 perm rating in compliance with ASTM E-96. The assembly must also be provided with an insulation lock joint longitudinal seam. The insulation jacket must have a hazard rating not to exceed 25 flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E-84, NFPA 255 and UL 723. Insulation thickness required must be same as the adjacent fiberglass insulation as specified above.

Installation must be in strict accordance with the Manufacturer’s requirements. After installation, install 3” zero perm butt strips at the joint between insulation sections where fiberglass insulation and the polyisocyanurate insulation butt together. Staple insulation jacket flaps and seal staples as specified above for fiberglass insulation.

Each assembly must have a genuine “Quick-Inspect” sticker applied at the bottom of each saddle for easy jobsite verification by the Engineer or Inspector. **Failure to provide the sticker on each assembly will be cause for immediate rejection of the installation.**

Refer to the plan details for additional requirements.

The assembly must be Buckaroos Model 3300E-LT or equivalent by Thermal Pipe Shields, Inc, Pipe Shields, Inc. Carpenter & Paterson, Inc., Clement Support Services, Piping Technology and Products Inc., Bergen Pipe Supports or VEP/ASC Engineered Solutions. Buckaroos Model 3300E-LT is the basis of design.

Unistrut Saddle Requirements

Nominal Pipe Size	Insulation Length	Saddle Length	Saddle Gauge
1/2” - 3”	6”	4”	22 Ga.

8.9. **Clevis Hanger Saddle Requirements:** For a single pipe suspended with a single clevis hanger assembly, provide same insulated saddle assembly as specified above for the Unistrut assembly. Do not use multiple side by side single saddle assemblies. Multiple pipe assemblies require a Unistrut assembly as shown on the plans. Refer to Section 15010 and the plan details for additional requirements.

8.10. **Painting:** Paint exposed insulation after insulation is completed as specified in Section 15010.

8.11. **Identification:** Refer to Section 15010, Part Identification for identification of piping systems.

PART 9. ELECTRIC WATER HEATING EQUIPMENT

9.1. **Water Heater:** Rheem Series ELD, A.O. Smith Series DEN, Lochinvar ESX or equivalent by Bradford-White. Water heater(s) must be light duty, commercial, glass-lined tank with heating elements designed for current shown on the Electrical Drawings, copper dip tube, drain pan, storage capacity not less than indicated on the drawings and must meet current UEF ratings established by the U.S. Department of Energy.

The water heater must bear the UL or ETL label and be covered by a minimum 3-year manufacturer's tank warranty and 1-year parts and labor warranty from the date of substantial completion as determined by the Architect.

9.2. **Power Wiring:** Specified under Electrical Division. **Verify voltage and power requirements with Electrical Contractor and Electrical plans prior to ordering equipment.**

9.3. **Circulating Pump:** Furnish and install, as shown on the plans, an all lead-free bronze (0.25% or less lead content of all wetted surfaces) or stainless steel construction, stainless steel flanges, pipe-mounted centrifugal pump with high efficiency ECM motor with algorithm to automatically adjust speed, flow and operation based on the actual requirements of the system, to include maintaining flow rates below recommended practice for the piping (copper or PEX) installed. The pump must be ETL or UL listed and be NSF 372 compliant.

Provide a strap-on aquastat equal to Honeywell L606A for insertion into the well and wire to control the pump through a two channel, 7-day program clock with manual override which must be programmed to the Owner’s requested operating schedule. Clock must be equivalent to Tork EWZ-201C, Intermatic ET90215C or equivalent with NEMA 3 enclosure, automatic daylight savings time adjustment, automatic leap year compensation and minimum 4-day battery or super capacitor back-up power. Provide all required control wiring, power wiring and connections as required for proper operation as specified.

In lieu of separate aquastat and time clock, the Contractor may provide a pump with integral timer and integral aquastat or combination thereof, provided the pump timer and aquastat assembly meets the specified requirements of the separate time clock and aquastat specified above.

Pump must be Taco 0026e-SF2, Armstrong Compass H or Grundfos Alpha HWR 15-29 SF/T. Taco 0026e-SF2 is the basis of design. Pump power must be as shown on the electrical plans.

9.4. **Relief Valve:** The relief valve must comply with ANSI Z21.22 and CSA/ASME rated temperature and pressure relief valve on the water heater with copper relief line piped as indicated on the plans. Temperature and pressure relief valves, or combinations thereof devices must bear the label of an approved agency and must have a temperature setting of not more than 210°F and a pressure setting not exceeding the tank or water heater manufacturer’s rated working pressure or 150 psi, whichever is less. The relieving capacity of each pressure relief valve and each temperature relief valve must equal or exceed the heat input to the water heater or storage tank. Do not pipe/connect relief discharge line and auxiliary drain pan lines together. The manufacturers must be Watts, Apollo or McDonnell and Miller.

9.5. **Thermometers:** Trerice Series BX, Model AX9, universally adjustable type with 7-inch scale and suitable temperature range, mercury free, 0°F to 160°F range as manufactured by Trerice. Thermometers must be "blue liquid" actuated with Phenol Condensate and lead-free cast aluminum case and brass stem and thermowell, with extension neck and other accessories required for a complete installation. Locate for convenient reading. Equivalent product by Blue Ribbon, Weksler, March or Maxwell Moore will be accepted.

9.6. **Expansion Tank:** Provide diaphragm type with NSF liner, designed for 150 psig working pressure and must bear an ASME stamp. Tank must have minimum acceptance as recommended by the water heater manufacturer. Expansion tank must be supported at the wall by a HoldRite QS-U Quick Strap with 1/2" wide, 0.025" thick, 200/410 stainless steel bands and 16 Ga. galvanized steel bracket of required capacity and load rating for the expansion tank shown on the plans or approved equivalent.

9.7. **Auxiliary Drain Pan:** Provide 2" deep, 18 ga. (0.05" thickness) galvanized steel or 18 ga. (0.05") thickness stainless steel auxiliary drain pans with seamless, welded or brazed watertight joints. Width of pan must provide minimum of 3" clearance between water heater and inside face of the pan. Provide 3/4" copper drain line in **bottom** of pan to floor drain with dielectric separation where water heater is elevated or placed on a stand. Do not pipe relief discharge line and auxiliary drain pan lines together. Auxiliary pan must be manufactured by Killarney Metals, an approved equivalent or a shop fabricated pan with construction specified above, and with welded or soldered joints. **Factory manufactured pans that do not meet the specified requirements above are not allowed.**

9.8. **Inspections:** The Plumbing Contractor must arrange and pay for the State of Alabama Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety Division/Inspection Divisions, Elevators/Boilers Inspector to visit job site to inspect water heater and/or boiler installation and obtain written approval, certification and Certificate for Potable Water Heater (PWH) as required. Correct all deficiencies required by the Inspector without additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Project Design Professionals, using materials and methods, as directed by, State of Alabama Boiler and Pressure Vessel Safety Division/Inspection Divisions and Elevators/Boilers inspector as required.

PART 10. FIXTURES SUPPORTS AND CONNECTIONS

10.1. **General:** Verify exact size and location of water, vents, waste and supply connections from approved rough-in drawings and/or catalog data sheets. Allow for modifications required by the shop drawings without additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Project Design Professionals.

All fixtures including lavatories, urinals, water closets, electric water coolers, etc., must be securely fastened to the walls or floor. **Coordinate all mounting heights and fixture types required with Architectural plans prior to rough-in and ordering fixtures. All ADA fixtures must be mounted as required by current ADA requirements.**

Demolish and modify existing roof, walls, floors, partitions and ceilings as required to accomplish the required work. Remove existing carriers, existing water and waste,

sawcut floors, walls, partitions, ceilings, etc., as shown and as required to install new piping or reconnecting to existing waste and water rough-in. Do not reuse existing items. All items must be new. All roofing work must be provided by the roofing Contractor. Roofing work required for existing roofs must be by the roofing Contractor that provided warranty.

All penetrations of floors and partitions are required to be built-in as work progresses. All penetrations of new construction that were not built-in as required by these specifications, and all existing floors, walls and partitions must be core drilled or sawcut large enough to allow all conduits, piping, firestopping assemblies, etc., to continue uninterrupted, and to provide proper firestopping of the penetration as required to install new items as shown and/or specified.

Reconstruction and repair of the demolished/modified items must be as directed by the Architect. Coordinate demolition and repairing/rebuilding of items with General Contractor prior to bid to allow for installation of carriers, piping, etc., as applicable.

10.2. **Wall Mounted Fixtures:** Support all wall mounted fixtures that are specified without carriers using 1/4” thick 6” high plates full length and width of fixture, mounted behind wall. Where fixtures are back to back on a solid wall, mount with bolts from fixture hanger to fixture hanger. Do not use toggle bolts or expansion bolts unless noted on the plans or specified.

Where fixtures are mounted on solid (single wythe) walls finished both sides, install fixtures with plated toggle bolts.

Where fixtures are mounted on wood or light gauge steel studs, employ pressure treated blocking of 2” x 12” nominal size well secured into stud line with non-corrosive, dielectric separation fasteners. Fit behind stud flanges, using especially placed studs as required.

Demolish and modify all existing walls, partitions, ceilings and saw cut all floors as required to install new items as shown and/or specified. Reconstruction and repair of the demolished/modified items above must be as directed by the Architect. Coordinate demolition and repairing/rebuilding of items with General Contractor prior to bid to allow for installation of carriers, piping, etc., as applicable.

10.3. **Floor Connections:** Provide cast iron or galvanized malleable iron floor flanges at least 3/16" thick, screwed or caulked to cast iron drainage pipe. PVC floor flanges may be used where PVC piping is provided. Bolt the connection and make tight to fixture with plumbing fixture setting compound, wax setting ring or polyethylene gasket flange. Offset flanges for water closets are not allowed.

10.4. **Water Supply Connections:** Provide rigid, lead-free brass nipple from water riser to fixture stop valve threaded connections. Steel pipe is unacceptable. Exposed portion of nipple must be chromium plated. Stops’ risers must be lead-free, threaded with chrome over copper pipe. Quick connect fittings and braided supplies are not allowed.

10.5. **Waste Arms to Fixtures:** As specified hereinbefore. Where copper or brass pipe is specified, all joints downstream from the trap must be brazed joints.

PART 11. SCHEDULED FIXTURES AND MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

11.1. **Acceptable Manufacturers:** American Standard, Zurn, Elkay, Kohler and Toto catalogs.

Where three (3) Manufacturers are listed for fixtures below, use only those Manufacturers. Manufacturers not mentioned in the specifications require prior approval, seven (7) days prior to bid date. Follow procedures set forth in Division 1 of the specifications. Where substitutions are proposed, unless the Contractor states in writing, on a separate recap/summary sheet in front of the respective submittal, the differences of the substituted equipment or material, he must be responsible to replace such items any time discrepancies are found. All prior approvals must be submitted through the Architect.

Architect must select all colors where choices exist.

11.2. **Fixture Trim:** Exposed metal parts to be of heavy weight polished brass, heavily chromium plated, of best quality as regularly furnished by the plumbing fixture manufacturer. Provide stop valve in supply to all fixtures and equipment.

11.3. **Compliance with Americans Disabilities Act:** All fixtures, faucets, flush valves, etc., specified or shown to be ADA type must be manufactured and installed in complete compliance with the current requirements of the Americans Disabilities Act and ICC A117.1 Standard for Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities

11.4. **Guarantee:** Guarantee in writing to make good without cost any defects in materials and workmanship for one (1) year. **ALL** flush valves and faucets must be provided with a five (5) year, full replacement warranty, including labor.

Warranty/guarantee must start on the date of substantial completion of the project as determined by the Architect. Provide free maintenance and service during the first 12 months of the guarantee period.

11.5. **Scheduled Items:**

P – 1 Water Closet: American Standard Madera 3451.001 EverClean, Kohler Welcomme Ultra K-96053, Zurn Model Z5655-BWL1-AM or Toto CT725CUFG-#01, floor mounted, 15” high vitreous china, siphon jet, elongated bowl with 1-1/2” top spud, fully glazed trapway, china bolt caps, 1.6 GPF Zurn Z6000AV-WS1, Sloan Royal 111-1.6 or equivalent flush valve by Kohler or Toto with trap primer connection on flush tube where shown on the plans, Bemis 1655SSCT white open-front seat with self-sustaining stainless steel check hinge and hardware with Sta-Tite locking system or equivalent by Zurn, Church or Beneke, Zurn Z5972-COMB closet bolt and wax ring kit, china bolt caps and all other items required for a complete and functional installation. Provide YJ chrome plated split-ring wall bracket for supply pipe.

P – 2 ADA Water Closet: American Standard Madera 3461.160, EverClean, Zurn Model Z5665-BWL1-AM, Kohler Highcliff Ultra K-96057 or Toto CT725CUFG-#01 17” high vitreous china, siphon jet, fully glazed trapway, elongated bowl with 1-1/2” top spud, 1.6 GPF Zurn Z6000AV-WS1, Sloan Royal 111-1.6 or equivalent flush valve by Kohler or Toto with trap primer connection on flush tube where shown on the plans, Bemis 1655SSCT white open-front seat with self-sustaining stainless steel check hinge and hardware with Sta-Tite locking system or equivalent by Zurn,

Church or Beneke, Zurn Z5972-COMB closet bolt and wax ring kit, china bolt caps and all other items required for a complete and functional installation. Provide chrome plated YJ split-ring wall bracket for supply pipe. Coordinate flush valve installation with grab bar. Flush valve control/handle must be mounted for use from the wide side of the toilet stall.

P – 3 ADA Lavatory: American Standard Lucerne 0355.012, Zurn Model Z5364, Kohler Kingston K-2005, 20" x 18" wall hung vitreous china lavatory complete with Zurn Z81000-XL-17M, single control, solid cast brass, polished chrome plated faucet, 1.5 GPM vandal resistant, pressure compensating aerator, McGuire #LF2167, Zurn Z8803-XL-LRLK-PC or equivalent by Brasscraft or Dearborn Brass offset drain, Nibco 1/2" supplies with full turn wheel handles and stops, McGuire #155WC, Zurn Z8746-PC, Brasscraft or Dearborn Brass offset drain, McGuire 8872, Brasscraft, Zurn or Dearborn Brass p-trap and heavy-duty floor supported JR Smith Series 0710, Zurn Z1231EZ or equivalent chair carrier with concealed arms by Sioux Chief. Where lavatory manufacturer drain outlet complies with ADA requirements, offset drains are not required. Supplies must be lead-free, AB 1953 certified by recognized authority and bear manufacturer and testing mark. Refer to Architectural plans for mounting heights. Fixtures designated by the Architect as ADA/handicapped must be mounted at current ADA requirements.

Provide lead-free mixing valve (ASSE 1070) with tempered water line to faucet. Mixing valve must be provided with wall bracket, dual check valves and 40-mesh stainless steel screen. Mixing valve must be Watts LFUSG-B-SC-M2, Leonard 170D-LF, Symmons 8210CK, Cash Acme or Zurn-Wilkins ZW3870XLT. The entire assembly must comply with ADA and ANSI standards.

Provide for each fixture an ADA compliant, heavy-duty, impact-resistant, stain-resistant and chemical-resistant rigid vinyl vandal-resistant enclosure with vandal resistant fasteners that shield all piping, electronic faucet components (as applicable), mixing valves and instantaneous water heaters. If plans indicate an instantaneous water heater to be installed at the lavatory, the Contractor must contact the Lav Shield Manufacturer for guidance on the required installation. **Do not install Lav Shield until Engineer has inspected the piping installation.**

The Lav Shield must contain an antimicrobial additive that resists fungal and bacterial growth. The Lav Shield must comply with ASME A112.18.9-2001, ADA article 4.19.4 (606.5), ANSI A117.1, BOCA P 1203.4, and other required State and Local regulations. The Lav Shield must be provided in standard white finish for the exact fixture specified or custom color, fit to field Lav Shield in the color selected by the Architect. Furnish standard **and** custom color chart to Architect for selection. Lav Shield must be manufactured by Zurn Model Z6900-VG, Truebro/IPS corporation or approved equivalent.

P – 4 Mop Basin: American Standard 7741.000 Florwell, Zurn Model Z5850-D3-RG-HH-MH-WG or Kohler K-6710-0 acid resisting enameled cast iron corner model floor type service sink, complete with American Standard 8354.112, Zurn Z843M1-XL or T&S Brass B-0665-CR-BSTRK wall mounted faucet with offset shanks and integral stops, levered vandal resistant handles, vacuum breaker, integral check valves, adjustable wall brace, pail hook, 3/4" hose thread on spout, four foot rubber hose and wall bracket for spout hose mounted approximately 4" above the mop sink stainless steel backsplash, Bradley 9933 combination utility shelf/broom holder and utility shelf constructed of 18 ga. 304 stainless steel with 16 ga. stainless steel

gussets and hooks, 7745.811 rim guard, strainer for 3" screw connection, 304 stainless steel wall guards and silicone sealant at all points where wall guard meets the basin, wall and floor.

P – 5 Bi-Level Vandal Resistant ADA Indoor Electric Water Cooler with Bottle Filler: Elkay # LVRCTL8WSPRO, bi-level, vandal resistant ADA cooler, refrigerated stainless steel high-capacity lead reduction filtered, wall mounted, electronic bottle filler sensor, ADA and ICC A117.1 compliant with cane apron, stainless steel cabinet and receptor, safety bubbler and 5-year warranty on refrigeration system. It must provide 8 gal/hr. of filtered water at 50°F based on 80ºF inlet water and 90ºF ambient temperature, per ASHRAE 18 testing. Unit must be certified to UL 399 and CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 120 and NSF/ANSI 42, 53, 61 & 372 for lead free compliant design. Unit must be provided with top access filter change wrapper filter from the front of the cooler. Furnish with 1-1/4" McGuire, Dearborn Brass, Brasscraft or Zurn rough brass p-trap, 17-gauge brass tailpiece and waste with wheel stop valve, concealed Elkay MLP200 or equivalent by Zurn or J.R. Smith bi-level floor mounted support, related floor support plates and base as required for applicable wall construction. Refer to Architectural plans for mounting heights. Fixtures designated by the Architect as ADA/handicapped must be mounted at current ADA requirements. Equivalent units by Halsey Taylor or Oasis will be considered.

Provide three (3) extra stock FL10 Water Sentry Plus Replacement Filters for each set of coolers shown on the plans, 6,000-gallon filter tested and certified to NSF 42 and 53 under manufacturer's name to reduce lead, Class 1 particulates and chlorine taste and odor certified to NSF 42, NSF 53, NSF-401 and NSF 372 at greater than stated product flow rate for each bi-level water cooler provided. Upon completion of the project, turn over replacement filters to Architect for transfer to Owner.

P – 6 Washing Machine Connection Box: Sioux Chief Series 696R no lead, washing machine connection box with 2-inch trapped standpipe drain, quarter turn, Watts Duo-Cloz, lead-free bronze or brass valve, water hammer arrester, bottom supplies and fire rated if required. Box and faceplate must be 20 ga., powder coated galvanized steel. Each unit must include a frame, and a debris cover for protection during rough-in. Equivalents by Guy Gray, Oatey, SharkBite or LSP will be acceptable.

P – 7 ADA Shower: Provide Willoughby # WBIS-FA-ADA-(L or R as required) -TPLR-DVLR-2.5-CSH-2HD single handle ligature resistant combination thermostatic / pressure balanced shower valve (T/P ASSE 1016) with stops, (2) CSH conical shower heads and ligature resistant diverter valve. Valve and trim must be front accessible. Refer to Architectural plans for mounting heights and valve location placement. Fixtures designated by the Architect as ADA/handicapped must be mounted at current ADA requirements.

P – 8 ADA Sink: Elkay LRAD-312255, 31" x 22" x 5-1/2" deep single compartment 18 gauge, 304 stainless steel sink with self-rimming construction complete with one LKGT4083, forward lever faucet with deck plate and escutcheon, pull down spray, LKAD35 3-1/2" drain fitting, stainless steel body strainer basket and offset tailpiece, McGuire, Dearborn Brass, Brasscraft or Zurn, p-trap, Brasscraft XR1720A with full turn wheel handles and angle stops and all other required items. Sink must have drains at rear of each compartment as required to meet ADA

regulations. Verify cabinet depth and slope with Architectural plans prior to ordering sink.

Provide lead-free mixing valve (ASSE 1070) with tempered water line to faucet. Mixing valve must be provided with wall bracket, dual check valves and 40-mesh stainless steel screen. Mixing valve must be Watts LFUSG-B-SC-M2, Leonard 170D-LF, Symmons 8210CK, Cash Acme or Zurn-Wilkins ZW3870XLT.

Insulate supplies, trap and drain with premolded ADA compliant protectors with internal fasteners as Manufactured by Truebro Lav Guard 2, Oatey/Dearborn or McGuire Pro-Wrap only if piping is not within cabinet.

P – 9 Ice Machine: See miscellaneous items below.

PART 12. MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT FURNISHED UNDER OTHER SECTIONS

12.1. **General:** Equipment indicated hereunder is to be furnished and set in place under another Section of the Specifications (or is to be so provided under a separate contract). Verify exact size and location of water, vents, waste, supply and gas connections from approved rough-in drawings and/or catalog data sheets. Allow for modifications required by the shop drawings without additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Project Design Professionals.

All water connections must be complete with stop valves.

12.2. **HAC Equipment:** Provide floor drains, indirect wastes, etc. as noted. Extend valved water and gas supplies as required to service equipment, to within 2 feet of equipment connection. Terminate water lines with Watts Series 900 reduced pressure type backflow preventer. Final connections specified under HAC Section.

Ice Machines: Provide cold water supply with stop, PDI Symbol "A" shock absorber and ASSE 1012 backflow preventer equivalent to Watts Model LF-9D. Pipe the vent discharge line with copper from vent outlet to floor sink or another safe place of disposal. Provide copper condensate drain line to floor sink with 45° or 90° discharge fitting as required for optimal drainage.

Insulate condensate drain line with 1/2" thick insulation as specified below. Glue all joints with liquid adhesive. Do not use spray adhesive. After glue has dried, tape all joints with 2" wide, 1/8" thickness insulating tape. Anchor the condensate piping to floor with Unistrut assembly and clamps.

Insulated lines must use Wesanco Series Cush-A-Therm ZSI UX with specified rigid insulation thickness for the required pipe size, gold electro-galvanized channel clamp assembly and required hardware or equivalent by ArmaFix Eco Light, Aerofix by Aeroflex. Wesanco Series Cush-A-Therm ZSI UX is the basis of design.

Insulation, liquid adhesive and insulating tape must be AP Armaflex, K-Flex Insul-Tube, Aeroflex or Aerocel AC EPDM.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15700

HEATING, VENTILATING AND AIR CONDITIONING

PART 1. GENERAL

1.1. **General Provisions:** Section 15010 is applicable in full hereto. No materials or products that contain asbestos, formaldehyde, polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB), lead or mercury, in excess of limits mandated and defined by OSHA, LEED and the EPA, must be utilized.

Do not fabricate any duct or install any pipe or equipment until all coordination has been accomplished. Refer to Section 15010 for coordination requirements.

Manufacturers not mentioned in the specifications require prior approval, seven (7) days prior to bid date. Follow procedures set forth in Division 1 of the specifications. All prior approvals must be submitted through the Architect.

1.2. **Qualifications:** The Mechanical Contractor and the required third party external duct Insulation Contractor must be properly licensed and established at the location of the work and must maintain adequate local service facilities. They must have had previous experience in the satisfactory installation of at least six (6) systems of this type, size, complexity and scope. Each Contractor must have an adequate service facility to provide complete service and maintenance of the facility within 100 miles of the installation.

1.3. **General Scope:** The Mechanical Contractor must furnish and install all equipment, materials and labor required to provide a complete and fully operating mechanical system, even though every item may not be specifically indicated on the drawings or specified.

All advisory provisions listed in the Codes referenced in the Contract Documents must be considered mandatory. In the event of any conflict between applicable Codes, Standards, Listings, Contract Drawings or the Contract Specifications, the most stringent requirements govern. The Contractor must provide, install and comply with whichever imposes the strictest requirement, highest standard and greatest obligation. No exceptions or leniency will be granted. These requirements are intentionally strict to ensure project quality, regulatory compliance, fairness in bidding and protection of the Owner's interests. Non-compliance carries significant risk of financial responsibility, schedule impacts and potential contract default. Bidders and Contractors assume these obligations fully upon participation or award.

The Contractor must notify the Architect of any discrepancies prior to bidding.

Mechanical items must not be attached to assemblies belonging to other trades. All items must be independently and separately attached to the building's structural system.

The Mechanical Contractor must not install any external duct insulation. All external duct insulation work must be performed by an independent, licensed and experienced third party third party Insulation Subcontractor whose principal business is the sale and installation of insulation materials. Insulation must be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and these specifications.

Manufacturers or products not specifically named in the specifications require prior

approval, which must be requested at least seven (7) days prior to the bid date and submitted through the Architect in accordance with Division 1 and Section 15010.

All penetrations through floors and partitions must be built-in as construction progresses. Where required penetrations in new construction were not built-in as required by the specifications, the Contractor must core drill or saw cut openings sufficiently large enough to accommodate all duct, piping, conduits, firestopping assemblies, related items, etc. without interruption and to allow proper firestopping as required by Code and these specifications.

Prior to installation, all piping must be inspected, upended and thoroughly swabbed clean. All piping must be clean and free of rust at the time of installation. Any dirt or rust resulting from storage or ground contact must be removed. Any piping installed with dirt must be cleaned. Rusted piping must have all rust removed, followed by etching and priming as recommended by the pipe manufacturer, and then painted with two coats of black, compatible, rust-inhibiting enamel paint. The use of spray paint is not permitted. Refer to the gas piping section for specific painting requirements. All paint must comply with ASTM E84 for flame spread and smoke developed indices.

Prior to commencement of any backfilling operations, the Mechanical Contractor must take accurate as-built measurements, including all depths and inverts. Centerline locations alone are insufficient. Definitive measurements must be recorded for each underground line entering and leaving the building. **The location of all buried piping must be shown on the record (as-built) drawings and dimensioned from permanent fixed points.**

Architect must select all colors where a choice exists.

1.4. **Site Visits:** It is the Contractor's responsibility to have the job ready for site visits when they are scheduled. If the project is not ready for the requested site visit and the Architect, the Engineer, any governmental agency or any other entity requires an additional site visit with the Engineer present, the Contractor must pay Zgouvas, Eiring & Associates a re-visit fee of $2,000. The payment must be made directly to Zgouvas, Eiring & Associates 5 days prior to the scheduled site visit.

Before requesting the final site visit, the General Contractor must provide the Mechanical Engineer and the Architect with a copy of the Mechanical Engineer's above ceiling corrected punch list. The corrected list must be signed and verified by the Mechanical Subcontractors' respective supervisors and the General Contractor to confirm that all items have been resolved. **If any item marked as corrected/complete is found to be uncorrected/incomplete during the final site visit, the site visit will be considered a failure, and a reinspection fee will be imposed.**

The Contractor is urged to carefully review the extensive requirements of Paragraph Identification and Refrigerant Piping Identification in Section 15010 of the specifications. Note that certain identification is required to be completed before certain site visits. There are specific identification requirements prior to the above ceiling and final site visits, respectively, that are mandatory. The State of Alabama Department of Construction Management (DCM) will cancel on-site, the site visit if not completed as specified. Failure to comply with this provision will be cause for cancellation of the site visit, and a fee imposed for the additional site visit, with all costs of the additional site visit to be borne by the Contractor.

1.5. **Record Documents:** Provide in such detail, as is set forth under General and Supplemental Conditions and in Section 15010.

1.6. **Access Panels and Doors in Finished Areas:** Do not locate serviceable items above inaccessible, hard ceilings or in partitions without written approval from the Architect. Coordinate all items locations with the Architectural plans before installing any items. Furnish access panels and doors to the General Contractor for installation wherever required for access to any items requiring maintenance.

Access panels/doors in finished areas or areas exposed to view must be suitable for wall or ceiling finish involved, 24" x 24" unless otherwise indicated or as required to permit removal of equipment and provide acceptable maintenance access. Access panels and doors must be fire rated where rated assemblies are penetrated.

Access panels and doors must be manufactured by Milcor, Elmdor, Zurn, Mifab or approved equivalent. The Architect must approve the use of, and type of, all panels and doors to be installed in areas that are exposed to view or in finished areas.

Exposed access panels and doors must be factory cleaned and primed for painting in the field. Colors, materials and methods must be as directed by the Architect. Refer to Architectural Section, Painting, for additional information.

Refer to Section 15010, Part Access Panels and Doors for additional requirements.

1.7. **Access Panels/Doors for Miscellaneous Areas:** Refer to Section 15010 and above for access doors required for equipment, valves, etc. in exposed/finished locations.

Provide double wall access door in the side of the duct for each fire damper, motorized damper, on each side of duct mounted coils and duct heaters, smoke detectors and elsewhere indicated, specified or required for proper maintenance. Size and position to provide maximum access to all items with minimum 12”x12”.

Typical doors must be double metal faced, 22 ga. steel door panels and 22 ga. frame, internally insulated same as duct (1” minimum) fiberglass insulation, neoprene gasket seal and full length plated steel piano hinges with cam lock. Provide access panels/doors with cam locks only, where hinged access panels/doors cannot be completely opened without obstruction. When access panels/doors are provided with cam locks only, they must be provided with a safety chain. Access panels/doors must be rated for the anticipated duct pressure, plus 1”. All access doors located outside must be airtight and weatherproof.

Hinged access doors must be Ruskin Series ADH22. Removable access doors/panels with cam locks must be Ruskin Series ADC22 with minimum of two cam locks and safety chain. Nailor Industries Model 08SCL/Model 08SH, Kees ADH/ADC, Greenheck HAD or Pottorff Series HAD/CAD will be acceptable.

For ducts 10” round and smaller, access doors must be flush mounted, flat oval, 1” insulated, low leakage, 20 ga. steel door panels and frame, except with two large hand knobs or cam locks with safety chain, and equivalent to Ruskin Model ADR1 for round ducts or equivalent by Nailor, Greenheck, Kees or Pottorff.

Hinged access doors for round ductwork over 10” must be flush mounted, flat oval, 1” insulated, low leakage, 20 ga. steel door panels and frame, except with two large hand knobs or cam locks with safety chain, and equivalent to Ruskin Model ADR2 for round ducts 12” round up to and including 16” round duct. Nailor Series 0800, Pottorff Series DMR, Greenheck RAD or equivalent by Kees will be acceptable.

Refer to other sections for access doors required in kitchen hood exhaust ducts, moisture-laden ductwork, medium/high pressure, high velocity ductwork, etc.

Refer to Section 15010 for additional access door/panel requirements including Section 15010, Part Identification for identification requirements.

1.8. **Buy American:** Manufacturers of all products, materials, equipment, components, and systems specified in Division 15 must comply with the Buy American Act and the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA). Exceptions to these requirements will be permitted only where the specified items are proven to be unavailable from domestic U.S. sources. Examples of items that may qualify for exception include variable refrigerant flow (VRF) equipment and certain porcelain plumbing products. Any request for exception must be submitted in writing to the Architect/Engineer for prior approval and must include supporting documentation demonstrating that no suitable domestic product is available. Where three (3) or more U.S. manufacturers can furnish products that meet or exceed the requirements of the Contract Documents, only domestic (U.S. manufactured) products must be provided.

During the submittal phase, the respective manufacturer must provide a conformance letter on the manufacturer's official company letterhead. The letter must be signed by an Officer of the Manufacturer's Board of Directors and must explicitly certify full compliance with the Buy American Act and ARRA. Failure to include this conformance letter with the submittal will result in immediate rejection of the submittal without review.

1.9. **Miscellaneous:** Bidders must visit the site and become acquainted with all job conditions that may affect the work shown on the plans. Report to the Architect, prior to bid, any new or existing conditions that require modifications to accomplish the installation of all items. Provide for required adjustments to complete the intent of the work. No consideration will be given after bid opening for alleged misunderstanding regarding new or existing job conditions, utility connections, permits, fees, construction documents, etc.

The Contractor must carefully examine the contract documents during the bidding phase. Any missing information, clarifications, etc. in the contract documents that is required to obtain accurate pricing must be brought to the attention of the Architect, **prior to bid date**, so all may be clarified and/or corrected. Failure to identify and resolve any issue prior to bid must require the Contractor to provide said items, complete, without additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Project Design Professionals, using materials and methods specified by, and as directed by, the Owner's Design Professionals.

Refer to Section 15010 for additional requirements.

1.10. **Identification:** The Contractor is urged to carefully review the extensive requirements of Part Identification in Section 15010 of the specifications and note that certain identification is required to be completed before certain site visits**.** There are specific identification requirements prior to the above ceiling and final site visits, respectively, that are mandatory.

1.11. **Painting and Colors:** Furnish to the Architect, color cards for standard and premium colors available. **The Architect must select color where choices exist**. Refer to the Architectural Painting Section of the specifications for additional requirements.

1.12. **Coatings and Finishes:** Pipe hangers, Unistrut pipe supports and duct Unistrut support assemblies of galvanized, zinc and similarly coated items are considered to

NOT be coated. All must be painted, powder coated, epoxy coated or plastic coated. Hanger rods and associated bolts, and clamps on Unistrut assemblies are not required to be painted or coated.

All damaged or rusted steel pipe and all hangers, Unistrut and other support assemblies must be cleaned, primed and painted with two coats of compatible black enamel paint as specified below. Any rusted items must have the rust removed, then etched and primed for painting as recommended by the respective manufacturer. After prepping the surfaces, then paint with two coats of compatible black, rustproof enamel paint. Do not use spray paint.

All paint and coatings must have a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84. See specification Section 15010, Part Identification for detailed requirements.

In lieu of painted surfaces as specified hereinbefore, the Contractor may provide factory fabricated hangers and Unistrut assemblies with rust resistant powder coating, epoxy coating or plastic coating. All paints/coatings/finishes must meet or exceed a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84. Refer to Section 15010 for additional requirements.

1.13. **Safety Provisions:** Provide covers or guards on all hot, moving and projecting items that may be deemed by the Engineer, Architect or Owner to be a hazard to occupants of the building or to service personnel. Provide full size expanded metal grilles over all exhaust/relief air assemblies on all packaged equipment to protect against any intrusion to motorized dampers, gravity backdraft dampers, etc.

1.14. **Spare Parts:** Manufacturer of any equipment specified must have a wholesale outlet for readily available replacement parts in the nearest major USA city.

1.15. **Submittals:** Refer to Section 15010 for **strict requirements** and, especially as it applies to format, project cost constraints, addendums and Value Engineering (VE) items.

Only ONE complete submittal will be accepted. Providing submittals piecemeal is not allowed. If a partial or incomplete submittal is provided, it must be cause for immediate rejection.

1.16. **Firestopping:** Refer to Section 15010, Part “Partial Work to be Coordinated With Other Trades”, Paragraph “Firestopping”. **Note that Division 15 firestopping specifications require firestopping of all penetrations regardless of wall/ceiling/floor construction. Refer to Division 1 regarding additional requirements.** Where there is a conflict between Division 1 specifications and Division 15 specifications, the most stringent requirements must govern, be applicable and must be provided.

1.17. **Service, Charges, Lubrication, Filters, etc.**: During the guarantee period, the Contractor must furnish all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to provide comprehensive service and preventive maintenance for all equipment and systems installed under this Contract, in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations, applicable industry standards (such as ASHRAE guidelines), and the reviewed Operating and Maintenance manuals.

As a minimum, quarterly service calls must be performed by qualified, factory-trained technicians, with a detailed written service report (including checklists, findings,

measurements, and corrective actions taken) must be submitted to the Owner and the Architect after each visit. Failure to submit the required detailed service report to the Owner and the Architect after any quarterly service visit will be considered as the specified maintenance not having been provided. In such cases, the Contractor must re-perform the complete quarterly service as specified, at no additional cost to the Owner and subsequently extend the specified warranty an additional quarter. The final quarterly service call must be scheduled no later than two weeks prior to the year-end site visit. Each quarterly service visit must include, but not be limited to, the following:

- Changing of all replaceable filters.
- Cleaning of all washable filters.
- Lubrication of all motors, bearings, and moving parts in accordance with manufacturer recommendations.
- Calibration and adjustment of all controls, thermostats, valves, dampers and associated equipment.
- Inspection for refrigerant leaks, verification of charge levels and adjustment to maintain the manufacturer's specified full operating charge.
- Changing of all drive belts, pulleys, drives and other consumable items as required per manufacturer's recommended schedule.
- Thorough cleaning of evaporator and condenser coils, condensate drains and pans, fans and equipment interiors/exteriors.
- Inspection and tightening of all electrical connections, testing of safety controls and devices, and verification of proper system operation (including checks for abnormal noise, vibration, or performance issues).
- Recording of key operating parameters (voltages, amperages, pressures, temperatures, etc.) to confirm system efficiency and compliance with design conditions.

Any deficiencies identified during these services must be corrected promptly at no additional cost to the Owner. All maintenance activities must be documented and coordinated with the Owner to minimize disruption.

1.18. **<u>Operating and Maintenance Manuals</u>: Two weeks before the final site visit**, furnish three complete sets of operating and maintenance instructions, bound in hard cover, indexed and tabbed.

The Contractor must also provide this information in digital Adobe Acrobat PDF format, on a CD-R CD. The PDF file must be provided with an embedded index for each specified item. The index must appear in the left hand window of the opened document so that the Owner or his maintenance personnel can "click" on the indexed item and move immediately to that specific item.

Minimum requirements for the Operating and Maintenance Manuals must be as follows:

a. The first page of the bound instructions must be a listing of:

    1. The Owner/Project Title.
    2. The Architect and Architect's Job Number.
    3. The Engineer and Engineer's Job Number (Found in the Engineer's Logo in the Bottom Right Corner of the Mechanical Plans).
    4. The General Contractor and Contact Information.
    5. The Mechanical Subcontractor and Contact Information.

b. Second page must be a Table of Contents listing all products in the order which

appear in the specifications and label the tab accordingly. Include all equipment using nomenclature shown on the Mechanical plans, UV-C lights, and similar devices, control valves, motorized dampers, fire dampers, etc.

c. The third page must be a summary page that lists each item with its respective warranty, including all extended warranties.
d. All warranty card information must be filled in by the Mechanical Contractor; Serial numbers, Model Numbers, etc. all as required for proper warranty registration. The warranty registration date must be the date of substantial completion as determined by the Architect.
e. Provide copies of all filled in warranty cards.
f. Provide a local source of supply for parts and replacement, including names and telephone numbers of parts suppliers.
g. Provide a general maintenance summary section. Section must be a list of each piece of equipment or device using the designations as shown on the plans, and the routine maintenance procedures based on the respective manufacturer's recommended intervals. As a minimum, maintenance must be grouped and individually tabbed to indicate maintenance operations required:

    1. Once a month
    2. Quarterly
    3. Once every six months
    4. Once a year

h. Provide copy of the results of all specified tests.
i. Copy of Test and Balance Report.
j. Copies of all the Mechanical Engineer's Site Visit Reports including Contractor's written response that items listed were corrected.
k. Copies of all certificates of all site visits, comments and approvals from all Governing Authorities.
l. Provide copy of all Division 15 Specifications except Section 15400.
m. Provide a copy of all shop drawings/submittals.
n. Provide drawings of system control and wiring diagrams, condensed operating instructions, specified sequences of operation. Include hard copy in binder and digital copy on CD in PDF format. All components must be numbered and identified on the diagram. Laminate, frame under plastic and mount in each mechanical room in an optimally viewed location.
o. Provide record drawings of the Mechanical drawings, in hard copy and PDF format on CD. Refer to Section 15010, Part 1, General, Paragraph, Record Drawings for detailed requirements.

1.19. **Warranty:** Guarantee work as set forth in Section 15010 and Division 1. Guarantee in writing to make good without cost any defects in materials and workmanship for one year following the date of substantial completion of the project, as determined by the Architect, and unless specified otherwise a 5-year warranty on all air conditioning compressors. Provide free maintenance and service during the guarantee period to **include furnishing and replacing of filters, and the cleaning of all washable filters.** Refer to other parts for additional requirements and extended warranty requirements.

PART 2. ELECTRICAL WORK AND EQUIPMENT

2.1. **Power:** All power wiring required for installation of equipment is specified under the Electrical Division. Electrical equipment must be compatible with the electrical power shown on electrical drawings. **The Contractor must verify all voltage and power**

requirements with the Electrical Contractor, Electrical plans, and at the project site, prior to ordering equipment.

2.2. **Motors:** All furnished motors must be new, of current manufacture, and designed, manufactured, and tested in strict accordance with the latest applicable standards of NEMA, ANSI, IEEE, ASTM, UL, CSA, and the National Electrical Code (NEC/NFPA 70). As a minimum, all motors must conform to the current applicable sections of NEMA Standard MG 1.

All motor ratings, efficiencies, torque, horsepower, service factor, temperature rise, bearing life, and performance characteristics specified herein must be fully achieved at a base frequency of 60 Hz or lower. Motors must not rely on operation above 60 Hz to meet any specified performance criteria, nor shall the capability to operate above 60 Hz be used to satisfy the minimum requirements of this Section. This requirement applies to all motors, including those intended for use with variable frequency drives (VFDs).

Motors must meet or exceed the full-load efficiency values of the Consortium for Energy Efficiency (CEE) Premium Efficiency™ program (or equivalent NEMA Premium efficiency levels). All motors 1 HP and larger must be premium efficiency type. All motors with a scheduled capacity of less than 1 HP must be electronically commutated motor (ECM) type as required by ASHRAE 90.1 and must achieve a minimum motor efficiency of 70% when rated in accordance with DOE 10 CFR 431.Premium-efficiency motors must be warranted by the manufacturer for a minimum of 36 months from the date of Substantial Completion of the project, as determined by the Architect.

All motors must be listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL), Canadian Standards Association (CSA), or other Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratories (NRTLs) as applicable and must be suitable for installation and operation in accordance with the requirements of the NEC. Motors must be wound for the specified voltage, phase, and frequency. Unless otherwise indicated or specified, motors must have a minimum 1.5 service factor, 1750 RPM speed, open drip-proof (ODP) construction, and Class F insulation with Class B temperature rise.

Bearings must be heavy-duty, grease-lubricated ball bearings with a minimum L10 (B-10) rated fatigue life of 150,000 hours for direct-coupled applications and 50,000 hours for belted applications. Belted bearing life ratings must be calculated in accordance with NEMA MG 1 based on the actual radial loads and pulley sizes. Motor loading must not exceed 100% of the motor's nominal horsepower rating.

Routine factory testing must be performed in accordance with IEEE Standard 112, Method B (latest edition), and as described in NEMA MG 1, Article 12.55.

Where shown, specified, or required for the application, furnish increment-wound motors suitable for two-step starting. All motors must be provided with properly sized overload protection and phase loss protection on all three legs. Motors must not be operated until the correct overload elements or settings are installed in the starters. Replacement or adjustment of overload elements to match the motors actually furnished must be included in the work of this Section.

All motors serving outdoor equipment or equipment exposed to weather must be totally enclosed fan-cooled (TEFC) type while still meeting or exceeding all other requirements stated herein.

Approved manufacturers: Regal Rexnord Corporation, Emerson Electric, Franklin Electric, AMETEK, Inc., Baldor Electric Company/ABB, Nidec Corporation, Siemens AG, or ABB Group.

2.3. **Fusing:** Provide factory installed fuses in all equipment requiring fusing for branch circuit protection.

2.4. **Motor Starters:** All motor starters furnished under this Section must be new, of current manufacture, and designed, manufactured, and tested in strict accordance with the latest applicable standards of NEMA ICS 2, UL 508A, and the National Electrical Code (NEC/NFPA 70). As a minimum, all motor starters must conform to the current applicable sections of NEMA ICS 2.

Motor starters must be furnished under this Section. Installation of field-mounted starters is specified under the Electrical Division, except for those that are specified to be factory-assembled with the equipment.

Starters must be listed by Underwriters Laboratories (UL), Canadian Standards Association (CSA), or other Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratories (NRTLs) as applicable. Where required for interlocks or control circuits, starters must include a built-in step-down control power transformer.

Motors intended for use with variable frequency drives (VFDs) must be designed and rated in accordance with NEMA MG 1, Part 30.

All motor starters must be wall-mounted at an accessible height from the floor and must be readily accessible for operation and maintenance. Mounting on equipment or Unistrut-type frames is not acceptable.

Provide for each motor or group of motors requiring a single point of control (and not controlled from a motor control center), a suitable motor controller complete with all devices necessary to function as specified for the respective motor(s).

Provide overload protection in each ungrounded conductor for every motor 1/8 HP and larger. Overload protection must be manual reset type unless otherwise indicated. The overload protective device must be integral with the motor starter or controller.

Unless otherwise indicated, furnish pilot lights on all remote starters. Provide "Hand-Off-Auto" selector switches and required auxiliary contacts on all starters.

Auxiliary control devices connected into the control circuit must not bypass any safety controls (motor overload protective devices, high-pressure cutouts, low-pressure cutouts, or other safety devices).

Motor starters must not be operated until the correct overload elements or settings are installed in the starters. Replacement or adjustment of overload elements to match the motors actually furnished must be included in the work of this Section.

Approved manufacturers are GE Vernova, Siemens AG, Schneider Electric, ABB Group, Rockwell Automation, Eaton Corporation, Danfoss A/S, Yaskawa Electric Corporation, Emerson Electric, or Fuji Electric.

2.5. **Equipment Protection**: All fan motors, indoor units, outdoor units, condensing units, packaged units, and associated equipment must be provided with surge protection and phase/voltage protection. All surge and phase/voltage protection devices must be new, of current manufacture, and designed, manufactured and tested in strict accordance with the latest applicable standards of UL 1449 (for surge protective

devices), ANSI/IEEE C62.41, UL, CSA, and the National Electrical Code (NEC/NFPA 70). This protection must, at a minimum, safeguard the equipment against:

- Voltage unbalance
- Overvoltage
- Undervoltage
- Phase loss
- Phase reversal
- Incorrect phase sequencing
- Rapid short cycling.

Where available from the equipment manufacturer, the specified protection must be factory-installed by the equipment manufacturer. When such protection is not provided by the equipment manufacturer, the Contractor must furnish and install the following:

- For all three-phase equipment: ICM Controls Model 450A Plus+ or approved equivalent.
- For all single-phase equipment 1/8 HP and larger: ICM Controls Model ICM 492 or approved equivalent.

The Contractor must coordinate with the Owner's maintenance personnel and properly program all adjustable and programmable settings in the protection devices according to the Owner's operational requirements and within the device's capabilities.

Phase and voltage protection is not required on equipment controlled by a variable frequency drive (VFD) when the specified protection functions are inherent within the VFD controller furnished.

2.6. **Controls:** All HVAC controls cabling and wiring must be plenum rated and in EMT conduit (no "whips") or on J-hooks. Above accessible lay-in ceilings, control wiring must be installed on J-Hook assemblies. Above all hard, inaccessible ceilings, in all mechanical rooms and in areas with exposed structure (no ceilings), controls wiring must be in conduit. Do not attach any wiring, cabling or conduits to refrigerant piping.

Do not route control wiring through sleeves containing piping. Do not route any control wiring through or within any ductwork. **All wiring penetrating any exterior wall, interior partition, floor, and similar construction must be in conduit with protective grommets on the conduit ends. HVAC outdoor control wiring must terminate above the ceiling in an accessible location. Through base control wiring/conduit is not allowed.**

EMT control conduit must be as specified in the Electrical Division of the specifications and/or as shown on electrical drawings. Minimum HVAC Controls conduit size must be 3/4" in size. All control conduit, power, relays, contactors, transformers, wiring, etc., required for a complete functional system as specified, shown on the plans, or as required to accomplish the specified sequences of operation, which is not shown or specified by the Electrical Division, must be furnished and installed by the HVAC Controls Contractor. This must include all power, interlock control wiring between the various components of the heating, ventilating and air conditioning system, lighting interlocks and all smoke detection system electrical wiring.

Electrical work performed under this Section must conform to requirements set forth in the Electrical Division(s) of the specifications. All wiring must be in accordance with

the National Electrical Code, and all State and local codes. Coordinate all requirements with the Electrical Sub-Contractor prior to bid and provide all as required.

All thermostat and humidistat boxes must be mounted 46" A.F.F. to the center of the box (ADA height). Where wall mounted CO_2 Sensors are indicated, they must be mounted 58" A.F.F to the center of the box. All wall mounted devices must be provided with hinged, locking metal covers with rounded edges. All equipment requiring wall mounted devices that use occupancy sensors must be provided with clear plastic hinged locking covers.

Provide drawings of system control and wiring diagrams, condensed operating instructions and specified sequences of operation. Include hard copy in Operating and Maintenance Manuals binder and digital copy on CD in PDF format. All components must be numbered and identified on the diagram. Laminate, frame under plastic and mount in each mechanical room in an optimally viewed location.

All work must be provided by an approved, independent HVAC Controls Contractor whose primary business is the installation and servicing of HVAC controls systems.

2.7. **Controls and Instrumentation Cable:** Instrumentation cable must be minimum AWG as recommended by the equipment Manufacturer or the HVAC controls system Manufacturer. The most stringent cable requirement must be provided. All wiring, cabling, conduit, connections, etc., must be plenum rated and rated for use at temperatures and conditions expected in the location of mounting. Do not attach any wiring, cabling or conduits to refrigerant piping.

2.8. **Wiring Diagrams:** Furnish to the Electrical Contractor for the specific makes and models of electric-motor operating equipment to be installed. **The Contractor must verify all voltage and power requirements with the Electrical Contractor, Electrical plans, and at the project site, prior to ordering equipment.**

2.9. **Modifications:** The cost of any modifications of the electrical power wiring, breakers, and/or control wiring conduit, etc. that is required for any items specified in Section 15700, or controls having electrical power requirements differing from those shown on the electrical drawings and/or as specified, must be the responsibility of the Mechanical Contractor.

PART 3. VIBRATION AND NOISE CONTROL

3.1. **General:** Elimination of objectionable vibration and noise is the responsibility of the Contractor, who must provide all foundations, spring isolators, flexible connections, air chambers, curbs, etc. required thereby. Pay special attention to vibration problems at year end site visit and correct all deficiencies noted.

3.2. **Vibration Isolation Pads - Indoor Units:** One layer of 3/4" thick, fire/heat resistant, continuous neoprene pad. Coordinate with details on plans.

3.3. **Sound Levels:** Sound levels caused by operation of pumps, fans, air handling systems, etc., whether generated within rooms or transmitted to rooms through ducts, walls or floors, pipes, etc., must not exceed specified NC rating at any point within room not more than 6 feet from an air outlet in accordance with ASHRAE octave band method. Offices, classrooms, conference rooms and similar spaces must have maximum NC-25; Corridors, batting cages and lobbies, NC-35; toilets, NC-40.

PART 4. TESTING, START-UP, BALANCING, ETC.

4.1. **General:** Conduct tests upon completion of the heating, ventilation and air conditioning installations, and at times as designated by the Architect. Furnish written reports to the Architect of all tests results. Provide copies of all test results in the Bound and Framed Instructions specified hereinbefore. Furnish all necessary personnel, test instruments, power, fuel, etc., as required to complete the specified requirements.

4.2. **Refrigerant Piping Testing:** The Mechanical Contractor must provide two tests for the refrigerant piping installation. The medium used for pressure testing the refrigerant system must be oxygen-free nitrogen, helium or argon. Oxygen, air, combustible gases and mixtures containing such gases must not be used as a test medium. Systems erected on the premises with tubing not exceeding 5/8 inch outside diameter must be allowed to use the refrigerant identified on the nameplate label or marking as the test medium.

The refrigerant piping system must be tested as a whole, or separate tests must be conducted for the low-pressure side and high-pressure side of the piping system. The refrigerant piping system must be tested in accordance with both of the following methods:

Test 1: The system must be pressurized for a period of not less than 60 minutes to not less than the lower of the design pressures or the setting of the pressure relief device(s). The design pressures for testing must be the pressure listed on the label nameplate of the condensing unit, compressor, compressor unit, pressure vessel or other system component with a nameplate. Additional test gas must not be added to the system after the start of the pressure test. The system must not show loss of pressure on the test pressure measuring device during the pressure test for a minimum 24 hours.

Test 2: A vacuum of 500 microns must be achieved. After achieving a vacuum, the system must be isolated from the vacuum pump. The system pressure must not rise above 1,500 microns for a period of not less than 60 minutes.

Where using refrigerant as a test medium as specified above, the test pressure must be not less than the saturation dew point pressure at 77°F.

4.3. **Ductwork for Systems Less Than 2,000 CFM:** The Mechanical Contractor must test all supply, return, relief and outside air, exhaust ducts, plenums and casings and make substantially airtight before covering with external insulation or concealing masonry. Substantially airtight must be construed to mean that no air leakage is noticeable to the senses of touch or sound at joints.

4.4. **Ductwork for Systems 2,000 CFM or Greater:** The Mechanical Contractor must test all supply, return, relief and outside air, exhaust ducts, plenums and casings and make airtight before covering with external insulation or concealing in masonry. Test supply ductwork under the positive pressure for the respective system. Test return and exhaust ducts, plenum and casing under a positive pressure of 0.75“WG. The maximum allowable leakage must be 10%. Vacuum clean ducts, plenums, casings and coils. Demonstrate operation of fire dampers before testing and starting. Check that flexible connections are installed in folds (not pulled tight) and not transmitting vibration.

4.5. **Domestic Water Circulating System:** The Testing and Balancing Contractor must test and adjust domestic water recirculation system to ensure hot water circulation in all mains. Provide flow rate of pump and determined head.

4.6. **Performance Tests:** After cleaning, balancing, and testing are completed as specified, test each system as a whole to see that all items perform as integral parts of the system, and that temperatures and conditions are evenly controlled throughout the building. Verify all sequences of operation and submit report. Make corrections and adjustments as necessary to produce the indicated conditions.

All work must be performed by an independent test and balancing agency whose primary business is the testing and balancing of heating and air conditioning systems and its related components. The Test and Balancing Contractor must hold a current NEBB or AABC certification. Proof of certification must be provided at the submittal stage.

The test must cover a period of not less than three days and must demonstrate that the entire system is functioning properly. Provide the following:

Date of testing, space temperature and humidity, outdoor air temperature (DB & WB), air temperature entering condenser coil; and load amperes for all motors. Also, provide CFM readings at all grilles, registers and diffusers and entering and leaving air temperatures at each evaporator coil.

Provide a typed list indicating job setting of all automatic controls. Include settings of thermostats, humidity controls, CO_2 sensors, safety controls, minimum damper settings, fire-safety thermostats, pressure controls, temperature controls, and other similar items. Tabulate to show type of control, location, setting and function. Verify that all safety settings and limits are appropriate and comply with current safety Codes and Regulations for the respective system.

After building is occupied, adjust as requested by Owner.

4.7. **Balancing:** The Testing and Balancing Contractor must check airflow at all supply air, return air and exhaust air devices, all diffusers and outside air intakes with a recently calibrated direct-reading velocity instrument. Adjust systems to deliver, supply air, return air, outside air and exhaust air quantities to within 10 percent of the indicated amounts. Provide instruments and otherwise assist the Architect in checking balancing at final site visit.

4.8. **Settings:** Contractor must permanently mark the settings of all valves, dampers, and other adjustment devices in a manner that will allow the settings to be restored. If a balancing device is provided with a memory stop, it must permit the closing and reopening of the device to its balanced position.

4.9. **Unit Protection Verification:** The Test and Balance Contractor, with cooperation from the Mechanical Contractor, must verify that all phase protection specified has been installed where specified, and installed per the Manufacturer's requirements. The verification of this requirement must be furnished in tabular form with findings included in the test and balance report. The summary must list all equipment specified to have the protection, verification that the device is installed per the Manufacturer's recommendation and has been programmed to the Owner's requirements.

4.10. **Test Data:** The Testing and Balancing Contractor must submit typewritten report as specified above. Include schedules of readings taken during the testing and

balancing operations and a line diagram or plan of the system indicating specified quantities and final balanced quantities **seven (7) days prior to final site visit**. **The Alabama Department of Construction Management (DCM) will cancel on-site, the site visit if the test and balance report has not been submitted as specified. Failure to comply with this provision will be cause for cancellation of the site visit, and a reinspection fee imposed, with all costs of the re-inspection to be borne by the Contractor. No final site visit must be made without this data.** Report the required or specified reading, the first reading taken, and final balanced reading for the following items:

Fans: Size, type, fan motor speed in rpm, outlet velocity in fpm, static pressure inches water, air quantity in cfm, and motor load in amperes.

Air Handling Equipment: Size, type, fan speed in rpm, outlet velocity in fpm, external static pressure inches water, total static pressure inches water, air quantity cfm, and motor load in amperes.

All Air Outlets and Inlets: Size, velocity in fpm, and air quantity in cfm.

Coils: CFM, size, face velocity in fpm; air temperature entering coil and air temperature leaving coil, wet-bulb and dry-bulb degrees F.

Refrigerant Hot Gas Reheat Coils: The Mechanical Contractor, with assistance from the Testing and Balancing Contractor, must adjust the humidistat so that the hot gas reheat coil valve opens. Verify modulation of the coil valve. Provide coil size, face velocity in fpm; air temperature entering coil and air temperature leaving coil, wet-bulb and dry-bulb degrees F.

Ducts: Size, velocity in fpm, and air quantity in cfm.

Heat Pumps Auxiliary Heaters: Provide heater capacity (KW), amperage loads and number of stages of heat.

Air Cooled Condenser Sections of All Outdoor Units: Air temperature entering condenser coil; refrigerant suction temperature and pressure at compressor and evaporator coil; condensing temperature and pressure and load amperes for all motors.

4.11. **Control Settings:** In cooperation with the HVAC Controls Contractor and/or the Mechanical Contractor as required, must calibrate, adjust, and verify sequences of operation and the control systems, including the refrigerant hot gas reheat coils, to show that the requirements of these specifications have been met.

Verify all specified sequences of operation and provide report.

Provide a tabulation of setting on all controls indicating set point and throttling range, etc. after controls and systems have been finally adjusted. Include settings on safety controls and cutouts. Verify that all safety settings and limits are appropriate and comply with current safety Codes and Regulations for the respective system. Provide a typed list indicating job setting of all automatic controls. Include settings of thermostats, humidity controls, CO_2 sensors, safety controls, minimum damper settings, fire-safety thermostats, pressure controls, temperature controls, and other similar items. Tabulate to show type of control, location, setting and function. Verify that all safety settings and limits are appropriate and comply with current safety Codes and Regulations for the respective system.

4.12. **Seasonal Adjustments:** At the beginning of the first heating season adjust and balance operating phases and repeat at the beginning of the first cooling season or vice versa as requested by the Architect or Owner.

4.13. **Notification:** Notify the Architect one week prior to all testing. The Contractor must provide all testing equipment and must furnish written reports to Architect of all tests results. Additionally, provide copies in the Bound and Framed Instructions specified hereinbefore.

PART 5. SHEET METAL DUCT WORK (LOW VELOCITY 2" S.P.)

5.1. **General Scope:** Provide as shown and as required for the air conditioning, heating and ventilation systems. Make changes in dimensions, offsets or crossovers as necessary to clear piping, lights and structural members, and to maintain scheduled headroom. Provide all accessories required. Refer to architectural drawings and specifications.

All exposed internally lined or double wall ductwork must be paint grip finished or must be primed in the field to receive paint. Refer to Architectural section “Painting” for painting of exposed ductwork. In case of the absence of painting requirements in the aforementioned Specification Section(s), the interior and exterior of ductwork visible from any finished space must be cleaned, primed and painted with two coats of paint as directed by the Architect. Ductwork visible through all grilles, registers, diffusers, ceilings, etc. must be painted flat black with paint having a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84.

5.2. **Protection of Interior of Duct from Debris:** ALL open portions of ductwork must be covered with a self-adhesive film or airtight sheet metal caps to prevent the intrusion of contaminates. All duct taps, duct take-offs, etc., must be protected immediately after the tap, take-off, etc. has been fabricated in the field. When sections of sheet metal are delivered to the facility for fabrication in the field, which cannot be protected with the specified material, the sheet metal must be covered with Visqueen. Prior to erecting the same, ductwork must be manually cleaned to remove all dust, dirt and construction debris. All ductwork must be erected clean. After each section of ductwork is erected, immediately protect all openings as specified herein before. In effect, there must be no ductwork opening that is exposed to the ambient air. The material must be a minimum 3-mil thickness and have a minimum tensile strength of 10 psi. It must be UV resistant, waterproof and recyclable. Material must be DuroDyne Dyn-O-Wrap or approved equivalent. **Any ductwork discovered to be unprotected as specified is subject to immediate rejection for use on this project.**

5.3. **Protection of Interior Ductwork and Equipment When Any Air Moving Equipment is Operating During Construction and Prior to Owner’s Occupancy:** It is the Mechanical Contractor’s responsibility to ensure the inside of each air handling unit and associated air distribution system is kept clean and not allow construction dust to infiltrate the system. Should the system become contaminated as determined by Architect, Engineer or Owner, the Mechanical Contractor must be responsible for cleaning.

If air moving equipment must be used during construction, temporary filtration media with a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 8, as determined by ASHRAE 52.2 and must be installed at each return air grille, return air register, exhaust grille, exhaust register, and unit return air inlet.

The General Contractor must make a written request to the Architect for permission to temporarily operate any equipment during construction. The request must be made a minimum of seven (7) days prior to the desired date of the interruption. Do not operate any equipment without the Architect's written approval.

5.4. **Sizes:** Take measurements at job and fit work into available space. Report to the Architect any unworkable conditions encountered and alter layout or duct sizes as directed without additional cost to the Owner or the Owner's Project Design Professionals. Unless otherwise approved, conform to dimensions indicated. Duct dimensions shown indicate NET FREE AREA after installation of duct liner; increase sizes indicated to allow, therefore.

5.5. **Sheet Metal:** ARMCO, or equal, prime quality, G-90 galvanized sheet steel conforming to ASTM A653. Unless indicated otherwise on the plans, gauges must be as recommended in SMACNA "Duct Construction Standards", 4th Edition, 2020 **but in no case must be less than listed in the table below for the respective duct largest dimension or diameter**. **No 26 gauge ductwork is allowed unless specified otherwise.**

4 to 18 inches	24 ga.
19 to 30 inches	22 ga.
31 to 42 inches	20 ga.
43 to 84 inches	18 ga.

5.6. **Acceptable Manufacturers:** McGill Airflow, Southeastern Metals (SEMCO), Hamlin Sheet Metal, ECCO Manufacturing, Conklin, Spiral Systems Inc, Hranec or Eastern Sheet Metal, Inc.

5.7. **General Fabrication:** Construct and erect in a skillful manner, meeting requirement of the current SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards", 4th Edition, 2020 for 2" static pressure unless noted or specified otherwise. **Where conflicts occur between current SMACNA requirements and the contract drawings or these specifications, the most stringent requirements must apply. In general, the heaviest gauge metal and the strictest installation/fabrication methods must be provided.**

Form straight and smooth on the inside, with joints neatly finished. Make up in sections of such length that mechanic can reach through the open end to seal insulation at previous joint. Assemble and anchor to be completely free from vibration and drumming under all conditions of operation.

Make takeoffs at round and rectangular ducts with factory fabricated round-to-rectangular and rectangular-to-round transitions as applicable.

Do not make any supply, return or exhaust air branch takeoffs from the bottom or top of the respective supply, return or exhaust air main ducts. All take-offs must be made from the sides of ducts unless absolutely necessary.

All rectangular ductwork traverse joints over 23" must be made with all metal DuctMate joints system manufactured by DuctMate Industries, Inc., Quikduc Transverse Duct Connection Systems or Duro Dyne Dyn-O-Mate. DuctMate system must be installed in strict accordance with current SMACNA and Manufacturer's recommendations and instructions.

Where ductwork penetrates non-rated partitions above the ceiling or insulation support/attic air barriers, draft stops and similar partitions, the openings must be

sized as required for duct and insulation, plus 2” and sealed as specified below. Provide duct supports as specified within 12” of each side of the partition penetrated. **DO NOT ALLOW DUCT TO REST ON PARTITION WALLS**.

Demolish and modify existing roof, walls, floors, partitions and ceilings as required to accomplish the required work. Remove existing ductwork, valves, hangers, supports, existing piping, etc. and saw cut or core drill new and existing floors, walls, partitions, ceilings, etc., as required to install new piping, duct, etc. Do not reuse any existing hangers, supports, valves, piping, duct, etc. All items must be new. All roofing work must be provided by the roofing Contractor. Roofing work required for existing roofs must be by the roofing Contractor that provided warranty.

All penetrations of new floors and partitions are required to be built-in as work progresses. All penetrations of new construction that were not built-in as required by these specifications, and all new penetrations of existing floors, walls and partitions must be core drilled or sawcut large enough to allow all conduits, piping, ductwork, firestopping assemblies, etc., to continue uninterrupted, and to provide proper firestopping of the penetration as required to install new items as shown and/or specified.

Reconstruction and repair of the demolished/modified items must be as directed by the Architect. Coordinate demolition and repairing/rebuilding of items with General Contractor prior to bid to allow for installation of the new items as required.

Where penetration occurs at rated assemblies, provide appropriate fire damper and install as specified and detailed.

Where penetration occurs at non-rated assemblies, the maximum allowable gap/void around the duct penetration must be 2”. Any penetration larger than 2” must be filled to the 2” mark using the same materials used to construct the assembly. Thereafter, the penetration between the assembly and the duct must be filled with fire resistant mineral wool insulation and sealed on both sides of the assembly with a fire stopping compound to prevent the passage of smoke and fire. After sealing, provide a 6" wide, 16 gauge galvanized steel closure plate around the penetration on each side of the assembly. Closure plates must fit snugly to the duct and must be secured to the wall. All ductwork and closure plates that are exposed to view in finished areas must be primed and painted as directed by the Architect. **Do not install closure plates until Engineer or Architect has verified the proper sealing of the penetration. If closure plates are installed prior to the Architect’s or Engineer’s inspection, they will be removed to verify proper sealing as specified above.**

Provide additional supports to raise ductwork off any metallic item above the ceiling. Wherever any bare metallic piping, conduits and metallic structural members are in contact with externally insulated duct or bare sheet metal duct, there must be dielectric separation provided. The Contractor must provide 3/4” thickness, **unslit** AP Armaflex insulation of sufficient inside tubular diameter to snuggly and completely cover the respective metallic item. The insulation must extend the full length of the affected area plus 6” on both sides. Refer to Part “Pipe Insulation and Miscellaneous Insulation Work” in this division for AP Armaflex material specification. The use of Rubatex insulation between piping and the ductwork will only be allowed when providing the proper supports is not an option.

Refer to Paragraph “Hangers and Supports” in this Section 15700 for additional requirements.

5.8. **Exposed Ductwork:** Install tight against the wall, overhead structure or ceiling with drive slip joints and other supports as required. Refer to Architectural plans for duct locations. If duct locations are not shown on the Architectural plans, coordinate locations with the Architect prior to fabricating or installing any ductwork.

Required openings in exterior perimeter walls, and interior walls and partitions must be sawcut or properly blocked out and present a neat appearance. Where penetration occurs at rated assemblies, provide appropriate fire damper and install as specified and detailed. Where penetration occurs at non-rated assemblies, it must be installed as specified hereinbefore in Paragraph, General Fabrication.

All ductwork and closure plates that are exposed to view in finished areas must be primed and painted as directed by the Architect. Penetrations and closure of the penetrations must be as specified above. **Do not install closure plates until Engineer or Architect has verified the proper sealing of the penetration. If closure plates are installed prior to the Architect's or Engineer's inspection, they will be removed to verify proper sealing as specified above.**

All exposed rectangular ductwork traverse joints must be made with all metal DuctMate joints system manufactured by DuctMate Industries, Inc., Quikduc Transverse Duct Connection Systems, Duro Dyne Dyn-O-Mate or approved equivalent. DuctMate system must be installed in strict accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible, 4th Edition (2020) and Manufacturer's recommendations and instructions.

All exposed internally lined or double wall ductwork must be paint grip finished or must be primed in the field to receive two coats of paint. Refer to Architectural section "Painting" for painting of exposed ductwork. In the absence of painting requirements in the aforementioned Specification Section(s), the exterior of ductwork visible from any finished space must be cleaned, primed and painted with two coats of paint as directed by the Architect.

Ductwork visible through all grilles, registers, diffusers, ceilings, etc. must be painted flat black with paint having a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84.

5.9. **Cross-Joints, Seams, Stiffening and Sealing:** Join and stiffen with combination of joint types, connectors and structural angles that are a minimum of two gauges heavier than the duct for the sizes shown as recommended in current SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards", 4th Edition, 2020. **Cross break all flat areas over 35 inches wide.** Install internal ends of slip joints in the direction of flow.

All transverse joints with long dimension over 23" must be made with all metal DuctMate joints system manufactured by DuctMate Industries, Inc., Quikduc Transverse Duct Connection Systems or Dyn-O-Mate with roll-formed flanges, corner pieces, gasket, and cleat. The system used must be installed in strict accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible, 4th Edition (2020) and Manufacturer's recommendations and instructions.

Make all cross joints and all branch, grille and diffuser take-offs, except DuctMate joints, airtight by applying fibrated, low VOC, LEED v4 (UL 2818) compliant duct sealer. Sealer must meet and pass UL 181B-M, ASTM G21 (fungus resistant), ASTM D5590, NFPA 90A/90B and EPA/NSF/ANSI regulations. Sealer must meet the requirements for the pressure classification of the ductwork installed.

The sealant must be Hardcast Iron Grip 601, Duro Dyne Duro Seal EDS-RS, Design Polymerics DP1020 or United McGill Uni-Mastic 181.

5.10. **Branch Ducts to Diffusers:** Round runouts to diffusers, up to and including 14" round, must be 24 ga., G-60 galvanized, DuctMate Series GreenSeam +Snap Lock pipe with factory sealed longitudinal and transverse gaskets. Gasket for GreenSeam +Snap Lock pipe must contain antioxidants, fungicides, adhesion promoters, zero VOCs and must meet or exceed ASTM E-84 test requirements. 16" round to 20" round runouts must be 24 ga. and equal to DuctMate Series Reeves Lock Pipe, G-60 galvanized pipe.

5.11. **Branch Duct Take-Off:** Provide at all points where branch ducts take off from trunks, and where ducts divide. Refer to details on the drawings. Damper must be minimum 22 Ga., G-90 Galvanized steel with 2" build out. Body must be a minimum of 24 Ga., G-90, galvanized steel with 4" W.G. construction. Fitting must have 1" flange with corner clips, pre-punched mounting holes and adhesive coated gasket. Take-off must be Flexmaster LDS, BO3, GSI HETO, HTS2, Elgen HETO or Crown 3300-DS2.

5.12. **Turns and Transitions:** Fabricate turns with an inside radius equal to width of duct. At 90-degree turns, Contractor may substitute square elbows, with standard factory-made, multiple, double-blade constructed vanes. Vanes must be a double wall, true airfoil contour with smoothly rounded entry nose with extended trailing edge. Vanes must be formed from a single piece of 26 ga., hot dipped galvanized steel and must be 3" radiused vanes on 2.4" centers. Vanes must be provided with two (2) tie rods and continuous internal tubes for stiffening and rigidity. Maximum pressure drop must be .06" W.G. at 1500 FPM. Generated sound power level must not exceed 54 decibels in band 4 at 2000 FPM (24"x24" duct size). **Single wall turning vanes are not allowed.** Vanes must be manufactured by Aero/Dyne Series HEP, Duro Dyne HTV/DHV, DuctMate, Hamlin Sheetmetal or Spiral Systems Inc. Avoid abrupt changes in shape, with a slope of 4:1, the minimum allowed.

5.13. **Return Air Platforms:** Return air platforms must be constructed with 1-1/2"x1-1/2"x1/4" steel angle iron frame and 18 ga. G-90 galvanized steel all sides, top and bottom, then sealed airtight by welding or soldering. Insulate all sheet metal sides, top and bottoms with 2" thickness, 1.5 lb. density, unfaced duct liner, same as internally lined ductwork. Provide angle iron supplemental supports and pedestal type pipe columns to support the units and allow individuals to stand on the platform without platform deformation or failure. Platforms must be a minimum of 24" tall, or as space permits. The bottom of all wall mounted return air registers that are connected to the return air platform must be approximately 6" above the finish floor, i.e., above the Architectural base.

No combustibles are allowed within the return air platform.

5.14. **Motorized Dampers Used with Automatic Controls:** See Controls at the end of Section 15700.

5.15. **Volume Dampers:** For round ducts less than 12" diameter and rectangular ducts less than 12" in height in either dimension: Class 1A leakage, single leaf, blade constructed with 20-gauge galvanized metal frame and locking type control quadrant, single center U-bolt and pivot rod extending through opposite side of duct with brass bushing at both ends. Dampers must be manufactured by Ruskin MD-35, United Enertech MD-105, Greenheck MBD-10, Nailor 1820 or Pottorff CBD-01.

5.16. **Volume Dampers:** For round ducts greater than or equal to 12" diameter or rectangular ducts greater than or equal to 12" height in either direction, provide

opposed blade, airfoil blades of 16 ga.-galvanized steel mounted in steel frames by 3/8" steel trunnions riding in brass bushing with dual U-bolts. Blade width must not exceed 10 inches and individual blade length must not exceed 48 inches. Extend one trunnion to permit operation from outside the duct. Provide manually operated dampers with cadmium plated steel locking quadrant. Dampers opening to the outside must have felt edges. Dampers must be manufactured by Ruskin MD-35, United Enertech MD-105, Greenheck MBD-15, Nailor 1120 or Pottorff CBD-01.

5.17. **Stand-Off Mounting Brackets:** Locking-type quadrant operators for dampers, when installed on ducts to be externally insulated, must be provided with standoff mounting brackets, bases and adapters as required to provide clearance between the duct surface and the operator not less than 2" greater than the thickness of the insulation. Standoff mounting items must be integral with the operator or standard accessory of the damper Manufacturer as specified above.

5.18. **Duct Instrument Test Holes:** Provide for each system four test holes (two in supply duct and two in return air plenum) at opposite ends near air handling units with screwed caps. In addition, at duct mounted coils and electric duct heaters provide one on either side of the coil or duct heater.

5.19. **Flexible Connections and Bonding Jumpers:** Install so that the cloth is in folds (not drawn tight). Connect all ducts to air handling equipment and fans, except dome type fans, with preassembled flexible connection. Fabric width must be 6" for all air handling equipment. Ceiling mounted exhaust fans may be 4" width.

Connectors for all air handling equipment must be a factory fabricated and assembled unit with 6" dual fabric, heavy duty, 20 oz/sq. yd polyester/polyester fabric with flame resistant coating and mildew resistant per ASTM G-21. The assembly must comply with NFPA 701, NFPA 90A, NFPA 90B and ASTM E-84. The unit must be constructed of a minimum of 24 ga. galvanized steel meeting ASTM A-653-94-G60. Metal to fabric connectors must be double locked, airtight and waterproof to 10" W.C. positive pressure and 10" W.C. negative pressure. The assembly must be DuctMate PROflex with power lock connection or approved equivalent by DuroDyne.

Flexible connections for ceiling exhaust fans must be preassembled flexible connection of 29 ounce fire-resistant, neoprene coated glass fiber cloth equal to Ventfabrics "Ventglas" (4" fabric width) and manufactured by Ventfabrics, Wiremold or Thermaflex.

Provide preassembled flexible connections for all ducts that cross building expansion joints. Flexible connections must be 6" in width as specified hereinbefore. Coordinate requirement with Architectural plans and provide as required.

Externally insulate all flexible connectors to prevent condensation with 2" thickness external duct insulation as specified later in this section. **Do not insulate flexible connectors until the installation of the below specified bonding jumper has been verified.**

Prior to insulating, provide copper jumpers across all flexible connectors taking care that jumpers do not bind flexible connections. Provide compression lug and grounding connector screwed into the duct with one (1) screw, on both side of the flexible connector. Bonding wire must be minimum shielded 12 AWG.

5.20. **Miscellaneous Bonding/Grounding of Metallic Items:** Wherever any bare metallic piping, conduit, structural elements or any other metallic assembly is in contact with externally insulated duct or bare sheet metal duct, bonding/grounding must be

provided. The Contractor must provide 1/2" thickness, unslit AP Armaflex insulation of sufficient inside tubular diameter to snuggly and completely cover the respective metallic item. The insulation must extend the full length of the affected area. Where channel shapes are used, orient the open side of the Unistrut assembly down. Materials that are not supported by Unistrut, sheet Armaflex must be used provided it is properly attached to the duct or affected items. Refer to Part "Pipe Insulation and Miscellaneous Insulation Work" for AP Armaflex material and installation methods specification.

5.21. **Register and Grille Connections:** Where take-offs are in the side of a duct, clinch lock short tee sections onto trunk. Install collars with slip joints and 3/4" flange at outlet end. At sheetrock and other hard surfaces, set the collars exactly flush with surface.

Install boots above lay-in ceilings simultaneously with ceiling work.

At return air, relief air and exhaust air grilles 36" or more in either dimension, collars must be 1" x 2" x 1/8 inch steel angle frames with corners mitered, welded and ground smooth. Frames in the ceiling must be independently suspended from the ceiling structure, or the duct must have special reinforcing to prevent sagging of the boot.

The interior of all ductwork visible through grilles and diffusers must be painted flat black with paint having a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84.

5.22. **Hangers and Supports:** **Duct hangers must NOT penetrate the external insulation vapor barrier. All duct hanger materials must be external of the insulation materials, insulation jacket and vapor barriers. All vapor barriers must be continuous and without penetrations.** All supports, assemblies, related components, attachments and required appurtenances must be sized for a minimum of 300% (3 times) the anticipated load carried by the respective assembly. Where the Contractor has doubts about proper supporting requirements, he must consult with, and seek the guidance of, the Architect and the Structural Engineer.

Where duct supports are specified to be a Unistrut assembly, the Unistrut must be painted, powder coated, epoxy or plastic, same as specified above and in Section 15010, Part 4, Para. Coatings and Finishes. Duct Unistrut support assemblies of galvanized, zinc and similarly coated items are considered to **NOT** be coated. All must be painted, powder coated, epoxy or plastic coated. Hanger rods and associated bolts, and clamps on Unistrut assemblies are not required to be painted.

All paint and coatings must have a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84.

"Sammy" bolts are prohibited. Contractor must provide supplemental steel between structural purloins, bar joists, etc., for duct support as required to meet support spacing specified. Supplemental steel must be welded in place as directed and specified by the Structural Engineer. Support small (less than 40 united (w+h) inches) horizontal ducts without external insulation with 1-1/4" x 20 ga. band hangers. Provide in pairs close to each transverse joint and in no case more than six feet apart. Bands must be turned 3" under the lower corner of ductwork and fastened with one (1) self-tapping screw into the bottom of the duct surface. Bands must be attached up the sides of the ductwork at a maximum of 6" intervals and in the bottom of the duct. Seal all screws with duct sealer as specified for ductwork.

Support vertical runs larger than 40 united (w + h) inches with structural brackets with welded joints.

Support all non-externally insulated horizontal ducts larger than or equal to 40 united (w+h) inches on trapeze type hanger assembly same as specified below for externally insulated duct except without AP Armaflex surround on the Unistrut. Install inserts or clamps as required to accommodate overhead construction. Spacing must not exceed 6 feet.

All 14” or less concealed round ducts with external insulation must be provided with band hangers and saddles. Suspend ducts, at six (6) foot intervals with 8” long, 3” wide, 22 gauge galvanized metal saddles hung from structure with 22 gauge, 1” wide straps. Bands must pass completely under and around round ducts. Loop strap under duct and attach to strap with two (2) galvanized bolts. Thereafter, loop top end of hanger over steel structural members above and fasten with two (2) galvanized bolts. Where concrete joists occur overhead, secure straps to side of joist with galvanized expansion or ramset bolts. Where flat concrete surface occurs overhead, secure with ramset or expansion bolt fasteners. See other Specification Sections in the Contract Documents for limitations on use of power driven fasteners.

All concealed and externally insulated rigid round metal ducts greater than or equal to 16”, all externally insulated rectangular ductwork, all externally insulated square ductwork, and all externally insulated flat oval ductwork that is specified to have external insulation with a vapor sealed facing **must be supported with trapeze hangers consisting of Unistrut, threaded rods and inserts or clamps as required to accommodate overhead construction.** Threaded rods must be of size required to provide support of 300% (3x) the anticipated load of the assembly. Trapeze hanger assembly spacing must not exceed 8 feet. Hanger rods must not be in contact with external duct insulation nor metal duct work.

Where ducts are specified to have external insulation with a vapor sealed facing, support duct on trapeze hangers consisting of a Unistrut assembly with threaded rods.

On externally insulated ducts, install 3/4” thickness, **unslit** AP Armaflex insulation of sufficient inside tubular diameter to slide over the Unistrut support, completely cover and snuggly fit to the bottom horizontal Unistrut duct support. The AP Armaflex insulation must extend the full width of the insulated/uninsulated duct plus a minimum of 6”, each side. Space hanger rods a minimum of 6” (maximum of 12”) from the sides of the ductwork to permit the duct to be placed within the trapeze hanger assembly without being in contact with the externally insulated ductwork or bare metal ductwork. Where channel type Unistrut shapes are used, orient the open side, down. Refer to Part “Pipe Insulation and Miscellaneous Insulation Work” for AP Armaflex material and installation methods specification.

All concealed internally insulated round ducts must be supported as specified above for externally insulated ductwork except without insulation saddle. Coordinate exposed duct support requirements with plan details.

Wherever any duct hanger support exceeds 36” length from the top of the supported duct to the structure above, do not use band hangers. The Contractor must provide a Unistrut support assembly and provide bracing of the assembly with minimum 1”x1”x1/4” angle iron, all as required for minimum 300% (3x) the weight of the assembly supported, and to prevent swaying of the duct work. Weld angle iron to or attach to the Unistrut assembly and then attach to the overhead structure. The entire

support/bracing/sway bracing assembly must be as directed by the Architect and the Structural Engineer.

Where the ducts rise at the outside walls, the Contractor must provide a welded chair assembly, required support, attachments and related and required appurtenances. The duct riser at the outside wall must maintain a distance between the wall and the finished insulated assembly as required to insulate the back side of the ductwork.

Where trapeze type hangers or DuctMate is used to support exposed ductwork in finished areas, the width of the support must not exceed the duct width by more than six (6) inches on either side of the duct.

5.23. **Roof Exhaust Caps:** For exhaust ducts up to and including 12x12, must be low profile, sloped, galvanized steel construction with built-in bird screen, integral flashing flange and all accessories required for a complete installation. The cap must be Greenheck Series RJ, Cook Gemini RJ, Fantech RC or equivalent as required for sloped shingle roofs. Provide similar device for standing seam metal roofs or flat roofs as required by the roofing Manufacturer. All items furnished must adhere to roofing Manufacturer's requirements so as not to void the roofing warranty. Hoods must be factory primed for painting in the field or factory baked enamel finish as selected by the Architect.

5.24. **Roof Intake and Relief Hoods:** Greenheck Series FGI/FGR, Loren-Cook GI/GR, CaptiveAire EV-CA & IV-CA or Carnes Series GI/GE, low silhouette, for flat or sloped roof as required, 18 ga. aluminum or 20 ga. galvanized steel construction unit with welded joints, Hi-Pro Polyester or Lorenized polyester coating with standard or optional premium color selection must be by the Architect. Hoods must be complete with 1/2" aluminum bird screen, rain gutter, weather baffle, 10" high (exhaust/relief) or 14" high (intake) height NRCA approved roof curb for flat or sloped roof as required, with built-in cant strip, integral fiberglass insulation and wood nailer. All hoods smaller than 24"x24" must be hinged type. All intakes, relief or exhaust vents greater than 12x12 must be 125 MPH rated. Maximum intake face velocity of 250 FPM, maximum throat velocity of 500 FPM and .05" WC maximum pressure drop. Maximum relief throat velocity of 600 FPM, maximum 300 FPM face velocity and .05" WC maximum pressure drop. Hood, throat and curb cap must be minimum 18ga.

Roof curbs must be painted with two coats of non-reflective paint. The paint type and color must be selected by Architect. All roof curbs furnished must adhere to the roofing Manufacturer's requirements so as not to void the roofing warranty. The top of all roof curbs must be level with pitch built into curb when deck slopes 3/8 of an inch per foot or more. Coordinate with architectural and structural plans for required slope.

Coordinate roof curb and interface in the building roofing system, flat or sloped roof, and verify minimum net height to be as required by Code or as required by Architect. Refer to architectural specification and plans for additional requirements. All roof curbs interfacing must comply with the Architectural requirements. Coordinate and provide as required.

5.25. **Flexible Air Ducts:** Flexible air duct must be factory made and composed of an inner duct of woven and coated fiberglass providing an air seal and permanently bonded to coated steel wire helix, a fiberglass insulating blanket and low permeability outer vapor barrier of fiberglass reinforced metallized film laminate. R-value must be a minimum R=8 per ASTM C-518.

Duct must be rated for a maximum pressure of 16" (4-10 in. ID) or 10" (12-16 in. ID) water column positive and 2" water column maximum negative pressure and 5000

FPM maximum velocity and Listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., under UL Standard 181 as a Class 1 air duct and complying with NFPA Standards 90A and 90B. Duct must have a maximum flame spread of 25 and a maximum smoke developed rating of 50.

Flexible duct length must not exceed six (6) feet. Supply each duct with 1/2" wide, 200 Series **stainless steel worm gear driver and stainless steel band** at take-off fitting and supply fixture connections equal to Thermaflex Snaplock clamp. Zip tying is not allowed.

Suspend ducts, at three (3) foot intervals with 8” long, 3” wide, 22 gauge galvanized metal saddles hung from structure with 22 gauge 1” wide straps. Loop strap under duct and attach to strap with two (2) galvanized bolts. Thereafter, loop top end of hanger over steel structural members above and fasten with two (2) galvanized bolts. Branch duct connectors for connecting round low velocity branches to rectangular low velocity trunks must be factory fabricated rectangular to round or round to rectangular (as applicable) take-off fittings as detailed on the drawings with damper and standoff mounting bracket.

Provide a full size radiused, 90 degree galvanized sheet metal elbow transition piece from flexible duct connection to each diffuser boot/neck. Where conditions in the field do not allow for 90 degree elbow, a 45 degree full size radiused elbow must be used. Note that this provision to use a 45 degree full radiused elbow must not be used when a 90 degree elbow can be otherwise provided. Elbow gauge must be as specified hereinbefore in Part, “Sheet Metal Ductwork” for respective duct size.

Seal all joint connections as specified.

The flexible duct must be GreenGuard Level 4 certified, Thermaflex M-KE, ATCO UPC #031 or Flexmaster Type 1M.

5.26. **Factory Fabricated Duct and Fittings (PHP-A):** Return air ducts to be single wall as specified above. All round and rectangular supply air ducts and fittings must be factory fabricated and insulated equal to McGill Airflow K27 with metal perforated inner shell. Duct to duct joints in diameters up to 48", and 42" major axis and 24" minor axis must be by the use of sleeve couplings, reinforced by rolled beads. All duct-to-duct connections or duct to fitting connections for exposed double wall ductwork, regardless of size, must be provided with factory-fabricated couplings to provide a neat, smooth appearance tack welds and rated for 2” static pressure. All divided flow fittings must be manufactured as separate fittings, not as tap collars welded into spiral duct sections**.** Do not cut the duct in the field for take-offs, etc. without approval from the Architect or the Engineer.

Insulation must be Acousti-Line with EPA registered anti-microbial, erosion-resistant acrylic coating. The coating must resist the growth of fungus and bacteria as determined by ASTM C 1071, ASTM G21 and ASTM G22. The insulation thickness must be 1” thickness where exposed within the conditioned space and 2” thickness where concealed. Ductwork must comply with NFPA 90A.

Provide as shown and as required for the air conditioning, heating and ventilation systems. Make changes in dimensions, offsets or crossovers as necessary to clear piping, lights and structural members, and to maintain scheduled headroom. Provide all accessories required.

Construction and installation must comply with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible, 4th Edition (2020). Required duct gages must be same as specified in Part Sheet Metal Duct Work (Low Velocity 2" S.P.). Where conflicts occur between current SMACNA requirements and the contract drawings or specifications, the most stringent requirements must apply. In general, the heaviest gauge metal and the strictest installation/fabrication methods must be provided.

All duct-to-duct connections or duct to fitting connections for exposed double wall ductwork, regardless of size, must be provided with factory-fabricated couplings to provide a neat, smooth appearance. All factory-fabricated ducts must be shipped from the factory with factory installed heavy duty protective plastic to cover duct and all openings.

Where ductwork is indicated or specified to be exposed to view in occupied spaces, provide materials which are free from visual imperfections, including pitting, dents and other imperfections including those which would impair post painting. Exposed to view ductwork must be as outlined above. Any ductwork installed, which is damaged, must be replaced at no cost to the Owner, at the discretion of the Architect.

Provide additional supports to raise ductwork off any metallic item or as a minimum, provide Rubatex insulation between ductwork and the respective metallic item. The use of Rubatex insulation between piping and the ductwork will only be allowed when providing supports is not an option.

Refer to architectural drawings and specifications. Refer to Architectural section “Painting” for painting of exposed ductwork. In case of the absence of painting requirements in the aforementioned Specification Section(s), the interior and exterior of ductwork visible from any finished space must be cleaned, primed and painted with two coats of paint, as directed by the Architect. Ductwork visible through all grilles, registers, diffusers, ceilings, etc. must be painted flat black with paint having a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84.

Manufacturers must be McGill Airflow, Southeastern Metals (SEMCO), Hamlin Sheet Metal, ECCO Manufacturing, Conklin, Spiral Systems Inc, Hranec or Eastern Sheet Metal, Inc.

PART 6. CLOTHES DRYER VENT/EXHAUST

6.1. **General:** Provide as shown on the plan and related details.

6.2. **Supports**: Exhaust ducts must be supported at 4-foot intervals and secured in place. The insert end of the duct must extend into the adjoining duct or fitting in the direction of airflow. Vents must not be joined with screws or similar fasteners that protrude into the inside of the exhaust duct.

6.3. **Residential Dryers:** Must have a smooth interior finish and must be constructed of galvanized steel with a minimum 0.028-inch (No. 24 gage) thick with cap and backdraft damper. The exhaust duct size must be 4 inches nominal in diameter. Furnish submittal of the venting materials for review.

6.4. **Residential Dryer Vent/Exhaust Elbows:** Provide 90º or 45º smooth radius, zero code required run-length reduction. Elbows must be “Dryer-Ell” by InOvate Technologies, Inc. Series LT90 or LT45 or approved equivalent.

6.5. **Residential Dryer Roof Cap:** Must be Dryer Jack Model DJK477 or Model 486U, as required for roof pitch, IMC 504 compliant assembly, 26 ga. galvanized construction, low profile roof vent cap with all accessories required for a complete and properly functioning installation manufactured by InOvate Technologies or approved equivalent. Coordinate all requirements with the roof Contractor for roofing warranty compliance prior to ordering. After installation, paint as directed by the Architect.

6.6. **Residential Dryer Wall Box:** Must be 22 ga. aluminized steel construction for up flow arrangement and with all accessories required for a complete and functional installation. Assembly must be Dryer Box DB-480 manufactured by InOvate Technologies or approved equivalent.

6.7. **Length identification.** Where the exhaust duct is concealed within the building construction, the equivalent length of the exhaust duct must be identified on a permanent label or tag. The label or tag must be located within 6 feet of the exhaust duct connection where it enters the wall or ceiling assembly. Identification must be 3"x4" PLAC34, 3M Scotchal 3650-10 substrate with Hi Tack adhesive and available from InOvateTechnologies.

6.8. **Protection Required:** Protective shield plates must be placed where nails or screws from finish or other work are likely to penetrate the clothes dryer exhaust duct. Shield plates must be placed on the finished face of all framing members where there is less than 1 1/4 inches between the duct and the finished face of the framing member. Protective shield plates must be constructed of galvanized steel, have a minimum thickness of 0.062 inch (No. 16 gage) and extend a minimum of 2 inches above sole plates and below top plates.

PART 7. DUCT INSULATION WORK (EXTERNAL)

7.1. **General: The Mechanical Contractor must not install external duct insulation.** All external duct insulation work must be provided by an independent third party licensed and experienced Insulation Subcontractor whose primary business is the sale and installation of insulation materials in accordance with insulation manufacturers' requirements and these specifications.

The Insulation Subcontractor must provide a complete insulation submittal on his company letterhead detailing materials and methods as specified. **The Mechanical/HVAC submittal will be automatically rejected** and not reviewed without a submittal from the required Insulation Subcontractor.

Where a conflict exists between these specifications and the Manufacturer's requirements, the strictest installation must be provided.

The finished insulation system must provide complete thermal barrier throughout the equipment and air distribution system, including effective and durable vapor barriers and vapor stops for any system or condition potentially subject to condensation. An insulation system must be provided to prevent condensation or potential thereof, to prevent the transmission of water vapor into the insulation system (vapor barriers), and to prevent transmission of water vapor within the insulation system should vapor barrier compromises occur during operation and/or maintenance of the building (vapor stops).

The duct must be clean, dry, sealed and pressure tested before covering is applied. Cover flexible connections with insulation material as hereinafter specified to same thickness as adjacent duct. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and

bottom of horizontal runs. Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered. All insulation materials, coatings and mastics must be fire resistive per NFPA Pamphlet No. 90, ASTM C 411, must be UL listed and must have a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84, NFPA No. 255 or UL 723.

Refer to Section Sheet Metal Ductwork, Paragraph “Hangers and Supports” in this Section 15700 for additional requirements and for miscellaneous insulating requirements for externally insulated ductwork.

7.2. **Material:** Provide GreenGuard certified glass fiber duct insulation with reinforced foil kraft laminate jacket, formaldehyde-free.

All **supply air and return air ducts** located in the attic of the Football/Soccer Facility facility and all other duct outside the building insulation envelope must be provided with a total of 3.5” thickness external insulation, in addition to the specified acoustical liner. The first layer must be **1.5” thickness, 0.75 lb. density, without reinforced foil kraft laminate jacket** and with characteristics specified above. The second layer must be **2” thickness, 1.5 lb. density, with reinforced foil kraft laminate jacket** and with characteristics specified below. When using this requirement, the insulation sub-Contractor may use bare stainless steel wire or a single strip of FSK tape to hold the butt joints of the first layer together until the second layer of insulation is installed. After application of the FSK tape, the entire surface of the FSK tape must be covered with fiberglass cloth and mastic and must overlap both edges of the FSK tape by a minimum of 2”.

OPTION: In lieu of providing two layers of insulation for supply and return air ducts as specified above, the Contractor may substitute one layer of 4.25” thickness, 0.75 lb. density **with reinforced foil kraft laminate jacket** with characteristics specified below.

All **supply air** and **return air** ductwork located above the ceiling within the building insulation envelope and below the ASHRAE required air barrier, in chases and other similar areas, but not in the attic, or outside the building insulation envelope or in the mechanical mezzanine, must be provided with **2” thickness, 1.5lb. density, duct wrap with reinforced foil kraft laminate jacket** as specified below. Note that this requirement does not apply to ductwork that is exposed to view in finished areas. Refer to internal duct insulation requirements for duct exposed to view in finished areas.

All **outside air** and **exhaust air** ductwork must be provided with **1.5” thickness, .75lb. density, with reinforced foil kraft laminate jacket** as specified below. Note that this requirement does not apply to ductwork that is exposed to view in finished areas. Refer to internal duct insulation requirements for duct exposed to view in finished areas.

Thermal conductivity for **1.5” thickness** per ASTM C-518, **0.75 lb. density** must be not less than k=0.27 BTU·in/(hr·ft²·°F) and minimum installed R=4.2 at 75°F mean temperature with test based on material thickness compressed 25%.

Thermal conductivity for **2” thickness** per ASTM C-518, at its rated thickness, and **1.5 lb. density** must be not less than k=0.24 BTU·in/(hr·ft²·°F) and minimum installed R=6.3 at 75°F mean temperature with test based on material thickness compressed 25%.

Thermal conductivity for **4.25" thickness** per ASTM C-518, **0.75 lb. density** must be not less than k=0.27 BTU·in/(hr·ft²·°F) and minimum installed R=12.0 at 75°F mean temperature with test based on material thickness compressed 25%.

See "Duct Insulation (Internal)" for internal acoustical insulation required in addition to the external insulation specified hereinbefore.

Supply air, return air, relief air and outside air ducts within enclosed mechanical rooms do not require flexible, external, duct insulation. Instead, supply air, return air, relief air and outside air ducts in all mechanical rooms must be insulated with 1" thickness, 4.25 lb. density, R=4.5, rigid glass fiber duct insulation to a point 8" vertically above the mechanical room ceiling into the attic or 8" horizontally above the ceiling of the adjacent conditioned space, as applicable. Seal all ends of bare, exposed insulation board with vapor barrier sealant. Seal all insulation joints with foil face fiberglass yarn and laminated adhesive tape as specified below and then completely cover all taped joints a minimum of 3" on both sides of the tape edges with fiberglass cloth and mastic as specified hereinbefore.

Facing must be aluminum foil reinforced with fiberglass yarn and laminated with fire resistant adhesive to Kraft paper. Thermal conductivity value must be per ASTM C-612, Type 1B, at its specified thickness and must be not less than k=0.22 BTU·in/(hr·ft²·°F) at 75°F mean temperature. Insulation must meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM E 84, UL 723, ASTM C1136, Type II: FSK, NFPA 90A, NFPA 90B, NFPA 255, FHC 25/50 and ASTM795. Moisture sorption must be less than 5% by weight and maximum moisture vapor transmission of 0.02 perms.

Insulation must be Owens-Corning Series 815 Spin-Glas or equivalent material by Knauf, Schuller or CertainTeed. Rigid board insulation is not required when equipment is located in the attic or on a mechanical mezzanine.

7.3. **Thickness:** Toilet/shower and janitor closet/housekeeping exhaust ducts, louver and brick vent plenums, back panels of ceiling diffusers, ceiling return air, ceiling relief air and ceiling exhaust air registers and grilles, and outside air ducts: 1.5" thickness, 3/4 lb. density with reinforced foil kraft laminate jacket. All other locations: Minimum 2.0" thickness and density specified above with reinforced foil kraft laminate jacket. Coordinate with variations specified above for additional layers or 4.25" thickness and provide as required.

See limits of acoustic insulation in Part Duct Insulation Work (Internal) below. Where duct board is specified within the mechanical rooms, external duct wrap insulation is not required.

7.4. **Manufacturer:** Johns-Manville Micro-Lite EQ, Type 150 or Type 75 with thickness and density as specified above. Equivalent material from Knauf, Schuller, Owens Corning or CertainTeed will be accepted.

7.5. **Ducts to be Insulated Externally:** Supply air and return air ducts including ducts with acoustical liner, outside air ducts, toilet/shower/housekeeping/janitor closet areas exhaust ducts, louver and brick vent plenums, short branch duct collar connections to grilles, registers and diffusers, all flexible canvas connectors and exterior rim/cone/panel of all ceiling diffusers, ceiling exhaust grilles and registers and ceiling return registers and grilles. Factory fabricated and insulated exposed ductwork within the building does not require external insulation.

See Part "Duct Insulation Work (Internal)" for sound attenuating insulation requirements of externally insulated ductwork.

Do not externally insulate flexible canvas connectors until installation of the specified bonding jumper has been verified by the Engineer or the Authority having jurisdiction. If insulated at the time of the site visit, the insulation will have to be removed to verify the proper installation.

7.6. **Application:** Sheet metal duct must be clean, dry and tightly sealed at all joints and seams before applying duct wrap. Installation must be in strict accordance with the Manufacturers recommendations and these specifications. Adhere insulation to sheet metal with a brush or roller in manufacturer recommended workable sections with a water based, LEED compliant, low VOC liquid, not spray, insulation bonding adhesive. Wrap insulation tightly on the ductwork with all circumferential joints butted and longitudinal joints overlapped a minimum of 2". The 2" flange of the facing must be secured using 9/16" flare-door staples applied 6" on center and taped as specified hereinafter. On longitudinal joints, the overlap must be secured using 9/16" flare-door staples applied 6" on center and taped as specified hereinafter. For rectangular ducts wider than 23", additionally support insulation with weld pins and speed clips 18" on center with a minimum of two pins and washers for each section.

The liquid adhesive must be UL-723, ASTM E-84, NFPA 90A and 90B, LEED and ASTM C916 compliant, low VOC, moisture and mildew-resistant with suitability for high-humidity environments. The liquid adhesive must be Design Polymerics DP 2502, Foster 85-60, Vimasco 727 or Childers Chil-Quik CP-127.

Stop and point insulation around access doors and damper operators to allow operation without disturbing duct wrapping. Insulate standing seams and stiffeners that protrude through the insulation with 2" thick, faced, flexible blanket insulation.

Vapor seal all seams, joints, pin penetrations, other breaks, circumferential and longitudinal joints with reinforcing mesh and coat with vapor barrier facing. Mesh must be **4" wide pre-sized glass cloth** adhered and finished with two (2) coats of UL 181A-M compliant for sheet metal and duct board applications and UL 181B-M compliant for flexible ducts and flexible connectors. The sealant must be McGill United Duct sealer, Hardcast Seal-Tack, Vimasco No 749 Vapor-Blok or CHIL-PERM WB CP-35, vapor barrier coating as required to completely cover the mesh. Fiberglass cloth must be Great Lakes Textiles Style GL1658, 20x10 thread count per square inch, 0.004-inch thickness and 1.60 oz. /sq. yd., Childers Chil Glas #10 glass mesh, Foster Mast-A-Fab polyester mesh or equivalent product by 3M. **No FSK or any metallic tape will be allowed. Where FSK tape is discovered or used, the entire surface of the FSK tape must be covered with fiberglass cloth and mastic and must overlap both edges of the FSK tape by a minimum of 2"**.

Any externally insulated duct with metallic vapor barrier that is in contact with metallic piping, conduits or metallic structural members must be provided with a section of Rubatex insulation between ductwork and the metallic member. Rubatex must be 3/4" thickness, AP Armaflex insulation of sufficient inside tubular diameter to slide over, completely cover and snuggly fit the contacted item. The insulation must extend the full width of the duct plus a minimum of 6", each side of the duct. Refer to Part "Pipe Insulation and Miscellaneous Insulation Work" for AP Armaflex material and installation methods specification. The use of AP Armaflex insulation between piping and ductwork will only be allowed when raising the effected duct is not an option.

7.7. **Insulation Pins and Washers: The use of adhesives for attaching pins and washers to the ductwork is prohibited.** Pins must be cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins, zinc-coated steel pin, fully annealed for capacitor-discharge

welding, 0.135 inch diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation specified with integral 1-1/2 inch galvanized carbon-steel washer. Insulation retaining washers must be self-locking type formed from 0.016-inch thick galvanized steel with beveled edge sized as required to hold insulation securely in place but not less than 1-1/2 inches in diameter.

7.8. **Hot Gas Reheat Coil and Cabinet:** Where the hot gas reheat coils are specified and the coil is not within the insulated Heat Pump or Air Handling Unit equipment cabinet, or if sweating occurs on the coil enclosure, externally insulate the hot gas reheat coil cabinet with 1.5" thickness, 4.25 lb. density, R=6.8, duct board equal to Owens-Corning Series 815 Spin-Glas. Protect external insulation with open weave glass or polyester cloth by Johns-Manville Duramesh, Childers Chil Glas #10 or Foster Mast-A-Fab, embedded between two 1/8" coats of Foster 60-91 (gray) Monolar Mastic or Childers Encacel X-1 (gray). Coordinate coil requirements with the Mechanical Contractor prior to the bid and provide as required.

7.9. **Ducts From Outdoor Packaged Equipment to Point Inside Building:** Must be insulated externally (in addition to duct liner) with 2" thickness, 4.25 lb. density, R=9.1 duct board equal to Owens-Corning Series 815 Spin-Glas. Protect external insulation with open weave glass or polyester cloth by Johns-Manville Duramesh, Childers Chil Glas #10 or Foster Mast-A-Fab, embedded between two 1/8" coats of Foster 60-91 (gray) Monolar Mastic or Childers Encacel X-1 (gray). After insulating, cover all ductwork with 24 ga. cross-broken or beaded prefinished Kynar 500 sheet metal and slope to drain away from the building and to sides of ductwork with so as not to discharge rainwater to the supply and return air connections of the unit. Provide a trough as required. Sheet metal cover must be cross broken or beaded. **The Architect must select color**.

PART 8. DUCT INSULATION WORK (INTERNAL)

8.1. **General:** All work by experienced applicators in accordance with Manufacturer's recommendations and these specifications. Where a conflict exists between these specifications and the Manufacturer's recommendations, the strictest installation must be provided.

Duct liner, mastics and materials must comply with all requirements and other building code requirements. All insulation materials (coatings and mastics) must be fire resistive per NFPA Pamphlet No. 90A and 90B and must be UL listed and must have a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84. Liner materials must conform to the performance based ASTM C1071, which includes ASTM C518 Thermal Conductivity, ASTM C411 Temperature Resistance, ASTM C665 Corrosiveness, ASTM E84 Surface Burning Characteristics, ASTM C1338 Fungi Resistance, ASTM C1304 Odor Emissions and ASTM C1104 Moisture Vapor Sorption.

8.2. **Material:** Liner must be a GreenGuard certified, low VOC, Type I liner as defined by ASTM C1071 and characteristics complying with ASTM E 84, UL 723, NFPA 255, NFPA 259 and ASHRAE 62. It must have an acrylic coating formulated with an immobilized, EPA registered, protective agent to protect against growth of fungi and bacteria as required by ASTM C1071 and tests conducted in accordance with ASTM C 1338, ASTM G21 and ASTM G 22. It must not support microbial growth and have glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. The airstream surface must be protected with a reinforced coating with flexible glass cloth reinforcement. The liner must have a reinforced factory applied edge coating and operate in an environment

of a maximum of 250°F and maximum of 6,000 fpm air velocity. Thermal conductivity per ASTM C-518, at its rated thickness, must be not less than k=0.16 BTU·in/(hr·ft²·°F) and R=6.3 at 75 F mean temperature in accordance with ASTM C18. Sound absorption coefficients for the liner must be per ASTM C 423 and ASTM E 795 test methods and the table below. **Furnish sound characteristics for review with the material submittal.**

Sound Absorption Coefficient at Frequency

Thickness (In)	(Cycles per Second) 125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	NRC
1.5	0.10	0.47	0.85	1.01	1.02	0.99	0.80
2.0	0.25	0.66	1.00	1.05	1.02	1.01	0.95

8.3. **Manufacturer:** Must be Johns Manville Linacoustic RC or equivalent material by Schuller, Knauf, Pittsburgh, CSG, Owens Corning or CertainTeed.

8.4. **Thickness:** 1.5 inches thickness. Return air platforms/plenums, relief air and transfer air (jumper and ATD) ducts 2.0" thickness.

8.5. **Ducts and Equipment to be Insulated Internally:** Exposed supply air, exposed return air and exposed outside air ducts in areas without ceilings that are not specified as factory fabricated and insulated double wall duct and fittings, return air plenums/platforms and transfer air (jumper and ATD) ducts. Refer to Part Duct Insulation Work (External) for requirements.

8.6. **Acoustical Duct Lining:** Line the first ten (10) linear feet of all single wall, supply air, return air and outside air ducts downstream of all heat pumps, packaged unit and transfer air (jumper and ATD) ducts with insulation equal to Johns Manville Linacoustic RC and **2.0" thickness.** Sound absorption characteristics must be as specified above.

8.7. **Application:** Sheet metal duct must be clean, dry and tightly sealed at all joints and seams before applying duct installation. Installation must be in strict accordance with the Manufacturers recommendations and these specifications. Adhere insulation to sheet metal with a brush or roller in manufacturer recommended workable sections with a water based, LEED compliant, low VOC liquid, not spray, insulation bonding adhesive. Adhere insulation to the manufacturer's recommended workable section of the sheet metal surface prior to breaking the sheet metal. Cutting of the insulation and then adhering the insulation to the sheet metal is prohibited.

Insulation joints must be straight and smooth and must be buttered with the specified adhesive to prevent erosion and improve airflow. The product must have a factory applied edge coating to assure sealing of transverse edges per SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible, 4th Edition (2020) and NAIMA installation standards.

After adhering the duct insulation to the sheet metal, secure all insulation on ducts with weld pins and clip type fasteners. Pins must be welded to the sheet metal. Do not use adhesive. Fasteners must be located within 3 inches of the upstream and downstream edges of each liner section. Fasteners are required within 4 inches of all longitudinal edges and 6 inches of corners, with a maximum 12-inch spacing longitudinally and 18-inch spacing transversely. In general, provide spacing as required by SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible (4th Edition, 2020.

The liquid adhesive must be a premium, water-based, brush/roller applicable adhesive designed for bonding fibrous insulation (e.g., fiberglass duct liner) to the interior of HVAC ductwork. It must be UL-723, ASTM E-84, NFPA 90A and 90B, LEED and ASTM C916 compliant, low VOC, moisture and mildew-resistant with suitability for high-humidity environments. Spray type adhesives are not allowed.

Sealing exposed potions of the insulation joints and damage to the liner must be repaired using the specified adhesive products following recommendations provided by the Manufacturer of the adhesive.

Adhesive must be Design Polymerics DP 2502 Duct Liner and Insulation Adhesive, Childers Chil-Quik CP-127 or Foster Quick-Tack 85-60 Duct Liner Adhesive.

8.8. **Insulation Pins and Washers: The use of adhesives for attaching pins and washers to the ductwork is prohibited.** Pins must be cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins, zinc-coated steel pin, fully annealed for capacitor-discharge welding, 0.135 inch diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation specified with integral 1-1/2 inch galvanized carbon-steel washer. Insulation retaining washers must be self-locking type formed from 0.016-inch thick galvanized steel with beveled edge sized as required to hold insulation securely in place but not less than 1-1/2 inches in diameter.

8.9. **Metal Nosings: All exposed leading and trailing edges must be secured with sheet metal nosings to protect insulation edges**. Metal nosings must be securely installed over all transversely oriented liner edges facing the airstream at forward and rear discharge towards coils, dampers, ducts, plenums, changes of insulation thicknesses of adjoining insulation, any exposed insulation ends and at any point where lined duct is preceded by unlined duct. See detail on the plans. All remaining miscellaneous exposed edges must be sealed/coated. There must be no exposed fiberglass insulation.

PART 9. REGISTERS, GRILLES AND DIFFUSERS

9.1. **General:** All grilles, registers and diffusers must be product of a single Manufacturer with baked enamel finish and standard **or** custom color as selected by the Architect. Architect may require painting of the diffusers, grilles, registers, etc., in the field. Where field painting is required, diffusers, grilles and registers must be factory primed for painting in the field. Refer to Architectural Section “Painting”, coordinate requirements and provide finish as required.

Where lay-in ceilings occur, all specified items must have integral 2’ x 2’ or 2’ x 4’ aluminum modular lay-in ceiling panel with finish to match diffuser. Refer to Architectural reflected ceiling plan, check ceiling suspension system, wall and ceiling finishes and provide for proper interface as required.

All ceiling grilles, registers and diffusers not in integral lay-in metal panels and installed in gypsum board or other hard surfaces must be mounted with aluminum-countersunk screws with finish to match respective items.

Where ceiling mounted devices are installed in hard ceilings, provide appropriate trim ring as required such that screws are not visible in the face of the device. Flat countersunk screws are only allowed when concealing them is not an option.

All ceiling diffusers, ceiling return air registers and grilles, ceiling exhaust grilles and registers, and ceiling mounted relief air grilles back panels must be insulated with 1" thickness, foil backed insulation and securely attached. Contractor has the option of insulating manually or furnishing the item with factory furnished insulation from the item Manufacturer. Factory provided insulation must be attached as shown on the plan details.

All grilles, registers and diffusers must be ADC or approved equivalent Agency certified.

9.2. **Square Ceiling Diffusers with Round Neck:** Titus Model TMSA-AA, Price ASCDA, removable core type, aluminum construction, with baked enamel standard or custom finish color selected by the Architect, designed for four-way diffusion complete with Titus AG-85, Price VCR8E steel butterfly blade damper. Diffuser face must be 24" x 24" with type frame to interface with ceiling system. Use lay-in type frame where lay-in ceilings occur.

9.3. **Square and Rectangular Neck Ceiling Diffusers:** Titus Model TDCA-AA 6-95-125-25, Price Model AMDA-6-3LAL, removable core type, extruded aluminum construction, with baked enamel standard or custom finish color selected by the Architect, designed for one, two, three and four-way diffusion as indicated on plans, complete with AG-95 aluminum opposed blade damper, AG-125 Dua-Trol and adjustable vanes.

9.4. **Wall Supply Air Registers:** Titus Model 300 RL-HD heavy duty steel supply grilles with front blades parallel to the long dimension of the grille. Construction must be of steel with a 1-1/4" wide border on all sides and a minimum border 18 gauge and auxiliary mounting frame/trim ring for all sizes up to 48x48. Mounting frame/trim rings are not required where the registers are attached to exposed ductwork. Screw holes must be countersunk for a neat appearance. Corners must be welded with full penetration resistance welds. Front deflection blades must be 14-gauge steel, adjustable from 0°- 40°, and spaced on 1/2" centers. Rear deflection blades must be 26-gauge steel spaced on 3/4" centers. Provide each wall grille with opposed-blade volume damper which must be constructed of heavy gauge steel. Damper must be operable from the face of the grille with a screwdriver.

The finish must be an anodic acrylic paint, baked at 315° F for 30 minutes. The pencil hardness must be HB to H. The paint must pass a 100-hour ASTM B117 Corrosive Environments Salt Spray Test without creepage, blistering or deterioration of film. The paint must pass a 250-hour ASTM D870 Water Immersion Test. The paint must also pass the ASTM D2794 Reverse Impact Cracking Test with a 50-inch pound force applied.

The grille must have baked enamel standard or custom finish color selected by the Architect.

9.5. **Wall Return Air and Wall Exhaust Air Registers:** Titus Model 33R-PF, Price Model 91-L-D-A-VCS3 gymnasium heavy duty steel register with 38 degree deflection 14 ga. blades, support bars on 6" centers, Allen key operated aluminum opposed blade damper and auxiliary mounting frame for all 48" or less in size, with baked enamel standard or custom finish color selected by the Architect.

9.6. **Wall Return Air / Wall Exhaust Air & Double Face Wall Grilles:** Same as wall return air registers except without dampers.

9.7. **Ceiling Mounted Exhaust Air and Return Air Registers:** Titus Model 50-F-0-5-D-25, Price Model 80DAL-F-SW-A all-aluminum fabricated egg-crate type, Allen key operated aluminum opposed blade damper and lay-in type frame with baked enamel standard or custom finish color selected by the Architect.

9.8. **Ceiling Mounted Return Air or Relief Air Grilles and Air Transfer (Jumper Duct) Grilles:** Same as return air registers except without dampers.

9.9. **Brick Vents:** Extruded aluminum, Reliable RBV, Greenheck BVE, Cook BV, Ruskin BV or United Enertech BE brick and block vent with 1/4" mesh removable aluminum bird screen, integral water stop and 40% minimum free area with Kynar finish. The finish must be factory paint color to be selected by the Architect.

9.10. **Expanded Metal Grilles:** Provide metal grille equal to McNichols Co., flattened expanded metal, galvanized, hot dipped, 3/4, #16 flattened, minimum 70% open (free) area with U-Edging. Provide grille at all open ends of ductwork, packaged units intake, exhaust or relief openings (if not provided by the equipment manufacturer) and any location required to protect anyone from possible injury or harm. Grille must be factory primed and painted in the field as directed by the Architect.

9.11. **Manufacturers:** Equivalents by Titus, Price and Krueger will be accepted. Titus and Price are basis of design.

PART 10. CONDENSATE DRAINAGE PIPING

10.1. **General:** Cut accurately to measurements established at site and work into place without springing or forcing, properly clearing all building features. Arrange and install piping systems sizes as shown, as close as practical, straight, properly supported and run as directly as possible forming right angles or running parallel with building lines, true to line and grade, free of sags and bends. Locate piping as high as practical and in parallel groups as close together as practical. Route through previously built-in sleeves and avoid cutting or other weakening of the structure. Ream all pipes to remove burs. Make changes in direction and size with fittings. Bushings are prohibited. Cap or plug open pipe ends during installation to keep out foreign material.

Before installation, piping must be checked, upended, swabbed and all dirt from storage or from lying on the ground must be removed. **All piping must be clean when it is installed.**

All piping not in an accessible attic or similar spaces that contain valves and other items which may require maintenance access must be located no more than 12" above the finished ceiling and no more than 14'-0" in areas without ceilings.

Make all connections to equipment using screwed unions. Install unions in all piping connections to each piece of equipment, including traps, pumps, coils, etc. **Per IMC 307.2.5, condensate drain lines must be configured to permit the clearing of blockages and performance of maintenance without requiring the drain line to be cut.** Refer to plan details for detailed requirements of the assembly.

All piping must be concealed within walls, chases, above ceilings, etc., unless specifically noted otherwise.

10.2. **Condensate Drain Piping and Drain Piping from All Drain Pans to Floor Drains; Hub Drains and Other Miscellaneous Condensate Receivers:** Interior condensate drainage piping material must be Type L hard copper tubing with wrot copper solder joint fittings with 45° or 90° offset fittings. **ProPress or similar type fittings/joints are not allowed.**

Outdoor condensate drainage piping must be Schedule 80 solid wall PVC pipe conforming to ASTM Standard D1785. Schedule 80 fittings must be injection mold and must conform to ASTM D 2464. Pipe and fittings must be manufactured from virgin rigid PVC (polyvinyl chloride) vinyl compounds with a cell class of 12454 as identified in ASTM D 1784. PVC Schedule 80 pipe must be Iron Pipe Size (IPS) conforming to ASTM D 1785. Injection molded PVC Schedule 80 fittings must conform to ASTM D 2467. PVC Schedule 80 threaded fittings, where specified, must conform to ASTM D 2464. Pipe and fittings must be manufactured as a system and be the product of one manufacturer. All pipe and fittings must conform to NSF International Standard 61 and the health effects portion of NSF Standard 14. Installation must comply with the latest installation instructions published by the piping manufacturer and must conform to all applicable plumbing, fire, and building code requirements. Solvent cement joints must be made in a two-step process with a primer meeting ASTM F 656 and a medium- or heavy-bodied solvent cement conforming to ASTM D 2564. The system must be protected from chemical agents, fire-stopping materials, thread sealant, plasticized vinyl products or other aggressive chemical agents not compatible with PVC compounds. The system must be hydrostatically tested after installation as specified hereinbefore. All Schedule 80 piping and fittings must have factory applied UV protective coating and tested for sunlight resistance according to UL 651 requirements.

All cooling coils and evaporator coils horizontal condensate drainage piping must be sloped a minimum of 1/8” per foot. The condensate drain line size must be full size of unit condensate outlet and in no case, less than 3/4 inch.

The condensate drainage assembly must be made up of materials specified above. The assembly must consist of p-trap, unions, air bleeder/open vent with 1/8” screen over open portion, etc., as required by the equipment Manufacturer. **Running p-traps are not allowed.**

Ductless mini-split equipment that produces condensate must be provided with an inline check valve located in the drain line or a trap as required by IMC 307.2.4.1.

In absence of the Manufacturer’s requirements, condensate drainage assembly must be as shown on the plans. **Per IMC 307.2.5, condensate drain lines must be configured to permit the clearing of blockages and performance of maintenance without requiring the drain line to be cut.** Refer to the details on the plans and the requirements below for unions required in the condensate piping.

Install a UL 508 and UL 2043 (as applicable) conforming electric switch in the secondary drain line of each condensate producing piece of equipment. The switch must automatically shut off the equipment served in the event the primary drain line becomes restricted. If a Building Automation System (BAS) is part of the project, the electric switch must also alarm to the BAS operator console. Coordinate the requirement with the BAS Contractor and provide as required.

10.3. **Condensate Drainage Piping Sleeves That Penetrate Exterior Metal Building Walls:** For condensate drainage piping penetrations of exterior metal building walls, sleeves must be Dektite Metal Roof, Dektite Premium Series DFE, EPDM cone and base, edged with a flexible aluminum strip.

10.4. **Copper Joints:** Make assemblies with tin-antimony (95-5) solder and non-corrosive flux (this does not apply to refrigerant piping). Clean and polish the tube and the inside of the fittings, using No. 60 steel wool. Apply flux and place fitting on the tube. Heat joint evenly but take care not to overheat fitting. Apply solder until a solder line shows completely around the joint. Remove surplus solder and allow joint to cool. **ProPress or similar type fittings/joints are not allowed.**

10.5. **Escutcheons:** Where pipes pass through cabinets, walls and ceilings of finished rooms provide one-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish and setscrew fastener or stainless steel type securely fastened in place. Pack penetrations with mineral wool insulation, seal with firestopping compound and install escutcheons to prevent passage of fire, smoke and vermin. Do not use split ring type escutcheons.

10.6. **Unions:** Unions must be of the following types:

Copper Lines: Ground joint, copper to copper.

Schedule 80 PVC: Solid wall PVC schedule 80 DWV pipe and fittings as specified hereinbefore.

Dielectric Unions: Provide where copper pipe joins to steel pipe, EPCO or approved equivalent. Contractor must provide a globe valve on each side of each dielectric union to allow for replacement of the union.

10.7. **Expansion:** Provide for expansion and contraction of all piping and make proper provisions so that there must be no undue strain on any pipe or equipment.

10.8. **Sleeves:** Refer to Section 15010, Pipe Sleeves.

PART 11. REFRIGERANT PIPING AND ACCESSORIES

11.1. **General:** All refrigerant piping must be identified. **Note that refrigerant piping will require custom identification.** Refer to Section 15010, Part Identification for requirements.

11.2. **Refrigerant Piping Sleeves:** Refer to Section 15010 and plan details and provide sleeves, firestopping and escutcheons as specified for typical piping. Sleeves for pipe passing through exterior walls that contain refrigerant piping must be Schedule 80, ASTM D1785 PVC pipe, 1/2" larger in diameter than piping and piping covering. Refer to Section 15010 and below for requirements.

Coordinate wall sleeve sizes required for refrigerant piping with insulation and aluminum jacket requirements. Piping within wall cavities must be seamless with no joints.

For refrigerant piping penetrations of exterior metal building walls, sleeves must be Dektite Metal Roof, Dektite Premium Series DFE, EPDM cone and base, edged with a flexible aluminum strip. Note that all liquid, suction and hot gas reheat coils refrigerant piping must be insulated as specified from point of connection to condensing unit to a point inside the wall. Do not install more than two pipes through each wall sleeve.

11.3. **Refrigerant Piping Sleeves That Penetrate Exterior Metal Building Walls:** For refrigerant drainage piping penetrations of exterior metal building walls, sleeves must be Dektite Metal Roof, Dektite Premium Series DFE, EPDM cone and base, edged with a flexible aluminum strip.

11.4. **Protection of Physical Damage for Piping:** In concealed locations where piping is installed through holes or notches in studs, joists, rafters or similar type members, the pipe must be protected by shield plates and plastic grommets. Protective steel shield plates having a minimum thickness of 0.0575 inch (16 gage) must cover the area of the pipe where the member is notched, drilled or bored, and must extend not less than 2 inches above sole plates and below top plates.

11.5. **Piping Diagram:** System must be complete and sized to conform to current ACRMA standards, except that refrigerant suction risers must be sized for a gas velocity not less than 2000 fpm.

Various Manufacturers of heat pump and mini-split systems have different reasons for the use of loops, traps, accumulators, receivers, etc., in piping arrangements, therefore, submit for review, the air conditioning equipment Manufacturer's recommended, dimensioned plan view and isometric piping diagram proposed for use for each system, showing all valves, loops, pipe sizes and all appurtenances, required for the proper operation of the respective system.

Submit catalog data and Manufacturer's ratings for all valves, catch-alls, etc. with diagram for each system. Identify all items for respective system and list capacities, pressure drops, etc. Secure approval of the heating and air conditioning equipment, and compressor Manufacturer before submitting for review.

Failure to provide the Manufacturers' approved diagram(s) must make the Mechanical Contractor responsible for all required changes to the piping system and equipment without additional cost to the Owner or his Design Professionals should the installation not be as required by the Manufacturers.

Refrigerant piping support spacing must be a maximum of eight (8) feet horizontally and six (6) feet vertically. Cut accurately to measurements established at site and work into place without springing or forcing, properly clearing all building features. Arrange and install piping systems, as close as practical, straight, properly supported and run as directly as possible forming right angles or running parallel with building lines, true to line and grade, **free of sags and bends**. Locate piping as high as practical and in parallel groups as close together as practical. Route through previously built-in sleeves and avoid cutting or other weakening of the structure.

Refrigerant piping for all outdoor units mounted slab on grade must enter the building at the respective building finish floor or crawl space level and at a maximum of 12" above finish floor of the facility. The Contractor must coordinate the final refrigerant piping entrance into the building with the Architect's Field Representative prior to installing any refrigerant piping.

All refrigerant piping, including mini-split piping, must be ACR - ASTM B 280, Type L hard drawn, ACR copper refrigerant tubing with ASME B16.22 wrot copper fittings and unions with solder joints of 95-5 tin antimony. **Coiled copper and precharged line sets are NOT allowed unless specifically noted or specified.** All offsets and changes in direction must be made with 90º or 45° elbows.

Where refrigerant piping is shown rising in the wall cavity and requires modifications to the block wall due to the size of the piping and insulated assembly, the block must

be neatly saw cut. Provide reinforcing to the affected portions of the wall as indicated on the structural drawings and details, the same as required at window and door openings. See the structural drawings for specifics. Extreme coordination is required prior to the erection of the structural slab and wall. Coordinate with the General Contractor.

11.6. **Refrigerant Piping Testing:** Two tests are required. The medium used for pressure testing the refrigerant system must be oxygen-free nitrogen, helium or argon. Oxygen, air, combustible gases and mixtures containing such gases must not be used as a test medium. Systems erected on the premises with tubing not exceeding 5/8 inch outside diameter must be allowed to use the refrigerant identified on the nameplate label or marking as the test medium.

The refrigerant piping system must be tested as a whole, or separate tests must be conducted for the low-pressure side and high-pressure side of the piping system. The refrigerant piping system must be tested in accordance with both of the following methods:

Test 1: The system must be pressurized for a period of not less than 60 minutes to not less than the lower of the design pressures or the setting of the pressure relief device(s). The design pressures for testing must be the pressure listed on the label nameplate of the condensing unit, compressor, compressor unit, pressure vessel or other system component with a nameplate. Additional test gas must not be added to the system after the start of the pressure test. The system must not show loss of pressure on the test pressure measuring device during the pressure test for a minimum of 24 hours.

Test 2: A vacuum of 500 microns must be achieved. After achieving a vacuum, the system must be isolated from the vacuum pump. The system pressure must not rise above 1,500 microns for a period of not less than 60 minutes.

Where using refrigerant as a test medium as specified above, the test pressure must be not less than the saturation dew point pressure at 77°F.

11.7. **Joints: Brazed joints only. Flare joints nor press connect type joining systems are allowed.** Brazed Joints (Nitrogenized ACR Hard Drawn Copper – ASTM B280,) with joints made according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," Chapter "Pipe and Tube."

Joint surfaces must be cleaned. An approved flux must be applied where required by the braze filler metal Manufacturer. The piping being brazed must be purged of air to remove the oxygen and filled with oxygen-free nitrogen, helium or argon. The piping system must be prepurged with an inert gas for a minimum time corresponding to five volume changes through the piping system prior to brazing. The pre-purge rate must be at a minimum velocity of 100 feet per minute. The inert gas must be directly connected to the tube system being brazed to prevent the entrainment of ambient air.

After the pre-purge, the inert gas supply must be maintained through the piping during the brazing operation at a minimum pressure of 1.0 psi and a maximum pressure of 3.0 psi. The joint must be brazed with a filler metal conforming to American Welding Society Publication AWS A5.8, Current Edition.

Piping within wall cavities and other inaccessible areas must be seamless with no joints.

11.8. **Solenoid Valves (Where Required):** Comply with AHRI 760 and UL 429; listed and labeled by an NRTL. Install in liquid refrigerant connection to the evaporators. Valves

must be designed for the operating pressure and capacity as listed in the Manufacturer's catalog with a pressure drop not exceeding 2 psi and must be sufficient for the requirements of the installation. Install in horizontal runs with body vertical.

11.9. **Expansion Valves (Where Required):** AHRI 750 compliant, steel shell with ductile-iron cover, stainless-steel screws, and neoprene gaskets properly sized diaphragm or bellows type, with external superheat adjustment set for 10 degrees F. superheat. Install in the liquid refrigerant supply lines to the evaporators. Expansion valves up to and including 7-1/2 tons capacity must be Sporlan Type "S" or approved equivalent. Expansion valves over 7-1/2 ton capacity must be Sporlan Type "O" or approved equivalent. Install Sporlan full size catch-all filter-drier ahead of valve.

11.10. **Refrigerant Service Valves:** Provide for the proper service of the equipment. Per IMC 1101.9, all refrigerant circuit access ports located outdoors must be fitted with color coded, all brass, and locking tamper resistant caps. This requirement does not apply to refrigerant circuit access ports on equipment installed in controlled areas such as on roofs with locked access hatches or doors.

The locking caps must be red or red banded color code for the refrigerant used. Caps must be Novent Series 8668 for R-454B refrigerant with 86698 NV Multikey unlocking mechanism for R-454B refrigerant or equivalent by JB Industries Series Shield and DiversiTech Series Sentry. Provide Owner with minimum of six (6) spare keys.

11.11. **Refrigerant Filter Drier (Catch-All):** AHRI Standard 710 compliant (Performance Rating of Liquid-Line Driers; ratings determined in accordance with ASHRAE Standard 63.1), Parker Sporlan Catch-All® series with molded porous core multi-desiccant blend (or approved equivalent). Filter driers up to and including 10-ton nominal capacity must be sealed type. Filter driers over 10-ton nominal capacity must be replaceable core type. Units must have minimum surface filtering area, water capacity, acid removal capacity, and refrigerant flow capacity not less than that shown in the current edition of Parker Sporlan Bulletin 40-10 (or successor bulletin) under sizes recommended for "field replacement or field built-up systems."

Filter driers must be UL Listed per UL 207 and CSA Certified per CSA C22.2 No. 140.3 ("Refrigerant-Containing Components and Accessories, Nonelectrical"), rated for the maximum working pressure of the system (minimum 650 psig unless a higher system design pressure governs), and approved by the manufacturer as fully compatible with the specific refrigerant(s), lubricant type, and system chemistry. Compatibility must be confirmed in the manufacturer's current published data, refrigerant compatibility listings, and Bulletin 40-10, including all low-GWP HFC/HFO blends and A2L refrigerants (such as R-32, R-454A, R-454B) where used in the project.

Careful attention must be given to providing the correct type of filter drier as it pertains to the type of equipment, refrigerant, and operating conditions of the respective system. Install in accordance with manufacturer instructions with flow direction arrow aligned with refrigerant flow.

11.12. **Refrigerant Piping Identification:** **Custom factory fabricated refrigerant piping labels are required. Stick-on, painted, stenciled or handwritten identification is not allowed.** The Contractor is urged to carefully review the extensive requirements of Part Identification in Section 15010 of the specifications and in particular the custom labels and installation requirements prior to certain site visits**.**

11.13. **Miscellaneous Requirements:** Taping or zip tying of liquid lines to suction lines is not allowed. Coordinate wall sleeve sizes required for refrigerant piping with insulation and aluminum jacket requirements.

PART 12. PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

12.1. **General:** Refer to Section 15010 for sleeve/firestopping requirements. **This pipe hanger and support section does not apply to refrigerant piping or condensate drainage piping.** Refer to Part "Pipe Insulation and Miscellaneous Insulation Work" for AP Armaflex material and installation methods specification for refrigerant piping and condensate drainage piping support requirements.

12.2. **Painting of Hangers and Supports:** Galvanized, zinc similar coated items are considered to **NOT** be coated. All must be painted, powder coated, epoxy coated or plastic coated. Hanger rods and associated bolts, nor clamps on Unistrut assemblies are required to be painted. All non-galvanized and galvanized ferrous metal parts of hangers, piping and related items in mechanical rooms, crawl space, above ceilings, Unistrut and other assemblies used for supporting ducts (except hanger straps and threaded rods), including black steel pipe, uncoated cast iron pipe, hangers, brackets, etc. must be coated.

All finishes and coatings must have a fire hazard rating not to exceed 25 for flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E84. See specification Section 15010, Part Identification for detailed requirements.

PART 13. PIPE INSULATION AND MISCELLANEOUS INSULATION WORK

13.1. **General:** All work by experienced applicators in accordance with Manufacturer's recommendations and these specifications. Where the specified installation conflicts with the Manufacturers recommendations, the strictest application must be provided.

Piping must be clean; dry and pressure tested before covering is applied. Size pipe hangers to fit over insulated pipe size. **Hangers and supports must not be in contact with bare pipe and must not penetrate the vapor barrier**.

Cover fittings, valves and flanges with insulation material as hereinafter specified to same thickness as adjacent pipe covering except screwed unions in hot and chilled piping and other specifically mentioned items. Neatly bevel covering edges or use prefabricated fittings as specified, adjacent to unions and other points of termination.

All insulation materials including coatings and mastics must have a composite rating for insulation, jacket or facing, including adhesives, not to exceed 25 flame spread and 50 for fuel contributed and smoke developed as determined by ASTM E-84, NFPA 255 and UL 723.

All piping must be provided with sleeves/firestopping assemblies. Refer to Section 15010 for sleeve and firestopping requirements.

13.2. **Refrigerant Suction Lines, All Hot Gas Reheat Coils' Refrigerant Piping, All Exterior Refrigerant Piping Including Liquid Lines and Mini-Split System Liquid Lines:** Preinsulated refrigerant piping is not allowed unless insulation meets the requirements specified below. Coiled nor precharged line sets are allowed unless noted or specified otherwise. Refer to other portions of this specification for refrigerant piping requirements. All liquid lines located outdoors must be insulated

and installed within the specified aluminum jacket with the insulated refrigerant suction line. i.e., one aluminum jacket for both insulated pipes. Refer to aluminum jacket requirements below for additional information.

Insulate with 1" thickness, UL fire and smoke rated unslit, black, flexible foamed, elastomeric, closed cell pipe insulation by AP Armaflex, Aeroflex Aerofit, K-Flex Insul-Tube or Aerocell AC EPDM. It must be GreenGuard certified tubular insulation with Microban antimicrobial protection. Insulation must have a 'k' factor of not more than 0.256 at 90°F mean temperature, water absorption percent by volume of 0.2 and a water vapor transmission rate of 0.05 perm-inches or less.

Slip insulation onto pipe prior to erecting. Longitudinal cutting of the insulation is prohibited. Do not miter, stretch or bend insulation at any turn, tee, etc. Insulate with factory fabricated fittings for tees, elbows, unions, etc., the same size as on adjacent piping and manufactured by AP Armaflex, Aeroflex Aerofit, K-Flex Insul-Tube or Aerocell.

On piping with screwed fittings, make up fitting covers from Armaflex with an inside diameter large enough to overlap the insulation on the pipe next to the fitting. Fitting cover must be long enough to overlap the pipe insulation with a minimum of one inch on each side. Glue the 1" overlap and seal to the adjacent pipe insulation with same adhesive and tape specified below.

Seal all butt joints of insulation and all butt joints at the specified refrigerant piping clamp with AP Armaflex BLV, Black, low VOC, liquid, air-drying contact adhesive. Do not use aerosol adhesive. After gluing joints, wrap all joints with 2" wide, 1/8" thick AP Armaflex self-adhering tape.

All insulated piping must be continuous without cutting at clamp/support assemblies. All interior refrigerant liquid lines which are not associated with a hot gas reheat coil or liquid lines NOT required to be insulated by the equipment Manufacturer must not be insulated except, they must be provided with insulated insert at clamps to Unistrut assemble as specified below.

Note that Various Manufacturers of mini-split systems require the insulating of refrigerant liquid lines. When required by the Manufacturer, they must be insulated using materials specified above and in thickness required by the respective Manufacturer. Where the mini-split system Manufacturer requires less than 1" insulation, install thickness recommended with materials specified above using methods specified below.

13.3. **Condensate Drain Lines Insulation:** To include discharge lines on all equipment specified with or provided with air conditioning condensate drainage pumps. Insulate with 3/4" thickness, UL fire and smoke rated unslit, black, flexible foamed, elastomeric, closed cell pipe insulation and factory fabricated fittings as specified above by AP Armaflex, K-Flex Insul-Tube or Aerocel AC EPDM. It must be GreenGuard certified tubular insulation with Microban antimicrobial protection. Insulation must have a 'k' factor of not more than 0.256 at 90°F mean temperature, water absorption percent by volume of 0.2 and a water vapor transmission rate of 0.05 perm-inches or less. See below for clamp and pipe supports assembly.

13.4. **Refrigerant Pipe Supports and Clamp Assembly: Do not use clevis hangers for refrigerant piping.** Refrigerant piping supports must be provided with an insulated piping clamp assembly attached to a Unistrut assembly. The Unistrut assembly must support the horizontal and vertical refrigerant piping on intervals not exceeding 8 feet.

Provide dielectric separation between dissimilar metals. Support piping so that no vibration will be transmitted to the building structure.

The insulated piping clamp assembly must be provided at each Unistrut hanger for each liquid line, suction line and any other bare copper line attached to the assembly. The insulated clamp must provide a crush resistant airtight seal and must consist of a rigid, closed cell, foam insulation to support tubing and absorb vibration. The outer cover must consist of a rubber coating that seals the cushion completely after installation. Clamps must be steel with electrodichromate finish. The rated assembly temperature range must be -50ºF to +250ºF. It must be self-extinguishing as tested under ASTM D 635.

After installing the device, glue each butt joint and tape each joint with 2” wide, 1/8” thick AP Armaflex self-adhering tape.

Insulated lines must use Wesanco Series Cush-A-Therm ZSI UX with specified rigid insulation thickness for the required pipe size, gold electro-galvanized channel clamp assembly and required hardware or equivalent by ArmaFix Eco Light, Aerofix by Aeroflex. Wesanco Series Cush-A-Therm ZSI UX is the basis of design.

For units on concrete pad, support piping with rustproof coated, 1-1/2” x 1-1/2” x 1/8” galvanized steel angle supports anchored to pad with stainless steel base plate, bolts and clamp assembly. The above specified clamp assembly is not required on exterior refrigerant piping that is covered with an aluminum jacket. Anchor aluminum jacket to support assembly.

13.5. **Interior Condensate Drain Lines Pipe Supports and Clamp Assembly: Do not use clevis hangers for condensate drainage piping.** Condensate drain line support, including discharge lines on all equipment specified with or provided with air conditioning condensate drainage pumps, must be provided with an insulated piping clamp assembly on a Unistrut assembly. The Unistrut assembly must support the horizontal and vertical condensate drainage piping on intervals not exceeding 8 feet. Provide dielectric separation between dissimilar metals. Support piping so that no vibration will be transmitted to the building structure.

The insulated clamp must provide a crush resistant airtight seal and must consist of a rigid, closed cell, foam insulation to support the tubing. The outer cover must consist of a rubber coating that seals the cushion completely after installation to prevent condensation. Clamps must be steel with electrodichromate finish. The assembly must be self-extinguishing as tested under ASTM D 635.

After installing device, glue each butt joint with liquid adhesive and tape each joint with 2” wide, 1/8” thick AP Armaflex self-adhering tape. Spray adhesive is not allowed.

Support piping with rustproof coated, 1-1/2” x 1-1/2” x 1/8” galvanized steel angle supports anchored to the floor/wall with steel base plate and bolts. Condensate drainage piping must be attached to the support with the insulation assembly specified above. Insulate using same methods and materials as specified for refrigerant piping (small, chilled water piping) except 3/4” thickness.

Combustion chamber condensate drain lines from high efficiency gas fired furnaces are not required to be insulated.

Insulated condensate drain lines must use Wesanco Series Cush-A-Therm ZSI UX with specified rigid insulation thickness for the required pipe size, gold electro-

galvanized channel clamp assembly and required hardware or equivalent by ArmaFix Eco Light, Aerofix by Aeroflex. Wesanco Series Cush-A-Therm ZSI UX is the basis of design.

13.6. **Sleeves for Condensate Drainage Piping and Refrigerant Piping That Penetrate Exterior Metal Building Walls:** For condensate drainage piping and refrigerant piping penetrations of exterior metal building walls, sleeves must be Dektite Metal Roof, Dektite Premium Series DFE, EPDM cone and base, edged with a flexible aluminum strip.

13.7. **Refrigerant Piping Aluminum Jacket:** All insulated exterior refrigerant piping, insulated exterior hot gas reheat coils refrigerant piping must be covered with an aluminum jacket.

Where refrigerant piping rises within the wall cavity to above the ceiling, attic or similar space, the aluminum jacket must terminate within the exterior wall cavity and sealed weather tight to the sleeve in the wall. Where the refrigerant piping extends from the outside, directly into the mechanical room, the aluminum jacket must terminate a minimum of 8” into the space and sealed weather tight on both sides of the wall and sleeve.

The aluminum jacket must be 18 ga., .04” thick, **smooth finish**, 3003 and 3105 series aluminum conforming to ASTM B-209 standards. Fittings must be 18 ga., .04” thick, die shaped, and **smooth finish**, Type 1100 aluminum jacket meeting ASTM C585. Provide 1/2" wide, 18 ga., .04” thick, Type 3003 aluminum bands on maximum 24" centers but not less than two bands per jacket section. **Venture Clad or similar product is prohibited.**

Do not install aluminum jacket until refrigerant piping insulation installation has been inspected by the Engineer.

13.8. **Painting and Identifying:** Paint and identify after installation is completed as specified in Section 15010, Part Identification. Where piping is specified with an aluminum jacket, painting is not required.

Provide identification on the insulation covering indicating unions, strainers and check valves. Refer to Section 15010, Part Identification and note special refrigerant piping identification requirements. **Custom factory fabricated refrigerant piping labels are required. Stick-on, painted, stenciled or handwritten identification is not allowed.**

The Contractor is urged to carefully review the extensive requirements of Part Identification in Section 15010 of the specifications and note that certain identification is required to be completed before certain site visits**.**

13.9. **Submittal Data:** Submit for review complete data on materials and application methods proposed.

PART 14. VENTILATION

14.1. **General:** All fans must be furnished completely with ducts, grilles and required accessories. All fans exhausting shower/bath/tub/dishwashing areas and similar moisture laden areas must be provided with aluminum wheels. All other fan wheels must be steel. No plastic or non-metallic wheels are allowed unless specified otherwise.

All fans must be certified in accordance with AMCA/ANSI Standards 210 and ANSI/ASHRAE 51. Fans wheels must be balanced in accordance with AMCA Standard 204-05. Fans must be listed at UL 705 and must bear the UL Label. Furnish for review capacity and sound power ratings.

All motors 1/2 HP and smaller must have built-in overload protection.

All motors with scheduled capacity of less than 1 HP must be ECM type as required by ASHRAE 90.1 and with minimum motor efficiency of 70% when rated in accordance with DOE 10 CFR 431.

14.2. **Power:** Contractor must verify all voltage and power requirements with Electrical Contractor, Electrical plans and at the site, prior to ordering equipment.

14.3. **Ceiling Mounted Cabinet Fans:** Penn Ventilator Company Model Zephyr, Series Z-3H thru Z-15H with RA right angle arrangement or TDA arrangement as shown on the plans, or approved equivalent, complete with all accessories, including unit mounted solid state speed control switch, factory baked enamel white metal ceiling grille, metal flanged inlet and outlet connections, acoustically insulated metal housing, direct drive, ECM motors, internally isolated centrifugal fan, integral backdraft damper and terminal cap, cast aluminum brick vent, or soffit grille as shown on the plans. Fan wheel must be steel or aluminum. No polypropylene, plastic or other non-metallic wheels. Fan must be supported from the structure with 1/4" hanger rods, rubber in shear vibration isolators and Manufacturer furnished bracket for attaching rods to the fan and structure above. Refer to the plan details for additional requirements.

14.4. **Wall Mounted Propeller Type Fans:** Wall propeller type with minimum capacities and characteristics as shown. Each unit must include standard NEMA design, heavy duty sealed permanently lubricated ball bearing induction type, premium efficiency motor, drip proof motor, adjustable motor mount, permanently lubricated pillow block type ball bearings, motor operated heavy duty extruded aluminum opposed blade damper, equal to Ruskin Series CD-50 and drainable blade type wall louver, equal to Airolite Louvers, Inc. Model No. K6744 with flanged frame, 1/2" aluminum bird screen and color by Architect. Submit louver to Architect for review. Coordinate louver requirements with Architectural specifications prior to ordering. Provide motor side fan guards, fan wall housing collar and variable pitch belt drive. Motor for discharge louvers must be designed for the same power as fan motor. Where required provide transformer and control wiring for a complete and functional installation. All items must be readily accessible for service and maintenance. Furnish for review complete installation Shop Drawings.

Fans must be equivalent to Loren-cook Series XWD-EC (VF).

14.5. **Acceptable Manufacturers:** Cook, Greenheck, Penn Barry. Cook is the basis of design.

PART 15. SPLIT SYSTEM HEAT PUMP UNITS (HP)

15.1. **General:** Furnish and install split system heat pump systems manufactured by the Trane Company. All equipment (condenser/compressors) scheduled cooling capacities are based on 95°F ambient temperature. Indoor units with scheduled cooling capacity of 60 MBH or less must be Trane Series GAM5. Related outdoor units with scheduled cooling capacity of 60 MBH or less must be Trane Series

4TWA4. HP-B must be 2-speed/VFD indoor unit and 2-speed/inverter driven compressors as indicated in the equipment schedule. Equivalent units/systems by Carrier or Lennox will be considered. Trane is the basis of design.

Each unit is specified to be provided with UV-C lights. The unit Manufacturer must coordinate with the UV-C Manufacturer the placement of the UV-C lights within the unit. UV-C lights must be placed in number and location as required by the UV-C device Manufacturer for maximum irradiance. The HVAC unit Manufacturer must provide equipment such that any part subjected to irradiance from the UV lamp system must be shielded from the UV-C light or constructed of a material that is capable of withstanding UV-C exposure levels expected in provided product without degradation.

Each unit must be completely factory assembled and tested, and must include hermetic compressor, factory installed refrigerant monitors and related safeties, outdoor condenser coil, indoor evaporator coil, primary and secondary condensate drainage stub outs, fan and high static, premium efficiency ECM motor drives and permanently lubricated ball bearing motor, interconnecting wiring, low voltage control transformer, prewired control panel, condensate drip kit (as required) and other necessary components mounted in weather resistant steel or polymer cabinet with baked on enamel finish.

External static pressure indicated on the plans is estimated. The equipment Manufacturer must provide additional belt sheaves for all belt driven equipment and/or motors or drives for ECM motors as applicable and as required, to match field conditions for the ductwork as installed.

The unit must be UL or ARL (Applied Research Labs) listed and labeled accordingly. The heat pump must be sound rated by ARI Standard 270, and the operation sound level must not exceed acceptable limits. Heating and cooling capacities must not be less than those indicated on the drawings. Indoor unit must be provided with single point power connections (fan and heater). **The Contractor must verify all voltage and power requirements with the Electrical Contractor, Electrical plans, and at the project site, prior to ordering equipment.**

Each unit must be provided with sweat/brazed connections from the Manufacturer's factory. Flare connections are not allowed unless **specifically** required by the Manufacturer.

15.2. **Special Requirements:** The Equipment Manufacturer must size all refrigerant piping per ASME B31.5 (Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components), ASHRAE Standard 15 (Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems), and all applicable codes and standards. The Manufacturer and Contractor must furnish all required accessories and auxiliaries for a complete installation in accordance with the drawings and specified sequence of operation. The Contractor must submit a manufacturer approved refrigerant piping diagram prior to installation. Failure to provide the approved diagram must make the Manufacturer and Contractor solely responsible for correcting any resulting issues at no additional cost to the Owner. Refer to Section Refrigerant Piping and Accessories for additional requirements.

15.3. **Refrigerant Leak Detection System (LDS):** A Leak Detection System (LDS) must be provided in any system that has more than 3.91 lbs. of an A2L refrigerant charge, per safety standard UL 60335-2-40 which consists of one or more refrigerant detection sensors. Equipment with R-454B and charge amounts less than or equal to 3.91 lbs. per circuit, does not require a refrigerant leak detection system or any

circulation airflow or ventilation airflow mitigation strategies. **The LDS must be factory-installed for all units.**

When the LDS detects a leak in units with charge amounts greater than 3.91 lbs. per circuit, the following mitigation actions must be automatically initiated until the refrigerant has not been detected for at least 5 minutes:

a. The compressor(s) operation must automatically and instantly cease/shutdown.
b. Indoor unit must continue to operate.
c. Associated auxiliary electric heat must be instantly and automatically disabled.

15.4. **Testing of Refrigerant Leak Detection System:** The Alabama Department of Construction Management (DCM) requires that the unit manufacturer must provide a factory-trained mechanic, employed by the unit Manufacturer, not a sales representative, onsite the day of the final site visit to test the refrigerant monitoring system and verify proper operation, shutdown, safeties, etc. as required. No beneficial occupancy, substantial completion or certificate of occupancy will be granted by DCM without this testing. Failure to comply with this provision will be cause for cancellation of the site visit, and a reinspection fee imposed, with all costs of the re-inspection to be borne by the Contractor.

15.5. **Condensing Unit Cabinet:** Must be heavy gauge galvanized steel cabinet with weather resistant baked enamel finish. Access to the electrical controls and compressor must be made by removing two service panels. All equipment must be installed level and plumb.

15.6. **Compressor System:** The unit must contain a hermetic compressor or 2-speed inverter driven for HP-B. The compressor must have high and low pressure protection, sump heat, compressor overload protection, 24-volt control transformer and magnetic contactors. Refrigerant circuit must include service valves, pressure tap ports, check valves, switch over valve, refrigerant line filter-driers and full factory furnished charge of ASHRAE Safety Classification A2L, R-454B refrigerant.

15.7. **Refrigerant Service Valves:** Provide for the proper service of the equipment. Per IMC 1101.9, all refrigerant circuit access ports located outdoors must be fitted with color coded, all brass, and locking tamper resistant caps. This requirement does not apply to refrigerant circuit access ports on equipment installed in controlled areas such as on roofs with locked access hatches or doors.

The locking caps must be red or red banded color code for the refrigerant used. Caps must be Novent Series 8668 for R-454B refrigerant with 86698 NV Multikey unlocking mechanism for R-454B refrigerant or equivalent by JB Industries Series Shield and DiversiTech Series Sentry. Provide Owner with minimum of six (6) spare keys.

15.8. **Outdoor Coil:** The outdoor coils must be constructed of aluminum fins or Spine Fin mechanically bonded to seamless aluminum or copper tube and must be protected by a unit Manufacturer furnished, heavy-duty metal hail guard. The outdoor coil must have expansion valve refrigerant control during heating operation, and automatic time and temperature actuated defrost control system. Unit must, as factory shipped, cycle fan motor on outdoor thermostat for low ambient cooling down to 40°F outdoor temperature. Provide heavy-duty metal condenser coil hail guard.

15.9. **Controls:** Indoor units must be provided with programmable touch screen panel. Controls must be factory wired and readily accessible.

15.10. **Air Handler:** Air handler must be a heavy duty polymer with weather resistant baked enamel finish for all other units. The air handler cabinet must be internally lined with foil laced fiberglass insulation. The indoor coil must be constructed of aluminum plate fins mechanically bonded to seamless copper tubes. The indoor (evaporator) coil must have expansion valve control and be equipped with defrost control and provided with stainless steel drain pan. Refrigerant piping connections must be sweat/brazed connections from the Manufacturer's factory. Flare connections are not allowed unless **specifically** required by the Manufacturer. The air handler must be provided with a low voltage terminal board and fan motor relay.

15.11. **Supply Fan and Motor(s):** Capacity not less than shown when operating against the static pressure indicated. All blower motors and bearings must be resiliently mounted, and the entire motor and blower wheel assembly must then be mounted on approved sound absorbing material and must be practically noise-less in operation. Motors must be constant torque, premium efficiency ECM type with soft start/stop. Blower motor current characteristics must be as shown on the plans. The blower door must be provided with a safety switch to stop the fan when the door is opened.

All motor ratings, efficiencies, torque, horsepower, service factor, temperature rise, bearing life, and performance characteristics specified herein must be fully achieved at a base frequency of 60 Hz or lower. Motors must not rely on operation above 60 Hz to meet any specified performance criteria, nor shall the capability to operate above 60 Hz be used to satisfy the minimum requirements of this Section.

External static pressure indicated on the plans is estimated. The equipment Manufacturer must provide additional belt sheaves for all belt driven equipment and/or motors, as applicable and as required, to match field conditions for the ductwork as installed.

15.12. **Auxiliary Electric Heater:** Provide electric heater with a total heating output not less than indicated on the drawings. Heater assembly must include power supply fusing, automatic resetting limit switches and heat limiters for thermal protection. Heater must be provided with factory disconnect switch and fusing all per National Electrical Code and UL. The auxiliary heater cabinet must be factory-sealed air tight and insulated to prevent condensation.

Units with a specified cooling capacity of less than 40 MBH must use the auxiliary resistance heater for reheat. Where the auxiliary resistance heater is specified for maintaining space temperature during dehumidification, the auxiliary resistance heater must be provided in a minimum of two stages.

15.13. **Hot Gas Reheat Coil:** Each unit with scheduled cooling capacity greater than or equal to 40 MBH must be provided with a refrigerant hot gas reheat coil with reheat coil valve and located in the reheat position. The coil must be of sufficient size to reheat all of the air supply. Provide, complete, with all necessary valves, controls, etc., as required for a complete and properly functioning installation. Provide manual isolation valves for each hot gas and liquid lines. Furnish for review air conditioning equipment Manufacturer approved refrigerant piping and controls diagram, and statement by the air conditioning Manufacturer on company letterhead that use of the hot gas reheat coil with the equipment is acceptable to the Manufacturer and will not affect any warranty or guarantee. **Equipment submittal will not be reviewed without a Manufacturers' approved diagram and referenced statement**. Minimum reheat capacity for supply air must be 10ºF. Maximum coil pressure drop is 0.10" static pressure. All connections to the unit/system must be with sweat/brazed

connections from the Manufacturer's factory. Flare connections are not allowed unless **specifically** required by the Manufacturer.

15.14. **Indoor Thermostat:** The manufacturer must provide a combination 7-day programmable, two-stage heating automatic changeover heat pump thermostat. The thermostat must have outdoor thermistor to compensate for thermostat droop, emergency heat switch with indicator light and auxiliary heat light. Thermostat must have sub-base fan switch for "On-Auto" selection and manual "Heat-Cool" switch. The thermostat must be hardwired and be provided with battery backup. Coordinate the thermostat with specified sequence of operation and provide as required.

Provide hinged metal guard with rounded corners, lock and key for each thermostat.

15.15. **Outdoor Thermostat:** Provide a mounting box and one outdoor thermostat for control of second stage of electrical heaters.

15.16. **Humidistat:** Humidistat is specified in "Automatic Controls" at the end of this 15700 Specification. At his option, the Unit Manufacturer may substitute a combined thermostat/humidistat. Verify with the Controls Sub-Contractor that the furnished thermostat/humidistat will perform all sequences of operation else provide separate devices as specified.

15.17. **CO2 Sensors:** Where demand ventilation is specified, the system must be provided with a separate CO2 sensor of the type specified at the end of this Section 15700. Combination devices are not allowed due to the required mounting height of the CO2 sensor.

15.18. **Factory Start-Up Service:** The Contractor must provide a factory-trained mechanic, employed by the unit Manufacturer and not a sales representative, to check out all equipment, refrigerant leak detection system and related safeties, hot gas reheat coils and UV-C lights, and furnish written report indicating equipment is installed in strict accordance with Manufacturer's recommendations. Also, provide temperature, pressure and amp readings taken during testing to substantiate unit performance including the range of the refrigerant hot gas reheat coil valve as applicable.

15.19. **Power Wiring:** Unit must be factory wired for power supply indicated on the electrical drawings. Any variation must be the responsibility of the Contractor.

15.20. **Filter Frame and Filters:** Provide 2" thick, MERV 11, pleated filters equal to 30/30/ Farr Series. All filters must be common industry standard size filters that are readily available and do not have to be fabricated. Cutting and taping of filter segments to make a proper filter is prohibited. Where the indoor section sits on R.A. platform or is horizontally mounted in an attic space and the Manufacturer does not provide filter access with thumbscrew access in the bottom of the unit, provide a filter frame that is designed to mount to the bottom (R.A. inlet) of the air unit. Frame must be hinged and have thumbscrews or wing nuts to open the access door. The filter frame must be 22 gauge metal as manufactured by E-Z Filter Base Mfg., Inc., The Metal Shop, approved equivalent or shop fabricated meeting the requirements as specified above. **The Mechanical Contractor must be responsible for quarterly filter changes during the guarantee period and must inscribe onto the filters' casing the date filters were installed/replaced.**

15.21. **Ultraviolet (UV-C) Lights:** Mechanical Contractor is responsible for wiring the devices and providing power for the UV-C lights if not shown on the Electrical plans. Air handling units must be provided with power supply and connections within the unit cabinet for powering the UV-C lights. Mechanical Contractor must be responsible for

circuitry to UV-C lighting. UV-C lighting must cycle on and off with the fan or operate continuously as recommended by the UV-C lighting Manufacturer.

Comply with UL / C-UL or ETL for Ultraviolet Fixturing. Store UV-C Fixturing in a clean, dry place and protect from weather, construction traffic and construction debris. UV-C products supplier must provide proof of 100% inbound and outbound testing of equipment. The UV-C Power supply must have been tested, listed and labeled as compliant with UL, CSA and CE. The plenum wiring loom must meet UL Subject 13 and UL 1581, Article 725 of the NEC and meet UL VW-1 material ratings. There must be a metallic Loom cladding, and it must be UL recognized DXUZ2 and constructed of flexible galvanized steel and cover the entire Loom. Each lamp must contain no more than 5 milligrams of mercury consistent with current environmental practices. Lamp Watts must be printed on all lamps, no exceptions. Lamps must not produce ozone and must be hermetically sealed within a layer of UV-C transmissible FEP to protect against lamp breakage and to contain lamp contents should breakage occur.

Lamps must be installed in sufficient quantity and in such a manner to provide an equal distribution of UV-C energy. When installed, the UV-C energy produced must be of the lowest possible reflected and shadowed-losses and must produce 360-degree UV-C irradiance from the lamps within the UV cavity. Lamp Watts must be printed on all lamps, no exceptions. Each lamp must contain less than 5 milligrams of mercury, consistent with current environmental practices. Lamp useful life must be a minimum of 9,000 hours with no more than a 15% output loss at the end of the lamp's life (12 months of continuous use). Lamps must be constructed with UV-C resistant bases and must not produce ozone. Lamps must produce the specified output in moving air of up to 1000 fpm and temperatures of 0-200°F. Lamps must be hermetically sealed within a layer of UV-C transmissible FEP to provide protection against lamp breakage and to ensure Lamp contents from a broken Lamp are contained.

Fixture modeling must be included in the submittal and must contain the necessary calculations to demonstrate that a minimum of 6 lamp watts, as recommended by ASHRAE, are distributed equally to each square foot of coil surface area to achieve a minimum of 100 microwatts per square centimeter equally distributed to the surfaces at the plenum sides, top and bottom. All calculations are to be at 55 degrees F and 500 fpm air velocity, no exceptions.

The power supply housing must be capable of installation within the air stream, secondary compartment or NEMA enclosure. Lamps must be mounted to irradiate the intended surfaces as well as all of the available line of sight airstream through proper placement, 360° irradiation and incident angle reflection.

To protect personnel, all unit access panels and doors to the UV-C assembly and/or within view of the UV-C assembly must include mechanical interlock switches to ensure that the UV-C assembly automatically de-energizes when any equipment access is opened. All UV-C devices must fit and be installed within the unit cabinet. **Devices must be hardwired, and UL labeled for the installation. Plug-in devices are not allowed per NEC.** The assembly must be powered by 120v circuit or as required by the AC unit Manufacturer. Coordinate requirement and provide as required.

A redundant disconnect service switch must be installed to provide a method to more specifically de-energize the UV-C lamp circuits prior to entering the lamp plenum. If not shown on the Electrical plans, the Mechanical Contractor must provide a redundant disconnect service switch for the UV-C lighting device(s). The disconnect

switch must be a manual single pole, single throw switch mounted beside the Electricals' unit disconnect circuit to nearest receptacle circuit in the mechanical space with (2) #12 and (1) #12 Ground in 1/2" conduit.

Provide warning signage on each access point to the UV-C lights and on each side of the unit. Signage materials, methods and colors must be as specified in Section 15010, Part Identification. Signage must read as follows: "***DANGER!! UV-C LIGHT SOURCE! DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING UNIT OR UV-C LIGHTING!***" Do not use stick-on signage provided by the UV-C Manufacturer.

15.22. **Unit Protection:** All equipment must also be provided with equipment manufacturer factory installed surge protection and phase protection to insure against voltage unbalance, over/under voltage, phase loss, reversal, incorrect sequencing and rapid short cycling. Where manufacturer factory installed devices are not available, protection must be provided for all 3-phase equipment utilizing ICM Controls Model 450 A Plus+ or equivalent. All single phase equipment with horsepower greater than or equal to 1/8 HP must be provided with protection utilizing ICM Controls Model ICM 492 or equivalent. Where phase protection device cannot be mounted within the respective equipment, provide a NEMA 4x or NEMA enclosure appropriate for the installation. The Contractor must consult with the Owner's maintenance personnel and set up all programmable options based on the Owner's requirements, within the device's capabilities.

15.23. **Pad Mounted Supports:** Units shown on finished grade must be anchored to the concrete pad. Concrete pads are specified under Division 2. Where concrete pads are not specified or not shown elsewhere, the Mechanical Contractor must provide a minimum 4" thickness, 5,000-psi concrete pad with rounded edges and corners. Pad must extend a minimum of 12" around three (3) sides of the unit and terminate at the building outside wall. Provide a strip of asphalt expansion joint between the concrete pad and the building exterior wall. Expansion joint must be full width by full depth of concrete pad, 1" thickness, non-absorbing, self-sealing, ASTM D 994 compliant and manufactured by W.R. Meadows Inc. or approved equivalent.

15.24. **Warranty:** General warranties are specified in Section "General Mechanical Provisions". The Mechanical Contractor and equipment Manufacturer must provide a non-prorated, total of five years replacement warranty for this equipment, to include all parts and components, belts, lubricants, compressors, refrigerant, etc., all labor, and shipping of the items required to return the installation to its original operating condition.

The Mechanical Contractor must be responsible for any parts, labor, etc. as specified above that is not provided by the equipment Manufacturer.

The Contractor and/or the Manufacturer must respond within 24 hours upon notification that there has been a failure under the terms of the specified warranty. "Respond" must mean having a Manufacturer certified technician onsite to evaluate the extent of the needed repairs/replacement and ordering of all items required for repair/replacement.

Shipping of the replacement compressor and any other related unit parts must be via maximum 2-day delivery if the unit is inoperable or cannot maintain a minimum indoor temperature of 78ºF to the affected facility.

The warranty period must begin on the date of substantial completion of the installation, as determined by the Architect, and must continue for the full product warranty period specified above.

PART 16. PAD MOUNTED PACKAGED OUTDOOR HEAT PUMP UNITS (PHP)

16.1. **General Description:** One-piece, high efficiency, true single zone VAV, combination air-to-air heat pump cooling system and auxiliary electric resistance heating system, premium efficiency motors, powered exhaust and powered relief, complete with automatic controls, primary and secondary condensate drainage stub outs for condensate drainage, removable stainless steel IAQ drain pan, factory installed refrigerant monitors and related safeties, condensate line overflow switch in the condensate line and in the auxiliary drain pan, wired to shut down the unit upon detection of condensate in the auxiliary drain pan or obstruction in the condensate drain line, evaporator coil capillary bulb frostat and powered GFI convenience outlet. All equipment (condenser/compressors) scheduled cooling capacities are based on 95°F ambient temperature. Unit must be provided with color touchscreen interface with USB port to indicate data trending, historical alarm messages, real-time sensor measurements, on board system setpoints and customized reports. The unit must be designed for direct, side handling of the conditioned air as shown on the plans. Any unit with arrangement different than shown on the plans requires prior approval. The equipment must be shipped completely assembled, pre-charged, piped and wired internally ready for field connections. Units must have heavy-duty metal condenser coil hail guards. The entire unit must be factory wired for single point power connection.

Where units are shown to be located on the roof, do not route power through the curb. Coordinate requirement with the electrical plans and electrical Contractor and provide as specified. All equipment and curbs must be installed level and plumb.

Each unit is specified to be provided with UV-C lights. The unit Manufacturer must coordinate with the UV-C Manufacturer the placement of the UV-C lights within the unit. UV-C lights must be placed in number and location as required by the UV-C device Manufacturer for maximum irradiance. The HVAC unit Manufacturer must provide equipment such that any part subjected to irradiance from the UV lamp system must be shielded from the UV-C light or constructed of a material that is capable of withstanding UV-C exposure levels expected in provided product without degradation.

The Contractor must verify all voltage and power requirements with the Electrical Contractor, Electrical plans, and at the project site, prior to ordering equipment.

16.2. **Quality Control:** The Manufacturer must perform a factory test run of the equipment prior to shipment to verify operational performance as specified and shown on the plans. Certified test results must be included with the complete equipment documentation provided to the Contractor and Owner upon delivery to the project site and included in the Owner's Operating and Maintenance Manuals.

16.3. **Refrigerant Leak Detection System (LDS):** A Leak Detection System (LDS) must be provided in any system that has more than 3.91 lbs. of an A2L refrigerant charge, per safety standard UL 60335-2-40 which consists of one or more refrigerant detection sensors. Equipment with R-454B and charge amounts less than or equal to 3.91 lbs. per circuit, does not require a refrigerant leak detection system or any circulation airflow or ventilation airflow mitigation strategies. **The LDS must be factory-installed for all units.**

When the LDS detects a leak in units with charge amounts greater than 3.91 lbs. per circuit, the following mitigation actions must be automatically initiated until the refrigerant has not been detected for at least 5 minutes:

a. Unit must automatically revert to its outside air economizer mode to deliver 100% outside air in tandem with its associated powered exhaust/relief.
b. The compressor(s) operation must automatically and instantly cease/shutdown.
c. Associated auxiliary electric heat must be instantly and automatically disabled.

16.4. **Testing of Refrigerant Leak Detection System:** The Alabama Department of Construction Management (DCM) requires that the unit manufacturer must provide a factory-trained mechanic, employed by the unit Manufacturer, not a sales representative, onsite the day of the final site visit to test the refrigerant monitoring system and verify proper operation, shutdown, safeties, etc. as required. No beneficial occupancy, substantial completion or certificate of occupancy will be granted by DCM without this testing. Failure to comply with this provision will be cause for cancellation of the site visit, and a reinspection fee imposed, with all costs of the re-inspection to be borne by the Contractor.

16.5. **Pad Mounted Supports:** Units shown on finished grade must be provided with factory base rail and anchored to the concrete pad. Concrete pads are specified under Division 2. Where concrete pads are not specified or not shown elsewhere, the Mechanical Contractor must provide a minimum 4” thickness, 5,000-psi concrete pad with rounded edges and corners. Pad must extend a minimum of 12” around three (3) sides of the unit and terminate at the building outside wall. Provide a strip of asphalt expansion joint between the concrete pad and the building exterior wall. Expansion joint must be full width by full depth of concrete pad, 1” thickness, non-absorbing, self-sealing, ASTM D 994 compliant and manufactured by W.R. Meadows Inc. or approved equivalent. All equipment and curbs must be installed level and plumb.

16.6. **Economizer Package:** All units whose scheduled cooling capacity is 54 MBH or greater must be provided with a 100% outside air economizer. The economizer must be provided complete with all controls, powered exhaust, powered relief and air mixing damper assembly consisting of an enthalpy controller, fresh air, recirculated air and exhaust air dampers and protective guard over relief/exhaust unit discharge. The fresh air intake section must be equipped with 1” thick, washable air filters. The assembly must be mounted within the confine of the unit casing. The system must be interlocked so that when the room thermostat calls for cooling or heating the outside air dampers will return to minimum position.

16.7. **Cooling System:** Total certified cooling capacity must not be less than indicated in the Equipment Schedule with low ambient head pressure controls to 40°F. All compressors must operate with full factory furnished charge of ASHRAE Safety Classification A2L, R-454B refrigerant. Coils must be of non-ferrous construction with aluminum fins mechanically bonded to seamless copper tubes. Condenser coils must have sub-cooling rows. The compressors must be resiliently mounted; have built-in 3-mode crankshaft lubrication, crankcase heater, discharge temperature limiter, current and temperature sensing motor overloads, and five-year guarantee. The system must be protected by high and low pressure switches, a five minute compressor timed off cycle controller, head pressure controls, reversing valves, accumulator, defrost control system, locking refrigerant charging valves, etc. as required for complete installation. Compressors over 10-ton capacity must have oil failure switches.

All units with scheduled cooling capacity greater than 60 MBH must be provided with multiple compressors, or 2-stage compressors as required by ASHRAE 90.1. Units with more than one compressor must have complete separate/independent refrigerant circuits to the evaporator. Where dual compressors are required for Manufacturer approved use of the hot gas reheat coil, dual compressors must be provided in lieu of a single, two-stage compressor.

16.8. **Refrigerant Service Valves:** Provide for the proper service of the equipment. Per IMC 1101.9, all refrigerant circuit access ports located outdoors must be fitted with color coded, all brass, and locking tamper resistant caps. This requirement does not apply to refrigerant circuit access ports on equipment installed in controlled areas such as on roofs with locked access hatches or doors.

The locking caps must be red or red banded color code for the refrigerant used. Caps must be Novent Series 8668 for R-454B refrigerant with 86698 NV Multikey unlocking mechanism for R-454B refrigerant or equivalent by JB Industries Series Shield and DiversiTech Series Sentry. Provide Owner with minimum of six (6) spare keys.

16.9. **Hot Gas Reheat Coil:** Unit must be provided with a factory installed (not third party installed) refrigerant hot gas reheat coil with reheat coil valve and located in the reheat position. The coil must be of sufficient size to reheat all of the air supply. Provide, complete, with all necessary valves, controls, etc., as required for a complete and properly functioning installation. Provide manual isolation valves for each hot gas and liquid lines. Furnish for review air conditioning equipment Manufacturer approved refrigerant piping and controls diagram, and statement by the air conditioning Manufacturer on company letterhead that use of the hot gas reheat coil with the equipment is acceptable to the Manufacturer and will not affect any warranty or guarantee. **Equipment submittal will not be reviewed without a Manufacturers' approved diagram and referenced statement**. Minimum reheat capacity for supply air must be 10ºF. Maximum coil pressure drop is 0.10” static pressure.

16.10. **Auxiliary Electric Heating System:** The electric heater with all components built in at the factory must carry the UL label. Each coil must have double thermal protection, consisting of a thermal overload Klixon device and heat limiters in the power legs, current sensing relay, transformer, and timer delay relay. Provide primary fusing, branch circuit fusing per UL and NEC requirements. If backup contactors are used as secondary thermal overload protection in lieu of the fused elements, these contactors must be built in and prewired at the factory. The resistance wire used in each coil must be 80% nickel and 20% chromium with no iron content. Wire must be supported by ceramic bushings, mounted in galvanized steel frame on not more than 4” centers.

Units with a specified cooling capacity of less than 40 MBH must use the auxiliary resistance heater for reheat. Where the auxiliary resistance heater is specified for maintaining space temperature during dehumidification, the auxiliary resistance heater must be provided in a minimum of two stages.

16.11. **Fans and Motors:** Supply fan must be a direct driven plenum fan with backward-curved fan wheel with an external rotor direct drive variable speed motor, not 2-speed. Supply fan speed adjustments must be made using the control user interface and mobile application.

Fan must be provided with fan fail indication. The indication must be registered at the on-board user interface and mobile service application.

Fan motors must be premium efficiency, true variable speed (not 2-speed), direct driven and thermally protected.

All motors with scheduled capacity of less than 1 HP must be ECM type as required by ASHRAE 90.1 and with minimum motor efficiency of 70% when rated in accordance with DOE 10 CFR 431.

All motor ratings, efficiencies, torque, horsepower, service factor, temperature rise, bearing life, and performance characteristics specified herein must be fully achieved at a base frequency of 60 Hz or lower. Motors must not rely on operation above 60 Hz to meet any specified performance criteria, nor shall the capability to operate above 60 Hz be used to satisfy the minimum requirements of this Section. This requirement applies to all motors, including those intended for use with variable frequency drives (VFDs).

Provide all necessary controls to operate the unit based on maintaining two temperature setpoints: discharge air and zone temperature. During single zone vav cooling, the unit will maintain zone cooling setpoint by modulating the supply fan speed more or less to meet zone load demand; and the unit will maintain discharge temperature to the discharge cooling setpoint by modulating economizer if available and staging dx cooling.

External static pressure indicated on the plans is estimated. The equipment Manufacturer must provide additional belt sheaves for all belt driven equipment and/or motors, as applicable and as required, to match field conditions for the ductwork as installed.

Condenser fans must be direct driven. All motors must have inherent protection devices on all legs.

16.12. **Ultraviolet (UV-C) Lights:** Mechanical Contractor is responsible for wiring the devices and providing power for the UV-C lights if not shown on the Electrical plans. Air handling units must be provided with power supply and connections within the unit cabinet for powering the UV-C lights. Mechanical Contractor must be responsible for circuitry to UV-C lighting. UV-C lighting must cycle on and off with the fan or operate continuously as recommended by the UV-C lighting Manufacturer.

Comply with UL / C-UL or ETL for Ultraviolet Fixturing. Store UV-C Fixturing in a clean, dry place and protect from weather, construction traffic and construction debris. UV-C products supplier must provide proof of 100% inbound and outbound testing of equipment. The UV-C Power supply must have been tested, listed and labeled as compliant with UL, CSA and CE. The plenum wiring loom must meet UL Subject 13 and UL 1581, Article 725 of the NEC and meet UL VW-1 material ratings. There must be a metallic Loom cladding, and it must be UL recognized DXUZ2 and constructed of flexible galvanized steel and cover the entire Loom. Each lamp must contain no more than 5 milligrams of mercury consistent with current environmental practices. Lamp Watts must be printed on all lamps, no exceptions. Lamps must not produce ozone and must be hermetically sealed within a layer of UV-C transmissible FEP to protect against lamp breakage and to contain lamp contents should breakage occur.

Lamps must be installed in sufficient quantity and in such a manner to provide an equal distribution of UV-C energy. When installed, the UV-C energy produced must be of the lowest possible reflected and shadowed-losses and must produce 360-degree UV-C irradiance from the lamps within the UV cavity. Lamp Watts must be printed on all lamps, no exceptions. Each lamp must contain less than 5 milligrams of mercury, consistent with current environmental practices. Lamp useful life must be

a minimum of 9,000 hours with no more than a 15% output loss at the end of the lamp's life (12 months of continuous use). Lamps must be constructed with UV-C resistant bases and must not produce ozone. Lamps must produce the specified output in moving air of up to 1000 fpm and temperatures of 0-200°F. Lamps must be hermetically sealed within a layer of UV-C transmissible FEP to provide protection against lamp breakage and to ensure Lamp contents from a broken Lamp are contained.

Fixture modeling must be included in the submittal and must contain the necessary calculations to demonstrate that a minimum of 6 lamp watts, as recommended by ASHRAE, are distributed equally to each square foot of coil surface area to achieve a minimum of 100 microwatts per square centimeter equally distributed to the surfaces at the plenum sides, top and bottom. All calculations are to be at 55 degrees F and 500 fpm air velocity, no exceptions.

The power supply housing must be capable of installation within the air stream, secondary compartment or NEMA enclosure. Lamps must be mounted to irradiate the intended surfaces as well as all of the available line of sight airstream through proper placement, 360° irradiation and incident angle reflection.

To protect personnel, all unit access panels and doors to the UV-C assembly and/or within view of the UV-C assembly must include mechanical interlock switches to ensure that the UV-C assembly automatically de-energizes when any equipment access is opened. All UV-C devices must fit and be installed within the unit cabinet. **Devices must be hardwired, and UL labeled for the installation. Plug-in devices are not allowed per NEC.** The assembly must be powered by 120v circuit or as required by the AC unit Manufacturer. Coordinate requirement and provide as required.

A weatherproof redundant disconnect service switch must be installed to provide a method to more specifically de-energize the UV-C lamp circuits prior to entering the lamp plenum. If not shown on the Electrical plans, the Mechanical Contractor must provide a redundant disconnect service switch for the UV-C lighting device(s). The disconnect switch must be a manual single pole, single throw switch mounted beside the Electricals' unit disconnect circuit to nearest receptacle circuit with (2) #12 and (1) #12 Ground in 1/2" conduit.

Provide warning signage on each access point to the UV-C lights and on each side of the unit. Signage materials, methods and colors must be as specified in Section 15010, Part Identification. Signage must read as follows: "***DANGER!! UV-C LIGHT SOURCE! DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING UNIT OR UV-C LIGHTING!***" Do not use stick-on signage provided by the UV-C Manufacturer.

16.13. **Frame and Casings:** The frame must be of welded construction. The casing must be constructed of galvanized hinged panels with hinged latching handles and baked on outdoor acrylic finish. The cabinet bottom must be insulated with Styrofoam; cabinet panels must be insulated with 1" fiberglass. All components, wiring and inspection areas must be completely accessible through hinged panels with locking door handles. Unit must be provided with a unit Manufacturer furnished heavy-duty metal condenser coil hail guard.

16.14. **Filters:** Provide 2" thick, MERV 11, pleated, disposable type filters for each filter location equal to Farr Series 30/30 and filter access section. All filters must be common industry standard size filters that are readily available and do not have to be fabricated. Cutting and taping of filter segments to make a proper filter is prohibited. **The Mechanical Contractor must be responsible for quarterly filter cleaning of**

the outside air intake filter and quarterly replacement of the return air filters during the guarantee period. The Mechanical Contractor must inscribe onto the disposable filters' casing the date filters were installed/replaced.

16.15. **Indoor Thermostat:** The Manufacturer must provide a combination 7-day programmable, two-stage heating automatic changeover heat pump thermostat. The thermostat must have an outdoor thermistor to compensate for thermostat droop, emergency heat switch with indicator light and auxiliary heat light. Thermostat must have sub-base fan switch for "On-Auto" selection and manual "Heat-Cool" switch. The thermostat must be hardwired and be provided with battery backup. Coordinate the thermostat with specified sequence of operation and provide as required.

Provide hinged metal guard with rounded corners, lock and key for each thermostat.

16.16. **Outdoor Thermostat:** Provide an outdoor thermostat for control of the second stage of electrical heater.

16.17. **Humidistat:** Humidistat is specified in "Automatic Controls" at the end of this 15700 Specification. At his option, the Unit Manufacturer may substitute a combined thermostat/humidistat. Verify with the Controls Sub-Contractor that the furnished thermostat/humidistat will perform all sequences of operation else provide separate devices as specified.

16.18. **CO2 Sensors:** Where demand ventilation is specified, the system must be provided with a separate CO2 sensor of the type specified at the end of this Section 15700. Combination devices are not allowed due to the required mounting height of the CO2 sensor.

16.19. **Unit Protection:** All equipment must also be provided with equipment manufacturer factory installed surge protection and phase protection to insure against voltage unbalance, over/under voltage, phase loss, reversal, incorrect sequencing and rapid short cycling. Where manufacturer factory installed devices are not available, protection must be provided for all 3-phase equipment utilizing ICM Controls Model 450 A Plus+ or equivalent. All single phase equipment with horsepower greater than or equal to 1/8 HP must be provided with protection utilizing ICM Controls Model ICM 492 or equivalent. Where phase protection device cannot be mounted within the respective equipment, provide a NEMA 4x or NEMA enclosure appropriate for the installation. The Contractor must consult with the Owner's maintenance personnel and set up all programmable options based on the Owner's requirements, within the device's capabilities.

16.20. **Smoke Detectors:** Not required.

16.21. **Factory Start-Up Service:** The Contractor must provide a factory-trained mechanic, employed by the unit Manufacturer and not a sales representative, to check out all equipment, including hot gas reheat coils and UV-C lights, and furnish written report indicating equipment is installed in strict accordance with Manufacturer's recommendations. Also, provide temperature, pressure and amp readings taken during testing to substantiate unit performance including the range of the refrigerant hot gas reheat coil valve as applicable.

16.22. **Warranty:** General warranties are specified in Section "General Mechanical Provisions". The Mechanical Contractor and equipment Manufacturer must provide a non-prorated, total of five years replacement warranty for this equipment, to include all parts and components, belts, lubricants, compressors, refrigerant, etc., all labor,

and shipping of the items required to return the installation to its original operating condition.

The Mechanical Contractor must be responsible for any parts, labor, etc. as specified above that is not provided by the equipment Manufacturer.

The Contractor and/or the Manufacturer must respond within 24 hours upon notification that there has been a failure under the terms of the specified warranty. "Respond" must mean having a Manufacturer certified technician onsite to evaluate the extent of the needed repairs/replacement and ordering of all items required for repair/replacement.

Shipping of the replacement compressor and any other related unit parts must be via maximum 2-day delivery if the unit is inoperable or cannot maintain a minimum indoor temperature of 78ºF to the affected facility.

The warranty period must begin on the date of substantial completion of the installation, as determined by the Architect, and must continue for the full product warranty period specified above.

16.23. **Manufacturers:** Trane Series Precedent, Model WHC for units with scheduled cooling capacities of 36,000 BTUH up to and including 120,000 BTUH. Trane Series Precedent, Model WSJ for units with scheduled cooling capacities of 150,000 BTUH up to and including 300,000 BTUH. Trane is the basis of design. Equivalents by Carrier or Lennox will be considered.

PART 17. WALL MOUNTED DUCTLESS SPLIT HEAT PUMP SYSTEM UNIT (DHP)

17.1. **General:** Provide ductless, wall mounted, split system type heat pump unit, equal to Trane/Mitsubishi Electric Series NTXWST/NTXSST for units with specified cooling capacity up to 9 MBH and TPKA/TRUZ units with specified cooling capacity of 12 MBH to 36 MBH complete with all accessories including wall hung evaporator blower unit, pad mounted outdoor condensing unit operating with full factory furnished charge of ASHRAE Safety Classification A2L, R-454B refrigerant, factory installed refrigerant monitor and related safeties, lockable refrigerant charging valves, filter frame, washable filter, fixed, wall mounted, hardwired 7-day programmable, microprocessor electronic thermostat and control module, metal, hinged locking thermostat guard, adjustable discharge louvers, factory installed heavy duty condensate pump (if drainage indicated on plumbing and mechanical plan is not gravity type), low ambient indoor coil thermistor, low ambient control to 14º F, outdoor microprocessor control, heavy duty metal condenser coil hail guard, sweat/brazed connection fittings from the Manufacturer's factory and other accessories required for a complete functional installation. Flare connections are not allowed unless **specifically** required by the Manufacturer. Refer to Part Condensate Drainage Piping of this specification for drainage requirements. Compressors must be warranted for 5 years. Where the indoor unit is powered by the outdoor unit, wiring must be installed as specified in Division 16.

All condensate and refrigerant piping that cannot be concealed in the walls in finished spaces must be provided with Mitsubishi Line-Hide Linset Cover System. Note that this provision must not be used to cover piping that can be otherwise concealed.

17.2. **Refrigerant Service Valves:** Provide for the proper service of the equipment. Per IMC 1101.9, all refrigerant circuit access ports located outdoors must be fitted with color coded, all brass, and locking tamper resistant caps. This requirement does not

apply to refrigerant circuit access ports on equipment installed in controlled areas such as on roofs with locked access hatches or doors.

The locking caps must be red or red banded color code for the refrigerant used. Caps must be Novent Series 8668 for R-454B refrigerant with 86698 NV Multikey unlocking mechanism for R-454B refrigerant or equivalent by JB Industries Series Shield and DiversiTech Series Sentry. Provide Owner with minimum of six (6) spare keys.

17.3. **Refrigerant Piping:** Coiled line sets and preinsulated line sets are not allowed. See other parts of 15700 for piping and insulation requirements. The Equipment Manufacturer must size all refrigerant piping per ASME B31.5 (Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components), ASHRAE Standard 15 (Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems), and all applicable codes and standards.

The Manufacturer and Contractor must furnish all required accessories and auxiliaries for a complete installation in accordance with the drawings and specified sequence of operation. The Contractor must submit a manufacturer approved refrigerant piping diagram prior to installation. Failure to provide the approved diagram must make the Manufacturer and Contractor solely responsible for correcting any resulting issues at no additional cost to the Owner. Refer to Section Refrigerant Piping and Accessories for additional requirements. **Piping connections must be brazed/sweat connections** from the Manufacturer's factory. Flare connections are not allowed unless **specifically** required by the Manufacturer. Refer to Section Refrigerant Piping and Accessories for additional requirements.

17.4. **Condensate Pump:** Where gravity drainage is not indicated on the plans, condensate pumps for all indoor units must be Blue Diamond, Series MaxiBlue or approved equivalent. The pump must be thermally protected, up to 3.7 GPH flow rate, 23 ft. head, 15 ft. suction, self-priming, powered by the indoor unit and maximum 21-db sound level. The pump must be provided with mounting feet, extension cables and multi-tank configuration as required. Mechanical Contractor to coordinate power requirements for pump, prior to bid, and provide as required.

17.5. **Condensate Drainage:** Refer to Part Condensate Drainage Piping of this specification for drainage requirements. Note that ductless mini-split equipment that produces condensate must be provided with an inline check valve located in the drain line or a trap as required by IMC 307.2.4.1.

17.6. **Power Wiring Connection:** Coordinate wiring requirements (separate power for each indoor and outdoor unit or indoor unit powered by outdoor unit) with the equipment manufacturer and provide as required.

Where the indoor unit is powered by the outdoor unit, the contractor must provide and install a specialized Type MC Mini-Split cable (Southwire EZ-IN or approved equivalent) for all interconnecting power and control wiring between indoor and outdoor HVAC units. Cable must consist of four (4) stranded Class B compressed copper conductors. Each conductor must be insulated with heat-resistant Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) and a protective Nylon sheath (Type THHN/THWN). The assembly must be protected by a 25/50 smoke/flame rated lightweight, interlocking aluminum armor and finished with a sunlight-resistant, flame-retardant, and moisture-resistant black PVC outer jacket. Cable must be UL listed for 600V, rated for 195°F dry and 170°F wet locations, and approved for direct burial and installation without conduit in both indoor and outdoor environments. Installation must comply with NFPA 70 (National Electrical Code) Article 330. Coordinate furnishing and installation of the cable requirement with the electrical contractor prior to ordering/installing the cable.

17.7. **Indoor Thermostat:** The manufacturer must provide a combination 7-day programmable, two-stage heating automatic changeover heat pump thermostat. The thermostat must have outdoor thermistor to compensate for thermostat droop, emergency heat switch with indicator light and auxiliary heat light. Thermostat must have sub-base fan switch for “On-Auto” selection and manual “Heat-Cool” switch. The thermostat must be hardwired and be provided with battery backup. Coordinate the thermostat with specified sequence of operation and provide as required.

Provide hinged metal guard with rounded corners, lock and key for each thermostat.

Refer to Section 15920 Building HVAC Controls System (BAS) for additional requirements.

17.8. **Pad Mounted Supports:** The concrete pad is specified under Division 2 for all units mounted on grade. Where concrete pads are not specified or shown, the Mechanical Contractor must provide a minimum 4” thickness, 5,000 psi concrete pad with rounded edges and corners. Pad must extend a minimum of 12” around three (3) sides of the unit and terminate at the building outside wall. Provide a strip of asphalt expansion joint between the concrete pad and the building exterior wall. Expansion joint must be 1” thickness, non-absorbing, self-sealing, ASTM D 994 compliant and manufactured by W.R. Meadows Inc or equivalent. All equipment and curbs must be installed level and plumb.

17.9. **Unit Protection:** All equipment must also be provided with equipment manufacturer factory installed surge protection and phase protection to insure against voltage unbalance, over/under voltage, phase loss, reversal, incorrect sequencing and rapid short cycling. Where manufacturer factory installed devices are not available, protection must be provided for all single phase equipment with horsepower greater than or equal to 1/8 HP utilizing ICM Controls Model ICM 492 or equivalent. Where phase protection device cannot be mounted within the respective equipment, provide a NEMA 4x or NEMA enclosure appropriate for the installation. The Contractor must consult with the Owner's maintenance personnel and set up all programmable options based on the Owner's requirements, within the device's capabilities.

17.10. **Warranty:** General warranties are specified in Section "General Mechanical Provisions". The Mechanical Contractor and equipment Manufacturer must provide a non-prorated, total of five years replacement warranty for this equipment, to include all parts and components, belts, lubricants, compressors, refrigerant, etc., all labor, and shipping of the items required to return the installation to its original operating condition.

The Mechanical Contractor must be responsible for any parts, labor, etc. as specified above that is not provided by the equipment Manufacturer.

The Contractor and/or the Manufacturer must respond within 24 hours upon notification that there has been a failure under the terms of the specified warranty. "Respond" must mean having a Manufacturer certified technician onsite to evaluate the extent of the needed repairs/replacement and ordering of all items required for repair/replacement.

Shipping of the replacement compressor and any other related unit parts must be via maximum 2-day delivery if the unit is inoperable or cannot maintain a minimum indoor temperature of 78ºF to the affected facility.

The warranty period must begin on the date of substantial completion of the installation, as determined by the Architect, and must continue for the full product warranty period specified above.

17.11. **Manufacturers:** Trane or equivalent by Mitsubishi, Lennox, LG or Carrier. **Trane is the basis of Design.**

PART 18. SPLIT SYSTEM CASSETTE TYPE HEAT PUMP (CCHP)

18.1. **General:** The heat pump air conditioning system must be equal to Trane/Mitsubishi Electric Series PLA/RUZ split system operating full factory furnished charge of ASHRAE Safety Classification A2L, R-454B refrigerant. The system must consist of a slim silhouette; compact ceiling mounted packaged evaporator section and matching slim line outdoor unit with lockable refrigerant charging valves, factory installed refrigerant monitors and related safeties, refrigerant piping sweat/brazed connections from the Manufacturer, wall mounted, hardwired 7-day programmable thermostat with clear plastic locking cover, occupancy sensor with override, outside air connection (if shown on the plans) and supply air connection (if shown on the plans). whenever possible, the unit must fit within a nominal 2'x2' lay-in ceiling grid. Flare connections are not allowed unless **specifically** required by the Manufacturer. The units must be listed by Electrical Laboratories (ETL) and/or Underwriters Lab (UL) and bear the ETL and/or UL label. All wiring in accordance with the National Electrical Code (N.E.C.). The units must be rated in accordance with ARI Standard 240 and bear the ARI label. All units must be provided with phase protection.

Where the indoor unit is powered by the outdoor unit, installation must be as specified in Division 16.

All condensate and refrigerant piping that cannot be concealed in the walls in finished spaces must be provided with Mitsubishi Line-Hide Linset Cover System. Note that this provision must not be used to cover piping that can be otherwise concealed.

18.2. **Refrigerant Service Valves:** Provide for the proper service of the equipment. Per IMC 1101.9, all refrigerant circuit access ports located outdoors must be fitted with color coded, all brass, and locking tamper resistant caps. This requirement does not apply to refrigerant circuit access ports on equipment installed in controlled areas such as on roofs with locked access hatches or doors.

The locking caps must be red or red banded color code for the refrigerant used. Caps must be Novent Series 8668 for R-454B refrigerant with 86698 NV Multikey unlocking mechanism for R-454B refrigerant or equivalent by JB Industries Series Shield and DiversiTech Series Sentry. Provide Owner with minimum of six (6) spare keys.

18.3. **Occupancy Sensor:** Provide I-see Sensor' occupancy sensor.

18.4. **Refrigerant Piping:** Coiled line sets and preinsulated line sets are not allowed. See other parts of 15700 for piping and insulation requirements. The Equipment Manufacturer must size all refrigerant piping per ASME B31.5 (Refrigeration Piping and Heat Transfer Components), ASHRAE Standard 15 (Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems), and all applicable codes and standards. The Manufacturer and Contractor must furnish all required accessories and auxiliaries for a complete installation in accordance with the drawings and specified sequence of operation.

The Contractor must submit a manufacturer approved refrigerant piping diagram prior to installation. Failure to provide the approved diagram must make the Manufacturer

and Contractor solely responsible for correcting any resulting issues at no additional cost to the Owner. Refer to Section Refrigerant Piping and Accessories for additional requirements. **Piping connections must be brazed/sweat connections** from the Manufacturer's factory. Flare connections are not allowed unless **specifically** required by the Manufacturer. Refer to Section Refrigerant Piping and Accessories for additional requirements.

18.5. **Description:** Capacities and characteristics must be as specified on the drawings. The indoor unit must be factory assembled and wired. The casing must be galvanized sheet metal with insulation. Whenever possible, the unit must fit within a nominal 2'x2' ceiling grid. Coordinate unit type required with previously specified requirements of outside air/supply air duct connections required by the plans. The evaporator fan must be a high performance, fan direct driven by a single motor. The fan must be statically and dynamically balanced and run on permanently lubricated bearings. The indoor unit must have an adjustable air outlet system with 4-way deflection airflow. Return air must be filtered with factory furnished filter. The coil must be of nonferrous construction with smooth plate fins bonded to copper tubing. All tube joints must be brazed with phos-copper or silver alloy and provided with appropriate **piping connections for brazed/sweat connections from the Manufacturer's factory**. Flare connections are not allowed unless **specifically** required by the Manufacturer. The coil must be pressure tested at the factory. A condensate pan and auxiliary drain pan must be provided and extend under the coil and piping.

Unit must be provided with sensor to shutdown unit and sound alarm if condensate line becomes obstructed. If the BAS system is part of the project, provide output contacts to show alarm at BAS system Operator Console. Coordinate with BAS Contractor and provide as required for proper interface.

The control system must consist of low voltage room thermostat to control heating and cooling. Provide clear plastic thermostat guard with lock and key.

18.6. **Condensate Drainage:** Refer to Part Condensate Drainage Piping of this specification for drainage requirements. Note that ductless mini-split equipment that produces condensate must be provided with an inline check valve located in the drain line or a trap as required by IMC 307.2.4.1.

18.7. **Outdoor Unit:** Must be completely factory assembled, piped and wired. The unit must be furnished with one (1) direct drive, propeller type fan arranged for horizontal or vertical. The motors must have inherent protection, be of the permanently lubricated type, and resiliently mounted for quiet operation. The compressor must be of the high-performance rotary type with crankcase heater, accumulator and internal thermal overloads. The refrigeration system must be equipped with high-pressure switch. Refrigerant flow from the condenser must be controlled by means of a capillary tube. The condenser coil must be of nonferrous construction with smooth plate fins bonded to copper tubing. The coil must be protected with smooth plate fins bonded to copper tubing. The condenser coil must be protected with an integral heavy-duty metal hail guard. The unit must be controlled by the microprocessor located in the indoor matching unit. A built-in, low-ambient controller must allow cooling to 0 degrees F outdoor temperature.

18.8. **Power Wiring Connection:** Coordinate wiring requirements (separate power for each indoor and outdoor unit or indoor unit powered by outdoor unit) with the equipment manufacturer and provide as required.

Where the indoor unit is powered by the outdoor unit, the contractor must provide and install a specialized Type MC Mini-Split cable (Southwire EZ-IN or approved equivalent) for all interconnecting power and control wiring between indoor and outdoor HVAC units. Cable must consist of four (4) stranded Class B compressed copper conductors. Each conductor must be insulated with heat-resistant Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) and a protective Nylon sheath (Type THHN/THWN). The assembly must be protected by a 25/50 smoke/flame rated lightweight, interlocking aluminum armor and finished with a sunlight-resistant, flame-retardant, and moisture-resistant black PVC outer jacket. Cable must be UL listed for 600V, rated for 195°F dry and 170°F wet locations, and approved for direct burial and installation without conduit in both indoor and outdoor environments. Installation must comply with NFPA 70 (National Electrical Code) Article 330. Coordinate furnishing and installation of the cable requirement with the electrical contractor prior to ordering/installing the cable.

18.9. **Indoor Thermostat:** The manufacturer must provide a combination 7-day programmable, two-stage heating automatic changeover heat pump thermostat. The thermostat must have outdoor thermistor to compensate for thermostat droop, emergency heat switch with indicator light and auxiliary heat light. Thermostat must have sub-base fan switch for “On-Auto” selection and manual “Heat-Cool” switch. The thermostat must be hardwired and be provided with battery backup. Coordinate the thermostat with specified sequence of operation and provide as required.

Provide hinged metal guard with rounded corners, lock and key for each thermostat.

18.10. **Pad Mounted Supports:** Units mounted on finished grade must be provided with concrete pad. Concrete pads are specified under Division 2. Where concrete pads are not specified or shown elsewhere, the Mechanical Contractor must provide a minimum 4” thickness, 5,000-psi concrete pad with rounded edges and corners. Pad must extend a minimum of 12” around three (3) sides of the unit and terminate at the building outside wall. Provide a strip of asphalt expansion joint between the concrete pad and the building exterior wall. Expansion joint must be 1” thickness, non-absorbing, self-sealing, ASTM D 994 compliant and manufactured by W.R. Meadows Inc or equivalent.

18.11. **Unit Protection:** All equipment must also be provided with equipment manufacturer factory installed surge protection and phase protection to insure against voltage unbalance, over/under voltage, phase loss, reversal, incorrect sequencing and rapid short cycling. Where manufacturer factory installed devices are not available, protection must be provided for all single phase equipment with horsepower greater than or equal to 1/8 HP utilizing ICM Controls Model ICM 492 or equivalent. Where phase protection device cannot be mounted within the respective equipment, provide a NEMA 4x or NEMA enclosure appropriate for the installation. The Contractor must consult with the Owner's maintenance personnel and set up all programmable options based on the Owner's requirements, within the device's capabilities.

18.12. **Warranty:** General warranties are specified in Section "General Mechanical Provisions". The Mechanical Contractor and equipment Manufacturer must provide a non-prorated, total of five years replacement warranty for this equipment, to include all parts and components, belts, lubricants, compressors, refrigerant, etc., all labor, and shipping of the items required to return the installation to its original operating condition.

The Mechanical Contractor must be responsible for any parts, labor, etc. as specified above that is not provided by the equipment Manufacturer.

The Contractor and/or the Manufacturer must respond within 24 hours upon notification that there has been a failure under the terms of the specified warranty. "Respond" must mean having a Manufacturer certified technician onsite to evaluate the extent of the needed repairs/replacement and ordering of all items required for repair/replacement.

Shipping of the replacement compressor and any other related unit parts must be via maximum 2-day delivery if the unit is inoperable or cannot maintain a minimum indoor temperature of 78ºF to the affected facility.

The warranty period must begin on the date of substantial completion of the installation, as determined by the Architect, and must continue for the full product warranty period specified above.

18.13. **Manufacturers:** Trane or equivalent by Mitsubishi, Lennox, LG or Carrier. **Trane is the basis of Design.**

PART 19. ELECTRIC UNIT HEATERS

19.1. **General:** Heaters must be UL listed, have integral safety controls, control transformer, circuit breaker and all required accessories for a complete and functional installation. Capacities must be as scheduled on the plans. All heaters must be installed in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations.

Heaters must be securely mounted to building structure. Provide any additional structural framing necessary for proper heater installation. Unit heaters must be provided with single point power connections (fan and heater).

The Contractor must verify all voltage and power requirements with the Electrical Contractor, Electrical plans, and at the project site, prior to ordering equipment.

See below for the basis of design units. Equivalents by Trane, Reznor, Modine, Markel, Chromalox or Indeeco will be considered.

19.2. **Propeller Type:** Heater must be horizontal discharge type, complete with integral controls, remote 24-volt thermostat, control transformer, and circuit breaker. The Basis of design is Trane model UHEC.

PART 20. AUTOMATIC CONTROLS

20.1. **General:** Furnish and install a complete system of automatic temperature controls, as specified herein, as shown on the Drawings and as required for a complete installation. All temperature control equipment must be of electric type. All specified Sequences of Operation are subject to all equipment built-in safety requirements. Equipment and safety requirements must not be overridden.

20.2. **Submittals:** The temperature control Contractor must submit a complete set of temperature control diagrams with written "sequence of operation" and factory-printed specification data sheets covering each control device proposed to be used for Engineer's review prior to installation of any equipment or part of system. Submittal data must include a schedule of all devices to be installed.

20.3. **Installation:** By trained and experienced mechanics. All work must be provided by an approved, independent HVAC Controls Contractor whose primary business is the installation and servicing of HVAC controls systems. The HVAC Controls Sub-Contractor must have an adequate service facility to provide complete service and maintenance of the facility within 100 miles of the installation.

20.4. **Identification:** Provide permanent nameplates for all control components and for all motor starters. Nameplates must be engraved laminated plastic with sufficiently large letters to be legible under normal operating conditions. Refer to Section 15010, Part Identification for additional requirements, nameplate materials, etc.

20.5. **Conduit, Controls Wiring and Instrumentation Cable:** The HVAC Controls Contractor must be responsible for the furnishing and installation of a complete and functional system as specified, shown on the plans and as required to accomplish the specified sequences of operation.

All HVAC control cabling and wiring must be in EMT conduit (no “whips”) or on J-hooks. Above accessible lay-in ceilings, control wiring must be installed on J-Hook assemblies. Above all hard, inaccessible ceilings, in all mechanical rooms and in areas with exposed structure (no ceilings), controls wiring must be in conduit. Do not attach any wiring, cabling or conduits to refrigerant piping.

Do not route control wiring through sleeves containing piping. Do not route control wiring through sleeves containing piping. **All control wiring penetrating any exterior wall, interior partition, floor, and similar construction must be in EMT conduit. Through base control wiring/conduit is not allowed.** EMT control conduit must be as specified in the Electrical Division of the specifications and/or as shown on electrical drawings. Minimum HVAC Controls conduit size must be 3/4” in size. All control conduit, power, relays, contactors, transformers, wiring, etc., required for a complete functional system as specified, shown on the plans, or as required to accomplish the specified sequences of operation, which is not shown or specified by the Electrical Division, must be furnished and installed by the HVAC Controls Contractor. This must include all power, interlock control wiring between the various components of the heating, ventilating and air conditioning system, lighting interlocks and all smoke detection system electrical wiring.

Instrumentation cable must be minimum AWG as specified or heavier AWG as recommended by the controls system Manufacturer.

All thermostat and humidistat boxes must be mounted 46” A.F.F. to the center of the box (ADA height). Where wall mounted CO_2 Sensors are indicated, they must be mounted 58” A.F.F to the center of the box.

20.6. **Space Thermostats:** Space thermostats must be 7-day programmable, microprocessor based, low voltage type with “Heating - Cooling” and fan “On-Off-Auto” switches sub-base. Coordinate thermostat requirements and options with Mechanical Contractor and provide as required to accomplish specified sequence of operation. Each thermostat must have building power supply with transformer and battery back-up power.

Provide hinged metal guard with rounded corners, lock and key for each thermostat.

All thermostat boxes must be mounted 46” A.F.F. to the center of the box (ADA height). All thermostat boxes in walls or partitions must be sealed/caulked to prevent the passage of air and smoke through the device.

20.7. **Humidistats:** Heavy-duty industrial type. Provide metal guard as specified for thermostats.

All humidistat boxes must be mounted 46” A.F.F. to the center of the box (ADA height). All humidistat boxes in walls or partitions must be sealed/caulked to prevent the passage of air and smoke through the device. At his option, the unit Manufacturer/Controls Sub-Contractor may provide a combined thermostat/humidistat device. Coordinate requirement with the equipment manufacturer prior to bidding and provide as required.

20.8. **Condensate Drainage:** Refer to Part Condensate Drainage Piping of this specification for drainage requirements.

20.9. **Motorized Control Dampers:** Equal to Ruskin Series CD-50, Pottorff CD-52, Greenheck VCD-43, United Enertech CD-110 or Nailor 2020, galvanized steel frame, Class 1A (less than or equal to 3 cfm/sq.ft. at 1" w.g.) leakage, extruded aluminum airfoil, opposed blade dampers, stainless steel or synthetic bearings with heavy-duty Belimo actuator and 24-volt actuators. The dampers must be labeled by an approved agency when tested in accordance with AMCA 500D.

Coordinate power requirements with electrical Contractor and provide as required. Damper motors must be located outside of the air stream. Provide weatherproof construction for outdoor installation of dampers and weatherproof enclosure.

20.10. **Typical Packaged Heat Pump (PHP) Unit or Split System Heat Pump (HP) Unit Systems with Demand Control Ventilation Sequence of Operation:** HP-A, HP-B and HP-C do not require demand ventilation and are similar in sequence. PHP-A requires demand ventilation. The control circuit for each unit must be energized by its respective 7-day programmable thermostat. Occupied and unoccupied schedules must be programmed by the Controls/Mechanical Contractor as desired by the Owner.

The thermostat must be used to control heating and cooling. Provide for each heat pump unit an adjustable outdoor thermostat and wire to control the second stage of the auxiliary electric resistance heater.

Upon a call for the occupied schedule, the outside air damper must open to its minimum scheduled outside air setpoint, and the respective indoor/outdoor unit must start. Upon shutdown of the indoor/outdoor, the motorized outside air damper must close.

Upon a call for the unoccupied schedule, the outside air damper must remain closed, and the unit must start.

A wall mounted CO_2 sensor monitoring CO_2 levels in the space must modulate the outside air damper, motorized relief air damper and return air dampers, in sequence, as required to maintain CO_2 levels at a maximum of 700 PPM (adj). Refer to the equipment schedules for the minimum CO_2 scheduled outside air setpoint and the maximum CO_2 scheduled outside air setpoint. Upon satisfaction of the CO_2 sensor, the outside air, relief air and return air dampers must return to their minimum scheduled setpoint and normal sequence of operation. Refer to the plans for location of the CO2 sensor type required. Contractor must provide a controller, wiring, relays, etc. as required to operate the various systems per the specified sequence of operation.

Provide a space humidistat to override the cooling thermostat to provide for dehumidification.

During dehumidification, the heat pump unit reversing valve must be locked out to prevent switching to the heating mode and the compressor must be commanded on for cooling. The space thermostat must then modulate the refrigerant hot gas reheat coil valve to maintain the required space temperature.

Where specified or humidistats are indicated on the plans, units with a scheduled cooling capacity greater than or equal to 42 MBH must utilize the specified hot gas reheat coil for reheat. Units with a specified cooling capacity of less than 42 MBH must use the auxiliary resistance heater for reheating.

Provide smoke detectors as specified above and where shown on the plans. Wire the detectors to stop the unit upon smoke detection. Coordinate work with Electrical Contractor and provide required interlocks, wiring, relays, etc., as required for shutdown of the unit as specified.

20.11. **Packaged Heat Pump (PHP) Unit Economizer Cycle:** Units are specified with factory mounted enthalpy-based economizer. The sequence of operation is pre-programmed based on ASHRAE requirements. The Controls Sub-Contractor must verify factory plug and play settings for the region of the installation as required. Refer to equipment specifications and coordinate for proper interface as required.

20.12. **Exhaust Fan (EF) Controls:** Where indicated provide room thermostat to control the respective fan and intake damper operation to maintain space temperature. Also, provide interlock wiring from each exhaust fan to the respective motorized damper motor to operate damper anytime fan is started.

Provide interlocks for certain fans as noted on fan schedule, including lighting interlocks if not shown on electrical.

Provide hinged metal guard with rounded corners, lock and key for each thermostat.

20.13. **Typical Unit Heaters:** Each unit must be started by the respective 7-day, microprocessor based, programmable thermostat. The space thermostat must control heater contactors or gas valve, as applicable, and the fan as required to maintain space temperature.

Provide hinged metal guard with rounded corners, lock and key for each thermostat.

All unit heaters must be provided with an outdoor temperature sensor on the north facing wall and wired to each unit heater to lock out the heater anytime the outdoor temperature is above 55ºF (adj.).

20.14. **Time Delay Controls:** Provide time delay control systems as required to stage units starting to prevent more than three units from starting at the same time.

20.15. **Miscellaneous Controls:** Provide all other miscellaneous controls, wiring, dampers, valves, etc., as required for a complete functional control system.

20.16. **Service and Guarantee:** After completion of the installation, adjust all control equipment and place the complete system in operation subject to the review of the Engineer. Guarantee the control system to be free of defects and adequate to provide required control functions for a period of one year after acceptance of project. Provide free service and maintenance during the guarantee period.

END OF SECTION

DIVISION 16

ELECTRICAL

Prepared by Kenneth R. Gunn Jr. P.E.

SECTION 16100

ELECTRICAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01. RELATED DOCUMENTS:

A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections apply to work specified in this section.

1.02. QUALIFICATIONS OF ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS:

A. Electrical contractor must be properly established as an electrical contractor by the State of Alabama. Electrical contractor shall have had previous experience in the satisfactory installation of at least three systems of this type and size in the State of Alabama.

1.03. CODES, PERMITS AND INSPECTIONS:

A. Comply with applicable laws of the community, with latest edition of National Electrical Code (NEC), NFC 70, and the International Building Code(IBCC) or the edition adopted by the local authority having jurisdiction, where not in conflict with those laws, and with the service rules of the local utility company.

B. Obtain and pay for all permits and deposits and arrange for inspections as required.

C. After completion of the work, submit certificate of final inspection and approval from the local electrical inspector, certifying that the installation complies with all regulations governing same.

1.04. MATERIALS:

A. All materials shall be new, and UL approved where a standard has been established.

B. Manufacturers' names and model numbers shown on the plans and in the specifications are given to indicate the type and general quality of items to be provided. Equal products by other manufacturers will be accepted.

C. Material substitutions will be considered only when evidence of equality and suitability, satisfactory to the Architect/Engineer has been presented in writing, with samples if requested by the Architect/Engineer. All prior approvals must have the approval of the engineer of record at the offices of Gunn and Associates, P.C. located at 3102 Highway 14, Millbrook, AL 36054, Phone: 334-285-1273

D. All proposed substitutions shall be approved in writing at least ten (10) days prior to the bid date.

E. It shall be understood that the Architect/Engineer has the authority to reject any material or equipment used which is not specified or approved, or showing defects of manufacture or workmanship, before or after such material or equipment is installed.

1.05. WORKMANSHIP:

A. Execute all work so as to present a neat and workmanlike appearance when completed.

1.06. DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

A. Furnish all labor and materials required to complete the electrical work indicated on the drawings or herein specified. Major work included in Section 16 shall be:

B. Prior to bid it is the contractor's responsibility to re-affirm with the power company the service requirements to the facility as indicated on the electrical drawings. If any changes or additions to the service lateral installation indicated on the drawings is required by the utility company the contractor shall include the cost of these changes in his/her bid. Additionally, any/all charges for electrical service to the facility (aid-to-construction) by the utility company shall be included in the contractor's bid price.

C. Remove or relocate all electrical or electronic services located on or crossing through the project property, either above or below grade, which would obstruct the construction of the project or conflict in any manner with the complete project or any code pertaining thereto.

D. Furnish and install a complete electrical light and power system including but not limited to the connection of all meters, switchboards, panelboards, circuit breakers, power outlets, convenience outlets, lighting fixtures, switches, and/or other equipment forming part of the electrical system.

E. Furnish and install a complete system of outlet boxes, face plates, conduit raceways, backboard, and service entrance conduit for the communications system.

F. Connect all electrical equipment whether furnished by this contractor or by others.

G. Furnish and install all disconnect switches not included as an integral part of equipment.

H. Furnish and install a complete Lighting Control System.

I. Furnish and install a complete Fire Alarm System compliant with applicable provisions of the International Building Code (IBC) and the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard No. 72.

J. Complete the alterations, additions, and renovations to the electrical system in the existing building as specified herein or as shown on the drawings.

K. Procure and pay for permits and certifications as required by local and state ordinances and Fire Underwriters certificate of inspection.

L. Visit the site and determine conditions that affect this contract. Failure to do so will in no way relieve the Contractor of his responsibility under his contract.

M. Submit to the Architect a certificate of final inspection from local and/or state inspection authorities.

N. Establish and maintain temporary electrical services for construction purposes.

1.07. DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS:

A. This Contractor shall examine drawings and Specifications relating to the work of all trades and become fully informed as to the extent and character of work required and its relation to all other work in the project prior to submission of bid and prior to the start of any construction.

B. Drawings and Specifications shall be considered as complementary each to the other. What is called for by one shall be as binding as if called for by both. Where conflicts occur, secure clarification from the Architect in advance of bidding; otherwise incorporate the more stringent conditions into the bid price.

C. Omissions from the drawings and specifications or the mis-description of details of work which are evidently necessary to carry out the intent of the drawings and specifications, or which are customarily performed, shall not relieve the Contractor from performing such omissions and details of work; they shall be performed as if fully and correctly set forth and described in the drawings and specifications.

D. The drawings indicate diagrammatically the extent, general character, and the approximate location of the work to be performed. In the interest of clearness, the work is not always shown to scale or exact location. Check all measurements, locations of conduit, fixtures, outlets, and equipment with the detailed architectural, structural, and mechanical drawings, and lay out work so as to fit in with ceiling grids, ductwork, sprinkler piping and heads, and other parts. Take finished dimensions at the job site in preference to using scale dimensions.

E. Where the work is indicated but with minor details omitted, furnish and install the work complete so as to perform its intended functions.

F. Where doubt arises as to the meaning of the plans and specifications, obtain the Architect's decision before proceeding with parts affected; otherwise assume liability for damage to other work and for making necessary corrections to work in question.

G. Except as noted above, make no changes in or deviations from the work as shown or specified except on written order of the Architect.

1.08. EXISTING CONDITIONS:

A. Before submitting a bid, visit the site and ascertain all existing conditions.

B. Make such adjustments in work as are required by the actual conditions encountered.

C. No consideration will be given after bid opening for alleged misunderstandings regarding utility connections, integration of work with existing system, or other existing conditions.

1.09. SUBMITTALS:

A. Follow procedure outlined in Division 1.

B. Submittals shall be bound together and shall include a coversheet indicating the following:
   1. Project name
   2. Trade contractor's name
   3. Supplier's name
   4. Name and phone number of supplier's contact person
   5. A list of each item submitted with manufacturers' names and model numbers.

C. Within 20 days of award of contract and prior to beginning any work on the project submit six (6) copies of manufacturer's drawings/data sheets for the following items to the Engineer for review:
   1. Conductors
   2. Cable Pulling tensions. Provide cable pull tension calculations (lateral and longitudinal) on all underground cable runs over 150 feet for cables sized #1 and larger. Provide one line diagram indicating pulling tensions on each run and number and size of each pull box along anticipated route. Calculations shall include changes in direction or elevation of feeder runs.
   3. Wiring Devices
   4. Conduit Wrapping Tape
   5. Panelboards
   6. Power system breaker coordination. Submit proper breaker settings recommendations with breaker coordination study.
   7. Contractor shall coordinate with mechanical/plumbing shop drawings prior to submitting power package to engineer. Adjust overcurrent devices accordingley.
   8. Disconnect Switches
   9. Dry Type Transformers
   10. Fire Stopping
   11. Lighting Control System: Include conduit and cable layout, terminal to terminal wiring showing color code and wire numbers, and complete technical data on each system component. Furnish the Owner one set of as built drawings at completion of the project. Coordinate with lighting control riser on drawings for further shop drawings requirements.
   12. Lighting Fixtures (include photometric data for each fixture)
   13. Fixture Support Equipment
   14. Secondary Surge Arresters
   15. Transient Voltage Surge Suppressors(Surge Protective Devices)
   16. **Fire Alarm System: Bid accordingly. Include conduit and cable layout, battery calculations, terminal to terminal wiring showing color code and wire numbers, and complete technical data on each system component. Additionally, the contractor or his/her fire alarm system vendor shall provide audibility calculations indicating compliance with all applicable provisions of NFPA 72 and the IBC. The contract drawings indicate a minimum design required to comply with applicable codes. However, since devices vary from manufacturer to manufacturer the contractor shall be responsible for furnishing any/all additional devices as required to provide audibility and visibility levels that comply with applicable sections of NFPA 72 and IBC. Furnish the Owner one set of as built drawings at completion of the project. Provide a copy of the fire alarm contractor's State Fire Marshal's Permit with the submittals for approval.**

17. **Fire Alarm Submittals: Alabama DCM projects will be required to provide a courtesy set of approved fire alarm submittals to the local fire department for their records. Not for review, but only for their records.**
18. J-Hooks

D. Submit samples upon request.

E. The Contractor is responsible for verifying all quantities and for verifying and coordinating dimensional data with the available space for items other than the basis of design.

F. **Provide a ½"= 1'- 0" scale drawing of all electrical rooms containing more than a single panelboard section or containing a panelboard and other electrical and/or mechanical equipment. These drawings shall be submitted along with equipment data sheets. Note we will no longer review submittals that does not have this information. Any delay will be the responsibility of the contractor for not submitting these drawings of the electrical rooms. Power submittals will be returned rejected without these drawings.**

G. The contractor shall review and approve or make appropriate notations on each item prior to submittal to the architect. Submittals without contractor's approval will be rejected.

H. Submittal reviews will be performed up to two times to review material submitted by contractor. Gunn & Associates will charge a review fee of a $1,000 to review submittals starting the third time submitted. If contractor needs Gunn & Associates, P.C. to perform another review of material after submittals have been submitted and approved to change manufacturers. A review cost of $1,000 per review. Payment must be received by Gunn & Associates prior to scheduling any additional reviews.

1.10. COORDINATION OF SERVICE WITH OTHER TRADES:

A. It shall be the responsibility of the Electrical Contractor to coordinate the electrical service characteristics to each piece of electrically operated equipment with all trades providing electrically operated equipment.

B. Within ten (10) working days of notification to proceed with construction from the Architect, the Electrical Contractor shall notify, in writing, all trades providing electrically operated equipment the characteristic of the electrical power being supplied to each piece of electrically operated equipment.

C. A copy of this notification shall be provided to the General Contractor and the Architect.

D. Be informed as to equipment being furnished by other trades, but not liable for added cost incurred by equipment substitutions made by others which require excess electrical wiring or equipment above that indicated on drawings or specified.

E. The contractor providing the equipment shall be responsible for the additional costs.

1.11. PROGRESS OF WORK:

A. Schedule work as necessary to cooperate with other trades, Do not delay other trades. Maintain necessary competent mechanics and supervision to provide an orderly progression of the work.

1.12. PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY DURING CONSTRUCTION:

A. Take all precautions necessary to provide safety and protection to persons and the protection of materials and property.

B. Protect items of equipment from stains, corrosion, scratches, and any other damage or dirt, whether in storage, at job site or installed. No damaged or dirty equipment, lenses, or reflectors will be accepted.

C. Live panelboards, outlets, switches, motor control equipment, junction boxes, etc., shall be protected against contact of live parts and conductors by personnel.

1.13. CLEANING UP:

A. During the progress of work, keep the Owner's premised in a neat and orderly condition, free from accumulation of debris resulting from this work. At the completion of the work, remove all material, scrap, etc. not a part of this Contract.

1.14. AS-BUILT DRAWINGS, AND OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS:

A. Prior to the Final Acceptance Inspection the Contractor shall turn over to the Architect one set of reproducible "as built" drawings, including corrected fire alarm system shop drawings, three (3) sets of all equipment catalogs and maintenance data, manufacturers' warranties, and three (3) sets of shop drawings on all equipment.

1.15. TESTING:

A. Upon completion of the work, conduct a thorough test in the presence of Architect or his representative, and demonstrate that all systems are in perfect working condition.

1.16. INSPECTIONS:

A. The contractor shall have all systems ready for operation and an electrician available to remove panel fronts, coverplates, fixture doors, etc., at the final inspection and any other scheduled inspections.

B. It is the contractor's responsibility to have the job ready for inspections when they are scheduled. We will perform inspections as required by our contract. If project is not ready during inspection and requires a re-inspection by Gunn & Associates, then the contractor shall pay Gunn & Associates, P.C. for the re-inspection. The payment shall be made directly to Gunn & Associates, P.C. in the amount to be determined by engineer. Not to exceed $1,500 for single re-inspection fee. Payment must be received by Gunn & Associates prior to scheduling re-inspection.

C. Inspections for Temporary or Permanent Power required by any utility companies are not in our scope of work. If contractor needs Gunn & Associates, P.C. to perform inspections, contractor must include an inspection cost of $1,000 per inspection in their base bid. Payment must be received by Gunn & Associates prior to scheduling inspection.

1.17. DEMONSTRATION:

A. By on-off, stop-start operation, demonstrate to the Owner or his representative, the use, working, resetting, and adjusting of each and every system. Submit statement initialed by the Owner that such demonstration has been made.

1.18. WARRANTY:

A. Warrant the entire electrical system in proper working order. Replace, without additional charge, all work or material that may develop defects (ordinary wear and tear or damage resulting from improper handling excepted) within a period of one year from date of final to general contractor. Provide the owner with two bound copies of all manufacturers' warranties.

B. Data and Telecommunications system cabling shall be warranted for a minimum of 15 years.

1.19. TEMPORARY SYSTEMS:

A. The Electrical Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing and installing equipment and materials necessary for providing electrical power and lighting where needed for the construction of the project.

B. Electrical Contractor will be responsible for paying for and providing temporary construction power and lighting for entire job site. Coordinate with local jurisdictions and utility companies and pay all fees necessary to get temporary power to the job site. General Contractor shall be responsible for all monthly utility cost for duration of project or date of substantial completion.

1.20. SERVICE INTERRUPTION CLEARANCE WITH OWNER:

A. Before submitting a proposal, check with the Owner concerning interruption of service to the existing electrical systems. No interruption shall be made except at such time and for such

duration as approved by the Owner. The Contractor's bid shall include all necessary over-time and weekend work.

1.21. DEFINITIONS:

"AWG" - American Wire Gauge
"ADA" – Americans with Disabilities Act
"As required" - Any and all items required to complete the installation of an item so as to perform its intended function.
"Circuiting" - Conductors, raceways, raceway fittings, and associated hardware.
"EMT" – Electrical Metallic Tubing, "thin wall"
"IBC" – International Building Code
"Install" - furnish, install, and make all necessary connections to and/or for the item(s) indicated or specified.
"NEC" - National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70, latest edition or the edition adopted by the authority having jurisdiction.
"Necessary" - Any and all items required to complete the installation of an item so as to perform its intended function.
"NEMA"- National Electrical Manufacturers' Association
"NFPA" - National Fire Protection Association
"PVC Conduit" – Rigid Nonmetallic Polyvinyl Chloride conduit
"RGS Conduit" – Rigid galvanized steel conduit
"UL" - Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.

PART 2 - MATERIALS

2.01. GENERAL:

A. This section includes all basic materials for raceways, fittings, busways, conductors, panelboards, switchboards, lighting fixtures and accessories, etc., as required for a complete installation.

B. All materials shall be new and listed by the Underwriters Laboratories. Material substitutions will be considered only when evidence of equality and suitability, satisfactory to the Architect has been presented in writing, with samples if requested by the Architect.

C. It shall be understood that the Architect/Engineer has the authority to reject any material or equipment used which is not specified or approved, or showing defects of manufacture or workmanship, before or after such material or equipment is installed.

2.02. CONDUITS:

A. Rigid Metal (Galvanized Steel-RGS) Conduit: Rigid metal conduit shall be mild steel piping, galvanized inside and outside, and conform to ASA Specification 080.1 and Underwriters' Laboratories Specifications. By Sprang, Republic, Wheatland, Triangle or Pittsburgh.

B. Intermediate Metal Conduit (IMC): IMC shall be hot dipped galvanized inside and outside and manufactured in accordance with U.L. Standard #6 or #1242. By Allied or approved equal.

C. Electrical Metallic Tubing (EMT): EMT shall be high grade steel electro-galvanized outside and lacquer or enamel coating inside and conform to ASA Specifications 080.1 and Underwriters' Laboratories Specifications. By Sprang, Republic, Wheatland, Triangle or Pittsburgh.

D. Rigid Nonmetallic Conduit (PVC): PVC conduit where exposed shall be high impact Schedule 80; below grand and below or in slab PVC shall be of high impact Schedule 40 PVC and shall conform to Underwriters' Laboratories Standard UL-651. By Carlon, Kraley Pittsburgh, R.G. Sloan or Southwestern.

E. Rigid Aluminum: Rigid Aluminum conduit shall be manufactured from 6063, t-1 aluminum alloy and shall meet the requirements of Federal Spec. WW-C-540c and ANSI C80.5 and shall be U.L. listed in accordance with UL-6. Equal to products by V.A.W. of America.

2.03. COUPLINGS, FITTINGS, AND CONNECTORS:

A. RGS & IMC: By Appleton, Crouse-Hinds, Efcor, O-Z/Gedney, Raco, or Republic.

B. EMT: EMT fittings shall be all steel type setscrew or insulated throat compression type. Pressure indented or slip fit type will not be accepted. All connectors to be insulated. By Appleton, Efcor, Raco Steel City, or Thomas & Betts.

C. PVC: PVC fittings shall be of high impact PVC Schedule 40 or Schedule 80 to match the installed conduit. Joints shall be made with PVC solvent cement as recommended by manufacturer. By Pittsburgh, R.G. Sloan or Carlon.

D. Rigid Aluminum: Fittings used with Rigid Aluminum conduit shall be formed of the same alloy as the conduit or shall be copper free cast aluminum unless specifically indicated otherwise.

2.04. CONDUIT BODIES:

A. Conduit bodies shall be malleable iron except in kitchen, dishwashing, and waste water treatment areas conduit bodies shall be copper free cast aluminum with stamped aluminum covers.

B. Covers shall be screw retained with wedge nut or threaded body. Covers on bodies installed outdoors shall be approved and rated for installation outdoors.

C. Bodies shall comply with NEC 370 and 373.

D. RGS & IMC: By Appleton, Crouse-Hinds, Efcor, O-Z/Gedney, Raco, or Republic.

E. Conduit cannot be used as ground. Provide separate insulated green grounding wire.

2.05. BUSHINGS:

A. Bushings up to and including 1” shall have a tapered throat.

B. Bushings 1-1/4" and larger shall be the insulating type.

C. Grounding bushings shall be specification grade insulated grounding type bushings with tin plated copper grounding saddles and shall be equal to O-Z/Gedney Type BLG or HBLG.

D. Bushings shall be zinc plated malleable iron or copper free cast aluminum.

E. Bushings for terminating Data, Telecommunications, control, CATV, and similar conduits above ceilings and at backboards may be PVC or Polyethylene insulating bushings equal to those manufactured by Arlington Industries and Bridgeport Fittings.

2.06. EXPANSION FITTINGS:

A. Conduit Expansion Joints shall be UL Listed.

B. Expansion joints in rigid metal conduits shall consist of a threaded malleable iron body, pressure bushing, watertight packing, pressure ring, gasket, insulating bushing, and external grounding jumper, and shall be equal to O-Z Gedney Type AX with Type BJ bonding jumper.

C. Expansion joints for EMT conduit shall be same as above with additional EMT couplings and connectors and shall be equal to O-Z Gedney Type TX with Type BJ bonding jumper.

D. Expansion joints in PVC conduit shall be equal to Carlon Series E945.

E. Expansion joints shall provide a minimum of 4” of conduit movement.

2.07. BELOW GRADE THRU WALL WATER SEALS:

A. Thru wall water seals for conduits penetrating exterior below grade concrete walls shall be seal systems by O-Z/Gedney or The Metraflex Company.

B. Thru wall water seals for conduits penetrating exterior below grade concrete walls shall be Metraseal thru wall water seals by The Metraflex Company.

2.08. CONDUIT ACCESSORIES:

A. Conduit clamps and supports for metallic conduit shall be galvanized steel by Efcor, Steel City, or Mineralac. Conduit fittings by Appleton, Crouse-Hinds, O-Z/Gedney, Pyle-National or approved equal.

B. Conduit clamps and supports for nonmetallic conduit shall be nonmetallic high impact PVC by Carlon, Pittsburg, or Sloan.

C. Conduit clamps for aluminum conduits shall be stainless steel or cast copper free aluminum with stainless steel fasteners.

2.09. FLEXIBLE CONDUIT:

A. Liqudtight flexible metal conduit:
   1. Neoprene-jacketed liquidtight flexible metal conduit.
   2. Equal to Anaconda Sealtite.

2.10. ELECTRICAL TAPES:

A. General use electrical tape shall be 8 mil (.008") thick, minimum, premium grade, pressure sensitive, flame retardant, vinyl electrical tape meeting UL 510, ASTM-D-3005, and MIL-I-24391C. The tape shall be equal to 3M No. 88 or Plymouth Premium 85 CW.

B. Rubber tape used as primary tape shall be a 30 mil (.030") thick, minimum self-amalgamating, low voltage rubber tape rated for use through 600 V. Rubber tape shall be equal to 3M No. 2150 or Plymouth 122 Rubber Tape.

C. Electrical filler tape shall be a 125 mil (.125") thick, minimum, self-amalgamating, low voltage insulating compound rated for use through 5 kV. Filler tape shall be equal to 3M SCOTCHFILL or Plymouth 125 Electrical Filler Tape.

2.11. PIPE WRAPPING TAPE:

A. Pipe wrapping tape shall be a 10 mil (.010") thick, minimum, pressure sensitive, vinyl tape manufactured for pipe wrapping applications.

B. The tape shall be UV, bacteria, and fungus resistant.

C. The manufacturer's name and tape type shall be printed on the back of the tape.

D. Pipe wrapping tape shall be equal to Plymouth Rubber Co. PLYWRAP 11, or 3M No. 50.

2.12. WIRE NUTS:

A. Wire nuts for conductor splicing shall be winged type connectors with a square, plated steel spring and flame-retardant thermoplastic shell.

B. The connector shall be rated for the number and size conductors being connected.

C. The Wire Nuts shall be rated for 105^{o}C. And UL 486C listed.

D. Wire nuts shall be equal to connectors by Ideal/Buchanan, 3M/Scotch, or T & B,

2.13. SPLIT BOLT CONNECTORS:

A. Split bolt connectors for splicing conductors shall be UL 486A listed, shall be tin plated copper, and shall have a hexagonal head and nut.

B. Split bolt connectors for conductors sized AWG #4 and larger shall have a serrated spacer bar between conductors.

C. Split bolt connectors for splicing conductors AWG #12 through #6 shall be equal to Ilsco Type SEL and Type SK for AWG #4 and larger conductors.

2.14. MULTI-TAP CONNECTORS:

A. Multi-tap connectors shall be insulated type

B. Multi-tap connectors shall be rated for the conductor sizes indicated on the drawings.

C. The connectors shall be provided for the number of conductors indicated, including any future taps shown, plus a minimum of one additional tap.

D. Multi-tap connectors shall be equal to Ilsco Type PCT or Type PED-CP.

2.15. WATERPROOF WIRE JOINTS:

A. Splices made below grade shall be made connectors, UL listed as waterproof, for below grade applications.

B. Waterproof Twist On Connectors for Up to2#6 W/1#12 tap Conductors: Single piece wire nut pre-filled with silicone sealant. Sealant shall be rated for 45-400 degrees F. Connectors shall have same insulation rating as conductors. Sizes shall be available for connecting up to 2 #6 w1#12 tap conductors. Connectors shall be UL listed as waterproof for below grade applications and equal to Ideal Buchannan B-Cap Twist and Seal Wire Connectors, King Safety Products, Tyco/Raychem GelCap SL, or equal.

C. Waterproof Stub Splice Kit for up to #2/0 Conductors: Kit containing connector block, outer waterproof sleeve, and lubricant. Sleeve shall have same insulation rating as conductors. Kit shall be rated for feeder wire sizes #14 through #2/0 and tap wire sizes of #14 through #6. Connectors shall be UL listed as waterproof for below grade applications and equal to Tyco/Raychem GelCap SL.

D. Waterproof In-line Splice Kit for up to #2/0 Conductors: Kit containing connector block, outer waterproof sleeve, and lubricant. Sleeve shall have same insulation rating as conductors. Kit shall be rated for wire sizes #6 through #350 kcm. Connectors shall be equal to Tyco/Raychem GTAP.

E. Waterproof Splice Kit for Conductors above #2/0: Kit containing connector block, outer waterproof sleeve, and lubricant. Sleeve shall have same insulation rating as conductors. Kit shall be rated for wire sizes #14 through #2/0. Connectors shall be equal to Tyco/Raychem GHFC.

2.16. PLASTIC MARKING TAPE FOR MARKING UNDERGROUND CABLES AND CONDUITS:

A. Plastic marking tape shall be acid and alkali-resistant polyethylene film, 6 inches wide with minimum thickness of 0.004 inch.

B. Tape shall have a minimum strength of 1750 psi lengthwise and 1500 psi crosswise.

C. The tape shall be manufactured with integral wires, foil backing or other means to enable detection by a metal detector when the tape is buried up to 3 feet deep.

D. The tape shall be of a type specifically manufactured for marking and locating underground utilities.

E. The metallic core of the tape shall be encased in a protective jacket or provided with other means to protect it from corrosion.

F. Tape color shall be as specified in the table below and shall bear a continuous printed inscription describing the specific utility.

Red:	Electric
Orange:	Data, Telephone, Television,

2.17. FIRE STOPPING:

A. Fire sealant shall be intumescent caulk, putty, sheet and/or wrap/strip as required to attain the proper rating.

B. Caulk shall be equal to 3M CP25 N/S and/or S/L.

C. Putty shall be equal to 3M Fire Barrier Moldable Putty.

D. Sheet equal to 3M CS195.

E. Wrap/strip equal to 3M FS195.

F. Equal products by Dow Corning, Hilti, and Metacaulk will be accepted.

2.18. SPACERS FOR CONCRETE ENCASED ELECTRICAL DUCTS:

A. Spacers shall be interlocking high impact plastic assemblies, which provide horizontal and vertical spacing, and hold the ducts and re-bar, where applicable, in place.

B. The spacers shall be equal to Carlon Snap-Lok Spacers.

2.19. JUNCTION BOXES (THRU 4-11/16"):

A. Sheet Metal: To be standard type with knockouts made of hot dipped galvanized steel, By Steel City, Raco, Appleton or approved equal.

B. Cast: To be type FS, FD, JB, GS or SEH as required for application.

2.20. JUNCTION AND PULL BOXES (LARGER THAN 4-11/16"):

A. Shall be cast metal for all below grade exterior use and where indicated on plans. All other shall be oil tight, JIC boxes not less than 16 gauge, equal to Hoffman type "CH" boxes.

2.21. PULL BOXES:

A. Galvanized sheet metal screw-cover type with UL label as produced by Austin, B & C Metal Stamping Company, E-Box, Hoffman, Wiegmann, or approved equal.

2.22. JUNCTION AND TERMINAL BOXES FOR AUXILIARY SYSTEMS:

A. Junction boxes for auxiliary system circuiting splicing shall be formed of galvanized steel.

B. Boxes shall have hinged front, locking door(s).

C. Metal back plates shall be provided for mounting terminal strips or other devices.

D. Screw terminal strips shall be provided with a minimum of 25 percent spare terminals.

E. Boxes shall be sized to accommodate the terminal blocks and conductors, providing code required bending space.

F. Boxes for auxiliary systems shall be manufactured by Austin, E-Box, Hoffman, or Wiegmann.

G. Provide complete back boxes for all surface mounted devices. Back box shall have knockout on top and bottom as needed. Surface mounted junction boxes with devices mounted to it will not be accepted. Wiremold boxes will be accepted.

2.23. AUXILIARY GUTTERS (WIRING TROUGHS):

A. Gutters shall be of sizes shown and/or required by the NEC (whichever is larger), constructed of code gauge, galvanized sheet steel, painted ANSI 61 gray.

B. Gutters shall be UL listed and shall be of NEMA 3R construction in wet or damp locations or shall be as indicated on the drawings.

C. Gutters shall be as produced by Austin, B & C Metal Stamping Company, E-Box, Hoffman, Wiegmann, or approved equal.

2.24. STRUT SYSTEM FOR SUPPORT OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT:

A. Strut shall be 1-5/8” except where heavier strut is required to support the load, for rigidity, or where specifically indicated otherwise.

B. Cold-formed steel, ASTM A 570 or A 446 GR A.

C. Stainless Steel Strut: Type 304, ASTM A 240.

D. Hot Dipped Galvanized Steel Strut: Zinc coated after manufacturing operations are complete, ASTM A 123 or A 153

E. Electro-galvanized Steel Strut: Electrolytically zinc coated, ASTM B 633 Type III SC 1.

F. Fittings: Same material as strut, ASTM A 575, A 576, A 36, A 635, or A 240.

G. Zinc Primer: As recommended by strut manufacturer.

H. Strut Systems shall be as manufactured by B-Line, Erico, Globe, Kindorf, MasterStrut, Power Strut, T&B SuperStrut, or Unistrut.

2.25. OUTLET BOXES:

A. General: Except as noted, boxes shall be standard hot dipped galvanized steel at least 1-1/2" deep, of metal at least 1/16" thick; sized to accommodate devices and conductors per NEC Article 370; product of Appleton, National, Steel City, or approved equal.

B. Ceiling and Wall Bracket Outlets: 4" octagonal boxes with plaster rings appropriate for finish surface.

C. Typical boxes (for switches, receptacles and auxiliary systems):

1. All junction boxes shall be recessed within the confines of the walls unless otherwise noted. Junction boxes shall be accessible by means of a coverplate or a standard junction box cover whichever is appropriate for the installation.
2. 4" square boxes ganged as required. Box volume shall be in accordance with NEC Section 370 – provide extensions as required.
3. Furnish with 3/4" plaster rings where employed in plaster, 1" tile covers where used in ceramic tile, 1" plaster rings where set in exposed concrete, and otherwise appropriate for surface and construction.
4. Use 4-11/16” square, 2-1/8” deep boxes where more than 10 conductors enter the boxes. Provide extensions as required to provide volume per NEC.
5. Where existing walls are furred out with shallow hatch channel and sheet rock then the contractor will be required to use a shallow junction as required.
6. All exposed junction boxes for receptacles, communications devices, switches, and fire alarm devices shall be provided with back boxes. Do not use standard stamped steel junction boxes when exposed. No exposed edges of devices plates will be allowed. No knockouts on the side of the box. Boxes shall be similar to Wiremold 500 & 700 Series or FS boxes. The wall plates will not be allowed to have overlap plates.

D. Boxes in Exposed (or Thin-Coat Plastered) Masonry: Where conduit connections permit, employ solid flush-type, square-cornered, masonry boxes with turned-in device holders; otherwise employ typical box with 1-1/2" square-cut tile cover.

E. Boxes used with Exposed Conduit: 4" square utility boxes.

F. Exterior Boxes: Galvanized cast-metal boxes, Crouse-Hinds Type FS or FD as appropriate. Make weatherproof with gasketed covers. Equal products by Appleton, Killark, O-Z/Gedney or approved equal will be accepted.

G. Exterior Boxes: All receptacle boxes shall be recessed unless specifically called out not to be. This includes exterior receptacles in all masonry type walls including but not limited to Pre-cast, Brick, Block, etc.

H. Boxes used with Recessed Lighting Fixtures: Provide a 4" square box with blank cover.

I. Boxes in Dry Wall Construction: Sectional type switch boxes at least 2-1/2" deep may be used instead of typical box (but not where dry wall finish is applied over masonry back-up and not where multi- gang devices occur).

J. Boxes installed exposed in kitchen and dishwashing areas shall be copper free cast aluminum with gasketed cast coverplates, without lift cover, unless specifically indicated otherwise on the drawings.

K. All junction boxes shall be mounted in accessible locations. Provide access panels as needed in hard or detention surfaces to access.

2.26. CONDUCTORS AND CABLES:

A. Power Conductors
1. The ungrounded conductors (phase) and the grounded conductor (neutral) of each voltage system being installed shall be phase identified the full length of the conductor with the color characteristics manufactured in the insulation of cable from the cable manufacturer. Required color cable will then be installed for the specific voltage system as identified in these specifications.
2. All conductors shall be copper with not less than 98% conductivity and with current carrying capacities per N.E.C. for 60^{o}C. for sizes through #1 AWG and 75^{o}C for conductors #1/0 and above.
3. All conductors shall have manufacturer's name, type insulation, and conductor size imprinted on jacket at regular intervals.
4. Conductors of size #10 and smaller shall be solid copper conductors with 600-volt type THHN or THWN insulation.
5. Conductors of size #8 and larger shall be stranded copper conductors with 600-volt type THHN or THWN insulation.

6. All motor branch circuits, HVAC, and plumbing equipment shall be stranded copper conductors with 600-volt type RHH-RHW insulation.
7. All conductors installed in conduit below grade shall be rated for wet location.
8. Manufacturer: Conductors shall be products of GE, Triangle, Phelps- Dodge, Anaconda, Rome, Habirshaw, General Cable, or approved equal.
9. Fixture Wire:
   a. Conductors feeding into fixtures, other than fluorescent fixtures, of 300 watts or less shall be #14, 200°C., type SF-2, for fixtures of more than 300 watts #12, 200 °C., type SF-2 shall be used.
   b. Conductors pulled through fluorescent fixtures shall have Type TFN or TFFN fixture wire, rated 90oC.
   c. Conductors shall be by Dodge, Anaconda, Rome General Cable or Southwire.

B. Control and Signal Wire: Conductor type TFF, minimum size #16 copper and fully color-coded, shall be used. Conductors shall be by Anaconda, Houston Wire & Cable, General Cable, Phelps Dodge, Rome, or Southwire.

2.27. WIRING DEVICES:

A. General: Manufacturer's and catalog numbers listed are used to establish style, type and quality. Unless otherwise indicated on drawings, all wiring devices shall be UL listed, side-wired specification grade.

B. Manufacturers: Equal devices by Hubbell, Leviton, Eaton and P & S will be accepted. All devices shall have plaster ears.

C. Wall switches: 120/277V, 20A, AC, flush enclosed, quiet type switches with thermoplastic body and polycarbonate toggles. Switches shall meet Federal Specification WS-896. Switches shall be, Hubbell 1200 series, Leviton 1200 series, Eaton AH1200 series or P & S PS20AC series single pole, 2-pole, 3-way, or 4-way as required.

D. Duplex receptacles (general purpose): 125V/20A flush duplex back and side wired hard use specification grade receptacles, NEMA 5-20R configuration, with nylon face and body, grounding terminal and break-off fins for converting to 2-circuit use. Receptacles shall meet Federal Specification WC-596. Color to match wall switches. Equal to P & S 5362, Hubbell CR20, Eaton 5362 or Leviton 5362.

E. Tamper Resistant Duplex receptacles, 125V/20A flush duplex, hospital grade, tamper resistant receptacles, NEMA 5-20R configuration, with nylon face and body, grounding terminal. Receptacles shall meet Federal Specification WC-596. Color to match wall switches. Equal to P & S TR62-H, Eaton TR8300 or Hubbell HBL8300SGDuplex combination 125/250-volt receptacles: receptacles shall be 20 amp, combination 125 volt (NEMA 5-20R)/250-volt (NEMA 6-20R) grounding receptacles.

F. Isolated Ground Receptacles: 125V/20A, NEMA 5-20R configuration, equal to Hubbell #IG5362, Eaton AHIG5362, Leviton #5362-1g, or P & S IG6300. IG receptacles shall be same color as general-purpose receptacles with an orange triangle on the face – fully orange colored receptacles shall not be acceptable.

G. Ground Fault Circuit Interrupt Receptacles: 125V/20-amp ground fault circuit interrupting receptacle for personnel protection, NEMA 5-20R configuration, Equal to Hubbell #GF5362, Leviton #6599, Eaton SGF20 or P & S 2091. Each GFCI symbol on drawing indicates a GFCI type receptacle. Do not through-wire non-GFCI receptacles from GFCI receptacles where ground fault protection is required. All exterior receptacles shall be ground fault interrupting type with weatherproof coverplates.

H. Faceless Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter: 125V, 20-amp ground fault circuit interrupter UL listed for personnel protection, equal to Hubbell GFR5350 Series, Leviton 6490, Eaton SGFD20 or Pass & Seymour Series 2081.

I. Single Receptacles: Flush Bakelite receptacles with side wiring and grounding terminal, voltage, amperage, and configuration as required for circuit indicated.

J. Each single or multi outlet receptacle, other than straight blade, 15 or 20 amp, 120 volts, NEMA 5-15R or NEMA 5-20R, shall be provided with matching cord plugs.

K. Plugs for kitchen equipment to be plugged into wall mounted straight blade receptacles shall be angled type.

L. Wiring devices shall be of color as directed by Architect. Devices must be available in ivory, brown, black, white, and gray. Devices connected to the emergency generator shall be red in color.

M. All receptacles shall be tamper-proof type receptacles where required by the National Electrical Code.

N. Pin and Sleeve Devices:
   1. Pin and Sleeve Devices shall be watertight plugs and receptacles of the ratings shown on the legend and/or schedules.
   2. Devices shall be listed to UL Standard 498 and UL Classified ro IEC Standards 309-1 and 309-2.
   3. Devices shall be furnished as matching plugs and receptacles with cast aluminum angled backbox.
   4. Devices shall be manufactured by Hubbell, Leviton, Eaton or P&S.

2.28. DEVICE PLATES:

A. Type appropriate for the associated wiring device, equal to Sierra Stainless Steel Smoothline. Device plates shall be of color as directed by Architect. Devices must be available in ivory, brown, black, white, and stainless steel. Provide single plate of proper gang where more than one device occurs (do not gang dimmers with rocker switches).

B. Damp Location: 20 amp,125 and 250-volt receptacles - Covers shall be weatherproof when plugs are not installed, provide cast aluminum weatherproof coverplates with single lift cover and gasket equal to Hubbell CWP26H.

C. Wet Locations, 20 amp, 125 and 250-volt receptacles: Covers shall be weatherproof In-Use covers, rated NEMA 3R when in use and shall be constructed of cast aluminum with sealing gasket. Covers shall be equal to products by Hubbell, Leviton, Steel City, T & B, and Taymac.

D. Coverplates for exposed cast aluminum boxes in kitchen and dishwashing areas shall be cast coverplates, without lift cover, unless specifically indicated otherwise on the drawings.

E. Color: Wiring device cover plates shall be of color as indicated on drawings or directed by Architect. Devices must be available in ivory, brown, black, white, gray, and stainless steel.

F. Jumbo and Mini-Jumbo plates will not be accepted.

2.29. OCCUPANCY SENSORS AND ACCESSORIES FOR LIGHTING CONTROL:

A. Occupancy sensors shall be totally passive in nature, in that the sensors shall not emit of interfere with any other electronic device, or human characteristic. Sensors shall be dual technology, i.e.: Passive Infrared (PIR) and Microphonic.

B. PIR shall initiate an “on” condition and the PIR or microphones shall maintain the load “on”.

C. Upon detection of human activity by the detector the lights shall come on and a time delay shall be initiated to maintain the lights on for a pre-set time period. The time delay shall be factory set and field adjustable from 30 seconds to 20 minutes.

D. All devices shall be factory warranted for 5 years.

E. All sensors shall be low voltage, 12 to 24 volts and shall work in conjunction with remote power packs.

F. Occupancy sensors shall be as shown on drawings.

2.30. GROUNDING:

A. Ground Rods shall be ¾” x 10’ copperclad steel.

B. All grounding conductors shall be copper.

2.31. LIGHTING FIXTURES

A. General:
   1. All Lighting Fixtures shall be UL labeled.
   2. Fixtures installed in fire rated ceilings or ceiling assemblies shall be rated for installation in fire rated ceilings.
   3. Furnish fixtures complete with lamps, ballasts and internal wiring factory installed.
   4. Fixtures shall be furnished as specified herein and as shown on the fixture schedule on the plans. Catalog numbers shown are for basic units; furnish all fixtures complete with flexible connections, trim, plaster frames, and all other appurtenances necessary to the installation.
   5. Substitutions: Reference to a specific manufacturer's product is made to establish a standard of quality and design, and to give a general description of the basic type desired. Equal products by the listed manufacturers will be accepted subject to the Engineer's approval.
   6. It shall be the responsibility of the contractor to verify the exact type ceiling, type fixture mounting and trim, and recessing depth of all recessed fixtures prior to purchasing any fixtures.
   7. Stems on stem mounted fixtures shall be approved ball aligner type, swivel 30 degrees from vertical with swivel below canopy. Paint stems the same color as the fixture trim. Stems in unfinished areas may be unpainted conduit.
   8. High and low bay fixtures shall be equipped with safety chains. Every suspended fixture in Gymnasium shall have safety chains.
   9. Fixtures installed on the exterior of buildings, on poles, or on pedestals shall be rated for wet location installation.
   10. All lighting fixtures installed in gymnasiums, hangars or similar use areas shall be provided with wire guard.

B. Emergency and Exit lighting Fixtures shall be equipped with a Self-testing module which shall perform the following functions:
   1. Continuous monitoring of charger operation and battery voltage with visual indication of normal operation and of malfunction.
   2. Monthly discharge cycling of battery with monitoring of transfer circuit function, battery capacity and emergency lamp operation with visual indication of malfunction. The battery capacity test may be conducted by using a synthetic load.
   3. Manual test switch to simulate a discharge test cycle.
   4. Modules shall have low voltage battery disconnect (LVD) and brownout protection circuit.
   5. All lighting fixtures and exit signs shown as emergency on drawings shall be provided with a minimum 1100 lumen emergency battery ballast capable of 90 minutes of illumination. No exceptions.

C. Lamps: Type and Lumen Output as scheduled.
   1. LED bulb shape shall comply with ANSI C79.1. Lamp base shall comply with ANSI C81.61.
   2. Minimum CRI of LED lamps shall be 80 with a color temperature as shown on drawings.
   3. Rated life of all LED lamping shall me a minimum of 50,000 hours failure to 75% of lamp output.
   4. LED lamping shall be capable of dimming from 100% to 0%.

2.32. LIGHTING STANDARDS:

A. Lighting Standards (Poles) shall be as specified on light fixture schedule anchor base poles rated for sustained winds' for the wind chart of this specific job's location and a 1.3 gust factor.

B. Poles shall be of the length required to provide the scheduled fixture mounting height.

C. Poles shall be factory predrilled for arm and fixture mounting.

D. Hand holes shall be provided at the base end of the pole for wiring access. Handholes shall be a minimum of 3” x 5” with gasketed, weatherproof covers and stainless-steel mounting hardware.

E. A grounding lug shall be provided inside the handhole.

F. The poles shall be furnished with a dark bronze, corrosion resistant finish, applied after fabrication.

G. The base plate shall be furnished with slotted holes for pole alignment.

H. A base cover shall be furnished with the pole with matching finish.

I. Anchor bolts shall be 36” long.

J. Contractor shall include concrete bases for all exterior pole mounted and grade mounted lighting.

2.33. PANELBOARDS:

A. General: All panelboards shall be dead front type manufactured and installed in accordance with UL and NEMA standards and shall carry a UL label. Ampacity, service voltage, and configuration shall be as indicated on drawings. Panelboards shall be clearly marked with ampacity, voltage, and maximum short current ratings.

B. Manufacturer: Panelboards shall be as manufactured by Cutler-Hammer, Square D, or Siemens.

C. Enclosure:
   1. Panelboard enclosures shall be as indicated on drawings.
   2. Unless otherwise indicated, all boxes shall be constructed of galvanized (or equivalent rust-resistant) sheet steel with hinged front trim.
   3. Fronts shall be door in door with two lockable latches to open door, lock, and latch. All panelboard locks shall be keyed alike. Piano hinges with screw latches will not be permitted.
   4. Fronts shall be finished with gray baked enamel over a rust-inhibiting phosphatized coating.
   5. All dual section panels shall be equal in size. Sub-Feed circuit breakers will not be allowed to feed second section.
   6. Sub-Feed circuit breakers feeding additional panels or equipment shall be branch mounted.
   7. Provide permanent numbering of the panelboards. Stickers are not considered permanent.
   8. Any panelboard schedule that indicates more than 42 circuits shall be provided in two equally sized panelboards.
   9. Main circuit breakers shall be centered mounted. Main breaker cannot be mounted on buss bars with other circuit breakers.

D. Buss Assembly:
   1. Bussing shall be copper.
   2. The buss assembly A.I.C. shall be rated as indicated on drawings. Ratings shall be established by heat rise tests, in accordance with UL Standard 67.
   3. All bussing shall accept bolt on circuit breakers.
   4. Current carrying parts of all bussing shall be plated. In lighting and receptacle panels, bussing shall be designed for connection to the branch circuit breakers in the phase sequence format. Distribution panelboards shall be fully bussed.
   5. Ground bars shall be provided in all panelboards.
   6. Neutral bar shall be fully sized with lugs suitable for incoming and outgoing conductors.
   7. Provide insulated ground buss where indicated on the panelboard schedules.

E. Circuit Breakers:
   1. Circuit breakers shall be quick-make, quick-break, thermal magnetic, molded case, bolt on type.

2. Circuit Breakers shall be numbered and arranged as indicated on the panelboard schedules and/or single line wiring diagrams. Numbers shall be permanently attached to trim.
3. SWD Circuit Breakers: Single pole circuit breakers rated 15 and 20 amperes and intended to switch 277 volts or less fluorescent lighting loads shall be UL rated for switching duty and shall be marked "SWD".
4. HACR Circuit Breakers: Circuit breakers 60 amperes or below, 240 volts, 1-, 2-, or 3-pole, intended to protect multi-motor and combination-load installations involved in heating, air conditioning, and refrigerating equipment shall be UL listed as HACR type and shall be marked "Listed HACR Type."
5. Circuit breakers serving fire alarm systems, dedicated emergency/exit lighting circuits, and area of rescue communications systems shall be equipped with a screw-on, mechanical handle blocking device which locks the circuit breaker in the “ON” position.
6. Circuit breakers serving circuits in residential bedrooms shall be Arc Fault Interrupting(AFI) type circuit breakers and shall be UL 1699 listed.

F. Directories:
1. Each panelboard shall be equipped with a metal directory frame with a clear cover welded to the inside of the door.

G. Equipment Short Circuit Rating: Short Circuit Interrupting Ratings shall be as indicated on the plans and schedules. Unless specifically indicated otherwise all rating are “Fully Rated” capacities. Where no rating is given, the contractor shall verify the available short current with the serving utility and provide equipment rated accordingly.

H. Lighting panelboard cans shall be a maximum of 20” wide and 5 ¾” deep. Cans of multi-section panelboards shall be the same size.

I. Provide nameplate as called out on drawings.

J. All circuit breakers 1200-amp and up shall comply with NEC Article 240.87 Arc Energy Reduction.

K. All flush mounted panel shall be provided with six (6) ¾” conduit stubbed up above accessible ceiling.

L. Any circuit breaker serving an elevator shall be shunt trip type with auxiliary contacts.

2.34. DISTRIBUTION PANELBOARDS:

A. Furnish and install distribution and power panelboards as indicated in the panelboard schedule(s) or single line wiring diagrams and where shown on the plans.

B. Panelboards shall be dead front, safety type equipped with thermal magnetic, molded case circuit breakers with trip ratings as indicated on the schedule(s).

C. Panelboard bussing shall be copper.

D. Panelboard buss structure and main lugs or main breaker(s) shall have the fault current ratings as indicated on the drawings. Ratings shall be established by heat rise tests conducted according to UL Standard UL67.

E. Circuit breakers shall be equipped with individually insulated, braced and protected connectors. The front faces of all circuit breakers shall be flush with each other.

F. Main circuit breakers shall be centered mounted. Main breaker cannot be mounted on buss bars with other circuit breakers.

G. An engraved phenolic label shall be permanently attached to the front of the panelboard adjacent to each circuit breaker identifying the load served by the circuit breaker.

H. Automatic tripping shall be clearly shown by the breaker handle taking a position between ON and OFF when the breaker is automatically tripped.

I. Provisions for additional breakers shall be such that no additional connectors or hardware will be required to add breakers.

J. The panelboard assembly shall be enclosed in a steel cabinet. The rigidity and gauge of steel shall be as specified in UL Standards. End walls shall be removable. The size of wiring gutters shall be in accordance with the National Electrical Code, NEMA, and UL Standards for panelboards.

K. Cabinets shall be equipped with four-piece fronts.

L. The panelboard interior assembly shall be dead front with panelboard front removed.

M. Main lugs or main breaker shall be barriered on live sides.

N. The barrier in front of the main lugs shall be hinged to a fixed part of the interior. The end of the buss structure opposite the mains shall be barriered.

O. Circuit breakers serving Fire Alarm Systems, Security Systems, and/or Emergency/Exit lights shall be equipped with mechanical, screw-on type, locking devices. These devices shall not be padlock type devices.

P. Panelboards shall be listed by Underwriters' Laboratories and to bear UL label. Panelboards shall be rated for use as Service Entrance Equipment where required by the National Electrical Code. Panelboards shall be by Cutler-Hammer, Square D, or Siemens.

Q. Provide nameplate as called out on drawings.

R. Any circuit breaker serving an elevator shall be shunt trip type with auxiliary contacts.

S. All circuit breakers 1200-amp and up shall comply with NEC Article 240.87 Arc Energy Reduction.

T. All flush mounted panel shall be provided with six (6) ¾" conduit stubbed up above accessible ceiling.

U. All service entrance main circuit breakers shall be 100% rated.

2.35. SAFETY SWITCHES:

A. Furnish and install safety switches as indicated on the drawings.

B. Switches installed on 277/480 volts systems shall be rated for 600 volts and those installed on 120/208 volt or 120/240-volt systems shall be rated for 240 volts.

C. Switches shall be NEMA Heavy Duty Type HD and Underwriters' Laboratory listed. Safety switches shall be Cutler Hammer, Siemens, or Square D.

D. General Duty disconnects will not be accepted.

E. Enclosures for switches mounted outdoors shall be NEMA 3R or as indicated on the plans.

F. Enclosures for switches installed in kitchen and dishwashing areas shall be NEMA 4X stainless steel or as indicated on the plans.

G. All safety switches for equipment with remote controls shall be equipped with a control circuit disconnect interlock.

H. Switches shall be lockable in the "ON" and in the "OFF" positions.

I. Provide each disconnect with a nameplate that indicates equipment name, voltage/phase, and feed from location.

J. Provide keyed brass locks on all disconnects that is located on the exterior of the building or in any area that is accessible to children or the public. All the brass locks shall be keyed the same and turn over 10 sets of keys to the owner at substantial completion.

K. Disconnect locations shown on drawings is diagrammatically shown. Disconnects shall be coordinated with other trades and placed in the optimal locations to serve equipment and shall be installed in the least obtrusive location. Disconnects will have to be moved at the cost of the contractor when there is conflicts with NEC clearances, access to space, or servicing of equipment. Architect/Engineer will have final judgment of proper location.

L. Disconnects serving an elevator shall be NEMA 3R and provided with auxiliary contacts.

2.36. MANUAL MOTOR STARTERS (TUMBLER SWITCH TYPE WITH OVERLOAD PROTECTION):

A. Starting and thermal overload protection for single phase motors 1/8 Hp to 1 HP shall be provided by manual motor starters with overload units rated as required by the specific motor to be served.

B. Switches installed for site disconnect switches shall be equipped with padlocking provisions.

C. Starters shall be by Cutler Hammer, General Electric, or Siemens with NEMA Type 1 enclosure or NEMA Type 3R enclosure where installed outdoors.

2.37. TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SURGE PROTECTORS (SURGE PROTECTIVE DEVICES):

A. Provide transient voltage surge protectors (Surge Protective Devices) where indicated on the plans. At a minimum provide on all service entrance panelboards/switchboards and any panelboard/switchboards on the secondary side of a dry-type transformer.

B. Service Entrance Panelboards and at Subpanel Protectors shall be listed and labeled and components recognized in accordance with UL 1283 and UL 1449 Second Edition, including highest fault current of Section 37.3.

C. All devices shall meet or exceed the following:
   1. NEMA LS 1-1992.
   2. Minimum surge current capability, single pulse rated, per mode:
      a. Service Entrance – 100 kA (200 kA per phase)
      a. Distribution and branch panelboards – 80 kA (160 kA per phase)
   3. UL 1449, Second Edition, Listed and Labeled, and Recognized Component Suppressed Voltage Ratings shall not exceed (1.2x50□s, 6kV open circuit and 8x20□s, 500A short circuit test wave forms at end of 6" lead):

Voltage	L-N	L-G	N-G	L-L
208Y/120v	400	400	330	700
480Y/277V	800	800	800	1500

   4. Testing shall be done at the end of 6" leads with the complete unit including any fuses and all other components making up the unit.

D. The devices shall have a minimum EMI/RFI filtering of –50dB at 100kHz with an insertion ratio of 50:1 using MIL-STD-220A methodology.

E. Devices shall utilize MOV's of 25 mm diameter or larger, shall have pilot lights visible on the outside of the enclosure to indicate device operating condition, and shall provide contacts for remote monitoring of device condition.

F. Devices shall be modular in design with individual module fusing and thermal protection.

G. Devices shall incorporate visual alarm signals that indicate the failure of a single MOV and total loss of protection.

H. Wye connected devices shall provide L-L, L-N, L-G, and N-G surge diversion with L-N/L-G bonded at service entrance devices. Delta connected devices shall provide L-L and L-G protection.

I. Data Line Surge Protectors: Data Line Surge Protectors shall be UL 497B listed and labeled. The units shall be heavy duty devices utilizing a combination of silicone diodes and gas tube technology to provide surge protection.

J. All devices shall have a minimum warranty period of five years, incorporating unlimited replacement of suppressor parts if they fail during the warranty period.

K. Transient voltage surge suppressors shall be manufactured by AC Data Systems, Advanced Protection Technologies, Current Technologies, Cutler-Hammer, General Electric, Joslyn, Liebert, or MCG.

2.38. SECONDARY SURGE ARRESTERS:

A. Secondary surge arresters shall be UL listed under UL Classification (Lightning Protection) Surge Arresters (OWHX).

B. Surge arresters shall be rated at same voltage and phase configuration as service.

C. Arresters shall be equal to Cooper Power Systems ASZH Series, Cutler-Hammer, GE Tranquell, Joslyn Electronic Systems, Leviton models as required to match the voltage of the system served.

2.39. FUSES:

A. General: Fuses shall be UL listed time delay types with a minimum interrupting rating of 100,000 amps symmetrical.

B. 200 amps and below: Provide Class RK-5 current limiting, time delay, rejection type as manufactured by Busman Manufacturing, Ferraz Shawmut, or Littlefuse.

C. 201 to 600 amps: Class RK-1, current limiting, time delay, rejection type as manufactured by Bussman, Ferraz Shawmut, or Littlefuse.

D. Above 600 amps: Class L current limiting, time delay, as manufactured by Busman Manufacturing, Ferraz Shawmut, or Littlefuse.

2.40. DRY TYPE TRANSFORMERS:

A. Manufacturer: Transformers shall be as manufactured by Cutler-Hammer, GE, Square D, or Siemens.

B. General: Transformers shall be constructed in conformance with IEEE, NEMA and ANSI standards.

C. Transformers shall be dry type with copper windings, rated as scheduled on drawings.

D. Transformers rated at 15 KVA and below shall be Class 185 (115 degree Celsius rise); transformers rated above 15 KVA and above shall be Class 200 (150 degree Celsius rise).

E. Transformers shall have ventilated code gauge steel enclosure. Enclosures shall be for indoor installation unless indicated otherwise

F. Units shall be equipped with four (4) 2-1/2% full capacity taps, two above and two below rated primary voltage.

G. Core and coils shall be mounted on vibration pads and sound level of enclosed units shall be in conformance with NEMA standards.

2.41. LABELING:

A. Provide laminated plastic nameplates for each panelboard, equipment enclosure, relay, switch, and device.

B. Each nameplate inscription shall identify the function and, when applicable, the position. Nameplates shall be melamine plastic 0.125-inch thick, white with black center core.

C. Provide red laminated plastic label with white center core where indicated.

D. Surface shall be matte finish. Corners shall be square. Accurately align lettering and engrave into the core.

E. Minimum size of nameplates shall beone by 2.5 inches.

F. Lettering shall be a minimum of 0.25-inch high normal block style.

G. See Panelboard details for proper labeling of all panelboards.

2.42. PHOTOCELLS, TIME SWITCHES AND CONTACTORS:

A. Photocells: Units shall have 1" diameter, hermetically sealed, cadmium sulfide sensing cell with 3-prong NEMA locking plug, rated for wet locations. Units shall have built-in time delay. Units shall be equal to Tork 5231 of correct voltage to match load or use with matching receptacle equal to Tork 2421.

B. Time switches:

1. Unless otherwise indicated on drawings, time switches shall be 24-hour electromechanical type having synchronous motor drive with two single pole double throw contacts rated 20 amps minimum.

2. Unit shall have spring back up, with automatic rewind, capable of providing 16 hours minimum of reserve power upon electric power failure.
3. Units shall be furnished in an enclosure, NEMA 1 indoor and NEMA 3 outdoors. Enclosures shall be flush mount unless otherwise indicated on drawings.
4. Units shall be Tork 7120L, or equal by Paragon or Sangamo.
5. Time switch(es) shall be digital, seven day format, two channel time switches with 9v lithium battery 30 day back-up and with metal indoor enclosure. The controllers shall be equal to Tork #DW200A-Y.

C. Contactors: Units shall be electrically held or electrically operated mechanically held, as indicated on drawings, and shall be recommended by manufacturer for type of load served.

D. Contacts shall double-break type of same ampere rating as line side circuit wiring.

E. Contacts shall be field-convertible to normally open or normally closed.

F. Contactor coils shall be encapsulated. Electrically held contactors shall have continuously rated coils. Mechanically held contactors shall be equipped with coil-clearing contacts to energize coils only when switching.

G. Units shall be furnished in an enclosure, NEMA 1 indoor and NEMA 3 outdoors.

H. Units shall be equal to GE CR460 series in NEMA 1 or NEMA 3R enclosure as indicated.

2.43. FIRE ALARM SYSTEM (ADDRESSABLE):

A. General: The contractor shall furnish and install a complete power limited automatic and manual fire alarm system, as specified herein and indicated on the drawings. The system shall include a central control panel, power supply, signal initiating devices, audible and visual alarm devices, provisions for connection of remote monitoring, a wiring system, and all necessary devices required to provide a complete operating system. The system shall comply with the applicable provisions of the National Fire Protection Association Standard Number 72 and meet all requirements of the local authorities having jurisdiction. The Underwriter's Laboratories, Incorporated, or approved by the Factory Mutual Laboratories shall list all equipment and devices. The equipment shall be EST, FCI or Notifier. No deviation will be considered unless submittals are received and approved in writing, not less than ten days prior to bid date.

B. Fire Alarm Document Box: The contractor shall furnish and install a fire alarm document enclosure as mandated by NFPA 72 Chapter 7.7.2.1. The system records documents box shall be constructed of 18 gauge cold rolled steel. It shall have a red powder coat epoxy finish. The cover shall be permanently screened with 1" high lettering and read "FIRE ALARM DOCUMENTS" with white indelible ink. The access door shall be locked with a ¾" barrel lock which is keyed the same as the manufacturer's fire alarm panel. The enclosure shall supply 4 mounting holes to securely fasten to the wall. Inside the enclosure will accommodate standard 8.5" x 11" manuals and loose document records that may be placed in a three-ring binder. All documents & software will be protected within the enclosure. A legend sheet will be permanently attached to the door for system required documentation, key contacts, and system information. The fire alarm document will have securely mounted inside the enclosure a minimum of 4 Gigabyte digital flash memory drive with a standard USB type B connector for uploading and downloading electronic information. The drive shall not be accessible without tools to any person who gains access to the enclosure. The enclosure shall also provide 2 Key ring holders with a location to mount standard business type cards for key contact personnel. The password to the fire alarm programming shall be provided to the owner in the fire alarm document box. The password must be provided, fire alarm contractors that refuse to give password will not be accepted. Contractor will be responsible for replacing the entire fire alarm system at their cost and cost of delaying the project if password is not provided.

C. Control Panel: The control panel shall be an addressable type panel capable of handling up to 256 devices, with 60-hour minimum standby battery. The panel shall provide for the connection of alarm circuits as indicated and shall include the following features.

1. The fire alarm panel shall detect the operation of any initiating device, indicate by annunciator lamps the area of the alarm condition, and operate all alarm auxiliary devices.
2. A pilot light shall normally be on, indicating that the system is receiving power from the building service supply. A failure of the building service supply shall cause the lights to go out.
3. A trouble light and trouble buzzer, operating together, shall signal any trouble condition. Failure of the building service supply, disarrangement in the system wiring, or alarm condition shall cause that trouble light to come on and the trouble buzzer to sound. A self restoring silencing switch shall be provided to silence the trouble buzzer, which shall be arranged so the trouble light will remain on until the system is restored to normal.
4. All notification signals shall be automatically locked in at the control panel until the operating device is returned to its normal condition, and the panel is manually reset. A switch shall be provided on the control panel for silencing the notification devices. The manual reset switch and the alarm-silencing switch shall be of the self-restoring type, which cannot be left in the abnormal position.
5. The control panel shall provide relay contacts, of quantity as shown on the drawings, for control of heating, ventilation and air conditioning equipment. Such contacts shall be connected to air conditioning equipment, as indicated on drawings, for shutdown of individual units. Unit shutdown shall be initiated by duct-mounted smoke detectors unless otherwise indicated. Operation of any initiating device shall open all control contacts and release all mechanically held doors.
6. The control panel shall be equipped with a front mounted Drill switch.
7. Metal oxide varistors (MOV's) shall be provided on the system power supply and the municipal connection circuit to provide transient suppression protection to the control panel.
8. Power Supply: The power supply shall be 24 Volt DC, filtered and regulated, and shall provide sufficient power for all system functions. The fire alarm system main power supply shall operate at 120 Volt AC obtained from the building service. The 120-volt AC main power shall be converted to low voltage direct current for system operation. The system shall operate on 24 volts DC with trickle charged batteries provided as an emergency source of supply for operating the system in the event of interruption of main power. A changeover relay in the control panel shall transfer to standby power automatically upon main power failure and automatically reconnect to main power upon restoration.
9. **Fiber Optic Cards. The control panel and all remote nodes shall be equipped with fiber optic, node-to-node capabilities at time of installation. Fiber Optic Transmission Cards shall be equal to EST Model SMXLO. All buildings shall be connected via fiber. No copper connections will be permitted.**

D. Manual Stations: Manual Fire alarm stations shall be an addressable double acting, semi-flush mounted type. Stations with two sets of contacts will not be acceptable.

E. Smoke Detectors: Smoke detectors shall be addressable photoelectric type with base.

F. Heat Detectors: Addressable 135 degree/rate of rise type with base.

G. Duct Mounted Smoke Detectors: Duct detectors shall be addressable photoelectric type with sampling tube.

H. Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating prior to bid with mechanical drawings to confirm all duct mounted smoke detector locations and quantities. Contractor shall include in their base bid price the cost of all additional duct mounted smoke detectors and circuitry needed for locations.

I. Duct Detector Remote Test Station: Test stations shall be keyed with indicator light.

J. Audible/Visual Notification Devices: Audible/visual notification devices shall be four wire, horn/strobe units capable of 90 dB audible output, 100 candela-second output, shall be ADA compliant. Devices using incandescent lamps will not be acceptable.

K. Visual Notification Devices: Visual notification devices shall be strobe units capable of 100 candela-second visual output, shall be ADA compliant. Devices using incandescent lamps will not be acceptable.

L. Voice Control Panel: The Voice Control Panel shall play a digitally recorded message or microphone input for evacuation instructions. The unit shall be installed next to the FACP, shall be equipped with emergency battery power, and shall provide a minimum of 75 watts of amplification.

M. Remote Microphone Panel: Remote Microphone Panels shall have a keyswitch control and shall be supervised.

N. Remote Amplifier: Remote amplifiers shall be 120 watt with battery backup.

O. Speaker/Visual Notification Devices: Speaker/Visual Notification devices shall be semi-flush, wall mounted, combination strobe/speaker assemblies with a minimum strobe output of 100 candella-second equal to Notifier #E70-24110W-FR for wall installation or Notifier #E70-W for speaker only ceiling installations.

P. Interface Relay:
   1. Provide addressable control modules equal to Notifier #CMX-2 or interface relays equal to Notifier #MR-101/CR as required for interface of the Fire Alarm System with HVAC shut down, door holders, kitchen hood fire suppression system, and fan shut down, and any other locations required for proper interface and operation of systems.
   2. A control module or interface relay shall be provided for each duct mounted smoke detector and shall be the point of interface between the Fire Alarm System and the HVAC Control System.
   3. Contacts shall be rated for 10 A at 120 V.

Q. **UL Fire Listed Cellular Communicator: Terminals and other necessary facilities shall be provided in the control panel to permit automatic transmission of trouble and alarm signals over a UL listed cellular communicator to the fire, police, or other continuously manned facility, so designated for response to fire emergency. Provide 2-years of cellular and monitoring for the fire alarm system in the base bid from the date of substantial completion.**

R. Annunciator Panel: Provide and install an annunciator that provides an audible and visual indication of an alarm or trouble condition for each zone, an alarm silence switch, and a key operated test and reset switch.

S. Auxiliary Remote Power Supplies/Notification Appliance Circuit Extenders (NAC Panels):
   1. Provide auxiliary power supplies and/or NAC Panels where required for notification devices, door holders, annunciators, or for other devices requiring supplemental power.
   2. Remote power supplies shall include a filtered and regulated 24 VDC output, provisions for automatic transfer to battery back-up in case of primary power failure, and batteries sized for 60 hours of operation.

T. Wire Guards: Wire guards shall be made of 3/16” minimum steel wire with a corrosion resistant coating equipped with integral mounting rings. Provide wire guards for all devices located on walls. Wireguards must be UL listed for the devices they are used on.

U. All devices installed on the exterior shall be weatherproof.

V. **Provide fiber optic interface/network cards in fire alarm and control panels for the school campus. Provide fiber optic cable as required by manufacturer to connect the the three different fire alarm control panels. Fiber optic link shall allow full communications between the three fire alarm and control panels. Provide necessary electronic modules, equipment, cables and programming for communications between the all fire alarm panels.**

W. **Monitoring - Provide 2-years of monitoring for the fire alarm system in the base bid from the date of substantial completion.**

2.44. CONCRETE:

A. Concrete for electrical requirements shall be:
   1. Composed of fine aggregate (sand), coarse aggregate (graded from three-sixteenth (3/16) inch to one (1) inch), Portland cement, and water proportioned and mixed so as to produce a plastic, workable mixture.
   2. Aggregates shall be free from detrimental amounts of dirt, vegetable matter, soft fragments, or other foreign substances.
   3. Water shall be fresh, clean, and free from salts, alkali, organic matter, and other impurities.
   4. Concrete shall have a minimum 3000 psi ultimate twenty-eight day compressive strength and a maximum three (3) inch slump.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01. GENERAL:

A. This section includes the installation of the complete electrical system.

3.02. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM DEMOLITION:

A. Before any new work begins the Contractor shall determine and document in writing to the satisfaction of the Engineer the condition of existing electrical work and auxiliary systems that are to remain in service. After the new work begins any existing electrical work or systems that are found to be inoperative or defective and not so documented shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.

B. Existing electrical equipment and materials to be reused shall be tested and repaired as required and installed for first class operation.

C. General: The manner-in-which the remaining portions of the electrical system are terminated, supported and generally maintained for permanent use shall comply with all applicable regulations of the National Electrical Code, applicable NFPA codes and any local codes.

D. Refer carefully to construction drawings prior to commencing with demolition to determine the intent of demolition. Contact the Engineer if there appears to be any conflict between the demolition and construction drawings.

E. See "Renovation" Section regarding modification and relocation of circuits.

F. Phasing: Phasing shall be as coordinated by the General Contractor.

G. Work in Occupied Areas: Coordinate work carefully with General Contractor to provide minimum disruption to occupied portions of project. Provide minimum of 24 hours advance notice to Owner of demolition activities that will affect Owner's normal operation.

H. Protections: Take necessary measures as required for protection of the Owner's personnel and the general-public, as well as Owner's property. Provide temporary barricades, partitions, bracing, and weather protection as needed. Remove all temporary protections at completion of work.

I. Flame Cutting: Do not use cutting torches for removal until work area is cleared of flammable materials. Maintain portable fire suppression equipment during flame-cutting operations.

J. System Protection: Protect and maintain all portions of existing system not indicated for demolition, including but not limited to light fixtures, panelboards and circuits.

K. Fire Protection: Coordinate with general contractor to ensure that all penetrations of fire-rated decks and partitions are properly sealed.

L. Removal of Circuits: All circuits indicated for removal shall be entirely removed, including raceway, back to take-off point or as far as possible without chasing (unless chasing is indicated). Where it is not possible to remove conduit, all conductors shall be removed and the conduit shall be permanently capped. Floor outlets indicated for removal shall be entirely

removed, including outlet box, and capped below floor level (minimum 4" below floor level if in slab).

M. Where floor slab is damaged in the course of demolition, it shall be permanently repaired as soon as practicable.

N. Leave existing branch circuits and feeders which run through reworked areas and serve existing equipment to remain in service, continuous and uninterrupted.

O. Where service interruptions are required, obtain approval for interruptions in writing from Architect 14 days prior to interruption. Submit schedule of work to be performed and the time required to accomplish work with request for interruption.

P. Disposition of Material: Where electrical equipment is indicated for removal and not indicated for re-use, the owner shall have the option of taking possession of the equipment, the Contractor shall deliver any such material to a local site designated by the owner. The Contractor shall be responsible for disposing of all other materials in accordance with applicable codes and laws.

3.03. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM RENOVATION:

A. General: Provide renovations as indicated on drawings and specified herein as required for a complete, operational system, even though every item is not indicated.
   1. This Section is intended to serve as a supplement to the applicable sections within this Division, and in no way relieves the contractor from the requirements of any other Section.
   2. All renovations shall comply with all applicable regulations of the National Electric Code, applicable NFPA codes and any local codes

B. Materials and workmanship: Execute all work presenting a neat and workmanlike appearance when completed. Except where otherwise indicated, all materials shall be new, UL approved where a standard has been established. Where specific means and methods for affecting renovations are not covered in drawings and specifications, the contractor shall exercise prudent judgment in following accepted practices.

C. Modifications: All major deviations from the drawings and specifications shall be approved in writing by the Engineer.

D. Inspection:
   1. Inspect all existing electrical system components which are accessible, including fixtures, wiring devices, raceway and panelboards.
   2. Perform minor repairs to loose or damaged connections, damaged or missing supports, replacement of broken devices, replacement of missing plates and junction box covers and other visible damage or disrepair.
   3. Report major damage to Engineer.

E. Renovation Services: In addition to the scope of work indicated on the drawings and specified herein, it shall be the responsibility of this Division to provide minor modification and repair services made necessary to electrical system components through the normal course of renovation. Such services shall include but not be limited to minor repair or relocation of branch circuits necessitated by the work of other trades, as coordinated by the General Contractor.

F. Penetrations: Coordinate penetrations of existing walls, decks, and roofs required for electrical system with General Contractor. Do not cut structural members without the prior consent of Structural Engineer.

G. Raceway.
   a. Unless specifically indicated otherwise, existing raceway may not be used.
   b. Where existing raceway is indicated for possible re-use, it shall be the responsibility of this Division to verify that the condition and configuration of the raceway is in compliance with the NEC.

H. Panelboards: Where new circuits are run to an existing panelboard, thoroughly inspect the panelboard for any indications of arcing, overheating, or other damage. Report damage to the Engineer. Unless specifically allowed, tandem circuit breakers shall not be utilized.

I. Clearing of Neutral Faults: Any and all neutral faults to ground on existing system shall be corrected.

J. Service Ground: Visually inspect existing service ground electrode system for damage and code compliance. Check continuity from panel to each electrode with a meter. Make repairs as required.

K. Lighting Fixtures: Where existing lighting fixtures are indicated for re-use, they shall be thoroughly cleaned and re-lamped, no exceptions. Where existing lighting fixtures are indicated for replacement, it shall be the responsibility of this Division to verify the compatibility of new fixtures with existing ceiling type, existing penetrations, available support, and other existing conditions prior to submittal of fixtures. Any variances or required modifications shall be clearly indicated on the fixture submittal.

L. Backfilling, Grading, and Sodding:
   1. Restore surface features, including vegetation, at areas disturbed by Work of this Section.
   2. Reestablish original grades, unless otherwise indicated.
   3. If sod has been removed, replace it as soon as possible after backfilling is completed.
   4. Restore areas disturbed by trenching, storing of dirt, cable laying, and other activities to their original condition.
   5. Include application of topsoil, fertilizer, lime, seed, sod, sprig, and mulch. Comply with Division 2 Section "Landscaping." Maintain restored surfaces.
   6. Restore disturbed paving as indicated.

3.04. ELECTRICAL SERVICE:

A. General: Arrange with local electric Utility Company for service to be brought to the building, and for installation of meter. Provide all material and labor not supplied by Utility Company so as to produce a complete installation meeting the Utility regulations.

B. Service requirements: It is the responsibility of this Section, prior to bid, to reaffirm with the Utility Companies involved, that locations, arrangement, Power Company voltage, phase, metering required, and connections to utility service are in accordance with their regulations and requirements. If their requirements are at variance with these drawings and specifications, contract price shall include an additional cost necessary to meet those regulations without extra cost to Owner after bids are accepted.

C. Notify Architect of any changes required before proceeding with work.

D. Fees and deposits:
   1. The Electrical Contractor shall be responsible for verification and payment of all utility fees associated with installation of the electrical service.
   2. The Owner shall pay the cost of establishing an electrical service account and permanent meter deposit.

E. Metering: Obtain metering equipment from Utility Company and install in compliance with the Utility Company's requirements. The Electrical Contractor shall provide and install all necessary metering raceways, fittings, supports, connectors and ground conductor necessary for a complete installation. Provide 100# pull wire in all metering conduits.

F. Main Service Equipment: Provide UL approved service entrance components as indicated on drawings or specified herein.

G. Provide a full-size copy of the AS-BUILT Power Riser Diagram framed behind plexiglass screwed to the wall near service entrance in main electrical room.

H. Service lateral or feeder: Extend lateral or feeder of the size shown on drawings from service equipment to the point of service as indicated (verify exact location with Utility Company).
   1. For Overhead Service, provide and install service entrance fitting on conduit and leave sufficient slack conductor for connection to utility feeder 10' above finish grade, 12' above drive and 18' above street.

2. For Underground Service, provide and install underground conduit to utility riser, as directed by Utility Company. Conduit shall be of size and quantity as indicated on drawings. Provide 480# polypropylene pull line in each empty conduit.
3. For Underground Service, provide and install transformer pad, primary underground conduit to utility riser as directed by Utility Company, underground secondary conduit, and secondary conductors. Conduit shall be of size and quantity as indicated on drawings. Provide spare 4" conduit in transformer pad extending 2' beyond edge of pad with PVC cap. Provide 480# polypropylene pull line in each empty conduit.
4. On service transformers with multiple taps, it shall be the responsibility of this section to coordinate tap selection with the electric utility to insure the proper nominal voltage.

3.05. GROUNDING:

A. Bond the neutral conductor and various conductive materials in the building per NEC Article 250.

B. Grounding Electrode System: A bare copper grounding conductor shall be bonded to grounding electrodes as specified below. This conductor shall serve as ground for system neutral and for building equipment bonding. Where conductor is #6, or smaller, or is subject to injury, it shall be run in conduit, Schedule 80 PVC or Rigid Galvanized to which the conductor shall be bonded at both ends.
   1. Grounding electrodes shall be as follows:
      a. Cold water piping, if metal and in direct contact with the earth for 10 feet or more, at the point of entry into the building. Attach ground conductor to cold water piping with UL approved bronze clamp.
      b. Building structural steel, if present and accessible.
      c. Grounding electrode shall be attached with exothermic weld connection or irreversible crimp type connector similar to Burndy YGHR connectors. Crimps must be made with Burndy tool approved by the manufacturer for setting irreversible crimp connections.
      d. Foundation reinforcing bar system. Coordinate with General Contractor to provide turned up re-bar (sleeved) near service point for attachment of grounding electrode above grade. Grounding electrode shall be attached with UL approved exothermic weld connector.
      e. Driven ground rod(s).
         1) Three 3/4" x 10' copper weld rods shall be driven into the ground at the lowest point adjacent to the building, spaced a minimum of 10' apart.
         2) Ground rods shall be driven to 12” below grade.
      f. Grounding electrode shall be attached with exothermic weld connection or irreversible crimp type connector similar to Burndy YGHR connectors. Crimps must be made with Burndy tool approved by the manufacturer for setting irreversible crimp connections.
      g. Existing grounding electrode system. If an existing electrical service is in place, it must be bonded to the new grounding electrode system.

C. Connections to grounding rods, building structure, counterpoise, and conductor junctions shall be made by exothermic weld unless specifically noted otherwise.

D. Electric system (neutral) ground: The current carrying neutral leg of the wiring system shall be of insulated conductor and shall be connected to the grounding electrode conductor only via the neutral connection at the service equipment. Each branch circuit or multi-outlet branch circuit shall be provided with a dedicated neutral conductor.

E. Equipment grounding conductors:
   1. An equipment grounding conductor (copper with green insulation except where bare copper is used) shall be provided in all wiring raceways.
   2. Sizes shall be in accordance with NEC 250.
   3. The equipment grounding conductor shall originate in the same panelboard, panelboard section, as the circuit conductors.
   4. The equipment grounding conductor bonding the sections of multi-section panelboards shall be sized per NEC 250.

5. The equipment grounding conductor is not included in number of branch circuit conductors indicated on the drawings.

F. Metal Lighting poles: Provide a grounding electrode at poles supporting outdoor lighting fixtures in addition to installing a separate equipment grounding conductor with supply branch-circuit conductors.

G. Grounding electrode resistance shall be less than 15 ohms. The resistance of the grounding electrode shall be tested by the Fall of Potential Method.

H. Lighting Standards (Poles): Install 10' driven ground rod at each pole. On non-metallic poles, ground metallic components of lighting unit and foundations. Connect fixtures to grounding system with No. 6 AWG conductor.

I. Each grounding conductors at the service entrance ground bus bar shall be provided with a brass round identifying tag. Tag shall indicate where ground wire is terminated.

3.06. EXCAVATION, CUTTING AND BACKFILLING:

A. Provide cutting and patching, under the supervision of the General Contractor, as required for the work in Section 16.

B. Locate all existing below grade and/or below floor utilities prior to beginning any site excavation or cutting of existing floor slabs. The Contractor shall repair any damage to existing utilities or systems.

C. Saw cut existing concrete slabs and asphalt paving.

D. Trenching:
1. Dig trenches true to line, with a flat, even bottom.
2. Width of the trench shall provide not less than 3 inches clearance from the conduit to each side of the trench.
3. Ensure that foundation walls and footings and adjacent load bearing soils are not disturbed in any way.
4. Conduits shall be installed below footings where possible. Where a line passes under a footing, make crossing with the smallest possible trench to accommodate the conduits/sleeves.
5. Where a line must pass adjacent to and below the bottom of a column footing, or the corner of a continuous footing, backfill the trench with concrete up to the level of the footing bottom, for a distance away from the footing equal to the depth of the fill.
6. Keep excavation free from water, by pumping if necessary.
7. Where rock, soft spots, or sharp-edged materials are encountered, excavate the bottom for an additional 3 inches, fill and tamp level to proper elevation with sand or earth free from particles that would be retained on a ¼-inch sieve.
8. Remove and relocate existing obstructions as directed.
9. The Contractor shall be responsible for the repair and/or replacement of any damage to existing utilities, structure, or finishes.
10. Coordinate work with other trades as work progresses so cutting and patching will be minimal.
11. Refer to Section "Earthwork" for shoring, sub-soil assumptions and data, work around trees, surplus earth, etc.

E. See Section 16100, "Conduit Installation, Below grade and below slab conduit installation", for installation of conduits in trenches.

F. Backfilling:
1. Immediately after inspection, cover conduits with 3" of compacted sand or earth free from particles that would be retained on a 1/4inch sieve. Do not to disturb the alignment or joints of the conduits.
2. Carefully backfill with 4" of earth free from clods, brick, etc., firmly puddling and tamping.
3. Thereafter, puddle and tamp every vertical 4" for hand tamping or 8" for heavy duty mechanical tamping.
4. Backfill shall meet the compaction requirements set forth in Division 2.

5. Backfilling Beneath Slabs and Pavement: Trenches beneath future slabs or pavement, including but not limited to buildings, drives, parking areas, sidewalks, playground surfaces, and equipment pads, shall be backfilled, from 3” above top of conduits to final grade, with crushed aggregate, AHD 825, type B, compacted in 4” layers to 100% ASTM 698.
6. Install marking tape above conduits at 12 inches below grade.

3.07. SLEEVES, INSERTS, AND SUPPORTS:

A. Provide and install No. 16 gauge galvanized steel or iron sleeves in all walls, floors, ceilings, and partitions. Sleeves shall have no more than 1/2" clearance around pipes and insulation.

B. The contractor shall furnish to other responsible trades all sleeves, inserts, anchors and other required items which are to be built in by other trades for securing of all hangers or other supports by the Contractor.

C. The contractor shall assume all responsibility for the placing and sizing of all sleeves, inserts, etc., and shall either directly supervise or give explicit instructions to other trades for their installation.

D. The contractor shall seal all conduits through floors, smoke partitions, and floor partitions, with a sealant approved for the application.

E. All sleeves through sound barrier walls and partitions shall be sealed with mineral wool.

F. Through the floor conduit penetrations shall be sealed watertight.

G. Furnish and install steel angles and channels as required for mounting and bracing heavy equipment and conduits. Steel shall be securely bolted or welded to structure and equipment bolted to the steel framework. Obtain the approval of the Architect prior to welding.

3.08. BELOW GRADE THRU WALL WATER SEALS:

A. Each conduit penetrating exterior, below grade, cast cncrete walls shall have the annular space aroung the conduit sealed with an approved Thru Wall Water Seal System.

B. Where the system includes water seal thru wall sleeves, the Electrical shall provide properly sized sleeves to the contractor responsible for constructing the walls and shall be responsible for the proper location of each sleeve.

C. Where openings are to be core drilled, the Electrical Contractor shall be responsible for the core drilling and for coordinating proper sizing and location of each opening.

3.09. FIRE STOPPING:

A. The Electrical Contractor shall be responsible for firestopping of all penetrations of fire rated partitions made by any and all lighting, power, and auxiliary circuiting, sleeves and/or equipment.

B. The Electrical Contractor shall submit manufacturers’ UL System drawings for the systems to be utilized. The systems shall be compatible with the partition ratings as indicated on the Architectural drawings and in accordance with details on the Electrical drawings.

C. Penetrations of fire rated partitions shall be sealed with an approved fire sealant resulting in the completed penetration having the same fire rating as the partition.

D. The installation shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's UL system detail and installation instructions to attain the required fire partition rating.

E. Empty sleeves through 1 and 2 hour rated partitions shall be plugged with mineral wool.

F. Sleeves through 4 hour rated partitions shall be plugged with mineral wool and fire stopping material.

3.10. ROOF PENETRATIONS:

A. Furnish roof flashing for all equipment, installed under Section 16, which penetrates through the roof. Flashing shall be approved by the Architect prior to installation.

3.11. CONDUIT INSTALLATION:

A. Conduits shall be as follows:
   1. Overhead Service Entrance - Rigid Galvanized Steel (RGS) Conduit or IMC.
   2. Underground Service Laterals: Schedule 40 rigid PVC in horizontal runs with rigid galvanized steel elbows turning up to vertical RGS.
   3. Where subject to moisture or mechanical injury - RGS conduit.
   4. ALL conduits exposed to moisture or subject to mechanical damage shall be RGS. Where conduit exits building, the changeover from EMT to rigid shall be inside exterior wall.
   5. In open shop and industrial installations RGS shall be run to 10' A.F.F.
   6. All conduit exposed on the outside of the building envelope shall be Rigid Galvanized Steel (RGS) conduit. This includes all conduits on and/or under canopies or awnings.
   7. In concrete or solid masonry – RGS conduit
   8. Above furred spaces or in cells of hollow masonry - EMT
   9. Concealed inside drywall construction walls and above lay-in ceilings – EMT.
   10. Exposed conduits:
      a. Conduits installed exposed in shop, warehouse, and manufacturing areas shall be RGS up to 12' A.F.F. Conduits in such spaces above 12' A.F.F. may be EMT unless indicated otherwise on the drawings.
      b. Exposed indoors in non-hazardous unfinished areas not subject to physical damage - EMT
      c. Exposed in kitchen and dishwashing areas: Rigid aluminum.
   11. Branch circuits in slab (3/4" and larger) - PVC. Turn up through slab with RGS ells - no exceptions. Extend rigid turn-ups 2" minimum above finish floor level.
   12. Circuits beneath building vapor barrier - PVC. Turn up through slab with RGS ells - no exceptions. All elbows 45° and greater shall be RGS. Extend RGS turn-ups 2" minimum above finish floor level.
   13. Below Grade – PVC with RGS, or rigid aluminum where applicable, elbows turning up to vertical. All below grade elbows 45° and greater shall be RGS.
   14. Motor, HVAC equipment, and vibrating equipment connections - flexible metal conduit, liquid tight flexible metal conduit outdoors, in kitchen and dishwashing area, or in other wet areas. Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit shall be used only where specifically indicated.
   15. IMC may be used where RGS is indicated.

B. Conduit sizes:
   1. Unless specifically indicated otherwise herein or on the drawings, the minimum conduit size shall be 3/4".
      a. All conduits installed below grade or below slab shall be ¾" minimum.
      b. The minimum size for flexible lighting fixture "whips" shall be 3/8" and the maximum length shall be 6 feet. Lighting fixture "whips" shall be defined as flexible conduits with conductors feeding one or more recessed lighting fixtures installed in suspended, lay-in, acoustical ceiling systems from a single junction box.
      c. ½" conduit may be for final connections to equipment or fixtures where conduit is less than three (3) feet in length and is extended from a junction box or from a ¾" conduit stub up.
   2. Conduits shall be sized in accordance with the National Electrical Code as adopted by the local authority having jurisdiction or as amended to date, except where a larger size is indicated on the drawings or specified herein.

C. Layout:
   1. Generally, follow the conduit layout shown on the drawings. However, the layout is diagrammatic only and must be adjusted for structural conditions, built-in equipment and other factors. Offsets are not indicated and must be furnished as required.
   2. Install all conduits concealed except in equipment rooms and where exposed runs are specifically indicated.

3. Install conduit runs to avoid proximity to steam or hot water pipes. In no place shall a conduit be run within 6" of such pipes except where crossings are unavoidable, then conduit shall be kept at least 1" from the covering of the pipe crossed.
4. Eliminate trapped runs insofar as possible.
5. Do not chase new work, but instead build in conduit as work progresses.
6. Do not run conduit in cavity of exterior walls.
7. Run concealed conduits in direct line with long sweep bends and offsets where practicable.
8. Install exposed conduit with runs parallel or perpendicular to walls, structural members, or intersections of vertical planes and ceilings, with right-angle turns consisting of cast-metal fittings or symmetrical bends.
9. Where conduits are indicated exposed overhead, runs down to wall outlets shall be concealed in wall.

D. Conduit Installation:
1. Securely fasten conduits to all sheet metal outlets, cabinets, junction and pull boxes with locknuts and bushings, taking care to see that stout mechanical and solid electrical connections are obtained.
2. All conduits shall have bushings with smooth beveled throats installed at both ends prior to installing conductors. Split bushings around conductors shall be taken to indicate that the conductors were pulled into conduit without the proper bushings installed and a basis for requiring the replacing of the conductors.
3. Conduits entering service enclosures (panelboards, disconnect switches, switchboards, motor control centers, etc. used as service entrance equipment) shall be provided with specification grade, insulating, grounding type bushings. Grounding bushing shall be bonded together and bonded to the service grounding buss.
4. Support:
   a. Raceways shall be securely and rigidly supported to the building structure in a neat and workmanlike manner, and wherever possible, parallel runs or horizontal conduit shall be grouped together on adjustable trapeze hangers.
   b. Support shall be provided at appropriate intervals not exceeding eight (8) feet with straps, hangers, and brackets specifically designed for the application.
   c. Channels shall be 1 inch for 18-inch wide trapeze, 1-3/8 inch for 24 to 30 inch, and 1-5/8 inch for over 30-inch wide trapeze.
   d. Perforated steel straphangers, “butterfly clips”, or tie-wire supports are not acceptable.
   e. Conduits shall not be supported from ceiling support wires.
   f. Conduit shall not be supported from mechanical system ducts or piping.
   g. Conduits installed along wall surfaces shall be supported with galvanized steel brackets specifically designed for conduits and sized for the conduit used.
   h. PVC conduits shall be supported per the NEC with PVC or stainless clamps and stainless-steel hardware.
   h. Attach to supporting devices with screws, bolts, expansion sleeves or other workmanlike means appropriate to the surface.
   i. In stud walls, anchors shall be completely rattle proof.
   j. For conduits in damp and wet locations, use stainless steel clamps and stand-offs, or galvanized malleable or cast-iron clamps and spacers.
   k. All mounting hardware for aluminum conduit shall be stainless steel.
   l. Surface mounted conduits installed in kitchen and dishwashing areas shall be supported off walls approximately 3/16”.
5. Thread rigid conduits so that the ends meet in couplings; cut ends square, ream smooth and draw up tight.
6. All field cut threads shall be cleaned with a solvent such as mineral spirits and painted with two coats of galvanize primer.
7. Cap conduit ends to keep out water and trash during construction.
8. Field made bends:

a. Avoid field-made bends where possible, but where necessary, use a proper hickey or conduit-bending machine.
b. Field made bends in PVC conduit shall be made with a heated PVC conduit bender.
c. Make no bends with radius less than six times the conduit diameter, nor more than 90 degrees.

9. Make changes in direction with pull boxes, symmetrical bends and/or cast-metal fittings.
10. Total bends in any conduit run shall not exceed the equivalent of four, quarter (90°) bends for a total of 360°, per NEC, between pull boxes.
11. Replace any crushed or deformed conduits.
12. Conduits passing through roofs shall be in place before roof is installed.
13. Conduits installed in concrete/grout filled CMU walls shall be Rigid steel or IMC conduits installed field wrapped with 0.010 inch-thick pipe-wrapping plastic tape applied with a 50 percent overlay. Painted on coating shall not be acceptable.
14. Where conduits pass through or across building expansion joints, provide hot-dipped galvanized expansion fittings with bonding jumpers.
15. Ensure that all penetrations of firewalls are sealed per NEC and IBCC.
16. Right and left couplings shall not be used; conduit couplings of the Erikson type shall be used at location requiring such joints.
17. Paint all conduits exposed in finished spaces. Paint shall consist of one coat of zinc rich primer plus two top-coats of water-based latex paint, color to match adjacent finishes. Verify colors and paint system with Architect.
18. All conduit runs entering the building from outdoors shall be sealed against moisture migration and condensation by filling with insulating type foam.
19. All conduits passing through walls of coolers or freezers shall have seal fitting installed on the outside of the cooler/freezer wall and within 3” of the wall. Fitting shall be sealed per manufacturer’s recommendations.
20. All conduits exposed to water shall have flexible conduits with a drip curve in conduit to keep from allowing water run into enclosure and provide a Myers hub connector to the enclosure.
21. Install telephone, data, intercom, and signal system raceways, 2-inch trade size and smaller, in maximum lengths of 150 feet and with a maximum of two 90-degree bends or equivalent. Separate lengths with pull or junction boxes where necessary to comply with these requirements, in addition to requirements above.

E. Below grade and below slab conduit installation:
1. See Section 16100, “Excavation, Cutting, and Backfilling” for trenching and backfilling requirements.
2. Rigid steel or IMC conduits installed below slab-on-grade or in the earth shall be field wrapped with 0.010 inch thick pipe-wrapping plastic tape applied with a 50 percent overlay, or shall have a factory-applied polyvinyl chloride, plastic resin, or epoxy coating system. Painted on coatings shall not be acceptable. Wrap shall extend a minimum of 1” above slabs or 3” above finished grade where there is no slab. Alternate methods must be approved by Engineer prior to bids.
3. Top of the conduit shall be not less than 30 inches below grade.
4. Run conduit in straight lines except where a change of direction is necessary.
5. Conduits stubbed up from below grade or slab into exterior walls shall be turned toward the interior of the building below slab fill perpendicular to the wall. Conduits shall not be turned out toward the exterior unless specifically indicated to do so.
6. Placing of conduits below slab on grade:
   a. Conduits 1-1/4” and larger shall be installed a minimum of 12” below the bottom of slab in the clay/sand fill below any gravel fill material.
   b. Conduits 1” and smaller may be installed in the porous/gravel fill below the vapor barrier.
7. Multiple Conduits:

a. Separate multiple conduits by a minimum distance of 2-1/2 inches horizontally and 3 inches vertically, except that light and power conduits shall be separated from control, signal, and telephone conduits by a minimum distance of 3 inches horizontally and vertically.
b. Where multiple layers of conduits are to be placed in a trench, each layer shall be placed in the trench, straight and parallel, clear fill material (see Excavation, Cutting, and Backfilling) placed and tamped in place to provide the specified spacing, and each subsequent layer placed in the same manner.
c. Stagger the joints of the conduits by rows and layers to strengthen the conduit assembly.
d. Conduits shall not be placed haphazardly in the trench.

8. Where conduits pass through footings or foundation walls:
   a. Conduits roughed in beneath slab shall exit the foundation perpendicular to the building spaced approximately 3" apart. Conduits shall be arranged in a single horizontal row where practical.
   b. Secure approval from the Architect and Structural Engineer prior to penetrating any footing or foundation wall.
   c. Schedule 40 PVC sleeves shall be cast in the footings or foundation wall for the conduits to pass through.
   d. Multiple sleeves shall have 3” clearance, vertically and horizontally, between the sleeves unless directed otherwise by the Architect and/or Structural Engineer.
9. Where PVC conduit is installed below grade a PVC to rigid metallic conduit coupling shall be installed in the horizontal run and a rigid galvanized steel conduit elbow installed to turn up to above grade. Where above grade conduits are indicated to be rigid aluminum the elbow turning up to vertical shall be rigid aluminum.
10. Rigid aluminum conduit shall be wrapped same as RGS through concrete from 2” each side of the concrete.
11. Rigid galvanized conduit shall extend a minimum of 6” above the finished floor level.
12. In hazardous areas the coupling shall be below grade and a single section of conduit installed up to 18” A.F.F. to accept the required seal fitting.
13. Wiring shall be extended in rigid threaded conduit to equipment, except that where required, flexible conduit may be used from 6 inches above the floor to the served equipment.
14. Conduits shall exit concrete slabs vertically.
    a. Where adequate support cannot be obtained by wiring to reinforcing steel, obtain support with solid iron stakes (which may be driven through membrane) cut off flush with slab after pouring.
    b. At turn-ups of adjacent runs of exposed conduit, obtain alignment by wiring members to a temporary horizontal member.
15. Empty or spare conduit stub-ups shall be capped with a threaded cap.
16. Encasement Under Roads, Structures, and at other locations indicated on the drawings:
    a. Under roads, paved areas, railroad tracks, and other locations indicated on the plans install conduits in concrete encasement of rectangular cross-section providing a minimum of 3-inch concrete cover around ducts.
    c. Provide plastic duct spacers that interlock vertically and horizontally. Spacer assemblies shall consist of base spacers, intermediate spacers, and top spacers to provide a completely enclosed and locked-in conduit assembly.
    d. Install #4 rebar at each corner of the encasement and at not more than 18” on center vertically and horizontally on the sides of the encasement. #4 rebar hoops shall be installed at not more than 18” on center along the length of the encasement.
    e. Concrete encasement shall extend at least 5 feet beyond the edges of paved areas and roads, and 12 feet beyond the rails on each side of railroad tracks.
17. Conduits to be installed under existing paved areas, which are not to be disturbed, and under roads and railroad tracks, shall be installed through a zinc coated, rigid steel, sleeve, jacked into place.

18. Conduits installed between handholes, manholes or other accessible areas shall have a minimum slope of 3 inches in each 100 feet away from buildings and toward manholes and other necessary drainage points.
19. The contractor shall provide properly rated and sized junction and pull boxes as required on all underground conduit runs 150 feet and greater so as to minimize pulling tensions on cables to be installed in conduits. In no case shall pull or junction boxes be further than 300 feet apart. Provide pulling tension calculations on all underground runs over 200 feet as required in Paragraph 1.09 Submittals.

F. Conduit Installation in concrete slabs:
1. Conduit installed in concrete slabs shall be rigid steel or IMC. Rigid steel or IMC conduits installed in slabs-on-grade shall be field wrapped with 0.010 inch-thick pipe-wrapping plastic tape applied with a 50 percent overlay, or shall have a factory-applied polyvinyl chloride, plastic resin, or epoxy coating system. Painted on coatings shall not be acceptable.
2. At slabs on grade, conduit, 3/4" maximum, may be run in the slab; larger conduit shall be run below slab.
3. Where adequate support cannot be obtained by wiring to reinforcing steel, obtain support with solid iron stakes (which may be driven through membrane) cut off flush with slab after pouring.
4. At turn-ups of adjacent runs of exposed conduit, obtain alignment by wiring members to a temporary horizontal member.

G. Flexible conduit:
1. At motor or equipment connections:
   a. The maximum length allowable for flexible conduit shall be 36 inches except at lighting fixtures.
   b. Flexible conduit installed outdoors shall be installed so as to provide an 8 inch minimum drip loop as measured from the lowest end of the conduit.
2. At lighting fixture connections provide flexible steel conduit by one of the manufacturers named for rigid.
   a. Maximum length allowable shall be 72 inches.
   b. Support flexible conduit such that it does not contact the ceiling system, ductwork, or other equipment above the ceiling. The conduit shall not be attached to a ceiling or ceiling support system.
   c. All fixture whips shall be supported within 12” of outlet/junction boxes with single hole clamps.

H. Empty conduit:
1. Install a #14 galvanized fish wire or polypropylene pull cord with 14-inch free ends in all empty power and/or auxiliary conduits.
2. All conduits indicated to be terminated above the ceiling shall have an elbow turned out above the ceiling and shall be terminated with an insulating bushing.
3. Empty conduits stubbed out of buildings below grade:
   a. Empty conduits stubbed out of buildings below grade shall extend 5 feet outside of the building foundation.
   b. Install a 12”x 12”x 6” concrete marker at grade, above the end of the conduits, with “ELEC” inscribed on top.
   f. Note on as-built drawings the exact location where empty conduit(s) are stubbed out below grade to the building exterior. Indicate conduit sizes and number of each size.
   g. The contractor shall provide properly rated and sized junction and pull boxes as required on all underground conduit runs 150 feet and greater. In no case shall pull or junction boxes be further than 200 feet apart.

I. Conduit entries into enclosures, panelboards, and wiring troughs:
1. Layout conduit entries carefully to allow clearances for the number and sizes of conduits, electrical equipment, and future expansion.

2. In sheet metal equipment use Greenlee Knock-Out punch, or equal, to cut holes for conduit installation. Do not drill holes or cut holes out with snips or torch.
3. In cast enclosures and boxes drill conduit openings with correct size drill for tight fit.

J. **All junction box covers above the ceiling shall be labeled to which circuits or systems they contain**.

3.12. CONDUIT BODIES:

A. Conduit bodies shall be sized in accordance with NEC 370, and 373.
1. Conduit bodies for conductor sizes AWG #4 and larger shall be mogul type bodies sized in accordance with NEC 370-28.
2. Conduit bodies for conductor sizes AWG #6 and smaller shall be sized in accordance with NEC 370-16(c).

3.13. JUNCTION AND PULL BOXES:

A. Junction and pull boxes shall be sized per NEC to accommodate the installed number and size of conductors and conduits.

B. Boxes shall be securely fastened in place.

C. Boxes serving lighting fixtures installed in accessible, suspended ceilings:
1. Provide number of boxes as required to maintain fixture whips within the 6’ maximum length.
2. Generally, attach to underside of structure above, in accessible location, to accommodate a maximum 6' flexible conduit connection to each fixture or fixture run.
3. Where the structure above is more than 18” above the ceiling the boxes shall be supported within 18 inches of the ceiling with all thread rod and/or strut.

D. Install galvanized steel utility box plates, by box manufacturer, at exposed conduit fittings or boxes.

E. **All junction box covers above the ceiling shall be labeled to which circuits or systems they contain**.

3.14. WIRE AND CABLE INSTALLATION:

A. No conductor shall be smaller than #12 except where so designated on the drawings or specified elsewhere.

B. Multiwire lighting branch circuits shall be used where indicated.

C. Wiring devices shall be connected such that each device can be removed without interrupting the neutral or equipment grounding conductors serving other outlets on the same circuit(s).

D. Joints and splices in wire shall be made with solderless connectors and covered so that insulation is equal to conductor insulation. Wire nuts shall not be used for conductor #8 and larger.

E. No splices shall be pulled into conduit.

F. Both conductors and conduit shall be continuous from outlet to outlet.

G. No conductor shall be pulled into the conduit until the conduit is cleaned of all foreign matter.

H. When installing parallel conductors, it is mandatory that all conductors making up the feeder be exactly the same length, the same size, and type of conductor with the same insulation. Each group of conductors making up a phase or neutral must be bonded together at both ends in an approved manner.

I. MC cable or Romex cable will note be accepted unless specifically called for on drawings.

J. Wiring thru light fixtures and receptacles will not be accepted.

3.15. AUXILIARY GUTTERS (WIRING TROUGHS):

A. Auxiliary Gutters shall be sized per NEC to accommodate the installed number, size, and orientation of conductors and conduits.

B. Conductors serving a gutter shall be extended without reduction in size, for the entire length of the gutter.

C. All taps and splices shall be made with insulated multi-tap connectors.

3.16. CIRCUITS AND BRANCH CIRCUITS:

A. Outlets shall be connected to branch circuits as indicated on the drawings by circuit number adjacent to outlet symbols, and no more outlets than are indicated shall be connected to a circuit.

3.17. WIRE JOINTS:

A. Except for motor circuits, wire joints for #8 and smaller wire shall be made with twist on connectors.

B. Wire joints and splices for motor circuits, for conductors #6 and larger, and for smaller conductors where other connectors are not rated for the number of conductors involved shall be made with split bolt connectors rated for the applicable conductor size, number of conductors, and conductor material.
   1. Properly tape and insulate all joints to attain the same insulation rating as the cable insulation.
   2. Splices for #6 through #1 shall have a minimum or two (2) layers of rubber tape covered by a minimum of three (3) layers of electrical tape.
   3. Splices for #1/0 and larger conductors shall have a minimum of two (2) layers of electrical filler tape covered by a minimum of three (3) layers of electrical tape.

C. Splices in control conductors shall be avoided as much as possible. Stranded control conductor up to #12 may be connected or spliced with hand crimped type compression connectors. The connectors shall be of the proper size for the conductors being connected.

D. Splices and joints made with mechanical/hydraulic type compression connectors:
   1. Connections and splices shall be made with connectors rated for the applicable conductor size and conductor material.
   2. Dies used shall leave the die number embossed in the connector. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with the Manufacturer’s connector and die chart prior to final inspection.

E. Taps and splices in auxiliary gutters/troughs shall be made with insulated multi-tap connectors.

F. Wire joints and splices made below grade shall be made with UL listed waterproof connectors, wire nuts, or splice kits.

G. All joints and splices shall be made in junction boxes, wiring troughs, or conduit bodies sized per NEC.

H. All connections to switchboards, panelboards, transformers, generators, ATS, or any other type electrical distribution type equipment shall be compression type fittings. Mechanical fittings will not be accepted in these applications.

3.18. STRUT SYSTEM FOR SUPPORT OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT:

A. Strut Systems: Strut shall be utilized to rack exposed piping vertically or horizontally on walls and across slabs (where applicable). Strut may be utilized to support piping above ceilings, for support of equipment, and elsewhere as deemed appropriate.
   1. Strut in conditioned spaces and above accessible ceilings shall be electro-galvanized.
   2. Strut installed outdoors, in mechanical rooms, and in other unconditioned spaces shall be hot-dipped galvanized.
   3. Strut installed in waste-water treatment facilities, kitchens, dishwashing spaces, and labs shall be stainless steel.
   4. Strut fittings and hardware, including anchors, shall be same material as strut.
   5. Saw cut strut square, 6” minimum lengths. Strut on continuous runs of pipe shall be same length. File or grind burrs from saw cuts.

6. After installation, electro-galvanized and hot-dipped galvanized strut shall be painted with two coats of zinc primer.

3.19. OUTLET BOX INSTALLATION:

A. General: The drawings indicate approximate locations only; determine the exact location at the building in view of all structural and architectural conditions. Obtain Architect's verification of final locations.

B. Outlet boxes shall be sized per NEC to accommodate the installed number and size of conductors, wiring devices, and conduits.

C. Ceiling and Wall Bracket Outlets: 4" octagonal boxes with plaster rings appropriate for finish surface.

D. Typical boxes (for switches, receptacles and auxiliary systems): 4" square boxes ganged as required. Furnish with 3/4" plaster rings where employed in plaster, 1" tile covers where used in ceramic tile, 1" plaster rings where set in exposed concrete, and otherwise appropriate for surface and construction.

E. Boxes in Exposed (or Thin-Coat Plastered) Masonry: Where conduit connections permit, employ solid flush-type, square-cornered, masonry boxes with turned-in device holders; otherwise employ typical box with 1-1/2" square-cut tile cover. .

F. Boxes used with Exposed Conduit: 4" square utility boxes.

G. Exterior Boxes: Cast-metal boxes, Crouse-Hinds Type FS or FD as appropriate. Make weatherproof with gasketed covers. Equal products by Appleton, Killark, O-Z/Gedney, or approved equal will be accepted.

H. Boxes used with Recessed Lighting Fixtures in suspended acoustical tile ceilings:
   1. Provide a 4" square box with blank cover adjacent to each fixture or fixture group.
   2. Install a flexible metal conduit fixture-"whip" from the box to the fixtures. The "whip" shall not be longer than 72".
   3. Attach the box to the underside of the structure above, in an accessible location, not more than 18" above the lay-in ceiling.
   4. Where structure is more than 18" above the ceiling, the boxes shall be supported from all-thread rods, strut, or a combination of rod and strut.

I. Boxes in Dry Wall Construction:
   1. Outlet boxes shall be securely fastened in place.
   2. Outlet boxes installed in metal stud construction shall be supported by brackets screwed to studs. Clip on brackets shall not be accepted.
      a. Where a single outlet box is installed adjacent to a stud, brackets may attach to a single stud with a brace against the back of the opposite wall. Use a bracket equal to Caddy Fasteners "H" Series.
      b. Where outlets do not fall next to a stud or where more than one outlet is installed between studs use a metal bracket attached to both studs. Brackets shall be equal to Caddy Fasteners "SGB", "TSGB", or "RBS" series brackets.
      c. Outlet boxes three gangs and wider shall be supported with support member screwed to the two adjacent studs. Brackets equal to Caddy Fasteners SGB or TSGB brackets may be used.

J. Sectional type switch boxes at least 2-1/2" deep may be used instead of typical box (but not where dry wall finish is applied over masonry back-up and not where multi- gang devices occur).

K. Outlets in unfinished masonry walls may be slightly adjusted upward or downward to suit masonry courses, provided outlets are mounted at uniform heights throughout the installation.

L. Coordinate installation of outlet boxes in masonry walls with the masonry contractor to insure that boxes are flush with face of wall and grouted smooth around boxes such that covers, fixtures or devices install flush on face of wall.

M. Where outlets at different levels are shown adjacent, install in one vertical line where possible. Avoid conflict with wainscot caps, splash backs and upper cabinets by adjusting height slightly up or down as directed.

N. Back to back boxes shall be staggered with at least 3 inches between boxes.

O. Back to back boxes in fire rated partitions shall have a minimum of 24” horizontal and/or vertical separation between them.

P. Backs of boxes three gang and larger installed in fire rated partitions shall be wrapped with self adhesive fire stopping tape.

Q. Locate switch outlets on the lock side of doors and so that the first switch in a single or gang installation is approximately 6" to 10" from the doorjamb. Verify door swings on Architectural Drawings.

R. Dimmers shall be ganged together in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions where appropriate but shall not be ganged with toggle switches.

S. Coordinate carefully with appropriate trades the size and orientation (vertical, horizontal) of outlet boxes for thermostats, data outlets, fire alarm equipment, security equipment, and other control and communications outlets.

T. Mounting Heights:

Confirm all mounting height with local codes and authorities prior to bid and adjust as required:

Switches, generally	48" A.F.F. to top of outlet
Safety switches	Center of Switch 48" A.F.F. or as required.
Receptacles, generally	16" A.F.F. to bottom of outlet
Receptacles over counters	Bottom of outlet 6” above countertops or 2” above backsplashes
Wall mounted exit and emergency lights	Bottom of fixture 7’- 6” A.F.F. or 12” below Ceiling whichever is lower
Thermostat	Top of outlet 48" A.F.F. or as noted by mechanical drawings.
Electric Water Coolers	Coordinate location with plumbing contractor to locate the receptacle(s) concealed within the EWC enclosure per manufacturer’s installation instructions.

U. Install blank coverplates on all unused power and auxiliary outlet boxes. Blank coverplates shall match other cover plates installed in the facility.

V. Furnish blank plates, matching those on the other outlets in the same area, on TV outlets and other outlets installed for future use.

3.20. WIRING DEVICES:

A. Install wall devices vertically’ unless otherwise noted, so that all devices of any given height will align exactly.

B. Where boxes are not flush or square with the finished wall surface install wiring devices utilizing a leveler and retainer equal to Caddy #RLC or Steel City #SSF-SR.

C. Plates shall be plumb and true with all four edges contacting wall surface.

D. Mount receptacles with grounding terminals down.

E. Do not install devices until plastering or other type wall covering has been completed; install ahead of painting work but protect from paint spatter.

F. Use screw terminal connections only.

G. Do not gang dimmer switches with toggle switches.

H. Each single or multi outlet receptacle, other than straight blade, 15 or 20 amp, 120 volts, NEMA 5-15R or NEMA 5-20R, shall be provided with matching cord plugs and a minimum of 8 feet of Type SOW cable matching the receptacle size and configuration.

I. Pin and sleeve plugs for food service equipment shall be provided with a Type SOW cable connected to the equipment and plug of sufficient length to reach from the equipment to the plug with a minimum of 18" slack cork. Minimum length shall be 6 feet from equipment to plug.

J. Provide "Kellums" type grips at the plug, cord connector, and for overhead support on all overhead cord connector drops.

3.21. OCCUPANCY SENSORS AND ASSOCIATED DEVICES FOR LIGHTING CONTROL:

A. Occupancy sensors and associated devices and circuiting shall be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

B. Wall, corner mounted sensors shall be mounted as close to the ceiling as possible on the manufacturer'' corner mounting bracket.

C. Power packs shall be mounted above the ceiling. Power packs shall be installed utilizing two(2) 4" x 4" x 2-1/8" deep boxes joined together using the nipple on the powerpack in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. One of the boxes shall contain the power pack and control wiring and the other shall contain the power wiring.

D. All control and power circuiting shall be in EMT conduit. Where the devices are not equipped with conduit connections the conduit shall be brought up as close as possible to the device and terminated with insulating bushings.

3.22. ELECTRICALLY POWERED EQUIPMENT AND CONTROLS:

A. Provide and install power circuits for all electrically powered equipment and controls.

B. Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning Control Wiring and Conduit:
   1. The electrical contractor shall be responsible for installing outlet boxes for flush mounted HVAC system thermostats in dry wall or masonry wall construction and, where called for on the plans, for surface mounted metallic raceway in finished areas. Extend ¾" conduit from the outlet to above nearest accessible ceiling and terminate horizontally. Refer to the Mechanical/HVAC plans for thermostat locations and coordinate exact type outlet required and orientation with the Mechanical/HVAC contractor.
   2. The Mechanical Contractor shall be responsible for the installation of all outlets and conduit for surface mounted devices in unfinished areas such as shops, warehouses, industrial facilities, etc.
   3. The mechanical contractor shall furnish and install all low and line voltage control wiring required for the temperature control and/or ventilation systems.

C. Where Fire Alarm system duct mounted smoke detectors and HVAC shut down interface relays are provided, the Electrical contractor shall provide wiring from the smoke detectors to the HVAC shut down interface relay. All circuiting from the shut down relay to the HVAC controls and/or starters shall be provided and installed by the Mechanical/Controls contractor.

D. The mechanical contractor shall furnish all motor starters for the temperature control and/or ventilation equipment unless otherwise indicated on the electrical plans or elsewhere in these electrical specifications. The electrical contractor shall install all motor starters, except for equipment with factory installed starters, for the temperature control and/or ventilation equipment.

E. Where exhaust fans are supplied with field installed speed controllers, the Electrical Contractor shall provide all necessary circuiting to the fan/speed controller and between the fan and the speed controller.

3.23. DISCONNECTING MEANS:

A. Where required by the National Electrical Code and/or other applicable codes or authorities, or where indicated on the electrical plans, the electrical contractor shall furnish and install an approved disconnecting means for all electrically powered equipment and/or controllers for such equipment whether the disconnecting means is or is not shown on the electrical plans.
   1. The location, rating, and enclosure for the disconnecting means shall be as required by the National Electrical Code and/or other applicable codes or authorities.

2. Manual motor starters with thermal overload protection may be used in lieu of safety switches for individual motors under 1 horsepower.
3. Motor rated switches may be used for the disconnecting means when supplied of correct voltage, phase, amperage rating, and enclosure type.
4. The disconnecting means shall be as manufactured by General Electric, Cutler Hammer, or Siemens. Square D will not be accepted.

B. Where the disconnecting means shown on the electrical plans has a rating greater than the required code rating, the greater rating device shall be installed.

C. An approved horsepower rated fusible safety switch shall be installed where the circuit overcurrent protection does not provide overload protection for the equipment served and where required to meet the equipment's listing requirements.

D. Motor rated switches may be used as service disconnect switches when supplied with a pad-lockable, handle locking guard.

E. Install an engraved phenolic nameplate on the front of each switch enclosure identifying the equipment served by the safety switch and source of power (i.e., panel name and circuit number). Plates shall be white with black lettering. The plates shall be permanently installed with stainless steel screws or stainless-steel rivets.

F. All disconnects installed in public areas or in areas readily accessible to the public shall be lockable and shall be furnished with a brass lock. Provide 10 keys for each lock. All disconnect locks furnished on the project shall be keyed alike.

3.24. LIGHTING FIXTURES:

A. The installation and support of all lighting fixtures shall be the responsibility of the Electrical Contractor.

B. Lay out work as shown, and to provide attractive and efficient arrangement.

C. Install fixtures level, plumb, and true with ceiling and walls, and in alignment with adjacent lighting fixtures.

D. Provide adequate and substantial supports for fixtures in accordance with manufacturers' directions and as specified herein.

E. A Re-lock system will not be accepted for installing lights.

F. Wire grid mounted luminaries individually to junction boxes with flexible conduit not more than 6 feet in length. Individual flexible connections shall be 2 #14 and 1 #14 ground THHN in 3/8" flexible conduit. Ground wire shall be bonded at each end.

G. Light fixtures with center baskets shall have all fixtures in a room installed with the center baskets oriented in the same direction.

H. Fixtures mounted in inverted “T” grids:
1. For round fixtures or fixtures smaller in size than the ceiling grid, provide a minimum of two wires per fixture located within 4 inches of each corner of the ceiling grid in which the fixture is located. Do not support fixtures by ceiling acoustical panels. Fixtures shall be supported independent of the ceiling system or shall be supported by at least two metal channels spanning the grid system, and secured to, the ceiling tees. One support wire shall be attached to the center of the fixture or to each of the metal channels.
2. Surface mounted fixtures:
   a. Surface mounted fixtures installed on lay-in ceiling systems shall be supported independent of the ceiling system form the building structure with a minimum of two (2) 3/8”, minimum, all-thread rods.
   b. Install nuts and washers on inside and outside of the fixture housing to provide a rigid installation.
   c. Provide cross bracing as required such that fixtures have no lateral movement.

I. All stems on lighting fixtures shall be installed as follows: (except fixtures with slide grip hangers) first and last stem in row in first knockout from end of fixture. One stem shall be installed between each two fixtures, stem shall center joint, where fixtures join, and attach by

use of "jointing plates". Nipples with lock nuts and bushings shall connect all fixtures in continuous rows other than recessed grid type.

J. All suspended lighting fixtures shall be provided with chain or cable sway bracing to keep fixtures from swinging.

K. Fixtures installed in fire rated assemblies shall be tented in accordance with the specified assembly.

L. Means shall be provided to keep insulation 4” minimum away from fixtures not rated for direct contact with insulation.

M. Prior to final inspection clean fixtures and lamps with a soft cloth or sponge and detergent (not soap) solution.

N. All lighting fixtures installed in gymnasiums, hangars, high bay or similar use areas shall be equipped with wire guards.

O. All emergency and exit lights designated on drawings shall be provided with an 1100-lumen battery ballast.

P. All light fixtures shall be supported to the structure independent of the ceiling system on two opposite sides. Support wires shall be different color from ceiling support wires. Engage all ceiling mounting clips. If light fixture is not provided with grid support clips, then the contractor will be responsible to support the fixture on all four sides with support wires. See “Typical Lay-In Luminaire Detail” on drawings for further requirements.

3.25. CONCRETE POLES:

A. The concrete poles shall be set in the ground a minimum of 4 feet and shall be set such that the top of the conduit/conductor entrance is 12” below grade.

B. Holes shall have 3” clearance all around poles for compacting backfill material.

C. Poles shall be set plumb.

D. Poles shall be set with the center of the poles 18” form the edge of the paved walking trail with the front edge parallel or tangent to the edge of the trail.

E. The two conduit/cable entrances shall be parallel with the edge of the walking trail.

F. Handholes shall all be set to the same side relative to the walk.

G. Backfill shall be free of rocks, gravel, roots and other debris and shall be tamped in lifts of no more than 4” with water added as required to facilitate compaction.

H. Provide ample backfill for settling.

I. Poles shall be installed with a leveling jig.

J. Loose poles shall be reset or backfill material removed and recompacted.

K. Poles which become noticeably crooked during the first year of installation shall be replaced.

L. Poles which become noticeably out of plumb shall be straightened at no expense to the owner for a period of one year.

3.26. PANELBOARDS:

A. Panelboards shall be installed where shown on the drawings.

B. Ratings and configurations shall be as scheduled and/or indicated on the drawings.

C. The Electrical Contractor shall coordinate installation of equipment in Electrical and Electrical/Mechanical spaces with other trades such that Code required clearances and working space around the electrical equipment is maintained.

D. Conduit termination:
   1. In general use panelboards with blank ends, without knockouts.
   2. Layout conduit entries carefully to allow clearances for drywall or CMU wall thickness, and to accommodate the number and sizes of home run conduits and specified spare conduits.

3. Use Greenlee Knock-Out punch, or equal, to cut holes in panelboard ends and/or sides for conduit installation. Do not drill holes or cut holes out with snips or torch.

E. Phase arrangement in panelboards shall be per the NEC, phase A, B, C from front to back, top to bottom, or left to right as viewed from the front.

F. In Delta connected systems the “high” leg shall be the B phase and shall be clearly marked with an orange outer finish.

G. Multi-Section Panelboards:
1. Sub-feed conductors shall be the same size as the conductors feeding the main section.
2. Circuiting originating in one section shall not pass through another section.
3. Circuit conductors and grounding conductors shall originate in the same panelboard section.
4. A separate isolated grounding conductor shall be installed from the main section to the sub-feed section(s).
5. Where the panelboard is rated for service entrance equipment the sub-feed section shall have a separate isolated ground buss fed from the main section ground buss.

H. Labeling:
1. Each panelboard shall have an engraved phenolic plate permanently installed on the front of the panel with the panel name, current rating, and voltage rating.
2. Where there is more than one nominal voltage system the panel shall also have an engraved phenolic plate describing the means of identification used to identify the phase and system of each ungrounded conductor of the system served by the panel.
3. Plates shall be white with black lettering.
4. Panelboard circuit numbers shall be as indicated on the panelboard schedules.

3.27. PHOTOELECTRIC CELLS, TIMERS, AND CONTACTORS FOR LIGHTING CONTROL:

A. Install time clocks where accessible.

B. Install photoelectric cells so that lighting fixtures do not affect the cell.

C. Adjust time clock(s) and photoelectric cells as required for proper operation.

3.28. DRY TYPE TRANSFORMERS:

A. Flexible metallic conduit equipped with bare stranded copper ground jumper shall be provided for all transformer primary and secondary connections

B. Transformer secondaries shall be grounded to the building steel and to the primary and secondary side conduit systems.

3.29. IDENTIFICATION AND LABELING:

A. Feeder Designation:
1. Non-ferrous identifying tags or pressure sensitive labels shall be securely fastened to all cables, feeders, and power circuits in vaults, pull boxes, manholes, switch gear and at termination of cables. Tags or labels shall be stamped or printed to correspond with markings on drawings so that feeder or cable number and phase can be readily identified.
2. Where there is more than one nominal voltage system, each ungrounded system conductor shall be identified by phase and system wherever accessible per NEC. The means of identification shall be permanently posted at each branch-circuit panelboard.

B. Color Coding of Conductors:
1. The ungrounded (phase) conductors and the grounded (neutral) conductors of each voltage system shall be identified by the following color coding method:
a. 120/240 Volts, Single Phase, 3 Wire:
1) Grounded (Neutral) Conductor --- White
2) Ungrounded (Phase) Conductors --- Red, Black
a. 120/240 Volts, Three Phase, 4 wire:
1) Grounded (Neutral) Conductor --- White
2) Ungrounded (Phase) Conductors --- Red, Orange, Black

b. 120/208 Volts, 3 Phase, 4 Wire:
   1) Grounded (neutral) Conductor --- White
   2) Ungrounded (phase) Conductors --- Black, Blue, Red
c. 277/480 Volts, 3 Phase, 4 Wire:
   1) Grounded (neutral) Conductor --- Gray
   2) Ungrounded (phase) Conductors --- Brown, Orange, Yellow

2. Green shall be used for equipment grounding conductors only.
3. The insulation color shall be visible for the entire length of wire.

C. Panelboard:
1. Each Lighting and Power Panelboard shall contain a typed circuit directory listing all circuit breakers and the load served by each.
2. Panelboard directories shall be typewritten and shall include adequate descriptions for proper identification of individual circuits. Do not write in or on panelboards.
3. On Distribution panelboards, provide and install an engraved laminated label for each circuit, indicating circuit's number and load served.
4. Each panelboard shall have an engraved phenolic plate permanently installed on the front of the panel with the panel name, current rating, and voltage rating.
5. Where there is more than one nominal voltage system each panelboard shall have an engraved phenolic plate describing the means of identification used to identify each phase, neutral, and grounding conductors of the system served by the panelboard per NEC.
6. Plates shall be white with black lettering.

D. Wall Switches: Where three or more switches are ganged, and elsewhere as indicated, identify each switch with approved legend engraved on the wall plate.

E. Receptacles: Install a label on the face of the coverplate and tags or wire markers inside the outlet box identifying the panelboard and circuit number from which the outlet is served. Use machine-printed, pressure-sensitive, abrasion-resistant label tape on face of coverplate- black print on clear tape on light colored or stainless-steel plates and white print on clear tape on dark colored plates. Embossed tape labels will not be accepted. Use durable wire markers or tags within outlet boxes.

G. Disconnect Switches:
1. Install an engraved phenolic nameplate on the front of each switch enclosure identifying the equipment served by the safety switch and source of power (i.e., panel name and circuit number).
2. Plates shall be white with black lettering.
3. The plates shall be permanently installed with stainless steel screws or stainless-steel rivets. Plates installed with glue or other adhesives will not be accepted.
4. Where motor rated switches are used as service disconnect switches, labeling shall be as described for receptacles.

H. Junction boxes: Identify circuits enclosed in concealed junction boxes on the cover with permanent marking pen.
1. For power and lighting circuits indicate panelboard of origin and panelboard circuit number(s).
2. For auxiliary systems circuiting indicate the system and zone served.

I. Service disconnects:
1. An additional engraved sign shall be permanently attached next to panelboard circuit breakers, on enclosed circuit breaker enclosures, and/or on disconnect switches used as service disconnects to identify each main service disconnect.
2. The sign shall be red with white lettering a minimum of ½" high.
3. Where multiple main disconnects are utilized the labels shall identify each as one of a group, i.e., "Service Disconnect 1 of 3", etc. where there are three service disconnects.

3.30. FIRE ALARM SYSTEM:

A. The installation shall be by a Certified Fire Alarm Contractor who has qualified and received a permit from the State Fire Marshal, with an NICET Level III on staff.

B. All wiring shall be in accordance with the National Electric Code and the local code having jurisdiction.

C. Unless otherwise specified, minimum wire size shall be 14 gauge for AC and power supply connections, 14 gauge for audible alarm and auxiliary circuits, and 18 gauge for signal initiating circuits. Diagrams shall be provided for device and power wiring. Color coding and permanent numbering shall be used as recommended be the equipment supplier.

D. All system wiring shall be installed in metal raceway in accordance with Section "Raceways".

E. Junction boxes shall have covers painted red with the letters "FA" stenciled on the cover in 2" high white letters.

F. Auxiliary Remote Power Supplies/Notification Appliance Circuit Extender (NAC panel):
   1. Power supplies shall be sized at 133% of proposed load. Fire Alarm submittals shall include power supply capacity and loading data.
   2. Remote power supplies shall be supervised by the FACP.
   3. The power supplies shall be installed, accessible, below ceiling, in electrical rooms or where indicated on the drawings.

G. Where air handler shut down is controlled from the fire alarm system, the fire alarm system installer shall provide circuiting as required between the Duct Mounted Smoke Detectors and the HVAC interface/shut down relays. Circuiting connecting the relay output contacts to the HVAC control system shall be provided and installed by the Mechanical/Controls contractor.

H. Each air handling unit shall be a separate fire alarm initiating zone.

I. Install wire guards on all smoke detectors and notification devices installed in gymnasiums or similar use areas.

J. **Install UL fire listed cellular communicator for monitoring of the fire alarm system. Provide all material and labor as needed for complete functioning system at the completion of construction.**

K. Final connections to the Fire Alarm Control Panel **and Voice Panel** shall be made by a factory certified, NICET Level III, technician.

L. A factory-trained representative of the manufacturer shall supervise connections and final testing of this system and shall complete a Certificate of Completion per NFPA 72. The Certificate of Completion shall be completely filled out and copies delivered to the Owner, Architect, and Engineer prior to the final inspection.

M. On completion of the acceptance tests, the Owner or his representative shall be instructed in the operation and testing of the system.

N. **At the acceptance tests, contractor shall provide engineer with smoke detector diagnostic reports for all smoke detectors. All smoke detectors more than 10% dirty shall be either cleaned or replaced until test show value less than 10%.**

O. The fire alarm system shall be warranted free from defects in workmanship and materials, under normal use and service, for a period of one year from the date of acceptance or beneficial occupancy, whichever is earlier. Any equipment shown to be defective in workmanship or material shall be repaired, replaced, or adjusted free of charge.

P. Identification and labeling:
   1. Provide a framed building drawing identifying each zone and/or building area.
   2. Each building zone on the Fire Alarm Control panel shall relate to the building drawing in a manner that will direct the fire department to the area of a fire.
   3. On addressable systems each addressable device shall be given a name displayed on the control panel readout that will direct the fire department to the area of the fire, i.e. – South End of Zone(Building) 5; AHU-1 – Mechanical Room 201 – Building 2. Any room number reference shall be to final room numbers assigned to rooms on completion of construction.

4. Building drawing, schedule of zones, and device identification schedule shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to final inspection and acceptance.
5. On addressable systems the contactor shall label each device with an alpha-numeric identifier that is unique to that device. This identifier shall correspond to the identifier programmed in the fire alarm control panel such that maintenance personnel may quickly and readily identify the device.

3.31. SECONDARY SURGE ARRESTERS:

A. Secondary surge arresters shall be installed in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

B. Arrester may be mounted to the side of a surface mounted panelboard or trough. If such a surface is not available, the arrester shall be mounted on a bracket in its own flush mount enclosure located immediately adjacent to the service panel. Ensure that all leads are attached per manufacturer's recommendations. Excess lead length shall be cut off prior to making connections.

3.32. CONCRETE:

A. The Electrical Contractor shall be responsible for placing concrete for electrical equipment pads, lighting standard bases, electrical equipment supports, and at other locations as indicated on the electrical drawings and/or specified herein.

B. This Contractor shall be responsible for size, location, and orientation of the pads, bases, etc. Any required additions or modifications to concrete due to incorrect size, location, or orientation shall be the responsibility of this contractor.

C. Concrete shall be cured for a period of not less than seven (7) days prior to setting poles, transformers, switchgear, motor control centers, or other pad mounted equipment.

D. Forms shall be completely removed after concrete has cured and prior to setting equipment.

E. A smooth wood float finish shall be given to exposed, unformed concrete.

F. Honeycombed, or otherwise defective areas of concrete shall be repaired by patching with cement mortar.

3.33. SPARE MATERIAL:

A. Provide four exit signs and 50 feet of circuiting in conduit for each device complete with all labor and material for installation in a location as directed by the engineer or architect.

B. Provide four emergency wall packs and 50 feet of circuiting in conduit for each device complete with all labor and material for installation in a location as directed by the engineer or architect.

C. Provide six type NEMA 5-20R receptacles complete with 75 feet of circuiting in conduit . For each device provide complete with all additional labor and materials for installation in a location as directed by the architect or engineer.

D. Provide two duplex communications outlets complete with all labor, material, cabling and conduit necessary to install outlet 300 feet from the nearest communications IDF closet and terminate outlet cables on patch panels in rack. Outlets to be installed in a location as directed by architect or engineer.

E. Provide two occupnacy sensor wall switches and their installation.

F. Provide four marked time wall switches and their installation.

G. Provide three of each type of fire alarm notification devices (speaker/strobe units, strobe only units) and 75 feet of circuiting in conduit for each device complete with all labor, programming, and material for installation in a location as directed by the engineer or architect.

H. Provide two of each type of CO detector and 150 feet of circuiting in conduit for each device complete with all labor and material for installation in a location as directed by the engineer or architect.

I. Provide three of each type of fire alarm heat detector devices and 75 feet of circuiting in conduit for each device complete with all labor, programming, and material for installation in a location as directed by the engineer or architect.

J. Provide three of each type of initiating device (pull station, zone module, duct detector, smoke detector) and 75 feet of circuiting in conduit for each device complete with all labor and material for installation in a location as directed by the engineer or architect.

K. Provide one spare set of fuses for each size and type fuse used.

3.34. EQUIPMENT TOUCHUP AND PAINTING:

A. Clean damaged and disturbed areas on all painted surfaces of enclosures, cabinets, and equipment, sand smooth, and apply primer, intermediate, and finish coats of paint to suit the degree of damage at each location. Paint shall be the manufacturer’s supplied touch up paint or a matching paint. Prep all surfaces to be painted by removing all rust, dirt, oil, and any other material that might inhibit good paint adhesion by mechanical means and/or with solvents.

B. Follow paint manufacturer's written instructions for surface preparation and for timing and application of successive coats.

C. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with two coats of zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
   1. Paint cut ends.
   2. Paint all drilled and punched holes.
   3. Paint all knicks and scratches.
   4. Paint all field cut conduit threads.

D. Repair damage to PVC or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 16715

STRUCTURED CABLING SYSTEM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. General Requirements/Provisions shall be considered a part of this section and shall have the same force as if printed herein full. In addition, all information related to communications infrastructure that is documented in the architectural, structural, mechanical, and electrical drawings/documents shall be considered as part of the communications documents.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Specifications, Standards and Codes: All work shall be in accordance with the following:

1. The current edition of the National Electrical Code (NFPA 70)
2. American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
3. National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
4. Telecommunications Industries Association (TIA)
5. Electronic Industries Association (EIA)
6. Institute of Electrical & Electronics Engineers (IEEE)
7. Underwriters Laboratories (UL)
8. American Standards Association (ASA)
9. Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
10. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
11. American Society of Testing Material (ASTM)
12. Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
13. Local city and county ordinances governing electrical work
14. In the event of conflicts, the more stringent provisions shall apply.

1.03 SCOPE

A. The work under this section of the specifications shall include furnishing labor, material and equipment required to provide a complete installation of the work indicated on the drawings or as specified herein.

B. All material required to provide a fully operational system but not specifically mentioned or shown on the drawings, shall be furnished and installed without any additional charge.

C. The drawings and specifications are complementary to each other and what is called for by one shall be as binding as if called for by both. If a discrepancy exists between the drawings and specifications, the more stringent shall be included, and the engineer shall be notified of the discrepancy.

D. All structured cabling that is routed thru underground conduits shall be outside plant rated.

1.04 WORK INCLUDED

The Communications Infrastructure installed and work performed under this Division of the Specifications shall include but are not limited to the following:

A. Data Cabling Infrastructure
B. Audio Video Cabling Infrastructure System
C. Wireless Access System Cabling

D. Communications raceways, cable tray, ladder rack, racks and equipment mounting backboards
E. Grounding and Bonding

1.05 DEFINITIONS

A. Terms: The following definitions of terms supplement those of the General Requirements and are applicable to Division 27 - Communications:
B. Provide: As used herein shall mean “furnish, install and test (if applicable) complete.”
C. Infrastructure: As used herein shall mean cable, conduit, raceway, cable tray or j-hooks with all required boxes, fittings, connectors, and accessories; completely installed.
D. Work: As used herein shall be understood to mean the materials completely installed, including the labor involved.

1.06 DRAWINGS

A. Drawings are diagrammatic and show the arrangement and location of pathways, outlets, support structures and equipment. The contractor shall carefully investigate the structural and finish conditions affecting his work and arrange his work accordingly. Should conditions on the job make it necessary to make adjustments to pathways or materials, the contractor shall advise the engineer in writing for approval before proceeding with such work.
B. Materials, equipment or labor not specifically indicated but required to form a complete system shall be provided. Drawings and Specifications do not indicate every item of material, equipment, or labor required to produce a complete and properly operating installation.
C. The right is reserved to make reasonable changes in locations of equipment indicated on drawings prior to rough-in without increase in contract cost.
D. The contractor shall not reduce the size or number of conduit runs indicated on the drawings without the written approval of the Engineer.
E. Any work installed contrary to contract drawings shall be subject to change as directed by the Engineer, and no extra compensation will be allowed for making these changes.
F. The location of equipment, support structures, outlets, and similar devices shown on the drawings are approximate only. Do not scale drawings. Obtain layout dimensions for equipment from Architectural plans unless indicated on communications plans.
G. Verify the ceiling type, ceiling suspension systems, and clearance above ceilings prior to ordering cabling and associated hardware. Notify the engineer of any discrepancies.
H. Review all architectural drawings for modular furniture layouts.

1.07 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit for approval, manufacture specifications of all materials, equipment and systems to be furnished. Work shall not proceed without the Engineer’s approval of the submitted items. Three (3) copies of the following shall be submitted:

1. Submittal specification sheets for individual items for equipment assemblies that consist of more than one item or component shall be submitted. Each specification sheet shall be reviewed and sealed by contractors RCDD. Partial or incomplete submittals will not be considered, reviewed or stored, and such submittals will not be returned except at the request and expense of the contractor.
2. Contractor shall generate shop drawings. Modify reviewed and accepted shop drawings to include revisions based upon completion of work. Submit shop drawings with record drawings on hard copy. Additionally, provide one electronic copy of shop drawings in both AutoCad format (.dwg file) and Visio format(.vsdx

file). Failure to submit electronic file with drawings will be grounds for immediate rejection.

3. Shop drawings shall include equipment racks, patch panels, termination blocks, connection details, rack mounting details and any other details not included in the construction drawings. All Submittal drawings shall be prepared and sealed by the contractors RCDD for approval.

B. Any materials and equipment listed that are not in accordance with specification requirements may be rejected.

C. The approval of material, equipment, systems and shop drawings is a general approval subject to the drawings, specifications and verification of all measurements at the job. Approval does not relieve the Contractor from the responsibility of shop drawing errors. The contractor shall carefully check and correct all shop drawings prior to submission for approval.

1.08 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Equipment and materials required for installation under these Specifications shall be the current model and new (less than one [1] year from the date of manufacture), unused and without blemish or defect.

B. Equipment shall bear labels attesting to Underwriters Laboratories, where subject to label service. Manufacturers of equipment and materials pertinent to these items shall have been engaged in the manufacture of said equipment a minimum of three (3) years and be able to furnish proof of their ability by submitting affidavits and descriptive data about their product including size and magnitude comparable to requirements specified herein.

1.09 CONTRACTOR QUALIFICATIONS

A. The contractor shall have total responsibility for the coordination and installation of the work shown and described in the drawings and specifications. The contractor shall be a company specializing in the design, fabrication and installation of integrated communications systems.

B. Communication systems specified shall be installed under the direction of a qualified Contractor. Qualification requirements shall include submittal by the contractor to the engineer of the following:

1. List of five [5] previous projects of this scope, size and nature; including names and sizes of projects, description of work, time of completion and names of contact persons for reference.

2. Certification of contractor’s manufacturer-authorization to provide material, perform installation and provide a minimum 25 year manufactures warranty for work to be performed under this contract. <u>This must be provided with submittals for approval.</u>

C. Contractor must have a Registered Communications Distribution Designer (RCDD) on staff. This individual must be a W-2 employee of data contractor. Various types RCDD contractors are not allowed for this project.

D. Submit copy of contractor’s RCDD Certificate and resume for verification and approval at time of submittal.

E. All submittal documentation shall be prepared, sealed and signed by the contractors RCDD for approval.

F. Contractor shall have a certified BICSI Technician present at all times during the installation and/or testing of the entire Structured Cabling System.

G. Contractor must have an office regularly staffed on a daily basis with certified service and installation technicians within a 100 mile radius of the project site.

1.10 COORDINATION WITH OTHER TRADES

A. The Contractor shall coordinate communications work with that of other sections as required ensuring that the entire communications work will be carried out in an orderly, complete and coordinated fashion.

1.11 PERMITS

A. Obtain all permits and inspections for the installation of this work and pay all charges incident thereto. Deliver to the Owner all certificates of said inspection issued by authorities having jurisdiction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Where equipment is identified by manufacturer and catalog number, it shall be as the base of requirements for quality and performance. Where manufacturers for equipment are identified by name, the Contractor may submit for approval, similar equipment of other manufacturers as substitution. The Engineer's decision as to whether the submitted equipment is acceptable shall be final and binding.
B. All changes necessary to accommodate the substituted equipment shall be made at the contractor's expense, and shall be as approved by the Engineer. Detailed drawings indicating the required changes shall be submitted for approval at the time the substitution is requested.
C. If substitutions are made in lieu of devices specified; form, dimension, design and profile shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.
D. Submit request for approval of substitute materials in writing to the Engineer at least ten (10) days prior to bid opening for review.

2.02 MATERIALS

A. All materials used in this work shall be new and shall bear the inspection label of Underwriters' Laboratories Inc. or certification by other recognized laboratory.
B. The published standards and requirements of the Telecommunications Industries Association (TIA), National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), the American National Standard Institute (ANSI), the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE), and the American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM), are made a part of these Specifications and shall apply wherever applicable.
C. Materials and equipment furnished shall be of current production by manufacturers regularly engaged in the manufacture of such items, for which replacement parts are available.
D. When more than one unit of the same class of equipment or material is required, such units shall be the products of a single manufacturer or partner manufacturers that offer a certified solution.
E. Components shall be compatible with each other and with the total assembly for the intended service.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION OF CONDITIONS

A. Prior to the start of work, the Contractor shall carefully inspect the installed work of other trades and verify that such work is complete to the point where installation may properly commence. Start of work indicates acceptance of conditions.

B. Install equipment in accordance with applicable codes and regulations, the original design and the referenced standards.
C. In the event of a discrepancy, immediately notify the engineer in writing.
D. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions and discrepancies have been fully resolved.

3.02 PROTECTION OF SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT

A. Protect materials and equipment from damage during storage at the site and throughout the construction period. Equipment and materials shall be protected during shipment and storage against physical damage, dirt, theft, moisture, extreme temperature and rain.
B. During installation, equipment shall be protected against entry of foreign matter on the inside and be vacuum cleaned both inside and outside before testing, operating or painting.
C. As determined by the engineer, damaged equipment shall be fully repaired or shall be removed and replaced with new equipment to fully comply with requirements of the contract documents.
D. Damaged paint on any equipment or material shall be repainted to the same quality of paint, color, finish and workmanship as used by the manufacturer.

3.03 ACCESS TO EQUIPMENT

A. Equipment shall be installed in a location and manner that will allow convenient access for maintenance and inspection.
B. Working spaces shall be not less than specified in the National Electrical Code (NEC) for voltages specified.
C. Where the engineer determines that the contractor has installed equipment not conveniently accessible for operation and maintenance, equipment shall be removed and reinstalled, one time only, as directed by the engineer, at no additional cost to the Owner. “Conveniently accessible” is defined as being capable of being reached without the use of ladders or without climbing or crawling under or over obstacles such as motors, pumps, belt guards, transformers, piping and duct work.

3.04 CLEANING

A. During construction, and prior to Owner acceptance of the building, remove from the premises and dispose of all packing material and debris caused by communications work.
B. Remove dust and debris from interiors and exteriors of all communications equipment.

3.05 COMPLETION

A. General: Upon completion of the work, remove excess debris, materials, equipment, apparatus, tools and similar items. Leave the premises clean, neat and orderly.
B. Results Expected: Systems shall be complete and operational and controls shall be set and calibrated. Testing, start-up and cleaning work shall be complete.
C. Maintenance Materials: Special tools for proper operation and maintenance of the equipment provided under this specification shall be delivered to the Owner.

PART 4 – HORIZONTAL CABLING

4.01 APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Approved Horizontal Copper Cable Manufacturer(s)

1. Berk-Tek
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans

4.02 HORIZONTAL COPPER CABLE

A. Category 6 Balanced Twisted Pair Cable

1. The horizontal balanced twisted pair cable shall meet or exceed the Category 6 transmission characteristics per issue of ANSI/TIA-568-C.2.
2. Cable jacket shall be CMR or CMP rated (according to the space it occupies).
3. All Category 6 cabling shall be equal to Berk-Tek LANmark-1000 Category 6 cabling
4. Jacket color shall be:
   A. As detailed in drawing chart.

4.03 HORIZONTAL CABLES

A. Cable shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
B. A plastic or nylon pull cord with a minimum test rating of 90 Kg (200 lb.) shall be co-installed with all cable installed in any conduit.
C. Cable raceways shall not be filled greater than the ANSI/TIA-569-B maximum fill for the particular raceway type.
D. Cables shall be installed in continuous lengths from origin to destination (no splices) except for transition points, or consolidation points.
E. Riser rated cable shall be installed in metallic conduit when installed in a plenum space.
F. Where transition points or consolidation points are allowed, they shall be located in accessible locations and housed in an enclosure intended and suitable for the purpose.
G. The cable's minimum bend radius and maximum pulling tension shall not be exceeded. Refer to manufacturer's requirements.
H. If a J-hook or trapeze system is used to support cable bundles all horizontal cables shall be supported at a maximum of 48 to 60 inch (1.2 to 1.5 meter) intervals. At no point shall cable(s) rest on acoustic ceiling grids, conduit, pipes, duct work or panels.
I. Horizontal distribution cables shall be bundled in groups of no more than 50 cables. Cable bundle quantities in excess of 50 cables may cause deformation of the bottom cables within the bundle and degrade cable performance.
J. Cable shall be installed above fire-sprinkler systems and shall not be attached to the system or any ancillary equipment or hardware. The cable system and support hardware shall be installed so that it does not obscure any valves, fire alarm conduit, boxes or other control devices.
K. Cables shall not be attached to ceiling grid or lighting fixture wires. Where support for horizontal cable is required, the Contractor shall install appropriate carriers from the building structure to support the cabling.
L. Any cable damaged or exceeding recommended installation parameters during installation shall be replaced by the Contractor prior to final acceptance at no cost to the Owner.
M. Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in the ANSI/TIA-568-C.2 document, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
N. Leave a minimum of 12" of slack for twisted pair cables at the outlet. Cables shall be

coiled in the outlet box, surface-mount box or modular furniture raceway if adequate space is present to house the cable coil without exceeding the manufacturers bend radius. Excess slack shall be loosely coiled and stored in the ceiling above each drop location when there is not enough space present in the outlet box to store slack cable.

O. Cables shall be neatly bundled and dressed to their respective termination device. Each terminating device shall be fed by an individual bundle separated and dressed back to the point of cable entrance into the rack or frame.

P. Each cable shall be clearly labeled on the cable jacket behind the termination device at a location that can be viewed without removing the bundle support ties. Cables labeled within the bundle, where the label is obscured from view shall not be acceptable.

PART 5 – BACKBONE FIBER OPTIC CABLING

5.01 APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Approved Optical Fiber Backbone Cable (Inside Plant) Manufacturer(s)

1. Berk-Tek
   a) 6 Strand OS2 Interlocked Armored Plenum Rated
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans

B. Approved Optical Fiber Backbone Cable (Outside Plant) Manufacturer(s)

1. Berk-Tek
   a) 12 Strand OS2 OSP Part #OPD012AB0403
   b) 24 Strand OS2 OSP Part #OPDD12B024AB0403
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans

C. Approved Optical Splice Cassettes Manufacturer(s)

1. Leviton
   a) Splice Cassette OS2 Part #SPLCS-12L
   b) Splice Cassette OS2/APC Part #SPLCS-12V
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans

5.02 OPTICAL FIBER BACKBONE CABLE (INSIDE PLANT)

A. Indoor 8.3/125-micron, Single mode Optical Fiber Non Conductive (OFNR) Loose Tube cable (OS2)

1. Generic Characteristics
   A. The indoor optical fiber cable shall be available with up to twelve 250-micron fibers placed in a color-coded sub-unit bundle with aramid strength elements.
   B. The indoor optical fiber cable shall meet or exceed the performance criteria found in ANSI/TIA-568-C.3.
   C. The indoor optical fiber cable shall have sequential length marking printed on the cable jacket.

5.03 OPTICAL FIBER BACKBONE CABLE (OUTSIDE PLANT)

A. Outdoor 8.3/125-micron, Single mode Optical Fiber Non Conductive (OFNR) Loose Tube cable (OS2)

1. Generic Characteristics
   A. The indoor/outdoor optical fiber cable with up to twelve 250-micron coated fibers placed in a color-coded sub-unit bundle with moisture-blocking gel.
   B. The indoor/outdoor optical fiber cable shall meet or exceed the performance criteria found in ANSI/TIA-568-C.3.
   C. The indoor/outdoor optical fiber cable shall have sequential length markings printed on the cable jacket.
   D. All singlemode fibers shall be pigtail spliced into a rack mounted optical fiber enclosure or wall-mounted enclosure.
   E. The loss of fiber shall not exceed 0.5 dB per kilometer @ 1550 nm and 0.5 dB per kilometer @ 1310 nm.

5.04 OPTICAL FIBER PIGTAIL ASSEMBLIES

A. Singlemode Fiber Connectivity

1. The optical fiber pigtail assemblies shall be factory terminated LC for installation onto singlemode 8.3/125-micron fiber.
2. The optical fiber pigtail connectors shall meet or exceed the performance criteria found in ANSI/TIA-568-C.3.
3. The optical fiber pigtail connectors shall be compatible with 900-micron buffered fibers or 250-micron loose-tube fibers.
4. All singlemode fiber pigtail assemblies shall be installed by fusion splicing method only (No Exceptions).
5. Pigtails shall be factory terminated to a color-coded 900-micron buffer tube 3 meters in length. All fiber enclosure shall be equipped with slack storage splice trays that shall be used for housing all pigtail-splicing.
6. The fusion splice loss of each pigtail connector shall not exceed 0.05 dB.
7. The optical fiber adapter module that occupies the faceplate shall be equipped with zirconia ceramic sleeve.
8. Singlemode fiber connector boot color shall be Blue for OS2 and Green for OS2/APC.

5.05 FIBER OPTIC ENCLOSURE SPLICE TRAYS

A. Splice Tray

1. Splice trays shall be capable of housing a maximum of 24 strands of fiber. No more than 24 stands of fiber shall be installed in each splice tray.
2. All splice trays, seals and hardware shall be from the same manufacturer as the rack or wall mount fiber optic enclosure.
3. Splice trays shall utilize heat-shrink seals.

5.06 BACKBONE FIBER OPTIC CABLES (INSIDE PLANT)

A. Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in ANSI/TIA-568-C.0 and/or ANSI/TIA-568-C.1, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
B. Backbone cables shall be installed separately from horizontal distribution cables
C. A plastic or nylon pull cord with a minimum test rating of 90 Kg (200 lb.) shall be co-installed with all cable installed in any conduit.

D. Where cables are housed in conduits, the backbone and horizontal cables shall be installed in separate conduits
E. Exposed cables must be OFCP rated if installed in an air return plenum. Riser rated cables shall be installed in metallic conduit if installed in an air return plenum.
F. Where backbone cables and distribution cables are installed in a cable tray or wire way, backbone cables shall be installed first and bundled separately from the horizontal distribution cables.
G. Leave 10' of slack on each end of fiber backbone cable.
H. Backbone cables spanning more than three floors shall be securely attached at the top of the cable run with a wire mesh grip and on alternating floors or as required by local codes.
I. Vertical runs of cable shall be supported to messenger strand, cable ladder, or other method to provide proper support for the weight of the cable.
J. Large bundles of cables and/or heavy cables shall be attached using metal clamps and/or metal banding to support the cables.
K. The cable's minimum bend radius and maximum pulling tension shall not be exceeded. Refer to manufacturer's requirements.
L. Each optical fiber cable shall be individually attached to the respective enclosure by mechanical means. The cables strength member shall be securely attached the cable strain relief bracket in the enclosure.
M. Each optical fiber cable shall be clearly labeled at the entrance to the enclosure. Cables labeled within the bundle shall not be acceptable.
N. Each fiber bundle shall be stripped upon entering the splice tray and the individual fibers routed in the splice tray.
O. A maximum of 24 strands of fiber shall be spliced in each tray
P. Fiber slack shall be neatly coiled within the fiber splice tray or enclosure. No slack loops shall be allowed external to the fiber panel.

5.07 BACKBONE FIBER OPTIC CABLES (OUTSIDE PLANT)

A. All OSP cables brought to the Entrance Facilities shall have 15ft of slack coiled and secured to the wall in the proximity of the fiber enclosure.
B. All cables shall be tagged and identified within each hand-hole/maintenance hole.
C. Place initial cables in bottom conduits to facilitate easy subsequent cable placement.
D. Place leader guard in the duct before placing cable to prevent damaging the cable sheath on the sharp edge of the duct.
E. Ventilate maintenance where gas has been detected before entering the maintenance hole.
F. To ensure that the optical fiber cable's qualities and characteristics are not degraded during installation, excessive pulling tensions and short bending radii will not be allowed. The maximum pulling tension is 600 lbs. The minimum bending radius for cable under tension is 20 times the outside diameter of the cable and for cable at rest is 10 times the outside diameter of the cable.
G. A 600 lb. break-away swivel, along with a slip clutch capstan winch that shows the dynamometer (pulling tension) reading, shall be used at all times during pulling.
H. Reels shall be continuously manned during cable installation.
I. Cable coils shall have at least two points of support on the optical fiber racking system.
J. When mounting the optical fiber slack coils, the minimum bend radius shall not be exceeded; this radius is equal to 10 times the outside diameter of the cable in a static application and 20 times the outside diameter in a dynamic application. At any time during the entire handling process of the optical fiber cable, as much care as possible should be maintained and all the manufacturer's recommendations should be followed.

5.08 OPTICAL FIBER CONNECTIVITY / SPLICING

A. Optical fiber pigtails shall be installed as per the requirements specified by the manufacturer's installation guidelines.
B. All splicing shall be of the fusion type made under Light Injection and Detection Mode. The Contractor shall provide certified and experienced personnel for splicing.
C. Contractor's tools and equipment shall be in excellent working order. Any worn or improperly working tools shall be discarded and not used on this project. All fusion splicers shall be calibrated and labeled according to the manufacturer's specifications. Contractor shall submit certification of calibration for the fusion splicers to the Engineer.

PART 6 – FACEPLATES AND CONNECTORS

6.01 APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Approved Copper Connectivity Manufacturer(s)

1. Leviton
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans

B. Approved Faceplate Manufacturer(s)

1. Leviton
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Siemon

6.02 AUDIO VISUAL APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Approved Faceplate Module Manufacture(s)

1. Quiktron Rapid Run
2. Extron
3. Or Approved Equal

B. Approved Faceplate Modules

1. HDMI Module: Quiktron Part #42419
2. USB Transmitter Module: Extron Part #60-1252-13
3. USB Receiver Module: Extron Part #60-1252-73

6.03 COPPER CONNECTIVITY

A. Voice/Data Jacks

1. Category 6, 8-Position, 8-Contact (8P8C) Modular Jack
   A. The connector module shall meet or exceed the Category 6E performance criteria per ANSI/TIA-568-C.2.
   B. The eight-position connector module shall accommodate six-position modular plug modular cords without damage to either the cord or the module.
   C. The connector module shall be designed for use at the work area (WA), communications room (TR) and/or equipment room (ER) without modification.
   D. The connector module shall be available in both the T568A and T568B wiring configurations within the same module.

E. The connector module shall have an insulation displacement connection featuring insulation slicing of 22 to 24 AWG plastic-insulated solid copper conductors forming a gas-tight connection.

6.04 FACEPLATES

A. Faceplates

1. The faceplate housing the connector modules shall have no visible mounting screws.
2. The faceplate shall have a labeling capability using built-in labeling windows, to facilitate outlet identification and ease network management.
3. The faceplate shall provide flexibility in configuring multimedia workstation outlets that respond to present or future network application needs.
4. Each faceplate shall have a minimum of (4) ports per each outlet location. Each unpopulated port shall have a blank module installed that matches the color of the faceplate.
5. Faceplates shall be stainless steel unless noted otherwise. All faceplates shall match electrical outlet covers. Verify color and size of each faceplate prior to ordering.

6.05 COPPER CONNECTIVITY

A. Modular jacks shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and installation guides, and best industry practices.
B. Pair untwist at the termination shall not exceed 13 mm (0.5 inch).
C. All outlet locations shall have color-coded 8P8C modular jacks installed. No cable shall be left unterminated.

6.06 FACEPLATES

A. Blank inserts shall be installed where ports are not used.
B. The same orientation and positioning of jacks and connectors shall be utilized throughout the installation.
C. Faceplates shall be installed straight and level.
D. Faceplates shall be installed at the same heights as electrical outlets.

PART 7 – PATCH PANELS AND FIBER OPTIC ENCLOSURES

7.01 APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Approved Patch Panel Manufacturer(s)

1. Leviton
   a) 24 Port Patch Panel Part #49255-L24
   b) 48 Port Patch Panel Part #49255-L48
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans

B. Approved Optical Fiber Enclosure Manufacturer(s)

1. Leviton
   a) 1RU Rack Mount Fiber Enclosure Part #5R1UH-S03
   b) 2RU Rack Mount Fiber Enclosure Part #5R1UH-S06

c) 4RU Rack Mount Fiber Enclosure Part #5R1UH-S12

2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans

C. Approved Termination Block Manufacturer(s)

1. Leviton
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans
4. Siemon

D. Category 6 Patch Panel

1. The Category 6 patch panel shall be compatible with 19" equipment racks, cabinets or wall mount brackets.
2. The Category 6 patch panels shall be 24 or 48 port unloaded patch panels.
3. The Category 6 patch panels shall be sized to accommodate one port for each cable installed plus 25% spare capacity for future growth. All ports shall be filled with a removable 8-position color coded modular jacks for each system. No port shall be left empty or blank.
4. The Category 6 patch panel shall be equipped with removable 8-position modular jacks color coded for each system and shall allow for termination of both T568A and T568B wiring schemes.
5. Cabling shall not occupy the same patch panel. All cabling for each system shall be installed in separate patch panels with color coded modular jacks to match as specified.
6. The Category 6 patch panel shall be equipped with front labeling windows to facilitate port identification.
7. The connector module shall meet or exceed the Category 6 performance criteria per ANSI/TIA-568-C.2.

7.02 OPTICAL FIBER PANELS/ENCLOSURES

A. Rack Mount Optical Fiber Enclosure

1. The rack mount optical fiber enclosure shall be equipped with a sliding drawer to access fibers.
2. The rack mount optical fiber enclosure shall be capable of terminating tight-buffered or loose tube optical fiber cable.
3. The rack mount optical fiber enclosure shall provide for bend radius control throughout the panel as well as storage space for slack cabling.
4. The panel/enclosure shall meet or exceed the performance criteria per ANSI/TIA-568-C.3.
5. The rack mount optical fiber panel/enclosure shall be equipped with optical fiber cassettes.
   A. The optical fiber adapter panels shall accommodate either multimode or singlemode terminated optical fiber.
   B. The optical fiber adapter panels shall be compatible with LC OM4, OS2, and OS2/APC connectors.
   C. Single-mode adaptors shall be blue or green in color and equipped with zirconia ceramic sleeves.

7.03 PATCH PANELS

A. Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in ANSI/TIA-568-C.0 and/or ANSI/TIA-568-C.1, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practice.
B. Pair untwist at the termination shall not exceed 13 mm (0.5 inch).
C. Bend radius of the cable in the termination area shall not exceed 4 times the outside diameter of the cable.
D. Cables shall be neatly bundled and dressed to their respective patch panel. Each patch panel shall be fed by an individual bundle separated and dressed back to the point of cable entrance into the rack or frame.
E. Each cable shall be clearly labeled on the cable jacket behind the patch panel at a location that can be viewed without removing the bundle support ties. Cables labeled within the bundle, where the label is obscured from view shall not be acceptable.

7.04 OPTICAL FIBER PANELS/ENCLOSURES

A. Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in ANSI/TIA-568-C.0 and/or ANSI/TIA-568-C.1, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
B. Each cable shall be individually attached to the respective splice enclosure by mechanical means. The cables strength member shall be securely attached the cable strain relief bracket in the enclosure.
C. Bend radius of the optic fiber cable in the enclosure shall not exceed 10 times the outside diameter of the cable.
D. Each fiber bundle shall be stripped upon entering the splice tray and the individual fibers routed in the splice tray.
E. Each cable shall be clearly labeled at the entrance to the splice enclosure. Cables labeled within the bundle shall not be acceptable.
F. A maximum of 24 strands of fiber shall be spliced in each tray
G. Fiber slack shall be neatly coiled within the fiber splice tray or enclosure. No slack loops shall be allowed external to the fiber panel.

PART 8 – PATCH CORDS

8.01 APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Approved Copper Patch Cord Manufacturer(s)

1. Leviton
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans

B. Approved Fiber Patch Cord Manufacturer(s)

1. Leviton
2. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)
3. Nexans

8.02 COPPER PATCH CORDS

A. Category 6 Patch Cords

1. Copper patch cords shall be installed as per the requirements specified by the manufacturer's installation guidelines.
2. The Category 6 patch cord shall be 4-pair, with 24 AWG solid or stranded copper conductors and 8-position modular plug.

3. The Category 6 modular cord cable shall be UL Listed as Type CMR.
4. The Category 6 patch cord shall meet or exceed the requirements of ANSI/TIA-568-C.2.
5. Lengths shall be 3', 5', 7' and/or 10' as required by the Owner.
6. Provide one patch cord for every cable installed that will be utilized for patching between patch panel and switches. Verify length and color with Owner prior to ordering.
7. Provide one patch cord for every cable installed at each work area outlet. Verify length and color with Owner prior to ordering.

8.03 FIBER PATCH CORDS

A. Singlemode Fiber Patch Cords

1. 8.3/125-micron singlemode fiber patch cord:
   A. Fiber patch cords shall be installed as per the requirements specified by the manufacturer's installation guidelines.
   B. The 8.3/125-micron fiber used in the singlemode fiber patch cord shall have a maximum attenuation of 1.0 dB/km @ 1310 nm and 1.0 dB/km @ 1550 nm.
   C. The optical fiber cord connector shall have a maximum insertion loss of 0.5 dB and a reflectance of -30 dB.
   D. The 8.3/125-micron singlemode fiber patch cord shall meet or exceed the requirements of ANSI/TIA-568-C.3.
   E. The optical fiber cord connector shall be LC to LC duplex.
   F. The singlemode fiber patch cord assembly shall be dual zip jacketed yellow in color.
   G. Lengths shall be 1m, 2m, and/or 3m as required by the application. Verify length with Owner prior to ordering.
   H. Provide a minimum of (3) OS2 LC to LC fiber optic patch cords per each IDF and a minimum of (12) OS2 LC to LC fiber optic patch cords in the MDF. Verify length with Owner prior to ordering.
   I. Provide a minimum of (2) OS2/APC LC to SC fiber optic patch cords per each IDF requiring fiber terminated with OS2/APC fiber connectors and a minimum of (4) OS2/APC LC to SC fiber optic patch cords in the MDF. Verify length with Owner prior to ordering.

PART 9 – EQUIPMNET RACKS AND ENCLOSURES

9.01 APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Approved Equipment Rack/Cabinet Manufacturer(s)

1. Chatsworth Products, Inc.
   a) 2-Post Floor Mounted Equipment Racks Part #48353-703
   b) 4-Post Adjustable Server Rack Part #15213-703
2. Hoffman
3. Eaton
4. Middle Atlantic

9.02 EQUIPMENT RACKS/CABINETS

A. Equipment Racks

1. The equipment rack shall be constructed of high strength, lightweight aluminum.

2. The vertical rails of the equipment rack shall be equipped with the EIA hole pattern.
3. 2 Post rack shall be: 7'H x 19"W floor mounted. Vertical channels shall be drilled and taped.
4. 4 Post rack shall be: 7’H with adjustable depth of 26-inches to 38-inches. Vertical channels shall have square punched mounting holes. Provide additional equipment mounting hardware, per each rack installed, to owner upon completion of the installation.
5. Provide a minimum of (50) 12X24 cage nuts with (50) 12X24 rack screws per each 4-Post rack and a minimum of (50) 12X24 rack screws per each 2-Post or wall mount rack provided/installed.
6. Rack color shall be black.

9.03 EQUIPMENT RACKS/CABINETS

A. Equipment racks shall be securely attached to the concrete floor using minimum 3/8" hardware or as required by local codes.
B. Equipment racks shall be installed as per the requirements specified by the manufacturer's installation guidelines.
C. Equipment racks shall be placed with a minimum of 36-inch clearance from each of the corresponding walls: front, rear and one side of the rack or as indicated on Drawings.
D. All equipment racks shall be grounded to the telecommunications ground bus bar.
E. Mounting screws not used for installing patch panels and other hardware shall be bagged and left with the rack or turned over to the owner upon completion of the installation.

9.04 BACKBOARDS

A. Backboards shall be 3/4" void free plywood. Size of backboard shall be 4' x 8' mounted vertically 18” A.F.F. unless otherwise noted differently on Drawings. Backboards shall be painted with two (2) coats of gray fire-retardant paint.

PART 10 – CABLE MANAGEMENT AND LADDER RACK

10.01 APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Approved Horizontal Cable Management Manufacturer(s)

1. Chatsworth Products, Inc.
   a) 2RU Horizontal Cable Manager Part #35441-702
2. Leviton
   a) 2RU Horizontal Cable Manager Part #492RU-HFR
3. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)

B. Approved Vertical Cable Management Manufacturer(s)

1. Chatsworth Products, Inc.
   a) 6” Vertical Cable Manager Part #35521-703
   b) 8” Vertical Cable Manager Part #35522-703
2. Leviton
   a) 6” Vertical Cable Manager Part #4980L-VFR
   b) 8” Vertical Cable Manager Part #8980L-VFR
3. Systimax (Uniprise Not Excepted)

C. Approved Ladder Rack System Manufacturer(s)

1. Chatsworth Products, Inc.
   a) 12” Ladder Rack Part #11275-712
   b) 18” Ladder Rack Part #11275-718
2. Hoffman
3. Middle Atlantic

D. Approved Tie Wrap/Velcro Strap Manufacturer(s)

1. Leviton
2. Or Approved Equal

10.02 CABLE MANAGEMENT - HORIZONTAL

A. Horizontal Cable Management

1. The horizontal wire manager shall be compatible with 19-inch equipment racks, cabinets or wall mount brackets.
2. The horizontal cable manager shall be double-sided to provide support/management for patch cords at the front of the panel and support/management of cables at the rear of the panel.
3. The horizontal cable manager shall be equipped with removable front and covers
4. The horizontal cable manager shall be 2 rack-units in height, installed above and below each patch panel and each switch as indicated on drawings.
5. Horizontal cable managers shall be black.

10.03 CABLE MANAGEMENT - VERTICAL

A. Vertical Cable Management

1. The vertical cable manger shall be 80” high double-sided, installed on both sides of all racks.
2. The vertical cable manager shall provide support/management for patch cords at the front of the rack and support/management of cables at the rear of the rack.
3. Vertical cable managers shall be installed on both sides of a single equipment rack. Where two (2) or more racks are positioned in a row, vertical cable managers shall be installed between each rack and each end of the row.
4. The vertical cable manager shall be a minimum width of 6".
5. Vertical cable manager color shall be black.

10.04 LADDER RACK

A. Ladder Rack System

1. See Drawings for ladder rack system details.
2. The ladder rack system shall be securely mounted with hardware (triangle brackets, top mounting plates, junction splice kits, butt splice kits, end caps, radius drop kits, etc.) designed for use with ladder rack systems per manufactures recommendations.
3. Ladder rack shall be 12” or 18” wide as indicated on drawings.
4. End caps shall be installed on the exposed ends of the ladder racks and channel supports. Protective covers shall be installed on threaded rods that come in contact with cabling plant.
5. All sections of ladder rack shall be properly grounded to the corresponding telecommunications ground bus bar in each communications room.

6. Ladder Rack System color shall be black.

10.05 TIE WRAPS AND VELCRO STRAPS

A. Tie Wraps and Velcro Straps

1. Tie wraps/Velcro straps installed in air handling spaces must be plenum rated.
2. Backbone cables shall be fastened to support structures with tie wraps/Velcro straps.
3. Horizontal cables shall be fastened to support structures with Velcro straps.
   A. Tie Wraps shall be plenum rated red in color.
   B. Velcro Strap color shall be black.
4. Tie wraps/Velcro straps shall be installed around cables at intervals of 12" minimum.
5. Tie wraps shall secure cables to ladder racks using an “X” pattern.
6. Do not over-cinch cables.

10.06 D-RINGS

A. D-rings

1. D-Rings shall be used on backboards to support cables, patch cords and cross-connect wire.
2. D-Rings shall be made of high-strength, fire-retardant material with rounded edges to prevent damage to cable and wire insulation.
3. Provide D-Rings of appropriate size and quantity for proper cable management and support as required.
4. D-Rings shall be installed on 3/4" backboard, straight and level.

10.07 LADDER RACKS

A. Ladder rack system shall be installed straight, level and perpendicular to walls and ceiling slabs.
B. Ladder racks shall be supported at 4' intervals maximum.
C. Provide all hardware, accessories, fasteners, anchors, threaded rods and support channels required to provide a complete ladder rack system.
D. Provide ladder rack system at minimum on (2) adjacent walls in each communications room or as indicated on drawings.
E. See Drawings for ladder rack system details.

PART 11 – PATHWAYS

11.01 APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Innerduct Conduit Manufacturer(s)

1. MaxCell
   a) 3-Cell Part #MXC4003XX
2. Carlon
   a) Plenum-Gard Flexible Conduit Part #CG4X4C-XXX
3. Or Approved Equal

B. Approved Cable Tray System Manufacturer(s)
1. Hoffman Quick Tray Pro Part #QTP4X18
2. Wire Basket Tray Part #WBT4X18

3. Or Approved Equal

C. Approved Cable Hanger Manufacturer(s)

1. Erico Products – Caddy HP Series
2. Hoffman
3. Or Approved Equal

D. Innerduct/Inner-Conduit Channel

1. Innerduct shall be corrugated PVC equipped with mule tape.
2. Inner-conduit channel (MaxCell) shall be 3-cell with each cell equipped with mule tape. Provide a minimum of (2) (Max Cell) 3-cell fabric duct per each underground conduit as indicated on drawings.
3. See Drawings for innerduct/inner-conduit channel (MaxCell) details.

11.02 COMMUNICATIONS OUTLET BOXES

A. Outlet boxes and device covers shall be galvanized steel not less than 1/16" thick.
B. The dimensions of the outlet box shall be 4" x 4" square with a minimum depth of 2-1/8".
C. Outlet boxes shall be equipped with single gang device covers. Where installed in plaster, gypsum board, etc., covers shall be raised to compensate for the thickness of the wall finish.
D. Where outlet boxes are to be empty for future use, blank cover plates shall be used.

11.03 CABLE TRAY

A. Cable Tray System

1. Cable tray shall be aluminum construction.
2. Cable tray cross members shall be factory welded at 12" intervals maximum.
3. Cable tray shall be equipped with one (1) or two (2) support rails that run the length of each segment.
4. End caps shall be installed on the exposed ends of the cable tray, channel supports and bolts. Protective covers shall be installed on threaded rods that come in contact with cabling plant.
5. Wall mount cable tray used in limited clearance areas shall be hook style and constructed of aluminum.
6. Provide all cable tray hardware accessory assemblies required to properly install cable tray system per manufactures requirements.
7. See Drawings for cable tray dimensions.

11.04 CABLE HANGERS

A. J-Hooks

1. J-hooks shall provide sufficient width to comply with required bend radii of high-performance cables. J-hook shall be cULus Listed.
2. J-hooks shall have flared edges to prevent damage while installing cables.
3. J-hooks sized 1 5/16" and larger shall have a cable retainer strap to provide containment of cables within the hanger. The cable retainer strap shall be removable and reusable and be suitable for use in air handling spaces.

11.05 CABLE TRAY SYSTEM

A. Install trays in accordance with recognized industry practices, to ensure that the cable tray equipment complies with requirements of the NEC.
B. All open trays shall be installed a minimum of six (6) inches away from any light fixture.
C. Provide external grounding strap at expansion joints, sleeves, crossover and other locations where tray continuity is interrupted.
D. Support all pathways from building structure. Do not support pathways from ductwork, piping or equipment hangers.
E. Install cable tray level and straight.
F. Provide all hardware, accessories, fasteners, anchors, threaded rods and support channels required to provide a complete cable tray system.
G. Cable trays shall not be used to house both low voltage and power cables unless cables are separated by a grounded physical barrier.
H. Cable tray system shall be grounded in accordance with ANSI/TIA-607-B.

11.06 CABLE HANGERS

A. Installation and configuration shall conform to the requirements of ANSI/TIA-568-C.0, ANSI/TIA-568-C.1 & ANSI/TIA-569-B, NFPA 70 (National Electrical Code), applicable local codes, and to the manufacturer's installation instructions.
B. Install cables using techniques, practices, and methods that are consistent with Category 6 or higher requirements and that supports Category 6 or higher performance of completed and linked signal paths, end to end.
C. Install cables without damaging conductors, shield, or jacket.
D. Do not bend cables, in handling or in installing, to smaller radii than minimums recommended by manufacturer.
E. Pull cables without exceeding cable manufacturer's recommended pulling tensions. Use pulling means that will not damage media.
F. Do not exceed load ratings specified by manufacturer.
G. Adjustable non-continuous support sling shall have a static load limit of 100 lbs.
H. To avoid electromagnetic interference (EMI), pathways shall provide minimum clearances of four feet from motors or transformers, one foot from conduit and cables used for electrical power distribution, and five inches from fluorescent lighting. Pathways shall cross perpendicular to fluorescent lighting and electrical power cables or conduits.

PART 12 – GROUNDING AND BONDING

12.01 APPROVED PRODUCTS

A. Approved Grounding Lug Manufacturer(s)

1. Harger
   a) 2 Hole Compression Lugs Part #GECLB62A
2. Hoffman
   a) 2 Hole Compression Lugs Part #DGCL61
3. Or Approved Equal

B. Approved Grounding Busbar Manufactures(s)

1. Harger
   a) Wall Mount TMGB Ground Bar Part #GBI14412TMGB
   b) Wall Mount TGB Ground Bar Part #GBI14212TGB
   c) Rack Mount Ground Bar Part #RGBHKIT14119.25
2. Hoffman
3. Or Approved Equal

C. Approved OSP Cable Shield Bond Connector Manufacturer(s)

1. 3M
   a) Shield Bond Connector Part #4460-S
2. Or Approved Equal

12.02 GROUNDING CONDUCTORS

A. Grounding Conductor

1. Construction shall be Type THHN copper conductors, insulated with heat and moisture resistant PVC over which a UL listed jacket is applied.
2. Jacket color shall be green.

12.03 GROUNDING LUGS

A. Grounding Lugs and Hardware

1. Grounding lugs shall be 2-hole compression type irreversible. Stainless steel bolts and washers shall be used to install lugs to equipment and grounding bus bars.

12.04 GROUNDING BUSBARS

A. Grounding Busbar

1. The grounding busbar shall be made of 1/4" thick solid copper.
2. The grounding busbar shall be installed with minimum clearance, 1" offsets and 1-1/2" insulators.
3. The grounding busbar shall accommodate 2-hole compression lugs.
4. The grounding busbar shall meet or exceed ANSI/TIA-607-B requirements.

12.05 GROUNDING

A. The facility shall be equipped with a Telecommunications Bonding Backbone (TBB). This backbone shall be used to ground all communications cable shields, equipment, racks, cabinets, raceways, and other associated hardware that has the potential to act as a current carrying conductor. The TBB shall be installed independent of the building's electrical and building ground and shall be designed in accordance with the recommendations contained in the ANSI/TIA-607-B Telecommunications Bonding and Ground Standard.

B. The main entrance facility/equipment room (EF/ER or MDF) in each building shall be equipped with a telecommunications main grounding busbar (TMGB). Each telecommunications room (TR or IDF) shall be provided with a telecommunications ground busbar (TGB). The TMGB shall be connected to the building electrical entrance grounding facility.

C. All racks, metallic backboards, cable sheaths, metallic strength members, splice cases, cable trays, etc. entering or residing in the EF, ER, or TR shall be grounded to the respective TGB or TMGB using a minimum #6 AWG stranded copper bonding conductor and compression lugs.

D. All wires used for communications grounding purposes shall be identified with a green insulation. Non-insulated wires shall be identified at each termination point with green tape. All cables and busbars shall be identified and labeled in accordance with the ANSI/TIA-606-A.

PART 13 - LABELING

13.01 LABELING REQUIREMENTS

A. Labeling shall be done in accordance with the recommendations made in the ANSI/TIA-606-A document, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
B. All spaces, pathways, outlets, cables, termination hardware, grounding system and equipment shall be labeled with machine-generated labels.
C. All labels shall be clear with black text.
D. All cables shall be labeled with machine generated, wrap around labels. Handwritten labels will not be accepted.
E. A total of three (3) labels per horizontal cable are required at the following intervals: 6" from outlet; 18" from outlet' 12" from termination block/patch panel.
F. Labeling scheme shall be alphanumeric. Verify labeling scheme requirements with Owner prior to installation.

PART 14 - TESTING

14.01 TESTING REQUIREMENTS

A. General

1. All cables and termination hardware shall be 100% tested for defects in installation and to verify cabling system performance under installed conditions according to the requirements of ANSI/TIA-568-C.0, ANSI/TIA-568-C.1 and/or ANSI/TIA-1152. All conductors/strands of each installed cable shall be verified prior to system acceptance. Any defect in the cabling system installation including but not limited to cable, connectors, feed through couplers, patch panels, and connector blocks shall be repaired or replaced in order to ensure 100% useable conductors/strands in all cables installed.

B. Copper Testing

1. All twisted-pair copper cable links shall be tested for continuity, pair reversals, shorts, opens and performance as indicated below. Additional testing is required to verify Category 6 performance. Horizontal balanced twisted pair cabling shall be tested using a level IIe, III, or IV test unit for category 6 performance compliance.
2. Continuity - Each pair of each installed cable shall be tested using a test unit that shows opens, shorts, polarity and pair-reversals, crossed pairs and split pairs. The test shall be recorded as pass/fail as indicated by the test unit and referenced to the appropriate cable identification number and circuit or pair number. Any faults in the wiring shall be corrected and the cable re-tested prior to final acceptance.
3. Length - Each installed cable link shall be tested for installed length using a TDR type device. The cables shall be tested from patch panel to patch panel, block to block, patch panel to outlet or block to outlet as appropriate. The cable length shall conform to the maximum distances set forth in the ANSI/TIA-568-C.2 Standard. Cable lengths shall be recorded, referencing the cable identification number and circuit or pair number. For multi-pair cables, the shortest pair length shall be recorded as the length for the cable.

C. Fiber Testing

1. All fiber testing shall be performed on all fibers in the completed end-to-end

system. There shall be no splices unless clearly defined in the RFP and/or Drawings. These tests also include continuity checking of each fiber.

2. Singlemode

A. Test the optical fiber cable bi-directionally with an OTDR and uni-directionally with a power meter/light source. Fiber must be tested at both 1310nm and 1550nm. Maximum attenuation dB/Km @ 1310nm/1550nm shall be 0.5/0.5 for outside plant and 1.0/1.0 for inside plant. Maximum attenuation per connector pair shall be .75 dB. Attenuation testing shall be performed with a stable launch condition using one-meter or two-meter jumpers to attach the test equipment to the cable plant. The light source shall be left in place after calibration and the power meter moved to the far end to take measurements. Test set-up and performance shall be conducted in accordance with ANSI/TIA-568-C.3 and to the manufacturer's application guides.

B. All fiber optic stands shall be tested utilizing the “Method B” one jumper reference.

D. Test Results

1. Test documentation shall be provided on disk as part of the as-built package. The disk shall be clearly marked on the outside front cover with the words “Project Test Documentation,” the project name, and the date of completion (month and year). The results shall include a record of test frequencies, cable type, conductor pair (or strand) and cable (or outlet) I.D., measurement direction, reference setup, and crew member name(s). The test equipment name, manufacturer, model number, serial number, software version and last calibration date will also be provided at the end of the document. Unless the manufacturer specifies a more frequent calibration cycle, an annual calibration cycle will be required on all test equipment used for this installation. The test document shall detail the test method used and the specific settings of the equipment during the test as well as the software version being used in the field test equipment.
2. The field test equipment shall meet the requirements of ANSI/TIA-568-C.2, ANSI/TIA-568-C.3, and/or ANSI/TIA-1152.
3. Printouts generated for each cable by the wire (or fiber) test instrument shall be submitted as part of the documentation package. Alternately, the Contractor may furnish this information in electronic form (CD). These CDs shall contain the electronic equivalent of the test results as defined by the Specification and be of a format readable from Microsoft Word.
4. When repairs and re-tests are performed, the problem found and corrective action taken shall be noted, and both the failed and passed test data shall be documented.

PART 15 – DOCUMENTATION, AS-BUILTS, TRAINING AND RECORDS

15.01 DOCUMENTATION & AS-BUILTS

A. As-Built record documentation for communications work shall include:

1. Cable routing and identification
2. System function diagrams
3. Manufacturers' description literature for equipment
4. Connection and programming schedules as appropriate

5. Equipment material list including quantities
6. Spare parts list with quantities if required.
7. Details not on original Contract Documents
8. Test results
9. Warranties
10. Release of liens

B. The Contractor shall provide and maintain at the site a set of prints which shall accurately show the actual installation of all work under this section, indicating any variation from contract drawings, including changes in pathways, sizes, locations and dimensions. All changes shall be clearly and completely indicated as the work progresses.

C. Progress prints shall be available for inspection by the Owner or any of his representatives and may be used to determine the progress of communications infrastructure work.

D. At the completion of the work, prepare a new set of as-built drawings, of the work as actually noted on the marked-up prints, including the dimensioned location of all pathways.

E. Furnish as-built drawings and documentation to the Project Manager. As-built drawings shall be generated in AutoCad 2006 or later and Visio formats. Submit as-built drawings electronically on C.D. and hard copy.

15.02 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

A. After completion of the work, the Contractor shall furnish and deliver to the Engineer three (3) copies of a complete Operations & Maintenance Manual. A system wiring diagram shall be furnished for each separate system.

B. The manual shall be subdivided into separate sections with tab dividers to identify subsystems of the integrated system. Reference appropriate Specification sections.

C. Provide the following additional information for each electronic system. Information shall be edited for this project where applicable.

1. Point-to-point diagrams, cabling diagrams, construction details and cabling labeling details

15.03 TRAINING

A. The Contractor shall be responsible for training of facility personnel. Training shall take place after occupancy and before acceptance and shall include programs for on-site operations and maintenance of technology and communications systems. Training shall be held at the Owner's site and shall be of sufficient duration and depth to ensure that the trained personnel can operate the installed systems and can perform usual and customary maintenance actions.

15.04 WARRANTY

A. General

1. All equipment is to be new and warranted free of faulty workmanship and damage.
2. Replacement of defective equipment and materials and repair of faulty workmanship within 24 hours of notification, except emergency conditions (system failures), which must be placed back in service within eight (8) hours of notification, all at no cost to the Owner.
3. The minimum warranty provisions specified shall not diminish the terms of individual equipment manufacturer's warranties.

B. Voice & Data Structured Cabling

1. Manufacturer(s) shall provide a minimum 25-year warranty for components used in the installed Structured Cabling System. Defective and/or improperly installed products shall be replaced and/or correctly installed at no cost to the Owner.
2. Contractor shall provide a 1 year material, labor and workmanship warranty on all products installed under this contract against any defects. Defective and/or improperly installed products shall be replaced and/or correctly installed at no cost to the Owner.

END OF SECTION